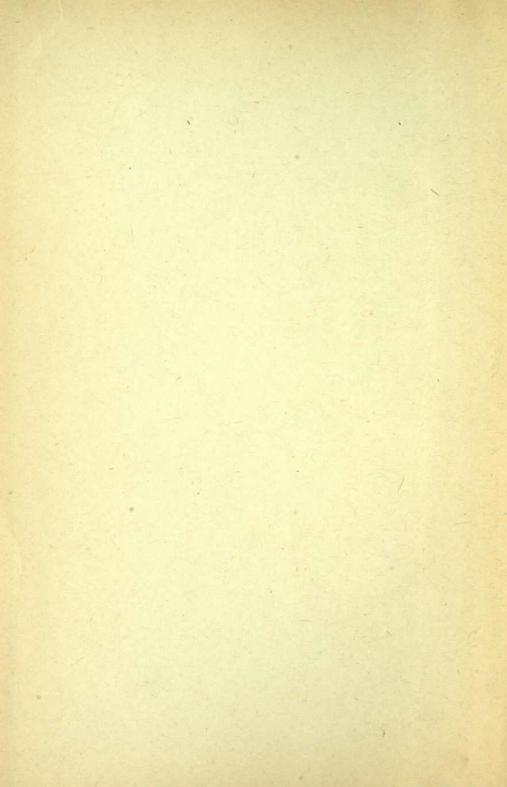


THE GANADA YEAR BOOK 1915









THE CANADA

YEAR BOOK 1915

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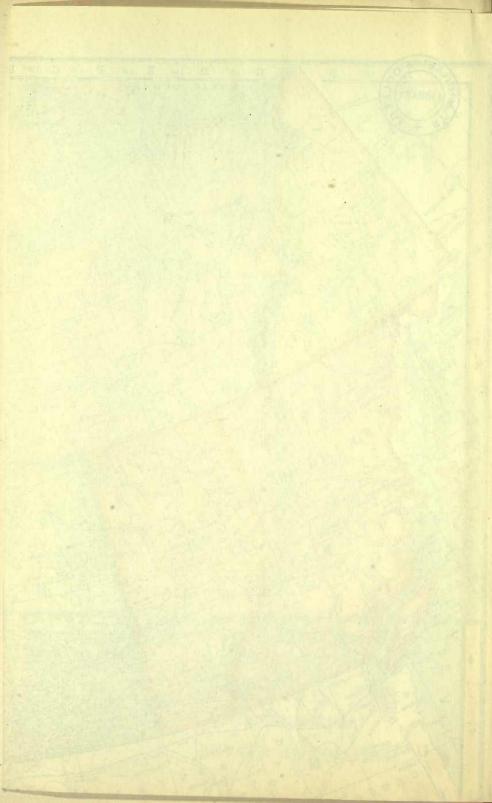


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STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF THE PROGRESS OF CANADA.

Area of the Dominion of Canada in square miles:—Land, 3,603,910; Water, 125,755; Total, 3,729,665.

Items.	1901.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Population— Males Females	2,751,708 2,619,607	3,821,995 3,384,648	-		-	_
Total	5,371,315	7,206,643	7,467,000	7,758,000	8,075,000	8,136,600
Immigration	49,149	311,084	354,237	402,432	384,878	144,789
Agriculture—						
	4 994 549	0 000 151	10 000 700	11 015 000	40.000.000	40.000
Wheat Acres Oats a a Barley a Corn. a Hay and Clover. a Barley a Corn. a Hay and Clover. Tons Wheat Sarley a Corn. a Potatoes a Hay and Clover. Tons Wheat \$ Oats. \$ Barley a Corn. a Potatoes a Hay and Clover. Tons Wheat \$ Oats. \$ Barley a Corn. a Hay and Clover. Tons Wheat a Hay and Clover. Tons Wheat a Hay and Clover. a Barley a Corn. \$ Fotatoes a Hay and Clover. a Fotatoes a Horses a H	5,367,655 871,800 360,758 448,743 6,543,423 55,572,368 151,497,407 22,224,366 25,875,919 55,362,635 7,852,731	8,652,015 1,286,611 293,775 465,903	9,966,000 1,581,300 298,190 484,000 8,276,000 391,629,000 49,398,000 16,949,700 84,885,000 12,117,000 139,090,000 139,090,000	10,434,000 1,613,000 278,140 473,500 8,169,000	10,061,500	11,365,000 1,509,350 253,300 478,600 376,303,600 520,103,000 53,331,300 62,604,000 10,953,000 10,953,000
Field Crops—						
Total areaAcres	19,763,740	34,545,672	35,575,550	35,375,430	33,436,675	37,063,455
Total value \$	194,953,420	597,926,000	557,344,100	552,771,500	638,580,300	797,669,500
Fisheries—						
Total value \$	25,737,154	29,965,433	34,667,872	33,389,464	33,207,748	31,264,631
Minerals—			Mile And	The same		
Gold Oz. Silver " Copper bb. Lead. " Nickel " Pig Iron Tons Coal. " Cement bbl. Gold. \$ Silver \$ Copper \$ Lead. \$ Nickel \$ Pig Iron S Coal. \$ Cement bbl. Gold. \$ Silver \$ Copper \$ Cop	1,167,216 5,539,192 37,827,019 51,900,858 9,189,047 274,376 6,486,325 450,394 24,128,503 3,265,354 4,594,523 3,512,923 12,699,243 600,030	473,159 32,559,044 55,648,011 23,784,969 34,098,744 917,535 11,323,388 5,692,915 9,781,077 17,355,272 6,886,998 827,717 10,229,623 12,307,125 26,467,646 7,644,537	611,885 31,955,560 77,832,127 35,763,476 44,841,542 1,041,542 14,512,829 7,132,732 12,684,794 19,440,165 12,718,548 1,597,554 13,452,463 14,550,999 36,019,044 9,106,556	802,973 31,845,803 76,976,925 37,662,703 49,676,772 1,128,967 15,012,178 8,658,805 16,598,923 19,040,924 11,753,606 1,754,705 14,903,032 16,540,012 37,334,940 11,019,418	773,178 28,449,821 75,735,960 36,337,765 45,517,937 783,164 13,637,529 7,172,480 16,933,007 15,593,631 10,301,606 1,627,568 13,655,381 10,002,856 33,471,801 9,187,924	916,076 28,401,735 102,612,486 45,377,065 68,077,823 913,719 13,209,371 5,681,032 11,719,371 14,088,397 17,726,307 2,541,116 20,423,348 11,552,819 31,957,757 6,977,024
Total value\$	65,797,911	103,220,994	135,048,296	145,634,812	128,863,075	138,513,750

STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF THE PROGRESS OF CANADA—con.

Items.	1901.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Manufactures1—						
Employees No. Capital	113,249,350	515,203 1,247,583,609 241,008,416 1,165,975,639			-	
Trade-				ALL PER		
Exports ² §		297,196,365 472,247,540	315,317,250 559,320,544	393,232,057 692,032,392	478,997,928 650,746,797	490,808,877 629,444,894
Total ² §	386,903,157	769,443,905	874,637,794	1,085,264,449	1,129,744,725	1,120,253,771
Exports, domestic—						774 O40 DOF
Wheat Bush Wheat flour bbl. Oats Bush Hay Tons Bacon lb. Butter " Cheese " Wheat flour Oats Hay Bacon Butter Cheese Fisheries Forest produce Manufactures Minerals Gold Silver oz. Copper lb. Nickel " Coal Tons Silver Copper	1,118,700 8,155,063 252,9761 103,020,061 16,335,528 195,926,397 6,871,939 5,2490,526 5,2490,526 5,2490,526 5,2490,526 5,2490,526 5,2490,651 5,2097,882 5,300,98,875 5,300,98,875 5,40,307,683 5,4445,157 4,022,011 4,022,011 4,022,011 4,037,683 5,4445,157 9,537,555 8,2420,757 9,537,555 8,2420,757 9,537,555 8,2420,757 9,537,555 8,2420,757 9,537,555 8,2420,757 9,537,555 8,2420,757 9,537,555 8,2420,757 9,537,555 8,2420,757 9,537,555 8,2420,757	326,132 56,068,607 3,142,682 181,895,724 45,521,134 13,854,790 2,144,846 2,723,291 8,019,454 744,288 20,739,544 45,439,507 15,675,544 45,439,53 16,534,465 33,731,010 16,534,465 33,731,010 17,289,168 17,289,168 18,283,731,010 19,373,101 10,373,731,010 11,7289,168 12,315,175,033 13,243,175,175 14,728,175 15,75,033 16,575,033	2,747,910 20,888,818 16,704,678 40,892,674 35,336,284 41,324,516 7,193,392 30,882,716 56,426,980 33,230,708 1,494,756 15,908,409 5,646,206 3,743,920	223,578 20,697,144 16,336,721 43,255,060 43,692,708 57,442,546 11,226,573 35,264,018 83,664,420 48,168,090 2,025,55 9,911,544	\$2,432,137 57,443,452 59,039,054 13,326,755 36,758,276 83,250,198 50,580,536 1,498,820 20,971,538 9,489,729 5,374,738	2,232,558 11,811,825 639,625 19,213,501 19,687,068 42,650,683 85,539,501 15,740,989 15,406,510 25,355,305 62,999,718 45,412,017 13,516,390 6,552,005 5,063,656
Imports for consumption— Agricultural produce. Animals and their produce Fisheries. Forest produce. Manufactures. Minerals. Miscellaneous.	\$ 972,93 \$ 3,549,92 \$ 112,505,18	1 23,258,364 9 1,995,091 7 12,873,875 8 298,757,039 44,020,074	29,499,113 2,409,618 5 15,201,526 340,573,24 54,935,71	7 41,088,973 2,674,770 6 20,138,383 456,463,59 65,820,23	29,880,211 2,331,772 16,789,413 417,555,537 71,694,173	27,873,971 1,856,298 9,613,891 286,214,321 54,171,002
Steam Railways—					00.70	35,582
Miles in operation. Capital. Passengers carried. N Freight. To Earnings. Expenses.	18,14 \$ 816,110,83 0. 18,385,72 18,385,72 36,999,37 72,898,74 \$ 50,368,72	25,400 27,1,528,689,20 27,097,71 79,884,28 188,733,49 131,033,78	26,72 1,588,937,52 41,124,18 2,444,33 219,403,75 5,150,726,54	7 29,30 6 1,531,830,69 1 46,230,76 1 106,992,71 3 256,702,70 0 182,011,69	30,79: 2 1,808,820,76: 5 46,702,28: 0 101,393,98: 3 243,083,53: 178,975,25	1,875,810,888 46,322,035 87,204,838 199,843,072 147,731,099
Electric Railways— Miles in operation Capital	50. 120,934,60 as 287,9	26 1,228,36 83 20,356,95	1,435,52 23,499,25	141,235,63 32 597,863,80 25 1,957,93 28,216,1	1 147,595,34 614,709,81 1,845,92 29,691,00	2 150,344,002 9 562,302,373 1,433,602 26,922,900

¹See under notes at foot of page xiv. ²Coin and bullion included.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF THE PROGRESS OF CANADA—concluded.

Items.	1901.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Canals— Passengers carried No. FreightTons	190,428 5,665,259			335,799 52,053,913		
Shipping (sea-going)— EnteredTons Cleared	7,514,732 7,028,330	11,919,339 10,377,847	12,768,191 11,821,414	13,575,193 12,655,905	14,982,393 14,586,093	
Total "	14,543,062	22,297,186	24,589,605	26,231,098	29,568,486	25,402,586
Telegraphs, Government, miles of line	5,744	8,446	8,639	9,729	10,356	11,545
Telegraphs, other, miles of line	30,194	33,905	34,841	36,604	38,503	
Postal— Money orders issued \$ Revenue \$ Expenditure \$	17,956,258 3,421,192 3,837,376	70,614,862 9,146,952 7,954,223	84,065,891 10,482,255 9,172,035	101,153,272 12,060,476 10,882,805	109,500,670 12,956,216	89,957,906 13,046,650 15,961,197
Revenue. \$ Expenditure. \$ Gross debt. \$ Assets. \$ Net debt. \$	52,514,701 46,866,368 354,732,433 86,252,429 268,480,004	117,780,410 87,774,198 474,941,487 134,899,435 340,042,052	136,108,217 98,161,441 508,338,592 168,419,131 339,919,461	168,689,903 112,059,537 483,232,555 168,930,929 314,301,626	163,174,395 127,384,473 544,391,369 208,394,519 335,996,850	133,073,482 135,523,207 700,473,814 251,097,731 449,376,083
Chartered Banks— Capital paid up. \$ Assets. \$ Liabilities (excluding capital and reserves). \$			112,730,943 1,470,065,478		114,759,807 1,555,676,395	113,982,741 1,596,424,643
Deposits ¹ \$	349,573,327	980,433,788	1,102,910,383	1,126,871,523	1,144,210,363	1,198,340,315
Savings Banks— Deposits in Post Office. \$ Government. \$ Special. \$	39,950,813 16,098,144 19,125,097	43,330,579 14,763,752 34,770,386	43,563,764 14,655,564 39,526,755	42,728,942 14,411,541 40,133,551	41,591,287 13,976,317 39,110,439	39,995,406 14,006,157 37,817,474
Loan Companies— Assets\$ Liabilities\$ Deposits\$	158,523,307 158,523,307 20,756,910	389,701,988 389,701,988 33,742,513	395,652,787 395,652,787 33,235,992	478,658,228 478,658,228 32,681,806	-	-
Fire Insurance— Amount at risk\$ Income for the year\$	1,038,687,619 9,650,348			3,151,930,389 25,745,947	3,456,019,009 27,499,158	
Life Insurance— Amount at risk \$ Income for the year \$	463,769,034 15,189,854	950,220,771 31,619,626		1,168,590,027 38,641,206		

¹Including amounts deposited elsewhere than in Canada, not included in deposits prior to 1901.

NOTES.

The statistics of manufactures in 1891, 1901 and 1911 are for works employing five hands and over, except in the case of butter and cheese factories, flour and grist mills, electric light plants, lumber, lath and shingle mills, lime kilns, brick and tile works and fish preserved. The figures in 1891 for all industries are as follows:—Capital \$354,620,750, number of employees 370,256, salaries and wages \$100,663,650 and value of products \$476,198,886

In the foregoing Summary the statistics of immigration, fisheries, trade, shipping, the Post Office, the public debt, revenue and expenditure and the Post Office and Government Savings banks relate to the fiscal year ended June 30 in 1901 and ended March 31 in 1911-15. Mineral, banking, insurance and loan companies' statistics relate to the calendar years and railway statistics to the years ended June 30. The statistics of population, agriculture, dairying industries and manufactures are either those of the Census from 1901 to 1911, or are estimates based thereon for 1912 to 1915. Canal statistics are those of the navigation seasons. The telegraph statistics relate to the fiscal years for Government lines and to the calendar years for other lines.

THE CANADA YEAR BOOK, 1915.

The Canada Year Book of 1915 has followed largely the lines of immediately preceding issues. The volume has been edited by Mr. Ernest H. Godfrey, F.S.S., and grateful acknowledgments of valuable co-operation are tendered to officers of the Dominion and Provincial Governments and of Municipalities throughout Canada. The tables have again been compiled by Mr. Joseph Wilkins and Mr. James Skead, and the diagrams drawn by Mr. R. E. Watts.

R. H. COATS,

Dominion Statistician

and Controller of Census.

Census and Statistics Office, Ottawa, September 20, 1916.

PREFACE.

The present issue of the Canada Year Book contains the following special articles: (1) Local Government of Canada by various writers; (2) Economic Geology in Canada, 1915; (3) Flora of Canada; (4) Faunas of Canada.

Following the general rule adopted last year, articles and tables in the edition of 1914 not requiring alteration or bringing up to date have been omitted. A selected list of articles and tables in previous issues is given on pages 694 and 695.

In Section III (Area and Population), tables relating to the foreignborn population, the population of military age and the occupations of the people, as derived from the Census returns of 1911, replace other Census tables previously given. Statistics of the universities and of higher education generally have been added to the tables of elementary and secondary education in Section IV (Education). Amongst other new statistics in Section VI (Production), are tables of grain prices and of ocean freight rates over long series of years and of the numbers of farm live stock in the principal countries of the world. This Section includes also a description of the Dominion and Provincial Agricultural Experiment Stations. To Section VII (Trade and Commerce) have been added tables showing the increase or decrease due to variation in quantity and in price of the exports and imports of Canada, by principal classes of products, for the year 1915 as compared with 1914. Section X (Finance) the results are given of further efforts to collect municipal statistics, the new tables presenting (a) statistics of a general character and (b) financial statistics. Section XI (Administration) includes an outline of the work of the Commission of Conservation and finally Section XII (Principal Events of the Year) summarizes the Acts of the Provincial Legislatures in addition to those of the Dominion Parliament as heretofore.

ERNEST H. GODFREY,
Editor.

MARITIME PROVINCES.

By Thomas Barnard Flint, M.A., LL.B., D.C.L., Clerk of the House of Commons of Canada, Ottawa.



HE constitution and legislative powers of the provinces of the Dominion are in their general outlines as settled and regulated by the British North America Act, 1867. and amending acts. But in the development of local adminand amending acts. But it the working out of local problems, the istration and in the working out of local problems, the

provinces have varied considerably. These variations have depended primarily upon the stages and forms of local self-government in force at the time of Confederation, and secondarily upon the financial and industrial policies of the legislatures which then assumed control. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick were two of the three original provinces which formed the federal union of Canada. Prince Edward Island

became part of the federal system in 1873.

Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, immediately after entering the union found themselves each equipped with a Lieutenant-Governor appointed by the Governor-General. official holds office, generally speaking, for five years from the date of his appointment. He is not removable except for cause assigned and communicated to Parliament. The provisions relating to the powers, duties and responsibilities of Lieutenant-Governors are to be found in sections 58 to 68, inclusive, of the British North America Act, 1867, and apply uniformly to all Lieutenant-Governors throughout the Dominion.

The legislatures of each of the three Maritime Provinces, upon entering the union, consisted of the Lieutenant-Governor and of two Houses, styled the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly. These legislatures had the same exclusive powers assigned to them as to the other provinces entering the union at the same or at any subsequent One of the most important of these powers is that of the amendment, from time to time, of the Constitution of the province, except as regards the office of the Lieutenant-Governor. Like all the other provinces, they have the power of direct taxation within the province, of borrowing money, of establishing public offices, of disposing of the crown lands of the province, of the maintenance and establishment of a great variety of public and reformatory institutions and of municipalities with such powers as the province may see fit to grant. The list of exclusive provincial powers also includes such important matters as the making of laws relating to licences for raising revenue for provincial or municipal purposes; providing for local works and undertakings of every description (except certain classes specially reserved to the federal power); incorporating companies with provincial objects; and legislation respecting the solemnization of marriage. The whole vast field of property and civil rights within the province, the administration of justice and the

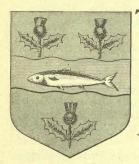
constitution, maintenance and organization of provincial courts, with both civil and criminal jurisdiction, as well as the procedure in civil matters in those courts, are retained under provincial jurisdiction.

The exclusive control of each province over the subject of education has given rise to legal and constitutional questions of the highest importance. Their adjustment has engaged the attention of legislatures, of parliament and of the courts of Canada as well as the privy council of the Mother Country from time to time almost since the day of the union. The meeting of provincial responsibilities in this matter has demanded great expenditures and called forth administrative capacity and devotion to scholarship and to the welfare of the young which the people of the provinces may consider with pride and satisfaction.

The provinces have also legislated upon, and devoted large sums of money to the promotion of agriculture, and to some extent immigration in which they have been assisted by the federal administration, which also has jurisdiction over these subjects. These powers are of

course common to all the provinces.

NOVA SCOTIA.



THIS province has made no organic changes in its constitution since the union in 1867. In 1867, the Legislative Council consisted of 36 members and the Legislative Assembly of 55 members. The number of members of the Legislative Council is now 21 and of the Assembly 43. Legislative councillors are appointed for life, and the members of the Assembly are elected for four years, the Assembly term consisting of that period. The constitutional relations of the ministry to the Assembly are based on the well recognized principles of

responsible government in accordance with which the ministry retains office only so long as it is supported by a majority in the Legislative Assembly. This rule applies to all the provinces of Canada. Many efforts made towards abolishing the Legislative Council in Nova Scotia have proved abortive. The local ministry or cabinet, styled the Executive Council, consists of the Prime Minister (being the Provincial Secretary and President of the Council), the Attorney-General and the Commissioner of Works and Mines. These are salaried officials, and the other members are six in number without office. Agriculture, immigration and education are under the control and management of the government through certain boards and councils, each with its secretary and staff of officials.

The sources of the principal revenues are (1) mines and minerals upon which certain royalties are charged, together with license fees and rentals; (2) the federal subsidy and interest on balances due from the Dominion, paid by virtue of the British North America Acts; (3) interest on railway loans and advances, succession duties, payments from the Dominion Government under the Agricultural Instruction

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Act; (4) crown lands and other fees and dues paid in to the Provincial Secretary's office. In 1915 the total revenue from all sources was \$3,154,359, including \$1,000,000 temporary loan and \$100,000 loan for war distress.

Municipal Institutions.—Municipal administration in Nova Scotia has been developed since Confederation. Previous to that event the local government of counties and townships was confided to the magistracy, which was an appointed body, holding their commissions for life and not responsible in any way to the electorate. In the early years of its history this body did much useful and important public service, yet abuses here and there existed on account of the irresponsible nature of their tenure of office, which rendered reform and public accountability very difficult to obtain. Public opinion, however, and the controlling influence of the legislatures operating steadily upon even irresponsible bodies of life-appointed magistrates made the institution as it existed fairly acceptable to the people generally. In 1864 an act providing for the optional incorporation of counties and townships was passed, but few counties or districts took advantage of the privilege thus accorded. In 1875, the incorporation of the counties and certain townships was made compulsory, twenty-four municipalities being then established. In 1895, the Towns Incorporation Act was passed making the incorporation of towns throughout the province optional. At the present time thirty-eight towns are incorporated.

The county councils consist of councillors elected by the ratepayers, usually one for each polling district, but in some districts two are provided for. The warden or presiding officer is chosen each year by the council. The mayor of the town is elected by the ratepayers and holds office for two years. The city of Halifax, the capital of the province, has a special charter, the mayor being elected annually and the eighteen aldermen (or members) for three years, six retiring each year but being eligible for re-election.

The establishment of these municipal institutions gave a great impetus to local improvements, and although the rate and amount of taxation were considerably increased, the credit of the towns and municipalities is excellent. The total assessed valuation of real and personal property of the twenty-four municipalities of Nova Scotia is not less than \$42,717,000 and of the incorporated towns over \$40,000,000, to which must be added the property owned by the municipalities and towns themselves, amounting to over \$3,000,000. The total liabilities (bonded and other debts) of the municipalities are about \$1,000,000, and of the towns about \$6,500,000.

The exercise of the powers of the councils, the election of their members and the duties and responsibilities of their officials, their meetings, proceedings and by-laws, their methods and forms of taxation, as well as the limitation of their borrowing powers, are controlled and regulated in each particular by statutes rigidly enforced by provincial authority or by the courts. The training of large numbers of public spirited citizens in the practical exercise of the duties of self-government

is not the least of the advantages of the municipal systems of Canada. They furnish a rich fund of talent and experience upon which to draw

for the wider spheres of provincial and federal legislation.

Judiciary.—The provincial courts consist of (1) the supreme court, which is a court of appeal and also a circuit court, and (2) county courts. The supreme court consists of a chief justice and six other judges. One of these is a judge in equity, who also acts in divorce causes and as admiralty judge of the exchequer court of Canada. This court has original jurisdiction in all matters not specially delegated to the lower courts and appeal jurisdiction from the county courts. The county courts have a limited original jurisdiction and an appeal jurisdiction from probate and magistrates' courts in certain cases. The judges of this court are seven in number, each having a district of jurisdiction covering a county or group of counties and holding terms of court in the county towns of their respective districts.

The judges of the supreme and county courts are appointed and paid by the Dominion Government, but the procedure of the courts in all civil matters is regulated by provincial legislation. The purely provincial courts and courts of probate have jurisdiction over wills and intestate estates. Stipendiary and police magistrates' courts and courts of justices of the peace are also under provincial jurisdiction. The judges of these courts and justices of the peace are appointed by the local government and are paid, in some cases by salaries and in others by fees. The sheriffs, clerks, registrars and officers of all the

courts are appointed by the provincial authorities.

In criminal cases the jurisdiction and procedure of all the courts are fixed by federal statutes. The procedure as to the selection of grand and petit jurors, of revisers of voters' lists and assessment courts are fixed by the provincial statutes. In each county, and in some counties in one or more districts of a county, are offices for the registry of deeds and of all documents pertaining to transfers of or affecting titles to real estate as well as those creating and discharging liens on personal property.

NEW BRUNSWICK.



THE province of New Brunswick in all essential features of provincial administration is similar to its neighbour, Nova Scotia, but some differences may be noted. The province entered Confederation with a Legislative Council of 40 members holding their seats for life, a Legislative Assembly of 40 members and an Executive Council of nine members. Under its powers of changing the provincial constitution the Legislative Council was abolished by an act passed on April 16, 1891. For many years an agitation for its abolition had continued, and the govern-

ments of the period refrained from filling vacancies until the number of members was so reduced that the passage of an abolition act became

MARITIME PROVINCES.

comparatively an easy matter. The retiring members of the Council retained their title and precedence for life. The Assembly at present is composed of 47 members, and the Executive Council is composed of (1) the Premier who is also Minister of Lands and Mines, (2) the Minister of Public Works, (3) the Provincial Secretary-Treasurer, (4) the Attorney-General and (5) the Minister of Agriculture, all of whom receive salaries. Each of these ministers has a departmental staff under his direction.

The ordinary revenue in 1915 amounted to \$1,634,079 and the ordinary expenditure to \$1,626,634.

In New Brunswick the subject of public instruction is under the management of a Board of Education consisting of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province, the members of the Executive Council, the Chancellor of the University of New Brunswick and the Chief Superintendent of Education.

Municipal Institutions.—On the subject of municipal institutions, under which the people have more complete control over their local affairs, the province of New Brunswick has passed through stages of development similar to those of Nova Scotia. An interesting passage will be found in Hannay's History of New Brunswick, where, writing on this subject, he observes:

"Sir William Colebrooke and Sir Edmund Head had both regretted the failure of attempts to establish municipal institutions throughout the province, but they perhaps did not discern that this failure was due to the influence of the magistrates in sessions, who did not like to be deprived of their power of controlling the affairs of the counties. These magistrates naturally resisted every improvement, which they denounced as innovations, and they were supported generally by the Legislative Council.

"The system of county government was as bad as possible, because the magistrates were not responsible to any person. The condition of the county accounts was never made public, and it was not until a comparatively late period in the history of the province that the Grand Jury obtained

legislative authority to inspect the county accounts.

"Municipal institutions came in the course of years, but not till long after Sir Edmund Head had taken his departure from the province. Since then the influence of the people upon the municipal government has been strengthened by the incorporation of most of the towns in the province; so that the people have an opportunity not only of knowing how their money is being spent but of directing the expenditure."

In New Brunswick the first municipal act was passed in 1851. This act, which was subsequently amended, rendered incorporation optional. But these acts were not in many cases taken advantage of. The counties were, however, divided into parishes, districts having a certain amount of local autonomy and some limited powers of administration, which have been recognized in subsequent municipal legislation. They are provided with local courts presided over by commissioners who are ex-officio justices of the peace, and in some cases they are provided with stipendiary or police magistrates. These commissioners have civil jurisdiction in debts not exceeding eighty dollars and in cases of tort when the damages claimed do not exceed thirty-two dollars.

At the time of confederation the municipal system had been very slightly developed. But in 1877 an act providing for compulsory municipal incorporation was put in force, and, with its amendments, is substantially in force at the present time. It provides that county councils be constituted as bodies corporate, having two councillors elected yearly from each parish in the county. The councils elect from among their members a presiding officer who is styled the warden and who holds office until the next election of councillors. Councils may themselves, however, provide by by-law for their election biennially, a provision which does not apply to the municipality of the city and county of St. John. The city of St. John, which in 1785 was known as "Parr Town", received a charter in that year through Lieutenant-Governor Carleton, a brother of the famous soldier. Sir Guy Carleton (afterwards Lord Dorchester). The qualifications of voters for the councils are very liberal. Every male, or female person, being a widow or unmarried, of the age of 21 years or over, being a British subject, a ratepayer of the parish having an income or personal property or both combined to the amount of one hundred dollars, is entitled to A resident of the parish having real property of any value, or, if not a resident, having real property to the value of one hundred dollars, is also entitled to vote. The dates and time of meeting of the councils are fixed by statute and differ in different municipalities. In addition to a warden each elects a secretary, a treasurer (the two offices may be combined in one person) and an auditor, who may not be a councillor nor hold any office under the council. The councils also appoint overseers of the poor, constables, commissioners of highways, collectors of rates and other parish and county officials as may be necessary. Councillors under some circumstances also act as revisers of voters' lists. The warden is required to publish each year a full and detailed financial statement of the affairs of the municipality which shall be signed by the auditor and himself.

The financial condition of the county municipalities of the province is excellent. From the latest available returns it is found that ten counties out of fifteen (not including the city and county of St. John, the richest in the province) have an assessable valuation of real and personal property of over thirty million dollars, with insignificant liabilities. The other municipalities would probably represent as favourable a condition if returns were available. The city of St. John, the commercial capital of the province, with a population of about 58,000, was the first Canadian city to adopt government by commission. Its valuation for assessment purposes in 1915 was \$36,187,000 and its liabilities were less than \$5,000,000. The city of Fredericton, the capital of the province, with a population of 8,000, has a valuation of real and personal property for assessment of \$5,000,000 with an outstanding indebtedness of \$486,000.

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PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.



A T the time of entering the union the government of Prince Edward Island consisted of a Governor and an Executive Council, a Legislative Council of 13 members and a House of Assembly of 30 members. The Legislative Council was made elective in 1862 and so continued until its abolition after the union in 1873. The former Legislative Council districts, after the passage of the Abolition Act, elected members to the Legislative Assembly, fifteen in number, while the same districts elected members to the Assembly on a different franchise, thus practically

amalgamating the two Houses into one Assembly of 30 members. The electoral system, as far as voting is concerned, is practically one of manhood suffrage. The Executive Council of Prince Edward Island consists of (1) the President of the Council, (2) the Provincial Secretary-Treasurer, who is also Commissioner of Agriculture, (3) the Commissioner of Public Works and seven members without portfolio.

With regard to the judiciary, the supreme court has a chief justice and two assistant judges. The chief justice is also the local judge in admiralty of the exchequer court. The supreme court is also a court of appeal and has jurisdiction in appeal chancery cases. It has original jurisdiction both in civil and criminal matters. In civil cases of debt the action must be for an amount above \$32, and all cases beyond the jurisdiction of the county court may be tried before a judge of the supreme court. The assistant judges of this court have also chancery There is a surrogate and probate court for the province with one judge. A system of county courts is established consisting of three judges, one for each county. These are appointed and paid by the federal government and have jurisdiction in suits up to the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars. Education is under the direction of a Board of Education consisting of the members of the Executive Council of the province and the Superintendent of Education, who is also secretary of the Board. Agricultural education is assisted from the grants made by the federal government of which the yearly amount is over \$27,000. The Agricultural Department works in this matter in conjunction with the Department of Education with the happiest results.

A distinguishing feature of enterprise in Prince Edward Island is the breeding of fur-bearing animals for which the climate, soil and general surroundings seem peculiarly well adapted. The industry has proved very profitable, and the Commissioner of Agriculture in his latest report expresses satisfaction with the progress so far made¹.

In 1915 the ordinary revenue amounted to \$470,730 and the expenditure to \$510,345.

¹ See also page 188.

QUEBEC.

By C. J. Magnan, Inspector General of Roman Catholic Schools, Quebec.



Political Organization.—Under the constitution conferred by the British North America Act, 1867, the Legislature of Quebec may enact laws respecting education, such public works as relate only to the province, the administration of the public lands of the province, colonization, agriculture, asylums, prisons, organization of the legal tribunals, municipal institutions and, in a word, everything which concerns its particular interests. The province has its own Legislature modelled after that of the Federal Parliament, and this Legislature is composed of the Lieu-

tenant-Governor, a Legislative Council and a Legislative Assembly. There is also an Executive Council, which is composed of the Lieutenant-Governor representing the King, assisted by councillors or ministers. The Lieutenant-Governor convenes, prorogues and dissolves the Houses, and to him is reserved the power of sanctioning the laws passed by the Legislative Assembly and the Legislative Council. Each of the ministers who compose the Executive Council has usually charge of a department or ministry, and the following departments are now in existence: (1) Department of the Attorney-General; (2) Department of the Provincial Secretary; (3) the Treasury; (4) Lands and Forests; (5) Colonization, Mines and Fisheries; (6) Agriculture; (7) Public Works and Labour; (8) Roads.

Legislative Council.—The Legislative Council consists of 24 members who are appointed for life by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. A legislative councillor must be at least 30 years of age, must be a British subject resident within the province and must own unincumbered property of the minimum value of \$4,000 situated within the division represented. Besides the right of approving or rejecting Bills adopted by the Legislative Assembly, the legislative councillors may propose, discuss and adopt measures which do not affect the public revenues. Such legislation must be ratified by the Legislative Assembly. For the purposes of the Legislative Council, the province is divided into 24 constituencies. Nova Scotia is the only other province of Canada with bicameral parliamentary representation.

Legislative Assembly.—The Legislative Assembly is at present composed of 81 members elected by 82 counties, the counties of Charlevoix and Saguenay being represented by a single member. To be eligible for membership one must be at least 21 years of age, a British subject and free from any legal incapacity. A Legislature may only last for five years without re-election. Every year the members must be convened in session by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council for the despatch of public business, for voting the necessary appropriations to all branches of the public service and for the amendment of existing

QUEBEC.

laws and the enactment of new ones. The Assembly alone has the power of dismissing a ministry which has ceased to represent the views of the majority of the people and also alone has the right to introduce bills as to the raising or employment of the public revenues. The Assembly is presided ever by one of its members called the Speaker, who retains office until dissolution of the House that elected him. He does not vote, except by a casting vote in cases where the votes on both sides are equal in number.

Municipal Organization.—Under the French régime the municipal system was almost unknown. It was the same under the English régime until 1840 when at the union of the provinces municipal authorities were first established in Lower Canada. Before this date the province of Quebec had nothing which could be called an organization of local authorities. The maintenance of the roads was regulated by an old statute of 1796, which was administered in the name of the Governor by a Chief Road Inspector (Grand Voyer). This arrangement, imperfect as it was, sufficed until the increase of the population and the progress of commerce and industry made it obsolete.

It was Lord Sydenham's Special Council of 1840 that endowed Lower Canada with its first municipal organization. This measure, however, was only partially applied, because the French-Canadians, disturbed by the troubles of 1837–38, suspected a trap on the part of England. To reassure the French-Canadians and to make them understand the necessity for good municipal organization a fellow countryman was needed who spoke their language and held their faith. This man was A. N. Morin, father of the Municipalities Act of 1845. Amended in 1847 and in 1855, this Act was finally replaced by that of 1860. Since 1867 the municipal law has been promulgated by the provincial legislatures, and in 1870 the Quebec Legislature enacted the "Municipal Code of the Province of Quebec."

At present the province of Quebec possesses an excellent municipal organization; it is subdivided into several hundred county, township, parish, village, town and city municipalities. According to M. Lareau: "These are so many small governments which assure independence to the people, initiate them into the duties of public administration and train them better to understand the more complicated mechanism of a general administration." Under municipal organization, the citizens themselves choose and appoint those who shall watch over their special interests.

Municipalities.—A municipality is a territory circumscribed by law, whose inhabitants constitute a corporation, that is to say, a body politic or legal person, charged with the duty of administering the affairs of common interest to the inhabitants of a municipality. There are two kinds of municipalities: local and county. Local municipalities¹ consist either of a parish, a part of a parish, a township, a part of a township, a village, a town or a city. The county municipality consists

¹ Local municipalities in Quebec correspond to the communes in France.

of all the local municipalities of a county. Each municipal corporation is represented and administered by a board called the municipal council.

Local Municipalities.—These are constituted in the manner and according to the rules laid down by the municipal code; they are divided into two classes: rural or country municipalities and town and village municipalities. The former are subdivided into parish, part parish, township, part township, etc., municipalities. The municipal council is the organ of the local corporation. It consists of seven councillors chosen by the electors of the municipality, or appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council when the electors fail to elect within the limits of time prescribed by the law. The town or city municipal council consists of a certain number of aldermen elected by property owners and of a certain number of councillors elected by property owners and tenants. The council of a local municipality is presided over by a mayor elected by the members, or in default of election appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, He presides at meetings of the council, watches over the interests of the municipality and maintains order and peace within its boundaries. The power conferred upon the municipal corporations are extensive; they are defined by law and apply generally to all questions of purely local interest. They relate especially to roads, waterways, health, regulation of the sale of alcoholic beverages, maintenance of peace and order, imposition of trading licenses, etc. To meet the cost of administration the municipal council has the right to collect by direct taxation of the taxable property of the locality, or by trading licenses, etc., all necessary sums of money within the limits of its powers. These levies are known as the municipal tax. The municipal taxes are levied on real property according to its value as inscribed on the valuation roll and on a list prepared by the Secretary-Treasurer and called the collection roll.

County Municipalities.—The county is a part of the territory of the province containing a certain number of municipalities. The inhabitants of each county constitute a county corporation, and this corporation is represented by a council composed of the mayors of all the local municipalities of the county. The county council is presided over by one of its members elected annually at the March meeting and called a prefect; in default of such election the prefect is appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council. The place where the county council meets is called the capital of the county, and is fixed by the council itself. This council deals with all interparochial matters, that is to say, those which are common to more than one parish or local municipality. It has jurisdiction over roads and waterways running through two or more parishes, which are then county roads and waterways. The county council exercises all the powers conferred upon it by law and administers all the county business. It fixes the place where the circuit court is to sit, acts as a court of appeal from the decisions of the local councils and provides for the building of a Registry Office, which is a public office established by the provincial government for the registration in special books of deeds affecting real property, such as deeds of sale, contracts of marriage, wills and deeds of gift inter vivos.

ONTARIO.

By Ernest H. Godfrey, F.S.S., Editor, Census and Statistics Office, Ottawa.



Historical.—In 1763 Canada, with all its dependencies, passed from French to British rule by the Treaty of Paris, signed on February 10 of that year. From this date to 1774 the country was under military rule. In 1774 the "Quebec Act" of the Imperial Parliament (14 Geo. III, c. 83) gave French-Canadians the free exercise of the Roman Catholic religion, the enjoyment of their civil rights and the protection of their own civil laws and customs. The

Act annexed large territories to the province of Quebec, and provided for the appointment by the Crown of a Legislative Council and for the administration of the criminal law as in England. In 1791 the country then called Canada was divided by Act of the Imperial Parliament (31 Geo. III, c. 31) into Upper Canada (now Ontario) and Lower Canada (now Quebec), and the Act established a constitution for each, with a Legislature consisting of a Legislative Council and a Legislative Assembly. In 1841, following Lord Durham's report, the provinces were reunited under the name of the province of Canada by an Imperial Act (3-4 Vict., c. 35), which established responsible government. The Legislature under this Act consisted of a Legislative Council of 40 members appointed for life by the Crown and a Legislative Assembly of 84 members elected by the people. Subsequently (1853) the members of the Legislative Assembly were increased in number to 130 and (1856) the Legislative Council became an elected chamber.

Present Constitution.—Under the British North America Act, 1867, and other legislation, the government of the province of Ontario is vested in a Legislature consisting of a Lieutenant-Governor appointed by the Governor-General of the Dominion. and of one House styled the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, consisting in 1916 of 111 members. The Assembly is elected for four years on a manhood suffrage, and members receive statutory indemnities and an allowance for travelling expenses on a mileage basis. The Lieutenant-Governor is advised by an Executive Council of ten members, now consisting of the President and Premier, the Attorney-General, the Treasurer of the province, the Secretary and Registrar of the province, the Ministers of Education, Public Works, Lands, Forests and Mines and two members without portfolio. The powers of the Ontario Legislature are defined under Sections 92 and 93 of the British North America Act, 1867.

Municipal Organization.—Municipal Government in Ontario traces its origin to the recommendations in the report of Lord Durham (1839), and the District Councils Act of 1841 was the first measure of local self-government in the province. A more comprehensive measure known as the Municipal Act of 1849 provided for the incorporation of local municipalities. In 1868, when the Ontario Legislature met for

¹See Canada Year Book, 1914, page 12.

the first time after Confederation, the municipal corporations of the province comprised 36 counties, 399 townships, and 104 cities, towns and villages. The law respecting municipal institutions in Ontario was revised in 1913 by the Municipal Act (3–4 Geo. V, c. 43), and is included in the Revised Statutes of Ontario 1914 as chapter 192. It has been further amended by Acts of 1914 (4 Geo. V, c. 33), 1915 (5 Geo. V, c. 34) and 1916 (6 Geo. V, c. 39). Under these Acts the local municipalities of the province consist of townships, villages, towns, counties and cities. The townships consist of an area varying in extent from six to ten miles square.

The territorial division of the province for municipal and judicial purposes is governed by the Territorial Division Act (R. S. O., 1914, c. 3), and section 11 of this Act provides that, subject to the provisions of the Municipal Act, the Lieutenant-Governor may by proclamation constitute new townships in those parts of Ontario in which townships have not been constituted and may fix the boundaries thereof.

Townships and Villages.—The procedure for the erection of townships is laid down in the Municipal Act. Where found convenient two or more townships may unite for municipal purposes and become incorporated as a Union of Townships. Each township is governed by a chief executive officer styled reeve, and four other members who may be either deputy reeves or councillors, according to the number of deputy reeves to which a municipality may be entitled. This is determined by the number of municipal electors. Where a township has more than 1,000 and not more than 2,000 municipal electors, it becomes entitled to a first deputy-reeve, where it has more than 2,000 and not more than 3,000 to a first and a second deputy-reeve, and where it has more than 3,000 to a first, a second and a third deputy-reeve. These provisions apply also to incorporated villages and towns. The council of a township in "unorganized territory," that is to say, any part of the province which is not organized by counties, consists of a reeve and four councillors. New villages may be incorporated by the county council out of districts or parts of townships under conditions laid down by the Act as to area, population and other matters. Provision is also made for the constitution of police villages by the county council on the petition of freeholders and tenants in localities having a population of not less than 150 and an area of not more than 500 acres. Police villages are administered by three trustees whose powers and duties are defined by the Act. The trustees of a police village may be created a body corporate where the population is not less than 500.

Towns.—New towns may be incorporated under conditions prescribed by the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board, which was constituted in 1906 under the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board Act (R.S.O., 1914, c. 186); their governing bodies are differently constituted from those of the smaller municipalities. In unorganized territories the town council is composed of a mayor and six councillors elected by general vote. Towns with a population of not less than 5,000 may be composed of a mayor and nine councillors. Towns in counties having a population of more than 5,000 are composed of a

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mayor, a reeve, as many deputy-reeves as they may be entitled to under the provision previously quoted, and two or sometimes three councillors for each ward into which the town may be divided. Cities and certain towns are for municipal purposes separated from the county. The number of these separated municipalities is 30 according to the latest report on municipal statistics of the Ontario Bureau of Industries. They include the municipalities of Toronto, Ottawa, Hamilton, London, Brantford, Kingston, Peterborough, Windsor, Fort William, Berlin, Guelph, St. Thomas, Stratford, St. Catharines, Chatham, Galt, Sarnia, Belleville, Brockville, Woodstock, Niagara Falls and Smith's Falls.

Counties.—The members of the county councils are not elected directly by the municipal voters, but each council is composed of the reeves and deputy-reeves of the towns (other than the "separated towns") and of the villages and townships. The head or presiding officer of the county council is styled warden and is its chief executive officer. In general, the county council has charge of various matters which are common to more than one local municipality within the county, including, for instance, the control of highways, bridges, court-houses, gaols, houses of refuge, land registry offices, etc. The county rates are levied and collected through the constituent local municipalities. Provisions for the erection of one description of municipality into another, as for instance a village into a town, are laid down in the Municipal Act, and in this connection, for municipalities in districts that have not yet a county organization, the Railway and Municipal Board, has certain organizing and controlling powers. There are at present 38 county corporations. Four of these are composed of a union of counties, viz. (1) Leeds and Grenville, (2) Northumberland and Durham, (3) Prescott and Russell and (4) Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry.

Cities.—Cities are governed by councils composed of a mayor, the members of the board of control, if such a board exists, and two or three representatives of each ward who are styled aldermen. A special feature of city government is that by which much of the business of the city, and especially business of a financial character, is delegated to a The Municipal Act provides that the council of board of control. any city having a population of less than 100,000 but more than 45,000 may by by-law provide for the election by general vote of four controllers who with the mayor constitute a board of control. By the Municipal Amendment Act, 1915 (5 Geo. V, c. 34), this provision is made obligatory in all cities of Ontario having a population of not less than 100,000 and not more than 200,000. Power is granted to the council to pay salaries to the members of the board not exceeding for each member \$1,500 per annum. The duties of the board include the preparation of estimates, the awarding of contracts, the inspection of municipal works, the nomination of officers and their dismissal or suspension. The board reports to the council, and its action is subject to their approval or reversal; but the council may not make appropriations or expenditures of any sums not provided for by estimates of the board without a two-thirds vote, which is defined as the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members present. Boards of control have been established in Toronto, Ottawa, Hamilton and London.

Submission of By-laws to the Electors.—Another characteristic feature of municipal government in Ontario is the arrangements for direct reference to the electors of important questions and of certain descriptions of by-laws. The regulations governing the procedure for ascertaining the opinion or obtaining the assent of the municipal electorate are prescribed by the Municipal Act. Certain classes of these by-laws involving financial appropriations are only referred to specific classes of the electors such as property owners. The results of the voting on the questions submitted in this way are, however, only for the guidance of the governing body of the municipality and do not bind it to any course of action, except in the case of money by-laws, where the decision of the electorate must be followed. All the municipalities are empowered to pass by-laws to provide for the granting of bonuses in aid of manufactures and railways, and these bonuses may take the form of money grants, guarantees, total or partial exemptions from municipal taxation or the granting of

certain other facilities to secure the object desired.

Judicial System.—The supreme court of Ontario consists of (a) the appellate division and (b) the high court division. The appellate division is composed of not less than two divisional courts, each consisting of five judges, who try appeals from the high court and other courts of the province. Appeals from this court to the supreme court of Canada may be made in certain cases. Sittings of the high court division are held by single judges, with or without juries, at least twice a year in each county. The court has jurisdiction in virtually every kind of case. In each county or district there is a court presided over by a judge, who sits at least twice a year, with or without a jury, to try minor civil actions. Each county judge also presides at least twice yearly over a court of general session, with a limited jurisdiction in criminal matters. Criminals may also, with their own consent, be tried by the county judge without a jury. Each judicial district is divided into court divisions in each of which a division court is held by the county judge, or his deputy, at least once in every two months. These courts are for the recovery of small debts and damages. The county judges hold revision courts for the revision of assessment rolls and of voters' lists; they are also judges of the surrogate courts, which deal with the estates of deceased persons.

MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN AND ALBERTA.

By the Rev. Captain Edmund H. Oliver, Ph.D., Principal of the Presbyterian Theological College, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, and Chaplain of the 196th (Western Universities) Overseas Battalion.

HISTORICAL SKETCH.

Establishment of Provinces.—On the prairies there have been two distinct trends of historical and political development—that of the Red River and that of the Territories. The whole region was originally under the sway of the Honourable Company of Adventurers trading into Hudson's Bay. In the case of the Red River, responsible self-rule came with the transfer to Canada. The Territories possessed absolutely no form of government prior to their incorporation in the Dominion.

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N September 4, 1812, Captain Miles Macdonell, in the name of Lord Selkirk, took formal possession of the District of Assiniboia at the forks of the Red and Assiniboine Rivers. This was the first act of government in what is now Western Canada.

The deed of the District of Assiniboia to Selkirk reserved to the Company "all rights of jurisdiction." For this reason the Company's commission was given to the governor appointed by Selkirk. The governor could act as judge. But to do this correctly, he must act with his

Council. A Council of Assiniboia was appointed to safeguard the judicial functions of the governor. It was not so much a Council of Assiniboia as the Council of the Governor in Assiniboia, not so much a legislative or administrative body as a judicial tribunal. From the time of Governors Bulger and Pelly the Council began to assume administrative and legislative functions. It began also to divest itself of judicial functions. In the former it was entirely successful; in the latter, only partly so. The minutes of the Council of May 4, 1832, show the Council launched upon its career of legislative activity. It adopts regulations concerning pigs and stallions allowed to range at large, fires, statute labour for the improvement of roads and bridges, public fairs and the taking of horses from their grazing grounds.

The Council never was in any degree responsible to those whose interest it was expected to regard and foster. But its membership was largely representative of the leaders in the community. It enacted a great variety of measures that sought to promote the public welfare in relation to fires, animals, horse taking, hay, roads, intoxicating of Indians, liquor laws, customs duties, police, debtors, intestate estates, marriage licenses, contracts for service, surveyors, postal facilities, premium on wolves, administration of justice and other matters of general concern. On June 25, 1841, was formed the Municipal District of Assiniboia which extended in all directions fifty miles from the forks of the Red and Assiniboine Rivers. To carry out its resolutions the Council of Assiniboia organized a board of works, a committee of economy, a volunteer corps, legal and judicial machinery, a tariff system and postal facilities. It appointed public officials and erected the necessary buildings. It supervised the whole social life of the settlement, imposing duties and restrictions on the sale and importation of liquors, superintending the building of roads, the issue of marriage licenses and the encouragement of native industries.

The little community at the forks of the Red River knew nothing of self-government. The suffrage was unknown though every proprietor of land was held qualified and liable to act as juror. But the desire for self-rule at last found expression and not in the District of Assiniboia alone. In the settlement of Portage la Prairie the inhabitants actually established a provisional republic. Though the Council of Assiniboia governed, it gave no security. The presence of the Sioux revealed the

helplessness of the colony in a time of real danger. In the settlement was formed a Canada party. In Great Britain the renewal of the Company's charter upon former lines was found to be impossible. The confederation of the Canadian provinces showed in what direction lay the solution

of many difficulties.

The series of Dominion Acts relating to the West begins with "An Act for the temporary government of Rupert's Land and the Northwestern Territory when united with Canada," June 22, 1869. This Act sought to prepare for the transfer of the Territories from the local authorities to the government of Canada. A year later the Manitoba Act (33 Vict., C. 3) launched upon its independent constitutional career the old District of Assiniboia, now in possession of complete self-government. The interval between these Acts had seen the troublous days of the Red River disturbances, and more than one attempt to set up a government had been made. The provisional governments of the period are due to the failure to appreciate local problems. Lieutenant-Governor in the first days of the province naturally occupied a very important position in the administration of affairs. For a short time there was a temporary government with two ministers and the Legislative Assembly. After this, government was carried on with the Legislative Assembly and a Legislative Council, but without a premier. At the end of six years the Legislative Council was abolished. Without a Legislative Council but with a Premier and a Legislative Assembly the province assumed the constitutional form which has endured to the present day.

SASKATCHEWAN AND ALBERTA.



The landmarks in the growth of provincial institutions for Manitoba are the coming of the Selkirk colonists, the development of the Council of Assiniboia, the passing of the Hudson's Bay Company as a governmental body, the enactment of the Manitoba Act and the abolition of the Legislative Council. The chief stages in the political development of the Northwest Territories (that portion of Rupert's Land and the Northwestern Territory not included in the province of Manitoba) are indicated by the capitals, Fort Garry, Swan River, Battleford

and Regina. When the Government was at Fort Garry the Territories were administered by officials resident in a neighbouring province. In Livingstone, Swan River, the Lieutenant-Governor and councillors belonged for the first time to the Territories exclusively. Battleford marked the beginnings but only the beginnings of self-government. It was reserved to Regina to witness the evolution from the Northwest Council to the Legislative Assembly, from representative to responsible government, from territories to provinces.

The Territories were not at first given a separate government.

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They were administered from Fort Garry by the Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba with the aid, first of a small executive council of three, irregularly appointed, the Hon. Mr. Justice Johnson, the Hon. D. A. Smith and the Hon. Pascal Breland, and then with the aid of a more formal and more regularly appointed but still admittedly provisional Northwest Council. This council addressed itself to the task of laying the foundations of territorial administration. It did much, also, to secure the goodwill of the Indian tribes.

The charter of the separate political existence of the Territories is the Northwest Territories Act, 1875. It was under this Act that the late Hon. David Laird was appointed Lieutenant-Governor. He held a legislative session under the Act of 1875 at Livingstone, Swan River, in 1877. Battleford was the capital for three sessions of the council. The construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway transferred the seat of government to the line of railway, designated at first Leopold, and then Regina. Settlement ceased to follow the course of the rivers. Trade routes for freighters now began to run north and south from the railway. The old Northwest passed away.

At the same time a profound change was being effected in the constitutional character of the Territories. While the capital was still at Battleford, in 1881, Chief Factor Lawrence Clarke was elected to represent the district of Lorne. This constituted the first opportunity given the settlers themselves to express their sentiments in the administration of affairs. Three years later the elected representatives of the people became numerous enough to exert an influence upon legislation. The years that ensued were wonderfully formative. the Northwest Council laid the foundations of the territorial school and municipal systems. The crushing of the half-breed uprising in 1885 assured the dominance of the white settlers and permanently banished the spectre of Indian disorders. A year later was established a territorial judiciary. Then followed a parliamentary struggle for the control of the purse. In quick succession came the Advisory Council, the Executive Committee, the Executive Council. In this contest between representatives of the settlers and the Dominion officials victory lay with the people and with the cause of popular government. It was not, however, till 1897, on the eve of a remarkable growth in population and economic development, that the government of the Territories, which for half a decade had been giving expression to the people's will, was made completely responsible in form as it had already been in fact.

The increased volume of immigration necessitated heavier expenditures upon education, public works and local administration. It was impossible to introduce municipal organizations into many districts outside the limits of the denser settlements. The result was to impose upon the Territorial Government excessive burdens. Financial embarrassments gave rise to constitutional aspirations. Finally, after a prolonged agitation, the Saskatchewan and Alberta Acts provided for the erection on September 1st, 1905, of two provinces, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Growth of Municipal Institutions. Manitoba.—The stages in the growth of municipal institutions for the province of Manitoba are marked by the legislation of the years 1871, 1873, 1882 and 1902. In 1871 the County Assessment Act and the Parish Assessment Act made provision for dealing with local finance. The former concerned the tax roll of the province; the latter, purely local improvements and assessments for the parishes within each of the five counties. An Act of 1873 provided for the erection of a local municipality in districts containing not less than 30 freeholders. In 1883 the province was divided into 26 counties and three judicial districts. This Act copied closely the Ontario Act of 1849. In the working out of the Act it was found to be in many particulars unsuited to prairie conditions. By the General Municipal Act of 1902 every city, town, village and rural municipality became a body corporate. Over all is the general supervision of a Department of Municipal Affairs.

Northwest Territories (Saskatchewan and Alberta).—As early as 1884 we find among the Ordinances of the Northwest Territories one "respecting Municipalities." This contained provisions for the establishment of certain rural municipalities and the municipalities of the town of Regina, the town of Moosejaw, etc. Only a limited number of rural municipalities found practical existence under this Ordinance, which was planned on principles similar to those of the older provinces. In 1896 legislation was passed deorganizing certain of the rural municipalities where the system proved unpopular. 1897 the Legislature of the Territories passed a Statute Labour Ordinance. The year following produced the Local Improvement Ordinance which, with its amendments, was the law observed until 1904. average area of each local improvement district was one township. In 1903 a new Local Improvement Bill deorganized all one-township local improvement districts and abolished the provision for statute labour. The new Bill provided for local improvement districts with an area of four townships, each of which was a division electing a council annually. The four thus secured formed a Council Board. In 1904 the Legislature made financial provision for inquiry into municipal organizations in general in order to provide a safe, economical system of rural municipalities and to improve the ordinance under which cities, towns and villages were administered. The breaking up of the Territories in 1905 into the present provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan caused delays; but municipal commissions with urban and rural sections were appointed. As a result of the experience gathered during territorial days and later, and of the findings of these Commissions, Local Improvement Acts were amended, Rural Municipality, Town and Village Acts were passed in both provinces, and a City Act was passed in the province of Saskatchewan.

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ORGANIZATION OF PRAIRIE PROVINCES.



Representation of Provinces in the Dominion Parliament.—The representation of the prairie provinces is determined by the British North America Act, which provides for readjustment after each census, and by the various acts establishing the provinces themselves. The following schedule indicates the present representation and that which will obtain upon dissolution of the present Parliament:

Province.	Senators.	Members of House of Commons.		
		At Present.	In Future.	
Manitoba	4	10	15	
Saskatchewan	4	10	16	
Alberta	4	7	12	

Provincial Constitutions.—The Constitutions of the prairie provinces are determined by the following Acts and their amendments: the British North America Act, the Manitoba Act, the Saskatchewan Act and the Alberta Act.

Executive Power.—Each province has a Lieutenant-Governor, appointed by the Dominion Government, who holds office for five years. Within his term he is not removable except for cause assigned, communicated to him in writing. His powers are exercised in accordance with the principles of responsible government, with the advice and consent of the provincial cabinets.

Each province has in its cabinet a Minister of Public Works, an Attorney-General, a Minister of Agriculture, a Provincial Treasurer, a Minister of Education and a Provincial Secretary. A feature peculiar to the prairie provinces is the Department of Municipal Affairs under the supervision of a Minister in Saskatchewan and Alberta, of a Commissioner in Manitoba. More than one department or sub-department is frequently under one responsible minister. Thus at present in Manitoba the premier is President of the Council, Provincial Land Commissioner and Railway Commissioner; the Minister of Agriculture is also Minister of Immigration; the Provincial Secretary is also Municipal Commissioner. In Saskatchewan the premier is

President of the Council and Minister of Education; the Provincial Treasurer is also Minister of Telegraphs and Telephones; the Attorney-General is also Provincial Secretary; and the Minister of Railways has in charge the administration of highways. In Alberta the premier is also Minister of Railways and Telephones, but each minister has in charge a single department.

Legislative Power.—Each province has a Legislature consisting of the Lieutenant-Governor and the Legislative Assembly. There must be a yearly session. Though the Assembly may be dissolved at any time it must not continue longer than a fixed period of years after a general election. Section 92 of the British North America Act enumerates the exclusive powers of the Provincial Legislatures.

Municipal Government.—The school district constitutes at once the most important and elementary unit of self-government on the prairies. Of municipal organization there are five different forms: (a) Local Improvement Districts; (b) Rural Municipalities; (c) Villages; (d) Towns; (e) Cities.

Local Improvement Districts.2—These consist of those sparsely settled areas where there exists either no municipal organization whatever or organization of a very simplified and elementary character. As a rule, each local improvement district has exactly the same area as the rural municip lity into which it may subsequently be transformed. This is generally the territorial unit of 18 miles square or nine townships. The form and size of these units occasionally vary to fit into the physical features of the country. The local improvement district is not regarded as a permanent organization. Its powers are circumscribed. In Saskatchewan the local improvement and supplementary revenue taxes are collected by the Department of Municipal Affairs and spent for public works through the Board of Highway Commissioners. A certain portion of them is disbursed for wolf bounties. In Alberta a council is elected, a councillor from each of the six wards or divisions. The power of this council is very limited. It has the right to levy a small tax, at a rate fixed at so many cents, never exceeding five, on the acre. It can expend the revenue so raised in payment for work on roads and bridges, a little assistance to agriculture and the running expenses of the district.

Rural Municipalities.—The rural municipality is a permanent institution and a body corporate. It passes by-laws for the general welfare of the community. These relate to such matters as public health, nuisance grounds, cemeteries, hospitals, granting aid to the sick and worthy indigent, providing for tree planting in public places, imposing fines for light weight and short measurements, preventing cruelty to animals, restraining the running at large of dogs, the application of herd and pound laws, preventing prairie fires, licensing hawkers

¹See Canada Year Book, 1914, page 12. ⁹In Manitoba this term is used to denote a portion of a rural municipality or incorporated village formed into a particular territory to provide for local improvements.

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and pedlars, regulating speed on highways, granting aid to agricultural societies, the destruction of noxious weeds, the acquiring of land for public purposes, the erection of municipal buildings and similar matters. They have charge of the collection of school taxes in rural districts within the limits of the municipality. In order to perform permanent improvements a rural municipality can borrow by debentures.

The rural municipalities have authority to collect certain license fees, but taxation constitutes their principal source of revenue. Each council appoints its own auditor, but the books of the municipality are subject to departmental inspection. Under conditions that vary with the provinces the electors of the municipalities may vote to come into provincial, group or co-operative hail insurance schemes. They are not allowed to bonus railways or commercial enterprises of any kind. The method of election varies with the provinces. In Alberta, for instance, the council is elected at large by the electors of the municipality, and the reeve is chosen at the first meeting of the council; in Saskatchewan the reeve only is elected at large and each of the six councillors is chosen by a division of a township and a half; in Manitoba the Council consists of the reeve and six or four councillors as determined by by-law. A secretary-treasurer appointed by the council levies the assessment and collects the taxes.

Villages.—In Saskatchewan 100 people must be actually resident in a hamlet before it can claim village incorporation. The number is counted by a person sent from the Department of Municipal Affairs. Each village may levy, for taxation purposes, on land at its fair actual value, and on buildings and improvements at 60 p. c. of their value, but if two-thirds of the resident ratepayers desire, by written petition, that the assessment shall be based on land values only, the council may pass a by-law to that effect.

Under the Village Act of Alberta a village is not a corporate body and has only very limited powers. A village may be established where there is any centre of population containing 25 occupied dwelling-houses within an area not greater than 640 acres. The tax, which may not exceed 2 cents on the dollar, must be levied on the actual value of the lands in the village exclusive of the improvements thereon. A village may borrow money by debentures after obtaining authority from the Minister of Municipal Affairs.

In Manitoba, villages, as in the case of towns and cities, excepting Winnipeg and St. Boniface, are incorporated under the Municipality Act. A village must have 500 inhabitants within 640 acres. The census is taken under the direction of the council of the municipality. The council consists of the mayor and four councillors. The village council, as in the case of the council of every municipality in Manitoba, may pass by-laws for exempting any industry in whole or in part from taxation for any period not exceeding 20 years.

Towns.—In Saskatchewan a village must have at least 500 people actually resident therein, in order to become a town. The census must be taken by an official of the Department. Land is assessed at its fair actual value and improvements at not more than 60 p. c. of their

value, but this assessment on the latter may be withdrawn entirely within not less than four years. Power has been given to establish parks and recreation grounds, skating and curling rinks.

In Alberta a village having 700 residents may be established as a town. The Act requires that all taxes must be derived from an assessment levied according to the actual cash value of the land without regard to any improvements made thereon by the expenditure of capital or labour. Income, personal property and improvements are entirely exempt from taxation.

In Manitoba a locality containing over 1,500 inhabitants may be erected into a town on petition. The council consists of the mayor and two councillors for every ward.

Cities.—In Alberta there is no City Act. The different cities in the province carry on business under their own special charter. Accordingly the methods differ in the different cities. Where in other provinces common regulations exist here can only be observed tendencies. They are strongly inclined to own their own utilities, not to give franchises and to exempt personal property, incomes and improvements from taxation.

In Saskatchewan towns must have a population of 5,000 to become cities. A general City Act governs in each case. This strictly prohibits the granting of bonuses. A Saskatchewan city may at its own volition assess land values exempting buildings and improvements, but the change may be gradual. Land is assessed at its fair actual value and buildings at not more than 60 p.c. of their value. This 60 p.c., however, may be entirely eliminated by a gradual reduction of not more than 15 p.c. in any one year.

The three provinces of the prairies have each a different method in regard to the appointment of city commissioners. In Manitoba is found the board of control, in Saskatchewan the appointed commissioner, in Alberta the elected commissioner.

In Manitoba, towns containing over 10,000 inhabitants may be erected into a city. The council consists of the mayor and two aldermen from every ward.

In all three provinces, cities, towns, villages and rural municipalities may pass by-laws for contracting debts by borrowing money or otherwise, and, if necessary, for issuing debentures for certain specified purposes, but in all cases the by-laws for borrowing money must receive the assent of the electors. Particularly in connection with the smaller types of corporation the limit of debt is specifically stated in the various acts governing the cases.

The legislative powers of the councils of municipalities in the three prairie provinces are in the main the same,—acquiring property for municipal or public purposes, taking census, appointing engineers, constables and other officers, enforcement of by-laws, regulations regarding public health and comfort, public safety, public order and morality, protection from fire, care of children, regulation of streets and public places, drainage and sewerage, fences, dairies, water supply,

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matters relating to agriculture, public fairs, animals, dog taxes, impounding, cemeteries, coal and wood supply, libraries, advertising, markets, boards of trade, trades and occupations, licensing travellers for commercial houses, street numbering and similar matters.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

By S. D. Scott, Vancouver, B.C.



BRITISH Columbia became part of the Dominion of Canada on July 20, 1871. The province had been organized in 1866 by the union of the colony of Vancouver Island, whose government had been established in 1849, with that of British Columbia (the mainland) which dated from 1858. About the time that British Columbia entered the Confederation, local responsible government began. Previously, the colony had been administered by a governor and a mixed elective and appointed council. The administration is vested in a lieutenant-

governor and a cabinet of eight members as follows: Attorney-General and Commissioner of Fisheries; Minister of Finance; Provincial Secretary and Minister of Education; Minister of Lands; Minister of Mines; Minister of Public Works; Minister of Agriculture; President of the Council. With the exception of the Premier, who holds one of these offices and receives \$3,000 a year in addition to the salary of his portfolio, and the President of the Council, who is unpaid, the salary of each of these ministers is \$6,000. The first administration after Confederation contained only five ministers. The Department of Mines was separated from other portfolios, with a minister of its own, in 1900. The Department of Public Works was separated from that of Lands in 1908. In 1916, Agriculture, previously under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Finance, became a department with a minister of its own.

Legislative.—British Columbia has a single chamber legislature of 47 members, increased by Act of 1915 from 42. The number of members after Confederation was 25. But as new settlements arose and others grew into cities and towns redistribution took place from time to time. For example, Vancouver city, now represented by six members, first became a constituency in 1894 with two members. In the Legislature elected in 1916, Vancouver had six representatives, Victoria four, all elected at large, while the other 37 ridings returned single members. The term of the Legislature from Confederation until 1916 was four years. The thirteenth Legislature (1912–16) made the term five years, the change to go into effect the succeeding term. The sessional indemnity is \$1,600, and an allowance of \$1,500 is made to the leader of the Opposition.

Judicial.—Justice is administered in British Columbia by a court of appeal, composed of a chief justice and four puisne judges; a supreme court, comprising a chief justice and five puisne judges; and ten local county courts, each with one judge, except that of Vancouver, which has three. There are also minor courts with criminal jurisdiction held by stipendiary magistrates, police magistrates and justices of the peace and magistrates having civil jurisdiction under the "Small Debts Act." Victoria and Vancouver have juvenile courts.

Police.—In addition to the local police maintained by the municipalities, there is a body of provincial police with general jurisdiction, which maintains order in the unorganized districts, looks after the Indians, renders assistance to local authorities in the pursuit of criminals and performs other services required in a pioneer country. These are directly under the control of the Attorney-General's Department.

Provincial Taxes.—British Columbia imposes direct taxation to a greater extent than any other province, and has received from this source as much as \$1,200,000 in a year. These taxes include a small assessment on improved property outside of incorporated municipalities, an assessment of four p.c. on assessed value on wild land (which tax is intended to encourage improvement and settlement), a progressive income tax, taxes on corporations, succession duties and certain license fees.

Agriculture.—The Department of Agriculture is organized with a minister, a deputy minister and various heads of branches, including live-stock commissioner, provincial horticulturist, instructor in poultry raising, inspector of fruit pests, market commissioner, cold storage commissioner, veterinary inspector, dairy instructor, seed commissioner and plant pathologist.

Farm Credit.—In 1916 an Agricultural Credit Commission was established, with authority to advance money by way of loan to farmers on the security of their holdings, for the purpose of clearing and improving their properties, providing buildings and equipment. This advance is to be repaid in instalments, with interest at a rate sufficient to meet the charge on Government bonds and cost of management.

Lands, Etc.—The Department of Lands is under a minister and deputy minister, a surveyor-general, chief forester, geographer, irrigation supervisors and other officials. It maintains a forest protection service, with a staff of rangers to guard against the destruction of timber by fires. By the co-operation of the lumber interests, this protection includes public and private property. Land has heretofore been sold for agricultural purposes to applicants at prices which have been gradually raised. From time to time areas have been withdrawn and reserved for pre-emption or homesteads. By legislation of 1916, the lands previously sold on deferred payments, on which unpaid amounts remained, reverted to the crown to the extent of the part unpaid for, and are held as homesteads for returned soldiers.

Fisheries.—The administration of the fisheries is under the control of the Finance Department, which, among other things, regulates the fish canneries, the inland fisheries, and, in co-operation with the federal

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authorities, maintains stations and a staff for the study of the habits of the fish, methods of propagation, preservation and protection.

Education.—The Department of Education is under a minister who is also provincial secretary. The Superintendent of Education has the rank of a deputy minister. Supervision is in the hands of one high school inspector, fourteen inspectors of schools and one inspector of manual training schools. From the university to the primary school, the system is non-sectarian; English is the only recognized language of instruction in the common schools.

The provincial university, authorized by legislation passed in 1908, was organized in 1912 and 1913 by the first convocation, the appointment of the president and the first board of governors. This institution is governed by a chancellor, elected by convocation of alumni, a board of governors, appointed by the Government, and a senate partly elected by the convocation and partly representing the faculty and other teaching bodies. The university has faculties in arts, science, engineering (including mining) and agriculture.

Other educational institutions include two normal schools and over thirty high schools. There are also in the cities night schools in many departments of academic and technical instruction, with manual training and household science departments in the high schools and common schools. Text books are furnished to pupils free of cost.

The maintenance of all the city and town schools, and a large majority of the rural schools, is provided for by district or local assessment, supplemented by grants from the provincial treasury on a per capita basis. Control of these schools is vested in the local authorities subject to general regulations. There are, however, certain rural schools in the more scattered districts which are more directly under the control of the provincial department. The law provides for compulsory attendance at school for children between the ages of seven and fourteer. Cities and organized municipalities elect their school boards by popular vote. These boards appoint municipal inspectors and other officers.

Municipal Government.—For purposes of administration, counties, in the ordinary meaning of the word, are unknown in British Columbia. Local administration is at present based on the legislation known as the Municipal Clauses Act, and supplementary statutes, but municipal government existed in the colony as far back as 1860. Large powers of local self-government are conferred by the existing system. It provides for two classes of municipalities, urban and rural. An urban municipality may be formed by a community of not less than 100 male British subjects, provided the owners of more than half the land petition for it. There are 33 cities, with populations of 600 to over 100,000.

District municipalities may be organized by 30 resident male British subjects of full age. In 1916 there were in the province 28 such municipalities, having from 100 to more than 10,000 ratepayers. The city organizations are of the same general type, though differing in some details. In all, the chief executive officer is the mayor, and all have elective councils.

Neither the commission system nor the board of control has yet been introduced into British Columbia, but the board of control is

authorized by provincial legislation. All the larger cities retain the ward system. Vancouver, which is the largest city, has reduced its council to eight members, one elected by and from each ward. The municipal franchise for ordinary purposes is open to adult male residents and to female householders and real estate owners. Only assessed owners of real estate, male and female, may vote on money by-laws Such by-laws are necessary for expenditures beyond the ordinary revenue requiring the issue of debentures. They require the majority of three-fifths of the votes cast.

The chief executive of a district municipality is the reeve. In most other respects the district municipality is similar to the city government. In cities the police are under the authority of a commission, composed of the mayor and two members appointed by the provincial Government, one of whom must be chosen from the members of the city council. Under general legislation liquor licenses in cities are controlled by a commission appointed in the same way as a police commission, but special legislation for Vancouver establishes a commission of five, of whom the mayor is one member, and half the others are appointed by the Government and half chosen by the citizens at the annual election.

While the general municipal system is established by common legislation, several municipalities have secured large modifications by special enactment. Each has its own system of assessment and taxation. Vancouver, for example, levies its taxes on real estate values, exempting all improvements, and makes no assessment on personal

property or income.

Provincial legislation provides for civic administration of parks. Some cities have an elective board of park commissioners, with control of the public gardens, parks, bathing beaches and open spaces. Some maintain free public libraries, museums and other institutions with public grants.

(A more detailed list of events appeared in the Statistical Year Book of Canada for 1904, pp. 4-24.)

- 1497.—June 24, eastern coast of North America discovered by John Cabot.
- 1498.—Second expedition of Cabot.

 Discovery of Hudson Strait
 and coast of New England.
- 1534.—Jacques Cartier ascends the St. Lawrence as far as Hochelaga (Montreal).
- 1535.—Second voyage of Cartier.
- 1541.—Third voyage of Cartier.
- 1543.—Fourth voyage of Cartier.
- 1557.—September 1, death of Cartier.
- 1603.—June 22, first arrival of Champlain at Quebec.
- 1608.—Second visit of Champlain, and foundation of Quebec.
- 1615.—Champlain ascends the Ottawa river, passes through Lake Nipissing into the Georgian Bay, and through Lake Simcoe and Rice Lake into Lake Ontario.
- 1627.—Creation of "Company of 100 Associates."
- 1628.—Port Royal (Acadia) taken by Sir David Kirke.
- 1629.—April 24, Treaty of Peace between France and England signed at Susa. July 31, Quebec surrenders to Sir David Kirke. Champlain returns to France.
- 1632.—Treaty of St. Germain-en-Laye; Canada and Acadia restored to France. Champlain returns to Canada as Governor.
- 1634.—Settlement at Three Rivers.
- 1635.—December 25, death of Champlain.
- 1639.—Ursulines and Hospital nuns arrive at Quebec.
- 1640.—Discovery of Lake Erie by Brébeuf and Chaumonot.
- 1642.—Foundation of Montreal.
- 1654.—By Cromwell's orders expedition from New England under Major Robert Sedgwick seizes Acadia.
- 1655.—November 13, Treaty of Westminster, establishing peace between England and France.
- 1659.—Arrival of M. de Laval as Vicar-Apostolic, with title of Bishop of Petrœa in partibus.

- 1663.—Dissolution of "Company of 100 Associates." February 5, severe earthquake, lasting several days.
- 1667.—Treaty of Breda; Acadia restored to France. White population of New France, 3,918.
- 1670.—May 13, Hudson's Bay Company receives its charter.
- 1672.—Frontenac appointed Governor. Population, 6,705.
- 1682.—Frontenac recalled.
- 1689.—August 5, Lachine Massacre. Oct. 12, Frontenac, re-appointed Governor, arrives at Quebec.
- 1690.—Massacres by French and Indians on New England frontier.
 Attack on Quebec by New Englanders under Sir William Phipps repulsed.
- 1697.—September 20, Treaty of Ryswick between France and England, providing for mutual restoration of conquered territories.
- 1698.—November 28, death of Frontenac. Population, 13,355.
- 1699.—M. de Callières appointed Governor.
- 1711.—Naval expedition under Sir Hovenden Walker against Quebec meets disaster.
- 1713.—Treaty of Utrecht gives Acadia to England.
- 1745.—Louisbourg, Cape Breton, taken by English under Sir William Pepperell and Sir Peter Warren.
- 1748.—October 18, Peace of Aix-la-Chapelle restores Louisbourg to France in exchange for Madras.
- 1749.—June 21, Foundation of Halifax by Lord Halifax.
- 1756.—War (Seven Years) between England and France. Montcalm in Quebec.
- 1758.—Representative government granted to Nova Scotia.
 July 26, capture of Louisbourg by British expedition under Amherst and Boscawen.

- 1759.—Capture of Fort Niagara by the English under General Prideaux, who was killed during the assault. July 26, siege of Quebec began. September 13, battle of the Plains of Abraham; death of Wolfe. September 14, death of Montcalm. September 18, surrender of Quebec.
- 1760.—September 8, surrender of Montreal.
- 1763.—February 10, Treaty of Paris signed. Conspiracy of Pontiac.
- 1768.—Sir Guy Carleton (afterwards Lord Dorchester) appointed Governor-General.

1774.—Passage of Quebec Act.

1775.—May 1, Quebec Act takes effect.
American Revolution and invasion of Canada under Montgomery and Arnold. Montreal taken. December 31, attack on Quebec repulsed; death of Montgomery.

1776.—Retreat of American forces

from Canada.

1783.—September 3, Treaty of Versailles, recognizing American Independence and regulating Newfoundland Fisheries. Kingston founded by U.E. Loyalists.

1791.—Passage of Constitutional Act by British Parliament; division of Province of Quebec into Upper and Lower Canada.

- 1792.—First Legislatures summoned in Upper and Lower Canada.
 Vancouver Island circumnavigated by Captain George Vancouver.
- 1793.—Act passed forbidding importation of slaves into Upper Canada.
- 1794.—Jay's Treaty between Great Britain and the United States signed.
- 1811.—Foundation of McGill College. Grant of 74,000,000 acres of land from Hudson's Bay Co. to Earl of Selkirk for establishment of RedRiver Colony.
- 1812.--June 19, war declared against England by United States. August 16, capture of Detroit by General Brock. October '13, battle of Queenston Heights; death of General Brock.

- 1813.—June 24, memorable action of Laura Secord brings about surrender of American troops at Beaver Dam. September 10, battle of Lake Erie. October 26, battle of Chateauguay. November 11, battle of Chrysler's Farm.
- 1814.—July 25, battle of Lundy's Lane.
 September 11, battle of Lake
 Champlain. December 24,
 Treaty of Ghent makes peace
 between England and United
 States.
- 1817.—First Treaty with Northwest Indians.
- 1818.—October 30, London Convention regulating North American Fisheries.
- 1820.—Cape Breton re-annexed to Nova Scotia.
- 1821.—Commencement of Lachine Canal.
- 1829.—Foundation of Upper Canada College. First Welland Canal Opened.
- 1833.—Crossing from Nova Scotia to England of the Royal William, the first vessel to cross the Atlantic entirely by steam.
- 1834.—March 1, Incorporation of Toronto.
- 1837.—Outbreak of Rebellion in Upper and Lower Canada.
- 1838.—May 29, Lord Durham arrives at Quebec.
- 1839.—February 11, Report of Lord Durham. October 19, Charles Poulett Thompson (after wards Lord Sydenham) arrives in Canada.
- 1840.—July 23, passage of Act of Union, July 28, death of Lord Durham.
- 1841.—February 10, Union of Upper and Lower Canada. June 13, the first joint parliament meets at Kingston. September 3, adoption of Baldwin's resolutions respecting responsible government. Population of Upper Canada 455,688; of Lower Canada (1844), 697,084. September 19, death of Lord Sydenham.
- 1842.—August 9.—Ashburton Treaty.
- 1843.—Foundation of Victoria, British Columbia.

- 1848.—Opening of Navigation of St. Lawrence Canals.
- 1849.—April 25, rioting in Montreal over passing of Rebellion Losses Bill. Vancouver Island made a Crown Colony.
- 1850.—Clayton-Bulwer Treaty.
- 1851.—Responsible government goes into effect in Prince Edward Island.
- 1852.—Commencement of Grand Trunk Railway.
- 1854.—Abolition of Seigniorial Tenure in Lower Canada; settlement of Clergy Reserves question. June 5, Reciprocity Treaty with United States.
- 1855.—March 16, Reciprocity Treaty with U.S. comes into effect.
 Incorporation of City of Ottawa.
- 1858.—Adoption of decimal currency.
 Ottawa selected by Queen
 Victoria as capital of the
 province of Canada. Parliamentary government established in British Columbia.
 April, discovery of gold in
 British Columbia.
- 1860.—September 1, corner stone of Parliament Buildings at Ottawa laid by the Prince of Wales.
- 1861.—Prince Edward Island Land Commission.
- 1863.—Separate School Act (Canada).
- 1864.—September, Convention at Charlottetown on Union of Maritime Provinces; October 10, adjourned to Quebec to consider Union of all British North American provinces.
- 1865.—February 3, resolution of Legislature for address to Her Majesty praying that act may be passed for the Union of the B.N.A. provinces. October, transfer of seat of government from Quebec to Ottawa.
- 1866.—March 17, termination of Reciprocity Treaty by the United States. May 31, invasion of Canada by Fenians. June 8, the Legislature of Canada meets in new Parliament Buildings at Ottawa. August 11, address to Her Majesty the Queen, embodying resolutions providing for

- the local governments and legislatures of Lower and Upper Canada, respectively, under proposed Union of B.N.A. provinces. November 17, Union of Vancouver Island with British Columbia.
- 1867.—February 10, passing of British North America Act. July 1, Proclamation of the Union; Dominion Day established.
- 1868.—April 7, assassination at Ottawa of D'Arcy McGee. July 31, Rupert's Land Act.
- 1869.—Red River Rebellion.
- 1870.—May 11, purchase by Dominion of Hudson's Bay Company's rights in Rupert's Land, £300,000. July 15, addition to the Dominion of the Northwest Territories and creation of new province of Manitoba. September 24, arrival at Fort Garry of Col. Wolseley's expedition. Collapse of Rebellion.
- 1871.—May 8, Treaty of Washington.
 July 20, admission of British
 Columbia to Confederation.
- 1873.—July 1, admission of Prince Edward Island to Confederation.
- 1875.—A Lieut.-Governor appointed for Rupert's Land and the Northwest Territories.
- 1876.—Opening of the Intercolonial Railway from Quebec to Halifax. Establishment of Royal Military College at Kingston.
- 1877.—First exportation of wheat from Manitoba to Great Britain.
- 1878.—November, arrival of Marquis of Lorne as Governor-General, accompanied by H. R. H. Princess Louise.
- 1879.—Adoption of the "National Policy."
- 1880.—British possessions on the
 North American continent
 annexed to Canada. May 11,
 first High Commissioner for
 Canada appointed (Sir A. T.
 Galt). May 10 death of
 Hon. George Brown.
- 1881.—May 2, first sod turned of Canadian Pacific Railway.
- 1882.—May 8, Provisional Districts of Assiniboia, Saskatchewan, Alberta and Athabasca created.

- 1883.—May 30, Sir Charles Tupper appointed High Commissioner for Canada, in London.
- 1884.—August 11, settlement of boundary between Ontario and Manitoba. August 27, British Association meets in Montreal.
- 1885.—March 26, outbreak of second Northwest Rebellion. November 16, execution of Louis Riel.
- 1887.—Jubilee of Queen Victoria. Interprovincial Conference at Quebec. April 4, first Colonial Conference in London.
- 1888.—February 15, signing of Fishery Treaty at Washington. August, rejection of Fishery Treaty by United States Senate.
- 1890.—Legislature of Northwest Territories obtains control of all territorial expenditure. October 6, McKinley Tariff Act came into operation in the United States.
- 1891.—June 6, death of Sir John A. Macdonald.
- 1892.—Treaty of Washington (Behring Sea) providing for arbitration. Boundary Convention signed between Canada and United States.
- 1894.—June 28, Colonial Conference at Ottawa.
- 1895.—Proclamation naming the unnamed portions of the Northwest Territories as Ungava, Franklin, Mackenzie and Yukon Districts.
- 1896.—April 24, Lord Strathcona appointed High Commissioner for Canada. July 6, boundaries of Quebec extended to shores of Hudson Bay. November 24, Behring Sea Commission met at Victoria, B.C.
- 1897.—June 22, Diamond Jubilee of Queen Victoria. Second Colonial Conference in London. July 30, commercial treaties with Belgium and Germany denounced. August 18, British Association meets at Toronto. December 8, Privy Council decision upholding right of Provinces to create Queen's Counsel.

- 1898.—August 1, Preferential Tariff (reduction of 25 p.c. in favour of Great Britain) comes into force. August 23, Joint High Commission meets at Quebec for adjustment of questions between Canada and United States.
- 1899.—October 11, outbreak of the Boer War. October 30, first Canadian contingent for service in South Africa embarks at Quebec. May 23, first celebration of Empire Day.
- 1900.—April 26, great fire in Ottawa and Hull. July 7, British Preferential Tariff reduced to two-thirds of the General Canadian Customs Tariff.

 Modus vivendi between Great Britain and France respecting Newfoundland Fisheries.
- 1901.—January 22, death of Queen Victoria and accession of King Edward VII. September 16, Duke and Duchess of Cornwall arrive at Quebec.
- 1903.—February 11, Alaskan Boundary Treaty ratified by the United States Senate. October 17, Alaskan Boundary settled (in part).
- 1905.—September 1, creation of new provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta. January 25, change of government in Ontario.
- 1906.—June 24, first census of Northwest Provinces. September 10, Interprovincial Conference at Ottawa.
- 1907.—March 22, Industrial Disputes Investigation Act passed. April 15-May 14, Third Colonial Conference in London. Adjustment of Parliamentary representation in Saskatchewan and Alberta. New Customs Tariff, including introduction of Intermediate Tariff. August 29, collapse of Quebec Bridge. September 19, new Commercial Convention with France signed at Paris. October 17, establishment of trans-Atlantic communication by wireless telegraphy.

- 1908.—January 2, establishment of Ottawa Branch of Royal Mint.
 May 4, ratification of Treaty for demarcation of boundary between Canada and the United States. June 21-23, Bicentenary of Bishop Laval celebrated at Quebec. July 20-31, Quebec Tercentenary Celebrations; visit to Quebec of Prince of Wales, representing the King.
- 1909.—May 19, appointment of Canadian Commission of Conservation. July 28, Conference on Imperial Defence in London. Establishment of International Joint Waterways Commission.
- 1910.—February 1, ratification of Commercial Treaty with France. February 1, International Opium Commission met at Shanghai. May 4, passing of Naval Service Bill.

 May 6, death of King Edward VII and accession of King George V. June 7, death of Goldwin Smith. September 7, North Atlantic Coast Fisheries Arbitration award of the Hague Tribunal. New trade agreements made with Germany, Belgium, Holland and Italy.
- 1911.—January 21, proposals for reciprocity with United States submitted to the Canadian Parliament. March 21, Duke of Connaught appointed Governor-General of Canada. May 20-June 20, Imperial Conference in London. July 11, disastrous forest fires in Porcupine mining districts. Sept. 21, General Election of Dominion Parliament. October 11, electrical energy generated by Niagara Falls first used in Canada. October 13, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught land at Quebec.

- 1912.—April 15, loss of the steamship Titanic. May 15, extension of the boundaries of Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba. June 17, judgment delivered by the Imperial Privy Council on the marriage question raised by the Ne Temere Decree.
- 1913.—April 10, Japanese Treaty Act assented to. June 2, trade agreement with West Indies came into force. July 26, King's Prize at Bisley won by Canadian. September 1-3, visit to Montreal of British Lord Chancellor (Viscount Haldane). October 4, New Customs tariff of United States goes into force.
- 1914.—January 21, death of Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, aged 94. May 29, loss of the steamship Empress of Ireland. August 3, acquisition by Canada of two submarines on the Pacific Coast. War with Germany, August 4; with Austria-Hungary, August 12; and with Turkey, November 5. August 18-22, special war session of Canadian Parliament. October 16, first Canadian contingent of over33,000 troops land at Plymouth, England. November 1, loss of 4 Canadian midshipmen by sinking of H.M.S. Cape of Good Hope in action off the coast of Chile.
- 1915.—February, Canadian First Contingent land in France and proceed to Flanders. April 22, Second Battle of Ypres; gallantry of Canadian troops highly eulogized by F.-M. Sir John French. July 14, Sir Robert Borden attends meeting of the British Cabinet. Oct. 30, Death of Sir Charles Tupper, Bt. Nov. 22, issue of Canadian War Loan of \$50,000,000. Nov. 30, War Loan increased to \$100,000,000.

II.—PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF CANADA. GEOGRAPHICAL FEATURES.

General Formation.—On the eastern coast of the North American continent the Appalachian range of mountains gives shape to the eastern coast of the United States and, extending into Canada, forms the Gaspé peninsula and the Maritime Provinces. Around Hudson bay is a V-shaped plateau constituting the Laurentian highland and extending from Labrador down to the St. Lawrence river and thence northwestward to the Arctic ocean. In the west are the Cordillera ranges of the Pacific coast, extending into British Columbia and the Yukon territory. They occupy a large area in Canada, and comprise several parallel ranges. In British Columbia they are over 400 miles in width. and consist of the Coast range along the coast; the Rocky mountains, properly so called, and, between them, the Selkirk, Gold, Cariboo, Cassiar and other ranges. To the north of British Columbia lies the Yukon territory, including a great mountain area drained by the Yukon river and the Klondike valley, famous for its gold. West of the Canadian Yukon lies the United States territory of Alaska. Canada may further be conveniently divided into five sections: (1) the peninsula which in Canada includes Gaspé and the three Maritime provinces; (2) the lowlands of southern Ontario and southern Quebec. with the Great Lakes and the Ottawa and St. Lawrence rivers draining the interior into the Atlantic ocean; (3) the Central plain; (4) the Laurentian highland; (5) the western Cordillera.

Mountains.—In the western Cordillera are found the highest mountain ranges and peaks of Canada. In the Yukon territory and forming part of the St. Elias range, is mount Logan, 19,539 feet, the highest known point in Canada. In the Rocky mountains are many peaks rising to heights of 11,000 or 12,000 feet, and mount Robson, 13,700 feet, in the Yellowhead pass, is the highest of that range. The Selkirk range contains heights of from 9,000 feet to over 11,000 feet.

Waterways.—The waterways of Canada constitute one of the most remarkable of its geographical features. East of the Rocky mountains the southern part of the Dominion slopes northeastward towards Hudson bay; and the rivers in the south flow eastward. Thus the Saskatchewan river, with its northern and southern branches, flows eastward into lake Winnipeg and thence northward by the Nelson river into Hudson bay. On the north the Great Plain has a northerly slope, and the Mackenzie river, with its tributaries, the Slave, Liard, Athabaska and Peace rivers, flows into the Arctic ocean. The Mackenzie, exclusive of its tributaries, but including the Slave, Peace and Finlay rivers, of which it is the continuation, has a total length of 2,525 miles. The Yukon river in the Yukon territory also flows northward, passing through Alaska into Behring strait after a course of 2,300 miles. In British Columbia, the Fraser, Columbia, Skeena and Stikine rivers flow into the Pacific ocean.

Drainage Basins.—The large drainage basins of Canada are the Atlantic (554,000 square miles), the Hudson bay (1,486,000 square miles), the Arctic (1,290,000 square miles), the Pacific (387,300 square miles), and the gulf of Mexico (12,365 square miles). Table 1 gives a list of the river drainage basins, and Table 2 gives the lengths of the principal rivers with their tributaries and sub-tributaries.

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF CANADA.

1.-Drainage Basins of Canada.

			Area
Drainage Basins.	Area Drained.	Drainage Basins.	Drained.
	Diameu.		Diamoui
THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH			
Atlantic Basin.	Sq. miles.	Pacific Basin.	Sq. miles.
Hamilton	29,100	Yukon	145,800
Miramichi	5,400	Porcupine	24,600
St. John	21,500	Stewart	21,900
St. Lawrence	309,500	Pelly	21,300
Saguenay	35,900	Lewes	35,000 15,000
St. Maurice	16,200	White	11,200
French	8,000	Alsek	7,600
Nipigon	9,000 56,700	Stikine	20,300
Ottawa	3,500	Naas	7,400
Lièvre	9,100	Skeena	19,300
Gatineau	5,100	Fraser	91,700
Total	554,000	Thompson	21,800
10001		Nechaco	15,700
Hudson Bay Basin.		Blackwater	5,600
	- n- (4,	Chilcotin	7,500 39,300
Koksoak	62,400	Columbia	15,500
George	20,000	Kootenay	10,000
Big	26,300	Total	387,300
Eastmain	25,500	I Utal	
Rupert	15,700 9,800	Arctic Basin.	
Broadback	29,800		
Nottaway Moose	42,100	Backs	47,500
Abitibi	11,300	Coppermine	29,100
Missinaibi	10,600	Mackenzie	682,000
Albany	59,800	Liard	
Kenogami	20,700	Hay Peace	
Attawapiskat	18,700	Athabaska	MO 000
Winisk	24,100 38,600	Atliabaska	
Severn	370,800	Total	1,290,000
Nelson	44,000		
Winnipeg English	20,600	Gulf of Mexico Basin	12,36
Red	63,400		
Assiniboine	52,600	partyllia mismilianti fee	
Saskatchewan	158,800		Render of
N. Saskatchewan			
S. Saskatchewan			
Red Deer	44 400	THE RELEASE OF THE RELEASE	
Bow	0,000		
Belly	1 44 500		1
Churchill	20 700		
Dubawnt	1 50 500		1947
	1 400 000		1
Total	1,400,000		
	-		

Note.—Owing to overlapping, the totals of each drainage basin do not represent an addition of the drainage areas as given. Tributaries and sub-tributaries are indicated by indentation of the names.

GEOGRAPHICAL FEATURES.

2.—Lengths of Principal Rivers and Tributaries in Canada.

Names.	Miles.	Names.	
Flowing into the Atlantic Ocean.		Flowing into the Hudson Bay-	
	-	concluded.	
Hamilton (to head of Ashuanipi).		Winning (A. L. J. C. Ti ()	AFT
Natashkwan Romaine	220 270	Winnipeg (to head of Firesteel)	47
Moisie	210	English	33 1,20
St. Marguerite		North Saskatchewan	76
St. John	390	South Saskatchewan (to head	10
Miramichi	135	of Bow)	86
St. Lawrence (to head of St.		Bow	31
Louis)	1,900	Belly	18
Manikugan	310	Red Deer	38
Outarde	270	Churchill	1,00
Bersimis	240	Beaver	30
Saguenay (to head of Peri-		Kazan	44
bonka)	405	Dubawnt	58
Peribonka	280	Severn	42
Mistassini	185 165	Winisk	29 46
Ashwapmuchuan	120	Attawapiskat	61
St. Maurice	325	Moose (to head of Mattagami)	34
Mattawin	100	Mattagami	27
St. Francis	165	Abitibi	34
Richelieu	210	Missinaibi	26
Ottawa	685	Harricanaw	2
North	70	Nottaway (to head of Waswanipi)	40
Rouge	115	Waswanipi	19
North Nation	60	Rupert	38
Lièvre	205	Eastmain	37
Gatineau	240	Big	52
Coulonge	135	Great Whale	36
Dumoine	80	Leaf	29
South Nation	90	Koksoak (to head of Kaniapiskau)	53
Mississippi	105 130	Kaniapiskau	36
Petawawa	95	George	30
Moira	60	Flowing into the Pacific Ocean.	
Trent	150	and the same of the same	
Grand	140	Columbia (total)	1,13
Thames	135	Columbia (in Canada)	46
French (to head of Sturgeon)	180	Kootenay	40
Sturgeon	110	Fraser	69
Spanish	153	Thompson (to head of North	0.5
Mississagi	140	Thompson)	27
Thessalon	40	North Thompson	18
Nipigon (to head of Ombabika).	130	South Thompson	12
Flowing into the Hudson Bay.		ChilcotinBlackwater	14
Trowing into the Truuson Day.		Nechaco	28
Velson (to Lake Winnipeg)	390	Stuart:	22
Velson (to head of Bow)	1,660	Skeena	33
Red (to head of lake Traverse)		Nass	20
Red (to head of Sheyenne)		Stikine	38
Assiniboine	450	Alsek	26
Souris		Yukon (mouth to head of Nisutlin)	1,76
Qu'Appelle		Yukon (Int. boundary to head of	
	1930	Nisutlin)	68

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF CANADA.

2.—Lengths of Principal Rivers and Tributaries in Canada—concluded.

Names.	Miles.	Names.	Miles.
Flowing into the Pacific Ocean—concluded.		Flowing into the Arctic Ocean—concluded.	
Stewart	320	Liard	550
White	185	Fort Nelson	260
Pelly	330	Athabaska	765
Macmillan	200	Pembina	210
Lewes	338	Slave	265
		Peace (to head of Finlay)	1,065
Flowing into the Arctic Ocean.		Finlay	
		Parnsnip	145
Mackenzie (to head of Finlay)	2,525	Smoky	245
Peel	365	Little Smoky	185
Arctic Red		Coppermine	525
211000 2000 1		Backs	605

Note.—In the above table the tributaries and sub-tributaries are indicated by indentation of the names. Thus the Ottawa and other rivers are shown as tributary to the St. Lawrence, and the Gatineau and other rivers as tributary to the Ottawa.

St. Lawrence River System.—Most important of the lakes and rivers in Canada is the chain of the Great Lakes with their connecting rivers, the St. Lawrence river and its tributaries. This chain is called the St. Lawrence River System. The Great Lakes, separating the province of Ontario from the United States and connected by a series of artificial canals with the St. Lawrence river, allow of access from the Atlantic ocean to the interior of the Dominion at Fort William and Port Arthur, twin cities situated at the head of lake Superior.

The Great Lakes.—Table 3 shows the length, breadth, areas and

elevation above sea-level of each of the Great Lakes.

3.-Area and Elevation of the Great Lakes.

Lakes.	Length.	Breadth.	Area.	Elevation above Sea-level.
Superior. Michigan. Huron. St. Clair. Erie. Ontario.	207 26	Miles. 162 118 101 24 59 53	Sq. Miles. 31,800 22,400 23,200 445 10,000 7,260	Feet. 602 581 581 575 572 246

Lake Superior, with its area of 31,800 square miles, is the largest body of fresh water in the world. As the international boundary between Canada and the United States passes through the centre of lakes Superior, Huron, Erie and Ontario, only half of the areas of these lakes given in the above statement is Canadian. The whole of lake Michigan is within United States territory. From the western end of lake Superior to the mouth of the St. Lawrence there is, with the aid of the

GEOGRAPHICAL FEATURES.

canal system, a continuous navigable waterway. The total length of the St. Lawrence river from the head of the St. Louis river to the Pointedes-Monts, at the entrance to the gulf of St. Lawrence, is 1,900 miles. The tributaries of the St. Lawrence, several of which have themselves important tributaries, include the Ottawa river, 750 miles long; the St. Maurice river, 400 miles long; and the Saguenay, 100 miles long.

Other Inland Waters.—In addition to the Great Lakes there are large bodies of inland water in other parts of Canada. Of these only the following principal lakes, with their respective areas, need be mentioned here: in Quebec, Lake Mistassini (975 square miles); in Ontario, lake Nipigon (1,730 square miles); in Manitoba, lake Winnipeg (9,457 square miles); lake Winnipegosis (2,086 square miles) and lake Manitoba (1,817 square miles); in Saskatchewan, Reindeer lake (2,437 square miles); in Alberta, lake Athabaska (2,482 square miles). All these are within the boundaries of the provinces as at present constituted, and are exclusive of lakes situated in the Northwest Territories, as, for instance, the Great Bear lake (11,821 square miles) and the Great Slave lake (10,719 square miles) in the Mackenzie District.

Table 4 gives a list of the principal lakes of Canada by provinces,

with the area of each in square miles.

4.—Areas of Principal Canadian Lakes by Provinces.

Names of Lakes.	Areas.	Names of Lakes.	Areas.
	Square		Square
NT CI4:-	Miles.	0 1 - (-)	Miles.
Nova Scotia— Bras d'Or	230	Quebec (con.)—	14
Little Bras d'Or	130	Megantic Melville, part	649
Divide Dias d Oi	100	Memphremagog, portion in	
	360	Quebec	28
New Brunswick—		Menihek, part	56
Grand	74	Mistassini	975
		Mistassinis	206
0 1		Nemiskau	56
Quebec-	25	Nomining	9 56
Abitibi, part	319	Obatogamau	50
Ashuanipi	331	Olga Ossokmanuan	131
Aylmer	8	Papineau	5
Baskatong	171	Patamisk	44
Burnt	56	Petitsikapau, part	47
Champlain, portion in Quebec	3	Pipmaukin	100
Chibouganau	138	Pletipi	138
Evans	231	Quinze, Lac des	46
Expanse	59 125	St. Francis, Beauce county	13
GullGrand Victoria	57	St. Francis river, St. Law- rence, part	59
Ishimanikuagan	87	St. John	350
Kakabonga	65	St. Louis	56
Kipawa	117	St. Peter	130
Matapedia	16	Sandgirt, part	53
Manouan	113	Simon	12
Mattagami	87	Timiskaming, part	65

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF CANADA.

4.—Areas of Principal Canadian Lakes by Provinces—con.

Two Mountains	
Quebec (con.)— Miles. Miles. Manitoba— Miles. Temiscouata. 29 Thirty-one Mile. 23 Dauphin. 2 Two Mountains. 63 Dog. Ebb-and-flow Manitoba. 1,6 Wakonichi. 44 Waswanipi. 100 Manitoba. 1,5 Whitefish 19 St. Martin. 1 Shoal. Swan. Waterhen. Waterhen. Waterhen. Winnipeg, part. 5,5 Winnipeg, part. 1,6 5,6 Woods, lake of the, part. 9,4 Saskatchewan— 5,0 6 Couchiching. 19 Athabaska, part. 1,5 Berie, portion in Ontario. 11 Buffalo. 2 George, portion in Ontario. 12 Candle. Chaplin. La Croix, portion in Ontario. 14,331 Cree. Cumberland. Mull. 13 Johnston. Johnston. Mull. 1,730 Montreal. Last Mountain. Last Mountain.	are
Temiscouata	es.
Thirty-one Mile	
Two Mountains 63 Dog. Wakonichi 44 Ebb-and-flow Waswanipi 100 Manitoba 1,8 Whitefish 19 St. Martin Shoal 1 Swan Waterhen Waterhen 5,480 Swan Waterhen 5,5 Bald 2 Winnipeg, part 5,7 5,7 5,7 Winnipegosis, part 1,6 1,6 Balsam 17 Woods, lake of the, part 9,2 1,6	200
Wakonichi 44 Ebb-and-flow 1,8 Waswanipi 19 St. Martin 1,8 St. Martin St. Martin 1,8 St. Martin Swan Swan Waterhen Waterhen Waterhen Waterhen Winnipeg, part 5,5 Woods, lake of the, part 9,2 Couchiching 19 Woods, lake of the, part Deer 7 5,019 Saskatchewan— Eagle 5,019 Athabaska, part 1,5 Erie, portion in Ontario 11 Buffalo Candle Huron, including Georgian bay, portion in Ontario 14,331 Chaplin Cree Long 75 Cumberland Dove Manitou Johnston Manitou, Manitou island 38 Dove Johnston Johnston Mud 35 Johnston Johnston Johnston Namakau, portion in Ontario 17,730 Manitou Montreal Nameu, part Panache Polonge, Lac la	64
Whitefish	39
Shoal Swan Waterhen Winnipeg, part Shoal Swan Waterhen Winnipeg, part Shoal Swan Waterhen Winnipeg, part Shoal Swan Waterhen Shoal Swan Waterhen Winnipeg, part Shoal Swan Waterhen Shoal Swan Waterhen Winnipeg, part Shoal Shoal Shoal Swan Waterhen Winnipeg, part Shoal	
Ontario—	25
Ontario— Abitibi 331 Waterhen 5,5 Bald 2 Winnipeg, part 5,6 Balsam 17 Winnipegosis, part 1,5 Buckhorn 14 Woods, lake of the, part 9,4 Couchiching 19 Woods, lake of the, part 9,4 Couchiching 19 Amisk 1 Doer 61 Saskatchewan— Amisk 1,5 Eagle 128 Amisk 1,5 Erie, portion in Ontario 5,019 Athabaska, part 1,5 George, portion in Ontario 11 Buffalo Candle Lac Croix, portion in Ontario 23 Cree Cumberland Manitou, Manitou island 38 Dove Ieà la Crosse Mud 13 Johnston Last Mountain Last Mountain Nipison 330 Manitou Montreal Nameu, part Panache Plonge, Lac la	02 84
Abitibi	83
Bald	
Balsam	306
Buckhorn	60
Couchiching	-
Couchiching	105
Dog. 61 Eagle 75,019 George, portion in Ontario 823 La Croix, portion in Ontario 124,331 La Croix, portion in Ontario 154,331 Lang 838 Manitou, Manitou island 154 Mille Lacs, Lac de 154 Mud 154 Muskoka 154 Namakau, portion in Ontario 17,730 Nipigsing 17,730 Ontario, portion in Ontario 17,730 Ont	
Eaglé Erie, portion in Ontario George, portion in Ontario Huron, including Georgian bay, portion in Ontario La Croix, portion in Ontario Long Manitou, Manitou island Mille Lacs, Lac de Mud Namakau, portion in Ontario Nipigon Nipissing Ontario, portion in Ontario Ontario, portion in Ontario Namakae Namakau, portion in Ontario Nipissing Ontario, portion in Ontario Panache 128 Amisk Athabaska, part 14,331 Candle Chaplin Cree Cumberland Dove 13 Johnston Last Mountain 19 Little Quill Manitou Nameu, part Nameu, part 1,5 Amisk Athabaska, part 1,5 Candle Chaplin Cree Cumberland Dove 13 Johnston 14,331 Little Quill Manitou Nameu, part Plonge, Lac la	
Eagle Erie, portion in Ontario. George, portion in Ontario. Huron, including Georgian bay, portion in Ontario. La Croix, portion in Ontario. Long. Manitou, Manitou island. Mille Lacs, Lac de Mud. Mud. Namakau, portion in Ontario. Nipigon. Nipissing. Ontario, portion in Ontario. Nipissing. Ontario, portion in Ontario. Panache 5,019 Athabaska, part. 1,5 Candle. Candle. Chaplin. Cree. Cumberland. Dove. He à la Crosse. Johnston Last Mountain. Little Quill. 1,730 Manitou. Namatou. Nameu, part. 35 Plonge, Lac la.	11
George, portion in Ontario. Huron, including Georgian bay, portion in Ontario. La Croix, portion in Ontario. Long. Manitou, Manitou island. Mille Lacs, Lac de Mud. Mud. Namakau, portion in Ontario. Namakau, portion in Ontario. Nipigon. Nipissing. Ontario, portion in Ontario. Panache 11 Buffalo. Candle. Chaplin. Cree. Cumberland. Dove. Johnston. Last Mountain. Little Quill. Manitou. Montreal. Nameu, part. Plonge, Lac la.	301
Huron, including Georgian bay, portion in Ontario. La Croix, portion in Ontario. Long	281
bay, portion in Ontario. La Croix, portion in Ontario. Long	150
La Croix, portion in Ontario. Long. 75 Manitou, Manitou island 38 Mille Lacs, Lac de 104 Muskoka 13 Namakau, portion in Ontario. Nipigon 1,730 Nipissing 330 Ontario, portion in Ontario 3,727 Panache 75 Cree . 75 Cree . 75 Lat Croix, portion in Ontario. 10 Ile à la Crosse . 10 Last Mountain . 11 Little Quill . 1,730 Manitou . 330 Montreal . 3,727 Nameu, part . 10 Plonge, Lac la . 11	66
Long. Manitou, Manitou island. 38 Dove. 104 Ile à la Crosse. Mud. 13 Johnston. 19 Little Quill. Manitou. Nipigon. 1,730 Manitou. Nipissing. 330 Montreal. Ontario, portion in Ontario. 3,727 Nameu, part. Panache 38 Dove. 104 Ile à la Crosse. 104 Ile à la Crosse. 105 Ile à la Crosse. 105 Ile à la Crosse. 105 Ile à la Crosse. 106 Ile à la Crosse. 107 Ile à la Crosse. 107 Ile à la Crosse. 108 Ile à la Crosse. 109 Ile à la Crosse.	106
Mantou, Mantou Island Mille Lacs, Lac de 104 Ile à la Crosse 13 Johnston 14 Last Mountain 19 Little Quill 1730 Manitou 1730 Manitou 1730 Montreal 1730 Montreal 1730 Nameu, part 1730 Panache 1831 Plonge, Lac la	166
Mille Lacs, Lac de	187
Muskoka	131
Namakau, portion in Ontario. Nipigon	98
Nipigon 1,730 Manitou 1,730 Montreal	70
Nipissing	67
Ontario, portion in Ontario. 3,727 Nameu, part. Plonge, Lac la. Plonge, Lac la.	138
Panache	54 383
	163
Pigeon	97
	302
	343
St Francis river St. Law- White Loon	97
rence, part 24 Witchikan	70 906
St. Joseph, part 122 Wolfaston	300
Saganaga, portion in Ontario 21	329
Seul, part	20
Simcoe	
Stages 19 Alberta—	
Storgeon English river 106 Athabaska, part	041
Sturgeon, Victoria country 18 Beaver	89
Statistics in Ontario 11 178 Biche, Lac la	125 55
Temagami 90 Buffalo	404
Timiskaming, part 52 Claire.	480
The state of the s	72
1 205 Cullivan	64
Olitario	000
40,159	360

GEOGRAPHICAL FEATURES.

4.—Areas of Principal Canadian Lakes by Provinces—concluded.

Names of Lakes.	Areas.	Names of Lakes.	Areas.
FAMILE NAME OF THE PARTY OF THE	Square		Square
	Miles.		Miles.
British Columbia—	Die ofte	Northwest Territories—con.	
Adams		Melville, part	649
Atlin, part		Menihek, part	56
Babine		Minto	735
Chilko	172 122	Mishikamau	612 122
Harrison	220	Mishikamats	552
Lower Arrow	64	Nameu, part	12
Okanagan	135	Nichikun	208
Owikano		North Indian	184
Quesnel		Nueltin	306
Shuswap	124	Nutavawit	343
Stuart	220	Payne	747
Tacla		Pelly	331
Tagish, part	91	Petiesikapau, part	47
Teslin, part	123	Playgreen	224
Upper Arrow	99	Reed	86
	0.420	Red Deer, west of lake Winni-	0.0
	2,439	pegosis	86 134
Northwest Territories—	1	Reindeer, part	269
Aberdeen	514	St. Joseph, part	123
Apiskigamish	392	Sandgirt, part	53
Atikameg		Sandy	245
Aylmer		Schultz.	123
Baker		Setting.	58
Cedar		Seul, part	196
Clearwater	478	South Indian	1,531
Clinton-Colden	674	Thaolintoa	184
Cormorant	141	Todatara	208
Dubawnt		Trout English river	134
Etawney		Trout Severn river	233
Franklin		Upper Seal	270
Garry		Wekusko	3,934
Gods	319 245	Winnipeg, part	780
Great Long	674	Winnipegosis, part Yathkyed	858
Great Bear		1 aunky ea	
Great Slave	10,719		51,669
Granville	392		
Indian House	306	Yukon—	
Island	551	Aishihik	107
Kaminuriak	. 368	Atlin, part	12
Kaniapiskau	. 441	Kluane	184
		Kusawa	56
Kiskitto	. 69	Laberge	87 32
Kiskittogisu	122	Marsh	48
Lansdowne	98 220	Tagish, part	123
Lower Seal	318	Teslin, part	120
Maguse			649
Martre, Lac la			0.10
Mackay		Canada	120,924
2.2002203		- Cultivate of the control of the co	

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF CANADA.

Islands.—The northern and western coasts of Canada are skirted by clusters of islands. Those on the north are mostly within the Arctic circle. On the west, Vancouver and Queen Charlotte Islands are the largest and most important. On the east, besides the separate island colony of Newfoundland, there are the Cape Breton Island, forming part of the province of Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, forming one of the nine provinces of Canada, the Magdalen Islands and the island of Anticosti. To the south of Newfoundland are the two small islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon belonging to France. In lake Huron is the island of Manitoulin and the so-called Thirty Thousand Islands of Georgian Bay. In the St. Lawrence river, just below lake Ontario, are the picturesque Thousand Islands.

ECONOMIC GEOLOGY IN CANADA, 1915.

By WYATT MALCOLM, Department of Mines, Ottawa.

The purpose of this article is to call attention to a few of the more important matters arising in Canada during the calendar year 1915 that may be of interest to economic geologists. The limited space at the disposal of the writer is not sufficient for a complete and comprehensive presentation, so attention will be drawn to only a few of the important contributions to the literature bearing on the subject of economic geology, and to some of the newer developments in the mineral

industry.

A number of government reports appeared during the year that contain much matter that will be welcomed by engineers and capitalists engaged in the development and exploitation of the mineral deposits of the country. Because of the widespread interest in petroleum and natural gas deposits, a publication that will serve the needs of a large public is the report by F. G. Clapp and others on Petroleum and Natural Gas Resources of Canada. This was published by the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines, Ottawa, in two illustrated volumes of 378 and 404 pages. Volume 1 describes general features pertaining to petroleum and natural gas deposits, technology, and methods of exploitation. Volume 2 treats of the various provinces of Canada in The history of prospecting and development work is given, the geological features are described, and conclusions are drawn as to the future prospects. In spite of certain defects, due probably to a division of responsibility of authorship, the work is very valuable and fills a much felt need.

To the metal miners, C. W. Drysdale's report on the "Geology and Ore Deposits of Rossland", published by the Geological Survey, is of particular interest. On account of the importance of the Rossland ore deposits, the Geological Survey has devoted much attention to the camp, and the report embodies the results of investigations carried on by R. W. Brock and G. A. Young in 1905 and 1906 and by C. W. Drysdale in 1913 and 1914. The ore, which consists chiefly of massive

ECONOMIC GEOLOGY IN CANADA.

pyrrhotite and chalcopyrite with some pyrite and occasionally a little arsenopyrite, occurs in fissures that correspond in strike and dip with tongues of diorite porphyrite, and for long distances follow their contact with older formations. The Centre Star-LeRoi main vein fissure follows the contact between monzonite and augite porphyrite for a long distance. A perusal of the report impresses one with the importance of placing in charge of the development of bodies of ore so dependent on geological conditions an engineer having a thorough training in geology. The report is accompanied by numerous maps and illustrations, of which some of the more illuminating are the stereograms and sections showing the relation of the ore bodies to the geological formations.

Another report well worthy of mention is the posthumous report of A. E. Barlow on "Corundum, Its Occurrence, Distribution, Exploitation and Uses". This is probably the most complete and exhaustive treatise that has yet been published on this subject. A brief description is given of the general geology of the section of country in which the corundum deposits of Ontario occur, and very detailed information is given regarding the geological relations and petrographic character of the igneous rocks with which the corundum deposits are directly asso-These consist of nepheline syenite and associated alkali syenites occurring at the junction of granite and limestone or in the limestone near the granite contact. These syenites are the differentiated products of one highly alkaline and aluminous magma, which in like manner is a peripheral differentiation phase of the granite at whose contact it After a discussion of the various hypotheses that have been advanced to account for the origin of corundum, the author concludes that "the simplicity and at the same time completeness of the Canadian occurrences of corundum, combined with the fresh and unaltered character of the associated minerals, at once removed all doubts as to the pyrogenic and primary character of the mineral." Descriptions are also given of the various known deposits of corundum throughout the world and of their mode of occurrence.

The "Report on the Non-Metallic Minerals used in the Canadian Manufacturing Industries," by Howells Frechette, presents in a concise form the results of investigations made in the commendable effort on the part of the Mines Branch to lessen Canada's dependence on foreign countries for minerals and mineral products. Mineral matter in a crude or refined state enters into a great many manufactures. The purpose of the report is two-fold: first, to point out to dealers in Canadian minerals the possibility of extending the home market, and, second, to encourage manufacturers to utilize raw materials produced at home. These investigations should render the country more self-contained, and redound to the mutual benefit of the mineral and manufacturing industries.

Another report that serves a useful purpose is the compilation, by Ernest J. Chambers, entitled "The Unexploited West." This was published by the Railway Lands Branch, Department of the Interior. It presents in one volume of convenient size the results of the various explorations that have been conducted in the valley of Mackenzie

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF CANADA.

river. For persons desiring the available information regarding the economic resources of this little known portion of Canada, "The Unex-

ploited West " is an acceptable volume.

To review, even briefly, all the important publications that treat of the economic geology of the country is quite beyond the scope of this paper. Among these the following may be mentioned: (1) Report on the Copper Deposits of the Eastern Townships of the province of Quebec. by J. A. Bancroft; (2) Report on the Building and Ornamental Stones of Canada, Volume 3, Province of Quebec, by W. A. Parks; (3) Preliminary Report on the Clay and Shale Deposits of the Province of Quebec, by J. Keele; (4) Oil and Gas Fields of Ontario and Quebec. by Wyatt Malcolm; (5) Rainy River District, Ontario, Surficial Geology and Soils, by W. A. Johnston; (6) Clay and Shale Deposits of the Western Provinces, by Ries and Keele; (7) Preliminary Report on the Bituminous Sands of Northern Alberta, by S. C. Ells; (8) Coal Fields of British Columbia, by D. B. Dowling; (9) Geology of the Cranbrook Map-Area, British Columbia, by S. J. Schofield; (10) Geology of Franklin Mining Camp, British Columbia, by C. W. Drysdale; (11) Ore Deposits of the Beaverdell Map-Area, by L. Reinecke; (12) Texada Island, B.C., by R. G. McConnell; (13) Upper White River District, Yukon, by D. D. Cairnes; (14) A List of Canadian Mineral Occurrences, by Robt. A. A. Johnston; (15) Report on the Salt Deposits of Canada and the Salt Industry, by L. H. Cole. Nos. 3-6 and 8-14 were published by the Geological Survey, Nos. 2, 7, and 15 by the Mines Branch, Ottawa, and No. 1 by the Department of Colonization, Mines and Fisheries of Quebec.

Important contributions appear in the Summary Reports of the Geological Survey and of the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines, and in the publications of the Mining Departments of the various provinces, more particularly those of Quebec, Ontario, and British Columbia, where competent geologists and mining engineers have been employed to carry on original investigations.

A number of short papers have been published that are worthy of notice. The paper by Willet G. Miller and Cyril W. Knight, entitled Metallogenetic Epochs in the Pre-Cambrian of Ontario presents an age classification of the various ore deposits found in the Pre-Cambrian formations of Ontario, and points out the relative importance of the different geological epochs from the point of view of the mineral industry. J. B. Tyrrell in his paper on the Pre-Cambrian Goldfields of Central Canada, after describing the numerous gold deposits of the Canadian Shield, states that the veins are pre-Huronian in age and that they are generally associated with porphyritic rocks that may be regarded as apophyses from batholithic granitic intrusions of Laurentian and Al-It is believed that most, if not all, of the auriferous veins were formed in the Algoman period. In a paper on the Oil, Gas and Water Content of Dakota Sand in Canada and United States, L. G. Huntley sets forth his reasons for thinking that the prospects for the discovery of natural reservoirs of petroleum in the Dakota sandstone are in general not good. The most promising portions of the formation in Canada are those in which the sandstone begins to play out and

ECONOMIC GEOLOGY IN CANADA.

becomes discontinuous and lenticular in nature. The author directs attention, as others have done, to the broad Battle River anticline, and suggests that while the prospects are more favourable for the discovery of natural gas than oil, it is not impossible that the latter may be found in the sands occurring in the Benton or Niobrara, or higher formations. D. B. Dowling's paper entitled "Correlation and Geological Structure of the Alberta Oil Fields" gives the geological structure, in so far as it is known, of the strata forming the foothills of Alberta, where boring operations have been carried on.

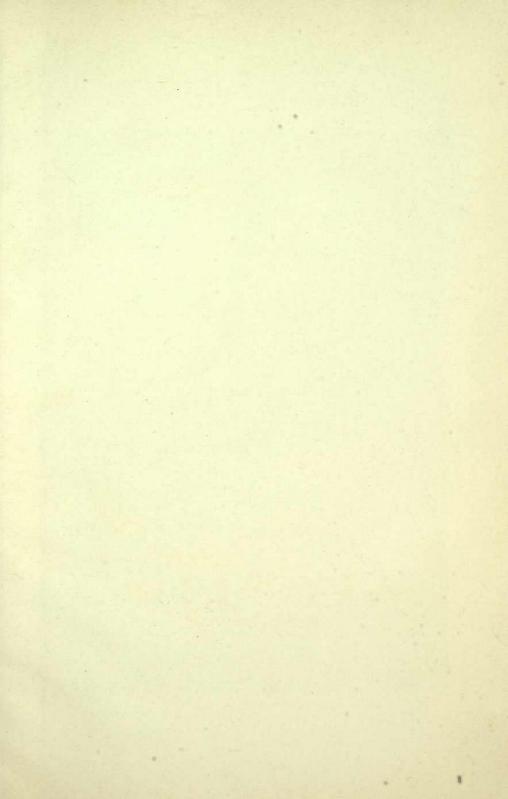
The year 1915 witnessed some activity among prospectors at a number of points. A large number of prospecting parties were drawn to Fond du Lac, Lake Athabaska, by a report that an occurrence of silver ore, similar to that at Cobalt, had been discovered. They met with disappointment, and a field officer of the Geological Survey, who was sent into the district, failed to find anything that would justify such a report.

The discovery of a large body of sulphides, reported to be auriferous, a few miles north of Athapapuskow lake near the boundary between Manitoba and Saskatchewan attracted prospectors to that region. Attention was also directed during the year to auriferous deposits around Rice lake and Gold lake, to the east of Lake Winnipeg.

There was also a big rush of prospectors early in the season into the vicinity of Kowkash, a station on the Transcontinental railway in northern Ontario. This was caused by the discovery of a spectacular showing of native gold in a small quartz vein. Apparently little of economic importance has been found here.

An event that it is hoped will prove to be very important is the discovery of phosphate rock near Banff in the Rocky Mountains park by Frank D. Adams and W. J. Dick, of the Commission of Conservation. A mass of phosphate rock float weighing 31 pounds was found in the valley of Forty-mile creek opposite the southeast end of Stoney Squaw mountain. This specimen carries 24.71 per cent of phosphoric acid (P₂O₅). A loose angular mass of quartzite carrying 7.6 per cent of phosphoric acid was also found on the southern slope of Stoney Squaw mountain near the contact of the Rocky Mountain quartzite and the Upper Banff limestone. Phosphate rock in place was afterwards found by H. S. De Schmid, of the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines, Canada, at the top of the Rocky Mountain quartzite at several points in the vicinity of Banff. At one point the proportion of phosphoric acid (P₂O₅) is as high as 28 per cent. This discovery suggests a possible continuation into Canada of the condition that led to the formation of large deposits of phosphate of lime in the States to the south. The finding and exploitation of a deposit in Canada that could be cheaply mined would be a great boon to the agricultural industry, phosphoric acid being used extensively as a fertilizer.

Among the investigations that the Geological Survey has recently entered upon, the study of soils and of materials for road construction is worthy of notice. Field work was conducted along these lines during the season of 1915 in eastern Ontario and southwestern Quebec. The results also of the experiment in paving made in Edmonton by the



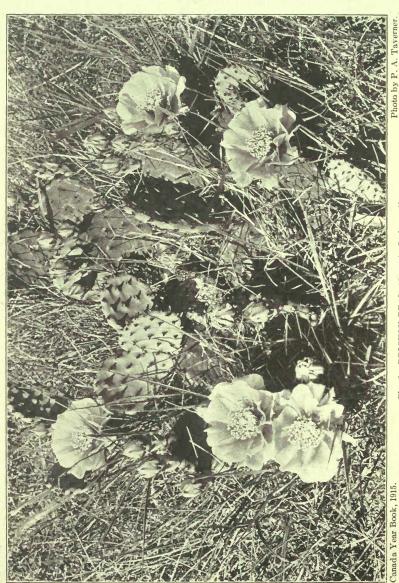


Fig. 1. PRICKLY PEAR (Opuntia Rafinesquii).

FLORA OF CANADA.

Mines Branch of the Department of Mines to determine the applicability of the bituminous sands of northern Alberta to road construction will be awaited with much interest.

The mineral industry of Canada partially recovered during 1915 from the set back resulting from the outbreak of the war. This was particularly noticeable in connection with the metallic minerals. Gold mining was carried on briskly, and the demand for metals employed in the manufacture of munitions of war gave an impetus to the mining of such ores as copper, nickel and zinc. The production of non-metallic minerals, especially those used in structural work, has been adversely affected by the war.

Embargoes and difficulties of transportation have led to an investigation of the possibilities of some of Canada's smaller mineral deposits. The mining of the chromite of Quebec has been stimulated, and there has been increased activity in the mining and development of the supermagnesian dolomites of Grenville township, Quebec. Shipments were made also from the hydromagnesite deposit of Atlin district, British Columbia, and an investigation of this deposit was made by the Geological Survey. The manufacture of metallic magnesium in Canada has been started by the Shawinigan Electro-Metals Company. Interest has also been aroused in the manganese, antimony, barite, and other deposits of the country.

The demand for molybdenum on the part of steel manufacturers has led to an investigation of Canada's molybdenite deposits and to the opening of a few mines. In this connection the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines has made an examination of many deposits and has carried on concentration tests in the ore dressing laboratory.

FLORA OF CANADA.

By J. M. Macoun, C.M.G., F.L.S., Assistant Botanist and Naturalist, Department of Mines, Ottawa, and M. O. Malte, Ph.D., Dominion Agrostologist, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

In order to understand the general characteristics of the Canadian flora as we see it to-day, and to make clear and explain certain features in the distribution of a number of species and genera, which at first may seem perplexing or even inexplicable, we must go back to the time when most of the Dominion was a vast glacial waste, destitute of plant life.

It is well known that the whole of Canada east of the Rocky Mountains was at a geologically recent period covered with glacial ice, which slowly advanced from the north and reached as far south as lat. 36°-37° in Eastern North America and lat. 46° on the Pacific coast. Evidences of general glaciation are also seen in the Rocky Mountains in the form of erratic boulders, carried there by the ice from the far north.

As the front of the continental glacier advanced southward, the plants in its vicinity, which naturally were of an arctic type, were driven slowly towards the south. At the same time the existing vegetation

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF CANADA.

in front of the glacier, being unable to survive under arctic conditions, was also forced to move southward and to cede the ground to the invading arctic types. When the cold reached its maximum, those parts of the United States which now are temperate thus had a typical arctic flora, i.e., a flora almost identical with the circumpolar flora of the present time. With the return of a warmer climate, the arctic plants gradually retreated northward, followed by more temperate and southern types. Generally speaking, the Canadian plants can therefore all be looked upon as immigrants gradually taking possession of the country after the glacial period, the different species establishing themselves in regions where the climatic conditions met their specific requirements.

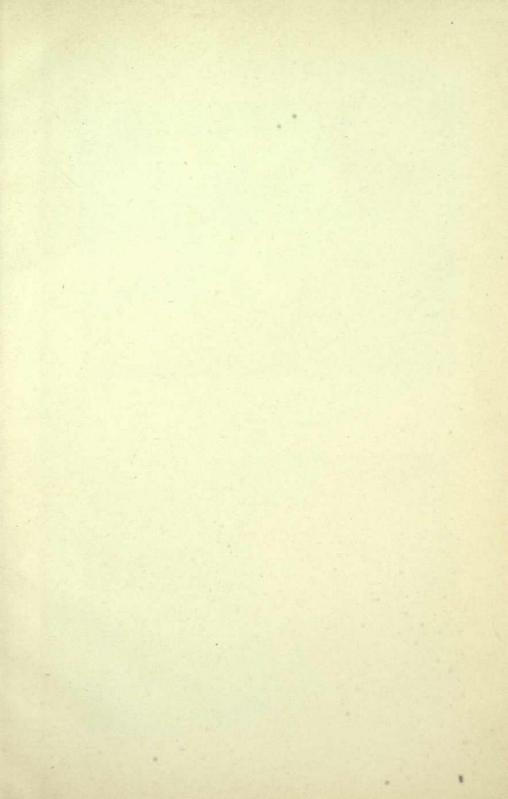
The glacial period, furthermore, explains readily a few striking features in the present distribution of Canadian plants, viz., the occurrence of identical species in localities separated by hundreds or even thousands of miles of land, across which, under present conditions, migration is impossible. Thus, a number of species occur in the Rocky Mountains which are identical with species living in Arctic Canada or in Labrador and Eastern Quebec, but occurring nowhere else in the Dominion. These facts may be explained in the words of Darwin, as follows:

As the warmth returned (after the glaciation had reached its height) the arctic forms would retreat northward, closely followed up in their retreat by the productions of the more temperate regions. And as the snow melted from the bases of mountains, the arctic forms would seize on the cleared and thawed ground, always ascending higher and higher, as the warmth increased, whilst their brethren were pursuing their northern journey. Hence, when the warmth had fully returned, the same arctic species, which had lately lived in a body together in the lowlands . . ., would be left isolated on distant mountain summits (having been exterminated on all lesser heights) and in the arctic regions. . .

With regard to British Columbia, a few words may be said in explanation of the diversity of the flora. Although glaciation may not, at any time, have been general, it is nevertheless highly probable that its flora, at the time of the glacial period, was subjected to the necessity of migration in a north and south direction. At any rate, the British Columbia flora is most closely related to the flora south of the province, genera and species occurring which extend as far south as to New Mexico and California.

The most characteristic feature of the flora of British Columbia is, however, not so much its general relationship to the flora to the south as the existence of different floristic provinces more or less sharply defined. The existence of different "floras" is due not only to the highly diversified climatic conditions, but perhaps still more to the presence of mountain chains and desert-like areas which act as barriers checking the free migration of the plants.

Arctic Zone.—Botanically, the Arctic zone is the region lying north of the tree line. In Canada it extends far to the south of the Arctic circle, especially in the eastern parts of the Dominion. Its southern limit is, roughly, a line running from the estuary of the Mackenzie river to the mouth of the Churchill river, on the west coast of Hudson bay. East of Hudson bay, the tree line runs from about lat. 52° on



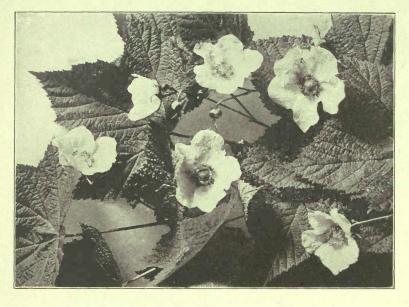


Fig. 3. CAPBERRY (Rubus parviflorus)

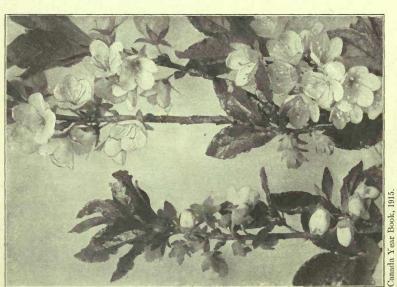


Fig. 2. MOUNTAIN RHODODENDRON (Rhododendron albiflorum)

FLORA OF CANADA.

Richmond gulf to the mouth of George river on the eastern shore of Ungava bay, and from there in a southeasterly direction along the coast

of Labrador to Hamilton inlet.

The arctic flora of Canada is very closely related to that of Europe, especially the Scandinavian, a very great proportion of the arctic Canadian plants being also common in Lapland and arctic Russia. A number of species occurring chiefly in the most western parts of arctic Canada are of Asiatic relationship, and only very few are of American origin. Among these may be mentioned *Douglasia arctica*, *Cardamine*

digitata, and Pleuropogon Sabini.

With regard to general characteristics, the arctic flora of Canada is quite similar to the arctic or "circumpolar" flora in general. It is composed almost exclusively of perennial plants, which exhibit those well known features with regard to biology and anatomical structure which the arctic flora has in common with the flora of high alpine regions. In the more northern parts, where the ground is physiologically more or less dry, or where it is rocky, the growth is often very compact and includes a great number of plants of the so-called "bunch type." Suffice it to mention Silene acaulis, Papaver radicatum, Potentilla nivea, Saxifraga tricuspidata, S. oppositifolia, Armeria sibirica, Androsace Chamæjasme, Melandrium apetalum, Kobresia Bellardii, Carex rupestris, C. membranopacta, C. nardina, Poa glauca, Festuca ovina var. brevifolia, etc. Similar growth is also encountered, though less commonly, on the tundra, i.e., the more southerly and physiologically wetter part of the arctic region. Among the tundra plants of the bunch type may be mentioned: Diapensia lapponica, Arenaria macrocarpa, A. arctica. Compactness of growth is also displayed by a number of plants which, though not growing in "bunches" form dense and often very extensive To this type belong Cerastium alpinum, Ranunculus hyperboreus, Sibbaldia procumbens, Dryas integrifolia, Loiseleuria procumbens, Cassiope tetragona, etc. Among the more conspicuous arctic herbaceous plants which grow neither in mats nor in bunches may be mentioned: Dupontia Fischeri, Eriophorum Scheuchzeri, E. angustifolium, Spiranthes Romanzoffiana, Habenaria hyperborea, Oxyria digyna, Polygonum viviparum, Ranunculus nivalis, R. affinis, Parrya arctica, Eutrema Edwardsii, Saxifraga flagellaris, S. hieracifolia, Pyrola grandiflora, Primula sibirica, Pedicularis flammea, Arnica alpina, Saussurea alpina, Chrysanthemum integrifolium.

As indicated above, the Arctic zone has no real trees. The woody plants, characteristic to the zone in general, are either prostrate forms, such as Salix arctica and its varieties, S. orbicularis, S. anglorum, or of a more shrubby appearance, such as Betula nana, B. glandulosa, and Salix Richardsonii. On the tundra, the woody plants are chiefly of the ericaceous family, the principal ones being Ledum palustre, Rhododendron lapponicum, Vaccinium uliginosum, V. Oxycoccus, V. Vitis-Idaa var. pumilum, Arctostaphylos alpina. The berries of the two latter species, with those of Empetrum nigrum, form the chief food of the migrating

geese in the spring of the year.

Sub-arctic Forest Zone.—The sub-arctic or so called coniferous forest extends in the east from the Arctic zone southward to a line running from

Anticosti to the southern end of Lake Winnipeg. This line is practically identical with the northern limits of the White and the Red Pine. West of Lake Winnipeg the sub-arctic forest is bounded to the south and west by the prairie and the foothills of the Rocky Mountains, respectively. The Gaspé peninsula and the greater part of New Brunswick may also be included in the sub-arctic forest.

As the name indicates, the sub-arctic forest is decidedly boreal. It is largely coniferous in character, the only deciduous trees occurring throughout the region being poplars and white birch. The sub-arctic forest is as yet almost undisturbed by settlers. It forms a vast reserve of national wealth, and is destined in the future to furnish the chief supply of timber for the pulp and paper industries of eastern North America, as Black and White Spruce (Picea mariana and P. canadensis) are dominant trees. Of the other coniferous trees, the Banksian Pine (Pinus Banksiana) is the most important. It reaches perfection in the western part of the zone, and constitutes the chief source of supply of lumber for the northern prairie region. The other trees characteristic of the zone in general are Aspen Poplar (Populus tremuloides), Balsam Poplar (P. balsamifera), White Birch (Betula papyrifera), Larch (Larix laricina) and Balsam Fir (Abies balsamea). Between Lake Winnipeg and the Gulf of St. Lawrence, White Cedar (Thuja occidentalis), Elm (Ulmus americana) and Ash (Fraxinus nigra, F. americana) are occasionally met with, but cannot be considered characteristic of the sub-arctic forest.

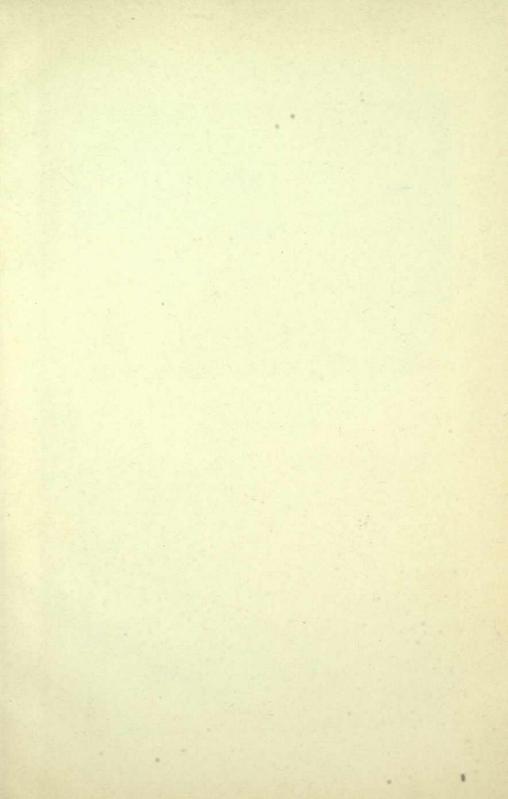
On the whole, the sub-arctic forest covers a rolling country with numerous bogs and lakes in the depressions. Perhaps its most striking character is the abundance of berry shrubs, including Gooseberries (Ribes oxyacanthoides), Currants (R. hudsonianum, R. triste), Blueberries (Vaccinium canadense), Rock Cranberries (V. Vitis-Idæa), Raspberries (Rubus strigosus), Yellow-berries (R. Chamæmorus), High-bush Cranberries (Viburnum Opulus, V. pauciflorum) and others.

The vegetation of the bogs shows but little variation, and the species encountered in the bogs of one part of the zone are characteristic of practically the whole sub-arctic forest. A number of species occurring on the tundra further north reach perfection in the bogs of this zone forest. Among the leading bog plants may be mentioned: Ledum groenlandicum, Kalmia polifolia, Andromeda glaucophylla, Habenaria hyperborea, Epipactis repens var. ophioides, Menyanthes trifoliata, Utricularia americana, Pedicularis groenlandica, Eriophorum and Carex species.

On the whole, the flora of the sub-arctic forest is remarkably uniform throughout, and hardly a species is found that does not occur in the Arctic zone or to the south. A noteworthy exception to this general rule is Castalia tetragona, the smallest of the water lilies, which in Canada is found in the sub-arctic forest only.

Hardwood Forest Zone. — The hardwood forest zone includes all eastern Canada south of the sub-arctic forest with the exception of a small region in southern Ontario, extending between the shore of Lake Erie and a line running approximately from Toronto to Windsor.

There is little cultivated land in Eastern Canada north of this



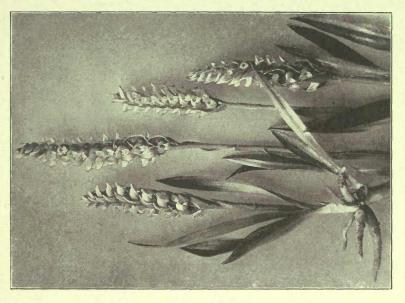


Fig. 5. HOODED LADIES' TRESSES (Spiranthes Romanzoffiana)



Fig. 4. WHITE HEATH (Cassiope Mertensiana)

FLORA OF CANADA.

zone. As its name indicates, it is characterized chiefly by deciduous trees, the principal ones being: Basswood (Tilia americana), Sugar Maple (Acer Saccharum), Red Maple (Acer rubrum), Black Ash (Fraxinus nigra), White Ash (Fraxinus americana), White Elm (Ulmus americana), Yellow Birch (Betula lutea), Red Oak (Quercus rubra), Burr Oak (Quercus macrocarpa), Beech (Fagus grandifolia). Of the coniferous trees, the White Pine (Pinus Strobus), the Red Pine (P. resinosa), the Hemlock (Tsuga canadensis), and the White Cedar (Thuja occidentalis), are the most important.

The underbrush, though very variable and made up of a great number of species, is generally rather scanty and becomes conspicuous—as a component of the forest—only along its borders or where the woods are very open. Among the most typical shrubs may be mentioned: Service Berry (Amelanchier spicata), Moosewood (Dirca palustris), Purple Flowering Raspberry (Rubus odoratus), Sumach (Rhus typhina), Poison Ivy (Rhus Toxicodendron), and Arrow-woods (Viburnum alnifolium, V. acerifolium, V. cassinoides).

As the rainfall is abundant throughout the hardwood forest zone, the herbaceous vegetation is rich, in both species and individuals, everywhere where light and soil conditions permit. In the woods proper it is rather insignificant after the foliage of the trees is fully developed. In the spring, however, it is very luxuriant, and especially where the soil is rich and deep there is a magnificent display of beautifully coloured and showy forms, for instance: Trillium (Trillium grandiflorum, T. erectum, T. undulatum), Bellwort (Uvularia perfoliata), Dog's-Tooth Violet (Erythronium americanum), Showy Orchis (Orchis spectabilis), Jack-in-the-Pulpit (Arisæma triphyllum), Spring Beauty (Claytonia caroliniana), Violets (Viola, blue, white, and yellow forms), Hepatica (Hepatica triloba, H. acutiloba), Dutchman's Breeches (Dicentra Cucullaria), Squirrel Corn (Dicentra canadensis), Bloodroot (Sanguinaria canadensis), Pepper-root (Dentaria diphylla), Barren Strawberry (Waldsteinia fragarioides), Flowering Winter-green (Polygala paucifolia), Blue Phlox (Phlox divaricata), etc. Others, less conspicuous, but characteristic of the hard-wood spring flora, are species of Sedges (Carex), Wild Ginger (Asarum canadense), Blue Cohosh (Caulophyllum thalictroides), False Mitrewort (Tiarella cordifolia), Mitrewort (Mitella diphylla), Star Flower (Trientalis americana) and Showy Lady's Slipper (Cypripedium hirsutum).

During the summer the herbaceous vegetation is chiefly confined to borders of woods, clearings and other places where growth is not suppressed or kept back on account of too much shade. It is rather inconspicuous and poor except in moist or wet situations. On moist and low ground occur: Habenaria psychodes, Gentiana crinita, Asclepias incarnata, Physostegia virginiana, Chelone glabra, Lobelia cardinalis, etc., whilst Pogonia ophioglossoides, Calopogon pulchellus, Arethusa bulbosa,

Sarracenia purpurea and others adorn the bogs and swamps.

The autumn flowers are chiefly composites with Asters, Golden Rods

(Solidago) and Joe-Pye (Eupatorium) in the greatest profusion.

Very characteristic of the zone is the autumnal colouring of the leaves of trees, shrubs and herbaceous plants. This autumnal colouring

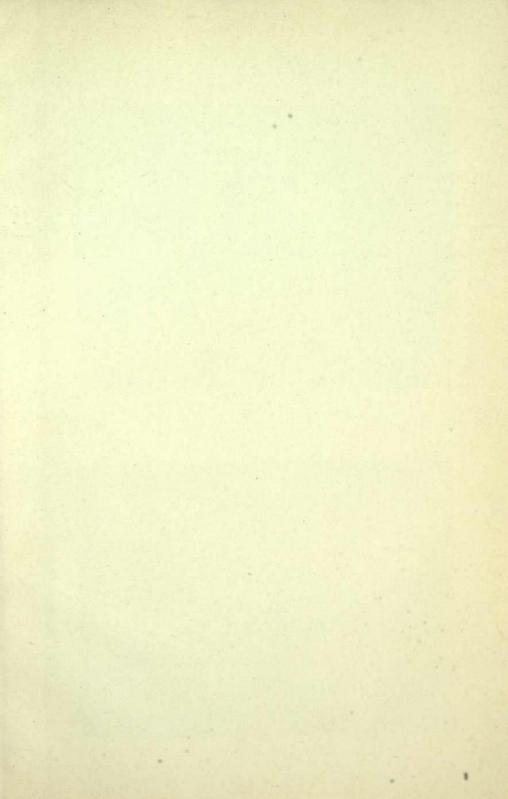
lasts a comparatively long time, from about the first week of September to the second week in October, dependent on the dryness of the season. During that period the most splendid display of colours is exhibited, especially in the open mixed woods where underbrush is well developed. Every shade of yellow, golden bronze, red and scarlet is mixed in a gorgeous symphony of colours, generally most marvellously modulated by the sombre deep dark or bluish green of the conifers, which are dotted among the deciduous trees. No such wealth of colour is ever met with in any other country.

Carolinian Zone.—This zone is confined to a small tract of land in southern Ontario, bounded to the south by Lake Erie and to the north by a line running approximately from the northern shore of Lake Ontario to Windsor. Its flora is most typically developed in the Niagara peninsula and on the very shore of Lake Erie. In general physiognomy it is rather similar to the hardwood forest flora just described, but differs greatly as far as characteristic species—and even genera—are concerned. It is decidedly southern as to species, and exhibits a large number of forms which occur nowhere else in Canada.

The most characteristic trees are the Hickories (six species), the Oaks (ten species), the Black Walnut (Juglans nigra), the Chestnut (Castanea dentata) and the Sycamore (Platanus occidentalis). Less abundant and more local in their distribution are: Cucumber tree, (Magnolia acuminata), Tulip tree (Liriodendron Tulipifera), Flowering Dogwood (Cornus florida), which all have beautiful and very conspicuous flowers, Papaw (Asimina triloba), Red Mulberry (Morus rubra), American Crab Apple (Pyrus coronaria), Sour Gum (Nyssa sylvatica), Sassafras (Sassafras variifolium) and others.

The herbaceous vegetation is very rich, at least a hundred species occurring nowhere else in Canada being found in the zone. A few of the most conspicuous may be mentioned, viz.: Yellow Nelumbo or "Lotus Flower " (Nelumbo lutea) , May Apple (Podophyllum peltatum), Wild Lupine (Lupinus perennis), Tick Trefoil (Desmodium), Flowering Spurge (Euphorbia corollata), Swamp Rose Mallow (Hibiscus Moscheutos), Wild Pansy (Viola Rafinesquii), Prickly Pear (Opuntia Rafinesquii), Poke Milkweed (Asclepias phytolaccoides), Wild Potato Vine (Ipomoea pandurata), Downy Phlox (Phlox pilosa), Waterleaf (Hydrophyllum appendiculatum), Bee Balm (Monarda didyma), Foxglove (Gerardia pedicularia, G. virginica), Tall Bellflower (Campanula americana), Great Lobelia (Lobelia siphilitica), Ironweed (Vernonia altissima, V. illinoensis), Dense Button Snakeroot (Liatris spicata), Prairie Dock (Silphium terebinthinaceum), Cup Plant (Silphium perfoliatum), Sunflower (Helianthus decapetalus, H. divaricatus), Tall Coreopsis (Coreopsis tripteris), Indian Plantain (Cacalia tuberosa), Showy Lady's Slipper (Cypripedium hirsutum), etc. Golden Seal (Hydrastis canadensis) and Ginseng (Panax quinquefolium) were at one time abundant but are now practically extinct.

The Prairie.—Under the general term prairie is understood the vast grass-covered area of the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. It is bounded in the east and north by the sub-arctic forest and in the west by the foothills of the Rocky Mountains.



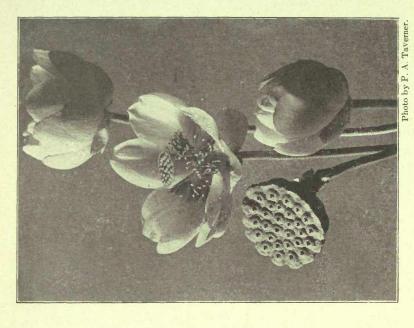


Fig 7. LOTUS FLOWER (Netumbo lutea)

Canada Year Book, 1915. Photo by Miss W. K. Bentley.

Fig. 6. SHOWY LADY'S SLIPPER
((Cypripedium hirsulum)

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The prairie which begins a few miles east of Winnipeg has been subdivided into three zones, known as the first, second and third "Prairie Steppes."

First Prairie Steppe.—This, as defined by Professor John Macoun, includes "the low plain of Manitoba, bounded by a line of elevated country, which commences at the international boundary, at a point some distance west of Emerson, and extends northwestwardly under the names of Pembina, Riding, Duck, Porcupine and Pas mountains."

The southeastern part of the area so defined differs from the true prairie in that it is characterized by many woodland plants which have their home east of the Great Lakes, but occur rarely, if at all, between Lake Huron and the Manitoba border, for instance, Nettle Tree (Celtis occidentalis), Basswood (Tilia americana), Wild Plum (Prunus americana), Hawthorn (Cratagus species), Virginia Creeper (Psedera quinquefolia), Climbing Bitter-Sweet (Celastrus scandens), Wild Grape (Vitis vulpina), Moonseed (Menispermum canadense), Bloodroot (Sanguinaria canadensis), Columbine (Aquilegia canadensis), Hog Peanut (Amphicarpa monoica), Tick Trefoil (Desmodium canadense), "Prickly Cucumber" (Echinocystis lobata), Gentian (Gentiana procera), Lousewort (Pedicularis canadensis), Indian Paint Brush (Castilleja coccinea), Ox-eye (Heliopsis scabra), Cone-flower (Rudbeckia laciniata), etc.

The prairie proper of the first prairie steppe is confined chiefly to what is known as the "Red River Valley," i.e., the low flat plains south and west of Winnipeg. In this region trees are met with only as forming narrow fringes along the rivers. Elm (Ulmus americana), Oak (Quercus macrocarpa), Poplar (Populus tremuloides, P. balsamifera), Ashleaved Maple (Acer Negundo) are the most abundant. Away from the immediate borders of the streams the prairie is treeless. It is covered with an abundance of herbaceous plants, growing in the greatest profusion. The most widely represented families are Composita, Rosacea, Leguminosa, Graminea, and Cyperacea, but the species representing them cannot be said to be characteristic of the zone, as practically all of them are found in suitable localities further west.

Second Prairie Steppe.—This extends westward to a line running approximately from the international boundary at long. 103°-30′ in a northwesterly direction to Battleford. The flora of this zone is rather diversified, and several very different types of plant associations are met with.

In the north, where the prairie and the sub-arctic forest meet, the flora is composed of species characteristic of both zones. This is also true of the northern part of the third prairie steppe.

In the southwestern part of the zone, *i.e.*, the country southwest of Moose mountains in Saskatchewan, the vegetation is in many respects closely related to that of the dry belt of the third prairie steppe. The grass is very short and the vegetation in general decidedly xerophile in character. In places, large sandy tracts exist which are covered with a profusion of cactus (*Mamillaria vivipara*), and in others there is no vegetation except that peculiar to arid soil.

Extending from the bases of the hills forming the boundary between the first and second prairie steppes there is much broken or parklike country. This is also met with in the Qu'Appelle river valley and in other parts of the zone. Poplar and Oak are the chief trees of the bluffs, and the herbaceous vegetation, as might be expected, is made up of a mixture of prairie and woodland forms.

The greater part of the second prairie steppe is true prairie, where no tree's are met with except in the river valleys. Shrubs occur, generally forming low thickets or copses, and very frequently small clumps composed of a single species. On the exposed prairie their growth is always stunted. Snowberry (Symphoricarpus occidentalis), Silver berry (Elwagnus argentea), Buffalo berry (Shepherdia argentea), Saskatoon berry (Amelanchier) and Roses of which there are several species, are the most important. In damper situations, Meadow Sweet (Spira salicifolia) occurs, and in wet places, such as borders of ponds and marshes, willows are abundant. The herbaceous vegetation varies somewhat with soil conditions. The following species may, however, be mentioned as representing the typical prairie flora¹: Stipa viridula, Spartina gracilis, Avena Hookeri, Poa crocata, Calamovilfa longifolia, Elymus Macounii, Agropyrum Smithii, A. tenerum, A. Richardsonii, many species of Carex, Allium cernuum, Lilium philadelphicum, Smilacina stellata, Rumex persicarioides, Lychnis Drummondii, Anemone hirsutissima, Ranunculus rhomboideus, Lesquerella argentea, Sisymbrium incisum, Cleome serrulata, Potentilla arguta, P. pennsylvanica, P. bipinnatifida, P. camporum, P. effusa, P. plattensis, P. pulcherrima, P. viridescens, Geum triflorum, Thermopsis rhombifolia, Astragalus caryocarpus, A. hypoglottis, A. adsurgens, A. bisulcatus, A. pectinatus, A. missouriensis, Psoralea esculenta, P. argentea, Glycyrrhiza lepidota, Petalostemum candidum, P. purpureum, Hedysarum boreale, Zizia cordata, Lomatium macrocarpum, Musineum divaricatum, Asclepias ovalifolia, Acerates viridiflora, Phlox Hoodii, Agastache Faniculum, Physostegia parviflora, Monarda mollis, Pentstemon gracilis, Orthocar<mark>pus luteus,</mark> Lobelia spicata, Liatris scariosa, Grindelia squarrosa, Aster multiflorus, A. lævis, Erigeron glabellus, E. philadelphicus, Antennaria campestris, Ambrosia trifida, Lepachys columnaris, Helianthus rhomboideus, Helenium autumnale, Artemisia biennis, Senecio palustris, S. eremophilus, Cirsium undulatum, Agoseris glauca.

Third Prairie Steppe.—This steppe includes the rest of the prairie up to the foothills of the Rocky Mountains. In its northern parts, i.e., north of lat. 52°, the flora is very similar to that of the second prairie steppe. The southern part of the region, however, is of an altogether different type. The rivers and even creeks are flowing in deep narrow valleys, and the country in general is broken by coulees and low hills. The precipitation is scant, and, as a result, the vegetation is xerophile and often desert-like in character. Except on Wood Mountain and Cypress

¹ For these and for other plants in the West only the Latin names are given, the reason being that the majority of the species characteristic of Western Canada have no generally recognized common names.

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Hills no trees occur, unless along the borders of the streams in the valleys. The ponds, marshes and lakes are not even fringed with shrubs.

Large districts, especially in the Coteau de Missouri belt, are characterized by the absence of drainage valleys, the result being that the water in the lakes and ponds is generally saline, and that numerous alkali flats occur. The vegetation in such situations is very sparse and of course halophyte in character, the typical plants being Distichlis spicata, Hordeum jubatum, Puccinellia airoides, Corispermum hyssopifolium, Atriplex and Chenopodium species, Salicornia prostrata, Suæda depressa, Salsola Kali, Rumex mexicanus, Ranunculus Cymbalaria, Plantago eriopoda, Heliotropium curassavicum, Pleurogyne fontana, Crepis runcinata. In the saline ponds themselves, Ruppia maritima is common.

As mentioned above, the vegetation of the southern part of the third prairie steppe is decidedly xerophile. As a result, a number of species occur which approach desert types in being, in some way or other, protected against rapid transpiration. Such plants are: Eriogonum flavum, Eurotia lanata, Opuntia polyacantha, Mamillaria vivipara, Potentilla Hippiana, Oxytropis splendens, Linum rigidum, Plantago Purshii, Aplopappus spinulosus, Artemisia frigida, A. cana, A. Ludoviciana, Senecio canus, Iva axillaris, Lygodesmia juncea, and others.

Of other plants, characteristic of the southern part of the third prairie steppe, the following may be mentioned: Bouteloua oligostachya, Munroa squarrosa, Schedonnardus paniculatus, Oryzopsis hymenoides, Stipa spartea, S. comata, Sporobolus Richardsonii, Calamagrostis americana, Danthonia intermedia, Agropyron dasystachyum, Zygadenus chloranthus, Rumex venosus, Oxybaphus hirsutus, Ranunculus cardiophyllus, Polanisia trachysperma, Chamarhodos erecta, Oxytropis Lambertii, Hedysarum Mackenzii, Potentilla flabelliformis, Heuchera hispida, Linum Lewisii, Malvastrum coccineum, Oenothera triloba, O. serrulata, O. pallida, Gaura coccinea, Solanum triflorum, Pentstemon acuminatus, P. procerus, Orobanche fasciculata, Liatris punctata, Gutierrezia Sarothra, Chrysopsis villosa, Solidago missouriensis, S. rigida, Aplopappus lanceolata, A. acaulis, Townsendia exscapa, Aster angustus, Erigeron cæspitosus, E. pumilus, Antennaria aprica, Helianthus petiolaris, H. giganteus, Gaillardia aristata, Arnica pedunculata, Senecio integerrimus, Cirsium Drummondii, Lactuca pulchella.

Rocky Mountain Foothills.—A great number of prairie species reach a considerable altitude in the foothills of the Rocky Mountains. On the other hand, a number of sub-alpine forms descend practically to the prairie, the result being that at the base of the foothills, where the two types of floras intermingle, the vegetation is very rich in species. As the foothills are ascended the prairie forms gradually disappear and are replaced by mountain species. The vegetation in general becomes more luxuriant in appearance, the herbaceous plants grow taller, shrubs begin to form an important feature in the flora and real forests are established. Besides typical mountain and prairie forms, the following species may be considered as characteristic of the foothills: Stipa Richardsonii, Avena striata, Bromus Porteri, Elymus dasystachys,

Eriogonum subalpinum, Arenaria capillaris, Aquilegia brevistyla, Delphinium glaucum, D. Menziesii, Thalictrum occidentale, Actæa arguta, Parnassia montanensis, Spiræa lucida, Oxytropis viscidulus, Hedysarum sulphurescens, Geranium Richardsonii, G. incisum, Epilobium latifolium, Angelica Dawsoni, A. Lyallii, Carum Gairdneri, Primula americana, Lappula floribunda, Castilleja species, Lonicera glaucescens, Aster conspicuus, Erigeron speciosus, Artemisia discolor, Arnica foliosa, Senecio

lugens.

Rocky Mountains Proper.—The lower parts of the mountains are covered with forest, composed chiefly of coniferous trees, viz.: Pinus albicaulis, P. Murrayana, Pseudotsuga mucronata, Abies lasiocarpa. In these woods, only a small number of shrubs occur, the most typical ones being Pachystima Myrsinites, Rhododendron albiflorum, Menziesia ferruginea, and, in open and springy places, Salix commutata, S. Barclayi. Except along the edges, in open spaces and along brooks and rivulets, the herbaceous vegetation of the Rocky Mountain forest is rather scant. The principal species typical of the forest are: Clintonia uniflora, Corallorhiza species, Epipactis Menziesii, Rubus pedatus, Pyrola species and other members of the ericaceous family.

On the grassy slopes above the tree-line the vegetation is very rich in species, exhibiting the general characteristics of alpine vegetation. As typical species may be mentioned: Phleum alpinum, Calamagrostis purpurascens, Deschampsia atropurpurea, Poa paddensis, Poa Wheeleri and other grasses, Erythronium grandiflorum, Claytonia lanceolata, Caltha leptosepala, Aquilegia flavescens, Ranunculus Eschscholtzii, Leptarrhena amplexifolia, Parnassia fimbriata, Epilobium Hornemanni, Pedicularis bracteosa, P. racemosa, Valeriana Scouleri, Aster Engelmanni, Erigeron salsuginosus, Petasites frigida, Arnica latifolia, Senecio triangularis,

Agoseris aurantiaca.

Still higher up the alpine flora is represented by a number of species of which the following ascend to the snow line: Juncus Mertensianus, J. Parryi, Salix nivalis, Claytonia megarrhiza, Anemone occidentalis, Draba crassifolia, D. lonchocarpa, Smelowskia calycina, Physaria didymocarpa, Arabis Lyallii, Saxifraga caspitosa, S. Lyallii, Potentilla glaucophylla, P. dissecta, Dryas species, Astragalus alpinus, Oxytropis inflatus, Viola orbiculata, Phyllodoce empetriformis, Cassiope Mertensiana, Gentiana glauca, Phacelia sericea, Myosotis alpestris, Castilleja pallida, Solidago ciliosa, Aplopappus Lyallii, Erigeron aureus, E. jucundus, E. multifidus, Antennaria lanata, A. racemosa, Saussurea densa, Crepis nana, Hieracium gracile. Here also grow a number of species which have their homes in the Arctic zone, e.g., Festuca ovina var. brevifolia, Carex rupestris, C. nardina, Kobresia Bellardi, Silene acaulis, Melandrium alpinum, Cerastium alpinum, Draba species, Cardamine bellidifolia, Potentilla nivea, Sibbaldia procumbens, Saxifraga oppositifolia, S. cernua, Arctostaphylos alpina, Androsace Chamæjasme.

Selkirk Range.—The Selkirks differ in many respects from the Rockies. Whilst the latter may be characterized as a chain of isolated mountains, the Selkirk range has more the character of a high level plateau from which the peaks rise. For this reason there are, in the Selkirks, real alpine meadows, whilst, in the Rockies, similar plant formations are

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generally met with on steep slopes. With regard to the vegetation above the tree-line, it may be said that the differences between the two mountain systems are chiefly due to differences in moisture supply, the Selkirks being favoured with much more abundant precipitation than are the Rockies. For this reason the alpine meadow associations of the Selkirks extend almost to the snow-line and, for the same reason, a number of the high alpine plants which, in the Rockies, are characteristic of the bare peaks above the grassy slopes, are not met with at all in the Selkirks.

The Selkirk forest differs from that of the Rocky Mountains with regard to composition as far as the trees are concerned, the principal species being Thuja plicata, Pseudotsuga mucronata, Tsuga heterophylla, T. Mertensiana and Picea Engelmanni. The undergrowth is, on the mountains proper, very similar to that of the Rocky Mountains, and although much more luxuriant is not represented by many species.

In the lower valleys, however, and on lower levels, where the forest is more open in character, the shrubby as well as the herbaceous undergrowth is very different. Not only is it luxuriantly developed, but the species of which it is composed are of a different type. The Rocky Mountain flora is disappearing, its place being taken to such an extent by Pacific coast species that the traveller, or the casual observer, will find it rather difficult to detect any marked differences between the flora of the Selkirk valleys and that of the coniferous forest of the Pacific coast.

The Coast Range.—Biologically, the mountains of the Coast range are very similar to those of the Selkirk range. This is to a certain extent also true from a systematic standpoint, as practically all species found in

the Selkirks also occur in the Coast range.

The Coast range, however, although having the bulk of plant species in common with the Selkirks, may be considered a distinct botanical province. The reasons for this are that many species occur which are confined to the coast proper. The Coast range is the home of a number of what may be considered truly endemic plants, which, as far as is known at present, are very local in their distribution and are found nowhere else in British Columbia. Among those plants may be mentioned especially numerous species of Antennaria, Arnica, Senecio, Aster, Erigeron and other composites.

Owing to the long growing season, the high average temperature and the abundance of the precipitation, the vegetation in the valleys and the lowlands of the Coast range is almost subtropical in appearance. The trees, especially Thuja, Picea and Pseudotsuga, reach gigantic dimensions, and the forest, no matter how dense, always possesses a very luxuriant undergrowth. In old untouched forests, fallen trunks, shrubs and herbs form an almost impenetrable tangle. This is especially true where Salal (Gaultheria Shallon) or Devil's Club (Fatsia horrida)

are luxuriantly developed.

Of trees characteristic of the valleys and the lowlands may be mentioned: Picea sitchensis, Alnus oregona, Acer macrophyllum, A. circinnatum, Rhamnus Purshiana, and of shrubs: Salix lasiandra, S. sitchensis, S. Scouleriana, S. Hookeriana, Berberis Aquifolium, Ribes Lobbii, R. bracteosum, R. sanguineum, Rubus spectabilis, R. parviflorus, Rosa species,

Prunus species, Amelanchier florida, Osmaronia cerasiformis, Pyrus diversifolia, Fatsia horrida, Gaultheria Shallon, Vaccinium parvifolium, V. ovalifolium, Sambucus callicarpa. Although here classed as shrubs, Prunus, Pyrus, Amelanchier and the willows often become trees near the coast.

The herbaceous vegetation is very richly developed. Of the great number of species characteristic of the region may be mentioned: Adianthum pedatum, Lomaria spicant, Asplenium cyclosorum, Polystichum munitum, Aspidium dilatatum, Equisetum Telmateja, Agrostis exarata, A. microphylla, Trisetum canescens, T. cernuum, Deschampsia elongata, Poa Howellii, Glyceria pauciflora, Bromus, Festuca and Elymus species, Carex cryptocarpa, C. dives, C. magnifica, C. macrocephala, C. Mertensii, Lysichiton camtschatcense, Fritillaria lanceolata, F. camtschatcensis, Erythronium giganteum, Maianthemum dilatatum, Trillium ovatum, Asarum caudatum, Nymphæa polysepala, Trautvetteria grandis, Ranunculus occidentalis, Coptis asplenifolia, Achlys triphylla, Dicentra formosa, Tiarella unifoliata, T. trifoliata, Tellima grandiflora, Leptaxis Menziesii, Aruncus acuminatus, Oenanthe sarmentosa, Stachys ciliata.

Vancouver Island.—The interior and also the west coast of Vancouver island present, in general, the same botanical features as those characteristic of the Coast range just described. The southeastern part of the Island, however, is of a quite different botanical type. Here the growth is influenced by the comparatively small amount of precipitation and, as a result, the flora is ecologically more or less of a "dry belt" type. In addition, it is characterized by a number of species which belong to the Californian flora and occur nowhere else in Canada. Among the plants characteristic of the southeastern part of Vancouver Island may be mentioned: Hookera hyacinthina, Camassia Leichtlinii, Olsynium grandiflorum, Hydastylus borealis, Quercus Garryana, Dentaria macrocarpa, Thysanocarpus curvipes, Lupinus and Trifolium species, Sidalcea Hendersonii, Opuntia polyacantha var. borealis, Godetia caurina, Boisduvalia densiflora, Gilia species, Scrophularia californica, Castilleja levisecta and numerous others.

Dry Belts of British Columbia.—A few words may be said about the most important dry belts of British Columbia, including the Okanagan and the Kamloops districts. These regions, owing to the scant precipitation and to the nature of the soil, have a flora which strangely contrasts with that of the other parts of the British Columbia mainland.

In the dry belts two floristic subdivisions may be recognized, which, however, run more or less into each other and, for this reason, will not be dealt with separately. The one subdivision is characterized by so called bunch grasses, of which Agropyrum spicatum and Elymus condensatus are the most prominent species, and is more or less destitute of forest forming trees. The other floristic subdivision of the dry belts is more densely wooded, the characteristic tree of the forest being the Yellow Pine (Pinus ponderosa). On the whole, the dry belts may be said to be park-like in general character.

Besides the above mentioned plants the following may be noted: Eriogonum niveum, E. heracleoides, Atriplex argentea, Thelypodium laciniatum, Lesquerella Douglasii, Ribes cereum, Kuntzia tridentata, Astragalus

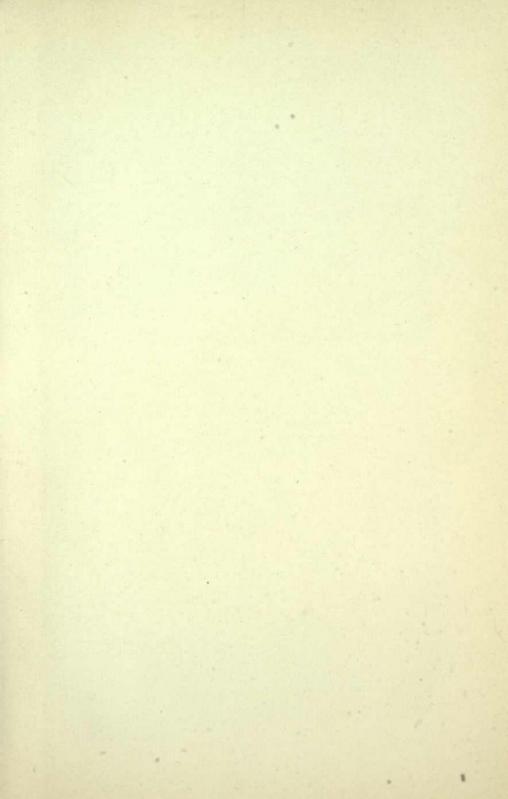




Fig. 1. WILLOW PTARMIGAN IN THE MOUNTAINS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

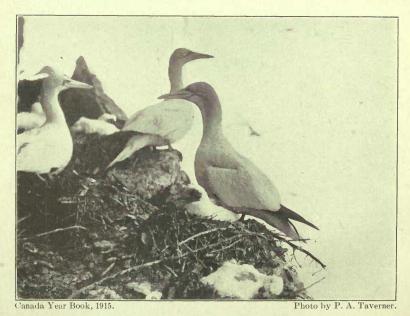


Fig. 2. GANNET OR SOLAN GOOSE.

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collinus, A. convallarius, A. Purshii, Sphæralcea Munroana, Mentzelia albicaulis, M. lævicaulis, M. integrifolia, Oenothera pallida, O. andina, Phlox longifolia, Gilia aggregata, G. Harknessii, G. pungens, Collomia grandiflora, C. linearis, Pectocarya penicillata, Senecio Thomsoniensis, Erigeron concinnus, E. filifolius, Chænactis Douglasii, Chrysothamnus nauseosus, C. puberulus, Artemisia trifida, A. tridentuta.

CONCLUSION.

While it is impossible in a few pages more than to outline briefly the general characteristics of the flora of so large a country as Canada—a flora represented by nearly 5,000 well defined species and varieties of flowering plants—the enumeration of species representative of the different zones will, it is hoped, serve to give a fair idea of the flora as a whole and help a botanist unfamiliar with a particular region to determine what he may find there. Although there is a large and growing number of local botanists in Canada the general flora of the country is known to few but professional botanists, and it is chiefly for the information of the former class, and for those who do not reside in Canada, that this article has been written.

The writers desire to acknowledge their indebtedness for the photographs which illustrate this article to the Geological Survey of the Department of Mines for Figs. 1, 6 and 7, and to Mrs. Julia Henshaw of Vancouver for Figs. 2, 3, 4 and 5, which appear in her

book entitled "Rocky Mountain Flowers."

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By P. A. Taverner, Department of Mines, Ottawa.

Whether the fauna of the western hemisphere was derived from that of the eastern, or vice versa, as is contended by various authorities, there is a close relationship between them, and one of these contentions is certainly true. Geological evidence shows that in previous ages the northern circumpolar life was even more homogeneous than to-day, and types now found in but one of the great continental circumpolar divisions were once common to both. Old and now submerged land connections between the continents have been postulated both from zoological and geological evidence, and a more or less complete continuity of land throughout the northern hemisphere, in former times, must be acknowledged before present American biotal conditions can be thoroughly understood. That this connection was in the far north and in what is now arctic or sub-arctic climate did not prohibit a continual interchange of warmth-loving species, for the presence of coal in very high latitudes points to milder if not tropical or subtropical conditions where now we find perpetual snow and ice. We must therefore conceive of a pre-glacial time when tree-ferns and other luxuriant coal producing forests occupied extreme northern lands, and such species as elephants, horses and other warmth loving species could spread from one continent to the other.

At this time the entire northern hemisphere was probably peopled by an essentially similar population developing along approximately parallel lines through a more or less free interchange of individuals. These conditions, however, were interrupted by the breaking down of the land connecting the continental areas and the occurrence of the glacial epochs¹, when solid ice covered a large part of the northern hemisphere in North America south to below the Great Lakes. Probably this resulted, over the whole of Canada, in conditions closely approximated to those at present found in Greenland, and a temperate climate did not occur short of the Gulf States. Though these arctic conditions prevailed gradually they none the less inevitably blotted out the original population of the subtropical north.

The species that were of too inflexible a nature to adapt themselves to new conditions, or forsake their ancestral habitats, became extinct and perished entirely; some more adaptable, while they retreated before the face of the oncoming ice, became hardier and capable of living in temperate or sub-arctic climates, and others more easily moved were driven far south, perhaps into South America, where in competition with forms already resident they either triumphed at their expense or succumbed, as the case might be. The survivors under new and various influences evolved into numerous new forms and differentiations more or less distinct from the original stock. These conditions prevailed for what can be historically regarded as great periods of time in the process of which an originally continuous and fairly homogeneous world population became a number of isolated units, differentiating along independent and often divergent lines. Some forms in each hemisphere disappeared, specializations of old ones arose, and the bases of the peculiarly characteristic Faunas of the two great continental areas were laid.

On the gradual retreat of the great ice barrier to inter-continental communication at the beginning of the present geological era, many descendants of the species that had been driven south gradually returned, following as closely upon the edges of the withdrawing ice as their natures and requirements permitted. Some were satisfied with their acquired southern homes or were more able to retain them in competition with their neighbours; they remained and probably became the ancestors of our present typically southern genera; but others seized with avidity upon the opportunity to occupy the gradually opening countries to the north, where competition was relaxed, and each succeeding spring advanced as far into them as climatic conditions permitted or competitive necessity demanded. Thus the north again became repopulated, but not with similar forms in both continents. On the contrary, each was supplied with forms made widely dissimilar through their enforced disconnected residence and divergent development.

¹Though here treated for convenience and clearness as but one single occurrence, it should be borne in mind that the glacial epochs were composed of a number of advances and retreats, more or less complete, of the ice cap with various intervals between. This, however, does not seriously alter the zoological results here stated.

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During this reoccupation a number of interesting things happened. High elevation is comparable in the condition it originates to high latitudes, and mountains, even in the tropics, if high enough, are covered with perpetual snow. High mountain and arctic conditions are similar and have little variety. Consequently, as the glacial ice withdrew first from the warmer lowlands some species adapted to the colder climate, instead of following the retreat along the valley lines northward, merely climbed adjacent slopes and there found acceptable habitats. If the mountains were too low to retain their arctic character in sufficient degree, those forms perished and were replaced by the next succeeding association until a permanent population was at last secured. If the elevation were greater the arctic forms survived as isolated communities, and hence to-day we sometimes find arctic forms on high table-lands and mountain ranges separated by many hundreds of miles of warm climate from their nearest allies.

It is obvious that these cold loving "relicts" of a previous order should, in the natural state of things, have been the last to break their connection with the European or Asiatic continent and the first to come again into contact with their old allies. In some cases probably the very hardiest never completely lost touch with each other across the frozen wastes of separation. Arctic conditions are remarkably similar the world over, and these forms just clinging to the edge of habitability existed under like conditions and with far less stimulus to divergent progress than those in the warmer and more varied south. Evolutionary development is slower in the colder than the warm climates; generations are, on the average, slower of development and slight departures from a narrow successful groove are more ruthlessly weeded out; in fact there is less latitude between success and failure and fewer chances of departures from types being beneficial. All these reasons worked to the single end that the northern or arctic fauna was during the glacial epoch much less differentiated in the eastern and western hemisphere, and to-day we find that while in the extreme south the forms are now widely divergent, those of the northern areas are remarkably similar, and the circumpolar fauna is nearly identical throughout the circle. So in America we have a distribution of life closely related to European and Asiatic forms in the north, but gradually and regularly differentiating into peculiar and special forms as we proceed south.

Having considered the history and consequent relation of North American life to that of the world in general we can take up the details of its distribution on our continent. The general trend of geographical distribution in Canada is from southeast to northwest. Ocean currents have much to do with this. Our east coast is chilled by the cold arctic current coming directly down from the polar ice fields through Davis strait, and the west coast is warmed by the grateful temperature of the great final sweep of the Japan current. When we realize that the barren Labrador coast of the Gulf of St. Lawrence is in almost the same latitude as southern British Columbia and is slightly south of the most southerly point of the British Isles, we can see what a great and fundamental influence these ocean currents have on the distribution of life upon our continent.

The general outline of zonal life distribution is well known. All are familiar with the fact that tropical life differs from temperate and from arctic. Close study however shows that besides these broad and obvious associations are minor ones. Various attempts have been made to map them out, and perhaps the most successful and generally accepted one for our purposes is that by Dr. C. Hart Merriam. This divides North America into three regions, a Boreal, Austral and a Tropical one, with the first two each divided into three life zones: the Arctic, Hudsonian and Canadian zones for the Boreal Region and the Transition, and Upper and Lower Austral zones for the Austral Region. In Canada we have five of these zones represented from the north: the Arctic, Hudsonian, Canadian, Transition and Upper Austral. These extend across the continent, roughly agreeing with latitude, but thrown out of regularity, as previously indicated, by local conditions and agreeing closely with the mid-summer isotherms or temperature belts.

The Arctic Zone is the barren land of the far north, treeless and almost shrubless, and extends south to include all the north shore of the continent as well as the islands above. The distinctive land mammals of this zone are the Polar Bear, the Musk Ox, Barren Land Caribou, Arctic Fox, Arctic Hare and Lemming. Amongst the characteristic birds are Snow Buntings, Ptarmigan, Longspurs, Snowy Owl and the Gyrfalcons. This is the great nesting ground for many of our waders and more northern ducks and geese. There are few residents, as most

forms migrate in winter.



Photo. by Harlan I. Smith.

Fig. 3. Moose in the Rocky Mountain National Park, Banff.

The Hudsonian Zone is the land of scrub forests, small stunted trees, mostly coniferous, and scattered dwarf willows and poplars. The southern boundary of this zone extends from the north shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence near the mouth of James Bay, thence in a wavy curve to Great Slave Lake where it drops south suddenly to a latitude about on line with the lower point of the Alaska Pan-handle, and thence to near the coast. It thus includes the southern Ungava peninsula, a narrow belt extending northwest from James Bay, the Yukon, northern British Columbia and southern Alaska. It is penetrated from the north by the Arctic Zone which persists on the mountains of the Yukon and from the south by the Canadian Zone which follows up the valleys of the Mackenzie and Peace rivers. It is shut off from the sea on the Pacific

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side by the Alaska Pan-handle which has an intrusive Canadian fauna. On the other hand, it works down the Rocky mountains in a narrow band and scattered isolated spots to across the United States boundary. This zone can be considered more as a transition between the Canadian and Arctic zones than a primary division itself. It contains species whose centres of abundance are on either hand and a few peculiar to it. Musk Oxen, Caribou and Ptarmigan range into it in winter from the north, and it forms the extreme northern distribution of Wolverine, Woodland Caribou and Moose. Its most characteristic birds are the Roughlegged Hawk, Great-gray Owl, Northern Shrike, Pine Grosbeak, White-winged Cross-bill and Fox Sparrow.

The Canadian Zone occupies the greater area of Canada and can be roughly defined as the heavy coniferous forest belt. It includes practically all the remainder of the Dominion except the inner shores of the Nova Scotia peninsula, southern Ontario and Quebec in a narrow strip from about Montreal to just below Georgian bay on Lake Huron, the prairies, a small irregular fringe along the Pacific coast opposite Vancouver Island and a few mountain valleys penetrating the southern boundary of British Columbia. Beyond our borders it extends irregularly south on the mountains and high land near both coasts, including the south shores of Lake Superior, and penetrates the Hudsonian Zone on the north along the valleys of the Mackenzie and Peace rivers and runs up most of the Alaska Pan-handle. This is the first land fit for systematic cultivation. The characteristic life is more numerous than in the preceding zones and includes the Moose, Woodland Caribou, Lynx, Marten, Porcupine, Varying Hare, White-throated Sparrow, numerous warblers, Olive-backed Thrush, Three-toed Woodpeckers, Pileated Woodpecker, Spruce Grouse and Canada Jay.



Photo. by P. A. Taverner.

Fig. 4. Canada Porcupine.

The Transition Zone is agriculturally the most important Canadian faunal division. It lies just along the southern border, including most of both shores of the Bay of Fundy, Quebec below the Gulf of St. Lawrence, a narrow belt following the north shores of Lakes Ontario and Erie, all of the western prairies and intrusive valleys into the south of British Columbia and the shores of the Strait of Georgia. The name Transition well describes this fauna. It contains comparatively few dis-

tinctive species, but is where many northern and southern forms meet. Except in the prairies it is the country of the hardwood forests where many of the temperate and hardier fruits, vegetables and cereals reach their highest perfection and is the northern limit of some of the tenderer ones. Its southern limit lies in the United States below, striking almost squarely across the continent on a line with the lower points of the Great Lakes, with excursions southward along the mountain ranges east and west and penetrated by extensions of the Upper

Austral fauna along warm lowland valleys in the west. It forms the northern limit of range of the Cotton-tail and Jack-Rabbits and the American Elk, and is just touched upon by the Varying Hare from the north; the Common Mole of the south meets the Star-nosed and Brewers Mole of the north and the Wild Cat partially replaces the Canada Lynx. Amongst birds, the Wild Turkey, Bob-white, two Cuckoos, Towhee, Wood Thrush and Yellow-Vireo are at the northern limit of their ranges, and the Baltimore Oriole, Bluebird, Catbird and Bobolink overlap the solitary Vireo and Wilsons Thrush.

The Upper Austral Zone in Canada is small in area but important in production. It just crosses our borders in a narrow shore belt along Lake Erie extending to the south side of Lake Ontario including the Niagara Peninsula. It forms the famous Ontario fruit belt and is comparatively strongly marked by quite a number of characteristic forms especially amongst plants. It extends south as far as the northern borders of the Gulf States, variously dotted and cut into by intrusive branches of the neighbouring faunas from either side, especially in the broken country of the west.

There are not many peculiar mammals that are well known to the general public, and perhaps the Opossum is the most distinctive. Among birds we have the Yellow-breasted Chat, Mockingbird, Carolina Wren, Carolina Chickadee, Orchard Oriole, Barn Owl, a number of distinctive southern warblers and southern subspecific forms allied to more northern variations.



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Fig. 5. Chipmunk.

These make the latitudinal or thermal divisions of our faunal life. Outside of the species mentioned are numerous forms that extend over the whole area, but show in different zones variations recognizable to the expert but stopping short of specific distinction. A good example is the Hairy Woodpecker. This bird breeds over all the wooded parts of North America, but the birds from the Lower Austral zone are quite separable by the trained eye from those of the Upper Austral and Tran-

sition and these from the large northern form of the Hudsonian. This is but one case of many where a northern and a southern race exist in the same species and which we designate subspecies. Some of these geographical races are so slightly differentiated as to require an expert to separate them while others are marked and striking. The critical difference between a full species and a subspecies is the fact that the latter intergrade and blend into each other gradually. With species the break between is sudden, and intermediates do not occur.

With this zonal distribution and a variation of life groups depending basically upon temperature, we have another system of distribution east and west, depending largely upon physical conditions of habitat—the arrangement of land and water or mountain ranges forming barriers

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or highways of migration and leading certain forms in certain directions while barring them from others—and the comparative rainfall and humidity of climate. This has a primary direct influence upon the forms of life we are considering, as well as a secondary and indirect one through the plants and insects which give them food or shelter.

The principal divisions east and west are divided by the Rocky mountains, which successfully cut the Pacific coast off from close contact with eastern forms. This great backbone of the continent extends in a northwesterly direction and forms the political boundary between Alberta and British Columbia. An extension of this line until it strikes the centre of the main Alaska-Yukon boundary roughly approximates the dividing line of the east and west faunas, leaving a triangular patch to the west including British Columbia, southern Yukon and southern Alaska as the western or mountain fauna, and cutting through three of the trans-continental zones, the Transition, Canadian and Hudsonian with fragments of the arctic on the higher elevations to the north.

The mountain district is characterized by an abundant rainfall, a high average humidity and a greatly diversified and rugged topography, forming a succession of mountain ranges with deep valleys between, paralleling the coast, facilitating intercommunication in this direction but obstructing it from east to west. These topographical conditions continue to the south well into Mexico and enforce migration routes and conditions and associations more or less isolated. The marked humidity of the climate, especially near the coast, also causes or encourages special physiological changes in numerous organisms tending as a rule to produce larger size and browner or richer colouration. These differences in physical conditions and the isolation formed by the barrier mountains have produced a great number of forms peculiar to the trans-mountain district. In fact, comparatively few species, either of birds or animals, extend across the mountains from the east unmodified, and the native population can be divided into three heads: subspecific variations of eastern forms, species confined to the area and forms of evident mountain origin but spreading from them a certain distance eastward. Typical amongst the first may be mentioned the Moose and Woodland -Caribou, the Oregon subspecies of the Ruffed Grouse, Harris', Rocky-Mountain and Gairdner's Woodpeckers, Northwest Flicker, Dusky and Streaked Horned Larks, many forms of the warblers and sparrows and others.

Of full species confined to this fauna are: Douglas Squirrel, Blacktailed Deer, Pica, Yellow-bellied Marmot, Bushy-tailed Wood Rat, Little Stripped Skunk or Spilogale, Blue and Franklin's Grouse, Bandtailed Pigeon, Red-breasted and Williamson's Sapsucker, Stellar's Jay, Black and Vaux Swift, Black-chinned and Rufus Hummingbirds, Clark's Nutcraker, Northwestern Crow, Dipper, Chestnut-backed Chickadee, Varied Thrush and others. Of forms typical of the mountains but spreading a little way east are: Hoary Marmot, Mule Deer, Grizzly Bear, Red-naped Sapsucker, Lewis's Woodpecker, Red-shafted Flicker, Hammond's and Wright's Flycatcher, Black headed Grosbeak and many more.



Photo by P. A. Taverner.

Fig. 6. American Sparrow Hawk (female).

The Eastern fauna is comparatively homogeneous across the continent in a diagonal direction from the Atlantic coast to Alaska, with but slight variation in physical aspect, except in the prairie region of the central west. It is a country of low, even topography with good rainfall and covered with a uniform forest of little variety except such as is due to latitude and zonal distribution, but into it project the upper limits of the Great Plains characterized by great dryness, near-desert conditions and almost an entire absence of trees. penetrates the moist continental fauna as a semicircular extension of the Transition Zone, its chord on the international boundary extending from the eastern Manitoban line to the mountains and north to Edmonton and Prince Albert.

The general tendency of this prairie fauna is towards small size

and pale bleached colouration. Such species as are characteristic of it are those like the Prong-Horn Antelope, Bison, Coyote, Gopher, Prairie Chicken, Sage Hen, Burrowing Owl, Leconte's Sparrow, and Lark Bunting whose open country requirements debar them from wooded land. The remainder of its fauna is similar to that of the eastern country but generally subspecifically differentiated from it through the dryer climate and desert-like conditions. Some species that can be exampled under this division are Western Horned Owl, Say's Phœbe, Desert Horned Lark, Pale Goldfinch, Western Clay-coloured Sparrow, Dacotah Song Sparrow, Prairie Marsh Wren, etc.

The true Eastern fauna, though generally similar from the far northwest to the Altantic coast, does show a slight tendency to variation north of these plains, but the influence is slight and in broad treatment can be disregarded. Many species extend unmodified throughout the area, or when modification occurs it can usually be attributed to either thermal differences or the influence of the closely allied neighbouring prairie forms it comes into contact with in migration or on its edges. In general, most of the subspecific forms mentioned as prairie or western are represented by type subspecies in this great eastern fauna, which is perhaps the typical fauna of Canada and which gives distinctive character to our biotal resources.

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ILLUSTRATIONS.

The illustrations of the preceding article are from photographs furnished by the Geological Survey of the Department of Mines, Ottawa. Fig. 1, Willow Ptarmigan in the Mountains of British Columbia, is a species representative of extreme arctic conditions extending south from the mountain tops. Fig. 2, Gannet or Solan Goose, is a maritime species illustrating the close relationship between Europe and America; it inhabits both sides of the North Atlantic. Fig. 3, Moose in the Rocky Mountain National Park, Banff, is a species illustrating the life of the woodland areas of the Canadian Zone from New Brunswick in the east to the interior of Alaska. Fig. 4, Canadian Porcupine, is a large rodent of the Canadian Zone woodlands. Its quills are much used by the Indians in embroidery of birch bark and other crafts. Fig. 5, Chipmunk, is a common rodent of the eastern Transition and Canadian Zones and southward. To the west it is replaced by closely allied forms. Fig. 6, American Sparrow Hawk (female), is a common species ranging right across the continent throughout the wooded and prairie areas and southward.

III.—AREA AND POPULATION.

Area by Provinces and Territories.—Table 1 shows the total area of the Dominion in land and water and the distribution into provinces and territories:

1.-Land and Water Area of Canada by Provinces and Territories.

Provinces.	Land.	Water.	Total Land and water.
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba Saskatchewán Alberta. British Columbia Yukon. Northwest Territories	21,068 27,911	sq. miles. 360 74 15,969 41,382 19,906 8,318 2,360 2,439 649 34,298	sq. miles. 2,184 21,428 27,985 706,834 407,262 251,832 251,700 255,285 355,855 207,076 1,242,224
Total	3,603,910	125,755	3,729,665

The water area is exclusive of Hudson Bay, Ungava Bay, the Bay of Fundy, the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and all other tidal waters, excepting that portion of the River St. Lawrence which is between Pointedes-Monts in Saguenay and the foot of Lake St. Peter in Quebec.

Increase of Population.—According to the corrected returns of the fifth Census, the total population on June 1, 1911, was 7,206,643, representing an increase of 1,835,328 since the previous Census of April 1, 1901. For the period covered, the rate of increase, viz., 34.17 p.c., is the largest in the world, and is due to the heavy tide of immigration which set in with the beginning of the present century. The countries next in order, in respect of the percentage rates of increase during the same decade, are: New Zealand 30.5, the United

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States 21, Germany 15.2, Holland 14.8, Switzerland 13.2, Denmark 12.6, Belgium 10.9, Austria 9.3, United Kingdom 9.1, Hungary 8.5, Sweden 7.5, Italy and Norway 6.8 and France 1.6. Ontario and Quebec continue to be the most largely populated of the nine provinces, the former having 2,523,274 and the latter 2,003,232 inhabitants. None of the other provinces has yet reached half a million; but Saskatchewan has the third largest population with 492,432. All the provinces show an increase since 1901, excepting Prince Edward Island, where the population has decreased by 9,531, or 9.23 p.c. The Yukon and Northwest Territories, with relatively sparse populations, show decreases as compared with 1901. The greatest relative increase is in the western provinces, especially in Saskatchewan and Alberta. The population of Saskatchewan, 492,432, as compared with 91,279 in 1901, shows an increase of 401,153, or over 439 p.c. Alberta has grown from 73,022 in 1901 to 374,663 in 1911, an increase of 301,641, or 413 p.c. Manitoba, 455,614, shows an increase of 200,403 from 255,211, or 78.5 p.c., and British Columbia one of 213,823, or over 119 p.c., the population having grown from 178,657 in 1901 to 392,480 in 1911.

Average Density.—The average density of the population works out to 1.93 per square mile, calculated upon the total of 3,729,665 square miles, as shown in Table 1. This figure may be compared with the density per square mile of other new countries, as, for instance, the United States 30.69, the Argentine Republic 5.99, the Commonwealth of Australia 1.53, the Dominion of New Zealand 9.63 and Newfoundland 1.47. Prince Edward Island has a density of 42.91, Nova Scotia of 22.98, New Brunswick of 12.61, Ontario of 9.67, Manitoba of 6.18 and Quebec of 5.69. The other three provinces, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, are each below 2 per square mile.

2.—Population of Canada by Provinces and Territories in the years 1871-81-91-1901-11.

Provinces.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Northwest Territories Totals for Canada	94,021 387,800 285,594 1,191,516 1,620,851 25,228 - 36,247 - 48,000 3,689,257	108,891 440,572 321,233 1,359,027 1,926,922 62,260 49,459 56,446 4,324,810	109,078 450,396 321,263 1,488,535 2,114,321 152,506 98,173 98,967 4,833,239	103,259 459,574 331,120 1,648,898 2,182,947 255,211 91,279 73,022 178,657 27,219 20,129	93,728 492,338 351,889 2,003,232 2,523,274 455,614 492,432 374,663 392,480 8,512 18,481

POPULATION.

3.-Population of Canada by Provinces and Territories in 1871 and 1911 and increase in each decade from 1871 to 1911.

	Popula-	Increase	in each d	Popula-	Increase		
Provinces.	tion	1871	1881	1891	1901	tion	1871
	in	to	to	to	to	in	to
	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1911.	1911.
Pr. Ed. Island.	94,021	14,870	187	-5,819	-9,531		-293
Nova Scotia	387,800	52,772	9,824	9,178	32,764	492,338	104,538
New Brunswick	285,594	35,639	30	9,857	20,769	351,889	66,295
Quebec	1,191,516	167,511	129,508	160,363	354,334	2,003,232	811,716
Ontario	1,620,851	306,071	187,399	68,626	340,327	2,523,274	902,423
Manitoba	25,228	37,032	90,246	102,705	200,403	455,614	430,386
Saskatchewan			-	91,279	401,153		492,432
Alberta	_	-	-	73,022	301,641	374,663	374,663
Brit. Columbia.	36,247	13,212	48,714	80,484	213,823	392,480	356,233
Yukon	- 1 1 - 1	-	-	27,219	-18,707	8,512	8,512
Northwest					ENGINEER!		
Territories	48,000	8,446	42,521	-78,838	-1,648	18,481	-29,519
Totals	3,689,257	635,553	508,429	538,076	1,835,328	7,206,643	3,517,386

4.—Population of Canada by Provinces and Territories, 1901 and 1911.

Provinces.	1901.	1911.	Increase.	Increase.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	103,259 459,574 331,120 1,648,898 2,182,947 255,211 91,279 73,022 178,657 27,219	492,338 351,889 2,003,232 2,523,274 455,614 492,432 374,663 392,480	32,764 20,769 354,334 340,327 200,403 401,153 301,641 213,823	-9.23 7.13 6.27 21.49 15.58 78.52 439.48 413.08 119.68 -68.73
Yukon Northwest Territories			-1,648	-8.18
Totals for Canada	5,371,315	7,206,643	1,835,328	34.17

5.-Area and Population of Canada in 1911 by Provinces and Districts and Population in 1901.

		Por	ULATION I	n 1911.	Contraction of the Contraction o	
Provinces and Districts.	Area in acres.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Per square mile.	Population in 1901.
CANADA	2,386,985,3951	3,821,995	3,384,648	7,206,643	1.93	5,371,315
Prince Edward Island. Kings Prince Queens	498,065	11,598 16,551	11,038 16,228	32,779	35.31 42.12	103,259 24,725 35,400 43,134

Note.—The totals of areas for Canada and the provinces and territories are as measured by a planimeter on the map, and embrace land and water; while those for districts are the totals of their respective subdistricts, and are land areas only, excepting, as may be indicated by footnotes, where large areas are unsurveyed and unoccupied.
Note.—The sign (-) denotes a decrease.

By map measurement.

AREA AND POPULATION.

Topulation in 1501 Coll.								
			POPULATIO	N IN 1911.		Popula-		
Provinces and	Area	200	-		Per	tion in		
Districts.	in acres.	Male.	Female.	Total.	square mile.	1901.		
Nova Scotia.	13,713,9201	251,019	241,319	492,338	22.98	459,574		
Annapolis	847,280	9,374	9,207	18,581	14.04	18,842		
Antigonish	355,840	5,915		11,962	21.51	13,617		
Cape Breton N.and	000,010	0,010	. 0,011	11,502	21.01	10,011		
Victoria	867,264	15,435	14,453	29,888	22.06	24,650		
Cape Breton S	462,016	28,853	24,499	53,352	73.90	35,087		
Colchester	928,640	11,746	11,918	23,664	16.31	24,900		
Cumberland	1,077,120	20,708	19,835	40,543	24.09	36,168		
Digby	640,000	10,206	9,961	20,167	20.17	20,322		
Guysborough	1,059,840	8,858		17,048	10.29	18,320		
Halifax City and	1,000,010	0,000	0,100	11,010	10.20	10,020		
County	1,358,960	40,061	40,196	80,257	37.80	74,662		
Hants	786,560	10,016	9,687	19,703	16.03	20,056		
Inverness	910,600	13,079	12,492	25,571	18.15	24,353		
Kings	552,960	10,995	10,785	21,780	25.21	21,937		
Lunenburg	769,280	17,121	16,139	33,260	27.67	32,389		
Pictou	719,360	18,213	17,645	35,858	31.90	33,459		
Richmond	312,960	6,828	6,445	13,273	27.14	13,515		
Shelburne & Queens	1,294,387	12,261	11,950	24,211	11.97	24,428		
Yarmouth	549,604	11,350	11,870	23,220	27.04	22,869		
	010,001	11,000	11,0.0	20,220		22,000		
New Brunswick	17,910,4001	179,867	172,022	351,889	12.61	331,120		
Carleton	838,785	11,034	10,412	21,446	16.36	21,621		
Charlotte	821,376	10,774	10,373	21,147	16.48	22,415		
Gloucester	1,196,676	16,588	16,074	32,662	17.47	27,936		
Kent	1,137,931	12,435	11,941	24,376	13.71	23,958		
Kings and Albert	1,345,110	15,470	14,815	30,285	14.41	32,580		
Northumberland	3,033,985	16,150	15,044	31,194	6.58	28,548		
Restigouche	2,092,595	8,434	7,253	15,687	4.80	10,536		
St. John City and								
County	394,163	26,082	27,490	53,572	86.98	51,759		
Sunbury and Queens	1,618,742	8,986	8,130	17,116	6.77	16,906		
Victoria and Mada-	0.150 540	15 000	10 100	00,000	0.00	01 100		
waska	2,153,549	15,086	13,136	28,222	8.39	21,136		
Westmorland	922,993	22,703	21,918	44,621	30.94	42,060		
York	2,307,367	16,125	15,436	13,561	8.75	31,620		
Quebec.	225,198,5611	1,011,502	991,730	2,003,232	5.69	1,648,898		
Argenteuil	501,355	8,657	8,109	16,766	21.43	16,407		
Bagot	221,530	9,135	9,071	18,206	52.60	18,181		
Beauce	1,210,266	26,035	25,364	51,399	27.18	43,129		
Beauharnois	94,105	10,640	10,162	20,802	141.47	21,732		
Bellechasse	417,690	10,632	10,509	21,141	32.39	18,706		
Berthier	1,403,359	9,950	9,922	19,872	9.06	19,980		
Bonaventure	2,216,550	14,379	13,731	28,110	8.12	24,495		
Brome	312,422	6,871	6,345	13,216	27.07	13,397		
Chambly and Ver-						The same of		
cheres	215,680	14,327	14,388	28,715	85.21	24,318		
Champlain	6,353,248	23,293		42,758	4.31	32,015		
Charlevoix	1,455,034	10,649	9,988	20,637	9.08	19,334		
Chateauguay	169,779	6,647	6,675	13,322	50.22	13,583		
Chicoutimi and				05.7				
Saguenay	87,795,034	32,729	30,612	63,341	0.46	48,291		
1Der mon moogra		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	THE STATE OF THE S					

¹By map measurement.

POPULATION.

			Populatio	N IN 1911	1.	
Provinces and Districts.	Area in acres.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Per square mile.	Popula- tion in 1901.
Quebec-con.		Wall Yall				
Compton	920,986	15,655	13,975	29,630	20.59	26,460
Dorchester	602,624	12,930	12,166	25,096		21,007
Drummond and Ar-	one to the		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		20.00	21,001
thabaska	766,607	21,233	20,357	41,590	34.72	38,999
Gaspé	2,912,941	18,195	16,806	35,001	7.69	30,683
Hochelaga	1,784	36,707	38,342	75,049		56,919
Huntingdon	231,200	6,707	6,533	13,240	36.65	13,979
Jacques-Cartier	73,803	32,737	32,286	65,023	563.86	26,168
Joliette	1,928,640	11,841	12,070	23,911	7.93	22,255
Kamouraska	664,006	10,619	10,269	20,888	20.13	19,099
Labelle	2,456,052	21,131	19,220	40,351	10.52	32,901
Laprairie and	00.00	N. F. BELL		THE REAL PROPERTY.		
Napierville	204,288	9,937	9,398	19,335	60.57	19,633
L'Assomption	157,854	7,577	7,587	15,164	61.48	13,995
Laval	95,287	15,370	14,607	29,977	201.34	19,743
Lévis	173,977	14,319	14,594	28,913	106.35	26,210
L'Islet	494,596	8,538	7,897	16,435	21.27	14,439
Lotbinière	464,895	11,144	11,014	22,158	30.50	20,039
Maisonneuve	6,338	85,577	85,401	170,978	17,265.27	65,178
Maskinonge	1,881,600	8,265	8,244	16,509	5.62	15,813
Megantic	499,304	16,439	14,875	31,314	40.14	23,878
Missisquoi	240,140 2,698,120	8,893	8,573	17,466	46.55	17,339
Montcalm	403,286	7,066	6,796 8,627	13,862 17,356	3.30	13,001
Montmagny Montmorency	1,367,654	8,729 6,606	6,609	13,215	27.54 6.18	14,757 12,311
Montreal-Ste. Anne	829	11,402	10,274		16,738.22	23,368
Montreal-	023	11,102	10,211	21,010	10,100.22	20,000
St. Antoine	1,062	23,709	24,929	48,638	29,317.66	47,653
Montreal-	1,002	20,100	21,020	10,000	20,011.00	17,000
St. Jacques	438	22,028	22,029	44 057	64,410.82	42,618
Montreal-	200	22,020	22,020	11,00.	07,110.02	12,010
St. Laurent	544	27,637	28,223	55.860	65,717.65	48,808
Montreal-						
Ste. Marie	621	27,282	27,628	54,910	56,608.25	40,631
Nicolet	400,690	15,077	14,978	30,055	48.01	27,209
Pontiac	12,747,098	15,634	13,782	29,416	1.48	25,722
Portneuf	952,832	15,336	15,193	30,529	20.51	27,159
Quebec Centre	824	9,522	12,141	21,663	16,793.02	20,366
Quebec East	594	22,457	24,972		51,108.83	39,325
Quebec West	503	4,370	5,248		12,236.64	9,149
Quebec County	1,746,239	12,858	12,986	25,844	9.48	22,101
Richelieu	141,602	10,332	10,354	20,686	93.50	19,518
Richmond and		20. 202	10.001	00 401	20.00	04.105
Wolfe	783,565	20,230	19,261	39,491	32.26	34,137
Rimouski	3,574,468	26,491	24,999	51,490	9.22	40,157
Rouville	155,505	6,609	6,522	13,131	54.12	13,407
St. Hyacinthe	177,671	10,633	11,709	22,342	80.48	21,543
St. John and Iber-	257 024	11 069	10,820	21,882	54.29	20,679
ville	257,934	11,062 12,145		23,976	42.27	23,628
Shefford	363,008	11,648	11,831 11,563	23,211	97.69	18,426
Sherbrooke	152,064 87,111	4,640	4,760	9,400	69.06	9,928
Soularges	01,111	7,010	1,100	0,100	00.00	7,020

AREA AND POPULATION.

THE HELDER			Population	n in 1911.		2
Provinces and Districts.	Area in acres.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Per square mile.	Population in 1901.
Quebec-con.				- 5		
Stanstead	276,786	10,301	10,464	20,765	48.03	
Temiscouata	1,155,961 500,366	18,650	17,780	36,430 29,018	20.17 37.12	29,185 26,816
Terrebonne Three Rivers and	500,500	14,592	14,426	29,010	37.12	20,010
St. Maurice	1,643,552	18,203	17,950	36,153	14.08	29,311
Two Mountains	178,725	7,002	6,866	13,868	49.66	14,438
Vaudreuil	128,414	5,585	5,454	11,039	55.02	10,445
Wright	1,553,711	24,771	23,561	48,332	19.91	42,830
Yamaska	233,578	9,805	9,706 734	19,511	53.46	20,564 2,405
Quebecunorganized		1,332	754	2,066		2,400
Ontario	166,951,6361	1,299,290	1,223,984	2,523,274	9.67	2,182,947
Algoma E	31,433,370	28,938	15,690	44,628	0.91	25,211
Algoma W	14,248,389	17,948	10,804	28,752	1.29	17,894
Brant	213,905	9,735 13,750	9,524	19,259	57.62 306.44	18,273 19,867
Brantford Brockville	55,592 175,919	8,990	12,867 9,541	26,617 18,531	67.42	18,721
Bruce N.	608,608	12,166	11,617	23,783	25.00	
Bruce S	447,655	13,284	12,965	26,249	37.53	31,596
Carleton	416,558	14,762	13,644	28,406	43.64	
Dufferin	356,248	9,229		17,740	31.87	21,036
Dundas	245,199	9,048		18,165	47.43	
Durham Elgin E	402,549 232,014	13,617 9,002	12,794 8,595	26,411 17,597	42.00 48.54	
Elgin W	228,849	13,469	13,246	26,715	74.72	25,685
Elgin W Essex N	153,133	19,497	18,509	38,006	158.84	28,789
Essex S	299,222	15,070	14,471	29,541	63.18	
Frontenac	1,021,380	11,492	10,452	21,944		
Glengarry	305,660	10,608		21,259		22,131 21,021
Grenville	296,209 440,356	8,479 10,145	9,066 9,505			23,663
Grey N	286,784	13,778	13,213		60.23	
Grey S		9,725	9,525	19,250	33.67	21,053
Haldimand	313,203	11,045	10,517	21,562	44.18	21,233
Halton	232,120	11,535	10,673	22,208	61.23	
Hamilton E	1,724	20,989		39,793	1,053.08	24,000 28,634
Hamilton W Hastings E	2,266 826,504	18,644 13,075		37,279 24,978		
Hastings W.	660,205	15,437	15,388	30,825	29.89	31.348
Huron E	274,073	8:090	8.199	16,289	38.04	19,227
Huron S	298,535	9,764	9,744	19,508		22,881
Huron W	256,455	8,452				
Kent E	265,336	12,137	11,561 15,883	23,698 32,297	57.16 64.21	25,328 31,866
Kent W	321,963	16,414 9,825		20,660		
Kingston Lambton E	2,266 351,140	11,267	10,956		40.51	26,919
Lambton W	368,363	14,901	14,208	29,109	50.58	
Lanark, N Lanark S	362,641	7,018	7,606	14,624	25.82	
Lanark S	365,666	9,904		19,751	34.57	19,996
LeedsLennox and Adding-	399,876	9,157	9,065	18,222	29.14	19,254
ton		10,131	10,255	20,386	17.42	23,346
1Ry man maggi		. 20,101	10,200	20,000		

¹By map measurement.

POPULATION.

Provinces and	Area		POPULATIO	on in 191	1.	Popula-
Districts.	in acres.				Per	tion in
No. of the last of the last		Male.	Female.	Total.	square	1901.
					mile.	
Ontario-con.			•			
Lincoln	212,739	17,902	17,527	35,429	106.58	30,552
London	4,252	21,901	24,399	46,300		37,976
Middlesex E	264,718	10,666	10,148	20,814	50.32	20,228
Middlesex N	279,332	7,011	6,726	13,737		16,419
Middlesex W	242,994	8,164	8,050	16,214	42.70	18,079
Muskoka	1,014,650	11,204	10,029	21,233	13.39	20,901
Nipissing	20,206,767	43,284	30,846	74,130	2.35	28,349
Norfolk	405,927	13,702	13,408	27,110		29,177
NorthumberlandE.	280,737	10,307	9,620	19,927		20,495
NorthumberlandW.	170,007	6,356	6,609	12,965		13,055
Ontario N Ontario S	323,086 222,523	8,797 12,263	8,344	17,141		18,390
Ottawa City	3,043	34,790	11,602 38,403	23,865		22,018
Oxford N	262,756	12,691	12,386	25,077	15,396.21	57,640 25,644
Oxford S	226,554	11,355	10,939	22,294		22,760
Parry Sound	2,514,109	14,460	12,087	26,547	6.76	24,936
Peel	299,849	11,644	10,458	22,102	47.18	21,475
Peel Perth N	275,051	15,241	14,994	30,235	70.35	29,256
Perth S	262,281	9,677	9,270	18,947	46.23	20,615
Peterborough E	570,479	8,028	7,471	15,499	17.39	16,291
Peterborough W	354,437	12,936	13,215	26,151	47.23	20,704
Prescott	316,344	13,669	13,299	26,968		27,035
Prince Edward	249,853	8,448	8,702	17,150	43.93	17,864
Renfrew N	676,998	12,091	11,526	23,617	22.32	24,556
Renfrew S	1,052,770	14,209	13,643	27,852	16.93	27,676
Russell	447,152	20,188	19,246	39,434 35,294	56.44 66.67	35,166 29,845
Simcoe N	338,805 367,917	18,324 12,664	16,970 12,035	24,699	42.96	26,071
Simcoe S	357,508	12,621	12,439	25,060	44.86	26,399
Stormont	263,890	12,273	12,502	24,775	60.10	27,042
Thunder Bay and	200,000	12,2.0	10,000	- 2,	00.20	
Rainy River	46,450,167	42,293	24,956	67,249	0.93	28,987
Toronto Centre	651	27,550	25,575		52,083.33	43,861
Toronto E	2,198	33,888	35,024	68,912		40,194
Toronto N	1,867	24,499	31,970		19,338.70	40,886
Toronto S	2,917	24,312	19,644	43,956	9,639.47	38,108
Toronto W	3,144	51,593	53,698	105,291	21,444.20	44,991
Victoria	1,813,908	19,068	17,431	36,499	12.89	38,511
Waterloo N	174,849	16,616	17,003 14,513	33,619 28,988	123.06 119.47	27,124 25,470
Waterloo S	155,271 247,849	14,475 22,272	19,891	42,163	108.87	31,588
Welland	371,496	11,366	10,926	22,292	38.40	26,120
Wellington S	280,882	16,265	15,935	32,200	75.36	29,526
Wentworth	289,257	17,724	16,910	34,634	76.63	26,818
York Centre	213,586	13,827	12,221	26,048	78.05	21,505
York N	275,554	11,456	10,959	22,415		22,419
York S	69,745	34,703	33,315	68,018	624.13	20,699
	1 400 000	050 050	007 770	APP 014	C 10	255 211
Manitoba.	47,188,2981	250,056	205,558	455,614	6.18	255,211
Brandon	$1,864,902^2$	22,127	17,607	39,734 44,000	13.64 2.14	25,047 22,631
Dauphin	$13,193,249^2 \\ 1,093,197^2$	24,384 12,304	19,616 11,197	23,501	13.76	24,736
Lisgar		T-4-1 1-1-1	11,101)	20,001	10.10	22,100

¹By map measurement. ²Total land area.

AREA AND POPULATION.

5.—Area and Population of Canada in 1911 by Provinces and Districts and Population in 1901—concluded.

		1	POPULATIO	N IN 1911.		Popula-
Provinces and Districts.	Area in acres.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Per square mile.	tion in 1901.
Manitoba—con.				b		- Auger
Macdonald	2,392,6122	19,984	15,857	35,841	9.59	23,866
Marquette	3,333,8892	18,829	14,769	33,598		20,431
Portage la Prairie.	1,754,4562	15,565	12,385	27,950		23,483
Provencher	3,610,6282	21,732	18,961	40,693		24,434
Selkirk	11,444,1712	28,879	24,212	53,091	2.97	24,021
Souris	2,469,2442	16,142	12,907	29,049	7.53	24,222
Winnipeg City	12,750	70,110	58,047	128,157	6,432.94	42,340
Saskatchewan.	161,088,000	291,730	200,702	492,432		91,279
Assiniboia	4,803,514	24,619	17,937	42,556		9,332
Battleford	34,889,994	28,734	18,341	47,075		6,171
Humboldt	7,489,8692	30,405	21,790	52,195		2,166
Mackenzie	5,404,8392	22,204	18,354	40,558		
Moosejaw	$21,664,196^2$	55,101	32,624	87,725		
Prince Albert	66,087,8032	20,847	15,472	36,319		
Qu'Appelle.,	$3,429,965^2$	20,053	15,555	35,608		17,178
Regina	5,075,6952	44,478	26,078	70,556		7,703
Saltcoats	2,687,6352	16,019		28,695		
Saskatoon	$4,230,970^{2}$	29,270	21,875	51,145	7.74	7,157
Alberta.	163,382,4001	223,989	150,674	374,663		73,002
Calgary	$3,671,520^{2}$	36,991	23,511	60,502		8,362
Edmonton	78,034,8862	34,567	22,478	57,045		
MacLeod	$6,020,634^2$	20,516	13,988	34,504		
Medicine Hat	$16,396,476^2$	43,724	26,882	70,606	2.75	10,804
Red Deer	13,977,4872	37,085	24,287	61,372	2.81	10,314
Strathcona	6,880,1552	28,536		49,473		12,345
Victoria	36,890,8432	22,570	18,591	41,161	0.71	10,518
British Columbia.	227,747,2001	251,619	140,861	392,480	1.09	178,657
Comox-Atlin	91,680,8862	30,969	11,294	42,263		21,457
Kootenay	$17,290,420^{2}$	33,974	16,798	50,772		31,962
Nanaimo	1,738,8802	20,124	11,698	31,822	11.71	22,293
New Westminster	$3,100,480^{2}$	35,906	19,773	55,679	11.50	
Vancouver City	417,2802	74,390	49,512	123,902		28,895
Victoria City	1,8942	19,089	12,571		10,695.95	20,919
Yale and Cariboo	111,956,5302	37,167	19,215	56,382	0.32	29,155
Yukon.	132,528,6401	6,508	2,004	8,512	0.041	27,219
N.W. Territories.	1,229,878,4001	9,346	9,135	18,481	0.010	20,129

Distribution of Urban Population.—In Tables 6-8 is shown the distribution of the urban population into cities, towns, and villages. There are now four cities in Canada with an aggregate population exceeding 100,000: Montreal (470,480), Toronto (376,538), Winnipeg (136,035) and Vancouver (100,401), as compared with only two in 1901: Montreal (267,730) and Toronto (208,040). There are three

¹By map measurement. ²Total land area.

POPULATION.

cities with populations in 1911 exceeding 50,000: Ottawa (87,062), Hamilton (81,969) and Quebec (78,710). Two towns with a population in 1911 exceeding 5,000, viz., North Vancouver, B.C. (8,196), and Cobalt, Ont. (5,638), were not in existence in 1901, whilst 14 other towns had no existence in 1891, viz., Regina (30,213), Edmonton (24,900), Maisonneuve (18,684), Fort William (16,499), Moosejaw (13,823), Saskatoon (12,004), Port Arthur (11,220), Lethbridge (8,050), North Bay (7,737), Thetford Mines (7,261), Prince Albert (6,254), Medicine Hat (5,608), Strathcona (5,579) and North Toronto (5,362).

Division of the population into urban and rural gives 3,280,964 of the former and 3,925,679 of the latter. The increase in the urban population is indeed one of the most striking facts revealed by the Census of 1911. Whilst during the decade 1901 to 1911 the rural population increased by 576,163, or 17,20 p.c., the increase in the urban population was 1,259,165, or at the rate of 62.28 p.c. In the Maritime Provinces and in Ontario the urban population increased at the expense of the rural, for the latter has actually declined since 1901, in Prince Edward Island by 10.81 p.c., in Nova Scotia by 7.26 p.c., in New Brunswick by 0.58 p.c. and in Ontario by 4.18 p.c. The urban population of these provinces increased during the same period by the following percentage ratios: Prince Edward Island 0.1, Nova Scotia 45.43, New Brunswick 28.81 and Ontario 41.93.

Table 8 analyses the urban population of Canada for each of the census years 1901 and 1911. It shows that, in 1911, of the total population of 7,206,643, not less than 2,354,131, or 32.70 p.c., were dwelling in cities or towns with a population exceeding 5,000, the total urban population being 3,280,964, or 45.53 p.c. of the entire population.

6.—Population of Cities and Towns having over 5,000 inhabitants in 1911, compared with 1871-81-91-1901.

Cities and Towns. Provinces.		Population.				
Montreal ¹ . Quebec	59,000	1881. 155,238 96,196 7,985 31,307	1891. 219,616 181,215 25,639 13,709 44,154	1901. 267,730 208,040 42,349 27,010 59,928	1911. 470,480 376,538 136,035 100,401 87,062	
Ottawa¹ Ontario. Hamilton¹ "Quebec. Quebec. Halifax Nova Scotia. London. Ontario. Calgary Alberta. St. John New Brunswick.	26,880 59,699 29,582 18,000	36,661 62,446	48,959	52,634 68,840 40,832 37,976	\$1,969 78,710 46,619 46,300 43,704 42,511	

Population of the city municipality.

AREA AND POPULATION.

6.—Population of Cities and Towns having over 5,000 inhabitants in 1911, compared with 1871-81-91-1901—con.

Cities and Towns.	Provinces.		Рори	LATION.		
		1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.
Victoria Regina	British Columbia Saskatchewan	3,270	5,925	16,841	20,919 2,249	31,660 30,213
Edmonton	Alberta	-		_	2,626	24,900
Brantford	Ontario	8,107	9,616	12,753	16,619	23,132
Kingston		12,407	14,091	19,263	17,961	18,874
Maisonneuve	Quebec	4,611	6,812	9,717	3,958 11,239	18,684 18,360
	Quebec	3,800	6,890	11,264	13,993	18,222
	Ontario	4,253	6,561	10,322	12,153	17,829
Sydney	Nova Scotia	-	1,480	2,427	9,009	17,723
Glace Bay	"	(1) (n (n)	-	2,459	6,945	16,562
Fort William	Ontario	4,432	7,227	10 110	3,633 11,765	16,499 16,405
Sherbrooke Berlin	QuebecOntario	2,743	4,054	10,110 $7,425$	9,747	15,196
Guelph		6,878	9,890	10,537	11,496	15,175
Westmount	Quebec	200	884	3,076	8.856	14,579
	Ontario	2,197	8,367	10,366	11,485	14,054
	Manitoba	Page 1	-	3,778	5,620 1,558	13,839 13,823
	Saskatchewan Quebec	7,570	8,670	8,334	9,981	13,691
New Westminster	Brit. Columbia	-	1,500	6,678	6,499	13,199
Stratford	Ontario	4,313	8,239	9,500	9,959	12,946
Owen Sound	<i>u</i>	3,369	4,426	7,497	8,776	12,558
St. Catharines	Saskatchewan	7,864	9,631	9,170	9,946 113	12,484 12,004
Verdun	Quebec		_	296	1,898	11,629
Moncton	New Brunswick	600	5,032	8,762	9.026	11,345
Port Arthur	Ontario		-	-	3,214	11,220
Charlottetown	P. E. Island	8,807	11,485	11,373	12,080	11,198
	Ontario	879 5,873	780 7,873	2,414 9,052	7,169 9,068	10,984 10,770
Chatham Lachine		1,696	2,406	3,761	5,561	10,699
Galt		3,827	5,187	7,535	7,866	10,299
Sarnia	"	2,929	3,874	6,692	8,176	9,947
Belleville		7,305	9,516	9,916	9,117	9,876
St. Hyacinthe	Quebec	3,746 1,800	5,321 3,906	7,016 5,515	9,210 11,055	9,797 9,449
Valleyfield Brockville		5,102	7,609	8,791	8,940	9,374
Woodstock	«	3,982	5,373	8,612	8,833	9,320
Niagara Falls		-	2,347	3,349	5,702	9,248
Amherst	Nova Scotia	- 000	2,274	3,781	4,964	8,973
Sorel	Quebec Brit. Columbia	5,636	5,791 1,645	6,669 4,595	7,057 6,130	8,420 8,306
North Vancouver.			1,010	7,000	0,100	8,196
Lethbridge	Alberta	_	-	1	2,072	8,050
North Bay	Ontario	-	-		2,530	7,737
St. Boniface	Manitoba	- A	1,283	1,553	2,019	7,483
Sydney Mines	Nova Scotia Quebec	6,691	2,340 7,597	2,442 7,301	3,191 7,783	7,470 7,452
Oshawa	Ontario	3,185	3,992	4,066	4,394	7,436
Thetford Mines	Quebec	-	- 0,002	-,500	3,256	7,261
Fredericton		6,006	6,218	6,502	7,117	7,208
	WALLEY DELECTION		the Hall			74

POPULATION.

6.—Population of Cities and Towns having over 5,000 inhabitants in 1911, compared with 1871-81-91-1901—concluded.

	Provinces.	POPULATION.					
Cities and Towns.		1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	
Lindsay Orillia. Fraserville. Yarmouth. Cornwall. Barrie. New Glasgow. Smiths Falls. Joliette. Prince Albert. Kenora. Truro. St. Johns. Portage la Prairie Chicoutimi. Spring Hill. Cobalt. Pembroke. Medicine Hat Strathcona. North Sydney.	Saskatchewan Ontario Nova Scotia Quebec Manitoba Quebec Nova Scotia Ontario Alberta " Nova Scotia Ontario " " "	1,110 5,114 4,442	1,935 900 - 2,820 - 1,520 1,870 5,581	5,042 4,829	1,852 1,863 4,188 4,239	5,418 5,362 5,318 5,092 5,074	

7.—Population of Incorporated Towns and Villages having 1,000 to 5,000 inhabitants in 1911 and corresponding figures for 1901.

	Population.			POPULATION.	
Towns and Villages.	1901.	1911.	Towns and Villages.	1901.	1911.
Prince Edward Island. Summerside Nova Scotia. Westville	2,875 1,140 3,417	1,089	Nova Scotia —con. Pictou. Parrsboro. Bridgewater. Inverness. Lunenburg. Dominion.	3,391 2,203 2,916 1,546	2,856 2,775 2,719 2,681 2,589
Stellarton	2,335	3,910	Kentville		

AREA AND POPULATION.

7.—Population of Incorporated Towns and Villages having 1,000 to 5,000 inhabitants in 1911 and corresponding figures for 1901—con.

1 77:11	POPULATION.		(D. 1 X/:11	Population.	
Towns and Villages.	1901.	1911.	Towns and Villages.	1901.	1911.
Nova Scotia—con.			Quebec—con.		
	1 090	1 707	I had a second of the second of		0.954
Antigonish	1,838	1,787	Jonquieres	9 140	2,354 $2,233$
Trenton	1,274	1,749	Windsor Mills	2,149 783	2,233
Canso	1,479 $1,412$	1,617 1,458	AsbestosSt. Pierre aux Liens	505	2,224
Wolfville	1,412	1,435		2,057	$\frac{2,201}{2.175}$
ShelburneOxford.	1,285	1,392	Richmond, Mont Joli	822	2,141
Wedgeport	1,026	1,392	Ste. Thérèse	1,541	2,120
Digby	1,150	1,247	Ste. Anne de Beaupré	847	2,066
Port Hood	550	1,078	St. Jérôme de Matane	1,176	2,056
Annapolis Royal	1,019	1,019	Ste. Agathe	1,073	2,020
Louisburg	1,046	1,006	Beauharnois	1,976	2,015
Doubbarg	1,010	2,000	Terrebonne	1,822	1,990
New Brunswick.			Iberville	1,512	1,905
AND THE PARTY OF A PAR			Waterloo	1,797	1,886
Chatham	4,868	4,666	St. Laurent	1,390	1,860
Woodstock	3,644	3,856	Baie St. Paul	1,408	1,857
Campbellton	2,652	3,817	Pointe Gatineau	1,583	1,751
Newcastle	2,507	2,945	L'Assomption	1,605	1,747
St. Stephen	2,840	2,836	Roberval	1,248	1,737
Sackville	1,444	2,039	Drummondville	1,450	1,725
Sussex	1,398	1,906	Montmorency	-	1,717
Marysville	1,892	1,837	Beauceville	-	1,677
Edmundston	444	1,821	Louiseville	1,565	1,675
Milltown	2,044	1,804	St. Raymond	1,272	1,653
Dalhousie	862	1,650	D'Israeli	1,018	1,606
Shediac	1,075	1,442	St. Gabriel de Brandon.	1,199	1,602
Grand Falls	644	1,280	Lorette	1,555	1,588
Dorchester	1,246	1,080	Marieville	1,306	1,587
			Plessisville	1,586	1,559
Quebec.			Beloeil	702	1,501
Out of the same of	1 140	1 000	St. Vincent de Paul	1,462	1,492
Outremont	1,148 2,511	4,820 4,783	Ste. RoseArthabaskaville	1,154	1,480 1,458
Grand'Mere	3,773	4,750	Malbaie	826	1,449
GranbyShawinigan Falls	2,768	4,265	St. Joseph (Beauce)	1,117	1,440
Lauzon	3,416	3,978	St. Tite	991	1,438
Magog	3,516	3,978	Bedford	1,364	1,432
Longueuil	2,835	3,972	Ste. Anne de Bellevue	1,343	1,416
Buckingham	2,936	3,854	St. Joseph (Richelieu)	647	1,416
Farnham	3,114	3,560	St. George	544	1,410
St. Jerome	3,619	3,473	Acton Vale	1,175	1,402
St. Lambert	1,362	3,344	Grenville	495	1,383
Coaticook	2,880	3,165	Pierreville	1,108	1,363
Aylmer	2,291	3,109	Grande Baie	-	1,355
Rimouski	1,804	3,097	Berthier	1,364	1,335
Victoriaville	1,693	3,028	Danville	1,017	1,331
La Tuque	-	2,934	Sault au Recollet	920	1,311
Black Lake	1,316	2,645	Huntingdon	1,122	1,265
Montmagny	1,919	2,617	Bromptonville	1 100	1,239
Nicolet	2,225	2,593	Lennoxville	1,120	1,211
Lachute	2,022	2,407	Lac au Saumon		1,171
Lake Megantic	1,883	2,399 2,388	Pointe aux Trembles	1,213	1,167
Laprairie	1,451	2,308	Deschaillons	1,415	1,101

7.—Population of Incorporated Towns and Villages having 1,000 to 5,000 inhabitants in 1911 and corresponding figures for 1901—con.

Towns and Villages.	Popul	ATION.	Towns and Villages.	Popul	ATION.
Towns and vinages.	1901.	1911.	Towns and vinages.	1901.	1911.
Quebec—con.			Ontario—con.	Saligny	
Laurentides	934	1,128	Leamington	2,451	2,652
Boucherville	940	1,097	Walkerton	2,971	2,601
Amqui		1,070	Amherstburg	2,222	2,560
Waterville	576	1,054	Blind River	2,656 3,023	2,558 $2,452$
MassonBaie de Shawinigan	1,012	1,034 1,024	Almonte	1,643	2,372
St. Remi	1,080	1,021	Hespeler	2,457	2,368
Papineau	772	1,015	Huntsville	2,152	2,358
Bagotville	507	1.011	Hanover	1,392	2,342
Dorval	481	1,005	Orangeville	2,511	2,340
Bienville	851	1,004	Alexandria	1,911	2,323
		la bat	Sandwich	1,450	2,302
Ontario.			Listowel	2,693	2,289
	4 200	4 200	Thorold	1,979	2,273
Ingersoll	4,573	4,763	Wiarton	2,443 2,547	2,266 $2,254$
Midland	3,174	4,663	Clinton	2,110	2,248
Goderich	4,158 4,152	4,522 4,405	Whitby Wingham	2,392	2,238
Arnprior	4,150	4,400	Sturgeon Falls	1,418	2,199
Waterloo	3,537	4,359	New Liskeard		2,108
Dundas	3,173	4,299	Aylmer	2,204	2,102
Sudbury	2,027	4,150	Deseronto	3,527	2,013
Paris	3,229	4,098	Seaforth	2,245	1,983
Trenton	4,217	3,988	Kincardine	2,077	1,956
Steelton		3,936	Ridgetown	2,405	1,954
Preston	2,308	3,883	Thessalon	1,205	1,945
Haileybury	-	3,874	Aurora	1,590	1,901 $1,875$
Renfrew	3,153	3,846	Weston	1,083 2,019	1,839
Gananoque	3,526	3,804	Mount Forest	1,119	1,831
Carleton Place	4,059 3,588	3,621 3,588	Portsmouth	1,827	1,786
Perth Penetanguishene	2,422	3,568	Elmira	1,060	1,782
Picton	3,698	3,564	Bridgeburg	1,358	1,770
Petrolia	4,135	3,518	Mitchell	1,945	1,766
Wallaceburg	2,763	3,438	Chesley	1,734	1,734
Parry Sound	2,884	3,429	Acton	1,484	1,720
Brampton	2,748	3,412	Cochrane	1 000	1,715
Rockland	1,998	3,397	Morrisburg	1,693	1,696
St. Marys	3,384	3,388	Southampton	1,636 1,710	1,685 1,670
Walkerville	1,579	3,302	Merritton	1.001	1,669
Simcoe	2,627	3,227	Grimsby	1,850	1,665
Eastview	776 2,500	3,169 3,082	Milton	1,372	1,654
Copper Cliff	2,300	3,051	Gravenhurst	2,146	1,624
Campbellford Newmarket	2,125	2,996	Port Colborne	1,253	1,624
Dunnville	2,105	2.861	Victoria Harbour	989	1,616
Strathroy	2,933	2,823	Fort Frances	697	1,611
Bowmanville	2,731	2,814	Georgetown	1,313	1,583
Meaford	1	2.811	Durham	1,422	1,581
Napanee	3,143	2,807	Rainy River	1.674	1,578
Prescott	3,019	2,801	Vankleek Hill	1,792	1,555
Bracebridge		2,776	Exeter	1,613	1,551
Tilsonburg	2,241	2,758	Dresden	1,010	2,000

7.—Population of Incorporated Towns and Villages having 1,000 to 5,000 inhabitants in 1911 and corresponding figures for 1901—con.

70	Popul	ATION.	70	Popul	ATION.
Towns and Villages.	1901.	1911.	Towns and Villages.	1901.	1911.
Ontario—con.			Manitoba—con.		
Fergus	1,396	1,534	Carman	1,439	1,271
Mattawa	1,400	1,524	Morden	1,522	1,130
Harriston	1,637	1,491	Emerson	840	1,043
New Hamburg	1,208	1,484	Killarney	585	1,010
Forest	1,553	1,445	Stonewall	589	1,005
Havelock	984 1,657	1,436 1,433	Saskatchewan.		
Kingsville	1,537	1,427	Yorkton	700	2,309
Lakefield	1,244	1,397	Weyburn	113	2,210
Blenhein	1,653	1.387	North Battleford	-	2,105
Mimico	403	1,373	Estevan	181	1,981
Tilbury	1,012	1,368	Swift Current	121	1,852
Tweed	1,168	1,368	Melville	-	1,816
Essex	1,391	1,353	Battleford	609	1,335
L'Orignal	1,026	1,347	Indian Head	768	1,285
Brighton	1,378	1,320	Rosthern	415	1,172
Niagara Parkhill	1,258 1,430	1,318 1,289	Moosomin	868	1,143
Alliston	1,256	1,279	Alberta.		
Keewatin	1,156	1,242	Wetaskiwin (city)	550	2,411
Port Elgin	1,313	1,235	Red Deer	323	2,118
Little Current	728	1,208	Macleod	796	1,844
Elora	1,187	1,197	Castor	-	1,659
Kemptville	1,523	1,192	Camrose	-	1,586
Eganville	1,107	1,189	Coleman		1,557
Port Dalhousie	1,125	1,152	Raymond	-	1,465
Port Perry	1,465	1,148	Stettler		1,444
Fort ErieWinchester	1,101	1,146 1,143	Taber	639	1,400 1,207
Port Dover	1,177	1,138	High River	153	1.182
Shelburne	1,188	1,113	Blairmore	239	1,137
Norwich	1,269	1,112	Lacombe	499	1,029
Cardinal	1,378	1,111	Vegreville	10 -	1,029
Hagarsville	1,020	1,106	Pincher Creek	335	1,027
Arthur	1,285	1,102	Dritich Columbia		
Beamsville	832	1,096	British Columbia.	F 070	A AMO
Watford	1,279	1,092	Nelson (city)	5,273	4,476
Waterford	1,122 1,157	1,083 1,058	Prince Rupert (city) Kamloops "	1,594	4,184 3,772
MadocFenelon Falls	1,132	1,053	Kamloops " Ladysmith "	746	3,295
Stayner	1,225	1,039	Fernie "	1,640	3,146
Stouff ville	1,223	1,034	Cranbrook "	1,196	3,090
Beaverton	855	1,015	Revelstoke "	1,600	3,017
Bobcaygeon	914	1,000	Rossland "	6,156	2,826
		THE STATE OF	Vernon "	802	2,671
Manitoba.		100	Kelowna	261	1,663
Colleinle	9 100	2,977	Chiliwack	277	1,657
Selkirk	2,188 1,135	2,815	Grand Forks "	1,012	1,577 1,460
Neepawa	1,418	1,864	Cumberland "	732	1,237
Souris	839	1,854		.02	1,207
Virden	901	1,550	Yukon.	19914	
Minnedosa	1,052	1,483	Dawson City	9,142	3,103

8.—Urban Population of Canada by Size Groups, 1901 and 1911.

In Cities and M		190	1.		1911.			
In Cities and Towns	Num-	Popula-		ent. of	Num-			ent. of
	ber of Places		Urban Pop.	Total Pop.	ber of Places	Popula- tion.	Urban Pop.	Total Pop.
Over 400,000 Between	-	_	-	-	1	470,480	14.34	6.53
300,000 and 400,000 200,000 and 300,000	2	475,770	23.53	8.86	1 -	376,538	11.48	5.22
100,000 and 200,000 50,000 and 100,000 25,000 and 50,000	3 5	181,402 188,869		$\frac{-}{3.38}$ $\frac{-}{3.52}$	3	236,436 247,741	7.55	3.28 3.44
15,000 and 25,000 10,000 and 15,000	3 8	55,499 95,266	2.75 4.71	1.03 1.77	6 13 18	241,007 237,551 221,322	7.35 7.24 6.74	3.34 3.30 3.07
5,000 and 10,000 3,000 and 5,000	37 50	275,919 190,789	9.44	5.14 3.55	46 60	323,056 226,212	9.85	4.48
1,000 and 3,000 500 and 1,000 Under 500	187 179	320,433 130,238 107,614	15.85 6.44 5.32	5.97 2.42 2.00	251 247	429,553 180,784	13.09 5.51	5.97
Total		2,021,799			_	90,284 3,280,964	2.75	1.25

9.—Rural and Urban Population of Canada in 1901 and 1911 by Provinces, and increase or decrease in the decade.

Provinces.	POPULAT	ion 1901.	POPULAT	ion 1911.	Increase or Decrease.		
Provinces.	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia. Yukon. Northwest Territories	88,304 330,191 253,835 992,667 1,246,969 184,738 73,729 52,399 88,478 18,077 20,129	129,383 77,285 656,231 935,978 70,473 17,550 20,623 90,179 9,142	306,210 252,342 1,032,618 1,194,785 255,249 361,067 232,726 188,796	186,128 99,547 970,614 1,328,489 200,365 131,365 141,937	-52,184 70,511 287,338 180,327 100,318	314,383 392,511 129,892 113,815 121,314 113,505 —5,277	
Canada	3,349,516	2,021,799	3,925,679	3,280,964	576,163	1,259,165	

10.—Rural and Urban Population of Canada by Provinces and Sexes, 1911.

		Ma	LES.	T swi	Females.				
Provinces.	Rural.	Urban.	Total.	Excess of Rural over Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	Total.	Excess of Rural over Urban,	
PrinceEdw'd Island	40,192	6,877	47,069	33,315	38,566	8,093	46,659	30,473	
Nova Scotia. New Bruns-	157,878	93,141	251,019		148,332		241,319		
wick Quebec	131,599 533,117	478,385	1,011,502		$\begin{array}{c} 120,743 \\ 499,501 \end{array}$				
Ontario Manitoba	639,850 141,912	108,144		33,768	113,337	92,221	$\substack{1,223,984 \\ 205,558}$	-114,114 21,116	
Saskatchew'n Alberta	212,522 140,781	79,208 83,298					$200,702 \\ 150,674$		
British Columbia	128,242	123,377	251,619				140,861	-19,753	
Yukon Northwest Territories	3,634 9,346	2,874	6,508 9,346	760 9,346			2,004 9,135		
Canada		1,682,922							

Note.—The sign minus (-) denotes a decrease.

Sex Ratios.—The male population of Canada was returned as 3,821,995 and the female as 3,384,648; so that the excess of males over females is 437,347, which is in the ratio of 1.13: 1,—an excess percentage of 13,—or of 130 males per 1,000 females. Reciprocally the number of females per 1,000 males is 886, the deficiency of females as compared with males being greater in Canada than probably in any other country. Amongst other countries showing a similar female deficiency per 1,000 males are Ceylon (888), the Dominion of New Zealand (896), the Commonwealth of Australia (926), the Union of South Africa (941), the United States (943) and India (953). Excepting India and Ceylon, where female infanticide has prevailed, the countries named are new, and the proportions are affected by immigration in which the male element predominates. In England and Wales the number of females per 1,000 males was 1,068 both in 1911 and 1901, and only Norway shows a greater proportion, viz., 1,069. In other European countries the number of females per 1,000 males is: Scotland 1,063, Denmark 1,061, Sweden 1,046, Austria 1,036, France 1,033 (in 1901), Switzerland 1,031, Germany 1,026, Holland 1,021, Hungary 1,019, Belgium 1,017, Italy 1,010 (in 1901) and Ireland 1,004.

The proportions by provinces in Canada are shown in Table 11 for the two census years 1901 and 1911. For the latter year the number

of females per 1,000 males for each province was: British Columbia 560, Manitoba 622, Alberta 673, Saskatchewan 688, Ontario 942, New Brunswick 956, Nova Scotia 961, Quebec 980 and Prince Edward Island 991. It will be seen that the disparity is especially marked in the western provinces.

Table 12 shows the percentage proportion of females to males in the rural and urban divisions of the population, respectively, for the census year 1911. Amongst the rural population the female element is in defect for Canada by 16.48 p.c., but amongst the urban population it is so by only 5.05 p.c. The defect is most marked in the western provinces. Of the urban population, in two out of the three Maritime provinces, in Quebec and in Ontario, there is actually an excess of the female population, such excess being as high as 17.68 p.c. in Prince Edward Island. But in the west the female deficiency is again apparent, though (except as regards Saskatchewan) not to the same extent as in the rural population.

11.-Population of Canada by Sexes, 1901 and 1911.

		1901.		1911.			
Provinces.	Males. Females.		Excess of Males.	Males.	Females.	Excess of Males.	
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Northwest Territories	138,504 49,431 41,019	162,481 824,444 1,086,307 116,707 41,848 32,003 64,497 4,135	6,158 10 10,333 21,797 7,583 9,016 49,663	47,069 251,019 179,867 1,011,502 1,299,290 250,056 291,730 223,989 251,619 6,508 9,346	241,319 172,022 991,730 1,223,984 205,558 200,702 150,674 140,861 2,004	9,700 7,845 19,772 75,306 44,498 91,028 73,315 110,758 4,504	
Canada	2,751,708	2,619,607	132,101	3,821,995	3,384,648	437,347	

NUMBER OF FEMALES PER 1,000 MALES.

Provinces.	1901.	1911.	Provinces.	1961.	1911.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Quebec Ontario Manitoba		991 961 956 980 942 622	Saskatchewan	847 780 565 179 978	688 673 560 308 977

12.—Ratio of Females to Males in Rural and Urban Divisions, 1911.

Provinces.	Rural.	Urban.	Provinces.	Rural.	Urban.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba	93.95 91.75 93.69	99.84 106.24 102.89 101.46	Saskatchewan	p.c. 69.90 65.31 47.22 30.35 97.74	70.58 65.00 34.48

13.—Conjugal Condition of the people of Canada, classified as single, married, widowed, divorced, legally separated and not given, by Provinces, Census of 1911.

		Males.										
Provinces.	Single.	Married.	Widow- ed.	Divorc- ed.	Legally separ- ated.	Not Given.	Total.					
Prince Edward Isl'd Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon N. W. Territories Canada	30,216 156,643 113,015 637,113 762,330 160,159 192,352 147,587 160,218 4,672 5,461 2,369,766	15,266 86,277 61,131 342,933 492,650 83,897 90,765 70,706 83,096 1,623 3,419	3,385 4,079 169 294	145	5 37 40 401 539 50 82 53 70 7 2	62 1,133 652 4,857 10,018 1,884 4,155 2,152 4,011 6 167 29,097	47,069 251,019 179,867 1,011,502 1,299,290 250,056 291,730 223,989 251,619 6,508 9,346					
	I FAIL		FEN	MALES.								
Provinces.	Single.	Married.	Widow- ed.	Divorc- ed.	Legally separated.	Not Given.	Total.					
Prince Edward Isl'd. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta.	28,162 139,958 101,288 608,366 672,923 118,669 112,387 83,026 71,585	60,069 334,564 468,186 78,751 82,189 62,710	16,440 10,380 46,658 78,407 7,260 5,556 4,509 6,178	36 37 169 227 38 34 37 87	10 55 42 511 693 82 55 60 69	62 822 206 1,462 3,548 758 481 332 1,583	46,659 241,319 172,022 991,730 1,223,984 205,558 200,702 150,674 140,861					
British Columbia Yükon N. W. Territories	834 4,688				4 3	108	2,004 9,135					

Foreign-born Population.—A special report issued by the Census and Statistics Office in 1915 gives the foreign-born population of Canada in 1911 as 752,732, which is 10.4 p. c. of the total population of 7,206,643. The report possessed special interest in consequence of the war, and Table 14, which is constructed from data contained therein, shows how the foreign-born population in Canada was distributed as

between the present hostile, allied and neutral countries.

Tables 15 to 19 show the numbers of the foreign-born population of Canada in 1911 under a variety of classifications as to sex, year of arrival, province, birth-place and citizenship. Table 20 shows the numbers of the foreign-born population in cities of 15,000 and over. Although numerically the numbers of the foreign-born in Montreal and Toronto are greater than in any of the western cities, yet the proportions are considerably smaller, being 9·2 p.c. for Montreal and 8·8 p.c. for Toronto, as compared with 27·6 p.c. for Vancouver, 24·2 p.c. for Winnipeg, 22·6 p.c. for Regina, 22·5 p.c. for Edmonton and over 20 p.c. for Calgary and Victoria.

14.—Distribution of Foreign-born Population as between Hostile, Allied and Neutral Countries, 1911.

Hostile countries.		Allied countrie	es.	Neutral countries.		
Austria-Hungary. Germany Turkey and Syria Bulgaria	39,577 4,768 1,666	Belgium France Italy Japan Russia Finland Rumania	17,619 34,739 8,425 89,984 10,987	China Denmark Iceland Norway and Sweden United States Other countries	27,083 4,937 7,109 49,194 303,680 15,568	
Total	167,441	Total	177,720	Total	407,571	

The immigration records show that for the fiscal years 1912 to 1915 78,999 Austro-Hungarians and 17,626 Germans have entered the country. No statistics of departures are available. Of the total of 752,732 foreign-born persons in Canada, in 1911, 470,927, or 62.6 p.c., were males and 281,805, or 37.4 p.c., were females, the males amongst the foreign-born of hostile countries being for Austria-Hungary 77,562, for Germany 39,577 and for Turkey and Syria 3,523. The total number of foreign-born who have become naturalized British subjects in Canada is 344,557, or nearly 46 p.c. of the total foreignborn. Persons born in the enemy countries, but who have become naturalized in Canada, number for Austria-Hungary 60,949, or 50 p.c., for Germany 23,283, or 59 p.c., and for Turkey and Syria 1,889, or 39 p.c. Of the total foreign-born population, 303,680 were born in the United States. Of this number 152,308 were naturalized and 151,372 were still alien. Of the immigrant population born in the United States 136,720 were of British, 1,804 were of Austro-Hungarian and 45,374 were of German origin. Of these numbers, 70,527 of British origin, 813 of Austro-Hungarian origin, and 21,362 of German origin were naturalized.

15.—Foreign-born Males, 21 years of age and over, by Citizenship and by Provinces, 1911.

And See Hills		Aggre	gate.	Na	turaliz	ed.	Alien.		
Provinces.	Total males foreign-born.	Num- ber.	Per cent of total males.	Num- ber.	Per cent of total males.	Per cent of males 21 and over.	Num- ber.	Per cent of total males.	Per cent of males 21 and over.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	473 6,679 4,396 42,647 94,952 54,027 96,781 87,780 80,500	161 4,451 2,755 29,822 74,026 38,679 65,345 59,799 68,963	66.64 62.67 69.93 77.96 71.59 67.52 68.12	1,518 1,255	22.72 28.55 30.58 22.14 40.41 34.63 30.52	62.73 34.10 45.55 43.73 28.40 56.44 51.29 44.79 17.67	60 2,933 1,500 16,780 53,004 16,848 31,827 33,012 56,775	43.92 34.12 39.35 55.82 31.18 32.89 37.60	55.21
Total ¹	468,235	344,001	73.48	131,262	28.03	38.16	212,739	45.45	61.84

¹Exclusive of Yukon and Northwest Territories with total males (2,692) of unreported years of immigration of whom 2,522 were 21 years of age and over. Of the latter only 27 were reported naturalized.

16.—Foreign-born Male Population of Canada, 21 Years of Age and over, by Birthplace and Citizenship, 1911.

Country of		21 years and over		Country of	Males 21 years of age and over.			
Birth.	Na- tural- ized.	Alien.	Total.	Birth.	Na- tural- ized.	Alien.	Total.	
Europe— Austria- Hungary Belgium Bulgaria and Rumania Denmark France. Germany Greece. Holland Italy Norway and Sweden Russia and Finland. Other.	23,846 1,674 1,400 4,023 4,624 12,001 353 536 4,232 11,722 18,478 1,008	2,451 3,201 2,199 4,607 8,632 1,628 1,230 20,141 17,930 27,540	4,125 4,601 6,222 9,231 20,633 1,981 1,766 24,373 29,652 46,018	Turkey Other Total, Asia United States Other Countries. Total, Foreign born 21 years and over		5,208 1,813 212 28,675 59,636 951	6,699 2,887 288 33,460 101,767 1,427	
Total, Europe	83,897	125,972	209,869				THE REAL PROPERTY.	

17. Foreign-born Population of Canada by Sex and Year of Arrival, 1911.

Year of Arrival.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
	No.	No.	No.	p.c.	p.c.
1909—June, 1911	202,159	136,000	66,159	67.3	32.7
1908	46,952	30,790	16,162	65.5	34.5
1907	55,947	35,768	20,179	63.9	36.1
1906	55,466	34,649	20,817	62.5	37.5
1901-1905	167,542	102,125	65,417	60.9	39.1
1896-1900	71,739	42,421	29,318	59.1	40.9
1891-1895	27,793	16,344	11,449	58.8	41.2
1890 and before	61,571	34,867	26,704	56.6	43.4
Total with year reported	689,169	432,964	256,205	62.8	47.2
Total with year not reported	63,563	37,963	25,600	59.7	40.3
Total for all years	752,732	470,927	281,805	62.6	37.4

18.-Foreign-born Population of Canada by Provinces, 1911, with year of Arrival.

	Total		Year of Arrival.								
Provinces.	foreign born, June, 1911.	1906- June, 1911.	1901- 1905.	1891- 1895.	1896- 1900.	1890 and before.	Year Un- known.				
				10	01	107	170				
Prince Edward Island.	932	364	170	40	81						
Nova Scotia	10,972	4,435	1,819	408	802	754					
New Brunswick	8,134	2,077	1,026	328	548	1,275					
Quebec	74,421	27,849	15,072	3,344	6,602	7,459	14,095				
Ontario	148,764	71,239	23,752	5,552	9,449	27,617	11,155				
	95,688		27,920	4,792	14,166	8,807	4,963				
Manitoba	162,610		44,105		15,353	4,860	10,455				
Saskatchewan		80,509			12,729	2,768	6,919				
Alberta	142,711	1					6,769				
British Columbia	105,097	55,451	17,842			1	3,316				
Yukon	3,316		of arriv				87				
Northwest Territories	87	Year	of arriv	al not	record	ea.	01				
Total	752,732	360,524	167,542	27,793	71,739	61,571	63,563				

19.—Foreign-born Population of Canada by Country of Birth and by Provinces, 1911.

	100000	The Marie					CD, 1011.
	Prince	1	IN	lew 1	Mari-		HE WEST
Country of Birth.	Edwar	NOV	a D.	uns-	time	Quebec.	Ontario.
	Island.	Scoti	a. w	ick.	Prov-		011141101
1110	-				inces.		
All foreign-born				8,134	20,038	74,421	148,764
Europe				2,052	7,348	41,191	86,967
Austria-Hungary Belgium			71	91 76	1,343	3,860	15,555
Bulgaria			46	99	647	1,468 216	480
Denmark	_		47	249	296	195	1,020 670
Finland	_		12	17	29	209	6,871
France			80	158	546	5,928	1,879
Germany			49	150	706	1,897	15,010
Greece			56	24	80	545	1,119
Holland		I	24	32	67	174	68.7
Iceland	1 1	2 . 7	5	200	1 005	6 200	145
Italy Norway and Sweden	2	-	11 27	282 281	1,005	6,386	16,411
Russia	18			558	1,826	800 15,233	5,294 19,418
Rumania		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	19	12	31	3,697	1,220
Other			68	23	91	578	1,188
Asia		9 5.	40	257	816	2,844	5,388
China	. (6 1	25	91	222	1,536	2,717
Japan	-		1	-	1	29	108
Turkey and Syria	. 13		93	159	565	1,132	2,297
Other	829	4.8	21	= 766	28	147	266
United States			13	5,766	11,397 477	29,842	55,674
Other Countries	.]	7 -	10	00)	2111		
	-				337	Yukon	
	Mani- S	askat-		Britis	h West		0
Country of Birth.		hewan	lberta	Colum	ern Prov	North west	Can-
The second second	voba.	ile wall		bia.	inces		aua.
				ENH	111000	tories.	
All foreign-born	95,688 16	62 610 1	49 711	105,09	7 506,10	6 9 405	752,732
Europe			58,771		1 268,05		404,941
Austria-Hungary	37,731	35,482	21,112	6,22	0 100,54	5 127	121,430
Belgium	2,284	1,271	1,007	80			
Bulgaria	6	107	65	10			
Denmark	593	982	1,380		3 3,71	.8 58	
Finland	159	537	1,019	2,10			1
France	3,146	2,940	1,843				
Germany	4,294	8,300	6,102	3,05			
Holland	730	628	1,136				
Iceland	5,135	1,337	235	24			7,109
Italy	687	266	1,825	8,10			34,739
Italy		13,834	12,106	10,85	0 42,08	2 487	
Russia		23,084	10,011	3,97	6 53,44		
Rumania	777	1,798	337	11			
Other	778	498	496	1,47			1
Asia	1,099	1,519	2,216 1,784	26,98 18,81	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 76	1 1 1
China. Japan.	19	58	244	7,89	8,21	5 72	8,425
Turkey and Syria	174	266	95	23	7 77		
Other ¹	62	35	93	3			
United States		69,628	81,357	37,54		9 1,908	303,680
Other Countries ²	212	3591	367	43	0 1,36	8 41	3,165

¹Includes East Indies.

²Includes West Indies.

20.-Foreign-born Population in Cities of 15,000 and over, 1911.

Cities.	Population June, 1911.	Num- ber.	Per cent of total.	Cities.	Population June, 1911.	Num- ber.	Per cent of total.
Montreal	470,480	43,188	9.2	Victoria	31,660	6,632	20.9
Toronto	376,538	33,131	8.8	Regina	30,213	6,830	22.6
Winnipeg	136,035	32,959	24.2	Edmonton	21,900	5,598	22.5
Vancouver	100,401	27,713	27.6	Brantford	23,132	2,020	8.7
Ottawa	87,062	5,243	6.0	Windsor	17,829	2,022	11.3
Hamilton	81,969	7,693	9.4	Sydney	17,723	2,124	12.0
London	46,300	2,316	5.0	Fort William	16,499	4,746	28.7
Calgary	43,704	9,030	20.6	Berlin	15,196	2,207	14.5

Population of Military Age.—Tables 21 to 23, compiled from the census records of 1911, relate to the male population of military age in Canada (excluding the Yukon and Northwest Territories); that is to say, of all ages from 18 to 45, both years included. Table 22, read horizontally, shows the percentage proportions for Canada and by provinces of the male population of military age that on June 1, 1911, were Canadian-born, British-born or foreign-born. The Canadianborn were 98.37 p.c. in Prince Edward Island, 93.42 p.c. in New Brunswick, 87.22 p.c. in Nova Scotia, or over 90 p.c. for the Maritime provinces as a whole. In Quebec the Canadian-born represents 87.44 p.c., in Ontario 70.57 p.c. In all the Western provinces the Canadian-born constitute less than one-half, being 40.62 p.c. in Manitoba, 38.51 p.c. in Saskatchewan, 30.46 p.c. in Alberta and 26.23 p.c. in British Columbia. British-born males are 18.38 p.c. of the total in Ontario, and from 24 to 34½ p.c. in the provinces west of the Great Lakes. Foreign-born males constitute the largest proportion in Alberta and British Columbia.

Table 23, read vertically, shows the percentage distribution by provinces of the Canadian-born, British-born and foreign-born males of military age. Of the Canadian-born population, Quebec contained 30.81 p.c. and Ontario 37.04 p.c. Of the British-born, Ontario contained nearly 35 p.c. and the four western provinces nearly 54 p.c. Of the foreign-born, 21.15 p.c. were in Ontario, 20.39 p.c. in British Columbia and over 47 p.c. in the middle west.

Table 21 gives in absolute numbers the male population of military age, classified according to nativity, by single years and by provinces.

21.—Male Population of Canada 18 to 45 years of age, classified according to Nativity by Single Years and by Provinces, Census, 1911.

WE THE SHOULD	Total			1						
Ages.	18 to 45	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Canada ¹	1,720,070	73,369	70,055	74,569	77,237	77,964	76,056	78,924	79,817	76,416
Canadian-born	1,109,383	56,285	52,470	52,869	53,458	51,690	49,234	49,263	47,519	45,561
British-born	306,377	6,847	7,575	9,256	11,329	12,369	13,178	14,822	16,020	15,772
Foreign-born	304,310	10,237	10,010	12,444	12,450	13,905	13,644	14,839	16,278	15,083
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	16,868	1,089	937	897	851	783	703	721	656	664
Canadian-born	16,592	1,073	922	883	839	772	695	709	644	655
British-bornForeign-born	157 119	10	10 5	8	8	5 6	6 2	5 7	9 3	5 4
Nova Scoria	98,493	5,091	4,751	4,697	4,466	5,535	4,161	4,217	4,152	3,820
Canadian-bornBritish-born	85,909 8,437	4,673 239	4,336 262	4,234 311	3,991 309	4,041 335	3,672 327	3,642 367	3,504 434	3,256 350
Foreign-born	4,147	179	153	152	166	159	162	208	214	214
New Brunswick	68,710	3,906	3,551	3,513	3,100	3,030	2,827	2,912	2,724	2,701
Canadian-born British-born	64,188 2,371	3,692 113	3,350	3,340 80	2,933 78	2,856 100	2,656 94	2,717 94	2,533 91	2,547
Foreign-born	2,151	101	90	93	89	74	77	101	100	74 80
QUEBEC	390,897	20,182	18,496	18,937	18,292	18,679	17,682	17,341	17,104	15,835
Canadian-born	341,783 23,066	18,681 566	17,047 587	17,288 638	16,681 736	16,683 852	15,754 882	15,232 972	14,566 1,111	13,715 1,014
Foreign-born	26,048	935	862	1,011	875	1,144	1,046	1,137	1,427	1,106
Ontario	582,246	25,399	24,550	24,983	26,482	25,498	24,796	25,951	25,623	24,811
Canadian-born British-born	410,896 106,997	20,319 2,829	19,286 2,996	18,775 3,451	19,886 4,012	18,357 4,093	17,558 4,372	17,769 4,887	16,950	16,535
Foreign-born	64,353	2,251	2,268	2,757	2,584	3,048	2,866	3,295	5,105 3,568	5,006 3,270
MANITOBA	122,762	4,862	4,529	5,308	5,555	5,659	5,725	5,963	6,364	5,939
Canadian-born British-born	49,868 39,806	2,664 867	2,410 993	2,515 1,365	2,659 1,581	2,457 1,768	2,434 1,887	2,297 2,116	2,413 2,290	2,145 2,261
Foreign-born	33,088	1,331	1,126	1,428	1,315	1,434	1,404	1,550	1,661	1,533
SASKATCHEWAN	158,907	5,380	5,520	6,620	7,426	7,719	7,857	8,368	8,575	8,313
Canadian-born British-born	61,193 38,871	2,254 847	2,266 1,010	2,594 1,289	2,975 1,682	3,046 1,767	2,982 1,890	3,329 2,115	3,247 2,154	3,129 2,233
Foreign-born	58,843	2,279	2,244	2,737	2,769	2,906	2,985	2,924	3,174	2,951
ALBERTA	122,915	3,947	3,996	4,822	5,527	5,771	5,891	6,024	6,389	6,282
Canadian-born British-born	37,446 31,954	1,323 653	1,284 743	1,546 918	1,707 1,291	1,700 1,444	1,786 1,584	1,746 1,689	1,826 1,789	1,800 1,847
Foreign-born	53,515	1,971	1,969	2,358	1,291 2,529	2,627	2,521	2,589	2,774	2,635
BRITISH COLUMBIA	158,272	3,513	3,725	4,792	5,538	6,290	6,414	7,427	8,230	8,051
Canadian-born. British-born. Foreign-born.	41,508 54,718 62,046	1,606 727 1,180	1,569 863 1,293	1,694 1,196 1,902	1,787 1,636	1,778 2,005 2,507	1,697 2,136 2,581	1,822	1,836	1,779 2,982
Toroigii Dotti	02,040	1,100	1,290	1,902	2,115	2,007	2,081	3,028	3,357	3,290

¹Exclusive of Yukon and Northwest Territories.

21.—Male Population of Canada 18 to 45 years of age, classified according to Nativity by Single Years and by Provinces, Census, 1911—con.

Ages.	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Canada ¹	72,579	77,034	63,275	82,855	55,941	63,004	53,781	53,398	63,822	51,160
Canadian-born	43,330	45,210	37,526	47,094	33,915	38,720	34,449	34,423	39,058	32,998
British-born	15,004	16,346	14,081	18,264	12,093	12,589	9,840	10,029	12,273	9,451
Foreign-born	14,245	15,478	11,668	17,497	9,933	11,695	9,492	8,946	12,491	9,161
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	566	599	569	. 658	472	524	439	508	563	460
Canadian-bornBritish-bornForeign-born	557 7 2	591 6 2	563	648 3 7	468 2 2	522 - 2	432 6 1	494 9 5	550 6 7	449 5 6
Nova Scotia	3,780	3,911	3,240	4,335	2,728	3,483	2,967	3,067	3,549	2,952
Canadian-bornBritish-bornForeign-born	3,239 36 179	3,268 424 219	2,742 324 174	3,622 452 261	2,365 276 87	3,008 314 161	2,560 269 138	2,699 261 107	3,019 341 189	2,534 282 136
New Brunswick	2,483	2,849	2,140	3,013	1,919	2,286	2,056	2,096	2,472	2,037
Canadian-born	2,319 90 74	2,627 124 89	1,978 94 68	2,732 112 169	1,787 80 52	81	1,918 73 65	1,955 67 74	2,258 99 115	1,903 77 57
QUEBEC	15,422	16,212	13,376	16,907	11,762	13,640	12,943	12,009	13,682	11,508
Canadian-born	13,261 1,052 1,109	13,773 1,216 1,223	11,346 977 1,053	1,386	847	986	11,289 709 945	10,430 780 799	11,451 1,023 1,208	9,984 721 803
Ontario	23,758	24,857	20,805	26,556	18,534	20,752	17,768	18,250	21,499	17,84
Canadian-bornBritish-bornForeign-born	15,664 4,987 3,107	16,058 5,313 3,486	13,684 4,704 2,417	6,011	3,95	4,169	12,422 3,415 1,931	3,529	4,128	12,63 3,39 1,81
Manitoba	5,447	5,872	4,675	6,545	4,10	4,562	3,830	3,698	4,583	3,49
Canadian-bornBritish-bornForeign-born	2,011 2,015 1,421	2,174	1,854	2,42	7 1,56	0 1,621	1,276	1,222	1,534	1,35 1,11 1,02
Cl. marra model Paris A M	7,885	8,151	6,70	8,56	5 5,91	7 6,15	4,939	4,689	5,872	4,60
SASKATCHEWAN Canadian-born British-born Foreign-born	3,042 2,005	3,004	2,565 1,985	9 2,36	3 1,71	9 1,605	2 1,218	8 1,230	1,445	1,17
ALBERTA	5,83	6,287	5,09	5 6,84			3,762			
Canadian-born British-born Foreign-born	1,71	4 1,809	1,52	7 1,97	8 1,24	57 1,50 46 1,30 84 2,02	3 1,03	5 1,02	8 1,269	9:
BRITISH COLUMBIA	7,40	3 8,29	6 6,67	9,43	6,1	18 6,77	0 5,07	7 5,22	5 6,85	1
Canadian-born	1,62	1,87 2 3,09	9 1,47 2,60	9 3,5	32 2,4	09 2,51	3 1,83	9 1,90	3 2,42	8 1,7

Exclusive of Yukon and Northwest Territories.

21.—Male Population of Canada 18 to 45 years of age, classified according to Nativity by Single Years and by Provinces, Census, 1911—concluded.

Ages.	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
Canada ¹	45,873	52,869	42,356	60,509	35,947	44,063	35,361	35,856	45,53
Canadian-born	30,225	34,396	28,224	37,808	23,930	29,521	24,433	25,097	30,67
British-born	7,895	9,290	7,585	11,029	6,477	7,754	5,881	5,694	7,63
Foreign-born	7,753	9,183	6,547	11,672	5,540	6,788	5,047	5,065	7,2
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				0,025				M
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	467	502	432	603	398	474	391	428	5
Canadian-born	454 9 4	492 7 3	426 3 3	590 7 6	389 5 4	466 6 2	384 5 2	422 5 1	50
Nova Scotia	2,733	3,224	2,702	3,648	2,170	2,740	2,177	2,304	2,8
Canadian-born British-born Foreign-born	2,410 230 93	2,819 276 129	2,385 219 98	3,133 348 167	1,871 240 59	2,361 271 108	1,922 185 70	2,059 194 51	2,5 2 1
New Brunswick	1,894	2,248	1,829	2,530	1,436	1,882	1,574	1,535	2,1
Canadian-born British-born Foreign-born	1,767 63 64	2,102 83 63	1,696 67 66	2,354 86 90	1,321 67 48	1,767 69 46	1,467 60 47	1,434 57 44	2,0
QUEBEC	10,735	12,201	9,813	13,183	7,854	10,298	8,256	8,478	10,0
Canadian-born British-born Foreign-born	9,412 628 695	10,402 831 968	8,620 629 564	10,914 1,071 1,198	6,933 476 445	9,014 709 575	7,366 481 409	7,629 440 409	8,6
Ontario	15,915	18,567	15,049	20,908	13,247	16,169	13,214	13,615	16,8
Canadian-born British-born Foreign-born	11,508 2,838 1,569	13,282 3,450 1,835	10,779 2,959 1,311	14,399 4,069 2,440	9,736 2,473 1,038	11,802 3,015 1,352	2,361	10,233 2,431 951	12,3 3,0 1,4
MANITOBA	3,000	3,537	2,715	4,220	2,427	2,762	2,268	2,209	2,9
Canadian-bornBritish-bornForeign-born.	1,166 924 910	1,393 1,096 1,048	1,099 890 726	1,204	1,003 762 662	1,112 876 774	646	921 639 649	1,
Saskatchewan	3,905	4,171	3,180	4,860	2,635	3,060	2,433	2,222	3,
Canadian-born British-born Foreign-born	1,464 996 1,445	1,019	1,252 757 1,171	1,085	953 682 1,000	1,110 769 1,181	554	839 463 920	1,
Alberta	2,974	3,480	2,792	3,996	2,391	2,642	2,003	2,062	2,
Canadian-born British-born Foreign-born	938 755 1,281	873	722	987	764 587 1,040	816 649 1,177	488	677 478 907	1,
BRITISH COLUMBIA	4,250	4,939	3,844	6,561	3,389	4,036	3,045	3,003	4,
Canadian-born. British-born. Foreign-born.		1,655	1,339	2,172	1,185	1,390	1,101	987	1,

¹Exclusive of Yukon and Northwest Territories.

22.—Percentage Proportion by Provinces of the Male Population 18 to 45 years of age which was Canadian-born, British-born or Foreign-born on June 1, 1911.

Province.	Canadian- born.	British- born.	Foreign- born.	Total.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia. New Brunswick Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia.	87.22 93.42 87.44 70.57 40.62 38.51 30.46	0.93 8.57 3.45 5.90 18.38 32.43 24.46 26.00 34.57	0.70 4.21 3.13 6.66 11.05 26.95 37.03 43.54 39.20	100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00
Canada	64.49	17.82	17.69	100.00

23.—Percentage Distribution by Provinces of the Canadian-born, British-born and Foreign-born Male Population, 18 to 45 years of age on June 1, 1911.

Province.	Canadian- born.	British- born.	Foréign- born.
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan Alberta. British Columbia.	7.74 5.79 30.81 37.04 4.49 5.51 3.38	0.05 2.75 0.77 7.53 34.93 12.99 12.69 10.43 17.86	0.03 1.36 0.71 8.56 21.15 10.87 19.34 17.59 20.39
Canada	100.00	100.00	100.00

Occupations of the People of Canada.—Tables 24 to 31 are taken from Vol. VI (Occupations) of the Report on the Census of 1911, which was published in 1915. In these tables, unless otherwise indicated, the figures relate to the population of ten years of age and over.

The report shows that out of a total population in Canada in 1911 of 7,179,650 (excluding 26,993, the population of the Yukon and Northwest Territories), the occupation was recorded of 2,723,634, representing nearly 38 p.c. of the total population, and 49 p.c. of the population of 10 years and over. Of the total engaged in gainful occupations in 1911 2,358,813, or 79.5 p.c., were males and 364,821, or 14·3 p.c., were females. It is also stated that in the thirty years 1881 to 1911 the increase in the number of agricultural producers did not keep pace with the increase in population. In the 1881 Census 15·4 p.c. of the total population were engaged in agriculture, in 1891 the proportion (15·3 p.c.) was practically the same; in 1901 the proportion dropped to 13·5 p.c. and in 1911 to 13 p.c. From 1891 to 1911 the increase in the total population within the present limits of the nine provinces was 49·5 p.c. During the same period there was an increase of 27 p.c. in the number employed in agricultural pursuits. But it must not be overlooked that the increase in time- and labour-saving de-

vices on the farm has been so extensive as to compensate to a large degree for the fact that the population employed in the primary production of foods has not kept pace with the increase in population. The increase in the number employed in the various manufacturing industries was 264,262, or better than 116 p.c. in the same period. The distribution of commodities, wholesale and retail, required more than $2\frac{1}{2}$ times as many persons in 1911 as were needed in 1891, while the transportation demands of the country (land and water) required the services of three men in 1911 where one person sufficed ten years previously.

24.—Population by Age-Periods and Sex with Percentages for Census Years 1881-1911.

Sex and	$Total^{1}$	10 to 14	15 years	Total popu-		of popon 10 and over.	Perce total i	оор-
Census Year.	popu- ulation.	years.	and over.	lation 10 years and over.	10 to 14 years.	years and over.	Under 10 years.	years and over.
Males.	No.	No.	No.	No.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
1881	2,179,703			1,599,029			26.64	73.36
1891	2,444,312						24.68	75.32
1901	2,715,436			2,082,153			24.32	75.68
1911 Females.	3,806,141	353,876	2,611,769	2,965,645	11.93	88.07	23.33	76.67
1881	2,126,415	247,531	1,315,562	1,563,093	15.84	84.16	26.49	73.51
1891	2,356,759					84.80	24.86	75.14
1901	2,603,170					85.67	23.87	76.13
1911	3,373,509	344,500	2,204,243	2,548,743	13.52	86.48	24.45	75.55
				TERMINE.	1977			
Total.				V				
1881	4,306,118		2,655,671	3,162,122		83.98	26.57	73.43
1891	4,801,071	548,989		3,611,882		84.80	24.77	75.23
1901	5,318,606					85.77	23.59	76.41
1911	7,179,650	698,376		5,514,388	12.66	87.34	23.19	76.81

¹Exclusive of the Yukon and Northwest Territories.

25.—Workers by Sex and Province for Census Years 1881-1911.

指 直接各級	18811.	189	91.	19	01.	19	11.
Provinces.	Male & Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan.	425,947		4,030 22,595 13,456 53,066 94,460 4,315	434,720 645,322	18,448 13,807 77,245 108,625	148,991 103,275 552,140 836,135 155,900 195,247	24,370 16,491 101,101 154,878 22,206 13,275
Alberta	17,983 1,377,585	44,955	3,074	76,541	4,762	149,687 189,482 2,358,813	11,923 16,627 364,821

¹Occupations not classified by sex in 1881.

26.-Workers by Industries for Census Years 1881-1911.

Industries.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.
Agriculture	662,266	735,207	716,860	933,735
Building trades			1	
Domestic and personal service	90,085		1	, , ,
Civil and municipal government	7,938	18,672		
Fishing and hunting	28,500	30,045	,	
Forestry	8,116		16,764	1
Manufactures	161,535	227,080	274,175	491,342
Mining	7,160	16,127	28,650	62,767
Miscellaneous	13,005	1	490	
Professional	48,461	62,623	83,219	120,616
Trade and merchandising	78,905	109,632	160.410	283,087
Transportations	40,741	69,048	80,756	217,544
Total	1,377,585	1,606,369	1,782,832	2,723,634

27.—Workers by Industries and Sex for Census Years 1891-1911.

Industries.	189	91.	190	01.	1911.	
industries.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Agriculture	723,013	12,194	707,924	8,936	917,848	15,887
Building trades	185,599	- 1	213,264	43	245,990	211
Domestic and personal service	38,275	101,654	52,473	111,197	75,133	138,879
Civil and municipal government	17,500	767	16,414	892	72,531	4,073
Fishing and hunting	29,841	204	27,197	28	34,547	265
Forestry	12,812		16,764		42,901	13
Manufactures	174,829	52,251	213,956	60,219	392,781	98,561
Mining	16,124	3	28,646	4	62,706	61
Miscellaneous	-		451	39	-	-
Professional	42,572	20,051	44,899	38,320	62,781	57,835
Trade and merchandising	101,714	7,918	143,248	17,162	240,903	42,184
Transportation	68,100	948	79,647	1,109	210,692	6,852
Total	1,410,379	195,990	1,544,883	237,949	2,358,813	364,821

28.—Workers by Industries and of Canadian or non-Canadian Birth, 1911.

Industries.	Total.		Of Car Bir		Of non-Canadian Birth.	
industries.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
AgricultureBuilding tradesDomestic and personal	917,848 245,990		667,207 157,274	11,954 176		3,933 35
service	75,133	138,879	38,597	90,904	36,536	47,975
government Fishing and hunting	72,531 34,547	4,073 265	40,356 $31,601$	3,522 258	32,175 2,946	551 7
Forestry	42,901 392,781	13 98,561	31,403 253,882	8 81,240	11,498 138,899	5 17,321
MiningProfessional	62,706 62,781	61 57,835	29,890 43,811	51 49,862	32,816 18,970	7,973
Trade and merchandising Transportation	240,903 210,692	42,184 6,852	167,289 115,143		73,614 95,549	7,713 1,313
Total	2,358,813	364,821	1,576,453	277,985	782,360	86,836

29.- Workers by Age-Periods, 1911.

restore eg ap Peligin	m . 1	Mal	e.	75 . 1	Fema	le.
Age Periods.	Total.	No.	p.c.	Total.	No.	p.c.
10 to 14 years	1,682,522	620,972 1,619,885	96.28	647,874 1,384,228	179,992	12.14
Total	2,965,645	2,358,813	79.54	2,548,743	364,821	14.31

30.—Percentage Distribution of Workers by Industries, Sex and Age-Periods, 1911.

		Male.					F	'emale	2.	H
Industries.	14	15 to 24 years	64	65 years and over	All	14	15 to 24 years	64	65 years and over	All ages.
Agriculture Building trades	.59	p.c. 27.32 23.02	65.75	6.34		.14	p.c. 2.68 53.55	77.35	19.83	p.c. 100 100
Domestic and personal service. Civil and municipal	1.41	23.85		#-	18 77		46.42			
government Fishing and hunting Forestry	.47 1.10	20.37 24.69 33.34	68.98	5.23	100	.38	35.40 15.09 38.46	75.85	8.68	100 100 100
Manufactures Mining Professional	.65	27.52 25.79 17.39	71.99	1.57	100	-	55.46 44.26 51.12	55.74	-	100 100 100
Trade and merchandisingTransportation	1.12	27.53 26.84					57.52 72.72			100 100
All Industries	.74	26.32	68.68	4.26	100	2.13	49.34	46.06	2.47	100

31.—Workers by Detailed Classification of Industries and by Sex for Census Years 1901 and 1911.

		901 and 1	1911.			
Industries.		1901.			1911.	
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
All Occupations.	1,544,883	237,949	1,782,832	2,358,813	364,821	2,723,634
Agriculture	707,924	8,936	716,860	917,848	15,887	933,735
Dairymen	1,143	32	1,175	-523	35	558
Ditching and irrigation works	82	-	82	618	2	620
Farmers, general Farmers' sons	425,005 184,446	8,421	433,426 184,446	653,619 103,074	15,094	668,713 103,074
Gardeners, florists, nurserymen and fruit						
growers	8,114	188	8,302	11,040	593	11,633
raisersLabourers	4,162 84,972	41 254	4,203 85,226	4,960 144,014	99 64	5,059 144,078
Building Trades	213,264	43	213,307	245,990		246,201
Builders and contrac-			FX 1182			
tors Carpenters	6,901 45,132	2	6,903 45,132			16,360 60,203
Masons and stone cut-	40,102		10,102	00,200		Sinking to
ters	13,058		13,058	18,661	-	18,661
roofers Painters and decora-	442	11070	442	5,527	-	5,527
tors	12,352	23				
Plasterers Plumbers and steam	2,272	-	2,272	5,815		5,815
fitters	9,709	16	9,725		-	11,244
Other building trades. Labourers, building	3,094	2	3,096	4,414		4,414
trades	-		- APAI -	15,973 383		15,973 551
Office employees Labourers, general.	-	VUE.	a late	909	100	301
n. o. s	120,304	-	129,304	87,545	-	87,545
Domestic and Personal		111 105	100 050	77 100	190 070	214 012
Service	52,473	111,197	163,670	75,133	138,879	214,012
Barbers and hairdres-	5.238	115	5,353	8,936	54	8,990
sers	3,838		3,838			4,910
Hotel and boarding		417	11,601	6,976	3,845	10,821
house keepers Housekeepers	1,135		8,707	- 411 -	6,762	6,762
Janitors and caretakers	676		730	3,276	313	3,589
Launderers and laundresses		2,794	6,399	7,831	8,267	
Nurses and nursemaids	8 62	5,354	5,420	3	3,144	
Restaurant keepers	695				1,874	
Seamstresses		9,722				122,451
Sextons) (3 496	1,450		1,450
Undertakers	733	3	730	1,022	-	1,022
Other domestic and personal service	8.952	8,84	17,796	3 11,031		
Note.—n.o.s. = Not	totherwis	e specifie	ed; n.e.s.=	Not elsev	where spe	cified.
11016. 11.0.5110						

31.—Workers by Detailed Classification of Industries and by Sex for Census Years 1901 and 1911—con.

	74:	1901.			1911.	
Industries.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Civil and Municipal Government	16,414	892	17,306	72,531	4,073	76,604
Officials and clerks Policemen and detec-	8,066	471	8,537	34,055		37,882
tivesLabourers	2,411 5,837	421	2,411 $6,258$	3,718 34,758	16 230	3,734 34,988
Fishing and Hunting	27,197	28	27,225	34,547	265	34,812
Fishermen	25,014 2,183	14 14	25,028 2,197	28,184 6,363	143 122	28,325 6,485
Forestry	16,764	-	16,764	42,901	13	42,914
All occupations Office employees	16,764	_	16,764	42,658 243	- 13	42,658 256
Manufacturers	213,956	60,219	274,175	392,781	98,561	491,342
Chemicals, drugs and allied products:— Drugs and chemicals Dyers, bleachers and	1,219 216	152 22	1,371 238	3,057 820	956 216	4,013 1,036
cleaners	436 48	$-26 \\ 5$	462 53	479 395	185 119	664 514
makersOther chemical pro-	171	31	202	309	111	420
ducts	348 4,109	68 53	416 4,162	1,054 5,173	325 76	1,379 5,249
ment makers Pottery, glass and	2,813		2,813	3,209		3,209
china makers Clothing and allied	1,296	53	1,349	1,964	76	2,040
products— Button makers Clothing factories	11,706 90	37,847 110	49,553 200	22,420 171	56,861 153	79,281 324
(all) Dressmakers	285 -	151 22,343	436 22,343	3,066 54	3,757 27,693	6,823 27,747
Hats, caps and gloves, makers Hosiery and knitted	579	490	1,069	1,090	777	1,867
goods, makers Milliners	346 25	636 4,360	982 4,385	711 403	1,843 10,016	2,554 10,419
Shirts, collars and cuffs, makers Tailors and tailor-	233	901	1,134	631	1,612	2,243
essesVarious	10,062 86 32,170	8,362 494 7,268	18,424 580 39,438	14,572 1,722 17,498	7,578 3,432 7,364	22,150 5,154 24,862
Factory n. o. s	32,170	7,268	59,458	17,498	7,304	24,302

Note.—n. o. s.=Not otherwise specified; n. e. s.=Not elsewhere specified.

31.—Workers by Detailed Classification of Industries and by Sex for Census Years 1901 and 1911—con.

	•	1901.		1911.			
Industries.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Manufactures-con.							
Food and allied pro-							
ducts—	22,313	2,611	24,924	29,742	7,759	37,501	
Bakers	6,291	79	6,370	8,352	379	8,731	
Biscuit and confec-							
tionery makers	1,686	831	2,517	2,647	2,273	4,920	
Canners	2,835	203	3,038	4,099	2,199	6,298	
Milk and cream pro-	3.951	10	2.070	4 000	100	F 000	
ducts	3,951	19	3,970	4,899	129	5,028	
Millers Sugar refiners	190	$\frac{1}{2}$	3,816 192	3,887 524	46 51	3,933 575	
Tobacco and cigars	3,326	1,397	4,723	4,055	2,392	6,447	
Various food pro-	0,020	1,001	1,120	1,000	2,002	0,111	
ducts	219	79	298	1,279	290	1,569	
Gold, silver and fancy				-,0		-,000	
goods-	3,541	80	3,621	2,294	570	2,864	
Gold and silver-							
smiths	314	10	324	975	109	1,084	
Watch, clock and					5		
jewellery makers	2 210	40	9.000	001	05	000	
and repairs	3,210	48	3,258	901	97	998	
Fancy goods and	17	22	39	418	364	782	
notionsIron and steel—	45,229	148	45,377	58,976	426	59,400	
Blacksmiths	18,513	-	18,513	16,660	-	16,660	
Boilermakers	1,576		1,576	1,770		1,77	
Iron and steel works	2,0.0		2,010	2,110		-,	
n. o. s	11,072	105	11,177	6,104	53	6,157	
Machinists	13,177	12	13,189	14,058	-	14,058	
Tools and cutlery	368	- 5	368	1,134	34	1,168	
Other iron and steel.	523	31	554	19,250	339	19,589	
Leather and rubber	10.000	4 000	00.000	1001	0.000	00 077	
goods—	18,363	1,970	20,333	19,347	3,908	23,255	
Boot and shoe ma-	12,747	1 201	14.038	19 991	2,696	16,027	
kers Harness makers	3,852	1,291	3,867	13,331 4,004	58	4,062	
Other leather goods,	0,002	10	0,001	1,001	00	1,002	
rubber clothing and							
shoes, makers	1,764	664	2,428	2,012	1,154	3,166	
Liquors and beverages					A TAKE		
(all)	1,456	54	1,510	2,356	150	2,506	
Materials general and						- M 0.10	
undefined	6,764	299	7,063	14,921	1,027	15,948	
Agricultural imple-	00		00	0.005	00	9 050	
ments makers	99	204	1 077	3,635	23 208	3,658 5,025	
Metal workers, n.o.s.	3,873	204	4,077	4,817	208	3,023	
Model and pattern makers	586	1	587	439	21	460	
Musical instrument	900	1	001	100	21	200	
makers	1,519	10	1,529	2,975	142	3,117	
Platers and polishers	381	5	386	607	57	664	
Trunk makers	306	79	385	457	67	524 2,500	
Various				1,991	509		

Note.—n. o. s. = Not otherwise specified; n. e. s. = Not elsewhere specified.

31.-Workers by Detailed Classification of Industries and by Sex for Census Years 1901 and 1911.—con.

	130	r and 191	e. com			
		1901.			1911.	
Industries.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Manufactures—con.						
Pulp and paper—	1,698	374	2,072	2,806	1,059	3,865
Paper box and bag						
makers	89	216	305	322	430	752
Pulp and paper ma-	1 000	150	1 707	9.494	629	9 119
kers	1,609 7,949	158 6,785	1,767 $14,734$	2,484 8,247	9,201	3,113 $17,448$
Textiles— Bag and sack makers	7,919	0,100	11,701	87	121	208
Carpets and rugs	- 015		1990 2			Boselin in a
makers	218	81	299	559	261	820
Cordage and twine	129		0 2 11		- COULT	THE T
makers	232	38	270		119	347
Cotton mills	2,337	2,345	4,682	4,335	4,959	9,294
Woollen mills	1,489	1,477	2,966	2,501	2,918	5,419
Various textiles,	3,673	2,844	6,517	537	823	1,360
n.e.sVarious manufactures-	27,350		29,009			34,401
Awning and tent ma-	27,000	1,00.	20,000	00,000	0,000	
kers	259	14	273	227	101	328
Basket, broom and						
brush makers	.475	65	540	823	291	1,114
Electricity and gas	1 1 54			- 000		T 000
works	541	29	570	7,323		7,323
Engineers and fire-	19.007		13,887	2,826		2,826
men, n.o.s	13,887	_	15,007	2,020		2,020
Printers and engra-	9,429	1,519	10,948	14,938	2,889	17,827
vers	2,667	13	2,680		-	2,988
Other various ¹	92		111	1,378	617	1,995
Vehicles for land trans-		P. P. Land		8194		
portation—	5,082		5,089		63	21,375
Carriage building and	3,831	4	3,835	5,629	44	5,673
repairing		- In		THE REAL PROPERTY.	-1	
Other vehicles for	1.051	3	1,254	15,683	19	15,702
land transportation	1,251	9	1,204	10,000	13	10,102
Vehicles for water transportation—	2,156		2,156	3,225	7	3,232
Ship building	1,696	- W-	1,696	1,927	4	1,931
Other vehicles for		N'ILE			VI PO	
water transporta-	The Ite				AS IT LINE	1 004
tion	460	-	460	1,298	3	1,301
Wood, Manufactures			00 500	07 000	1 700	27 400
of—	22,851	912	23,763	35,829	1,593	37,422
Box and fruit basket	1,008	708	1,716	2,029	1,237	3,266
makers	1,008	100	1,710	2,025	1,201	0,200
makers	4,252	58	4,310	9,594	210	9,804
Coopers and stave		00	DOM:			
makers	2,567	4		1,949	-	1,949
Sash and door makers			336	1,312	-	1,312

¹Includes for 1901 mattress and hammock makers; for 1911 abrasive goods, asbestos, mica, bridge and elevator workers and makers of surgical instruments, mattresses and hammocks.

Note.—n. o. s. = Not otherwise specified; n. e. s. = Not elsewhere specified.

31.—Workers by Detailed Classification of Industries and by Sex for Census Years 1901 and 1911—con.

Industries.		1901.			1911.					
industries.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.				
Manufactures—con.										
Wood, Manufactures of —con.										
Saw and shingle mill operatives	10,448	1	10,449	17,427	28	17,455				
Wood workers and turners	2,865 1,375	45 96	2,910 1,471	2,710 808	54 64	2,764 872				
Office employees in manufactures	19	79	98	5,672	3,643	9,315				
Labourers in manufactures	-	-		109,403	_	109,403				
Mining—Metalliferous ores, fuel, salt and stone	28,646	4	28,650	62,706	61	62,767				
Drillers and borers Operators and offi-	250	1	251	952		952				
cials	1,113 25,816 1,252	1 2	1,114 $25,818$ $1,252$	5,353 47,478 7,548	3	5,356 47,478 7,548				
Oil wells and works operatives Salt wells and works,	215		215	907	-	907				
operatives Office employees in	-	-		166	10	176				
mining Miscellaneous	451	39	490	302	48	350				
Various miscellane- ous pursuits	451	39	490							
Professional	44,899	38,320	83,219	62,781	57,835	120,616				
Art, music and drama. Actors and theatrical	5,429	3,127	8,556	9,114	4,653	13,767				
employees	831 589	105 1	936 590	2,410 1,332	4 32	2,842 1,332				
Designers, sculptors and draughtsmen Musicians and teach-	434	15	449	827	5	832				
ers of music Painters and artists Photographers	1,393 752 1,430	2,575 288 143	3,968 1,040 1,573	2,001 629 1,915	3,574 340 302	5,575 969 2,217				
Educational— Professors	9,598 810	30,951 47	40,549 857	10,898 2,645	34,377 307	45,275 2,952				
Teachers	8,728 60	30,863 41	39,591 101	8,223 30	34,063	42,286				
ors	2,544	-	2,544	7,339	-	7,339				

Note.—n. o. s. = Not otherwise specified; n. e. s. = Not elsewhere specified.

31.—Workers by Detailed Classification of Industries and by Sex for Census Years 1901 and 1911—con.

		1901.			1911.	
Industries.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Professionalcon.						
Lawyers and notaries	4,957	10	4,967	5,372	9	5,381
Medical—	7,559	357	7,916	10,505	5,839	16,344
Dentists	1,287	23	1,310	2,016	167	2,183
Nurses		280	280	124	5,476	5,600
Physicians and sur-	# 000				400	
geons	5,388	54	5,442	7,215	196	7,411
Veterinary surgeons. Religious workers	884 8,857	170	884 9,027	1,150 11,116	656	1,150 11,772
Various professional—	5,955	3,705	9,660	8,437	12,301	20,738
Accountants	3,501	62	3,563	2,600	97	2,697
Journalists, editors				,		
and reporters	1,254	52	1,306	939	69	1,008
Literary and scien-	00					
tific	38	15	53	386	48	434
Professional pursuits	278	136	414	676	185	861
n. e. s	210	100	414	070	100	001
professional	884	3,440	4,324	3,836	11,902	15,738
		0,220	2,022	-,555	,	20,.00
Trade and Merchandising	143,248	17,162	160,410	240,903	42,184	283,087
Auctioneers and com-						
mission men	1,167	. 6	1,173	2,166	21	2,187
Bank officials	1,170	1	1,171	2,893	4	2,897
Brokers	1,218	2	1,220	2,820	11	2,831
Hucksters and peddlers	1,881	99	1,980	3,135	113	3,248
Insurance company	2,937	14	2 051	6.004	60	6 154
employees Loan, trust and real	. 2,901	14	2,951	6,094	00	6,154
estate	744	3	747	9,002	49	9,051
Wholesale and retail				0,002	20	0,002
trade-	107,172	11,775	118,947	184,417	28,390	212,807
Proprietors, mana-				1	Total Act	
gers and supts	91,067	9,023	100,090	76,871	4,069	80,940
Salesmen and sales-	14 047	0.700	17,676	00 191	04 201	119 459
women Labourers & drivers.	14,947 1,158	2,729 23	1,181	89,131 18,415	24,321	113,452 18,415
Various trade and mer-	1,100	20	1,101	10,110		10,110
chandising	66	-	66	570	-	570
Office employees in	- India	E TEN				
trade	26,893	5,262	32,155	29,806	13,536	43,342
Transportation	79,647	1,109	80,756	210,692	6,852	217,544
(Land transportation)				1		
Cab, express and deliv-		107611				
ery	24,965	8	24,973	33,106	84	33,190
Cab, garage and livery	2,549	4	2,553	6,469	6	6,475
Express and delivery .	22,416	4	22,420	26,637	78	26,715
Steam railway employ-	00.000	01	90, 490	00 110	100	06 006
eesStreet railway employ-	28,399	31	28,430	86,116	190	86,306
ees	3,153	5	3,158	10,532	16	10,548
Note.—n. o. s. = Not. o						

Note.—n. o. s. = Not otherwise specified; n. e. s. = Not elsewhere specified.

31.—Workers by Detailed Classification of Industries and by Sex for Census Years
1901 and 1911—concluded.

T. L. C.		1901.		1911.					
Industries.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.			
Transportation—con.									
(Water transportation) Sail and steamship Boat and canalmen.	17,004 860	4 3	17,008 863	24,367 1,647	115	24,482			
Sailors and seamen Stevedores and long-	14,411	1	14,412	16,347	-	1,647 16,347			
shoremen Other employees	1,733	_	1,733	4,318 2,055	- 115	4,318 2,170			
Various allied to trans- portation—	4 200	1.014	F 910	40 555	* 100	F4.000			
Telegraph and tele- phone employees	4,296 3,872	1,014	5,310	49,757	5,132	54,889			
Various and not specified	3,012	995	4,867	9,731	5,114	14,845			
Office employees in	424	19	440	40,026	18	40,044			
transportation	1,830	47	1,877	6,814	1,315	8,129			

Other Census Tables.—Tables relating to the population of cities and towns by birthplace; the source of the population by province of residence; the native population by province of residence; the distribution in western Canada of natives of the eastern provinces; the foreign-born population and the British- and foreign-born male population of 21 years and over were published in the Canada Year Book, 1913. (Tables 20-25, pp. 75-80.) Tables relating to dwellings and families; origins of the people; religions of the people; birthplace and citizenship; population by age-periods and infirmities were published in the Canada Year Book, 1914. (Tables 14-26, pp. 59-74.)

Area and Population of British and Foreign Countries.—Table 32 gives the area and population of the United Kingdom and British Possessions, and Table 33 the area and population of the principal foreign countries of the world. The first-named table is taken from the Statistical Abstract for the British Self-governing Dominions, etc., 1913 [Cd. 7,786], and does not therefore include Egypt, which was declared a British Protectorate on December 18, 1914. By adding the area (347,490 square miles) and the population (11,287,359) of Egypt and the area (984,362 square miles) and the population (2,600,000) of the Anglo-Egyptian Soudan, the total area and population of the British Empire, as given in Table 32, are raised to 12,605,102 square miles (area) and 431,156,792 (population). The area of Egypt, however, includes the deserts. According to the Statesman's Year Book hte cultivated and settled area of the Nile Valley and Delta is not more than 12,226 square miles. In other respects Tables 32 and 33 do not take into account changes due to the war.

32.-Area and Population of the United Kingdom and British Possessions, 1911.

[From the British Statistical Abstract—Self-Governing Dominions, Colonies, Possessions and Protectorates, 1913.]

	1 Obbeb	stons and 11	otectorates,	1010.]		
Countries.	Area.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Females per 1000 males.	Persons per sq. mile.
England & Wales . Scotland Ireland	Sq. Miles. 58,340 30,405 32,586 302	No. 17,445,608 2,308,839 2,192,048 70,166	No. 18,624,884 2,452,065 2,198,171 78,749	No. 36,070,492 4,760,904 4,390,219 148,915	No. 1,067.6 1,062.0 1,003.8 1,122.3	No. 618.28 156.53 134.72 493.09
Total, United Kingdom	121,633	22,016,661	23,353,869	45,370,530	1,060.9	373.01
India—British Native States	1,092,994 . 709,118	124,842,401 36,452,419	119,378,976 34,412,576		956.2 944.0	223.44 99.93
Total, India	1,802,112	161,294,820	153,791,552	315,086,372	953.4	174.84
Aden, including Perim. Socotra. StraitsSettlements Labuan. Ceylon ² . Mauritius. Dependencies of Seychelles. Hong Kong ³ . New Territories ⁴ Wei-Hai-Wei ⁴ .	28 25,481 720	471,212 3,662 2,175,030 194,095 3,620 11,575	14,875 244,317 2,884 1,931,320 174,696 3,070 11,134 116,470 44,118 69,273	12,000 ¹ 715,529 6,456 4,106,350 368,791 6,690 22,691 366,145 90,594	518.5 787.6 887.9 900.1 848.1 963.4 466.5 949.3	8.68 455.17 262.40 161.15 512.20 75.17 145.45
Australia, Commonwealth of New South Wales. Federal Capital Territory Victoria South Australia Northern Terr'y West'n Australia Tasmania Queensland	309,460 912 87,884 380,070 523,620 975,920 26,215 670,500	992 655,591 207,358 2,734 161,565 97,591	789,036 722 659,960 201,200 576 120,549 93,620 276,307	1,714 1,315,551 408,558 3,310 282,114 191,211	727.8 1,006.7 970.3 210.7 746.1 959.3	1.88 14.97 1.07 0.01 0.29 7.29
Total, Commonwealth ⁵	2,974,581	2,313,035	2,141,970	4,455,005	926.0	1.50
Territory of Papua Dominion of New Zealand. Fiji Falkland Islands.	90,540 104,751 7,435 7,500	531,910 80,008 2,370	476,558 59,533 905	139,541	895.9 743.4 381.9	4.20 9.62 18.74 0.44

For the notes relating to this table see page 102.

32.—Area and Population in the United Kingdom and British Possessions, 1911—con.

Countries.	Area.	Males.	Females	Total.	Females per 1000 males.	
Union of S. Africa- Natal	Sq.miles. 35,371 276,995 50,392 110,426	564,648 1,255,671 277,518	1,309,294 250,656	2,564,965 528,174	1,042.7 903.2	No. 33.76 9.26 10.48 15.27
Total, Union of S. Africa	473,184	3,069,392	2,904,002	5,973,394	946.1	12.62
Swaziland	6,536 11,716 275,000 148,575 291,000 39,315 121,437° 247,600 68,000 47 34	184,102 62,712 406,069 - 429,652	220,405 62,638 365,008 540,778	404,507 125,350 771,077 822,482 ⁷	1,197.2 998.8 898.6	15.29 34.52 0.45 5.19 2.82 24.68 23.41 9.70 5.06 73.98 11.77
West Africa— Nigeria, Northern Protectorate of Nigeria, Southern and Colony of Gold Coast Sierra Leone Gambia 8	256,200 79,880 80,235 24,908 3,619	3,435,743 - 755,446 363,197 73,792	5,833,257 	9,269,000 7,857,983 1,501,793 1,403,1329 146,101	988.0 1,300.6 979.9	36.18 98.36 18.73 56.33 40.37
Total, West Africa	444,842		-	20,178,009	-	45.36
North America— Dom. of Canada Newfoundland Labrador	3,729,665 42,734 120,000	3,821,995 122,253 2,052	3,384,648 116,417 1,897	7,260,643 238,670 3,949	885.6 952.2 924.4	1.93 5.59 0.03
Total, North America	3,892,399	3,946,300	3,502,962	7,449,262	887.7	1.91

For the notes relating to this table see page 102.

32.—Area and Population in the United Kingdom and British Possessions, 1911—concluded.

- Conduction										
Countries.	Area.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Females per 1000 males.	Persons per sq. mile.			
	Sq.	miles.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.			
West India Islands— Bahamas Turk's and Caicos		4,404	24,975	30,969	55,944	1,240.0	12.70			
Islands		166	2,505	3,110	5,615		33.83			
Jamaica Cayman Islands		4,207	397,439 2,427	433,944 3,137	831,383 5,564		197.62 62.52			
Windward Islands— St. Lucia		233	22,336	26,301	48,637	1,177.5	208.74			
St. Vincent		140 166	18,345 70,240		41,877 171,983	1,447.8	299.12 1,036.04 501.84			
GrenadaLeeward Islands—		133 58	30,398	36,352 2,949	66,750		95.81			
Virgin Islands St. Christopher		65	2,608 10,969	15,314 7,424	5,557 26,283	1,396.1	404.35 258.90			
Nevis		50 35	5,521 1,562	2,513	12,943 4,075		116.43			
Antigua, including Barbuda Montserrat, including		170	13,985	18,280	32,265	1,307.1	189.80			
Redonda Dominica		32 305	5,363 15,231	6,953 18,632	12,316 33,863		384.87 111.02			
Trinidad		1,860 114	164,427 9,922	148,376	312,803 20,749	902.4	168.17 182.01			
10bag0		114	0,022	10,021	20,740	1,001.2	-			
Total, W. Indies		12,227	798,253	890,356	1,688,609	1,115.4	138.10			
Bermuda ³		19	9,070	9,924	18,994		999.68			
British Honduras British Guiana ³		8,598 90,500	20,374 153,717	20,084	40,458	985.7				
Gibraltar ²		17/8 117	8,786 105,601	10,334	19,120	1,176.2	10,445.87 1,808.24			
Cyprus ³		3,354			273,964					
Grand Total	11	,273,250			417,269,433	3				

Notes Relating to Table 32 on Pages 100, 101, 102.

¹ Estimated population 1910. ² Excluding the military and persons on ships in harbours. ³ The population is exclusive of the military. ⁴ The New Territories and Wei-Hai-Wei were leased to the British Government in 1898. In 1904 a part of the New Territories (New Kowloon) was placed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Sanitary Board, and since that date the area (13 sq. miles) and the population (13,693 persons at the Census of 1911) have been included in the figures of Hong Kong. ⁵ The population stated for Australia is exclusive of full-blooded aborigines, estimated at 100,000 in 1911. ⁶ Including the area of the lakes and river Nile within the territorial limits of the Uganda Protectorate. ⁷ Partly estimated, a census of natives not being available. ⁶ Including the Protectorate districts. ⁹ Including 567,561 children—sex not stated.

33.—Area and Population of the Principal Foreign Countries of the World [From the Annuaire International de Statistique Agricole, 1913 et 1914].

Annuaire International de Statistique Agricole, 1913 et 1914]. EUROPE.										
	EURO	PE.								
Country.	Area.	Date Census or Estimat	s (C)	Population.	Persons per square mile.					
	Square Miles.			No.	NI.					
Austria-Hungary:—	1121000		100	140.	No.					
Austria	115,832	1911	E	28,763,214	248.3					
Dosilia and Herzegovina	19,768	1910	C	1,898,044	96.1					
Hungary	125,641	1910	C	20,886,487	166.3					
Belgium. Bulgaria.	11,371	1912	E	7,571,387	665.8					
Denmark	44,015	1913	E	4,742,000	107.7					
Faroe Isles	15,046 540	1911 1911	C	2,757,076	183.4					
Iceland	40,457	1910		18,000 85,188	33.4					
France	207,129	1912	E	39,629,000	2.1					
Germany	208,825	1914	Ē	67,812,000	324.7					
Greece, old territories	24,964	1907	C	2,631,952	105.4					
Greece, new territories	21,390	1913	E	2,030,419	94.9					
Italy	110,660	1913	E	35,238,997	313.1					
Luxemburg. Montenegro, old territories	999	1910	C	259,891	260.3					
Montenegro, new territories	3,506 1,969	1913	E	285,000	81.3					
Netherlands	13,199	1913 (1912	E	150,000	76.2					
Norway	124,675	1914	E	6,114,302 2,479,330	463.2					
Portugal	35,499	1911	C	5,960,056	19.9 167.9					
Rumania	50,715	1913	C	7,234,919	142.7					
Russia-in-Europe	1,997,224	1913	E	143,114,900	71.7					
Finland	144,249	1913	E	3,196,700	22.2					
Serbia, old territories	18,649	1911	E	2,957,207	158.6					
Serbia, new territories	15,058	1014	-	-	-					
Sweden	173,008 194,794	1914	E	5,679,607	32.8					
Switzerland	15,945	1910 1912	E	19,562,568	100.5					
Turkey-in-Europe	10,077	1910	E	3,831,220 1,891,000	240.3 187.7					
			1 22	1,001,000	101.1					
	ASIA.									
Afghanistan	215,444	- 45	E	5,000,000	23.3					
Bhutan	20,000	-	E	250,000	12.4					
China	4,277,988	1911	E	430,000,000	100.5					
Japan	147,650	1914	E	53,596,858	363.0					
Korea	13,840 84,102	1914 1914	E	3,612,184	261.0					
Kouang-Toung.	1,304	1913	E	15,508,872 517,147	184.4 396.6					
Sakhaline Island (part of)	13,154	1914	Ē	49,463	3.8					
Nepal	54,054	1911	C	5,639,092	104.3					
Oman	74,981		-	500,000	6.7					
Persia	635,135	-	E	4 to 9 mill's						
Russia-in-Asia	6,293,854	1913	E	27,788,000	4.4					
SiamTurkey in Asia	231,660	1910-11	E	8,149,487	35.1					
Turkey-in-Asia	682,161	1910 1911	E	18,709,000	27.4					
Indo-China and Kouang,	198	1911		282,472	1,426.1					
Tcheou-Ouan (France)	310,060	1911	C	16,990,229	54.9					
Kio Tcheou (Germany)	213	1913	Ĕ	190,000	892.0					
Macao (Portugal)	4	1910	-	74,866	19,390.3					
Portuguese India (Portugal)	1,470	1910	8-1-1	604,930	411.6					

33.—Area and Population of the Principal Foreign Countries of the World [From the Annuaire International de Statistique Agricole, 1913 et 1914]—con.

A	W	R	T	7	Δ

	(-	Date	of	7 1 1 1 1 1 1	Persons
		Census		2	per
Country.	Area.	or	(0)	Population	square
		Estimat	a (E)		mile.
		Listinat	6 (11)		mine.
Visit and the second se	9			THE REAL PROPERTY.	That still
	Square	THE TOTAL ST.	100	No.	No.
	Miles.	WILL THE			
Abyssinia	432,586	-	E	8,000,000	18.4
Egypt	347,490	1913	E	12,335,000	35.4
Liberia	36,834		E	1,500,000	40.7
Congo (Belgium)	913,127		E	15,000,000	16.3
Algeria (France)	222,119	1911	E	5,563,828	25.1
Congo (France)	561,346	1911	E	9,000,000	16.1
Madagascar (France)	226,074	1911	E	3,153,511	14.0
Mayotte and Comoro Islands	,	2022		0,100,011	11.0
(France)	837	1911	C	94,384	112.7
Morocco (France)	193,050	1011	E	5,000,000	25.9
Pounion (France)	927	1911	C		
Reunion (France)		1911		173,822	187.5
Sahara (France)	924,401		-	450,000	0.5
Somali Coast (France)	46,332	1911	C	213,000	4.5
Tunis (France)	48,313	1911	E	1,929,000	39.9
West Africa (France)	1,510,906	1911	C	11,344,076	7.5
East Africa (Germany)	384,170	1913	E	7,661,000	19.9
Southwest Africa (Germany)	322,432	1913	E	84,000	0.3
Kamerun ¹ (Germany))	205 720	1913	E	2,651,000	110
Kamerun ² (Germany)	305,730	1911	E	1,000,000	11.9
Togo (Germany)	33,668	1913	C	1,032,000	30.7
Eritrea (Italy)	45,946	1905	C	278,893	6.0
Somaliland (Italy)	137,838	-	Ĕ	300,000	2.1
Tripoli and Cyrenica (Italy)	573,057	1913	E	900,000	1.6
Angola (Portugal)	484,855	1310	14	4,200,000	8.7
Cano Vordo Islanda (Portugal)		1910	E		94.0
Cape Verde Islands (Portugal)	1,516	1910	E	142,552	58.8
Guinea (Portugal)	13,948	1000	E	820,000	
Mozambique (Portugal)	293,436	1908	E	3,150,000	10.7
St. Thomas and Prince Islands	201	1000		. 00 001	105 4
(Portugal)	364	1909		68,221	187.4
Fernando Po and Dependencies	0.40				10.0
(Spain)	813	-	-	14,611	18.0
Guinea(Spain)	10,039	-	-	140,000	14.0
Morocco(Spain)	11,197	=	-	404,000	36.1
Rio de Oro, etc(Spain)	121,374	-	-	30,000	0.2
Soudan (Anglo-Egyptian)	984,362	1000	E	2,587,684	2.6
			A III		
	A				
	AMERI	CA.			
Argentina	1,153,417	1913	E	7,988,383	6.9
Bolivia	510,829	1912	Ē	2,088,000	4.1
Brazil	3,112,452	1913	E	22,294,021	7.2
Chili	292,419	1912	E	3,505,317	12.0
Costa Rica	20,849	1912	E	410,981	19.7
Costa Rica			Č	2,048,980	46.4
Cuba	44,218	1907	E		
Dominica	18,756	1912		724,500	38.6
Ecuador	297,297	1911	E	2,000,000	6.7
Guatemala	43,641	1903	C	1,842,134	42.2

¹Old Territory.

²New Territory.

33.—Area and Population of the Principal Foreign Countries of the World [From the Annuaire International de Statistique Agricole, 1913 et 1914]—concluded.

AMERICA—concluded.

Country.	Area.	Date of Census or Estimate	(C)	Population.	Persons per square mile.
The Cartillary Manager of	Square Miles.			No.	No.
Haiti	11,072	1912	E	2,500,000	225.8
Honduras	44,274		Č	566,017	12.8
Mexico	767,258		E	15,445,787	20.2
Nicaragua	58,169	1906	C	600,000	
Panama	33,776	1911	E	386,745	11.5
Paraguay	97,722	1912		1,000,000	10.2
Peru	533,911	1906	C	4,609,999	8.5
San Salvador	13,176	1911	E	1,133,000	86.0
U.S. of Colombia	465,714	1911	0-0	5,072,613	10.9
United States	3,026,805	1914	E	98,781,324	32.6
Alaska	590,887	1914	E	64,680	0.1
Panama (Zone of Canal)	448	1913	E	57,400	128.1
Porto Rico	3,435	1914	E	1,184,489	
Uruguay	72,172	1914	E	1,315,714	
Venezuela	393,976		E	2,755,685	
West Indies (Denmark)	139	1911	-	27,086	
Greenland (Denmark)	34,015	1911	D	13,459	0.5
Guadeloupe and Dependencies	007	1011	0	010 400	200 0
(France)	687	1911	C	212,430	309.0
Guiana (France)	35,231	1911	C	49,009	
Martinique (France)	381 93	1911 1911	č	185,385 4,209	486,4 45,3
St. Pierre & Miquelon (France).	95	1911		4,209	40.0
Curação and Dependencies	436	1911	E	55,160	126.5
(Netherlands)			E	94,992	
Dutter Guiana (Netherlands)	10,040	(1011	1 1	0x,002	1.0

OCEANIA.

United States Colonies:-	/ Bin			100	
Guam	210	1910	C	12,240	58.2
Hawaii	6,449	1914	C	208,063	32.3
Philippines	115,027	1914	C	8,650,937	75.2
Samoa and Tutuila	77	1912	E	7,251	94.2
German Colonies:—			1909	ORDER PROPERTY.	
Caroline, Palau, Marianne and					
Marshall Islands	956	1911	E	55,000	57.8
New Guinea	92,664	1911	E	531,000	5.7
Samoa	993	1913	E	38,000	38.3
French Colonies:—	WEST CO.		3100		
French Establishments in	A STATE OF	W1133			2
Oceania	1,183	1906	C	30,563	25.9
New Caledonia and Depend-			Church .	W0 W00	- 0
encies	7,202	1911	-	50,500	7.0
Portuguese Colonies:—		1000	-	4 80 000	00 =
Timon and Kambing	7,332	1902.	E	150,299	20.5
Dutch Colonies:—		100#		05 515 055	P1 0
Dutch Indies	739,544	1905	C	37,717,377	51.0

VITAL STATISTICS.

Vital Statistics by Provinces.—In Canada the registration of births, marriages and deaths is under provincial control, and at present divergent methods, with, in New Brunswick, entire lack of statistics, render impossible the deduction for any series of years of annual birth, marriage and death-rates for the Dominion as a whole.

Table 34 shows, however, by provinces (New Brunswick excepted) the number of births, marriages and deaths in each of the years 1911 to 1914, according to the latest returns of the provincial registrars. Using the census figures of population for 1911, and estimates of the Census and Statistics Office for 1912, 1913, and 1914, crude birth-, marriage-, and death-rates per 1,000 of the population living have been calculated for each year, as well as the excess of births over deaths. For Prince Edward Island no data for the year 1912 are available. The figures by provinces in this table are not strictly comparable, owing to the diversity of practice which at present prevails as between the different provincial registrars. Not only is the statistical year not uniform for all the provinces, but there is no uniformity in the practice as regards the inclusion or exclusion of still-births. Thus, in Nova Scotia, Quebec and Ontario still-births are eliminated from the calculations; but in Prince Edward Island, the Northwest provinces and British Columbia they are included, and for these provinces the numbers of still-births, which are too small to affect materially the birth- and deathrates calculated, are given in a note at the foot of the table.

Vital Statistics of Cities.—Table 35 records the number of births, marriages and deaths by principal cities for the years 1913 and 1914 in continuation of the tables given in previous editions. In this table the natural increase per 1,000 of the population is based upon the locally estimated population in all cases where given.

34.-Number of Births, Marriages and Deaths, by Provinces, 1911-1914.

Provinces.	Births.	Birth- rate per 1,000 living.	Mar- riages.	Mar- riage- rate per 1,000 living.	Deaths.	Death- rate per 1,000 living.	Excess of Births over Deaths.
P. E. Island ¹ 1911 1912	1,497	15.97	470	5.01 lished in	1,114 1912.)	11.89	383
1913	1,628		478	5.10	983		
1914	1,511	16.12			1,012	10.80	
Nova Scotia1911	12,322				8,237 7,126	16.73 14.34	4,085 5,555
1912 1913	12,681 12,553	25.52 25.22			7,225	14.52	
1914	12,771	25.46	3,643		7,527	15.01	
Quebec1911	74,475		15,254	7.61	35,904	17.92	38,571
1912	76,647	37.53	16,055				
1913	79,089		17,253		36,200		42,889
1914	80,361	38.00	16,121	7.62	36,002	17.02	44,359

¹Including still-births as follows: 4 in 1911, 1 in 1913, 3 in 1914.

VITAL STATISTICS.

34.—Number of Births, Marriages and Deaths, by Provinces, 1911-1914—concluded.

Provinces.	Births.	Birth- rate per 1,000 living.	Mar- riages.	Mar- riage- rate per 1,000 living.	Deaths.	Death- rate per 1,000 living.	Excess of Births over Deaths.
Ontario1911	56,096			10.23			
1912	58,870			11.27	32,150		26,720
1913	64,516	24.00	26,998	10.00	34,317	12.70	30,199
1914	66,225		24,245	9.22	32,440		0-,
Manitoba ¹ 1911	13,407	29.43	5,177	11.36		12.03	
1912	14,666		6,095	12.60	6,084		
1913	16,424	36.34	5,985	13.24	5,919	13.10	10,505
1914	17,449	33.50	5,667	10.88		10.78	11,832
Saskatchewan ¹ . 1911	.8,745	17.76	3,511	7.13	2,727	5.54	6,018
1912	11,479	20.24	4,651	8.20		6.29	
1913	13,200	20.94	4,990				
1914	16,489	22.83	5,014				12,529
Alberta ¹ 1911	8,813		3,630				5,195
1912	10,284	23.60	4,429	10.16	4,232		6,052
1913	11,871	24.34	5,053	10.36	4,432		7,439
1914 B. Columbia ¹ . 1911	13,685	24.25 14.88	4,623 4,509	8.19 11.49	$\frac{4,147}{3,660}$	7.35 9.32	
1912	5,841 8,008						3,695
1912	9,199	18.58		10.12	4,619	9.33	4,580
1913	8,754	17.93	4,296	8.80	3,974		4,780
Yukon1911	48	5.64	4,230	4.82	87	10.22	-39
1912	612		48	5.64			3
19143	66	7.75		4.82		5.87	16
1314	00		11	1.02	00	0.01	10

¹Including still-births as follows: Manitoba 243 in 1911, 316 in 1912; Saskatchewan 48 in 1911, 170 in 1912, 134 in 1913, 182 in 1914; Alberta 160 in 1911, 230 in 1912, 250 in 1913, in 1914, 315 are not included; British Columbia 191 in 1911, 240 in 1912, 279 in 1913, 235 in 1914; Yukon 3 in 1914. In Manitoba in 1913 and 1914 still-births are excluded.

35.—Number of Births, Marriages and Deaths, by Principal Cities, 1913 and 1914.

Cities.	Year.	Popula- tion.	Births.	Mar- riages.	Deaths.	Excess of Births over Deaths.	Natural Increase per 1,000 of Popu- lation.
P. E. Island— Charlottetown	1913	_	183	not given	128	58	-
Nova Scotia—	1914		462	"	188	400	
Halifax	1913 1914	47,109		ш ш	912 1,031 368	433	9.19
Sydney	1913	17,996		ш	349 276	195	
Glace Bay	1913 1914	16,741	455 531	ш	270 271		

²Incomplete.

²Incomplete. ³11 months.

35.—Number of Births, Marriages and Deaths, by Principal Cities, 1913 and 1914—continued.

		C	ontinuea.				
		N-A TELE		10111/11		Excess	Natural
	The state	Danula		Mar-		of	Increase
Cities.	Year.	Popula- tion.	Births.	riages.	Deaths.	Births	per 1.000
	CAN BE	01011.		mages.	A PRESIDENT	over	of Popu-
						Deaths.	lation.
Quebec—	1010				10.000	0.404	
Montreal	1913	- TI	20,490	6,280	12,299 11,721	8,191	-
Orrahaa	1914 1913	15 din -	20,386	5,781 638	1,721	8,665 1,428	
Quebec	1913		3,096 3,136	612		1,352	ally B
Maisonneuve	1913	-	8352	1472		1,002	
	1914	-	7432	1312		THE PARTY	CONTRACTOR
Hull	1913	1335 -	655^{2}	124		-	100 -
- Joseph Company	1914	000 -3	8792			-	-
Sherbrooke	1913	7.1	704^{2}	1372	337		The best of
Westmount	1914 1913		673^{2} 138^{2}	$\frac{107^2}{24^2}$	374 89		
westmount	1914		1622	482			
Three Rivers	1913		656	133		313	_
	1914	-	660	120		385	
Verdun	1913	1000 - 1	505^{2}	69 ²	347	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-
	1914	-	5822	75^{2}	345	-	-
Lachine	1913	- I	3962	65^{2}			5.00
Ct True sinths	1914 1913		4222	542		105	
St. Hyacinthe	1913	To Bo =	$\frac{325}{342}$	$\frac{106^2}{99^2}$		121	
Ontario-	1011		042	00	Lead Lat St.	121	200
Toronto	1913	454,000	13,722	6,381	6,223	7,499	16.52
	1914	475,000	13,949	5,964		8,347	17.57
Ottawa	1913	96,350	2,482	1,044	1,767	715	7.42
	1914	97,900	2,592	1,072	1,697	895	9.14
Hamilton	1913	100,650	2,706	1,395	1,211	1,495	14.85 16.67
London	1914 1913	101,190 52,940	2,845 1,203	1,163 605	1,158 854	1,687 349	6.59
Dondon	1914	54,220	1,200	607	802	398	7.34
Brantford	1913	26,100	742	323			14.29
	1914	26,100	808	296	281	527	20.19
Kingston	1913	21,010	523	268	439	84	4.00
D. 1	1914	21,260	517	287	372	145	6.82
Peterborough	1913 1914	19,170	470	232	268 254	$\frac{202}{222}$	10.54 11.30
Windsor	1914	19,650 21,610	476 511	207 1,423	327	184	8.51
(† III (II) (II) (II) (II) (II) (II) (II	1914	22,500	626	622	316		
Fort William		24,070	866	309	390		19.78
	1914	27,180	956	254	311	645	23.73
Berlin	1913	18,500	506		245		14.11
Charles	1914	18,880	531	222	211	320 174	16.95 10.66
Guelph	1913 1914	16,320 16,800	394 353	175 145			8.57
St. Thomas	1914	14,520	318	205			
DU. 111011100	1914	15,490				122	7.88
Stratford	1913	14,570	337	141	192	145	9.95
	1914	14,570	357	139			
Owen Sound	1913	12,790	329	127	178	151	11.81
St Cather and	1914	12,560	342	125	138 242	204 178	16.24 11.80
St. Catharmes	1913	15,080 15,860	420 500	194 238			16.20
Port Arthur	1913	18,030		249			22.85
	1914	18,320	702	210	215		26.58
Sault Ste. Marie	1913	12,290	306		236		
	1914	13,200	279	180	198	81	6.14
2 Incomplete			CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE		A COUNTY		

² Incomplete.

VITAL STATISTICS.

35.—Number of Births, Marriages and Deaths, by Principal Cities, 1913 and 1914—concluded.

			oncluded	l.			
				1		Excess	Natural
	A STATE OF	Popula-		Mar-		of	Increase
Cities.	Year.	tion.	Births.	riages.	Deaths.	Births	per 1,000
		tion.		mages.		over	of Popu-
						Deaths.	lation.
Ontario-con.					,	7	1
Chatham	1913	12,390	260	207	207	53	4.28
THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	1914	12,830	250	194	230	20	1.56
Galt	1913	11,930	280	150	156	124	10.39
~	1914	12,020	323	132	139	184	15.31
Sarnia	1913	11,550	258	184	149	109	9.44
D 11 '11	1914	12,090	270	179	156	114	9.43
Belleville	1913	10,600	258	138	187	71	6.70
D 1 111	1914	11,230	240	130	149	91	8.10
Brockville	1913	9,675	225	127	186	39	4.03
337 14.1	1914	9,275	228	85	173	55	5.93
Woodstock	1913	9,485	223	106	143	80	8.43
Niamana Falla	1914	9,600	203	131	124	79	
Niagara Falls	1913 1914	12,020	267 294	492 291	131	136	11.31
North Bay	1914	11,650 9,490	340	124	140	154	13.22
	1914	10,980	406	124	144 146	196	20.65
Manitoba—						260	
Winnipeg	1913	184,730	5,577	3,404	2,204	3,373	18.26
	1914	203,255	5,789	3,070	1,955	3,834	18.86
Brandon	1913	15,911	680	296	279	401	25.20
O. D. 10	1914	17,177	641	277	229	412	23.99
St. Boniface	1913	11,405	327	109	389	-	
Dont on L. Doninia	1914	12,025	421	119	302	119	9.90
Portage la Prairie.	1913	6,343	231	97	118	113	17.81
Saskatchewan-	1914	6,500	204	85	126	78	12.00
Regina	1913		845	528	486	359	-
	1914	50,000	1,006	493	298		14.16
Moosejaw	1913	-	515	484	284	231	-
	1914	30,000	607	400	210	397	13.23
Saskatoon	1913	-	856	576	429	427	
N 41 D 441 6 1	1914	30,000	914	433	265	649	21.63
North Battleford	1913	0.000	239	74	67	172	-
Prince Albert	1914 1913	6,000	198	92 178	46	152	
Frince Albert	1913	10,000	310 274	144	172 123	138 151	
Swift Current	1914	10,000	214	144	120	101	15.10
Switt Current	1914	6,000	159		49	110	18.33
Weyburn	1913	0,000	100	- 111	-	-	10.00
	1914	5,343	165		48	-117	21.90
Alberta—		0,010					21.00
Calgary	1913		2,278	1,379	878	1,400	
Ti 1	1914		2,354	1,121	685	1,669	THE REAL PROPERTY.
Edmonton	1913 1914		1,365 1,824	986 1.009	778 652	587 1,172	
Lathbuides	1914	_	241	242	166	75	
Lethbridge	1913		247	221	138	109	
Medicine Hat	1913	ALEXANDER	328		215	113	
	1914		419		162	257	million and
British Columbia—		114.000		Part and a second			00.00
Vancouver	1913	114,220	4,115		1,799	2,316	
77. 4	1914	106,110			1,178 569	1,247	
Victoria	1913	-	986				
New Westminster	1914 1913	17 100	772 855		459	364	
New Westimmster	1913	17,198 15,000	536		302	234	
Nanaimo	1914	8,000					
21011011110	1913	8,500					
	1314	0,000	0.40	1 00	100	1 201	1 21.00

IMMIGRATION.

Immigrant Arrivals in 1915.—Immigration into Canada continues to be affected by the European war, the number of immigrants in 1915 showing a further marked decline. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 1916, the number of immigrant arrivals was 48,537, as compared with 144,789 in 1915 and 384,878 in 1914, the year before the war broke out. Of the total number of immigrants in 1915–16, 8,664, or 18 p.c., came from the United Kingdom, 36,937, or 76 p.c., came from the United States and 2,936, or 6 p.c., came from other countries. For the calendar year 1915 the total number of immigrant arrivals was 48,466, including 9,606 from the United Kingdom, 36,098 from the United States and 2,762 from other countries.

Juvenile Immigration.—The Chief Inspector of British Immigrant Children and Receiving Homes reports that in 1915–16, 821 children were received in Canada through 10 different agencies and were placed in foster homes or situations. Applications for the services of these children remain largely in excess of the supply, as appears from Table 40. This shows the number of British Juvenile immigrants—not members of families—and the number of applications for their services received by the various agencies during the fiscal years 1901 to 1916. Altogether about 77,800 children have been placed out in Canada since the organization of this class of immigration began in 1868. Of the total, about 26,300 have come from the Dr. Barnardo Homes.

Oriental Immigration.—Tables 43 and 44 relate to Chinese immigration and give a record of such immigration since 1886 and the number of Chinese in Canada at the Censuses of 1901 and 1911. In 1885, owing to the heavy influx of Chinese into Canada, legislation (48-49 Vict. c. 71) was passed providing that thereafter Chinese of the labouring classes be required as a condition of their entry into the Dominion to pay a head tax of \$50 each; on January 1, 1901 (63-64 Vict. 1900, c. 32), this amount was increased to \$100 and on January 1, 1904 (3 Edw. VII, 1903, c. 8), to \$500. The exempt classes have varied slightly from time to time; but, generally speaking, have included consular officers, their wives, children and suites, Chinese merchants, their wives and children, and Chinese belonging to the learned professions. Practically all of those who have been admitted as exempt have been merchants and members of merchants' families. are allowed under the Act to register out of Canada for absence abroad for a period of twelve months, which registration allows them the privilege of free return within the period specified. For each of these registrations a fee of \$1 is charged. The total revenue under the Chinese Immigration Act is made up of head taxes, registration fees for leave of absence and fines collected for infringements of the Act. From 1886 to 1902 one quarter of the net proceeds of the revenues under the Chinese Immigration Act was paid to the provinces wherein they were collected. From 1903 the proportion so paid to the provinces

IMMIGRATION.

has been one-half, in accordance with an amending Act of 1902 (2 Edw. VII, c. 5). Table 45 shows the total number of oriental immigrants arriving in Canada since 1901.

Immigration Expenditure and Revenue.—Table 46 shows the annual expenditure for immigration purposes for each fiscal year since 1868. For the year ended March 31, 1915, the amount was \$1,658,182. On the other side of the account there is the revenue derived from the payments of the Chinese as recorded in Table 43. For the year ended March 31, 1915, the revenue from this source amounted to \$588,124, of which \$252,634 was paid to the provinces; so that the Dominion expenditure on immigration in the year 1914–15 exceeded the Dominion revenue from immigration by \$1,322,692. For the year ended March 31, 1914, the expenditure was \$1,893,298 and the revenue \$2,644,593, of which \$1,284,652 was paid to the provinces; so that for the year 1913-14 the Dominion immigration revenue exceeded the Dominion immigration expenditure by \$533,357.

36.—Number of Immigrant Arrivals in Canada, 1897-1916.

Ti' 1		mmigra rivals fro			Ti' l		nmigran			
Fiscal Years.		United States.	Other Coun- tries.	Total.	Fiscal Years.	United King- dom.	United States.	Other Coun- tries.	Total.	
	No.	No.	No.	No.		No.	No.	No.	No.	
18971	11,383	2,412	7,921	21,716	1907³	55,791	34,659	34,217	124,667	
18981	11,173	9,119	11,608	31,900	1908	120,182	58,312	83,975	262,469	
1899 ⁱ	10,660	11,945	21,938	44,543	1909	52,901	59,832	34,175	146,908	
19002	5,141	8,543	10,211	23,895	1910	59,790	103,798	45,206	208,794	
1901	11,810	17,987	19,352	49,149	1911	123,013	121,451	66,620	311,084	
1902	17,259	26,388	23,732	67,379	1912	138,121	133,710	82,406	354,237	
1903	41,792	49,473	37,099	128,364	1913	150,542	139,009	112,881	402,432	
1904	50,374	45,171	34,786	130,331	1914	142,622	107,530	134,726	384,878	
1905	65,359	43,543	37,364	146,266	1915	43,276	59,779	41,734	144,789	
1906	86,796	57,796	44,472	189,064	1916	8,664	36,937	2,936	48,537	
THE PARTY						l'alant		-		

¹Calendar year. ²Six months, January to June, inclusive. ³Nine months ended March 31.

AREA AND POPULATION.

37.-Arrivals at Inland and Ocean Ports in Canada in fiscal years 1910-1916.

NT 11.11	1010	1011	1010	1010		4044	Ministra
Nationalities.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	1916.
			3 9				
	27						
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
	1000		ALLES SE				
English	40,416	84,707	95,107		102,122	30,807	5,857
Irish	3,940	6,877	8,327	9,706	9,585	3,525	818
Scotch	14,706	29,924	32,988	30,735	29,128	8,346	1,887
Welsh	728	1,505	1,699	2,019	1,787	598	102
Total for U.K	59,790	123,013	138,121			43,276	8,664
Armenian	75	20	60	100	139	36	
Australian	203	266	184				32
Austrian	4,195	7,891	4,871	1,050		502	15
Belgian	910	1,563	1,601	1,826		1,149	172
Bukowinian	725	700	328	687	1,549	72	112
	557	1,068	3,295	4,616		4,048	1
Bulgarian		5,278	6,247			1,040	
Chinese	2,156			7,445	5,512	1,258	88
Danish	300	535	628	798	871	326	167
Dutch	741	931	1,077	1,524		605	186
Finnish	1,457	2,132	1,646	2,391	3,183	459	139
French	1,727	2,041	2,094	2,755	2,683	1,206	180
Galician	3,368	3,553	1,594	497	1,698	36	-
German, n.e.s	1,516	2,530	4,645	4,938	5,525	2,470	27
Greek	452	777	693	1,390	1,102	1,147	145
Hebrew, Austrian	56	248	269	392	728	160	1
Hebrew, German	10	19	4	16	20	1	-
Hebrew, Polish	28	85	52	26	22	6	-
Hebrew, Russian	2,745	4,188	4,460	6,304	9,622	2,674	46
Hebrew, n.e.s	343	606	537	649	860	266	18
Hindu	10	5	3	5	88	_	1
Hungarian	621	756	482	578		218	
Icelandic	95	250	205	231	292	145	15
Italian	7,118	8,359	7,590		24,722	6,228	388
Japanese	271	437	765	724	856	592	401
Newfoundland	3,372	2,229	2,598		496	338	255
New Zealand	82	116	61	39	24	21	18
	1,370	2,169	1,692	1,832	1,647	788	232
Norwegian	483			1,002	4,310		. 404
Polish, Austrian		1,065	2,773	4,462		1,272	
Polish, German	12	43	1 694	29	46	511	7
Polish, Russian	738	800	1,624	4,488	4,507	544	7
Polish, n.e.s	174	269	642	966	930	153	1
Rumanian	293	511	793		1,504	361	4
Russian, n.e.s	4,564	6,621	9,805		24,485	5,201	40
Ruthenian	568	2,869	13,346		18,372	5,830	-
Servian	76	50	209	366	193	220	6
Swedish	2,017	3,213	2,394		2,435	916	177
Swiss	211	270	230	246	269	209	42
Syrian	195	124	144	232	278	79	3
Turkish	517	469	632	770	187	33	25 -
U.S. (viâ ocean ports)	186	203	143	121	121	41	15
United States	103,798	121,451	133,710	139,009	107,530	59,779	36,937
West Indies	146	398	314	398	474	356	38
Other nationalities	523	963	1,655	2,611	5,006	1,710	76
Total	149,004		216,116		242,256	101,513	39,873
		,	,-10	,-50	,0	,,,,,,	
Grand total	208.794	311.084	354.237	402,432	384.878	144.789	48,537
57.00	200,102	,001	,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,	,	20,001
N - " " : :C		,		1 12		-	

IMMIGRATION.

38.—Rejection of Immigrants upon arrival at Ocean Ports and Deportations after admission, by principal causes, for the fiscal years 1903-1916.

		1		RE.	JECTIO	NS AT	OCEA	N Po	RTS.		10 50	
Principal Causes.	1903 -6	1907 9m.	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	Totals
Medical Causes:—	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Insanity	18		19	13	15	5	15	22	15		6	140
Mentally deficient. Tuberculosis	12	8	9		24	22	25	21	22			219
Trachoma	1,244	176			11 429	26 326		11 72	34 127	7 138	5 4	150
Hernia	1	4	8		11	20	8	13	33	13	-4	3,068
Other Medical			W.					20		10		11
Causes	104	32	53	41	67	120	61	107	98	60	13	756
Accompanying patients	68	21	=0	20	40	104	PO.	00	70	-		
Contract Labour	00	21	58 23	60	42 33	104 28	53 3	28	76	58	4	572
Criminality	7	7	17	6	9	10	5	4	3		4	87
Defective Sight	3	14	12	17	2	15	3	9	6			82
Immorality	-	3	10		22	35	16	15	31	30	4	178
Indirect passage	40		7	4	29	25	112	45	55	35	7	312
InfirmityLack of funds	17	11	85	67	13	1 020	8	5	26	5	1	103
Likely to become a	1	13.	00	07	94	1,038	246	204	994	452	38	3,159
public charge	178	57	292	66	681	274	164	56	76	71	- 55	1,970
Poor physique	7	5	31	6	13	41	10	64	30	38	-	245
Stowaway	-	42	148	74	74	85	86	63	67	23	8	670
Other Causes	14	51	31	5	6	29	36	17	134	10	9	342
Totals	1,682	440	1,172	509	1,515	2,210	972	756	1,827	998	163	12,244
Principal Causes.				DEF	ORTAT	ions A	FTER	ADM:	ISSION			
		1										
Medical Causes:-								LIN L		1		
Epilepsy	18	6	15	22	8	10	10	8	19	13	12	141
Insanity	23	53	110	113	95	121	133	220	207	144	62	1,281
Mental Weakness Tuberculosis	34 35	20 13	43 67	1 54	30	17 33	39	10	15 139	10 82	4	172
Rheumatism	32	10	29	15	-8	2	7	12	42	27	47 17	600 201
General debility	40	_	60	97	27	1	i	-	_	-		226
Other Causes	63	14	45	95	28	36	24	50	133	101	54	643
Accompanying	10	0.5	00	0.4		10	4.5	10	10	0.1		
patients	12 10	35 12	26 68	21 115	130	18 172	17 242	16 334	10 376	34	329	194
Infirmity	33	10	15	64	3	172	4	554	2	404	329	2,192 140
Likely to become a	00	10	10	31	1		1			1	0	110
public charge	70	28		1,074	348	289	343	392	715	789	635	4,992
Vagrancy	2	-	21	56	29	61	84	107	97	77	44	578
Other Causes	3	-	17	21	19	24	46	71	79	52	26	358
Totals	375	201	825	1,748	734	784	959	1 281	1.834	1,734	1 2/3	11 719
10(315	0.0		0.00	-,- 10	.01	.01	000	1,201	1,001	1,.01	1,270	11,710

AREA AND POPULATION.

39.—Number by Nationalities of Deportations after Admission, 1903-1916.

		i ku	Ne.V	nh te	DEF	ORTA	TION	S AFTE	R ADM	iissio	N.		
Nationalities.	1903 -6	1907 9m.	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	Total	One in ev'y
English	No. 260 6 32 7	No. 130 2 26 10	No. 513 2 61 31	No. 1,081 1 119 34	No. 355 5 89 37	No. 342 3 90 23	No. 406 4 89 41	No. 387 7 118 47	No. 693 10 184 65	No. 699 11 119 48	No. 473 12 79 38	No. 5,339 63 1,006 381	153 208 223 186
Total British	305	168	607	1,235	486	458	540	559	952	877	602	6,789	168
Austro-Hungarian Belgian Bulgarian Chinese Danish Dutch Finnish French German Greek Hebrew Hindu Italian Norwegian Polish Rumanian Russian Swedish Turkish United States West Indian Other	9 1 1 6 - 10 - 10 - 6 12 1 2 - 7 - 2 - 5	5 2 2 - 1 1 1 - 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 4 - 1 1 4 4 - 8 8 1	27 - 65 1 66 10 2 4 8 - 9 - 13 4 9 9 2 2 9 9 - 37 - 3	42 74 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 1 2 4 1 3 2 4 4 1 3 2 4 4 1 3 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 6 7 7 7 2 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	222 88 - 1 22 33 44 111 177 22 44 1 155 6 6 - 119 17	29 6 6 - 2 3 2 4 4 12 100 111 13 12 5 5 8 8 - 169 6 17	40 66 - 6 22 1 3 22 6 6 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1	54 4 2 16 5 13 14 26 25 2 16 1 17 21 22 4 29 20 2 377 26 26	167 3 1 18 2 2 5 11 24 38 2 42 - 35 13 11 5 5 44 10 11 405 19 16	91 77 3 33 77 8 5 9 13 5 18 2 66 10 11 3 27 11 - 461 46 21	-5 1 27 -4 1 1 2 -4 75 17 -1 11 9 -437 15 27	486 44 146 107 38 58 52 135 127 58 159 35 266 100 76 67 206 103 24 2,369 119 154	355 124 298 159 168 372 180 289 142 477 151
Total	375	201	825	1,748	734	784	959	1,281	1,834	1,734	1,243	11,718	255

40.—Juvenile Immigrants and Applications for their Services, 1901-1916.

Fisc Yea		Applications for their services.	Fiscal Year.	Juvenile immigrants.	Applications for their services.
19 19 19 19 19	No. 977 02 1,540 03 1,979 04 2,212 05 2,814 06 3,258 071 1,455 08 2,375	No. 5,783 8,587 14,219 16,573 17,833 19,374 15,800 17,239	1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916	No. 2,424 2,422 2,524 2,689 2,642 2,318 1,899 821	No. 15,417 18,477 21,768 31,040 33,493 32,417 30,854 31,725
			Total	34,349	330,599

Note.—The above are included in the total number of immigrants recorded elsewhere. In months.

IMMIGRATION.

41.—Sex, Occupation and Destination of Immigrants for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915.

Sex	ĸ.				M	ales		Fe	ma	les.	Chi	ildren.	1	Totals.
Viâ ocean ports From the United St	ate	es				No 43,0 31,1	105		25	No. 5,430 6,560		No. 16,575 12,081		No. 85,010 59,779
Totals						74,1	43		41	,990		28,656		144,789
Occupations.		FARME	ERS (or Fai	RM L	ABOT	JRE	RS		GEN	ERA	L LABO	UI	RERS.
Occupations.		Male	s.	Fema	ales.	Chil	ldr	en.	M	lales	F	'emales	3.	Children.
Viâ ocean ports From the United State		10,	0. 742 780	3	No. ,499 ,321			o. 172 718		No 22,4 5,9	93	No. 3,38 1,85	0	No. 3,239 1,515
Totals		23,	522	. 7	,820		8,8	390	0 28,4		06	5,23	0	4,754
Occupations.			N	ЛЕСНА	NICS				CLE		RKS,	TRADE	ıs,	ETC.
Occupations.	Males. Fer						ldr	en.	M	lales.	F	'emales	. 0	Children.
Viâ ocean ports From the United Star	tes	4,	o. 684 061	4	No. ,169 ,604			o. 664 873		No 1,98 1,39	36	No. 1,40 69	1	No. 788 294
Totals		12,	745	,773		5,5	537		3,3	80	2,09	4	1,082	
Occupations.	1	N	MIN	ERS.				ema ser-		1	TOT	CLASSI	FI	ED.
Occupations.	N	Iales.	Fen	nales.	Chile	dren		ant		Ma	les.	Female	es.	Children
Viâ ocean ports From the United		No. 761		No. 292	1	No. 409		N: 8,2	o. 239		No. ,339	No. 4,4		No. 4,303
States		504		62		52		2,3	371	2	,486	4,6	59	3,629
Totals		1,265		354		461		10,6	610	4	,825	9,1	09	7,932
Destin	ati	on.				ritin vince		Q	ueb	ec.	On	tario.	M	anitoba.
Viâ ocean ports From the United St	ate	es				No 4,0 7,0	11		18	No. 3,718 2,335		No. 32,875 11,998		No. 9,429 3,767
Totals, 1915 Totals, 1916						11,1 5,9				,053 ,274		44,873 14,743		13,196 3,487
Destination.						skat ewar		Al	lber	ta.		ritish umbia.		Yukon.
	Viâ ocean ports From the United States					No. 6,918 9,255		No. 6,506 11,757			No. 6,549 3,574		No. 4	
	Totals, 1915 Totals, 1916									,263 ,215		10,123 2,836		14

¹Included in British Columbia.

AREA AND POPULATION.

42.—Destination of Immigrants into Canada by Provinces, 1901-1916.

Fiscal Year.	Mari- time Prov.	Que- bec.	On- tario.	Mani- toba.	Sas- katch- ewan.	Al- berta.	British Colum- bia.		Totals.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
1901	2,144	10,216		11,254		,160	2,600		
1902	2,312	8,817	9,798	17,422	- 22	,199	3,483	3,348	67,379
1903	5,821	17,040	14,854	39,535	43	,898	5,378	1,838	128,364
1904	5,448	20,222	21,266	34,911	40	,397	6,994	1,093	130,331
1905	4,128	23,666	35,811	35,387	39	,289	6,008	1,977	146,266
1906	6,381	25,212	52,746	35,648	28,728	26,177	12,406	1,766	
1907 (9 m.)	6,510	18,319	32,654	20,273	15,307	17,559	13,650		124,667
1908	10,360	44,157	75,133	39,789	30,590	31,477	30,768	195	
1909	6,517	19,733	29,265	19,702	22,146	27,651	21,862	32	146,908
1910	10,644	28,524	46,129	21,049	29,218	42,509	30,721	-	208,794
1911	13,236	42,914	80,035	34,653	40,763	44,782	54,701	-	311,084
1912	15,973	50,602	100,227	43,477	46,158	45,957	51,843	-	354,237
1913	19,806	64,835	122,798	43,813	45,147	48,073	57,960	-	402,432
1914	16,730	80,368	123,792	41,640	40,999	43,741	37,608	00-1	384,878
1915	11,104	31,053	44,873	13,196	16,173	18,263	10,127	-	144,789
1916	5,981	8,274	14,743	3,487	6,001	7,215	2,836	-	48,537
III WILLIAM									
Totals	143,095	493,952	810,332	455,236	834	,577	348,945	13,211	3,099,348

43.—Record of Chinese Immigration, 1886-1915.

	40. 1000	i d of Calific	se miningra	1011, 1000-1	oro.	
Fiscal Year.	Paying tax.	Ex- empt from tax.	Percentage of total arrivals admitted exempt from tax.	Registra- tion for leave.	Total Revenue.	Paid to Provinces.
A LYGING	No.	No.	P.C.	No.	\$	\$
1886-88	625	1	0.17	2,431	34,813	7,563
1889	782	112	12.51	1,322	40,808	9,600
1890	1,069	97	8.32		56,258	13,250
1891	2,114	12	0.56	1,617	107,785	26,275
1892	3,276	6	0.18		166,503	40,663
1893	2,244	14	0.62	1,277	113,491	27,388
1894	2,087	22	1.04	666	105,021	25,438
1895	1,440	22	1.50		72,475	17,200
1896	1,762	24	1.34	697	88,800	
1897	2,447	24	0.97	768	123,119	
1898	2,175	17	0.78	802	109,754	
1899	4,385	17	0.39	859	220,310	53,262
1900	4,231	26	0.61	1,102	215,102	
1901	2,518	26	1.02	1,204	178,704	
1902	3,525	62	1.73	1,922	364,972	87,687
1903	5,245	84	1.58		526,744	
1904	4,719	128	2.64	1,920	474,420	
1905	8	69	89.61	2,080	6,080	
1906	22	146		2,421	13,521	25,550
19071	91	200	68.73	2,594		
1908	1,482	752	33.67	3,535		365,750
1909	• 1,411	695	33.00		713,131	318,750
1910	1,614	688	29.89			
1911	4,515	805	15.13			
1912	6,083	498	7.57	4,322	3,049,722	
1913	7,078	367	4.93		3,549,242	
1914	5,274	238		5,450		
1915	1,155	103	8.19	4,373	588,124	252,634
Totals	73,377	5,255	6.68	61,149	17,433,180	7,969,114

¹Nine months.

IMMIGRATION.

44.—Number of Chinese in Canada by Provinces, according to the Censuses of 1901 and 1911.

Provinces.	1901.	1911.	In- crease	Provinces.	1901.	1911.	In- crease
Prince Edward Isl'd Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec. Ontario Manitoba	No. 4 106 59 1,037 732 206	93 1,578 2,766	34 541 2,034	ries	7	19,568	7

45.—Record of Oriental Immigration, 1901-1916.

Fiscal Year.	Chi- nese.	Japa- nese.	Hin- doos.	Total.	Fiscal Year.	Chi- nese.	Japa- nese.	Hin- doos.	Total.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907	No. 7 2 - 18 92 1,884	No. 6 - 354 1,922 2,042 7,601		No. 13 2 - 399 2,327 4,258 12,108	1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916	No. 1,887 2,156 5,278 6,247 7,445 5,512 1,258 88 31,874	No. 495 271 437 765 724 856 592 401 16,466	No. 6 10 5 3 5 88 - 1 5,297	

46.—Expenditure on Immigration in the fiscal years 1868-1915.

Year.	\$	Year.	\$	Year.	\$	Year.	\$
1868	36,050 26,952 55,966 54,004 109,954 265,718 291,297 278,777 338,179 309,353 154,351 186,403	1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889	161,213 214,251 215,339 373,958 511,209 423,861 257,355 341,236 244,789 202,499 110,092 181,045	1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901	177,605 180,677 202,235 195,653 120,199 127,438 261,195 255,879 434,563 444,730 494,842 642,914	1906	744,788 972,357 842,668 611,201 1,074,697 979,326 960,676 1,079,130 1,365,000 1,427,112 1,893,298 1,658,182

¹Nine months.

IV.—EDUCATION.

General Features of Canadian Education System.—Under the British North America Act, 1867, the right to legislate on matters respecting education was exclusively reserved to the provincial legislatures, subject to the maintenance of the rights and privileges of the denominational and separate schools as existing at the time of union or admission of provinces. In general there are two fundamental systems of education throughout Canada, one that of the Protestant communities, free from the control of religious bodies, and the other that of the Roman Catholic French and Irish communities in which education is united with the religious teaching of the Roman Catholic Church. In Ontario, Roman Catholics have the right to form what are known as "Separate Schools" for elementary education, the local rates for the support of these schools being separately levied and applied. In Quebec, Saskatchewan and Alberta similar provisions apply.

In all the provinces the cost of education is defrayed from the public revenues, provincial and local, and public elementary education is free to parents or guardians, except for certain small fees which are payable in parts of the province of Quebec. With the exception of Quebec all the provinces have laws of compulsory education, but under conditions that differ as between one province and another. In general the provincial laws provide for uniformity in the training of teachers, the use of text books and the grading of pupils. Secondary schools or departments, and colleges or universities for higher education, exist under government control in all the provinces, and the three classes of teaching institutions are more or less co-ordinated to allow of natural transition from the lower to the higher. School terms and holidays are arranged to suit climatic and other local conditions; so that it is frequently possible for students to work their own way through college and the university. Arrangements for the superannuation of teachers are applied in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario.

Recent movements in the direction of nature study, manual instruction, school gardens, agriculture, domestic science and technical education are all energetically in progress, and in the more progressive provinces the higher education of women is an important feature of university life.

A more detailed description of the Canadian system of public education, as organized in each province, was published in the Year Book of 1914, pages 94 to 116.

Education Statistics of Canada.—There being at present no effective co-ordination of education statistics it is difficult to construct comparative tables for Canada. In the first place, the year to which the statistics relate differs according to province. Thus the school year ended June 30 is adopted for statistical purposes by Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, Quebec, Manitoba and British Columbia; the education year for Nova Scotia ends on July 31; and the calendar year ended December 31 is selected by Ontario, Saskatchewan and Alberta. In the tables numbered 1 to 5 an attempt is, however, made

to bring together by provinces (1) the number of elementary schools, teachers and pupils, with the average attendance of the pupils; (2) the number of teachers and pupils in normal and model schools for the training of teachers; (3) statistics of secondary schools so far as they are separately given and (4) the amount of public expenditure for

education under the school law of each province.

In Table 1 the number of schools, teachers and pupils in the three Maritime provinces (Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick) includes both elementary and secondary schools or grades; in Nova Scotia the term "school" has a technical signification, being applied to a class with one teacher, irrespective of the number of classes in a school building. In Quebec and Ontario the statistics in Table 1 apply only to elementary schools; but again in the Northwest provinces and in British Columbia no line is drawn between the elementary and secondary grades. In Manitoba the sex of the pupils is not separately distinguished. Statistics of secondary education are only separately available for Quebec and Ontario. They are given in Tables 3 and 4. The model schools of Quebec are generally similar to the collegiate institutes and high schools in Ontario, except that the higher grades of the Quebec model schools do not prepare students for university matriculation, who enter from the academies.

Probably the most remarkable feature of these statistics is the extraordinary growth during the present century of the expenditure upon public education. In 1901, the first year of the century, the total expenditure for the purposes of public education in Canada was \$11,589,410; in 1914, the latest year for which complete figures for all the provinces are available, it was \$53,610,661, an increase of

\$42,021,251, or 362 p.c.

1.—Number of Schools, Teachers and Pupils in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1915.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND (Year ended June 30).

Year.	Schools		Teacher	s.	Puj	oils enrol	led.	Average Attendance of pupils.	
		DATE OF THE	Female	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	No.	Per cent.
1901	474	299	290	589	11,319	9,460	20,779	12,330	50 34
1902	474			588	11,271	9,532	20,803	12,884	
1903	480			572	10,845	9.111	19,956	12,112	
1904	480	268		562	10,259	8,772	19,031	11,722	
1905	475	246	324	570	10,427	8,845	19,272	11,627	
1906	478	246	327	573	10,196	8,790	18,986	11,903	
1907	479	227	345	572	10,213	8,823	19,036	11,543	60.63
1908	476	205	375	580	9,449	8,563	18,012	11,647	
1909	479	200	395	595	9,578	8,495	18,073	11,543	63.86
1910	478	188	403	591	9,573	8,359	17,932	11,632	64.86
1911	478	178		591	9,152	8,245	17,397	10,511	60.40
1912	474	162	428	590	8,995	8,083	17,078	10,916	63.91
1913	475	161	422	583	9,186	8,369	17,555	11,003	62.67
1914	474	162	426	588	9,514	8,555	18,069	11,170	61.81
1915	477	152	434	586	9,714	8,688	18,402	11,694	63.54

1.—Number of Schools, Teachers and Pupils in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1915—con.

Nova Scotia (Year ended July 31).

Year.	Schools		Teacher:	s.	Pu	pils enrol	led.	Avera Attend of pup	Per cent. 33 54.5 38 55.9 3 55.9 3 55.9 5 56.3 5 58.9 7 57.1 43 58.2 60.7
		Male.	Female	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	No.	
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910	2,387 2,394 2,395 2,331 2,429 2,446 2,465 2,516 2,577 2,579	540 485 441 388 386 366 354 355 352 339	1,952 2,007 2,053 2,053 2,180 2,212 2,272 2,309 2,342 2,384	2,492 2,492 2,494 2,441 2,566 2,578 2,626 2,664 2,694 2,723	40,768 50,247 49,789 48,536 50,465 50,198 49,849 49,906 50,758 50,918	48,642 48,812 48,979 48,350 49,787 50,134 50,158 50,199 50,922 51,117	98,410 99,059 98,768 96,886 100,252 100,332 100,007 100,105 101,680 102,035	53,643 55,438 55,213 54,000 56,342 59,165 57,173 58,343 61,787 65,630	55.9 55.8 56.3 58.9 57.1 58.2 60.7
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	2,639 2,662 2,692 2,724	331 293 278 272 256	2,468 2,511 2,583 2,620 2,689	2,799 2,804 2,861 2,892	50,985 51,498 52,105 52,656	51,925 52,486 53,164 53,695	102,910 103,984 105,269 106,351 107,768	61,250 63,640 65,686 66,599 70,361	59.5 61.2 62.4

NEW BRUNSWICK (Year ended June 30).

(For second term ended June 30.)

1901	1,741	353	1,488	1,841	30,870	29,550	60,420	37,717 58.34
1902	1,736	348	1,477	1,825	30,767	29,710	60,477	38,736 59.62
1903	1,726	341	1,474	1,815	30,172	29,141	59,313	37,552 58.79
1904	1,722	313	1,503	1,816	29,892	28,867	58,759	36,920 58.50
1905	1,750	304	1,562	1,866	30,854	29,546	60,400	35,675 59.60
1906	1,762	302	1,577	1,879	30,913	29,768	60,681	37,540 61.86
1907	1,766	253	1,621	1,874	30,289	29,262	59,551	35,367 59.38
1908	1,767	259	1,602	1,861	30,600	29,795	60,395	36,972 61.22
1909	1,854	251	1,691	1,942	31,489	30,448	61,937	38,731 62.53
1910	1,860	233	1,741	1,974	31,933	31,061	62,994	39,822 63.21
1911	1,885	221	1,754	1,975	31,871	31,202	63,073	39,215 62.17
1912	1,906	201	1,811	2,012	32,062	31,502	63,564	40,612 63.89
1913	1,897	193	1,809	2,002	31,924	31,656	63,580	41,276 64.91
1914	1,922	201	1,831	2,032	32,244	32,066	64,310	40,882 63.57
1915	1,964	184	1,922	2,106	33,437	33,068	66,505	44,683 67.18

QUEBEC (Year ended June 30).

1901	5,245	185	5,911	6,096	99,440	101,684	201,124	138,787 69.01
1902	5,298	127	5,935	6,062	100,332	102,634	202,966	140,005 68.98
1903	5,379	196	6,105	6,301	101,532	103,525	205,057	143,044 69.76
1904	5,461	114	6,248	6,362	100,456	105,681	206,137	145,063 70.37
1905	5,517	128	6,334	6,462	101,777	107,936	209,713	151,156 72.08
1906	5,573	150	6,423	6,573	102,358	108,044	210,402	154,022 73.20
1907	5,592	160	6,479	6,639	101,981	107,899	209,880	152,764 72.79
1908	5,594	183	6,485	6,668	102,556	107,987	210,543	153,162 72.75
1909	5,648	169	6,601	6,770	106,011	110,781	216,792	160,096 73.85
1910	5,720	172	6,729	6,901	106,862	112,052	218,914	162,928 74.42
1911	5,905	203	6,931	7,134	111,458	114,980	226,438	167,168 73.82
1912	5,789	207	7,001	7,208	111,887	117,347	229,234	171,816 74.95
1913	5,827	213	7,182	7,395	129,052	105,208	234,260	176,438 75.32
1914	5,880	232	7,523	7,755	119,244	125,363	244,607	185,102 75.67

EDUCATION STATISTICS OF CANADA.

1.—Number of Schools, Teachers and Pupils in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1915—con.

ONTARIO (Year ended December 31).

Year.	Schools		Teachers.			oils Enrol	led.	Average Attendance of pupils.	
Toat.	Demoors		Female	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Attendance of pupils. No. Pecen 262,010 57. 261,480 57. 260,268 57. 257,085 57. 264,107 59. 266,503 59. 272,190 60. 274,561 60. 279,358 60. 281,98461. 291,210 62. 305,640 63. 319,337 64.	Per cent.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1911 1912 1913	6,035 6,062 6,146 6,177 6,221 6,240 6,268 6,334 6,380 6,408 6,416 6,452 6,484	2,294 2,160 2,075 1,950 1,863 1,783 1,842 1,747 1,696 1,499 1,511	7,296 7,479 7,699 7,899 8,110 8,243 8,527 8,822	9,221 9,367 9,456 9,554 9,649 9,762 9,893 10,085 10,274 10,518 10,542 10,757 11,175	236,482 232,880 230,630 227,596 229,026 230,236 229,794 233,301 234,876 235,131 236,147 239,187 245,436	222,124 221,208 219,648 217,025 217,468 218,756 218,424 219,920 221,426 224,014 223,801 227,835 234,807	458,606 454,088 450,278 444,621 446,494 448,992 448,218 453,221 456,302 459,145 459,948 467,022 480,243	261,480 260,268 257,085 264,107 267,252 266,503 272,190 274,561 279,358 281,984 291,210	57.58 57.80 57.82 59.15 59.52 59.45 60.05 60.17 60.84 61.30 62.35
1914 1915	6,550 6,600			11,546 11,850	252,202 258,000	$\frac{241,636}{247,074}$	493,838 505,074		

Manitoba (Year ended June 30).

Note.—The Manitoba school year from 1901 to 1911 ended December 31st. Owing to a change in the date of the school year no report was issued for 1912.

1901	1,416	618	1,051	1,669			51,888	27,550 53.1
1902	1,488	629	1,220	1,849	-	-	54,056	28,306 52.4
1903	1,584	628	1,466	2,094	-	-	57,409	36,479 63.5
1904	1,669	682	1,536	2,218		-	58,574	31,326 53.4
1905	1,761	597	1,675	2,272	-	-	63,287	33,794 53.4
1906	1,847	596	1,769	2,365	-	-	64,123	34,947 54.5
1907	1,943	595	1,885	2,480	-		67,144	37,279 55.5
1908	2,014	598	1,928	2,526		-	71,031	40,691 57.3
1909	2,105	637	2,025	2,662	-	-	73,044	41,405 56.7
910	2,227	621	2,153	2,774	-	-	76,247	43,885 57.6
1911	2,341	651	2,217	2,868	-	-	80,848	45,303 56.0
1913	2,430	500	2,464	2,964	-	-	83,679	48,163 57.5
1914	2,688	474	2,390	2,864	-	-	93,954	58,778 62.6
915	2,727	598	2,378	2,976		00.7	100,963	68,250 67.6

SASKATCHEWAN (Year ended December 31).

Mary and the			100	1	1			
1906	873	563	732	1,296	16,376	14,899	31,275	15,770 50.31
1907	1.101	-		1.470	19,454	18,168	37,622	19,841 52.48
1908			_	2.157	24,773	22,313	47,086	26,081 55.00
1909			1,335		28,426		53,969	28,202 52.25
1910					33,356		63,964	33,731 52.80
1911					36,926	, , , , , , ,	70,567	37,701 53.00
1912					41,495	, , , ,	79,882	
1913					51.651	47,458	99,109	
1914				4.501	58,036	53,023	111.059	63,328 57.02
1314	0,000	1,002	2,343	7,001	00,000	00,020	111,000	00,020 01.02

1.—Number of Schools, Teachers and Pupils in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1915—concluded.

ALBERTA (Year ended December 31).

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		IIIBBIIII (1001 chied Dooding).											
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Year.	Schools		Teacher	s.	Pup	oils Enrol	led.	Attend	ance			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Male.	Female	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	No.				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1906	570	280	644	924	14,701	14.083	28.784	14.782	51.00			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1907												
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1908				1,468		20,137	39,653					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1909				1,815								
1912 1,600 956 2,098 3,054 36,717 34,327 71,044 39,226 55.21 1913 1,705 980 2,314 3,294 41,449 38,460 79,909 45,888 57.41 1914 2,027 1,375 2,603 3,978 46,769 43,141 89,910 54,582 60.71 1915 2,138 1,418 2,800 4,218 50,140 47,146 97,286 61,112 62.81	1910								29,611	53.54			
1913 1,705 980 2,314 3,294 41,449 38,460 79,909 45,888 57,41 1914 2,027 1,375 2,603 3,978 46,769 43,141 89,910 54,582 60,71 1915 2,138 1,418 2,800 4,218 50,140 47,146 97,286 61,112 62,81	1911								32,556	52.08			
1914 2,027 1,375 2,603 3,978 46,769 43,141 89,910 54,582 60.71 1915 2,138 1,418 2,800 4,218 50,140 47,146 97,286 61,112 62.81	1912												
1915 2,138 1,418 2,800 4,218 50,140 47,146 97,286 61,112 62.81	1913												
	1914												
	1915	4,100							01,112	102.01			
		British Columbia (Year ended June 30).											
1901 313 185 343 528 11,854 11,177 23,031 14,962 64.96	1901					11,854							
1902 330 194 355 549 11,941 11,176 23,117 15,244 65.94	1902					11,941							
1903 338 189 391 580 12,243 11,400 23,643 16,000 67.67 1904 339 182 413 595 12,949 11.857 24,806 16,386 66.06													
1904 339 182 413 595 12,949 11,857 24,806 16,386 66.06 1905 348 177 452 629 13,671 12,593 26,264 18,037 68.67	1904												
1906 361 176 477 653 14,051 13,235 27,286 18,886 69.21	1905							27 286					
1907 376 163 530 693 14,815 13,869 28,684 19,483 69.18	1907		163										
1908 399 181 576 757 16,498 15,255 31,753 22,349 70.38						16,498							
1909 429 213 628 841 17,770 16,519 34,289 24,221 70.64	1909					17,770							
1910 476 231 727 958 19,432 18,197 37,629 26,874 71.42	1910					19,432			26,874	71.42			
1911 510 249 843 1.092 $22,222$ $20,735$ $42,957$ $30,984$ 72.13	1911	510	249		1,092	22,222			30,984	72.13			
1912 550 256 1,004 1,260 24,761 23,056 47,817 35,739 74.74	1912	550	256	1,004	1,260								
1913 614 307 1,179 1,486 28,312 26,392 54,704 40,963 74.88	1913				1,486			54,704					
1914 682 394 1,339 1,733 30,476 28,474 58,950 46,555 78.97	1914												
<u>1915</u> 730 412 1,403 1,815 31,215 29,137 60,352 49,162 81.46	1915	730	412	1,403	1,815	31,215	29,137	60,352	49,162	81.46			
SUMMARY FOR CANADA (1901 to 1914).				IMARY FO	OR CANA	DA (1901	to 1914).						
1901 17,611 4,617 17,819 22,436 439,733 422,637 914,258 546,999 59.83	1901												
1902 17,782 4,370 18,362 22,732 437,438 423,072 914,566 552,093 60.37	1902					437,438							
1903 18,048 4,229 19,083 23,312 435,211 421,804 914,424 560,668 61.31													
1904 18,179 4,022 19,526 23,548 429,688 420,552 908,814 552,502 60 79	1904												
1905 18,501 3,788 20,226 24,014 436,220 426,175 925,682 570,738 61.66							486,176						
1906 20,150 4,542 22,061 26,603 469,029 457,709 990,861 614,267 61.99 1907 20,684 3,853 22,134 27,457 474,102 463,234 1,004,480 617,263 61.45	1900												
1907 20,684 3,853 22,134 27,457 474,102 463,234 1,004,480 617,263 61.45 1908 21,361 4,058 22,551 28,766 486,599 474,169 1,031,799 640,358 62.06	1907				21,401								
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1000				20,700								
1910 22,855 5,270 26,058 31,328 515,611 502,309 1,094,167 693,471 63.38	1010												
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1911												
1912 21,877 4,831 26,221 31,052 546,602 533,023 1,079,625 701,441 64.97	1912			26,221									
1913 24,871 5,645 30,267 35,912 589,115 545,514 1,218,308 789,741 64.82				30,267									
1914 26,000 6,290 31,599 37,889 601,141 585,953 1,281,048 852,333 66.53				31,599									

Note.—From 1902 to 1905, inclusive, the Summary for Canada comprised the seven provinces of Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia. The two provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta were formed in 1905, and from 1906 all the nine provinces are included, with the exception of Manitoba for 1912, when no Education Report was issued by that province. In 1907 and 1908 the sex of the teachers in Saskatchewan was not given, and in Manitoba the sex of the pupils was not given for any of the years. In the Summary, therefore, these defects are indicated by printing the totals in italics.

EDUCATION STATISTICS OF CANADA.

2.—Normal and Model Schools in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba, 1901-1915.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Number of Pupils in the Provincial Normal College.

Year.	No. of Pupils.	Year.	No. of Pupils.	Year.	No. of Pupils.	Year.	No. of Pupils.
1901 1902 1903 1904	240 182 145 191	1905 1906 1907 1908	148 154 142 161	1909 1910 1911 1912	215 260 268 293	1913 1914 1915	302 318 355

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Number of Teachers and Pupils in the Normal School and Model Department.

Year.	Teachers.	Pupils i	n Norma	School.	Pupils i	n Model ment.	Depart-
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1901	11	41	155	196	81	111	192
1902 1903	14 16	68 35	201 189	$\frac{269}{224}$	72 73	118 104	190 177
1904 1905	19	35 54	253 231	288 285	74 86	102 104	176 190
1906 1907	16 18	44 45	263 315	307 360	85 74	95 91	180 165
1908 1909.	18	35 53	299 290	334	90	92	182
1910	15	63	295	343 358	93 91	94 100	187 191
1911 1912	16 16	46 46	324 330	370 376	88 91	99	187 191
1913 1914	18 16	53 45	305 312	358 357	92 88	98 99	190 187
1915	16	52	299	351	101	88	189

QUEBEC.

 $Number\ of\ Teachers\ and\ Pupils\ in\ Normal\ Schools,\ and\ Schools\ annexed\ to\\ Normal\ Schools.$

NORMAL SCHOOLS, 1902-1914.

77	Q		Teache	rs.	Pt	upil enro	olled	Aver- age	Per
Year.	Schools.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	atten- dance.	cent.
1901	5	31	27	58	97	256	353	345	97.73
1902	5	31	30	61	130	290	420	415	98.81
1903	5	31	30	61	138	322	460	455	98.91
1904	5	30	31	61	151	241	392	388	98.98
1905	5	32	30	62	142	274	416	410	98.56
1906	5	35	27	62	143	280	423	420	99.29
1907	6	34	38	72	159	308	467	462	98.93
1908	7	39	27	66	165	361	526	524	99.62
1909	10	58	59	117	182	533	715	710	99.30
1910	11	53	75	128	177	610	787	780	99.11
1911	11	50	79	129	174	666	840	835	99.40
1912	11	43	77	120	160	676	836	-	-
1913	13	50	86	136	175	913	1,088	-	100 -
1914	14	48	98	146	189	1,081	1,270	750 H.S.	-

2.—Normal and Model Schools in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba, 1901-1915—con.

QUEBEC-concluded.

Number of Teachers and Pupils in Normal Schools, and Schools annexed to Normal Schools—concluded.

SCHOOLS ANNEXED TO NORMAL SCHOOLS, 1901-1912.

V	G I I		achers.		Pur	oils enro	lled.	Average	Per
Year.	Schools	Male.	Female	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	attend- ance.	cent.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1911	6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 9 11 11	7 6 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8	24 24 25 24 24 27 28 23 31 38 40 44	31 30 32 31 32 34 35 30 38 45 48 52	404 343 404 460 464 422 425 236 257 279 290 215	604 594 584 615 541 542 578 463 739 967 979 1,203	1,008 937 988 1,075 1,005 964 1,003 699 996 1,246 1,269 1,418	769 694 747 837 764 874 820 553 741 954 1,044	76.29 74.06 75.61 77.86 76.02 90.66 81.75 79.11 74.40 76.56 82.27

NOTE.—The statistics of these schools are now included with those of the elementary schools.

Ontario.

Number of Teachers, Students and Pupils in Provincial Normal and Normal Model Schools.

Year.	Provincia	l Normal.	Year.	Model.	
	Teachers.	chers. Students.		Teachers.1	Pupils.
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1907-8. 1908-9. 1909-10. 1910-11. 1911-12. 1912-13. 1913-14. 1914-15. 1915-16.	No. 14 16 25 25 27 27 35 62 68 68 69 69 70 71 77	No. 613 619 586 304 306 345 428 1,149 1,235 1,266 1,064 986 1,201 1,160	1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	No. 28 31 36 36 36 36 38 37 37 37 38 38 38 38 38	No. 921 958 1,067 982 1,023 990 979 925 903 952 916 914 959 978

¹Includes Kindergarten.

EDUCATION STATISTICS OF CANADA.

2.—Normal and Model Schools in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba, 1901-1915—concluded.

Manutoba.

Number of Teachers and Students in Normal Schools.

Teachers.		Students at			Teac	hers.	Students at		
Year.	Pro- vin- cial Normal.	Local Normal.	Long Ses- sions.	Short Ses- sions.		Pro- vin- cial Normal.	Local Normal.	Long Ses- sions.	Short Sessions.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907	7 7 7 7 8 6 5	13 14 14 14 18 18 14	90 86 82 129 171 148 128	161 234 237 261 320 328 272	1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	5 5 5 6 School 6 6	10 10 10 11 year 11 10	131 136 122 126 chang 139 180 206	279 312 381 502 ed 390 401 466

Note. The above figures are also included with the public schools in Table 1.

Number of Teachers and Pupils in Model Schools, Academies and Roman Catholic Classical Colleges in Quebec, 1901-1914.

Model Schools. Teachers. Pupils enrolled. Average Per attend-Year. Schools cent. Male. Female Total. Girls. Total. ance. Boys. 65,872 81.09 66,109 80.52 39,260 41,979 81,239 1901.... 655 1,800 2,455 2,535 2,423 42,286 41,205 82,102 81,792 84,767 39,816 612 1,923 1902.... 568 66,327 81.10 68,349 80.63 40,587 1,805 618 1903.... 555 41,712 2,497 43,055 1,824 1904.... 572 673 69,640 81.19 1,876 2,566 44,120 41,654 85,774 1905.... 587 690 72,732 81.87 75,433 81.18 79,226 81.65 81,038 82.16 46,227 47,307 48,831 2,616 2,798 88,838 42,611 1906.... 598 709 1,907 92,916 97,032 98,638 45,609 1907.... 627 753 2,045 2,914 48,201 2,147 1908..... 640 767 2,216 2,966 50,064 48,574 1909.... 660 750 82,514 82.11 86,758 81.55 100,492 106,386 107,775 49,327 53,211 2,187 2,988 51,165 1910.... 661 801 2,335 3,186 53,175 1911.... 671 851 88,301 81.93 89,777 81.88 94,255 82.15 3,227 55,108 52,667 2,314 1912.... 683 913 3,257 53,544 109,653 56,109 912 2,345 1913.... 698 55,719 114,738 3,421 59,019 1914.... 718 904 2,517 ACADEMIES. 27,596|84.87 1,641 15,101 17,417 32,518 1901.... 168 428 1.213 1,225 1,316 30,810 85.12 16,156 20,064 36,220 1,722 1902.... 497 166 16,868 39,334 33,752 85.81 1,829 22,466 1903.... 178 32,907 84.90 1,878 38,762 16,503 22,259 1904.... 1,361 179 34,624 85.96 1,920 2,015 40,281 17,085 23,196 1905.... 523 1,397 184 42,568 36,357 85.41 18,382 24,186 1,449 1906.... 193 566 38,313 85.49 44,818 2,133 20,905 23,913 1,526 1907.... 607 198 38,631 85.15 20,084 25,285 45,369 1,560 2,192 1908.... 201 632 1,709 1,756 51,582 44,595 86.45 2,395 23,071 28,511 1909.... 217 686 47,953 86.31 55,141 2,491 24,404 30,737 1910.... 236 47,752 84.82 56,299 24,483 31,816 734 1,838 2,572 1911.... 223 54,403 86.31 2,017 2,122 2,775 36,759 63,027 26,268 758 1912.... 248 58,232 85.79 67,871 827 2,949 28.078 39,793 273 1913.... 76,550 65.190 85.16 32,674 43.876 2.227 3,143 1914.... 916 296

3.—Number of Teachers and Pupils in Model Schools, Academies and Roman Catholic Classical Colleges in Quebec, 1901-1914—concluded.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CLASSICAL COLLEGES.

		Number of		Average			Average		
Year.	Col- leges.	Profes- sors.	Pupils enrolled.	Attend- ance.	Year.	Col- leges.	Profes- sors.	Pupils enrolled.	attend- ance.
1901 1902 1903	19 19 19	549 562 559	5,915 6,096 6,174	5,468 5,698 5,694	1908 1909 1910	19 18 19	624 609 642	6,274 6,397 6,599	5,709 5,872 6,053
1904 1905 1906	19 19 19	590 621 621 624	6,265 6,269 6,318 6,268	5,758 5,772 5,895 5,796	1911 1912 1913 1914	19 21 21 21	642 662 687 726	7,140 7,818 8,189 8,444	6,521 7,280 7,677 7,841

4.—Number of Teachers and Pupils in Collegiate Institutes and High Schools in Ontario, 1901-1915.

ue de la companya de	Sahoola	Teachers		oils enrol	led.	Average	Per
Year.	No.	No.	Boys. No.	Girls. No.	Total. No.	attend- ance.	cent.
1901	131	579	10,869	11,654	22,523	13,224	58.71
1902	134	593	11,629	12,843	24,472	14,430	58.97
1903	135	619	11,988	13,734	25,722	15,317	59.55
1904	138	661	12,718	14,991	27,709	16,730	60.38
1905	140	689	13,035	15,626	28,661	17,567	61.29
1906	142	719	13,336	16,056	29,392	18,078	61.50
1907	143	750	13,799	16,532	30,331	18,485	60.94
1908	145	795	14,731	17,181	31,912	19,862	62.23
1909	145	820	15,776	17,325	33,101	20,791	62.81
1910	145	853	15,196	17,416	32,612	20,389	62.52
1911	148	898	14,679	17,548	32,227	20,177	62.60
1912	148	917	14,846	17,427	32,273	20,268	62.80
1913	161	970	15,489	18,257	33,746	21,448	63.55
1914	160	1,023	17,001	19,465	36,466	23,360	64.06
1915	160	1,020	17,705	20,721	38,426	24,825	64.60

5.—Expenditure for Public Education in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1915.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Year.	Govern- ment . Grant.	Local Assess- ment.	Total.	Year.	Govern- ment Grant.	Local Assess- ment.	Total.
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905. 1906 ¹ . 1907. 1908.	123,898	\$ 36,647 38,827 42,698 47,069 45,695 34,763 46,429 49,874	\$ 164,935 166,322 166,617 168,765 168,592 126,709 170,327 176,966	1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	126,438 179,956 150,732	\$ 54,027 53,924 54,738 81,685 56,874 61,490 91,258	\$ 183,206 181,472 181,176 261,641 207,606 217,993 259,671

¹Nine months. ²Eighteen months.

EDUCATION STATISTICS OF CANADA.

5.—Expenditure for Public Education in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1915—con. Nova Scotia.

	Govern-	Munici-	Local	
Year.	ment	pal	Assess-	Total.
	Grant.	Funds.	ment.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1901	254,778	119,876	470,108	844,762
1902	257,615	117,376	538,850	913,841
1903	263,092	121,016	552,350	936,458
1904	268,904	146,382	569,745	985,031
1905	271,657	146,430	576,560	994,647
1906	270,926	147,089	655,705	1,073,720
1907	277,415	146,959	616,431	1,040,805
1908	305,612	147,130	666,590	1,119,332
1909	307,990	147,400	711,428	1,166,818
1910	317,499	146,936	761,014	1,225,449
1911	324,728	146,822	804,125	1,275,675
1912	328,107	147,170	859,284	1,334,561
1913	337,888	156,864	944,992	1,439,744
1914	342,132	164,980	1,002,967	1,510,079
1915	358,125	168,009	1,066,892	1,593,026
New I	BRUNSWICK			
1901	163,225	90,492	346,623	600,340
1902	162,227	92,095	341,475	595,797
1903	160,825	94,969	374,196	629,990
1904.	156,982	94,835	380,000	631,817
1905	159,741	91,947	387,200	638,988
1906	160,957	91,718	- Nor	
1907	160,553	91,429		ecord
1908.	182,453	91,620	494,947	769,020
1909	190,854	91,235	539,002	821,091
1910.	195,363	90,454	580,069	865,886
1911	196,082	90,193	593,073	879,348
1912	196,958	93,783	632,384	923,125
1913	196,320	97,404	648,479	942,203
1914.	195,261	96,946	704,476	996,683
1915	200,635	97,423	761,753	1,059,811
	200,000	01,120		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
0	TEREC			

QUEBEC.

	Government	Grants to	Local Expe	nditure for	
Year.	Elementary Other Schools.		Elementary Schools.	Superior Schools.	Total.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913	235,000 235,000 235,000 285,000 285,000 335,000 386,000 418,000 462,572 532,000 658,823	218,950 325,450 248,964 234,280 245,760 251,150 334,850 348,350 490,391 602,657 670,029 752,593	1,688,743 1,770,906 1,935,113 2,005,542 2,199,371 2,374,657 2,532,900 2,870,244 3,031,072 3,494,499 3,702,297 4,188,225 4,188,225	1,311,061 1,280,203 1,298,961 1,341,573 1,404,387 1,427,745 1,517,841 1,595,293 1,649,344 1,807,640 2,026,807 2,024,215 2,024,215	3,453,754 3,611,559 3,718,038 3,816,395 4,084,518 4,338,552 4,670,591 5,148,887 5,517,866 6,210,530 6,794,333 7,414,469 7,623,856 8,896,988
1914 1915		1,065,803 1,120,320	5,797,799	1,375,080	-

5.—Expenditure for Public Education in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1915—con.

ONTARIO (Elementary Schools).

		Receip	ots.			
Year.	Government Grants.	Local Assessments.	Clergy Reserve Fund and other sources.	Total.	Total Expenditure.	
1901	383,666 390,156 405,362 414,004 509,795 655,239 770,426 810,595 805,635 892,377 842,278 778,150 760,845	\$ 3,784,070 3,959,912 4,263,983 4,464,227 4,928,790 5,529,496 6,146,825 6,581,232 6,574,372 7,334,458 7,826,083 9,478,887 9,856,380 12,608,865 11,810,023	\$ 1,468,678 1,422,924 1,406,957 1,600,982 1,886,400 1,883,394 2,455,864 2,620,523 3,013,501 3,573,507 3,778,183 3,936,887 4,025,284 4,069,565 4,089,210	\$ 5,630,056 5,766,502 6,061,006 6,470,571 7,229,194 7,922,685 9,257,928 9,972,181 10,398,468 11,713,600 12,496,643 14,258,052 14,659,814 17,439,275 16,749,105	\$ 4,720,310 4,825,160 5,077,869 5,459,493 6,161,236 6,403,206 7,556,179 7,943,826 8,141,423 9,343,102 9,904,284 11,273,960 12,325,907 14,850,968 14,267,476	

MANITOBA.

	- Y	Receipts.		Expenditure.				
Year.	Govern- ment Grants.	Local Assess- ments.	Total.	Teachers' Salaries.	Build- ings, etc.	Fuel, Repairs, etc.	Total.	
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	282,200 296,115 325,410	796,065 894,570 951,911 1,087,821 1,223,336 1,475,473 1,539,047 1,682,238 1,847,380 2,198,459 2,673,449	1,526,171 1,588,954 1,894,953 2,277,855 2,358,888 2,840,694 3,342,033 3,478,729 4,184,768 5,241,808 - 5,013,566 7,674,549	625,829 - 697,996 785,100 840,354 910,086 1,009,224 1,103,990 1,203,232 1,327,010 1,452,630 - 1,734,854 1,861,809	180,979 214,481 259,893 412,206 409,266 460,260 582,034 641,900 830,432 1,199,288 1,420,882 1,426,758	109,866 128,310 134,907 140,860 152,473 206,179 216,709 213,342 235,934 277,034 - 232,140 388,934	1,455,051 1,509,276 1,786,311 2,170,207 2,249,558 2,729,917 3,229,767 3,337,500 4,000,671 5,023,891 - 5,036,795	

Owing to change of year, no figures were published for 1912.

EDUCATION STATISTICS OF CANADA.

5.—Expenditure for Public Education in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1915—concluded.

SASKATCHEWAN.

	119		Receipt	s.					
Year.	Govern- ment Grants.	Local Assess- ments.	Proceeds of Deben- tures.	Borrowed by Note.	Total.	Expend- iture.			
1906. 1907. 1908. 1909. 1910. 1911. 1912. 1913. 1914.	\$ 174,218 218,385 402,028 513,604 557,299 555,438 622,088 722,002 867,590	\$ 602,624 707,835 992,157 1,249,192 1,369,531 1,519,528 1,929,345 2,913,135 4,451,326	507,006 651,828 584,873 524,741 659,270 1,430,603 2,075,375	474,324 507,522 667,549 921,841 1,204,322 1,936,450 2,470,834	\$ 1,465,361 1,957,472 2,783,153 3,192,271 3,672,582 4,029,792 6,030,613 8,360,421 8,536,577	\$ 1,448,915 2,000,675 2,679,373 3,032,999 3,655,428 3,989,036 5,931,844 8,327,178 8,588,462			

ALBERTA.

	1								
Year.		Receipts.							
	Govern- ment Grants.	Local Assess- ments.	Proceeds of Deben- tures.	Borrowed by Note.	Total.	Expend- iture.			
1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1911 1912	\$ 142,836 197,768 220,712 307,186 301,239 432,877 414,116 461,289	\$ 416,344 544,716 917,515 961,959 1,278,013 1,575,412 1,793,480 2,901,214	764,069 992,516	431,561 539,939 535,896	\$ 1,289,921 1,776,700 2,548,617 3,031,997 3,187,365 5,071,033 6,626,918 9,048,511	\$ 1,259,107 1,793,953 2,393,682 2,735,858 3,362,394 5,025,773 6,667,282 8,684,186			
1914 1915	507,682 540,235	3,028,776 3,733,323	966,350	2,771,380	7,553,512 7,698,739	7,834,891 7,965,470			

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Year.	Provincial Govern- ment.	Cities, Municipal- ities, Rural and Assisted Schools.	Total.	Year.	Provincial Govern- ments.	Cities, Municipal- ities, Rural and Assisted Schools.	Total.
1901	\$ 350,532 438,086 473,802 453,313 479,158 444,543	150,482 130,556 144,451 249,891	588,568	1910 1911 1912	\$ 626,074 818,576 1,001,808 1,151,715 1,663,003 1,885,654	1,098,660 1,639,714 2,730,773 2,995,892	
1907 1908	474,608 544,672	390,163	864,771 1,220,510	1915	1,607,651		3,917,446

Higher Education in Canada.—Higher education in Canada is provided for by a number of universities and colleges, statistical particulars respecting which are summarized in Tables 6-11 from information furnished by each of the institutions mentioned. Of the universities, Toronto and McGill (Montreal) are the largest, and with Queen's University (Kingston, Ont.) take national rank. The oldest university in Canada, viz., King's College, Windsor, Nova Scotia, dates from 1789, and claims to be also the oldest university in His Majesty's Overseas Dominions. Several of the universities are affiliated to the older universities of the Mother Country, viz., Oxford, Cambridge and Dublin, whilst some of the smaller Canadian universities, as well as most of the colleges, are affiliated to either Toronto or McGill. In the West, provincial universities have been established for Manitoba at Winnipeg (1877), Saskatchewan at Saskatoon (1907), Alberta at Edmonton (1906) and British Columbia at Vancouver (1907).

Some of the universities and colleges are under the control of religious denominations as follows:

Anglican or Church of England in Canada.

King's College, Windsor, N.S.; University of Bishop's College, Lennoxville, Quebec; University of Trinity College, Toronto; Wycliffe College, Toronto; and Emmanuel College, Saskatoon.

Roman Catholic Church.

University of St. Francis Xavier's College, Antigonish, N.S.; Laval University, Quebec; Laval University, Montreal; University of Ottawa; St. Michael's College, Toronto.

Other Denominations.

Knox College, Toronto (Presbyterian); Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.; Victoria University, Toronto; and Wesley College, Winnipeg (Methodist); Acadian University, Wolfville, N.S.; McMaster University, Toronto; and Woodstock College, Woodstock, Ontario (Baptist).

For the 22 universities comprised in Table 7 the total teaching staff numbers 1,646, including 58 females, and the number of students

is 16,545, of whom 3,744 are females.

The total value of the endowments for 15 of the universities in Table 8 amounts to \$18,492,407, and for 17 of the universities the total value of property in land and buildings amounts to \$25,918,245. It is apparent, however, that in furnishing the information requested, the line was not very clearly drawn between endowments and other property (land and buildings). In some cases the same figures appear to have been furnished under both headings. For 19 of the universities the total income amounts to \$3,785,580, of which \$769,537 are derived from investments, \$1,333,786 from government grants, \$860,976 from fees and \$564,281 from other sources. The total expenditure of the same universities amounts to \$3,603,565.

UNIVERSITIES OF CANADA.

6.—Universities of Canada: Foundation, Affiliation, Faculties and Degrees.

	Da	te of			
Name and Address	Original Founda- tion.	Present Charter.	Affiliation.	· Faculties.	Degrees.
University of King's College, Windsor, N.S.	. 1789	1802	Oxford.	Arts, Law, Science, Div- inity.	B.A.,M.A.,B.Eng., M. Eng., B.Sc., D. Sc., M. Sc., B.C.L., D.C.L., B.D., D.D.
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	1818	1863	Non-sectarian.	Arts, Science, Law, Medicine and Dentistry.	Phm.B., LL.B., M.D., C.M., D.D.S., LL.D.
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.	1838	1891 Amended 1905	Oxford, Dal- housieLaw School and McGill.	Divinity, Law, Science, Liter- ature.	(Hon.). B.A., B.Sc., B.Th. and M.A.
University of St. Francis Xavier, Antigonish, N.S.	1855	1909	Roman Catholic.	Arts, Science, Engineering, Law.	B.A., M.A., B.Sc.
University of New Brunswick, Fre- dericton, N.B.	1800	1859		Arts, Science, Partial Course in Law.	B.A., M.A., B.Sc., D.Sc.
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.	1858	1886–1913	Methodist.	Arts, Theology, Engineering.	B.A., M.A.
McGill University, Montreal, Que.	1821	1851	_	Arts, Applied Science, Law, Medicine, Agri- culture.	B.A., M.A., B.C.L., D.C.L., LL.D., B. Sc., D. Sc., D.D.S., M.Sc., B.Mus., D.Mus., B.Arch., M.D., D.Litt., Ph.D.
University of Bish- op's College, Len- noxville, Que.	1843	1853	Oxford and Cambridge. Anglican.	Arts, Divinity, Medicine and Law.	B.A., M.A., B.D., D.D., D.C.L., Mus.Bac., Mus. Doc., L.S.T.
Laval University, Quebec, Que.	1852	1852	Roman Catholic.	Theology, Law, Medicine, Arts,	Bachelor, Licenciate, Doctor.
Laval University, Montreal, Que.	1878	1852	Roman Catholic.	Theology, Law, Medicine, Arts.	ciate, Doctor.
University of Toronto, Cont.	1827	Act 1906	Oxford,Cam- bridge and Dublin.	Arts, Medicine, Science, Engi- neering, Agri- culture, For- estry.	B.A., M.A., Ph.D., LL. B., LL. M., LL.D., Mus.Bac., Mus.Doc., M.B., M.D., B.A. Sc., M.Sc., C.E., E.E., M. E., B. Pæd., D. Pæd., B.S.A., B. Sc. (Agr.), B. Sc. F., F. E., D.D.S., Phm.B., B.V.Sc., D.V.Sc.

6.—Universities of Canada: Foundation, Affiliation, Faculties and Degrees—concluded.

	Dat	te of		N			
Name and Address	Original Founda- tion.		Affiliation.	Faculties.	Degrees.		
Victoria Univer- sity, Toronto,	1836	1836	Toronto.	Arts and Theology.	B.D., D.D.		
University of Trinity College, Toronto, Ont.	1851	1852	Toronto.		L.Th., B.D., D.D.		
Western University, London, Ont.	1878	1908	Non-sectar- ian.		B.A., M.A., M.D., LL.D., D.Sc.		
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.	1841	1841		Arts, Science, Medicine, Edu- cation.	B.A., M.A., B.Sc., D.Sc., M.Sc., M.D., C.M., Ph.D., B. Pæd., D. Pæd.		
University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.	1849	1866	Roman Catholic.	Theology, Philosophy, Law, Arts and Commercial.	LL.D., D.D., B. Ph., D. Ph., B.A., M.A.		
McMaster University, Toronto, Ont.	1857	1887	Baptist.	Arts, Theology.	B.A., M.A., B.Sc., B. Sc. (Agr.), B.Th., B.D.		
University of Man- itoba, Winnipeg, Man.	1877	1877		Arts, Science, Law, Medicine, Engineering, Architecture, Pharmacy, Ag- riculture.	B.C.E., B.E.E., M.C.E., N.E.E.,		
University of Sas- katchewan, Sas- katoon, Sask.	1907	1907		Arts, Science, Law, Agricul- ture, Engineer- ing, Pharmacy.	B.A.,B.Sc.,B.S.A., B.E., LL.B., M.A.		
EmmanuelCollege, Saskatoon, Sask.	1879	1883	University of Saskat- chewan.	Divinity.	L.Th., B.D., D.D.		
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	1906	1907	McGill and Toronto.	Arts, Science, AppliedScience Agriculture, Law.	B.A., B.Sc., M.A., M.Sc., LL.B., Phm.B., B.D., LL.D.		
University of British Colum- bia, Vancouver, B.C.	1907	1908		Arts, Applied Science and Agriculture.	B.A.		

UNIVERSITIES OF CANADA.

7.—Universities of Canada: Number of Teaching Staff and Students.

	Numl	Staff.	aching	Number of Students.			
Name and Address.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
University of King's College, Windsor, N.S.	11	-	11	75	10	85	
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S	73	-	73	248	91	339	
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S	18	1	19	137	72	209	
University of St. Francis Xavier, Antigonish, N.S	20	_	20	180	40	220	
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B	13	_	13	90	22	112	
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B	23	-	23	158	75	233	
McGill University, Montreal, Que	240	6	246	1,110	223	1,333	
University of Bishop's College, Lennoxville, Que	9		9	42	10	52	
Laval University, Quebec, Que	70		70	368		368	
Laval University, Montreal, Que	267	20	287	2,411	604	3,015	
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont	386	15	401	2,968	1,460	4,428	
VictoriaUniversity, Toronto, Ont	27	1	28	497	188	685	
University of TrinityCollege, Toronto, Ont	17	3	20	49	50	99	
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.	105	3724	105	1,653	356	2,009	
Western University, London, Ont	55	3	58	122	70	192	
University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont	45		45	750		750	
McMaster University, Toronto, Ont	21	-	21	209	59	268	
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man	46	1	47	752	153	905	
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask	52	5	57	353	53	406	
University of Emmanuel College, Saskatoon, Sask	4	-	4	40	-	40	
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta	49	2	51	361	57	418	
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C	37	1	38	228	151	379	

8.—Universities of Canada: Financial Statistics, 1915.

100000000000000000000000000000000000000	iture.	\$ Not given 59,293 48,059	50,000	27,528	58,163 967,597	27,500 64,500	949,630	60,000 81,000	65,000 102,140 165,000	181,5957	15,000 248,000	062,781	cholar-
T.	Total i	\$ No 52,704 48,308	45,000	28,505	58,747 956,060	30,444 64,000	905,009	64,000 90,000	75,000 84,176 165,000	189,288	15,750	184,945	ings and cont in trust for s
	Other Sources.	\$ given. 1,810 6,722	10,000	1	30,285	5,000	81,483	17,000	7,000 20,315 1,000	9	15,000 60,000	20	lands, build and special
courses of income.	Fees.	Not given. 26,239 10,267	30,000	6,205	9,290	7,500	269,836	12,000	26,000 16,214 32,000	9,845	Not given 10,000	8,295	hed to site, lue \$650,000
noc	Govern- ment Grants.	\$ 1,200		20,000	48,700	2,500	510,725	35,000	97,000	178,661	154,000	175,000	tions attach
	Invest- ments.	\$ 23,455 31,319	5,000	2,300	19,172	15,444 5,000	42,965	1 1	42,000 47,647 35,000	782	750	1,600	s the valuated lands est
Value of	Land and Buildings.	\$ 135,000 530,000 232,100	257,000	228,500	7,612,591	235,625	5,521,899	100,000	425,000 $1,079,685$ $100,0005$	1,650,000	70,000 5,290,114		² This figure includes the valuations attached to site, lands, buildings and contents.
Value of	Endow- ments.	\$ 150,000 478,657 555,150	100,000	-	316,763 6,720,896	218,771	6,696,2192	200,000	900,000 774,916 725,000*	ī	10,000	32,000	
	Name and Address.	University of King's College, Windsor, N.S. Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.	University of St. Francis Xavier, Antigonish, N.S. University of New Brunswick, Frederic-	ton, N.B. Mount Allison University, Sackville	N.B. McGill University, Montreal, Que University of Bishop's College, Lennox-	ville, Que. Laval University, Quebec, Que,	University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont	Western University, London, Ont University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont	McMaster University, Toronto, Ont Victoria University, Toronto, Ont University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. University of Emmanuel College, Saska.	toon, Sask. University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alber. University of British Columbia, Ven		¹ Includes equipment valued at \$80,000. ³ Includes equipment valued at \$943,818.

ships only \$130,000.

⁵ Two building sites, one in the city and one outside, are held under perpetual lease from Provincial Government at nominal rental.

⁶ \$156,000 received for capital expenditure.

⁷ Excluding \$150,000 capital expenditure.

COLLEGES OF CANADA.

9.—Colleges of Canada: Foundation, Affiliation, Faculties and Degrees.

	Dat	e of			
Name and Address	dress Original Foundation. Present Charter.		Affiliation.	Faculties.	Degrees.
Macdonald College Ste-Anne de Bellevue, Que.	1907	-	McGill University.	Agriculture.	B.S.A.
Wycliffe College, Toronto, Ont.	1877	1916	University of Toronto.	Divinity.	Theology.
Knox College, Toronto, Ont.	1844		University of Toronto.	Theology.	B.D., D.D.
Ontario Agricul- tural College, Guelph, Ont.	1873	1873		Agriculture, Household, Science.	B.S.A.
Ontario College of Art 1, Toronto, Ont.	1912	1912			Diploma.
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Tor- onto, Ont.	1871	1884	University of Toronto.	Pharmacy.	2
Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, Tor-	1868	1911³	University of Toronto.	Dentistry.	L.D.S.4
onto, Ont. Wesley College, Winnipeg, Man.	1877	1877	University of Mani- toba.	Arts, Theology, Matriculation.	B.D., D.D. ⁵
Woodstock College Woodstock, Ont.	1857	1887	Baptist.		7

 Succeeding Ontario School of Art founded in 1876.
 The University of Toronto grants the degree Phm.B.
 The degree of D.D.S. by University of Toronto.
 The degree B.A. by the University of Manitoba. ³ Last Revision.

10.-Colleges of Canada: Number of Teaching Staff and Students.

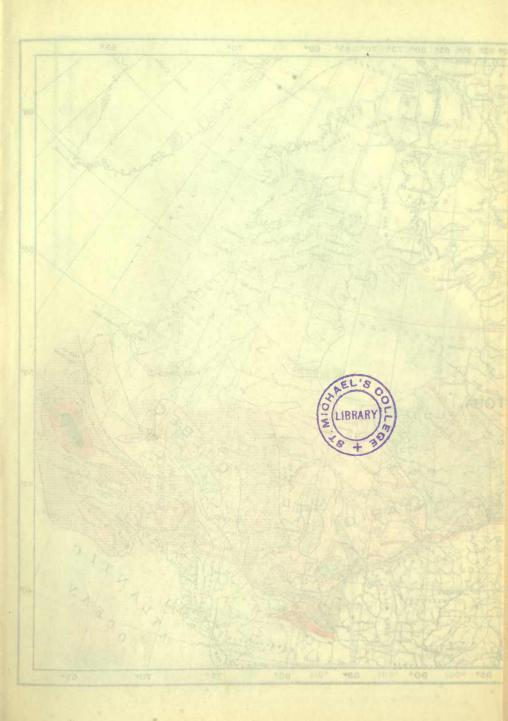
Name and Address.	Numb	oer of Tea Staff.	ching	Number of Students.			
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Macdonald College, Ste- Anne de Bellevue, Que Wycliffe College, Toronto,	40	20	60	156	313	469	
Ont	9	1	10.	100	-	100	
Knox College, Toronto, Ont. Ontario Agricultural College,	10	-	10	130	32	162	
Guelph, Ont	45	10	55	868	316	1,184	
Ontario College of Art, Toronto, Ont	6	4	10	50	350	400	
Toronto, Ont	5	-	5	75	3	78	
geons of Ontario, Toronto, Ont	30	-	30	320	2	322	
Wesley College, Winnipeg, Man	16	2	18	214	63	277	
stock, Ont	9	-	. 9	86	-	86	

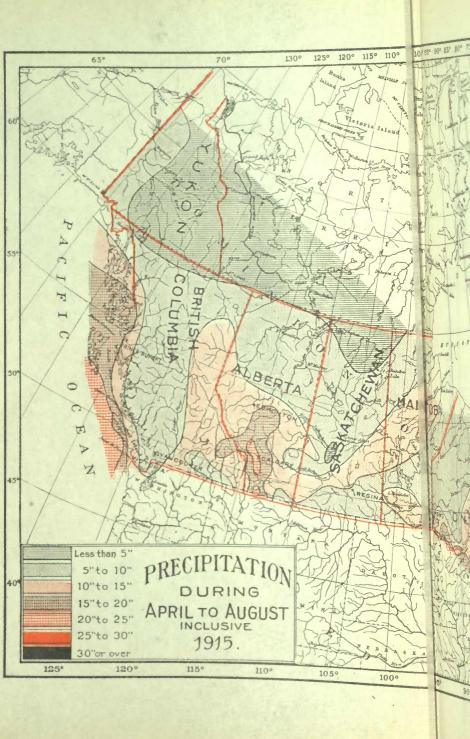
EDUCATION.

11.-Colleges of Canada: Financial Statistics, 1915.

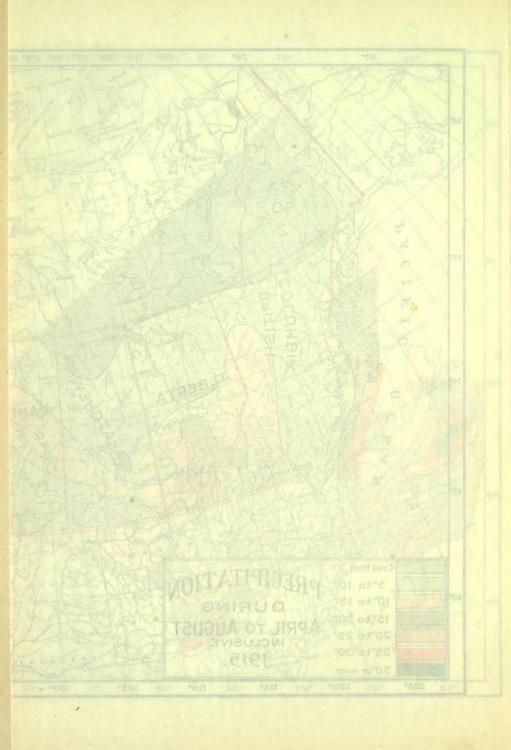
	iture.	200,000	34,000	000,000	7 285,167	000,21	18,500	000,040	00004	30,000
	Total Income.	187,000	34,700	40,000	285,167	12,000	20,500	50,000	50,000	27,000
me.	Other Sources.	29,000	, 20,000	16,000	1	4,500	2,000	000	28,000	
Sources of Income.	Fees.	13,000	250	1	1	4,000	18,500	50,	12,000	27,000
Sou	Govern- ment Grants.	25,000			285,167	3,500		1	-	
	Invest- ments.	120,000	14,450	24,000	. /1	1	1	ı	10,000	1
Value of	Land and Buildings.	3,000,000	247,383	200,000	1,100,000	i	44,000	185,000	1,650,000	100,000
Value of	Endow- ments.	3,000,000	256,350	400,000	1	1	1		125,000	
	Name and Address.	Macdonald College, Ste-Anne de Bellevue, Que	Wycliffe College, Toronto, Ont	Knox College, Toronto, Ont	Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont	Ontario College of Art, Toronto, Ont	Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto,	Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto, Ont	Wesley College, Winnipeg, Man	Woodstock College, Woodstock, Ont

¹ Returned to Government as revenue.









V.—CLIMATE AND METEOROLOGY.

THE WEATHER OF CANADA DURING THE YEAR 1915.

From the Monthly Weather Map of the Dominion Meteorological Service, Toronto.

JANUARY.

Temperature.—The mean temperature of the month was above the normal over the whole of the Dominion, except in the peninsula of Ontario, where the negative departure was from one to three degrees. The greatest positive departures were from four to six degrees in some sections of Saskatchewan and Alberta, also in Quebec and New Brunswick. From Lake Superior westward to the mountains, the precipitation was very light, and, with a few local exceptions, considerably below normal. From the Great Lakes eastward, departures from average were not as a rule pronounced, and were in some parts a little in excess, and at others there was a deficiency.

Precipitation.—Perhaps the most notable feature was the unusually heavy snowfall in the Ontario peninsula. From Port Arthur westward to the Rocky mountains the depth of snow on the ground at the close of the month ranged between four and eight inches, while over the greater part of Ontario it was from 10 inches to two feet in depth. In Quebec and northern New Brunswick the depth was from seven to 18 inches, and in southern New Brunswick and Nova Scotia the covering was not

more than one or two inches.

FEBRUARY.

Temperature.—The mean temperature of the month was considerably above the normal in all parts of the Dominion. From Lake Superior westward to the Rockies the positive departures, with the exception of northern Alberta, ranged between 10 and 17 degrees. In the vicinity of Edmonton and in British Columbia, the excess was from three to four degrees, and from the Great Lakes to the Maritime

provinces from two to eight degrees.

Precipitation.—In British Columbia and over the greater part of the western provinces the precipitation was considerably below the normal, and in many sections of the prairies it was extremely light. In Ontario and Quebec departures from average were nowhere large, and were positive in some localities and negative in others. In the Maritime provinces, while the total amount was not particularly light, it was below the average in nearly all districts. In the western provinces, while bare ground was visible in some places at the close of the month, most of the country had a thin covering of snow, and in southern Alberta a depth of 10 to 12 inches was reported, with a crusted surface in some sections. In southern Ontario the fields were practically bare and only drifts remained; but in the eastern part of the province there was a covering in most places of two to eight inches. In the Georgian bay region and northern districts, however, the snow ranged from six inches to two feet in depth. In Quebec the depth was from one inch to eight inches in the western part of the province, and from 14 to 36 inches farther east. Snowwas fairly deep in the interior of New Brunwick, but in the southern part of that province and in Nova Scotia the ground was practically bare.

MARCH.

Temperature.—The mean temperature was considerably above average in the western provinces, and particularly so in the more northern districts, where in Saskatchewan and Alberta the positive departure exceeded 10 degrees. From Lake Huron eastward the departures from average were quite small, with a tendency towards being positive in the more northern parts, and negative in the south.

Precipitation.—There was a marked deficiency of precipitation in all parts of the Dominion, except Cape Breton and apparently the north Pacific coast, and most of that which occurred was in the form of snow, except at low levels in British Columbia. At the close of the month, in the northern districts of British Columbia and on the higher levels throughout the province, there was considerable snow on the ground, while the valleys in the southern part of the province were bare the greater part of the month. The western provinces were quite bare of snow, as were also southern and eastern Ontario, and the greater portion of the Maritime provinces. In New Ontario and in northern and eastern Quebec, the snow was still quite deep, and in northern New Brunswick there was a covering of several inches.

CLIMATE AND METEOROLOGY.

APRIL.

Temperature.—The mean temperature of April was higher than the average throughout the Dominion, except in the southern parts of the Maritime provinces. The widest positive departure occurred in the western provinces, where in Saskatchewan it was 12 degrees, and in Manitoba 10 degrees, whence eastward it diminished to between five degrees and eight degrees in Ontario, and to one degree in northern New Brunswick, and to 0 degree or one degree negative in more southern portions of the Maritime provinces. In British Columbia a positive departure of seven degrees in the upper mainland diminished to about one degree

Precipitation.—The precipitation was less than average in nearly all parts of the Dominion, except New Brunswick, central Nova Scotia and the more northern districts of Alberta and Saskatchewan. The deficiency was greatest in the west, between Swift Current and Medicine Hat, where there was neither rain nor snow, and the largest excess occurred in the Maritime provinces between St. John and Halifax; on the 29th rain began in the latter district and continued to the end of the

month.

MAY.

Temperature.—The temperature was a little above the average from the Pacific coast to the eastern limit of the province of Manitoba, and below the average from Ontario to the Maritime provinces, the deficiency being well marked every-The chief positive departures were two degrees at Barkerville, Medicine Hat, Battleford and Prince Albert, and the chief negative departures four degrees at White River, Ottawa, Father Point, Chatham, N.B., and Charlottetown, and

three degrees at Southampton, Port Stanley, Kingston and Montreal.

Precipitation.—In British Columbia, in Cariboo, the precipitation exceeded the usual amount, elsewhere it did not differ much from the average quantity. In the western provinces, in nearly all portions of Saskatchewan, also in the extreme southern part of Alberta, it was well above the normal, but in Alberta, from Calgary northward and over Manitoba, there was quite a deficiency generally. Throughout Ontario and in the western part of Quebec, the precipitation was light and much below the average, whereas in eastern Quebec and the Maritime provinces it was heavy and much above the average.

JUNE.

Temperature.—The mean temperature of the month was below the normal over the greater part of the Dominion, the only exceptions being some southern sections of British Columbia and a few counties in the eastern portion of Quebec where the normal was slightly exceeded. Negative departures in many places were fairly pronounced, amounting to about six degrees in Manitoba, and ranging between one and four degrees in Alberta, Saskatchewan, Ontario and the eastern districts of the Maritime provinces.

Precipitation.—The outstanding feature of the precipitation during June was an excessive rainfall in Alberta, and a marked deficiency in the St. Lawrence valley and some small districts in Ontario near the west end of lake Ontario. In other parts of the Dominion, departures from the normal amounts were not great.

JULY.

Temperature.—The temperature was below the average in all portions of the Dominion, except a few isolated localities in Ontario and Quebec, where the normal was just maintained. In many portions of the country the negative departure was pronounced; this was especially the case over the western provinces, and in the extreme eastern portions of the Maritime provinces, the amount varying from three to eight degrees in the former, and from three to seven degrees in the latter districts.

Precipitation.—The rainfall in British Columbia was much above the average amount in Cariboo and inland locally, but less than the usual quantity elsewhere. In Alberta and Saskatchewan it was above the average almost everywhere, the excess in central and southern Alberta equalling one-third to one-half more than the general fall. In the vicinity of Battleford it was also one-third more than usual. In Manitoba the fall was average in the western, but only about half the normal in the eastern portion. In Ontario it was well below the average, except in the Peninsula, where it was above, strikingly so at Toronto. Quebec was mostly dry, being from

WEATHER OF CANADA DURING 1915.

two to three inches below the normal over the larger portion of the province. In the Maritime provinces heavy rainfalls were recorded from Chatham to St. John, including the Fredericton valley, the excess being 2.1 inches at Chatham, 1.6 inch at St. John, and 1.5 inch at Fredericton. However, in the provinces generally, the precipitation did not attain to the usual normal quantity, and Yarmouth recorded a deficit of 2.6 inches.

AUGUST.

Temperature.—The temperature was above the average from the British Columbia coast line to the western portion of Lake Superior; elsewhere in the Dominion it was below the average, except in a small portion of Quebec and the Maritime provinces, where it was from the average to one degree above. The chief positive departures were eight degrees at Medicine Hat, seven at Edmonton, six at Battle-ford, and five at Calgary and Vancouver, and the chief negative departures were three degrees at White River, Southampton and Ottawa.

Precipitation.—The rainfall for August was remarkable for the excessive amount which fell over all portions of Ontario, except in very far northern districts. The fall varied from five to nearly 10 inches, the record being broken in many localities. On the other hand, outside of a rainfall much above the average quantity on the south and east coasts of Nova Scotia, and with an amount slightly above the normal at a few isolated places in Quebec, northern Alberta and the interior of British Columbia, the rainfall was everywhere deficient, especially in the western provinces, where the negative departure varied from one inch to over two inches.

SEPTEMBER.

Temperature.—The mean temperature of the month was below average from Lake Superior to the Pacific, by from one degree to four degrees, and it was above average from Lake Huron to the Maritime provinces by approximately the same amount. The extremes were quite pronounced in all the provinces, except British Columbia, there having been several days with temperatures between 80 and 90 degrees, and one or more days with unusually low temperatures and early morning

frosts.

Precipitation.—The rainfall was considerably in excess of the average in southern Alberta, southeastern Saskatchewan, over the greater part of Manitoba, and in western and northwestern Ontario, and in all these districts rain fell on an unusually large number of days, with the maximum number in southern Manitoba. In Quebec, exclusive of the Ottawa valley, and in northern New Brunswick the rainfall was also excessive, but this was due to the large fall accompanying the storm of the 26th, rather than to wet days, which were not unusually numerous. In other parts of the Dominion, including all British Columbia, northern Alberta and western Saskatchewan, eastern Ontario and nearly all parts of the Maritime provinces, the rainfall was less than the average amount.

OCTOBER.

Temperature.—The mean temperature of the month was above average in all parts of the Dominion, exclusive of the British Columbia coast line and the extreme southwestern portion of Nova Scotia; also perhaps in far northern Manitoba and The largest positive departures from normal were from three degrees to four degrees in eastern Ontario and Quebec, and about six degrees in the southern parts of Alberta and Saskatchewan.

Precipitation.—The rainfall was less than average throughout the western provinces and in the more southern and eastern portion of Ontario; also in the central portions of the Maritime provinces. Over British Columbia generally there was a marked excess of the average, except in the normally dry belts. In northern Ontario and over the larger part of Quebec and in southern Nova Scotia,

the rainfall was slightly in excess of the average.

NOVEMBER.

Temperature.—The mean temperature of the month was above normal over the Dominion generally, but in northern Alberta and in some sections of Manitoba it was above average, and over the greater portion of British Columbia it was from

CLIMATE AND METEOROLOGY.

one degree to seven degrees below. Positive departures of three degrees to four degrees were recorded in southern Alberta, and of two degrees to five degrees from

Lake Superior eastward.

Precipitation.—The precipitation was below the normal over the larger portion of the Dominion. On the coast of British Columbia, however, the total fall ranged from 4.5 inches at Victoria to nearly 12 inches at Prince Rupert, and over the greater part of Nova Scotia it was also quite heavy, amounting to 6.6 inches at Halifax, and 8.4 inches at Sydney, which is considerably more than the normal for that district. In the Prairie provinces the comparatively light fall was mostly in the form of snow, but from the Great Lakes eastward, while rain constituted the greater portion of the precipitation, snow in varying quantities was recorded in nearly all sections. In southern British Columbia and along the coast there was little or no snow on the ground at the close of the month, but in some interior districts in the northern portion of the province there was a depth of 10 inches. In southern Alberta the ground was bare, while over Saskatchewan and Manitoba, the depth varied between one and eight inches. In the northern districts of Ontario and Quebec there was a depth of one to six inches, and in the counties contiguous to lake Huron there was also a thin covering. Over the greater portion of southern and eastern Ontario, and southern Quebec, however, the ground was bare. In New Brunswick the snow that had fallen had disappeared before the 30th, while in Nova Scotia little or none fell during the month.

DECEMBER.

Temperature.—The mean temperature of December was above average in all parts of the Dominion, excepting southwestern Ontario, and the larger part of British Columbia. The widest positive departures occurred in Quebec and New Brunswick, in many parts of which provinces the excess was between six degrees and nine degrees, while in Alberta and western Saskatchewan the excess was from four degrees to six degrees. The negative departures ranged between one and three degrees in the peninsula of Ontario, and were about the same in northern British Columbia.

Precipitation.—At the close of the month the ground was covered with snow in nearly all parts of the Dominion. In British Columbia, on the mainland, the depth ranged from one inch in the vicinity of Vancouver to two feet in the northern interior districts. There was little or no snow in some southern sections of Alberta, and throughout that province the covering was quite light, but farther eastward the depth increased to 10 or 14 inches in southeastern Saskatchewan and Manitoba. In Ontario there was a depth of nearly two feet in some districts in the northern part of the province, but farther southward this gradually diminished to a few inches near Lakes Erie and Ontario. The province of Quebec had a covering of from seven to twenty inches, while in the Maritime provinces there was a depth of only one to five inches. There were no pronounced differences from the normal precipitation in any of the provinces.

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Temperature.—At the Stations of the Dominion Meteorological Service the highest and lowest temperature in each 24 hours, termed respectively the maximum and the minimum, are recorded by self-registering thermometers. For any month the sum of the daily maxima, divided by the number of days of the month, is the mean maximum temperature of that month. The mean minimum temperature is obtained in a similar manner. The half-sum of the mean maximum and the mean minimum is called the mean temperature. The averages of these results for any particular month over a period of years are the average means for that period and are used as normal means or temperatures of reference. The highest and lowest temperatures recorded during the whole period of years are termed the extreme maximum and extreme minimum respectively. These latter figures are of course to be regarded as extraordinary, the more unlikely to recur the longer the period from which they have been derived. Temperatures below zero have the minus sign (—) prefixed.

PRECIPITATION.—Under the collective term "precipitation" is included all moisture which has been precipitated from the atmosphere upon the earth: rain,

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

1.—Temperature of the year 1915 at Representative Stations, compared with Normal Annual Averages for the period 1888 to 1907.

		Degree		Hours of sunshine.				
Station.	Mean win- ter. Mean sum- ter.		Low- est in year.	High- est in year.	Mean an- nual.	Nor- mal annual (1888- 1907).	1915.	Nor- mal annual (1888- 1907).
British Columbia— Victoria. Vancouver. Kamloops.	43.5 41.9 33.7	59.9 63.6 67.8	27 23 — 2	88 89 95	50.8 51.4 49.4	50.3 49.1 47.7	1,964 1,644 1,996	1,822 1,815 1,868
Alberta— Calgary Edmonton.	25.3 18.9	59.4 59.3	-24 -24	88 87	41.8 39.2	37.4 36.7	2,205	-
Saskatchewan— Battleford Prince Albert Qu'Appelle	13.8 10.4 14.8	62.8 58.6 59.1	-38 -42 -42	95 86 95	38.6 34.8 37.6	34.4 32.1 34.5	2,236 2,203	2,101
Manitoba— Minnedosa. Winnipeg.	11.5 12.4	58.8 62.0	-41 -37	90	36.1 38.5	34.1 34.9	2,001	2,178
Ontario— Port Arthur. White River. Parry Sound. Southampton. Toronto. Kingston. Stoneeliff. Ottawa.	18.6 10.0 20.9 23.4 26.8 25.0 17.3 20.6	58.4 54.4 63.1 61.1 65.6 64.8 62.7 64.7	-34 -56 -22 -2 -1 -24 -35 -24	89 86 87 87 87 85 90 88	41.0	43.8 45.5 43.7 38.5	2,090 2,056 - 2,126	2,048 1,989
Quebec— Montreal. Quebec. Sherbrooke. Father Point.	22.3 19.7 21.2 19.4	67.2 64.2 64.1 56.1	13 22 31 20	90 87 88 85	44.9 41.5 42.8 37.4	38.7	2,043 1,713 1,758	1,805 1,762
New Brunswick— Chatham. Fredericton St. John.	22.7 23.5 26.8	63.0 62.7 59.2	-24 -29 -10	88 86 80	42.1 42.8 42.9		1,729 -	1,978 -
Nova Scotia— Yarmouth. Halifax. Sydney.	30.5 29.0 28.6	59.0 61.3 58.6	2 11 9	77 87 83	44.4 45.0 43.5	44.3		
Prince Edward Island— Charlottetown	25.7	61.2	—13	82	42.8	40.2	1,489	1,896

snow, hail, sleet, etc. The amount of moisture is conveniently measured by determining the depth to which it has accumulated upon an impervious surface, and is always expressed in inches of depth. The total depth of snow is tabulated separately, but is added to the depth of rain after division by ten. An extended series

CLIMATE AND METEOROLOGY.

2.—Precipitation of the year 1915 at Representative Stations, compared with Normal Annual Averages for the period 1888 to 1907.

Precipitation in inches.

Maria Hara		1915.		Normal (1888-1907).				
Station.	Rain.	Snow.	Total.	Rain.	Snow.	Total.		
British Columbia— Victoria Vancouver Kamloops	21.71 49.63 9.81	0.2 3.0 23.9	21.73 49.93 12.20	31.41 57.88 8.00	11.6 23.2 26.2	32.57 60.20 10.62		
Alberta— CalgaryEdmonton	16.31 16.09	15.4 52.5	17.85 18.64	11.70 14.18	46.0 40.2	16.30 18.20		
Saskatchewan— Battleford Prince Albert Qu'Appelle	8.07 9.17 14.68	6.2 24.5 39.9	*8.69 11.62 18.67	11.05 11.62 13.44	27.4 49.8 54.0	13.79 16.60 18.84		
Manitoba— Minnedosa Winnipeg	12.74 12.66	28.2 43.1	15.56 16.97	12.79 15.62	45.7 51.9	17.36 20.81		
Ontario— Port Arthur. White River. Parry Sound. Southampton. Toronto. Kingston. Stonecliff. Ottawa.	22.89 28.33 22.95 16.44	64.1 29.8 51.8	33.13 34.74 25.93 21.62	17.36 29.38 21.64 25.28 24.01 21.69	115.6 116.0 61.0 74.8 82.6			
Quebec— Montreal. Quebec. Sherbrooke. Father Point.	25.36 29.97	74.2 48.8	32.78 34.85	27.17	132.9	40.46		
New Brunswick— Chatham. Fredericton. St. John.	36.70	48.1	41.51	33.73	104.6	44.19		
Nova Scotia— Yarmouth. Halifax. Sydney.	56.76	61.0	62.86	49.43	76.7	57.10		
Prince Edward Island— Charlottetown	31.60	68.7	38.47	29.97	101.8	40.15		

of experiments in melting and measuring snow having been collated, the rule was deduced that a given fall of snow will, in melting, diminish on the average to one-tenth of its original depth. This rule is used in practice. All solid forms of precipitation other than snow are included in the tables as rain.

VI.—PRODUCTION.

In this section are included the statistics of agriculture, forestry, fisheries, minerals and manufactures.

AGRICULTURE.

Field Crops, 1910-1915.—In Table 1 are presented for Canada and by provinces estimates of the area, yield, quality and value of the principal field crops for each of the years 1910 to 1915, with averages for the five years 1910 to 1914. In this table the areas for 1910 and 1911 are figures of the Census of 1911, the areas of field crops for both 1910 and 1911 having been then collected. For 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915 the areas are estimated by application to the figures of the previous year in each case of average percentages compiled from the reports of correspondents. The total yields of 1910 represent the addition of the figures furnished to the census enumerators by individual farmers; but for the other five years the yields are obtained by multiplication of the areas by the average yields per acre as estimated by correspondents. For 1910 the average yields per acre are obtained by division of the total yields by the total acreages, the data for both factors having been collected by the Census of 1911. For each of the other years the yields per acre represent the averages of the figures furnished by correspondents. The total values are derived from the averages per unit, as furnished by correspondents, multiplied by the total quantities. The total value of all the field crops for 1910, thus arrived at, is considerably in excess of the total value for the same year as returned by the Census. The two sets of figures rest, however, upon different bases. The census figures of 1910 were collected in June. 1911, and represent the total values supplied by farmers of products. whether sold or consumed on the farm. The estimates in Table 1 are computed from the average local market prices supplied by correspondents in December, 1910.

Harvest of 1915.—The year 1915 will be memorable for the most abundant grain harvest ever reaped in Canada up to that time. This result was due to a remarkable combination of circumstances. The small grain harvest of 1914, ripened early and expeditiously threshed and marketed under favourable weather conditions, enabled the western farmers to complete an unusually large proportion of fall ploughing in readiness for the next year's crop. In Ontario the acreage sown to fall wheat was increased by over 16 per cent, as compared with the previous year, and the increase of fall wheat for all Canada was over 9 per cent. A mild winter and spring brought the fall wheat crop through with considerably less loss from killing than usual. The spring opened early, and as a general rule the conditions for seeding

were favourable. With the prospects of high prices for wheat and other cereals, and responding to appeals for increased production on patriotic grounds, the farmers of Canada took the fullest advantage of their opportunities, with the result that the area sown to wheat for the harvest of 1915 was not only the largest on record in Canada, but exceeded the area sown in the previous year by 1,964,400 acres, or nearly 18 per cent. Finally, the growing season was uniformly favourable, and the average yields per acre of all the principal cereals in Canada were higher than in any previous year on record. For wheat, the average yield per acre was close upon 29 bushels, or eight bushels more than the previous record of 21 bushels in 1913. Owing to the heavy rains of August in Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. the yield of potatoes turned out to be very poor, the average of 130.81 bushels to the acre being lower than in any previous year except 1910, when the average was 119.36 bushels. As shown in Table 3, the total area estimated to be sown to field crops in Canada for 1915 was 37,063,455 acres, as compared with 35,102,175 acres, the sown area, and 33,436,675 acres, the harvested area, in 1914.

Yield of Grain Crops.—As a result of the returns of the average yield per acre, made after threshing, the total yields of the grain crops for the season of 1915, compared with 1914, were in bushels as follows. Wheat, 376,303,600, as against 161,280,000 in 1914; oats, 520,103,000, as against 313,078,000; barley, 53,331,300, as against 36,201,000; rye, 2,394,100, as against 2,016,800; peas, 3,478,850, as against 3,362,500; beans, 723,400, as against 797,500; buckwheat, 7,865,900, as against 8,626,000; flaxseed, 10,628,000, as against 7,175,200; mixed grains, 17,523,100, as against 16,382,500 and corn for husking, 14,368,000, as against 13,924,000 bushels. The average yields per acre in 1915 are, in bushels, as follows, the figures placed in brackets representing the yields of 1914 for comparison: Fall wheat, 29.41 (21.41); spring wheat, 28.93 (15.07); all wheat, 28.98 (15.67); oats, 45.76 (31.12); barley, 35.33 (24.21); rye, 21.32 (18.12); peas, 17.73 (17.64); beans, 16.70 (18.20); buckwheat, 22.88 (24.34); flaxseed, 13.18 (6.62); mixed grains, 37.54 (35.36); and corn for husking, 56.72 (54.39).

Yield of Root and Fodder Crops.—The total estimated yield of potatoes in 1915 was 62,604,000 bushels from 478,600 acres, an average yield per acre of 130.81 bushels. In 1914 the corresponding figures were 85,672,000 bushels from 475,900 acres, an average yield per acre of 180.02 bushels. In Ontario the average yield per acre was not more than 92.66 bushels, almost the lowest yield of potatoes on record for the province. In the other provinces the potato yield was also poor, excepting in Alberta and British Columbia. In Alberta the total yield was 5,155,000 bushels from 27,300 acres, an average of 188.84 bushels per acre, and in British Columbia the yield was 3,956,000 bushels from 16,000 acres, an average of 247.28 bushels. In both provinces the yield per acre was larger than in any recent year. In Alberta the yield was 211.64 bushels in 1912, and in British Columbia it was 252.31 bushels in 1911. Turnips and other roots for the whole

of Canada yielded 64,281,000 bushels from 172,700 acres, as compared with 69,003,000 bushels from 175,000 acres in 1914, the yield per acre being 372.21 bushels in 1915, and 394.30 bushels in 1914. Of hay and clover the yield in 1915 was 10,953,000 tons from 7,875,000 acres, or 1.39 ton per acre; in 1914 the corresponding figures were 10,259,000 tons from 7,997,000 acres, a yield per acre of 1.28 ton. Alfalfa yielded 261,955 tons from 92,685 acres, as compared with 218,360 tons from 90,315 acres in 1914, the average yield per acre being 2.83 tons, compared with 2.42 tons. Fodder corn yielded 3,429,870 tons from 343,400 acres, as compared with 3,251,480 tons from 317,000 acres in 1910, the average yield being 10 tons in 1915 and 10½ tons, in 1914. The yield of sugar beets was 141,000 tons from 18,000 acres, compared with 108,600 tons from 12,100 acres, the yields per acre being 7.83 tons in 1915 and 8.98 tons in 1914.

Value of Field Crops — The values are estimated from local market prices as returned by the crop-reporting correspondents of the Census and Statistics Office. For all wheat, in 1915, the average price per bushel for the whole of Canada was 39 cents less than that of 1914 and 8 cents more than that of the quinquennial average. The total values of the principal grain crops of 1915 were as follows:—Wheat \$312,569,400, oats \$176,894,700, barley \$26,704,700, rye \$1,899,900, peas \$5,730,700, beans \$2,206,800, buckwheat \$5,913,000, flaxseed \$15,965,000, mixed grains \$10,034,700, corn for husking \$10,243,000. Including the root and fodder crops, the total value of the field crops of Canada in 1915 amounted to \$797,669,500, comprising grain crops \$568,161,900, potatoes and sugar beets \$36,739,500 and fodder crops \$192,768,100.

Quality of Grain Crops.—The quality of the grain crops in 1915, as determined by the weight in lb. per measured bushel, was, with the exception of one or two crops, superior to that of 1914 and was also superior to the average of the five years 1910–1914. The weights per bushel for 1915 were as follows: Fall wheat 59.71 lb., spring wheat 60.31 lb., all wheat 60.19 lb., oats 36.61 lb., barley 48.26 lb., rye 56.32 lb., peas 60.74 lb., beans 59.61 lb., buckwheat 48.02 lb., flax 55.28 lb., mixed grains 44.98 lb. and corn for husking 56.32 lb.

Grain Harvest in Northwest Provinces.—Table 2 shows that in the three Northwest provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, the production of wheat in 1915 was estimated at 342,948,000 bushels, as compared with 140,958,000 bushels in 1914; of oats at 334,840,600 bushels, compared with 150,843,000 bushels; of barley at 35,317,200 bushels, compared with 19,535,000 bushels and of flax at 10,559,000 bushels, compared with 7,083,000 bushels. The wheat production of 1915 in Manitoba was 96,425,000 bushels from 3,342,900 acres, in Saskatchewan 195,168,000 bushels from 6,838,100 acres and in Alberta 51,355,000 bushels from 1,563,700 acres.

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.						
Canada—	acres.	bush.	bush.	lb.	\$	\$						
Fall wheat1910	974,704	20.91	20,383,552	60.11	0.86	17,564,000						
1911	1,161,205	22.23	25,814,000	61.12	0.83	21,458,000						
1912	971,000	20.99	20,387,000	60.21	0.84	17,157,000						
1913	970,000	23.29	22,592,000	60.25	0.80	18,185,000						
1914	973,300	21.41	20,837,000	59.61	1.05	21,818,000						
1915	1,208,700	29.41	35,551,600	59.71	0.90	32,001,500						
Average1910-14	1,010,000	21.78	22,003,000	60.26	0.81	19,236,000						
Spring wheat 1010	7,888,447	14.16	111,665,230	59.71	0.73	81,966,000						
Spring wheat1910 1911	9,939,468	20.64		59.21	0.62	126,665,000						
1912	10,025,700	20.32		58.90	0.60							
1913	10,045,000	20.81	209,125,000	60.37	0.66	138,277,000						
1914	9,320,600	15.07	140,443,000	59.16	1.24	174,600,000						
1915	11,777,700				0.83							
Average1910-14	9,444,000	18.42	174,023,000	59.47	0.74	128,688,000						
All wheat1910	8,863,151	14.89	132,048,782	59.77	0.75	99,530,000						
1911	11,100,673	20.80		59.42	0.64							
1912	10,996,700	20.38		59.20	0.62	139,090,000						
1913	11,015,000	21.04	231,717,000	60.36	0.67							
1914	10,293,900	15.67	161,280,000	59.49	1.22	196,418,000						
1915	12,986,400	28.98	376,303,600	60.19	0.83	312,569,400						
Average1910-14	10,454,000	18.75	196,026,000	59.61	0.75	147,924,000						
0-4-	0 650 015	90 14	949 506 909	26 00	0.35	85,402,000						
Oats1910 1911	8,652,015 9,630,760	28.14 37.92		36.08 34.65	0.36							
1912	9,966,000	39.29	391,629,000	35.40	0.32	126,304,000						
1913	10,434,000	38.78	404,669,000	36.48	0.32	128,893,000						
1914	10,454,000	31.12		35.31	0.48	151,811,000						
1915	11,365,000	45.76		36.61	0.34							
Average1910-14	9,749,000	35.25	343,612,000	35.58	0.36	125,072,000						
Barley1910	1,286,611	22.42	28,846,425	47.69	0.48	13,976,000						
1911	1,521,694	29.19	44,415,000	46.97	0.56	24,704,000						
1912	1,581,300	31.24	49,398,000	47.59	0.45	22,354,000						
1913	1,613,000	29.96	48,319,000	48.41	0.42	20,144,000						
1914	1,495,600	24.21	36,201,000	47.22	0.62	21,557,000						
1915	1,509,350	35.33	53,331,300	48.26	0.50	26,704,700						
Average1910-14	1,500,000	27.62	41,436,000	47.58	0.50	20,547,000						
Rye1910	114,343	13.44	1,536,635	55.72	0.68	1,045,000						
1911	131,240	18.99	2,492,000	55.11	0.76	1,899,700						
1912	131,240 127,000	19.11	2,428,000	54.84	0.72	1,755,000						
1913	119,300	19.28	2,300,000	55.66	0.66	1,524,000						
1914	111,280	18.12	2,016,800	55.47	0.83	1,679,300						
1915	112,300	21.32	2,394,100	56.32	0.79	1,899,900						
Average1910-14	121,000	17.90	2,155,000	55.36	0.73	1,581,000						

Crops.		Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Canada—con. Peas	.1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	acres. 355,262 294,750 259,550 218,980 205,550 196,210	bush. 13.50 15.83 15.07 18.05 17.64 17.73	bush. 4,808,145 4,666,000 3,913,000 3,951,800 3,362,500 3,478,850	1b. 58.73 59.58 56.88 60.00 60.53 60.74	\$ 0.87 1.02 1.26 1.11 1.46 1.66	\$ 4,177,900 4,766,600 4,944,400 4,382,000 4,895,000 5,730,700
Average19	910-14	267,000	15.51	4,140,000	59.14	1.11	4,633,000
Beans	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	46,149 52,896 52,560 46,600 43,830 43,310	17.89 19.41 17.51 17.19 18.20 16.70	825,648 1,026,800 920,500 800,900 797,500 723,400	58.30 59.05 59.70 60.21	1.72 1.93 2.18 1.88 2.31 3.05	1,417,000 1,979,000 2,008,000 1,505,006 1,844,300 2,206,800
Average1	910-14	48,000	18.20	874,000	59.41	2.00	1,751,000
Buckwheat	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	361,871 371,560 398,700 380,700 354,400 343,800	26.38 21.99 24.34	8,372,000 8,626,000	47.32 47.62 50.32 48.20	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.64 \\ 0.62 \\ 0.64 \\ 0.72 \end{array} $	4,095,000 5,422,000 6,544,000 5,320,000 6,213,000 5,913,000
Average1	910-14	375,000	23.02	8,631,000	48.26	0.64	5,519,000
Mixed grains	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	430,703 525,224 496,500 473,800 463,300 466,800	29.91 34.64 33.33 35.36	15,712,000 17,198,000 15,792,000 16,382,500	45.10 44.48 44.74 45.51	0.61 0.58 0.55 0.66	6,714,000 9,531,000 10,194,000 8,685,000 10,759,400 10,034,700
Average1	910-14	478,000	32.74	15,652,000	45.06	0.58	9,177,000
Flax	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	582,326 878,872 2,021,900 1,552,800 1,084,000 806,600	$\begin{array}{c} 11.46 \\ 12.92 \\ 11.30 \\ 6.62 \end{array}$	10,075,500 26,130,000 17,539,000 7,175,200	58.29 54.88 55.79 52.49	1.51 0.90 0.97 1.03	15,130,000 23,608,000 17,084,000 7,368,000
Average1	910-14	1,224,000	10.65	13,033,000	55.28	1.10	14,394,000
Corn for husking	1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	293,775 321,875 298,190 278,140 256,000 253,300	59.60 56.84 60.30 54.39 56.72	19,185,000 16,949,700 16,772,600 13,924,000 2 14,368,000	50.31 55.67 0 56.27 0 56.62 0 56.32	0.64 0.62 0.64 0.71 0.71	12,357,000 10,540,700 10,784,300 9,808,000 10,243,000
Average]	910-14	290,000	55.97	16,231,090	55.20	0.63	10,232,000

					Light I		(-1)
Crops.		Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Canada—con.	- 41	acres.	bush.	bush.	lb.	\$	\$
Potatoes	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	465,903 479,211 484,000 473,500 475,900 478,600	148.66 175.38 165.88 180.02	55,609,883 71,238,000 84,885,000 78,544,000 85,672,000 62,604,000		0.46 0.59 0.44 0.49 0.49 0.57	41,598,000
Average19	10-14	476,000	157.96	75,190,000	-	0.49	37,107,000
Turnips, mangold	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	177,423 207,861 198,200 186,400 175,000 172,700	377.64 403.71 358.30 394.30	51,602,057 78,497,000 80,016,000 66,788,000 69,003,000 64,281,000	111111	0.23 0.24 0.24 0.28 0.27 0.26	18,924,000 18,643,000 18,934,000
Average19	10-14	189,000		69,181,000		0.25	
Hay and clover .	.1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	8,281,932 8,617,251 8,276,000 8,169,000 7,997,000 7,875,000	tons. 1.36 1.62 1.46 1.33 1.28 1.39	tons. 11,303,609 13,989,000 12,117,000 10,859,000 10,259,000 10,953,000		per ton. 9.85 11.64 11.09 11.48 14.23 14.22	111,305,000 162,846,000 134,338,000 124,696,000 145,999,000 155,807,000
Average19	10-14	8,268,000	1.42	11,706,000	-	11.61	135,867,000
Fodder corn		294,009 294,238 299,390 303,650 317,000 343,400	9.19 9.08 10.15 8.62 10.25	2,703,399 2,671,200 3,037,500 2,616,300 3,251,480 3,429,870	111111	4.70 4.87 4.93 4.78 4.91 4.96	12,707,500 13,014,200 14,977,000 12,506,000 15,949,700 16,999,100
Average 19	10-14	- 302,000	9.46	2,856,000	-	4.84	13,831,000
Sugar beets	.1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	17,045 20,677 18,900 17,000 12,100 18,000	11.03 8.46 10.63 8.71 8.98 7.83	188,000 175,000 201,000 148,000 108,600 141,000	111111	5.83 6.59 5.00 6.12 5.99 5.50	1,005,000 906,000 651,000
Average19	10-14	17,000	9.65	164,000	-	5.86	962,000
Alfalfa	1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	56,818 96,890 190,660 93,560 90,315 92,685	2.07 2.35 2.84 2.54 2.42 2.83	117,601 227,750 285,700 237,770 218,360 261,955		10.16 11.51 12.00 11.85 14.17 12.98	1,195,340 2,622,500 3,429,000 2,819,200 3,095,600 3,402,000
Average19	10-14	88,000	2.46	217,000	-	12.13	2,632,000

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			10-1010					
Crops.		Area.	Yield per acre.		Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
P. E. Island—		acres.	bush.	17	bush.	lb.	\$	\$
Spring wheat	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	28,721 30,953 32,000 32,000 32,000 34,400	18.39 19.62 25.28		501,295 596,000 582,000 628,000 809,000 653,600	60.00 59.37 58.93 59.50 57.51 59.05	0.99 0.96 1.00 1.04	481,000 590,000 559,000 628,000 841,000 705,800
Average19	910–14	31,000	20.97		632,000	59.06	1.00	620,000
Oats	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	181,636 179,068 180,000 180,000 183,000 196,000	29.80 40.77 34.13 41.51		5,211,588 5,336,000 7,358,000 6,143,000 7,596,000 6,832,500	34.73 37.16 36.35 37.46	0.37 0.43 0.43 0.37 0.48 0.45	1,928,000 2,294,000 3,164,000 2,273,000 3,646,000 3,074,600
Average19	910-14	181,000	34.96		6,329,000	36.58	0.42	2,661,000
Barley	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	4,878 4,615 5,000 4,000 3,800 3,700	25.67 32.04 27.73		114,430 118,000 145,000 111,000 119,000 106,800		$0.62 \\ 0.65 \\ 0.59 \\ 0.64$	
Average19	910-14	4,500	26.89		121,000	47.86	0.62	75,000
Peas	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	35 86 90 80 80 70	18.49 20.00 22.33 20.25 40.00 15.75		647 2,000 2,000 1,600 3,200 1,100	59.00 56.75 59.00 58.25 60.00 61.67	0.90 1.17 1.14 1.69 2.00 2.33	2,300 2,000 3,000 6,400
Average19	910-14	75	25.33		1,900	58.60	1.53	2,900
Buckwheat	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	2,436 2,765 2,700 2,700 2,600 2,600	26.75 36.83 24.00 32.91		43,600 74,000 100,000 65,000 86,000 75,400	47.33 47.78 46.55 47.67 47.33 48.15	0.60 0.61 0.64 0.64 0.70 0.75	26,000 45,000 64,000 42,000 60,000 56,500
Average19	910-14	2,640	28.03		74,000	47.33	0.64	47,000
Mixed grains	1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	6,559 7,569 7,700 7,800 7,860 8,000	35.29 45.83 39.50 45.75 38.65		227,374 267,000 355,000 308,000 360,000 309,200	44.73 42.15 44.35 44.47 46.04 43.00	0.50 0.49 0.48 0.56 0.55	91,000 134,000 174,000 148,000 202,000 170,000
Average19	910-14	7,500	40.40		303,000	44.35	0.50	150,000

Grops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
P. E. Island—con.	acres.	bush.	bush.	lb.	\$	\$
Potatoes 1910	30,607	137.30	4,202,525	-	0.33	1,387,000
1911		182.15	5,581,000	119-0	0.36	2,009,000
1912 1913		206.39	6,741,000	100	0.26	1,753,000
1916		194.33 212.70	6,219,000 6,806,000		$0.28 \\ 0.23$	1,741,000 1,565,000
1918			3,558,000	_	0.46	1,637,000
Average1910-14	32,000	184.69	5,910,000	-	0.29	1,691,000
Turnips, mangolds,			SEMENTS.		100	
etc1910		458.80	2,992,784	inna-i	0.18	539,000
1911		477.57	3,714,000	_	0.21	780,000
1912 1913		440.75 503.04	3,590,000	_	$0.21 \\ 0.24$	754,000
1914		450.58	4,024,000 3,560,000		0.22	966,000 783,000
1918	7,900	449.46		_	0.26	923,000
Average1910-14	7,600	470.53	3,576,000	-	0.21	764,000
		tons.	tons.		per ton.	
Hay and clover1910	215,083	1.21	260,294	- 1	8.30	2,160,000
1911	213,193	1.39	296,000	-	10.68	3,161,000
1912		1.28	248,000	-	11.64	2,884,000
1913 1914		1.79 1.74	340,000 334,000	_	10.76 13.04	3,658,000 4,355,000
1918		1.77	351,000	_	12.18	4,275,000
Average1910-14		1.47	296,000	30x-	10.96	3,244,000
Fodder corn1910	191	9.70	1,761	-	2.00	3,500
1911	283	10.12	3,000	_	3.00	9,000
1912		6.00	1,600	- Var-	4.00	6,000
1918 1914		11.20 9.00	3,400 2,400	E E	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.50 \\ 4.00 \end{bmatrix}$	8,500 9,600
1915		13.00	3,400		3.00	10,200
Average1910-14		8.88	2,400	-	3.04	7,300
Alfalfa1910	2	2.00	4	-	10.80	40
1911	85	2.50	200	-	10.00	2,000
1912 1913		$\frac{2.63}{3.00}$	220 270	_	10.00	2,000 3,000
1914		5.00	210	E10 LB	-	3,000
1918		3.00	165	-	14.00	2,300
Average1910-14	67	2.61	175	100	10.06	1,760
Nova Scotia—		bush.	- bush.		per bush.	
Spring wheat1910		18.29	222,285	59.75	1.12	249,000
1911		21.05	282,000	58.00	1.10	310,000
1912 1913		20.19 20.50	265,000 $267,000$	58.82 59.04	$\frac{1.08}{1.14}$	286,000 304,000
1914		21.87	262,000	59.81	1.25	328,000
1918		18.57	247,000	59.26	1.21	298,700
Average1910-14	12,700	20.47	260,000	59.08	1.13	295,000

Crops.		Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Nova Scotia—con.		acres.	bush.	bush.	lb.	\$	\$
Oats	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	96,177 101,000 100,000 101,500 101,800 112,000	30.92 29.24 32.53 32.42 34.00 31.14	2,973,769 2,454,000 3,267,000 3,291,000 3,461,000 3,487,700	33.24 33.41 34.68 35.07	$0.53 \\ 0.53 \\ 0.53 \\ 0.61$	1,457,000 1,301,000 1,732,000 1,747,000 2,111,000 2,057,700
Average19	910-14	100,000	30.89	3,089,000	34.28	0.54	1,670,000
Barley	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	5,348 5,551 5,000 5,000 4,800 4,900	26.59 25.77 27.22 26.89 28.72 26.20	142,223 143,000 143,000 134,000 138,000 128,400	47.75 48.06 48.59 47.90	0.75	110,000 109,000 110,000 101,000 116,000 102,700
Average1	910–14	5,140	27.25	140,100	48.19	0.78	109,000
Rye	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	349 315 300 300 280 300	15.37 16.00 16.40 27.00 17.67 15.00	5,000 5,000 8,000 5,000	54.00 55.20 58.33 56.00	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.93 \\ 0.82 \\ 0.97 \\ 1.05 \end{array} $	5,000 4,700 4,000 8,000 5,300 4,900
Average1	910-14	310	18.30	5,678	56.00	0.95	5,400
Peas	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	106 210 200 200 190 190		5,000 5,000 6,700 4,200	58.62 60.43 59.36 60.20	1.45 1.82 1.85 2.04	7,300 9,000
Average1	910–14	180	25.30	4,55	59.74	1.75	7,980
Beans	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	730 945 900 900 840 840	21.90 26.95 24.93 22.00	21,000 24,000 22,000 18,500	58.49 59.73 0 59.69 0 59.77	$ \begin{array}{c c} 2.03 \\ 2.51 \\ 2.40 \\ 2.99 \end{array} $	43,000 60,000 53,000 55,000
Average1	910–14	865	22.66	19,600	59.33	2.45	48,000
Buckwheat	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	9,536 11,811 11,000 11,000 10,000	21.81 26.27 25.21 25.94	258,000 296,000 277,000 259,000	0 45.60 0 47.72 0 46.83 0 48.05	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 0.65 \\ 0.65 \\ 0.66 \\ 0.72 \end{array} $	168,000 192,000 183,000 186,000
Average1	910-14	11,000	23.54	259,00	0 47.21	0.66	172,000

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per measured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Nova Scotia—con.	acres.	bush.	bush.	lb.	\$	\$
Mixed grains1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	2,420 4,359 4,000 4,000 3,900 4,100	32.38 29.34 34.70 35.65 37.18 34.16	78,369 128,000 150,000 143,000 145,000 140,000	44.32 43.96 44.10 43.35 43.45 43.05	0.60 0.67 0.68 0.65 0.71 0.71	47,000 86,000 102,000 93,000 103,000 99,400
Average1910-14	4,000	32.25	129,000	43.83	0.66	86,000
Corn for husking1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	64 137 130 100	41.93 35.00 58.50 27.50	2,684 5,000 7,000 3,000	50.33 54.66 58.33 55.00	0.69 0.66 0.84 0.69	2,000 3,300 6,000 2,000
Average1910-14	85	47.06	4,000	43.66	0.75	3,000
Potatoes1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	30,802 30,686 32,000 32,000 32,500 33,700	116.30 183.83 298.57 167.79 220.45 141.23	3,581,757 5,641,000 9,447,000 5,369,000 7,165,000 4,759,000	111411	0.40 0.50 0.47 0.52 0.49 0.58	1,433,000 2,821,000 4,440,000 2,792,000 3,511,000 2,760,000
Average1910-14	32,000	195.03	6,241,000		0.48	2,999,000
Turnips, mangolds, etc	9,526 11,757 12,000 12,000 9,000 9,200	365.15 426.06 475.54 390.06 387.42 390.02	3,478,442 5,010,000 5,606,000 4,681,000 3,487,000 3,589,000	111111	0.26 0.33 0.34 0.36 0.38 0.34	904,000 1,653,000 1,906,000 1,685,000 1,325,000 1,223,000
Average1910-14	11,000	404.82	4,453,000	44-	0.34	1,495,000
Hay and clover1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	542,007 528,838 521,000 531,000 518,000 538,000	tons. 1.34 1.71 1.58 1.65 1.89 1.78	tons. 724,393 904,000 823,000 876,000 979,000 958,000	111111	per ton. 9.70 11.77 12.82 11.57 14.50 13.33	7,027,000 10,640,000 10,545,000 10,135,000 14,196,000 12,776,000
Average1910-14	528,000	1.63	861,000	1 -	12.21	10,509,000
Fodder corn1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	561 644 600 600 520 500	9.28 6.02 8.58 6.32 7.67 4.64	5,205 4,000 5,300 4,000 4,000 2,300	111111	6.33 6.80 5.00 4.88 6.00 7.00	33,000 27,200 27,000 19,500 24,000 16,000
Average1910-14	585	8.55	5,000	-	5.20	26,000

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per ton.	Total Value.
Nova Scotia—con.	acres.	tons.	tons.	lb.	\$	\$
Alfalfa1910	10	2.50	25		9.76	300
1911 1912	31 30	3.00 3.50	100		10.00 12.00	1,000 1,000
1913 1914	30 30	3.75 2.00	100		14.00	1,400
1915	30	2.30	70		13.00	900
Average1910-14	25	3.00	75	-	12.00	900
New Brunswick—		bush.	bush.		per bush.	
Spring wheat1910 1911	13,384 13,897	15.19 20.39	203,355 283,000			230,000
1912	13,000	18.11	236,000	56.62	0.75	177,000
1913 1914	13,000 12,600	20.72 18.57	269,000 234,000	59.70		301,000 304,000
1915	14,000	19.09	267,000	56.69	1.26	335,000
Average1910-14	13,200	18.57	245,100	58.98	1.07	263,000
Oats1910	201,140		5,538,796			2,492,000 2,993,000
1911 1912	207,408 195,000		5,986,000 5,607,000	34.20	0.53	2,972,000
1913 1914	195,000 200,000			34.43 35.48		3,032,000 3,828,000
1915	201,000					3,058,000
Average1910-14	199,700	29.61	5,913,000	35.20	0.52	3,063,000
Barley1910	2,603				0.67	38,000
1911 1912	2,791 2,700	28.16 27.42				32,000 49,000
1913	2,500	29.64	74,000	48.21	0.69	51,000 73,000
1914 1915	2,400 2,100					
Average1910-14	2,600	26.77	69,600	47.62	0.70	49,000
Peas1910	429		6,569		1.26	8,000
1911 1912	701 600	24.00 16.14				24,000 15,000
1913	500	21.30	11,000	59.46	1.49	16,000 14,000
1914 1915	$\frac{460}{420}$				2.52	16,900
Average1910-14	540	THE PARTY OF			1.40	15,400
Beans1910	250		4,514	59.08		11,000
1911 1912	366 300			58.42 58.14	2.84	19,000 18,000
1913	300	14.33	4,300	59.67	2.46	11,000 17,300
1914 1915	290 270					23,000
Average1910–14	300	19.67	5,900	58.97	2.59	15,300

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
New Brunswick-con.	acres.	bush.	bush.	lb.	\$	\$
Buckwheat1910	58,366		1,149,984	47.94	0.53	609,000
1911	65,491	26.44	1,732,000	47.67	0.57	987,000
1912 1913	64,000 64,000	24.36 27.85	1,563,000 1,782,000	47.14 48.10	0.62	969,000
1913	63,800	26.43	1,686,000	47.76	$0.54 \\ 0.61$	962,000 1,028,000
1915	58,000			47.51	0.73	960,000
Average1910–14	63,000	25.13	1,583,000	47.72	0.58	911,000
Mixed grains1910	724	28.21	20,426	46.15	0.57	12,000
1911	1,129	30.66	35,000	45.18	0.59	21,000
1912	1,000	27.36	28,000	43.67	0.73	21,000
1913	1,000	30.30	30,000	42.30	0.59	18,000
1914	950	30.33		40.92	0.65	19,000
1915	900	31.50		45.80	0.71	20,000
Average1910-14	960	29.17	28,000	43.64	0.64	18,000
Corn for husking1910	63	24.92	1,524	-	0.97	1,500
1911	7.5	13.00	1,000		0.65	700
1912 1913	60 40	12.00 39.50	700 1,600		1.00	700 1,300
1910			1,000		0.00	1,000
Average1910-13	50	19.40	970	-	0.87	840
Potatoes 1910	40,319		5,228,269	_	0.44	2,300,000
1911	41,147		8,826,000	-	0.52	4,590,000
1912 1913	43,000 43,500				$0.42 \\ 0,44$	3,174,000 4,677,000
1914	43,900				0.40	4,214,000
1915	40,000			78171	0.64	3,694,000
Average1910-14	42,000	203.69	8,555,000		0.44	3,791,000
Turning mangolds						
Turnips, mangolds, etc1910	8,578	311.89	2,675,383	_	0.26	696,000
1911	9,748		4,060,000	1000-	0.34	1,380,000
1912	10,000		2,721,000	-	0.32	871,000
1913	9,000		3,346,000 2,436,000		$0.38 \\ 0.35$	1,271,000 853,000
1914 1915	8,400 8,000				0.33	869,000
	0,000			This		
Average1910-14	9,000	338.67	3,048,000	-	0.33	1,014,000
		tons.	tons.	ATTENDED	per ton.	
Hay and clover1910	625,911	1.07	669,528	811872	8.56	5,731,000
1911	635,446	1.42	902,000	_	8.13	7,333,000
1912	602,000	1.48	891,000		10.12	9,018,000
1913	577,000	1.21	698,000	100	10.91	7,615,000
1914 1915	571,000 569,000			I	12.47 14.00	9,689,000 11,074,000
		Indian	788,000			7,878,000
Average1910-14	602,000	1.31	100,000	12.0	10.00	1,010,000

1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, 1910-1915—con.

Crops.		Area.	Yield per acre.		Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per ton.	Total Value.
New Brunswick—co	on.	acres.	tons.	-	tons.	lb.	\$	\$
Fodder corn		235	9.85		2,315	- 1	4.66	11,000
	1911	215	8.25		2,000	-	4.00	8,000
	1912	190	7.30		1,400		6.13	8,000
	1913	150 120	11.00 4.00		1,700 480		3.00	5,000 3,000
	1914 1915	110	7.00		770		2.50	1,900
	1310	110	1.00				2.00	1,000
Average19	10-14	180	8.89		1,600	-	4.38	7,000
Alfalfa	.1910	83	1.20		100		9.58	1,000
	1911	116	3.00		450	-	10.00	4,500
	1912	140	2.00		280	-	10.00	3,000
	1913	140	3.00		400	1	12.00	4,800 2,800
	1914 1915	135 140	$2.25 \\ 2.25$		300 320		$9.25 \\ 12.00$	3,800
	100							
Average19	10-14	120	2.54		305	-	9.84 per	3,000
Quebec—	9.39		bush.		bush.		bush.	1 000 000
Spring wheat		61,143	14.85		907,991	59.71	1.20	1,090,000
	1911	68,999	17.73 16.17		1,223,000	59.36 57.96	1.18	1,443,000 1,149,000
	1912 1913	60,000 58,000	18.17		974,000 1,054,000		1.21	1,275,000
	1914	55,000	18.00		990,000	59.65	1.35	1,337,000
	1915	71,000	19.88		1,411,000			1,891,000
Average19	10-14	61,000	16.89		1,030,000	59.28	1.22	1,259,000
Oats	1010	1,387,961	24.30		33,734,172	36.94	0.44	14,843,000
Vaus	1911	1,430,209	26.22		37,500,000			19,875,000
	1912	1,296,000	25.86		33,516,000	33.93	0.54	18,099,000
	1913	1,303,000	29.95		39,025,000			18,732,000
	1914	1,327,000	31.74		42,119,000			24,429,000
	1915	1,400,000	30.13	1	42,182,000			23,200,000
Average19	10-14	1,349,000	27.56		37,179,000	36.09	0.52	19,196,000
Barley	.1910	101,728			2,378,372		0.71	1,689,000
THE SHALL S	1911	99,762	22.76		2,271,000			1,771,000
	1912	94,000	23.69		2,226,000 2,263,000	46.95		1,759,000 1,743,000
	1913 1914	89,000 85,000			2,263,000	48.46 48.98		1,944,000
	1914	85,000			2,255,000	48.79		1,939,000
Average19		94,000			2,280,000			1,781,000
	8.50		· Walling		140 005	55.72	0.93	139,000
Rye	1910	11,099 12,735	13.41 15.72		148,925 $200,000$			202,000
	1911	11,000	15.44		173,000			164,000
	1913	10,000	15.60)	156,000		1.06	165,000
	1914	9,000	17.30		156,000			170,000
THE PERSON NAMED IN	1915	8,700	16.71		145,000	55.90		162,000
Average19	10-14	10,800	15.46	5	167,000	54.94	1.01	168,000

. Crops.		Area.	Yield per acre.		otal eld.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Quebec-con.		acres.	bush.	bı	ısh.	lb.	\$	\$
Peas	.1910	30,303	14.25	. 4	132,098	57.37	1.23	531,000
	1911	32,507	15.91		517,000	60.58	1.37	708,000
	1912	30,000	15.11	4	149,000	53.96	2.03	911,000
	1913 1914	26,000 24,000	17.34 18.00	4	151,000 132,000	61.03 61.63	1.97 2.35	888,000 1,015,000
	1915	24,400	16.56		104,000	61.14	2.47	998,000
Average19	910-14	29,000	15.72	4	156,000	58.91	1.78	811,000
Beans	.1910	4,196	18.25	7	76,582	59.84	1.97	151,000
	1911	6,065	17.14		114,000	60.57	1.97	225,000
	1912	5,000	15.59	1100	84,000	57.31	2.55	214,000
	1913 1914	5,000 4,700	19.35 18.87	- 133	97,000 89,000	60.16	2.31 2.70	224,000 240,000
	1915	4,700	21.89	Tree	103,000		3.17	327,000
Average19	910-14	5,000	18.40		92,000	59.75	2.29	211,000
Buckwheat	1910	124,220	18.87	2.4	168,479	47.74	0.66	1,629,000
Duois Willows	1911	112,880	22.57		548,000	47.33	0.74	1,886,000
	1912	117,000	26.44		094,000	47.27	0.73	2,259,000
	1913	110,000	23.27	2,	560,000	47.88	0.75	1,920,000
	1914 1915	102,000 104,000	$24.28 \\ 24.69$		177,000 568,000		0.83	2,056,000 2,157,000
Average19		113,000	- Indied	111	329,000	AL AL	0.74	1,950,000
	400	94,237	23.26	9	192,770	46.16	0.61	1 338,000
Mixed grains	1911	114,347	25.58		92,770		0.69	2,018,000
	1912	104,000	26.74	2,	783,000	44.21	0.67	1,846,000
	1913	101,000	28.39	2,8	367,000		0.66	1,892,000
	1914	99,000	30.00		970,000			2,287,000
	1915	101,000	29.67	2,	997,000	45.44	0.73	2,188,000
Average19	910-14	102,500	26.83	2,	750,000	45.92	0.68	1,880,000
Flax	1910	1,361	9.80		13,350		2.06	28,000
	1911	1,146	11.31	1	13,000		1.71	22,000
	1912	900 800	9.66 10.84		9,000		1.76	15,000 18,000
	1913 1914	700	11.70		8,200			16,000
	1915	600	11.89		7,000			15,000
Average19	910-14	980	10.71	1	10,500	54.12	1.90	20,000
Corn for husking	1910	18,802	30.60		575,360	56.34	0.90	518,000
THE SHAPE OF THE STATE OF THE S	1911	23,473	30.30	1	712,000	55.13	1.01	719,000
	1912	19,000	24.47	4	176,000	55.71	1.03	490,000
	1913 1914	18,000 17,000	$32.58 \\ 30.24$		586,000 514,000	55.88 56.65	1.00	586,000 555,000
	1914	16,300			508,000			569,000
Average19		19.300			573,000			574,000
	20 211	10,000	20.00		. 0,000	00.02		

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Quebec—con.	acres.	bush.	bush.	lb.	\$	\$
Potatoes1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	124,598 124,381 116,000 116,000 115,000 117,000	124.78 126.73 137.11 176.76 189.66 149.66	15,945,000 20,504,000 21,811,000	-	0.44 0.67 0.35 0.46 0.42 0.55	6,841,000 10,561,000 5,580,000 9,432,000 9,161,000 9,631,000
Average1910-14	119,000	150.46	17,914,000	-	0.46	8,315,000
Turnips, mangolds, etc1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	13,697 13,543 12,000 11,000 10,500	369.19 291.18 251.60 298.56 328.20	3,284,000 3,446,000		0.35 0.37 0.28 0.36 0.37 0.36	1,770,000 1,459,000 856,000 1,182,000 1,275,000 1,132,000
1915 Average1910-14	10,200 12,000	308.25 313.08			0.35	1,308,000
Hay and clover1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	3,224,122 3,294,230 3,108,000 3,014,000 2,979,000 2,922,000	tons. 1.46 1.90 1.22 1.35 1.20 1.26	6,260,000 3,792,000 4,069,000 3,575,000		per ton. 9.29 10.17 9.36 12.08 14.88 15.89	43,911,000 63,664,000 35,492,000 49,154,000 53,196,000 58,507,000
Average1910-14	3,124,000	1.44	4,485,000	-5-2	10.95	49,083,000
Fodder corn1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	41,082 37,155 34,000 34,000 33,000 34,000	7.38 7.50 7.18	325,000 254,000 255,000 237,000	-	4.77 4.80 3.79 5.20 6.40 6.39	1,798,000 1,560,000 962,000 1,326,000 1,517,000 1,872,000
Average1910-14	36,000	8.05	290,000	-	4.94	1,433,000
Alfalfa	4,044 3,634 3,500 3,000 2,950 2,860 3,400	3.75 2.75 2.11 2.06 2.84	14,000 9,700 6,300 6,000 8,100	- - - -	7.45 9.63 9.00 8.30 13.43 11.78 9.53	49,000 135,000 87,000 52,000 81,000 95,000 81,000
Ontario—		bush.	bush.		per bush.	
Fall wheat	759,916 832,889 735,000 739,000 727,400 972,000	23.50 20.95 20.63 23.91 21.51	17,863,306 17,449,000 15,163,000 17,669,000 15,646,000	61.61 60.53 60.16 59.77	0.88 0.87 0.92 0.85 1.08	15,720,000 15,180,000 13,950,000 15,019,000 16,898,000 25,618,000
Average1910-14	759,000	22.07	16,758,000	60.40	0.90	15,353,000

1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, 1910-1915—con.

Crops.		Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Ontario-con.		acres.	bush.	bush.	lb.	\$	\$
Spring wheat	.1910	110,439	17.92	1,979,325	59.87	0.89	1,762,000
	1911	135,538	17.25	2,338,000	58.33	0.90	2,104,000
	1912	120,000	18.77	2,258,000	57.93	0.88	1,987,000
	1913 1914	111,000 107,000	19.66 18.80	2,182,000 2,012,000	59.33 59.05	0.86	1,877,000 2,153,000
	1915	121,000	22.36	2,706,000	59.41	0.96	2,598,000
Average19	10-14	117,000	18.41	2,154,000	58.90	0.92	1,977,000
All wheat	1910	870,355	22.80	19,842,631	59.93	0.88	17,482,000
1222 11220001111111	1911	968,427	20.43	19,787,000	61.22	0.87	18,284,000
	1912	855,000	20.38	17,421,000	60.19	0.91	15,937,000
	1913	850,000	23.35	19,851,000	60.07	0.85	16,896,000
	1914 1915	834,000 1,093,000	$21.16 \\ 27.67$	17,658,000 30,252,000	59.50 59.41	1.07	19,051,000 28,216,000
MATCHINE LAND SHIP IN	1919	1,090,000	21.01	30,202,000	39.41	0.93	20,210,000
Average19	10-14	876,000	21.59	18,912,000	60.18	0.92	17,330,000
Oats		2,871,288	30.97	88,946,041	34.92	0.36	32,021,000
	1911	2,806,203	30.24	84,860,000	31.57	0.45	38,187,000
	1912 1913	2,785,000 2,814,000	$34.85 \\ 37.37$	97,053,000 105,159,000	34.38 34.08	$0.41 \\ 0.38$	39,792,000 39,960,000
	1914	2,840,000	35.00	99,400,000	34.07	0.38	48,706,000
	1915	3,095,000	39.68	122,810,000	34.67	0.39	47,896,000
Average19	10-14	2,823,000	33.68	95,084,000	33.80	0.42	39,732,000
Barley	1910	503,129	27.93	14,055,327	47.89	0.53	7,449,000
201109	1911	519,967	26.39	13,722,000	46.18	0.70	9,605,000
	1912	512,000	29.49	15,093,000	47.45	0.61	9,207,000
	1913	485,000	30.08	14,589,000	48.08	0.56	8,170,000
	1914 1915	461,000 449,000	$30.34 \\ 34.23$	13,987,000 15,369,000	47.83 47.83	0.64	8,952,000 8,607,000
						0.56	
Average19	10-14	496,000	28.81	14,289,000	47.49	0.61	8,677,000
Rye		92,731	13.29	1,232,493	55.92	0.66	813,000
	1911 1912	96,751 93,000	17.86 18.38	1,728,000 1,711,000	55.00 55.70	$0.78 \\ 0.75$	1,348,000 1,283,000
	1913	85,000	18.43	1,567,000	55.76	0.73	1,081,000
	1914	78,000	17.19	1,341,000	55.47	0.85	1,140,000
	1915	78,000	19.88	1,551,000	56.89	0.79	1,225,000
Average19	10–14	89,000	17.04	1,516,000	55.57	0.75	1,133,000
Peas	.1910	321,996	13.38	4,311,133	59.92	0.83	3,578,000
	1911	258,461	15.69	4,055,000	55.35	0.97	3,933,000
	1912	226,000	14.95	3,374,000	58.95	1.16	3,914,000
	1913	190,000	18.06	3,431,000	59.31	0.99	3,397,000 3,780,000
	1914 1915	179,000 169,000	16.00 17.79	2,864,000 3,007,000	59.88 59.86	1.32	4,631,000
A viona ma 10							
Average19	10-14	235,000	15.22	3,607,000	58.68	1.03	3,720,000

Crops.		Area.	Yield per acre.		Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Ontario-con.		acres.	bush.		bush.	lb.	\$. \$
Beans	.1910	40,626	17.80		726,955	60.08	1.67	1,214,000
	1911	45,130	19.40		876,000	59.48	1.91	1,673,000
	1912	46,000	17.57		801,000	61.27	2.13	1,706,000
	1913 1914	40,000 38,000	16.74 18.00		670,000 684,000	59.17 59.88	1.79 2.24	1,199,000 1,532,000
	1915	37,500	16.00		600,000	59.76	3.05	1,800,000
Average19	10-14	42,000	17.90	8	752,000	59.97	1.95	1,465,000
Buckwheat	1910	167,313	19.91		3,332,216	48.05	0.51	1,699,000
Duckwiicau	1911	178,613	21.44		3,829,000	47.18	0.61	2,336,000
	1912	204,000	26.74		5,464,000	48.29	0.56	3.060.000
	1913	193,000	19.11		3,688,000	47.46	0.60	2,213,000
	1914 1915	176,000 169,000	23.40 21.81		4,118,000 3,686,000	47.83 48.21	$0.70 \\ 0.70$	2,883,000 2,580,000
		DUMBA AGE		3		57110		
Average19	10-14	184,000	22.21		4,086,000	47.76	0.60	2,438,000
Mixed grains		323,329	32.75		10,590,756	44.67	0.49	5,189,000
	1911	389,366	31.04		12,086,000	43.17	0.59	7,131,000
	1912 1913	371,000 352,000	$36.54 \\ 34.37$		13,556,000 12,098,000	46.96 43.53	$0.58 \\ 0.53$	7,862,000 6,412,000
	1914	344,000	36.66		12,611,000	44.58	0.63	7,945,000
	1915	345,000	39.91		13,769,000	44.76	0.54	7,435,000
Average19	10-14	356,000	34.23		12,188,000	44.58	0.57	6,908,000
Flax	.1910	8,780	9.43		82,901	-	1.64	136,000
	1911	8,790	14.06		124,000	52.25	1.89	234,000
	1912	9,000	16.70		143,000	52.82	1.62	231,000 228,000
	1913 1914	7,000 5,300	23.38 15.76		164,000 84,000	53.56 55.78	1.70	143,000
	1915	5,000	12.38		62,000	50.78	1.72	107,000
Average19	10-14	8,000	15.00		120,000	53.60	1.62	194,000
Corn for husking.	.1910	274,846	49.99		13,742,265	58.46	0.52	7,146,000
	1911	298,190	61.93		18,467,000	55.47	0.63	11,634,000
	1912	279,000	59.06		16,466,000	55.50	0.61	10,044,000
	1913 1914	260,000 239,000	62.24 56.11		16,182,000 13,410,000	56.75 56.22	0.63	10,195,000 9,253,000
	1914	237,000	58.48		13,860,000	55.75		9,674,000
Average19	10-14	270,000	57.90		15,653,000	56.48	0.62	9,654,000
Potatoes	1910	158,363	109.21		17,295,370	_	0.46	7,956,000
2 0000000000000000000000000000000000000	1911	156,990			16,043,000		0.80	12,834,000
THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	1912	158,000	143.90		22,690,000	NAC-	0.59	13,387,000
	1913	152,000			18,105,000		0.65	11,768,000
	1914 1915	154,000 155,000			25,772,000 $14,362,000$		$0.47 \\ 0.76$	12,113,000 10,915,000
Average19		156,000	100		19,982,000	1		
2270108010	20 11	200,000	220.00					-2,022.500

		10.	10-1010	con.			
Crops.		Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Ontario—con.		acres.	bush.	bush.	lb.	\$	\$
	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	132,529 138,735 130,000 121,000 114,000 112,000	267.92 384.00 436.25 362.94 430.31 394.42	35,505,868 53,274,000 56,795,000 43,916,000 49,055,000 44,175,000		0.20 0.19 0.19 0.22 0.21 0.21	7,101,000 10,122,000 10,791,000 9,662,000 10,302,000 9,277,000
Average191	0-14	127,000	375.66	47,709.000	-	0.20	9,596,000
	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	3,216,154 3,445,907 3,337,000 3,312,000 3,171,000 3,082,000	tons. 1.37 1.37 1.62 1.19 1.14 1.32	tons. 4,418,456 4,721,000 5,406,000 3,941,000 3,615,000 4,068,000		per ton. 10.21 13.99 12.04 11.07 14.91 14.06	45,112,000 66,047,000 65,088,000 43,627,000 53,900,000 57,196,000
Average191	0-14	3,296,000	1.34	4,420,000	_	12.38	54,755,000
	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	245,048 243,497 251,000 255,000 267,000 287,000	9.37 9.23 10.70 8.81 10.95 10.63	2,296,841 2,247,000 2,685,000 2,247,000 2,924,000 3,051,000	111111	4.67 4.73 4.84 4.56 4.72 4.76	10,726,000 10,628,000 12,997,000 10,246,000 13,801,000 14,523,000
Average191	0-14	252,000	9.84	2,480,000	-	4.71	11,680,000
Sugar beets		15,966 18,882 17,000 15,000 12,000 18,000	11.40 8.53 11.16 9.23 9.00 7.83	182,124 161,000 188,000 138,000 108,000 141,000		5.86 6.73 5.00 6.20 6.00 5.50	1,067,000 1,084,000 938,000 856,000 648,000 775,500
Average1910	0-14	16,000	9.68	155,000	-	5.92	919,000
	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	45,625 75,000 76,000 69,000 61,000 60,000	2.10 2.03 2.76 2.32 2.26 2.72	95,138 152,000 211,000 160,000 138,000 163,000		9.65 11.08 11.75 12.03 15.01 13.41	918,000 1,684,000 2,478,000 1,925,000 2,071,000 2,186,000
Average1910	0-14	65,000	2.32	151,000	-	12.02	1,185,000
	1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	4,553 13,291 15,000 19,000 15,000 10,900	bush. 18.92 28.56 22.22 20.44 16.00 33.30	bush. 86,176 380,000 333,000 388,000 240,000 363,000	59.66 59.13 61.50 59.50 61.33	per bush. 0.83 0.67 0.67 0.69 0.89 0.88	72,000 255,000 223,000 268,000 214,000 319,000
Average1910	0-14	13,000	21.92	285,000	59.94	0.73	206,000

HERE THE REAL PROPERTY.						
Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Manitoba—con.	acres.	bush.	bush.	lb.	\$	\$
Spring wheat1910	2,755,818	12.35	34,039,773	59.74	0.80	27,232,000 41,747,000
1911	3,081,542	20.22	62,309,000	59.14	0.67	41,747,000
1912 1913	2,824,000 2,785,000	22.20 19.01	62,684,000 52,943,000	60.77 60.83	$0.67 \\ 0.71$	41,998,000 37,590,000
1914	2,601,000	14.75	38,365,000	59,39	1.01	38,749,000
1915	3,332,000	28.83	96,062,000	61.18	0.85	81,653,000
Average1910-14	2,809,000	17.82	50,068,000	59.97	0.74	37,463,000
All wheat 1910	2,760,371	12.36	34,125,949	-	0.80	27,304,000
1911 1912	3,094,833	22.56 22.20	62,689,000 63,017,000	59.14 60.76	0.67	42,002,000
1913	2,839,000 2,804,000	19.02	53,331,000	60.83	$0.67 \\ 0.71$	42,221,000 37,858,000
1914	2,616,000	14.84	38,605,000	59.39	1.01	38,963,000
1915	3,342,900	28.84	96,425,000	61.18	0.85	81,972,000
Average1910-14	2,823,000	17.84	50,354,000	60.03	0.74	37,670,000
Oats1910	1,209,173	25.12	30,378,379	34.94	0.31	9,417,000 19,212,000
1911 1912	1,307,434 1,348,000	45.92 42.40	60,037,000 57,154,000	35.51 35.63	$0.32 \\ 0.28$	16,003,000
1913	1,398,000	40.60	56,759,000	36.32	0.28	15,893,000
1914	1,331,000	28.25	31,951,000	34.21	0.48	15,336,000
1915	1,441,000	48.21	69,471,000	36.36	0.32	22,231,000
Average1910-14	1,319,000	35.83	47,256,000	35.32	0.30	15,172,000
Barley1910 1911	416,016 448,105	15.64 33.36	6,506,634 14,949,000	46.61 47.75	0.39 0.48	2,538,000 7,176,000
1912	481,000	32.92	15,826,000	47.47	0.37	5,855,000
1913	496,000	28.84	14,305,000	47.57	0.34	4,864,000
1914	468,000	21.00	9,828,000	46.00	0.55	5,405,000
1915 Average1910–14	490,000	36.25 26.59	17,763,000 12,283,000	47.70 47.08	$0.50 \\ 0.42$	8,882,000 5,168,000
The second secon	462,000					
Rye1910 1911	2,738 4,725	10.66 22.00	29,205 104,000	52.00	$0.71 \\ 0.70$	21,000 73,000
1912	5,000	21.00	105,000	-	0.58	61,000
1913	5,000	20.64	103,000	60.00	0.58	60,000
1914 1915	5,000	20.00	100,000	57.00 57.50	$0.90 \\ 0.73$	90,000
Average 1910–14	5,800 4,500	26.74 19.55	155,000 88,000	56.33	0.69	61,000
Peas1910	298	16.31	4,863	48.00	0.60	3,000
1911	414	22.00	9,000	-	1.26	11,000
1912	400	25.00	10,000	-	1.50	15,000
Average 1910-12	370	21.50	7,955	48.00	1.22	9,670
Mixed grains1910	473	18.54	8,772	110-	0.44	4,000
1911 1912	1,541 1,500	$35.00 \\ 45.00$	54,000 68,000		$0.44 \\ 0.45$	24,000 31,000
1913	1,500	27.17	41,000		0.29	12,000
1914	1,490	20.25	30,000	-	0.48	14,400
1915	1,550	32.50	50,000	43.00	0.41	21,000
Average1910-14	1,300	31.07	40,400	-	0.42	17,100

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.					
Manitoba—con.	acres.	bush.	bush.	lb.	\$	\$					
Flax1910	34,684	5.09				369,000					
1911	1	14.44			1.76	2,028,000					
1912 1913		12.49		55.76	1.04	1,302,000					
1914		11.70 8.44		56.16 55.41	1.05	664,000 372,000					
1918						576,000					
The same of the same						0,0,000					
Average 1910–14	62,000	11.45	710,000	55.52	1.33	947,000					
Potatoes1910	26,210	109.34	2,865,839	_	0.54	1,548,000					
191		207.35	5,490,000		0.42	2,306,000					
1913	27,000	231.55	6,182,000	-	0.35	2,164,000					
1913					0.36	1,843,000 2,284,000					
1914			3,172,000		0.72	2,284,000					
1918	28,300	109.67	3,104,000	7	0.54	1,676,000					
Average1910-14	26,500	172.30	4,566,000	_	0.44	2,029,000					
Turnips, mangolds,	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	1181				210.000					
etc1910				E	0.44	219,000					
191: 191:		$\begin{vmatrix} 325.46 \\ 354.20 \end{vmatrix}$			0.38 0.38	515,000 551,000					
191					0.33	415,000					
1914		268.50		-	0.54						
191	4,300	269.01	1,157,000	-	0.35	405,000					
Average1910-1-	3,600	297.78	1,072,000		0.42	453,000					
Average1310-1	3,000	tons.	tons.	The same	p. ton.	400,000					
Hay and clover1916	137,671	0.91		-	10.21	1,276,000					
191		1.66			9.54	2,433,000					
191				-	9.40	2,434,000					
1913 1914					8.64	2 074,000 1,833,000					
191.					9.12 9.63	2,956,000					
	100,000	1.00			0.00	2,000,000					
Average1910–1	153,000	1.40	214,000	-	9.39	2,010,000					
Fodder corn1910	4,603	3.08	14,158	-	6.64	94,000					
191	9,919	7.71	76,000	-	9.00	684,000					
191					11.00	924,000					
1913					8.50	757,000					
1914 1918					7.60 8.33	547,000 500,000					
	10,000	0.00	00,000		0.00	000,000					
Average1910-14	9,900	6.77	67,000	-	8.82	601,000					
Alfalfa1910	539	1.07	569	-	12.87	7,000					
191	3,324	2.00	7,000	-	12.00	84,000					
191:					9.20	86,000					
1913 1914					10.67	117,000					
1913					11.17	115,000					
Average 1910–14		1000 20	-	100	11.22	83,000					
11 verage 1910-19	0,200	4.01	1,400		11.44	30,000					

					-	
Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Valué.
Saskatchewan— Fall wheat	acres. 1,230 2,638 3,000 4,000 4,300 4,100	bush. 11.66 22.00 21.56 23.57 15.50 30.76	bush. 14,343 58,000 65,000 94,000 67,000 126,000	1b. 59.00 59.50 59.78 60.33	\$ 0.76 0.58 0.76 0.71 0.99 0.81	\$ 11,000 34,000 49,000 67,000 66,000 102,000
Average1910-14	3,000	20.00	60,000	59.65	0.75	45,000
Spring wheat 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	4,226,992 5,253,836 5,579,000 5,716,000 5,344,000 6,834,000	15.84 20.75 19.16 21.35 13.74 28.54	66,964,653 109,017,000 106,895,000 121,465,000 73,427,000 195,042,000	59.60 59.98 59.63 61.23 59.04 60.75	0.69 0.58 0.56 0.64 1.48 0.81	46,206,000 63,230,000 59,861,000 77,738,000 108,672,000 157,984,000
Average 1910-14	5,224,000	18.30	95,554,000	59.89	0.74	71,141,000
All wheat	4,228,222 5,256,474 5,582,000 5,720,000 5,348,300 6,838,100	15.84 20.75 19.16 21.25 13.74 28.54	66,978,996 109,075,000 106,960,000 121,559,000 73,494,000 195,168,000	59.98 59.63 61.23 59.07	0.69 0.58 0.56 0.64 1.48 0.81	46,217,000 63,264,000 59,910,000 77,805,000 108,738,000 158,086,000
Average1910-14	5,227,000	18.30	95,613,000	59.97	0.74	71,187,000
Oats	1,888,359 2,332,912 2,556,000 2,755,000 2,520,000 2,937,000	45.99 41.42 24.53	58,922,791 107,594,000 117,537,000 114,112,000 61,816,000 157,628,600	36.27 35.69 36.64 37.78 33.71 37.48	0.29 0.29 0.23 0.25 0.45 0.28	17,088,000 31,202,000 27,033,000 28,528,000 27,817,000 44,136,000
Average 1910-14	2,410,000	38.17	91,996,000	36.01	0.29	26,334,000
Barley	129,621 273,988 292,000 332,000 290,000 287,000	23.61 31.61 32.87 31.39 16.90 36.83	3,061,007 8,661,000 9,595,000 10,421,000 4,901,000 10,570,200	46.59 46.52 48.15 48.86 43.87 47.54	0.36 0.47 0.33 0.30 0.50 0.43	1,102,000 4,071,000 3,166,000 3,126,000 2,451,000 4,545,000
Average1910-14	264,000	27.76	7,328,000	46.79	0.38	2,783,000
Rye	754 2,271 2,700 3,000 2,600 2,700	15.43 27.00 21.00 22.67 20.90 28.00	11,639 61,000 57,000 68,000 54,000 75,600	54.66 - - 58.50 55.17	0.50 0.53 0.56 0.40 0.67 0.75	6,000 32,000 32,000 27,000 36,000 57,000
Average1910-14	2,200	22.73	50,000	56.58	0.54	27,000
				- 9		

1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, 1910-1915—con.

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per measured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Saskatchewan—con.	acres.	bush.	bush.	lb.	\$	\$
Peas1910	236	11.06	2,612	-	1.27	3,300
1911	389	20.00	8,000	-	1.10	9,000
1912	400	28.00	11,000	-	1.00	11,000
1913 1915	400 400	$17.50 \\ 23.00$	7,000 9,200		0.85	6,000
1318	100	20.00	0,200	01.00	1.10	10,000
Average1910-13	355	20.00	7,100	-	1.03	7,300
Mixed grains1910	637	14.07	8,967	-	0.53	5,000
1911	1,876	35.60	66,000		0.53	35,000
1912	2,000	36.40	73,000	_	0.60	44,000
1913 1914	2,000 1,900	38.40 15.50	77,000 29,500		0.40	31,000 15,000
1915	1,950					26,300
Average1910-14	1,600	31.25		The latest	0.51	26,000
	waa iaw	- 00	0.000.100	WW 04	0.00	0.000.000
Flax1910	506,425	7.68 11.25		55.24 53.89	2.08 1.50	8,098,000 11,509,000
1912	682,000 1,780,000	12.94		55.32	0.89	20,503,000
1913	1,386,000	11.24	15,579,000			14,800,000
1914	958,000	6.40	6,131,000	51.02		6,192,000
1915	697,000	13.00	9,061,000	55.89	1.50	13,592,000
Average1910-14	1,062,000	10.60	11,262,000	54.30	1.09	12,220,000
Potatoes1910	24,046	121.32	2,917,340	_	0.59	1,721,000
1911	30,040	183.43	5,510,000	-	0.51	2,810,000
1912	31,000				0.40	2,621,000
1913	31,000				0.47	2,415,000 4,289,000
1914 1915	30,600 30,300				1.05 0.49	
			1			
Average1910-14	29,000	166.90	4,840,000		0.57	2,771,000
Turnips, mangolds,	000		177 400		0.49	75 000
etc1910 1911	990 13,907	177.21 285.25			0.43	75,000 1,705,000
1912	14,000	304.47			0.42	1,749,000
1913	13,000			-	0.50	1,653,000
1914	12,900	248.91	3,211,000) -	0.71	2,280,000
1915	12,400	236.75	2,936,000	-	0.52	1,527,000
Average 1910–14	11,000	269.45	2,964,000	-	0.50 per	1,492,000
		tons.	tons.		ton.	
Hay and clover1910	37,694	1.19	45,129	-	9.56	
1911	47,720	1.50	72,000	-	9.73	
1912 1913			90,000		7.71 7.38	693,000 841,000
1913	62,000 70,000				6.84	
1915					6.96	
Average1910-14	54,000	1.65	89,000) -	7.87	700,000
		-		-		

1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, 1910-1915—con.

Crops.		Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per ton.	Total Value.
Saskatchewan—cor		acres.	tons.	tons.	lb.	\$	\$
Fodder corn		675	1.44	977	-	6.34	6,000
I oddor oomin	1911	1,357	7.00	9,500	-	6.50	62,000
	1912	1,300	1.50	2,000		8.00	16,000
	1913	1,600	7.00	11,000	NY DOT	8.00	88,000
* FINE SERVICE	1914 1915	1,900 2,000	3.66 4.16	7,000 8,300		3.50	24,500 25,000
	1010	2,000	1.10	0,000		0.00	20,000
Average19	910-14	1,400	4.29	6,000	-	6.50	39,000
Alfalfa	1910	182	1.09	199		13.55	3,000
	1911	1,168	1.50	2,000		13.00	26,000
	1912 1913	1,400 1,600	$\frac{2.19}{2.27}$	3,000 3,700	-	11.66 15.25	35,000 56,000
	1914	1,800	2.59	5,000		15.00	75,000
	1915	1,800	1.71	3,000		14.50	44,000
Average19	910-14	1,200	2.25	2,700		14.44	39,000
Alberta—				11 1 1 1 1		per	
	1010	204,636	bush. 11.35	bush. 2,323,530	60.48	bush. 0.72	1,673,000
Fall wheat	1911	305,788	25.28	7,730,000	59.46	0.75	5,798,000
	1912	212,000	21.83	4,628,000	59.63	0.59	2,731,000
	1913	202,000	21.00	4,242,000	60.96	0.62	2,630,000
THE RESERVE OF	1914	221,100	21.30	4,709,000	58.26	0.94	4,426,000
All and the state of	1915	215,700	33.92	7,316,000	61.32	0.79	5,780,000
Average1	910-14	229,000	20.64	4,727,000	59.75	0.73	3,452,000
Spring wheat		674,665	9.98	6,736,680			4,581,000
	1911	1,334,186	21.64	28,872,000 29,675,000	58.90 58.01	0.58	16,746,000 15,728,000
	1912 1913	1,378,000 1,310,000	21.54 23.00	30,130,000	61.12	0.61	18,379,000
	1914	1,150,000	21.00	24,150,000	60.75	0.91	21,977,000
	1915	1,348,000	32.67	44,039,000	61.57	0.79	34,791,000
Average1	910-14	1,169,000	20.46	23,913,000	59.68	0.65	15,482,000
All wheat	1910	879,301	10.30	9,060,210	59.86	0.69	6,254,000
	1911	1,639,974	22.32	36,602,000		0.62	22,544,000
	1912	1,590,000	21.57	34,303,000	58.23	0.54	18,459,000
	1913 1914	1,512,000 1,371,100	22.73 21.05	34,372,000 28,859,000	61.10	0.61 0.91	21,009,000 26,403,000
	1915	1,563,700	32.84	51,355,000		0.79	40,571,000
Average1	1	1,398,000		28,639,000		0.66	18,934,000
Oats	1010	783,072	20.56	16,099,223	38.05	0.32	5,152,000
Oaus	1911	1,221,217	48.34	59,034,000		0.28	16,530,000
	1912	1,461,000	46.30	67,630,000	38.94	0.24	16,231,000
	1913	1,639,000		71,542,000	38.67	0.24	17,170,000
	1914 1915	1,502,000 1,912,600		57,076,000 107,741,000		$0.42 \\ 0.27$	23,972,000 29,090,000
A						-	
Average1	910-14	1,321,000	41.09	34,270,000	38.20	0.29	13,311,000

1310-1313-001.											
Crops.		Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.				
Alberta-con.		acres.	bush.	bush.	lb.	\$	\$				
Barley	1910	121,435	20.42	2,480,165	47.92		942,000				
Dailey	1911	164,132	26.54	4,356,000		0.41	1,786,000				
	1912	187,000		6,179,000	48.12	0.33	2,039,000				
	1913	197,000				0.31	1,964,000				
	1914	178,000	27.00	4,806,000	48.87	0.51	2,451,000				
	1915	185,000	37.75		49.57	0.35	2,444,000				
				- NOV			The state of the s				
Average19	10-14	170,000	28.30	4,811,000	48.07	0.38	1,836,000				
	1010	0.000	10.00	400.004	×0.00	0 10	04 000				
Rye	.1910	6,672				0.56	61,000				
	1911	14,443		394,000		0.61	240,000				
	1912 1913	15,000 16,000		377,000	54.00 57.07	0.56	211,000 183,000				
	1914	16,400		398,000 360,000	55.83	$0.46 \\ 0.66$	238,000				
	1915	16,800	28.61	463,000		0.73	338,000				
	1010	10,000	20.01	100,000	00.00	00	000,000				
Average19	010-14	14,000	23.43	328,000	55.67	0.57	187,000				
Peas	. 1910	287	15.23	4,371		1.29	7,000				
	1911	493	16.00	8,000		1.10	9,000				
	1912	460	18.50	9,000		0.93	8,400				
	1913	500	17.00		= -	0.85	7,000				
	1914	470	17.25			1.47	12,000				
	1915	430	20.00	8,600	62.00	1.65	14,200				
Average19	10-14	440	17.26	7,595	58.66	1.14	8,680				
Mixed grains	1010	1,798	20.33	36,556	-	0.47	17,000				
mixed grains	1911	2,789	30.00	84,000	-	0.42	35,000				
	1912	2,800	34.50		12	0.40	39,000				
	1913	2,000	36.67	73,000	. 39_	0.34	25,000				
	1914	1,800	40.00			0.47	34,000				
	1915	1,700	39.17	67,000	47.20	0.34	23,000				
Average19	10-14	2,260	32.30	73,000	-	0.41	30,000				
731	1010	0.7 0.70	0 40	FO 455	F. C.	1 05	1 477 000				
Flax		31,076	2.53	78,480	54.93	1.87	147,000				
	1911	107,171	10.39	1,114,000	53.43	1.20	1,337,000 1,557,000				
	1912 1913	132,000 105,000	12.83 11.00	1,693,000 1,155,000	54.76 56.26	0.92 1.19	1,374,000				
	1914	80,000	7.67	614,000	55.78	1.05	645,000				
	1915	70,000	16.05	1,124,000	56.37	1.49	1,675,000				
	1010	.0,000	20.00	2,222,000	00.01		-,,				
Average19	10-14	91,000	10.23	931,000	55.03	1.09	1,012,000				
Potatoes	.1910	20,086	116.49	2,339,901		0.64	1,498,000				
	1911	23,863	193.03	4,606,000	-	0.42	1,935,000				
	1912	27,000	211.64	5,775,000	-	0.39	2,252,000				
	1913	26,000	167.32	4,350,000	-	0.39	1,697,000				
	1914	26,300	138.86	3,652,000	-	0.65	2,374,000				
	1915	27,300	188.84	5,155,000	- 12.0	0.33	1,701,000				
Average19	10-14	25,000	165.80	4,145,000		0.47	1,951,000				
						Table 1 Comments	10,000				

1310-1313 Con.											
Crops.		Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.				
Alberta—con. Turnips,mangolo etc.	ds,1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	acres. 1,333 4,828 5,000 5,000 4,900 4,900	300.61 260.98 246.77 255.53	bush. 236,178 1,451,000 1,281,000 1,234,000 1,252,000 1,356,000	lb	\$ 0.47 0.29 0.57 0.50 0.60 0.39	\$ 111,000 421,000 730,000 617,000 751,000 529,000				
Average		4,200 149,973 162,411 171,000 176,000 176,000 173,000	tons. 0.84 1.66 1.70 1.56 1.73	304,000	1	0.48 p. ton. 14.58 12.24 9.09 8.69 8.31 8.61	526,000 1,832,000 3,305,000 2,644,000 2,390,000 2,526,000 2,678,000				
Average1	910-14	167,000	1.52	253,000		10.04	2,539,000				
Fodder corn	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	1,259 739 600 600 800 1,100	1.89 1.95 2.00 3.70 2.00 5.14	2,200 1,600		7.53 8.00 8.50 9.00 3.50 5.00	18,000 11,000 10,000 20,000 5,600 29,000				
Average1	910-14	800	2.25	1,800		7.22	13,000				
Sugar beets	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	1,079 1,795 1,900 2,000 100	8.00 7.00 5.00	14,000 13,000 10,000		5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00	29,000 70,000 67,000 50,000 3,000				
Average	910-14	1,400	6.21	8,700	-	5.00	44,000				
Alfalfa	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	2,592 7,890 9,300 9,000 11,400 11,000	1.98 2.62 2.56 2.77 2.77 3.06	5,133 21,000 24,000 25,000 32,000 34,000	11111	15.94 12.00 10.70 8.25 11.41 9.31	82,000 252,000 256,000 206,000 365,000 317,000				
Average1	910-14	8,000	2.62	21,000	-	11.05	232,000				
British Columbia- Fall wheat	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	4,369 6,599 6,000 6,000 5,500 6,000 5,700	bush. 28.55 29.81 33.00 33.14 31.82 33.44 30.35	bush. 96,197 197,000 198,000 199,000 175,000 200,600	61.00 58.50 59.25 60.00 60.46 59.68	per bush. 0.91 0.97 1.03 1.01 1.22 0.91 1.04	88,000 191,000 204,000 201,000 214,000 182,500				

Crops.		Area.	Yield per acre.	Tot Yiel		Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
British Columbia	a—con.	acres.	bush.	bus	h.	lb.	\$	\$ 10 M
Spring wheat.		5,133			9,873		1.23	
	1911	7,108	26.73	19	0,000	57.20	1.01	192,000
	1912 1913	6,700 7,000	30.33 26.67	19	3,000 7,000	60.25	$0.93 \\ 0.99$	188,000 185,000
	1913	7,000	27.77		4,000		1.23	239,000
	1915	10,000	32.43		4,400		0.96	311,400
AUTHER	1010 14	0,000	00.00	15	7 000	FO 00	1 00	
Average	. 1910–14	6,600	26.82	17	7,000	59.23	1.06	188,000
All wheat	1910	9,492	21.70	20	6,070	-	1.08	223,000
	1911	13,707	28.23	38	7,000	59.13	0.99	383,000
	1912	12,700	31.57	40	1,000	59.39	0.98	392,000
	1913	13,000	29.69	38	6,000	59.61	$\frac{1.00}{1.23}$	386,000
	1914 1915	12,500	29.52 32.80		9,000		0.94	453,000 493,900
	1910	16,000	04.00	04	5,000	09.02	0.31	490,900
Average	1910-14	12,300	28.46	35	0,000	59.46	1.05	367,000
Oats	1910	33,209	51.24	1.70	1,533		0.59	1,004,000
O table	1911	45,299	52.50	2,37	8,000	35.46	0.57	1,355,000
	1912	45,000	56.00	2,50	7,000	35.00	0.51	1,278,000
	1913	48,500	55.50	2,69	2,000	40.83	0.58	1,561,000
	1914	56,700	55.93		1,000	35.63	0.62	1,966,000
	1915	71,000	61.84	4,39	0,600	36.28	0.49	2,151,400
Average	1910–14	46,000	54.13	2,49	0,000	36.73	0.58	1,433,000
Barley	1910	1,853	27.79	5	1,509	-	0.83	43,000
	1911	2,783	41.66	11	6,000	50.50	0.70	81,000
	1912	2,600	45.33	11	7,000	48.00	0.64	75,000
	1913	2,500	35.25	8	8,000	48.00	0.68	60,000
	1914	2,600	37.29	10	7,000	48.83	$0.92 \\ 0.64$	89,000 68,400
	1915	2,650	40.36	10	6,900	AN ALL	0.04	00,400
Average	1910-14	2,500	37.60	9	4,000	48.83	0.74	70,000
Peas	1910	1,572	27.97		3,979	-	0.99	44,000
The second	1911	1,489	30.25	4.	5,000	62.50	1.40	63,000
	1912	1,400	30.66		3,000	62.50	1.38	59,000
	1913	1,300	26.67		5,000	63.00	$\frac{1.50}{1.45}$	53,000 59,000
	1914 1915	1,350 1,300	$\frac{30.00}{29.75}$		1,000 8,700	60.00	1.24	48,000
Average		1,500	27.73		1,600	62.00	1.35	56,000
							4000	
Mixed grains		526	24.33		2,802	75 -	0.84	11,000
	1911 1912	2,248 2,500	30.00		7,000 8,000	_	$0.70 \\ 0.65$	47,000 57,000
	1912	2,500 $2,500$	$35.00 \\ 62.00$		5,000		0.35	54,000
	1914	2,400	56.67		6,000	48.00	1.03	140,000
	1915	2,600	40.00		4,000	-	0.50	52,000
Average	1910-14	2,050	44.88	95	2,000	48.00	0.67	61,800

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas-ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.					
British Columbia—con.	British Columbia—con. acres.		bush.	lb.	\$	\$					
Potatoes	10,872 14,974 17,000 15,000 14,700 16,000	182.00	1,631,211 3,778,000 3,995,000 3,110,000 2,675,000 3,956,000	111111	0.74 0.66 0.49 0.66 0.78 0.45	1,148,000 2,493,000 1,958,000 2,053,000 2,087,000 1,780,000					
Average1910-14	14,500	209.52	3,038,000	-	0.64	1,948,000					
Turnips, mangolds, etc	2,239 3,400 3,200 3,400 3,500 3,800	506.65 415.90 584.35 431.00	984,494 1,723,000 1,351,000 1,987,000 1,509,000 1,731,000	-	0.29 0.60 0.53 0.60 0.53 0.39	1,034,000 716,000 1,192,000 800,000					
Average1910-14	3,150	479.68	1,511,000		0.53	805,000					
Hay and clover1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	133,317 136,134 139,000 145,000 158,000 167,000	tons. 1.56 2.27 2.28 2.11 2.23 2.34	tons. 208,499 309,000 317,000 306,000 352,000 391,000		per ton. 18.34 18.00 17.45 17.00 15.54 14.57	3,825,000 5,562,000 5,540,000 5,202,000 5,470,000 5,697,000					
Average1910-14	142,300	2.10	298,500	-	17.15	5,120,000					
Fodder corn1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	355 429 400 400 390 430	7.70 7.69 7.50 7.50 8.00 12.62	2,736 3,300 3,000 3,000 3,000 5,400		6.46 7.50 9.00 12.00 6.00 4.00	25,000 27,000 36,000 18,000					
Average1910-14	400	7.50	3,000	-	8.33	25,000					
Alfalfa	8,500 12,100	3.33 3.52	28,000 31,000 28,000 43,000	11111	13.58 14.00 17.00 14.66 13.60 14.84	434,000 481,000 454,000 381,000 638,000					
Average1910-14	6,300	4.13	26,000		15.39	400,000					

2.—Comparative Areas and Yields of Wheat, Oats, Barley and Flaxseed in the Northwest Provinces, 1911-1915.

AREAS.

Provinces.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	Average for the five yrs. 1910-1914.
N.W. Provinces—	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
Wheat. Oats. Barley Flax.	9,991,281 4,861,563 886,225 868,936	10,011,000 5,365,000 960,000 2,012,000	10,036,000 5,792,000 1,025,000 1,545,000	9,335,400 5,353,000 936,000 1,078,000	11,744,700 6,290,000 962,000 801,000	5,050,000 895,000
Manitoba-						
Wheat. Oats. Barley. Flax.	3,094,833 1,307,434 448,105 79,765	2,839,000 1,348,000 481,000 100,000	2,804,000 1,398,000 496,000 54,000	2,616,000 1,331,000 468,000 40,000	3,342,900 1,441,000 490,000 34,000	1,319,000 462,000
Saskatchewan—						
Wheat. Oats. Barley. Flax.	5,256,474 2,332,912 273,988 682,000	5,582,000 2,556,000 292,000 1,780,000	5,720,000 2,755,000 332,000 1,386,000	5,348,300 2,520,000 290,000 958,000	6,838,100 2,937,000 287,000 697,000	2,410,000 264,000
Alberta-			1 - 1			
Wheat Oats. Barley. Flax	1,639,974 1,221,217 164,132 107,171	1,590,000 1,461,000 187,000 132,000	1,512,000 1,639,000 197,000 105,000	1,371,100 1,502,000 178,000 80,000	1,563,700 1,912,000 185,000 70,000	1,321,000 170,000

YIELDS.

	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
N.W. Provinces—						
Wheat. Oats. Barley. Flax.	208,366,000 176,292,000 27,966,000 9,938,500	204,280,000 242,321,000 31,600,000 25,978,000	209,262,000 242,413,000 31,060,000 17,366,000	140,958,000 150,843,000 19,535,000 7,083,000	35,317,200	24,442,000
Manitoba-						
Wheat. Oats. Barley Flax.	62,689,000 60,037,000 14,949,000 1,152,000	63,017,000 57,154,000 15,826,000 1,252,000		38,605,000 31,951,000 9,828,000 338,000		47,256,000
Saskatchewan-			NATE E	E EXEN		
Wheat Oats. Barley Flax.	109,075,000 107,594,000 8,661,000 7,672,500	106,960,000 117,537,000 9,595,000 23,033,000		73,494,000 61,816,000 4,901,000 6,131,000	10,570,200	91,996,000
Alberta—		The state of	E/- 188			
Wheat. Oats. Barley. Flax.	59,034,000	34,303,000 67,630,000 6,179,000 1,693,000		28,859,000 57,076,000 4,806,000 614,000	6,984,000	54,276,000 4,831,000

Total Areas and Values of Field Crops in Canada, 1911-1915. AREAS.

Provinces.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
Canada	34,545,672	35,575,550	35,375,430	33,436,675	37,063,45
P. E. Island	477,035 709,703	462,880 700,160	456,970 711,630	461,510 693,860	481,98
New Brunswick	978,530	931,990	906,130	904.055	727,26 893,94
Quebec	5,375,066	5.010,400	4,898,800	4,863,850	4.901.76
Ontario	9,648,909	9,349,000	9,200,000	8,973,700	9,391,50
Manitoba	5,134,087	4,971,400	4,965,500	4,671,790	5,529,55
Saskatchewan	8,644,102	10,315,800	10,307,600	9,238,000	10,877,65
Alberta	3,351,745	3,603,060	3,690,100	3,369,270	3,966,93
British Columbia	226,495	230,860	238,700	260,640	292,88

VALUES.

	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canada	597,926,000	557,344,100	552,771,500	638,580,300	797,669,500
P. E. Island Nova Scotia	9,099,300 17,174,500	9,456,000 19,420,000	9,535,500	11,544,000 21,969,700	10,932,700 19,556,700
New BrunswickQuebec.	17,695,200 106,248,000	17,295,700 69,901,000		20,045,100 99,279,000	20,096,400 104,683,000
Ontario	195,764,000	198,715,000	167,835,000	196,220,000	207,043,500
Manitoba. Saskatchewan	76,548,000 115,426,000	71,647,000	64,557,000	65,528,400 152,751,500	119,447,000 224,875,300
Alberta	48,475,000	44,503,400 10,593,000		59,779,600 11,463,000	79,409,200
British Columbia.	11,496,000	10,093,000	11,009,000	11,403,000	11,020,700

Note.—In 1914 the total areas estimated to be sown to field crops amounted to 35,102,175 acres; but the productive surface in the Northwest provinces was reduced by the following areas of crops which failed in consequence of the drought: Wheat 728,100 acres, oats 753,000 acres, barley 102,000 acres, flax 79,000 acres and sugar beets 2,000 acres in Alberta, and 1,400 acres in Ontario.

Farm Live Stock.—Table 4 gives the numbers of each description of farm live stock (horses, cattle, sheep and swine) for the years 1911 to 1915. For 1911, the numbers are as recorded by the Census after compilation of returns collected from every occupier on June 1. For the other years the figures are compiled from the returns on June 30 by selected correspondents of estimated percentage increases or decreases as compared with the previous year.

Values of Farm Live Stock and of Wool.—Table 5 shows the average values per head of farm animals, as estimated from the reports of correspondents of the Census and Statistics Office for the year 1915, as compared with the years 1908, 1909, 1910 and 1914. Horses and cattle other than milch cows are divided according to age, and the unit value for swine is 100 lb. live weight. The table gives also an estimate of the value per lb. of unwashed and washed wool. The value of horses is somewhat less than that of 1914; but the prices of cattle showed an increase, especially for milch cows. Swine were appreciably dearer, except in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, where they were about the same as in 1914. Sheep too rose in price, and there was a notable increase in the value of wool, the average for Canada being 28 cents per lb. for unwashed and 38 cents per lb. for washed wool, as compared with 19 and 26 cents respectively in 1914. Table 6 shows the numbers

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4.—Numbers of Farm Live Stock by Provinces, 1911-1915.

		1010			
Live Stock.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Canada—	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Horses	2,595,912	2,692,357	2,866,008	2,947,738	2,996,099
Milch cows	2,594,179	2,604,488	2,740,434	2,673,286	2,666,846
Other cattle	3,939,257	2,604,488 3,827,373	3,915,687	3,363,531	3,399,155
Sheep	2,175,302	2,082,381	2,128,531	2,058,045	2,038,662
	3,610,428	3,477,310	3,448,326		
SwinePrince Edward Island—	3,010,420	0,411,010	3,440,320	3,434,261	3,111,900
	25 025	25 620	25.059	26 114	20 000
Horses	35,935	35,638	35,952	36,114	36,898
Milch cows	52,109	49,415	48,565	47,317	47,043
Other cattle	68,287	64,688	64,261	61,048	59,503
Sheep	91,232	87,793	85,660	85,351	86,640
Swine	56,377	50,463	43,762	41,718	40,792
Nova Scotia—	01 0 2 2	04 808	00 880	00 504	20 011
Horses	61,355	61,735	62,550	62,581 128,237	63,244
Milch cows	129,302	130,104	130,468	128,237	128,814
Other cattle	158,122	156,051	153,726	148,269	144,458
Sheep	220,907	216,135	217,734	211,921	205,542
Swine	63,322	61,194	56,580	53,892	53,402
New Brunswick—			ne di	A THE STATE OF	
Horses	65,458	65,582	65,108	65,702	65,827
Milch cows	108,532	110,507	106,904	102,713	101,665
Other cattle	113,659	113,136	107,864	99,256	96,437
Sheep	158,216	148,723	135,115	211,739	111,026
Swine	87,391	85,905	77,014	73,325	72,533
Quebec-					
Horses	369,237	367,402	369,974	372,009	372,567
Milch cows	753,134	755,770	761,816	733,476	720,420
Other cattle	697,860	695,906	693,540	625,958	612,500
Sheep	637,062	620,881	602,751	625,958 571,287	554,491
Swine	793,348	747,254	661,768	634,569	632,729
Ontario—	100,010	111,201	001,100	001,000	002,120
Horses	811,585	805,271	902,628	904,975	903,527
Milch cows.	1,032,979	1,033,392	1,141,071	1,085,843	1,077,808
Other cattle	1,471,694	1,380,890	1,460,015	970,445	935,606
Shoop	743,483	677,462	705,848	640,416	611,789
Sheep	1,864,165	1,693,594	1,652,440	1,553,624	1,469,573
Swine	1,004,100	1,000,004	1,002,710	1,000,024	1,100,010
Manitoba—	200 274	293,776	304,088	316,707	317,847
Horses	280,374				
Milch cows	155,337	148,471	152,792	156,306	157,494
Other cattle	279,776	267,130	256,926	251,996	246,603
Sheep	37,322	40,800	42,840	45,303	50,880
Swine	188,416	183,370	184,745	186,276	163,308
Saskatchewan—	507 400	EET CAP	500 000	600 501	620 060
Horses	507,400	551,645	580,386	609,521	630,062
Milch cows	181,146	184,896	194,843	204,624	211,684
Other cattle	452,466	461,244	468,255	474,436	543,609
Sheep	114,216	114,810	115,568	126,027	133,311
Swine	286,295	344,298	386,784	454,703	411,324
Alberta—	100 100		404.000	710 404	F 4 4 FFO
Horses	407,153	451,573	484,809	519,424	544,772
Milch cows	147,687	157,922 587,307	168,376	179,068	183,974
Other cattle	592,163	587,307	610,917	633,032	660,000
Sheep	133,592	135,075	178,015	211,001	238,579
Swine	237,510	278,747	350,692	397,123	229,696
British Columbia—	The state of the			Total Control of	
Horses	57,415	59,735	60,518	60,705	61,355
Milch cows	33,953	34,011	35,599	35,702	37,944
Other cattle	105,230	101,021	100,183	99,091	100,439
Sheep	39,272	40,702	45,000	45,000	46,404
Swine	33,604	32,485	34,541	39,031	38,543
	At the second				Control of the

5.—Average Values of Farm Animals and of Wool, as estimated by Correspondents, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1914 and 1915.

		Horses.		(Upi	Other	horned	cattle			Wool	per lb.
Provinces.	Under l year	year to under 3 years	3 years and over	Milch	Under 1 year	year to under 3 years	3 years and over	Swine per 100 lb. weight	Sheep	Un- washed	Washed
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Canada1908 1909 1910 1914 1915	46 49 54 55 54	100 106 119 114 111	143 150 171 165 160	34 36 42 57 62	9 10 12 16 17	21 23 26 37 38	32 33 39 54 55	5.86 7.90 7.85 7.24 8.58	5.23 5.89 6.30 7.07 7.13	0.18 0.17 0.18 0.19 0.28	0.24 0.24 0.24 0.26 0.38
P.E. Island1908 1909 1910 1914 1915	37 34 44 46 42	75 87 102 95 92	119 126 140 143 136	29 31 32 39 42	8 8 8 11 11	17 19 19 23 25	27 28 28 35 37	5.69 7.33 6.70 7.14 8:02	4.46 4.55 5.82 6.05 6.97	0.19 0.16 0.17 0.21 0.32	0.22 0.24 0.27 0.40
Nova Scotia 1908 1909 1910 1914 1915	35 40 46 53 53	76 90 95 116 108	112 133 145 166 167	30 33 37 40 45	7 9 9 10 11	20 23 24 25 28	32 37 40 42 44	5.87 7.26 7.25 7.75 7.94	3.81 4.13 4.48 4.70 5.28	0.20 0.19 0.20 0.21 0.31	0.24 0.25 0.26 0.40
N. Brunswick1908 1909 1910 1914 1915	40 50 54	96 90 112 123 127	140 137 157 183 182	29 29 33 40 40	7 8 8 11 11	18 18 19 24 25	26 28 31 39 37	5.58 7.36 7.05 8.16 8.17	3.86 4.22 4.60 4.63 5.25	0.19 0.18 0.18 0.22 0.30	0.24 0.23 0.28 0.40
Quebec	41 41 46 49	97 98 103 107 104	140 145 155 164 159	32 33 39 47 51	8 8 9 11 12	17 19 21 27 28	26 29 32 41 42	6.72 9.62 8.78 8.91 9.81	4.97 5.47 5.72 6.60 7.48	0.25 0.21 0.21 0.23 0.33	0.29 0.29 0.30 0.43
Ontario	49 53 60 54	103 110 127 111 102	141 144 174 152 142	36 40 48 64 70	11 12 14 20 20	24 26 31 43 45	36 38 46 62 64	5.91 7.33 7.30 7.74 8.90	5.91 6.63 7.00 8.70 10.03	0.15 0.14 0.14 0.19 0.26	0.20 0.20 0.20 0.25 0.33
Manitoba1908 1908 1910 1914 1918	63 68 61	125 132 146 126 124	176 187 207 176 178	32 34 40 62 65	9 10 11 17 18	20 21 24 38 41	30 30 36 56 60	5.06 7.00 6.50 6.28 7.75	5.83 7.08 6.50 8.76 8.56	0.11 0.09 0.10 0.14 0.21	0.14 0.13 0.18 0.29
Saskatchewan 1908 1908 1910 1914 1911	56 50 63	117 123 137 133 132	170 180 200 187 150	37 38 41 66 69	10 11 12 18 20	23 25 27 41 44	37 40 40 61 62	4.84 6.86 7.50 5.74 8.26	5.09 7.01 7.00 7.08 7.97	0.10 0.10 0.09 0.15 0.20	0.13 0.14 0.20 0.24
Alberta1908 1900 1910 1911 1911	47 51 4 45	78 97 108 91 97	118 150 164 137 142	34 35 39 66 69	11 11 12 21 22	22 23 25 42 45	33 33 38 61 64	5.31 7.20 7.60 5.99 7.70	5.82 6.80 6.30 6.96 7.57	0.11 0.12 0.11 0.14 0.23	0.18 0.18 0.18 0.25
British Columbia1908 1908 1918 1914 1917	9 44 0 63 4 46	99 111 144 93 93	150 165 225 162 136	48 51 57 89 91	12 12 13 22 21	25 26 28 48 48	37 38 43 73 67	6.53 7.50 - 8.00 9.09	5.95 6.72 - 8.33 7.86	0.08 0.10 0.10 0.15 0.19	0.15 0.15 0.16 0.20

6.—Numbers in June and Values in December of Farm Live Stock in Canada, as estimated by Correspondents, 1914 and 1915.

Farm animals.	1914.	1915.	1914.	1915.	1914.	1915.
	No.	No.	\$ per head.	\$ per head.	\$	\$
Canada— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	2,947,738	2,996,099	126.00	123.62	371,430,363	370,378,482
	2,673,286	2,666,846	57.47	61.57	153,632,637	164,223,592
	3,363,531	3,399,155	42.66	44.56	143,498,156	151,477,474
	2,058,045	2,038,662	7.07	7.96	14,550,710	16,224,667
	3,434,261	3,111,900	12.35	15.54	42,418,325	48,363,346
Prince Edward Island— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	36,114	36,898	111.14	106.27	4,013,710	3,921,150
	47,317	47,043	39.09	41.56	1,849,622	1,955,107
	61,048	59,503	25.48	27.44	1,555,503	1,516,136
	85,351	86,640	6.05	6.97	516,374	603,881
	41,718	40,792	14.74	12.44	614,923	507,452
Nova Sotia— Horses Milch cows. Other cattle Sheep Swine.	62,581	63,244	121.35	120.36	7,594,204	7,612,048
	128,237	128,814	39.98	44.51	5,126,915	5,733,511
	148,269	144,458	28.93	31.95	4,289,422	4,615,433
	211,921	205,542	4.70	5.28	998,029	1,085,262
	53,892	53,402	15.77	17.97	849,877	959,634
New Brunswick— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	65,702	65,827	137.90	136.39	9,060,306	8,978,145
	102,713	101,665	40.00	39.96	4,108,520	4,062,533
	99,256	96,437	26.75	27.92	2,655,098	2,692,521
	121,739	111,026	4.63	5.25	563,652	582,887
	73,325	72,533	17.73	17.49	1,300,052	1,268,602
Quebec— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	372,009	372,567	134.69	133.63	50,105,892	49,786,128
	733,476	720,420	47.10	50.74	34,546,720	36,554,111
	625,958	612,500	39.60	40.26	24,787,937	24,659,250
	571,287	554,491	6.60	7.48	3,770,494	4,147,593
	634,569	632,729	14.32	14.52	9,087,028	9,187,225
Ontario— Horsee. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	904,975	903,527	116.46	107.75	105,393,389	97,355,034
	1,085,843	1,077,808	64.28	69.55	69,797,988	74,961,546
	970,445	935,606	45.30	47.26	43,961,159	44,216,740
	640,416	611,789	8.70	10.03	5,571,619	6,136,244
	1,553,624	1,469,573	12.62	14.12	19,606,735	20,750,371
Manitoba— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	316,707	317,847	131.46	133.16	41,634,302	42,324,507
	156,306	157,494	61.90	65.12	9,675,341	10,256,009
	251,996	246,603	41.15	43.89	10,369,635	10,823,406
	45,303	50,880	8.76	8.56	396,854	435,533
	186,276	163,308	10.92	14.38	2,034,134	2,348,369
Saskatchewan— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	609,521	630,062	147.70	146.79	90,026,252	92,486,801
	204,624	211,684	65.84	69.14	13,472,444	14,635,832
	474,436	543,609	44.27	47.39	21,003,282	25,761,631
	126,027	133,311	7.08	7.97	892,271	1,062,489
	454,703	411,324	9.67	23.97	4,396,978	9,859,436
Alberta— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	519,424	544,772	108.49	113.21	56,352,310	61,673,638
	179,068	183,974	66.38	68.64	11,886,534	12,627,975
	633,032	660,000	45.78	48.81	28,980,205	32,214,600
	211,001	238,579	6.96	7.57	1,468,567	1,806,043
	397,123	229,696	10.23	12.65	4,062,568	2,905,654
British Columbia— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep Swine.	60,705	61,355	119.43	101.72	7,249,998	6,241,031
	35,702	37,944	88.75	90.58	3,168,553	3,436,968
	99,091	100,439	59.50	49.56	5,895,915	4,977,757
	45,000	46,404	8.33	7.86	374,850	364,735
	39,031	38,543	11.94	14.96	466,030	576,603

[Continued from page 171]

in June and the values in December of farm live stock in 1914 and 1915. The figures are arrived at by multiplication of the numbers, as estimated in June, by the average values per head as calculated from the returns at the end of January. They have not the exactitude of census returns, and can only be regarded as approximate.

Values of Farm Land.—Table 7 shows the average values per acre of occupied farm lands in Canada, as estimated by correspondents in each of years 1908, 1909, 1910, 1914 and 1915. For the whole of Canada the average value of farm land held for agricultural purposes, whether improved or unimproved, and including the value of dwelling houses, farms, stables and other farm buildings, was approximately \$39 per acre. In 1914 the average value was returned as \$38.41. By provinces the averages per acre range from \$22.48 in New Brunswick to about \$125 in British Columbia, the values for the other provinces being as follows: Prince Edward Island, \$37.64; Nova Scotia, \$28; Quebec, \$51.36; Ontario, \$52.49; Manitoba, \$30.36; Saskatchewan, \$24.20 and Alberta, \$23.15. In British Columbia the higher average is due to orcharding and fruit growing.

 Average Values per acre of Occupied Farm Lands in Canada, as estimated by Correspondents, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1914 and 1915.

0011055011401105, 2000											
Provinces.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1914.	1915.						
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$						
Canada. Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta. British Columbia.	35.70 33.70 25.00 21.40 41.90 47.30 20.40 18.20 76.10	38.60 32.07 30.50 23.77 43.37 50.22 28.94 21.54 20.46 73.44	38.45 31.24 24.72 18.50 42.50 48.00 28.67 22.00 24.00 74.00	38.41 38.65 27.99 25.61 47.00 54.45 31.67 23.82 21.03 150.00	39.70 37.64 28.00 22.48 51.36 52.49 30.36 24.20 23.15 125.00						

Wages of Farm Help in Canada.—The wages paid for farm labour in 1914 fell to a lower point than in any recent year. The causes for this decrease were the small crops of 1914, for the gathering of which fewer hands were required, the release of other labourers on the outbreak of the war and the increased cost of board. In 1915, owing to the abundant harvest and the effects of recruiting for the army, there was some reaction, and the average wages paid were more than in 1914 if not quite equal to those paid in 1910, the date of the previous inquiry. As shown by Table 8, for the Dominion the average wages per month during the summer, including board, were \$37.10 for male and \$20.20 for female help, as compared with \$35.55 and \$18.81 in 1914. For the year 1915, including board, the average wages were \$341 for males and \$200 for females, as compared with \$323.30 and \$189.35 in 1914. The average value of board per month works out to \$14.57 for males and \$11.45 for females, the corresponding figures of 1914 being \$14.27

and \$11.24. Average wages per month were lowest in Prince Edward Island, viz., \$26.67 for males and \$14.59 for females; in Nova Scotia the averages were \$32.95 and \$15.85; in New Brunswick \$33.73 and \$16.11; in Quebec \$33.08 and \$16.44; in Ontario \$31.09 and \$17.12; in Manitoba \$45.18 and \$27.29; in Saskatchewan \$42.22 and \$23.81; in Alberta \$44.02 and \$24.25 and in British Columbia \$49.37 and \$31.21.

8.—Average Wages of Farm Help in Canada as estimated by Correspondents, 1909, 1910, 1914 and 1915.

Provinces.		summer	onth in season, g board.	Per ; includin	year, g board.	Average value of board per month.		
		males.	females.	males.	females.	males.	females.	
Canada	. 1909 1910 1914 1915	\$ c. 33.69 35.15 35.55 37.10	\$ c. 19.08 20.70 18.81 20.20	\$ c. 336.29 347.70 323.30 341.00	\$ c. 206.08 209.69 189.35 200.00	\$ c. 10.00 12.49 14.27 14.57	\$ c. 8.00 9.56 11.24 11.45	
P. E. Island	.1909	25.27	13.87	226.47	144.27	8.00	6.00	
	1910	26.60	15.00	244.89	149.25	10.15	7.60	
	1914	24.71	13.48	220.93	135.89	10.12	7.62	
	1915	26.67	14.59	237.52	136.80	10.28	9.44	
Nova Scotia	. 1909	31.20	15.00	310.85	165.13	10.00	7.00	
	1910	33.70	16.90	321.30	175.60	11.50	7.90	
	1914	31.20	14.80	301.00	155.47	11.48	8.11	
	1915	32.95	15.85	309.78	168.81	11.66	8.36	
New Brunswick	.1909	32.59	16.02	239.55	172.13	10.00	8.00	
	1910	33.90	16.70	289.40	151.65	11.25	7.50	
	1914	31.93	15.10	301.55	164.79	11.23	7.76	
	1915	33.73	16.11	307.96	153.44	14.17	8.48	
Quebec	.1909	33.33	16.75	330.97	176.89	10.00	8.00	
	1910	36.40	18.98	313.41	177.94	11.56	8.00	
	1914	33.56	15.65	296.35	152.38	13.29	9.37	
	1915	33.08	16.44	301.00	159.00	13.37	9.60	
Ontario	. 1909	31.52	18.22	331.56	203.37	10.00	8.00	
	1910	31.40	20.10	335.84	211.10	12.00	9.60	
	1914	32.09	16.67	297.29	172.00	13.09	10.43	
	1915	31.09	17.12	304.00	179.00	13.30	10.58	
Manitoba	.1909	35.95	23.97	365.55	261.84	11.00	9.00	
	1910	40.00	25.00	400.00	282.00	14.70	11.30	
	1914	39.13	22.35	364.41	225.61	15.49	12.98	
	1915	45.18	27.29	390.47	244.79	15.21	12.75	
Saskatchewan	. 1909 1910 1914 1915	38.30 40.00 40.51 42.22	24.23 24.50 22.96 23.81	389.90 402.50 365.90 386.06	263.86 263.60 234.93 240.90	16.00 14.00 16.50 16.78	10.00 13.00 13.96 13.97	
Alberta	.1909	40.08	26.16	421.62	285.12	15.00	12.00	
	1910	40.00	27.50	416.00	300.00	16.70	13.90	
	1914	40.26	23.63	364.80	236.32	16.36	13.91	
	1915	44.02	24.25	404.00	253.00	16.94	14.17	
British Columbia	.1909	45.50	25.27	428.33	265.00	15.00	10.00	
	1910	57.40	38.00	-	-	20.00	17.00	
	1914	47.85	31.18	459.72	324.44	21.40	17.58	
	1915	49.37	31.21	463.04	286.68	19.15	16.00	

Dairy Products.—Measurement of the progress of dairying in Canada is possible by comparing the results of the census of dairy industries taken in 1911 with those of the previous census of 1900 and of the postal census of dairy products taken in 1907. This is done in Table 9, which shows by provinces the number of factories and creameries and the quantity and value of cheese and butter produced for each of the years 1900, 1907 and 1910. But the figures in this table relate only to the production of factories and creameries and do not include butter and cheese made on the farm. The production of home-made butter and cheese in Canada in the census years 1870 to 1910 is shown in Table 10. For 1900 there is no record of the quantities of home-made cheese, and the values of dairy products for that year, totalling \$66,470,953 and including milk and cream sold to factories and cheese and butter, were not separately distinguished. By adding together the quantities and values of the factory and home-made butter we get a total butter production in Canada for 1910 of 201,808,365 lb. (homemade butter 137,110,200 lb. and factory butter 64,698,165 lb.), as compared with 141,409,815 lb. in 1900 (home-made butter 105,343,076) lb. and factory butter 36,066,739 lb.), with a value in 1910 of \$45,915,342 (home-made butter \$30,269,497 and factory butter \$15,645,845). increase in quantity is at the rate of 42.71 p.c. Of cheese the total production in 1910 was 201,275,297 lb. (factory cheese 199,904,205 lb. and home-made cheese 1,371,092 lb.), the value being \$21,741,212 (factory cheese \$21,587,124 and home-made cheese \$154,088).

9.—Cheese and Butter Production in Canada, 1900, 1907 and 1910.

Provinces.	Factories and Cream- eries.	Chee	ese.	Butter.		
Prince Edward Island 1900 1907 1910	43	Lb. 4,457,719 2,250,316 3,293,755	\$ 449,400 251,410 354,378	Lb. 562,220 358,422 670,908	\$ 118,402 89,339 156,478	
Nova Scotia	.13	568,147 181,956 264,243	58,321 22,066 29,977	334,211 198,238 354,785	68,686 49,047 88,481	
New Brunswick1900 1907 1910	53	1,892,686 1,205,773 1,166,243	187,106 146,720 129,677	287,814 969,167 849,633	58,589 231,102 212,205	
Quebec	2,074		7,957,621 7,888,109 6,195,254		4,916,756 7,256,629 9,961,732	
Ontario	1,209	131,967,612 129,693,010 136,093,951	13,440,987 15,106,030 14,769,566	7,559,542 8,862,618 14,085,655	1,527,935 2,120,457 3,379,063	
Manitoba	51	1,289,413 1,266,591 694,713	124,025 144,836 81,403	1,561,398	292,247 388,427 511,972	
Saskatchewan 1900 1907 1910	7	15,000 26,730	1,950 3,396		70,037 36,599 381,809	

9.—Cheese and Butter Production in Canada, 1900, 1907 and 1910-con.

Provinces.		Factories and Cream- eries.	Chec	ese.	Butter.		
Alberta	.1900 1907 1910	No. 18 53 56	Lb. 27,693 197,911 193,479	24,468		\$ 82,630 362,782 533,422	
British Columbia	. 1900 1907 1910	8 12 8	90,400	12,050	395,808 1,283,797 1,206,202	105,690 414,680 420,683	
Totals for Canada	.1900 1907 1910		220,833,269 204,788,583 199,904,205	23,597,639	45,930,294		

10.—Production of Home-made Butter and Cheese in Canada, 1870, 1880, 1890, 1900 and 1910.

Provinces.	187	0.	1880).	1890.					
	Butter, home- made.	Cheese, home- made.	Butter, home- made.	Cheese, home- made.	Butter, home- made.	Cheese, home- made.				
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba. British Columbia The Territories	Lb 7,161,867 5,115,947 24,289,127 37,623,643	Lb 884,853 154,758 512,435 3,432,797	Lb. 1,688,690 7,465,285 6,527,176 30,630,397 54,862,365 957,152 343,387 70,717	501,655 172,144 559,278 1,701,721 19,613 33,252	7,798,268 30,113,226 55,564,496 4,830,368 393,089	589,363 39,716 4,260,941 1,065,737 116,002 373				
Total	74,190,584	4,984,843	102,545,169	3,184,996	111,577,210	6,267,203				

	1900.	1910.			
Provinces.	Butter, home- made.	Butter, home-made.		Cheese, home-made.	
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	55,378,568 8,676,661 2,271,455	10,978,911 9,053,394 19,585,981 63,253,444 10,937,864 12,053,201 7,689,432	2,263,879 1,900,551 4,352,299 13,743,254 2,571,053 2,749,637 1,826,280	Lb. 9,422 199,250 3,567 358,625 295,886 327,525 27,730 141,604 7,483	\$ 1,070 18,317 375 41,794 35,956 33,364 3,454 18,860 898
Total	105,343,076	137,110,200	30,269,497	1,371,092	154,088

Condensed Milk.—In 1900 there were four condensed milk factories: two in Nova Scotia, one in Ontario and one in Prince Edward Island. The value of their products was \$269,520. In 1907 there were seven of these factories, the three additional establishments being situated, one in Ontario and two in Quebec. These produced 10,334,485 lb. of condensed and evaporated milk and 1,841,650 lb. of condensed cream, the total value of the products being \$910,842. Table 11 shows by provinces for the year 1910 the number of condensed milk factories and the quantity and value of the products. The value of condensed milk, etc., was thus \$1,814,871 in 1910, as compared with \$269,520 in 1900.

The total value of factory cheese, butter and condensed milk was \$39,047,840 in 1910, as compared with \$29,731,922 in 1900, which is an increase in the decade of 31.33 p.c. The average selling price of cheese in 1910 was 10.80 cents, as compared with 10.06 cents in 1900, and

of butter 24.18 cents, as compared with 20.08 cents.

11.—Quantity and Value of Condensed Milk Products by Provinces, 1910.

Provinces.	Fac- tories.	Quantity.	Value.	Provinces.	Fac- tories.	Quantity.	Value.
Prince Ed- ward Island		Lb. 794,070	\$ 50,900 ¹	Ontario British	No.	Lb. 21,552,780	\$ 1,335,689
Nova Scotia. Quebec	2	2,020,200 2,464,546	133,956	Columbia	1	1,000,000	
				Total	11	27,831,596	1,814,871

¹Including \$900 value of other products.

Cold Storage of Perishable Products.—Under the Cold Storage Act, 1907 (6-7 Edw. VII, c. 6), subsidies are granted by the Dominion Government towards the construction and equipment of cold storage warehouses open to the public, the Act and regulations made thereunder being administered by the Department of Agriculture. Table 12 gives a list of the cold storage warehouses in Canada, with refrigerated space amounting to 24,309,372 cubic feet, of which 4,553,507 cubic feet apply to warehouses subsidized under the Act.

12.—Cold Storage Warehouses in Canada, 1916.

(A) SUBSIDIZED PUBLIC WAREHOUSES.

Name.	Place.	Refrigerated Space.	Principal Articles Stored.
Prince Edward Island— Island Cold Storage Co.	Charlottetown	Cubic Feet.	General.
Nova Scotia— Lockport Cold Storage CoNorth Atlantic Fisheries	Lockport Port Hawkesbury	59,940 338,550	Fish and General.

¹See Canada Year Book, 1907, pp. xvi-xvii, and Bulletin 23, March, 1910, of Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner's Series, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

12.—Cold Storage Warehouses in Canada, 1916—con.

(A) Subsidized Public Warehouses—con.

Place.	Refrigerated Space.	Principal Articles Stored.
	Cubic Feet.	
Woodstock St. John	37,161 744,000	General.
QuebecJoliette	225,000 23,394	General. General.
Sault Ste. Marie	55,806	General.
Brantford	36,000	General.
Chatham	50,000 131,510 57,069 66,000	Fruit and General. General. General General.
Chatham	144,400	Meatand General.
Palmerston Peterborough	169,984 90,000	General. General.
Brockville	106,000	General.
St. Thomas St. Mary's	174,141 105,000	Meatand General. General.
Trenton Mitchell	166,446 30,6000	Fruit. General.
Morrisburg, Ont Windsór	45,000 67,300	General Storage. General Storage.
Brandon	27,500	General.
Regina	100,672	General.
Moosejaw	189,764	General.
Vonda	24,000	General.
	Woodstock St. John Quebec Joliette Sault Ste. Marie Brantford Chatham Lindsay Harriston Owen Sound Chatham Palmerston Peterborough Brockville St. Thomas St. Mary's Trenton Mitchell Morrisburg, Ont Windsor Brandon Regina Moosejaw	Place. Space. Cubic Feet. Woodstock. 37,161 St. John. 744,000 Quebec. 225,000 Joliette. 23,394 Sault Ste. Marie. 55,806 Brantford. 36,000 Chatham 50,000 Lindsay. 131,510 Harriston. 57,069 Owen Sound. 66,000 Chatham. 144,400 Palmerston. 169,984 Peterborough. 90,000 Brockville. 106,000 St. Thomas. 174,141 St. Mary's. 105,000 Trenton. 166,446 Mitchell. 30,6000 Morrisburg, Ont. 45,000 Windsor. 67,300 Brandon 27,500 Regina. 100,672 Moosejaw. 189,764

12.—Cold Storage Warehouses in Canada, 1916—con.

(A) SUBSIDIZED PUBLIC WAREHOUSES-con.

Name.	Place.	Refrigerated Space.	Principal Articles Stored.
		Cubic Feet.	
Alberta—	White de la contraction of the c	E TO THE PARTY OF	
Merchants' Cold Storage	Calgary	111,050	General.
Co	Edmonton	150,056	General.
British Columbia— Canadian Fish and Cold Storage Co H. & K. Trading Co The B. Wilson Co	Prince Rupert Penticton Victoria	781,000 32,164 64,000	Fish and General. General. General.
Total		4,553,507	

(B) Non-Subsidized.

(B) NON-SUBSIDIZED.							
Nova Scotia— *Canso Cold Storage Co. *The Halifax Cold Storage Co.	Canso		Fish only. Fish and General.				
Loggie Bros			Fish.				
New Brunswick— The Sussex Packing Co., Ltd		82,800	Meat.				
Quebec— Matthews Blackwell Co. Ltd *Canada Cold Storage	Hull	151,000	Meat.				
Co	Montreal	762,000	General.				
A. A. Ayer Cold Storage Co *Gunn, Langlois & Co	Montreal		Dairy Produce. General.				
*The Gould Cold Storage Co*Matthews Blackwell Co.	Montreal	500,000	General.				
Ltd	Montreal		Meat and General.				
*Lovell & Christmas	Montreal	460,000 225,950)	Dairy Produce.				
The Wm. Davies Co.,	Montreal		Meat.				
Wm. Clark	Montreal	75,000	Meat.				
Montreal Abattoirs, Ltd	Montreal	270,000	Meat. Meat.				
Montreal Abattoirs, Ltd Société S.P.A	Montreal	11,000	Meat.				
Gordon-Ironside &	Wionitical	11,000	1410404				
Fares Co	Montreal		Meat.				
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd	Montreal	$\left\{ Freezer Space \right\}$	Meat.				
Provision Co	Montreal		Meat.				
*Alex. Ames & Sons	Sherbrooke	110,000	General.				

12.—Cold Storage Warehouses in Canada, 1916—con.

(B) Non-Subsidized—con.

Name. Place. Refrigerated Space. Articles	ripal
0.11.7	
Cubic Feet.	
Ontario—	
Matthews Blackwell Co.	
Ltd Brantford 250,000 Meat.	
Collingwood Packing	
Co	
The Wm. Rvan Co., Ltd. Fergus	
The Wm. Davies Co., 82,504	
Ltd	
Warehousing Co Hamilton 155,200 Meatand	General.
Armour & Company Hamilton 570,809 Meat.	
Ingersoll Packing Co Ingersoll 550,000 Meat at Produc	d Dairy
*The London Cold Stor-	JUS.
age & Warehousing	
Co London. 400,000 General.	
Dominion Abattoirs Ltd	
*McDougall Bros Owen Sound 66,400 General.	
*Ottawa Cold Stores Ottawa 129,000 General.	
Matthews Blackwell Co. Ltd	
Whyte Packing Co Stratford 200,000 Meat.	
*J. B. Jackson Simcoe 36,000 General.	
*The Grimsby Pre-Cooling & Experimental	
Warehouse Grimsby 40,000 Fruit.	
(Dominion Government)	
*St. Catharines Cold Storage Co St. Catharines 20,000 Fruit.	
Morgan Cold Storage Delhi	
Gordon-Ironside & Fares	Mary Bre
Co	
Co Fort William 81,000 Meat.	
Gallagher, Holman & Fort William 9,200 Meat	
S-ift Canadian Co. Ital Fart William (26,576)	
Freezer Space Meat.	
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd. West Toronto \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	General.
Gunns, Limited West Toronto 175,000 Meat.	
Gunns Limited Toronto 30,000 Eggs and	Butter.
Gunns, Limited Toronto 70,000 Eggs, Bu	tter and
Mannings Cold Storage	, .
Co	
Warehousing Co Toronto 768,000 General.	
11 01 010 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	

12.—Cold Storage Warehouses in Canada, 1916—con.

(B) Non-Subsidized-con.

Name.	Place.	Refrigerated Space.	Principal Articles Stored.
		Cubic Feet.	
Ontario-con.		Cubio 1 cou.	
The Wm. Davies Co.,		244,436	Meat.
Ltd	Toronto	Freezer Space	Wicav.
Matthews Blackwell Co.	Toronto	362,000	Meat.
The Harris Abattoir Co.	The Health and the		
Ltd The Harris Abattoir Co.	Toronto	422,400	Meat and General.
The Harris Abattoir Co.	Towarta	204 000	Manhand Communi
Ltd*Municipal Abattoir	Toronto	384,000 155,904	Meat and General. Meat and General.
W. Wight & Co	Toronto	x	Meat.
The Bowes Co., Ltd	Toronto	40,000	General Produce.
The James Fish Co	Toronto	40,000	Fish.
The Doyle Fish Co	Toronto	25,000	Fish.
Marshalls Limited	Toronto	40,000	General Produce.
J. J. Fee W. T. McDonald	Toronto	30,000 25,000	General Produce.
W. 1. McDonaid	1010110	20,000	General Flource.
Manitoba—			THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE
*Manitoba Cold Storage			
· Co	Winnipeg	1,500,000	General.
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd.	Winnipeg	87,520	Meat.
b+T an acit according	Winnipeg	Freezer Space 71,867	COUNTY SELECTION AND
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd.	w minipeg	Freezer Space	Meat.
Gordon-Ironside & Fares		(11cczci opace)	
Co	Winnipeg	417,000	Meat.
Gallagher, Holman &			
Lafrance	Winnipeg	151,810	Meat.
Western Packing Co The Wm. Davies Co.,	Winnipeg	48,000 84,000	Meat.
Ltd	Winnipeg	Freezer Space	Meat.
The W.J. Guest Fish Co.	Winnipeg	30,000	Fish.
A. McDonald Co. Ltd	Winnipeg	67,200	Produce.
Winnipeg Fish Co	Winnipeg	x	Fish.
Saskatchewan—			
Gordon-Ironside &			
Fares Co	Moosejaw	600,000	Meat.
Gordon-Ironside &			
Fares Co	Saskatoon	60,000	Meat.
Gordon-Ironside &	Danina	75 000	Mont
Fares Co	Regina	75,000	Meat.
warding Co	Regina	40,000	General Storage.
Northern Packing Co	Prince Albert	42,352	Meat and General.
		The Property of the Park of th	Storage.
All		(22 457)	
Alberta— Swift Canadian Co., Ltd.	Calgary	Freezer Space	Meat.
P. Burns & Co., Ltd	Calgary	1,337,414	Meat and General.

12.—Cold Storage Warehouses in Canada, 1916—concluded.

(B) Non-Subsidized—concluded.

Name.	Place.	Refrigera Space.		Principal Articles Stored.
		Cubic Fe	eet.	
Alberta—con.			1	
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd. P. Burns & Co., Ltd. Gainers, Ltd	Edmonton Edmonton South Edmonton.	(Freezer Sp	8,000 bace } 9,447 4,080	Meat and General. Meat and General. Meat.
Horne	Lethbridge		5,000	General.
British Columbia— Wallace Bros The Skeena River Fish-	Claxton		5,515	Fish only.
eries*Nicola Valley Meat	Hayport	108	3,000	Fish only.
Market	Merritt	18	3,576	Meat.
izer Co., Ltd *Knight Cold Storage Co. *Columbia Cold Storage	Pacofi Vernon	59	9,400 7,920	Fish. General.
Co	New Westminster New Westminster		0,000	Fish and General. Fish.
Storage Co Vancouver Prince Rup-	New Westminster	25	5,000	Fish.
ert Meat Co	New Westminster Vancouver Vancouver	700	0,000 0,000 0,000	Meat. Meat. Fish only.
*Vancouver Ice & Cold Storage Co Vancouver Prince Rup-	Vancouver	700	0,000	General.
ert Meat Co Vancouver Prince Rup-	Vancouver	100	0,000	Meat.
ert Meat Co	Vancouver		0,000	Meat.
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd.	Vancouver	Freezer Sp	0,115) pace	Meat.
*The British Columbia Cold Storage Co Vancouver Prince Rup-	Victoria	35	5,000	General.
ert Meat Co	Victoria		0,000	Meat.
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd.	Victoria	Freezer Sp	3,600) pace	Meat.
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd. P. Burns & Co., Ltd	Nelson	Freezer Sp	3,726 pace { 4,111	Meat. Meat and General
Yukon Territory— *Pacific Cold Storage Co.	Dawson	44	1,900	Fish.
Total (not including marked x) Grand total		19,755, 24,309,		

Production of Flax Fibre in Ontario.—The estimated area of flax grown for fibre in southern Ontario during 1915 was about 4,000 acres. From this area the production of flax fibre was about 800 tons, which at the average price of approximately 20 cents per lb., or \$400 per ton, was of the total value of \$320,000. In addition, 80 tons of tow at \$35 per ton realized \$2,800. The same crop also produced seed at the average rate of nearly 12 bushels per acre, or a total yield of 48,000 bushels, the value of which, at the average rate of \$1.60 per bushel, was \$76,800. About 30 per cent. of the total production of fibre is shipped to Ireland, the rest being exported to New England States.

Beetroot Sugar.—It is estimated by the Census and Statistics Office that in 1915 18,000 acres of sugar beetroots were grown for manufacturing purposes in Canada and in the province of Ontario. In 1914 the corresponding area was 12,100 acres, of which 12,000 acres were in Ontario and 100 acres in Alberta. The total yield of sugar beets in Canada in 1915 was 141,000 tons, as compared with 108,600 tons in 1914, the average yield per acre being 7.83 tons, as compared with 8.98 tons in 1914. The total value of the crop in 1915 was \$775,500, as compared with \$651,000 in 1914, the average price per ton being \$5.50 in 1915 and \$6 in 1914. As the result of special inquiries addressed to the three Sugar Beet factories of Canada, revised figures of the quantities of refined sugar manufactured from Canadian grown sugar beets during the five years 1911 to 1915 have been returned as follows:—

	lb.
1911	21,329,689
1912	26,767,287
1913	26,149,216
1914	31,314,763
1915	39,515,802

For 1912 a small part of the total production is estimated. One of the factories did not operate during the year 1915.

Tobacco.—In 1910 the total production of tobacco in Canada, as returned by the Census of 1911, was 17,632,342 lb. from 18,928 acres. Since this date no definite statistics of the area and yield of tobacco in Canada have been published. The acreage and yield of tobacco in Quebec and Ontario in 1913, 1914 and 1915 are estimated as in Table 13.

13.—Estimated Areas and Yields of Tobacco in Canada, 1913-1915.

Provinces.	1913.	1914.	1915.	1913.	1914.	1915.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Quebec	acres 5,000 6,000		acres 4,500 4,500			lb. 4,050,000 4,950,000		lb. per acre. 950 1,200	lb. per acre. 900 1,100
Total	11,000	9,750	9,000	12,500,000	11,000,000	9,000,000	1,136	1,128	1,000

The season for tobacco in 1915 was rather cool and very wet, particularly in Ontario, where the White Burley crops suffered greatly from the Tobacco Root Rot, *Thielavia basicola*. However, the Virginia

types, which as a rule are grown on lighter soils and on ridges, well drained, gave better crops than in 1914. The acreage in bright tobacco was largely increased in 1915. In Quebec the summer was a little cooler than usual, and in some districts rather wet. The crop was about normal in northern districts. There was a little root rot in the southern districts, which reduced the yield materially. Both in Quebec and Ontario the autumn was exceptionally favourable to the curing of the tobacco crop in the barns. All the tobaccos which were harvested in good time were practically cured by the end of October.

Consumption of Meat in Canada.—In 1907 the Health of Animals Branch of the Department of Agriculture began the organization of a meat inspection service for Canada in accordance with the provisions of the Meat and Canned Foods Act (6-7 Edw. VII., c. 27). Under this Act the inspection of all meat and canned foods was made obligatory in respect of establishments engaged in the interprovincial trade or in exporting to foreign countries. Meats and foods other than those in inspected establishments and consumed within the same province as that in which the animals are slaughtered do not at present come within its provisions. The Act has now been in operation for nine years, and records have been annually kept of the animals slaughtered in the establishments inspected. Table 14 indicates therefore the movement in the production of meat in Canada during the last nine years. It shows the number of cattle, sheep and swine slaughtered under the Act in each year from 1907–08 to 1915–16.

14.—Number of Cattle, Sheep and Swine slaughtered under the Meat and Canned Foods Act, 1907.

Year ended March 31.	Cattle.	Sheep.	Swine.	
908 ¹ 909 910 911 912 913 914 915	. 298,241 . 384,789 . 411,308 . 408,401 . 450,390 . 531,994 . 530,425	No. 86,049 191,792 257,049 329,017 376,437 455,647 499,284 447,173 403,147	No. 861,989 1,532,796 1,261,496 1,452,237 1,852,997 1,607,741 1,799,060 2,598,338 2,363,693	

¹Eight months.

Per Capita Consumption of Meat.—It has usually been assumed that the meat inspected under the Meat and Canned Foods Act represents upon average about half of the total meat production of Canada; but it would hardly be safe to accept this proportion in any endeavour to arrive at the per capita consumption of meat. The question has been investigated by officers of the Meat Inspection Division of the Health of Animals Branch, and calculations, based upon the census returns of animals slaughtered and sold off farms in 1910, upon the exports and

imports of meat for the same year and upon the meat inspection statistics, show that in 1910 the total production of beef for consumption in Canada was about 426,451,000 lb., of mutton 63,582,000 lb. and of pork 466,955,000 lb., or a total for the three descriptions of 956,988,000 lb. For an estimated population in 1910 of seven millions the per capita consumption in Canada works out to 61 lb. of beef, 9 lb. of mutton and $66\frac{3}{4}$ lb. of pork or $136\frac{3}{4}$ lb. of all kinds of meat.

Similar estimates are available for a few other countries, including the United Kingdom, the United States, France and Germany, and are given in Table 15, together with the estimates for Canada for the census years 1900 and 1910.

15.—Per Capita Consumption of Meat in the United Kingdom, the United States, Canada, France and Germany.

Countries.	Years.	Beef and Veal.		Mutton and Lamb.		Pork, including Lard.		All kinds.	
United Kingdom United States Canada France Germany	1906–08 1909 1900 1910 1904 1909	lb. 60 87½ 54 61 45 43½	p.c. 50 51 50 44 56 39	$\begin{array}{c} \text{lb.} \\ 26 \\ 6\frac{1}{2} \\ 11 \\ 9 \\ 9 \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	p.e. 22 4 10 7 11 2	lb. 33 78 44 67 26 67	p.c. 28 45 40 49 33 59	lb. 119 172 109 137 80 113	p.c. 100 100 100 100 100 100

The figures for France were quoted in a paper by Sir R. H. Rew, K.C.B., Assistant Secretary of the British Board of Agriculture, and those for the United Kingdom were calculated by Mr. R. H. Hooker of the same Board.² For the United States the authority is Mr. John Roberts of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, who also quotes the estimates of the total per capita consumption of all kinds of meat in other countries as follows: Argentina 140 lb.; Denmark 76 lb.; Norway and Sweden 74 lb.; Belgium 70 lb.; Austria-Hungary 64 lb.; Russia 50 lb. and Spain 49 lb.3

The Canadian figures may be compared with the report of the Labour Department on retail prices. The average per capita quantities of meat reported as consumed by typical workmen's families of five persons, in localities in Canada having a population of 10,000 or over, and with an annual average income of \$800 per family, amount for the year to 52 lb. of beef, $10\frac{1}{4}$ lb. of mutton and 62 lb. of pork, or a total of 124 lb. of all kinds. These figures are not far below those

²Meat Supply of the United Kingdom. By R. H. Hooker, M.A., Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, London, Vol. LXXII, 1909, p. 333.

³Slaughter and Consumption of Food Animals in the United States for the year 1909. By John Roberts. 28th Annual Report of the Bureau of Animal Industry, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, 1911, pp. 253-267.

¹Observations on the Production and Consumption of Meat and Dairy Products. By R. H. Rew. Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, London. Vol. LXVII, 1904, pp. 413-427.

given in Table 15; they would naturally be less, because applicable only to families with comparatively small incomes and to small quantities of meat, instead of to whole carcasses.

Fur Farming in Canada.—An industry that has made great progress in Canada during the last few years is that of fur farming, which is carried on principally in the Maritime provinces, especially Prince Edward Island. According to the Report for 1913 of the Prince Edward Island Department of Agriculture, the number of fox ranches in the Island in that year was 277, and the number of foxes in captivity was 3,130. The total value of the fox-breeding industry in the Island at December 31, 1913, was estimated at \$15,186,150. Information respecting the industry is given in Reports issued by the Commission of Conservation, especially a Report on Fur Farming in Canada by J. Walter Jones, B.S.A., 2nd edition, 1914.

Agricultural Instruction Act.—Under the Agricultural Instruction Act, 1913 (3 Geo. V, c. 5), appropriations are annually payable by the Dominion Government to each of the Provincial Governments of Canada for the encouragement of agriculture "through education, instruction and demonstration carried on along lines well devised and of a continuous nature" and for the purpose of assisting in the work of veterinary colleges established in the provinces. The provincial allocation of the payments under this Act for the four years 1913–14 to 1916–17 are shown in Table 16. A report on the Agricultural Instruction Act for the year 1914–15, dated December 31, 1915, was published as Sessional Paper No. 15c, 1916.

16.—Allocation of Payments to Previncial Governments under the Agricultural Instruction Act, 1913-14—1916-17.

Provinces.	1913–14.	1914–15.	1915–16.	1916–17.
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick Quebec. Ontario Manitoba. Saskatchewan Alberta. British Columbia. Veterinary Colleges. Totals.	\$ 26,529.85 54,288.45 44,509.93 159,482.40 195,733.32 51,730.05 54,296.29 46,094.95 47,334.76 20,000.00	\$ 27,832.81 61,144.45 49,407.20 187,409.16 230,868.83 58,075.45 61,152.31 51,310.41 52,799.38 20,000.00	54,308.40 215,310.70 266,013.64 64,421.31 68,011.04 56,528.82 58,265.94 20,000.00	59,209.60 243,212.23 301,158.45 70,767.21 74,869.76 61,747.22 63,732.50

Stocks of Wheat in Canada.—With the object of ascertaining as accurately as possible the total quantity of wheat in Canada at the end of March, 1916, schedules were issued by the Census and Statistics Office to the managers of elevator, flour mill and railway companies asking them to state the actual quantities of wheat and wheat flour on hand or in transit on the morning of Friday, March 31, 1916. The

quantity of wheat in the terminal elevators at Fort William and Port Arthur and at the interior terminal elevators on March 31 was furnished by the Board of Grain Commissioners. For the quantity of wheat estimated to be in farmers' hands on March 31 use was made of the replies to the ordinary annual schedule addressed to crop-reporting correspondents. In Table 17 the results are given of the compilation of the returns received, these being also compared with the results of the special inquiry of the same kind which was carried out in 1915 as for the date of February 8, 1915.

17.-Stocks of Wheat in Canada on February 8, 1915, and March 31, 1916.

Wheat in	February 8, 1915.	March 31, 1916.
Terminal elevators. Railway elevators. Other elevators. Terminal elevators. Hospital elevators. Winter storage in vessels. Interior terminal elevators of the Dominion Government:— Calgary. Moosejaw. Saskatoon. Interior terminal elevator of the C.P.R. at Transcona. Public elevators.	bushels. 2,853,679 1,213,952 26,776,246	bushels. - 25,528,440 534,876 2,447,386 629,956 2,820,523 1,632,692 633,327 3,326,417
Flour mills	12,571,876	5,277,196 23,369,809 86,854,000
cona		3,326,417 43,996,131
Farmers' hands	29,554,000 79,130,593	197,050,753

Reducing the classification in Table 17 to the simpler one of elevators, flour mills, in transit by rail and in farmers' hands, we get the following comparison:

Description.	February 8, 1915.	March 31, 1916.
Elevators Flour mills In transit by rail In farmers' hands. Totals	29,554,000	bushels. 81,549,748 5,277,196 23,369,809 86,854,000 197,050,753

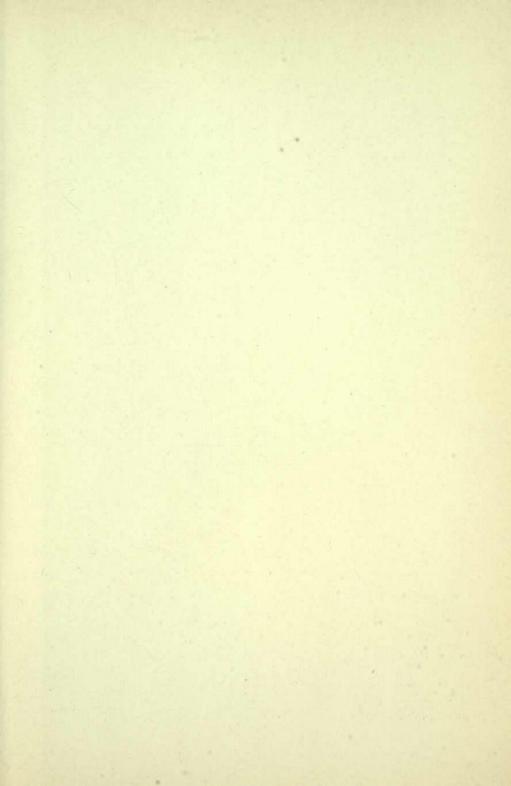
Allowing one million bushels in both years for quantities not included in the returns, it may be stated that in round numbers the quantity of wheat in Canada on March 31, 1916, was about 198 million bushels, as compared with about 80 million bushels on February 8, 1915.

Average Rate of Seeding per Acre.—With a view of obtaining definite statistical data as to the average rates of seeding employed for the principal cereals throughout Canada, the crop-reporting correspondents of the Census and Statistics Office were requested to state, to the nearest quarter fraction, the average rate of seeding adopted in their respective districts for wheat, rye, barley, oats, peas and mixed grains, during the season of 1915. The results are shown in Table 18.

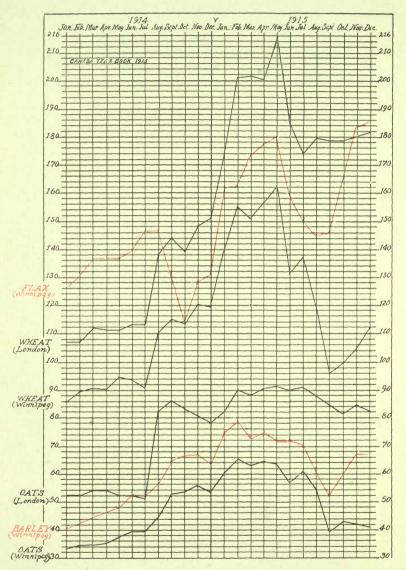
18.—Average Rate of Seeding per acre of the Principal Cereals in Canada, 1915.

Province.	Spring wheat.	Rye.	Barley.	Oats.	Peas.	Mixed grains.
	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
Prince Edward Island	2	-	2	3	$2\frac{1}{4}$	3
Nova Scotia	2	-	21/4	31/4	2	3
New Brunswick	2	Prop	21/2	$3\frac{1}{2}$	2	3
Quebec	13/4	134	2	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2	234
Ontario	134	$1\frac{1}{2}$	2	$2\frac{1}{2}$	$2\frac{1}{2}$	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Manitoba	11/2	11/2	2	21/2	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2
Saskatchewan	13	11/4	2	$2\frac{1}{2}$	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2
Alberta	11/2	11/2	2	$2\frac{1}{2}$	11/2	2
British Columbia	11/2	11/4	2	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Canada	13	11/2	2	$2\frac{1}{2}$	21/4	$2\frac{1}{2}$

For fall wheat the average rate of seeding in Ontario, as based upon 230 replies, is $1\frac{3}{4}$ bushel, as in the case of spring wheat, and in Alberta the average based upon 20 replies is $1\frac{1}{4}$ bushel. In other provinces, where fall wheat is grown to a less extent, the average rate of seeding per acre, based upon fewer replies, is for Quebec $1\frac{3}{4}$ bushel, for Manitoba $1\frac{1}{4}$ bushel, for Saskatchewan $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushel and for British Columbia $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushel. For the whole of Canada the average rate per acre for the seeding of fall wheat is $1\frac{3}{4}$ bushel.



AVERAGE MONTHLY PRICES PER BUSHEL OF CANADIAN WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND FLAX, 1914 AND 1915.



The horizontal lines indicate prices from 30 cents to \$2.16. The two higher black wheat curves indicate the average monthly prices per bushel of wheat (No. 1 Nor.) (a) at Winnipeg and Fort William and (b) at Mark Lane, London, England, the lower red curve of Barley (No. 3, C.W.) at Winnipeg and Fort William, the two lower black curves of Oats (No. 2, C.W.) (a) at Winnipeg and Fort William and (b) at Mark Lane, London, England, and the higher red curve of Flax (No. 1, N.W.C.) at Winnipeg and Fort William. (Wheat 60, Barley 48, Oats 34, and Flax 56 lb. per bushel.)

Prices of Canadian Agricultural Produce.—Tables 19-23 record the prices quoted during 1915 for Canadian agricultural produce. Tables 19 and 20, furnished by the Board of Grain Commissioners for Canada, show the weekly range of the prices of different grades of wheat, barley, oats and flax at Winnipeg and Fort William; these prices are for the weeks ended Saturday. Table 21 gives the prices quoted for Canadian wheat, wheat flour and oats in British markets. The prices are compiled from the Market Supplements of the Mark Lane Express, London, England, and represent the range at the weekly Monday market. Tables 22 and 23 give the prices in British markets of Canadian bacon, hams and cheese; they are taken from the official returns of the English and Scottish Boards of Agriculture and represent, not the range, but the first and second qualities respectively. For the purposes of these tables the English currency, weights and measures have been converted into Canadian equivalent denominations.

19.—Weekly Range of Prices of Wheat at Winnipeg and Fort William, 1915.

(Per bushel of 60 lb.)

Date.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.	No. 6.	Feed.
January 2 " 9 " 16 " 23 " 30	$\begin{array}{c} - & - \\ 1.26\frac{3}{4} - 1.32\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.29\frac{1}{4} - 1.39 \end{array}$	\$ c. \$ c. 1.23\frac{3}{4} - 1.29\frac{3}{4} 1.26\frac{1}{4} - 1.36\frac{1}{4} 1.37 - 1.44\frac{1}{4}	1.191-1.251 1.221-1.33 1.311-1.34	$\begin{array}{c} - & - \\ 1.15\frac{1}{4} - 1.22 \\ 1.19 - 1.29 \\ 1.27\frac{3}{4} - 1.30 \end{array}$	\$ c. \$ c. - 1.11 -1.17\frac{3}{4} 1.15 -1.25 1.23\frac{3}{4} -1.26\frac{1}{2} 1.26\frac{1}{2} -1.33	\$ c. \$ c. $\frac{1.06 - 1.12\frac{2}{3}}{1.10 - 1.20\frac{1}{2}}$ $\frac{1.19\frac{1}{4} - 1.22\frac{1}{2}}{1.23 - 1.29}$	\$ c. \$ c. 1.02 -1.08\frac{3}{2} 1.05\frac{1}{2}-1.15\frac{1}{4} 1.15\frac{1}{4}-1.18\frac{1}{2} 1.19 -1.23\frac{1}{2}
Average	1.322-1.39	1.301-1.36	1.261-1.331	1.231-1.291	1.19 1 -1.25 1	1.141-1.213	1.101-1.161
⁴ 20	$\begin{array}{c} 1.49\frac{3}{4} - 1.55\frac{7}{8} \\ 1.48\frac{3}{4} - 1.55 \\ 1.52\frac{1}{2} - 1.56\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.48\frac{3}{4} - 1.53\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	1.46½-1.53 1.50½-1.55	1.43½-1.50 1.47½-1.51½	1.40 -1.46 1.43 ³ -1.47	1.36 -1.42 1.39 ³ -1.42 ³	$\begin{array}{c} 1.32\frac{3}{4} - 1.37\frac{7}{8} \\ 1.32 - 1.37\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.35\frac{3}{4} - 1.38\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.30\frac{1}{2} - 1.35\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	1.31½-1.33½ 1.33 -1.33½ 1.29 -1.31
Average	1.45 -1.55	1.47 -1.53 -	1.45 -1.50	1.41 -1.452	1.37 -1.41 2	1.323-1.371	1.31 1-1.32
" 13 20	$\begin{array}{c} 1.36\frac{1}{4} - 1.48\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.44\frac{3}{4} - 1.50\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.51\frac{1}{4} - 1.54 \\ 1.46\frac{7}{8} - 1.51\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	1.43 -1.49 ² 1.50 ¹ -1.53	1.40\(\frac{1}{4}\)-1.46\(\frac{3}{4}\) 1.47\(\frac{1}{2}\)-1.50	1.42 -1.443	1.31 -1.37½ 1.37¾-1.41	$\begin{array}{c} 1.18\frac{3}{4} - 1.30 \\ 1.27 - 1.33\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.33\frac{3}{4} - 1.37 \\ 1.28\frac{1}{8} - 1.33\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	1.13\frac{3}{4}-1.25 1.22-1.29 1.29-1.31\frac{3}{4}
Average	1.441-1.511	1.43 1-1.49 8	1.401-1.463	1.351-1.411	1.30 7-1.37 2	1.26 7-1.33 1	1.21 1.28}
" 10 17	1,47½-1.50½ 1.49½-1.52½ 1.52 -1.58 1.57%-1.63¾	1.48½-1.51% 1.51½-1.57½	1.45 ³ -1.48 ³ 1.48 ¹ -1.54 ³	1.405-1.44	1.38\frac{3}{4}-1.40 1.40 -1.46\frac{1}{2}	$\begin{array}{c} 1.29\frac{3}{4} - 1.34\frac{1}{4} \\ 1.33\frac{3}{8} - 1.36 \\ 1.36 - 1.42\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.42\frac{1}{2} - 1.45 \end{array}$	1.25 ³ / ₄ -1.29 1.28 ⁵ / ₈ -
Average	1.51 1.56	1.493-1.551	1.45 8-1.52	1.391-1.491	1.40 -1.434	1.35 3-1.39 1	1.271-1.29
8 15 22	$\begin{array}{c} 1.61\frac{1}{4}-1.63\frac{5}{8} \\ 1.59 & -1.64\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.58\frac{1}{8}-1.62\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.58 & -1.60\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.52\frac{5}{8}-1.58 \end{array}$	1.56 -1.62 1.551-1.591	1.49 ³ -1.59 ¹ 1.52 -1.56	1.46\frac{1}{2}-1.53\frac{1}{2} 1.45\frac{1}{2}-1.56 1.48\frac{1}{2}-1.50\frac{1}{2}	1.40 ³ -1.49 1.45 ¹ -1.50 ¹	$\begin{array}{c} 1.43\frac{1}{4} - 1.43\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.35\frac{3}{4} - 1.44\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.40 - 1.45\frac{1}{4} \\ 1.39 - 1.40 \\ 1.26 - 1.39 \end{array}$	1.30½ - 1.35 -1.40½ 1.23½-1.33 1.33 -
Average	1.571-1.62	1.541-1.591	1.501-1.561	1.411-1.521	1.414-1.478	1.36 1.42 2	1.30 1.36

19.—Weekly Range of Prices of Wheat at Winnipeg and Fort William, 1915—concluded.

(Per bushel of 60 lb.)

Date.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.	No. 6.	Feed.
	\$ c. \$ c.	\$ c. \$ c.	\$ c. \$ c.	\$ c. \$ c.	\$ c. \$ c.	\$ c. \$ c.	\$ c. \$ c.
June 5 " 12 " 19	$\begin{array}{c} 1.28\frac{1}{2} - 1.44\frac{1}{4} \\ 1.20\frac{1}{2} - 1.29\frac{5}{8} \\ 1.17\frac{7}{8} - 1.21 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.30\frac{1}{4} - 1.37\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.15 - 1.22\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.14 - 1.16\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.25\frac{3}{4} - 1.33\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.10\frac{1}{2} - 1.19\frac{7}{8} \\ 1.08 - 1.12\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.19\frac{1}{4} - 1.28\frac{1}{4} \\ 1.03\frac{1}{2} - 1.18\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.01 - 1.05\frac{1}{2} \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 1.14\frac{1}{4} - 1.23\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.98\frac{1}{2} - 1.07 \\ 0.96 - 0.98\frac{3}{4} \\ 0.98\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	1.141-1.231
4 26	1.18\frac{3}{4}-1.30 1.21\frac{1}{2}-1.31\frac{1}{4}	1.16 -1.27 1.215-1.32	1.13\frac{3}{4}-1.22\frac{1}{2} 1.18\frac{1}{4}-1.24\frac{3}{4}	$1.09\frac{3}{4} - 1.13$ $1.13\frac{1}{2} - 1.19\frac{3}{4}$	1.02\frac{3}{4}-1.13 1.06\frac{5}{8}-1.16\frac{1}{4}	$1.01\frac{3}{4} - 1.09\frac{2}{3}$	1.141-1.231
						E CISTON	
July 3 10 17 24	$\begin{array}{c} 1.28\frac{1}{4} - 1.32\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.28\frac{1}{2} - 1.37\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.35\frac{3}{8} - 1.39\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.34\frac{1}{2} - 1.40 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.25\frac{3}{8}-1.29\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.25\frac{1}{2}-1.35 \\ 1.32\frac{7}{8}-1.36\frac{5}{8} \\ 1.31\frac{1}{2}-1.37 \\ 1.24 & -1.34 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.21\frac{1}{2}-1.25\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.21 -1.30 \\ 1.27\frac{7}{8}-1.31\frac{7}{8} \\ 1.26\frac{1}{2}-1.32\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 - 1.18	- 1.10	
4 31	1.27 -1.37 1.30 ³ -1.37 ²	$1.24 - 1.34$ $1.27\frac{4}{5} - 1.34\frac{1}{2}$	1.19 -1.29½ 1.23½-1.30	1.08 - 1.14½-1.22½	- 1.18	- 1.10	
				Judy.			
August 7 14	$\begin{array}{c} 1.28\frac{1}{2} - 1.32\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.32\frac{1}{2} - 1.34 \\ 1.00\frac{5}{8} - 1.08\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.96\frac{1}{2} - 1.00 \end{array}$	1.25½-1.30½ 1.29 -1.32½ 0.085-1.25	$\begin{array}{c} 1.21 - 1.27\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.26\frac{1}{2} - 1.28\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.06\frac{3}{4} - 1.25 \end{array}$	1.11 -1.18 1.15 -1.18½ 1.15 -	1.00 -1.10	0.98 -1.00	
⁴ 21 28		0.985-1.25 0.942-0.98		7 74 7			
Average	1.141-1.184	1.117-1.211	1.18 -1.27	1.133-1.184	1.041-1.10	1.00 -1.00	
September 4	0.923-0.97 0.883-0.94	0.903-0.95	$0.89\frac{1}{2}$ -0.92				
" 11 " 18 " 25	0.941-0.971	$\begin{array}{c} 0.90\frac{3}{4} - 0.95 \\ 0.86\frac{1}{2} - 0.91\frac{1}{3} \\ 0.92\frac{1}{4} - 0.95\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.90\frac{1}{2} - 0.92\frac{1}{3} \end{array}$	0.83½-0.88½ 0.88½-0.91 0.89 -0.91½	0.811-0.841	0.771-0.791	= =	
Average		0.90 -0.93 5	0.871-0.901	0.811-0.841	0.771-0.791		
				-3-4			
October 2 9 16 23	$\begin{array}{c} 0.88\frac{3}{4} - 0.93\frac{3}{4} \\ 0.93\frac{3}{4} - 0.98\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.99 - 1.04 \\ 0.95\frac{1}{4} - 1.02\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.86\frac{3}{4} - 0.91\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.88\frac{3}{4} - 0.90\frac{3}{4} \\ 0.97\frac{1}{2} - 1.02 \\ 0.93\frac{1}{4} - 1.00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.86\frac{3}{4} - 0.83\frac{3}{4} \\ 0.85\frac{3}{4} - 0.93 \\ 0.94\frac{1}{2} - 0.99 \\ 0.90\frac{1}{4} - 0.96\frac{3}{4} \\ 0.91\frac{3}{4} - 0.94 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.79\frac{3}{4} - 0.83\frac{3}{4} \\ 0.80 - 0.86\frac{3}{4} \\ 0.88 - 0.93\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.85\frac{3}{4} - 0.91\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	$0.78\frac{3}{4}$ - 0.75 - $0.81\frac{3}{4}$ 0.83 - 0.88 $0.80\frac{1}{4}$ - $0.86\frac{3}{4}$	$0.71 - 0.74\frac{1}{4}$ 0.78 - 0.83 $0.75\frac{1}{4} - 0.81$	0.66 -0.691 0.73 -0.78 0.701-0.761
4 30	$0.97\frac{1}{2} - 1.01$ $0.94\frac{1}{2} - 0.99\frac{3}{5}$	0.95 -0.98½ 0.92½-0.96½	$\begin{array}{c} 0.91\frac{3}{4} - 0.94 \\ 0.89\frac{4}{5} - 0.94\frac{1}{5} \end{array}$	$0.88 - 0.88\frac{1}{2}$ $0.85\frac{1}{3} - 0.89$	0.791-0.851	$0.74\frac{3}{4} - 0.79\frac{1}{2}$	0.693-0.743
Average	0.342 0.335	0.524 0.503	0.505 0.045	0.003 0.00	0.102 0.003		
November 6 13 20 27	$\begin{array}{c} 1.02\frac{1}{2} - 1.04\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.02\frac{1}{4} - 1.06 \\ 1.01 - 1.05\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.99\frac{1}{2} - 1.01\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.99\frac{1}{2} - 1.01\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.99\frac{1}{2} - 1.03 \\ 0.98\frac{3}{4} - 1.02\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.97\frac{1}{2} - 0.99\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.95 - 0.97\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.94\frac{1}{4} - 0.98\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.94\frac{3}{4} - 0.97\frac{3}{4} \\ 0.93\frac{1}{2} - 0.95\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.90 - 0.92\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.89\frac{1}{4} - 0.93 \\ 0.89\frac{3}{4} - 0.92\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.88\frac{1}{4} - 0.90\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	0.83 -0.85\\\\ 0.83\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	$\begin{array}{c} 0.78 - 0.80\frac{3}{4} \\ 0.79 - 0.79\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.78 - 0.80 \\ 0.76\frac{1}{2} - 0.76\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.73 & -0.75\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.74 & -0.74\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.72 & -0.75 \end{array}$
Average		0.983-1.013	0.943-0.971	THE RELEASE	-0.83 -0.84	$0.77\frac{3}{4} - 0.79\frac{1}{8}$	0.73 -0.745
December 4	1.05 -1.121	1.021-1.091	0.943-1.013 0.99-1.06	$\begin{array}{c} 0.90\frac{1}{2} - 0.99\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.94\frac{1}{4} - 1.03\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	0.851 -	0.801 -	0.751 -
* 18 25	1.073-1.103	$\begin{array}{c} 1.04\frac{3}{4} - 1.07\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.09\frac{1}{2} - 1.13\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	$1.01\frac{1}{4} - 1.04\frac{1}{2}$ $1.05\frac{1}{2} - 1.08\frac{3}{4}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.94\frac{1}{4} - 1.03\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.97\frac{1}{4} - 1.01 \\ 1.01\frac{3}{4} - 1.04\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	$0.96 - 0.96\frac{3}{4}$	0.883 -	
Average	1.067-1.12	1.04 2-1.09	1.001-1.051	0.96 -1.021	0.903-0.963	0.847 -	0.751 -

20.—Weekly Range of Prices of Barley, Oats and Flax at Winnipeg and Fort William, 1915.

	BARLEY (p	ARLEY (per bushel of 48 lb.) OATS (per bushel of 34 lb.) FLAX (per bushel of 56 lb.)					
Date.	No. 3 C.W.	No. 4. C.W.		Io. 3. No. 1. Feed.	No. 2. Feed.	No. 1. N.W.C.	No. 2. C.W.
January 2	\$ c. \$ c. 0.65 -0.70 0.69 -0.72 0.72 -0.773	0 61 -0 65	\$ c. \$ c. \$ c. 0.56 -0.56½ 0.53 0.55½-0.57¾ 0.53 0.57½-0.60¾ 0.54	\$ c. \$ c. \$ d0.53	0 501 0 50	\$ c. \$ c. 1.38 -1.50 1.49 -1.66 \frac{1}{2}	
	MA THE STATE OF TH			-0.63\(\frac{1}{2}\) 0.58\(\frac{1}{2}\)-0.63\(\frac{1}{2}\) 0.54\(-0.56\)			1.56 -1.621 1.481-1.59
4 20	0.83 -	0.77 - 0.74 -0.75 0.70 -0.72	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.65\frac{1}{2} - 0.67\frac{1}{2} \ 0.62 \\ 0.66 - 0.66\frac{1}{4} - \\ 0.65\frac{1}{4} - 0.65\frac{1}{2} \ 0.62 \\ 0.62\frac{3}{4} - 0.64\frac{1}{4} \ 0.59 \end{array} $	1-0.63 0.62	0.601-0.603	1.613-1.633 1.59 -1.613 1.61 -1.613 1.603-1.623	1.56 -1.58 1.58 -1.58 1.58 -1.58 1.58 -1.58 1.58 1.58 1.58 1.58 1.58 1.58 1.58
Average	0.801-0.79	0.73}-0.73}	0.647-0.657 0.61	1-0.62 ₁₂ 0.61 -0.60	0.591-0.591	1.60}-1.62}	1.57}-1.59}
20		10.72 -	U.031-U.041 U.01	$\frac{1}{8}$ -0.59 $\frac{1}{9}$ 0.56 $\frac{1}{9}$ -0.59 $\frac{1}{9}$ 0.57 $\frac{1}{9}$ -0.58 $\frac{1}{9}$ -0.62 $\frac{1}{9}$ 0.61 $\frac{1}{9}$ -0.62 $\frac{1}{9}$ -0.62 $\frac{1}{9}$ -0.62 $\frac{1}{9}$ -0.56 $\frac{1}{9}$ -0.59	3 0.563-0.573 3 0.593-0.603	11.732-1.85	1.591-1.681 1.701-1.82
Average	0.75}-0.73}	0.70 - 0.71	0.603 0.63	$\frac{1}{2}$ - 0.60 $\frac{1}{2}$ 0.58 $\frac{1}{4}$ - 0.60	2 0.562-0.59	1.663-1.733	1.63}-1.70}
10 17	0.75 -0.75	- 1	0.62 - 0.62 = 0.59 = 0.63 - 0.65 = 0.60 =	$\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} - 0.59\frac{1}{2} & 0.57\frac{1}{2} - 0.58\\ \frac{1}{2} - 0.60\frac{3}{8} & 0.58\frac{1}{2} - 0.60\\ \frac{1}{4} - 0.62\frac{7}{8} & 0.59\frac{1}{2} - 0.61\\ \frac{3}{4} - 0.63\frac{1}{4} & 0.60\frac{1}{4} - 0.62\\ \end{array}$	\$ 0.571-0.588 \$ 0.581-0.607	1.734-1.76	1.70½-1.73 1.71½-1.75½
Average	0.741-0.751	0.681-0.70	0.621-0.648 0.58	1-0.61 0.59 -0.60	2 0.58 -0.593	1.77}-1.77	1.71{-1.74}
a 15	0.73\frac{1}{2}-0.74 0.70 - 0.70 -0.70\frac{1}{2}	0.65 -0.65½ 0.65 -0.65½ 0.65 -0.65½	0.62½-0.63¾ 0.59 0.61¾-0.63¾ 0.58 0.62 -0.63 0.59	\$\frac{2}{4} \cdot 0.62\frac{1}{6} 0.58\frac{2}{4} \cdot 0.60\frac{1}{6} 0.58\frac{2}{4} \cdot 0.60\frac{1}{6} 0.58\frac{2}{4} \cdot 0.59\frac{1}{6} 0.60\frac{1}{6} 0.58\frac{2}{6} \cdot 0.60\frac{1}{6} 0.61\frac{1}{6} 0.58\frac{2}{6} \cdot 0.60\frac{1}{6} 0.60\frac{1}{6} 0.58\frac{2}{6} \cdot 0.60\frac{1}{6} 0.58\frac{2}{6} \cdot 0.60\frac{1}{6} 0.58\frac{2}{6} \cdot 0.60\frac{1}{6} 0.601	1 0.571-0.581 1 0.58 -0.59 0.571-0.582	1.79½-1.82½ 1.75½-1.82½ 1.75½-1.79	1.751-1.781 1.721-1.791
Average	0.71 -0.72	0.65 -0.65	0.621-0.632 0.59	2-0.612 0.587-0.60	0.572-0.59	1.75 7 1.80 10	1.721-1.763
	1.71 -0.73 0.711-0.711 		0.54\frac{1}{2}-0.61\frac{1}{2}\dot 0.52\\ 0.52\frac{1}{2}-0.55\dot 0.51\\ 0.53\frac{1}{2}-0.55\dot 0.52\\ 0.52\frac{1}{2}-0.55\dot 0.51\\ 0.52\frac{1}{2}-0.55\dot 0.51\\ 0.52\frac{1}{2}-0.55\dot 0.51\\ 0.51\dot 0.51\do	1-0.531 -0.531		1.57 -1.65 1.50 -1.641 1.531-1.561 1.491-1.51	1.47 -1.61 1.50 1.53
Average	0.711-0.72	0.641-0.66	0.531-0.561 0.51	₹-0.55½		1.521-1.591	1.49}-1.56}
4 17 24	$\begin{array}{c} - & - \\ 0.64 & -0.69 \\ 0.70 & -0.71 \\ 0.71 & -0.72 \\ 0.72 & -0.73 \end{array}$	0.56 -0.64 0.65 -0.67 0.671-0.68 0.68 -0.681	0.581-0.591 0.55 0.59 -0.591 0.56 0.60 -0.621 0.58	-0.56 0.55 -0.58 -0.58 -0.50 0.56 -0.58 -0.50 0.56 -0.58	310.55 -0.567	1.503-1.513	$1.48\frac{1}{2} - 1.52$ $1.47\frac{1}{2} - 1.48\frac{1}{4}$
Average	0.691-0.711	0.641-0.661	0.59-0.61 0.56	$\frac{1}{6}$ -0.58 $\frac{1}{10}$ 0.54 $\frac{1}{2}$ -0.57	0.531-0.56	1.46-1.51	1.421-1.48
* 14 * 21	0.65 -0.67 0.66 -0.67 0.501-0.60 0.47 -0.51	0.60 -0.63 0.59 -0.63 0.462-0.59 0.43 -0.47	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-0.58½ 0.50 -0.56 -0.57 0.52 -0.56 -0.43 -0.44	0.50 -0.53	1.411-1.47 1.371-1.42	1.35\(\frac{1}{2}\)-1.43 1.38\(\frac{1}{2}\)-1.44 1.34\(\frac{1}{2}\)-1.39 1.34\(\frac{1}{2}\)-1.43
Average	0.571-0.611	0.521-0.58	0.50}-0.54} 0.49	1-0.53	0.451-0.491	1.38-1.45	1.351-1.421

20.—Weekly Range of Prices of Barley, Oats and Flax at Winnipeg and Fort William, 1915—concluded.

	BARLEY (per bushel of 48 lb.)	Oats (per bus	Oats (per bushel of 34 lb.)					
Date.	No. 3 No. 4 C.W.	No. 2 No. 3 C.W.	No. 1 No. 2 Feed.	No. 1 No. 2 C.W.				
* 11 * 18	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ c. \$ c. \$ c. \$ c. \$ c. 0.35\frac{1}{2}-0.37 \ 0.33 \ -0.35 \ 0.36\frac{1}{2}-0.38\frac{1}{2} \ 0.36\frac{1}{2}-0.36\frac{1}{2} \ 0.38\frac{1}{2}-0.37\frac{1}{2} \ 0.38\frac{1}{2}-0.37\frac{1}{2} \ 0.37\ -0.40	0.32 -0.34 0.31 -0.33 0.33\frac{1}{2}-0.35 0.32\frac{1}{2}-0.34 0.35\frac{1}{2}-0.36 0.34\frac{1}{2}-0.35	$ \begin{vmatrix} 1.40\frac{3}{4} - 1.43\frac{3}{4} & 1.37\frac{3}{4} - 1.40\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.39 & -1.41\frac{3}{4} & 1.36 - 1.38\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.42\frac{1}{4} - 1.46 & 1.39\frac{1}{4} - 1.43 \end{vmatrix} $				
Average	0.501-0.521 0.461-0.49	0.371-0.391 0.351-0.371	0.341-0.36 0.331-0.35	1.411-1.461 1.381-1.431				
# 9 # 16 # 23	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.59½-1.62½ 1.56½-1.59½ 1.62½-1.64 1.59½-1.61 1.62 -1.66½ 1.59 -1.63½				
Average	0.57\$-0.61 0.54\$-0.57\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	0.401-0.43 0.381-0.411	$0.36\frac{3}{5}-0.39\frac{1}{4}$ $0.35\frac{7}{10}-0.38\frac{1}{2}$	1.591-1.651 1.561-1.641				
" 13 " 20	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.69 & -0.71 & 0.64 & -0.65\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.63 & -0.66 & 0.59 & -0.61 \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$0.38 - 0.40\frac{1}{4} 0.37 - 0.36\frac{1}{4} 0.39\frac{1}{4} 0.37\frac{1}{4} - 0.39\frac{1}{4} 0.39\frac{1}{4} 0.39\frac{1}{4} - 0.39\frac{1}$	1.763-1.88 1.733-1.85 1.821-1.89 1.791-1.86				
Average	$0.65\frac{1}{8} - 0.67\frac{7}{8} \ 0.60\frac{7}{8} - 0.62\frac{7}{8}$	0.403-0.421 0.381-0.401	0.37 -0.39 0.361-0.371	1.76 -1.83 1.73 -1.80 1				
" 11 " 18	0.68 -0.69	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$1.78\frac{7}{2} - 1.83\frac{1}{2} \ 1.75\frac{7}{2} - 1.80\frac{1}{2} \ 1.80\frac{1}{3} - 1.84\frac{1}{2} \ 1.77\frac{3}{4} - 1.81\frac{1}{4}$				
Average	$0.65\frac{1}{2}$ $0.67\frac{1}{3}$ 0.60 $-0.63\frac{1}{2}$	$0.39\frac{1}{8} \cdot 0.40\frac{7}{8} \mid 0.36\frac{1}{4} \cdot 0.38\frac{7}{8} \mid$	$0.34\frac{3}{4} - 0.37\frac{1}{4} \ 0.33\frac{3}{4} - 0.35\frac{7}{8}$	1.813-1.85 1.783-1.82				

21.-Prices in British Markets of Canadian Wheat, Wheat Flour and Oats, 1915.

	W	HEAT (per b	ushel of 60 lb	o.)	V	VHEAT FLOUR	R (per 280 lb.))	OATS.
Date.	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	Canadian Patents.	Canadian Straights.	Canadian 1st bakers 2	Canadian 2nd bakers	Per bush. of 34 lb.
, 1	\$ c. \$ c. 4 1.58\frac{1}{2}-1.59 1 1.70\frac{1}{2}-1.71 8 1.79\frac{1}{2}-1.80 5 1.80\frac{1}{2}-1.81\frac{1}{2}	1.55½-1.56 1.67½-1.68 1.76½-1.77	$1.52\frac{1}{3}-1.53\frac{1}{5}$ $1.64\frac{1}{5}-1.65$ $1.73\frac{1}{5}-1.74$	1.49 -1.50 1.61 -1.62 1.70 -1.71	9.37- 9.61 9.61- 9.86 10.21-10.45	9.97-10.21	8.88- 9.12 9.12- 9.37 9.74- 9.97	8.88- 9.12 9.49- 9.74	\$ c. \$ c. 0.761-0.78\$ 0.761-0.78\$ 0.78\$-0.81\$ 0.861-0.891
Averag	e 1.72 1.72 8	1.69 1 - 1.69 8	1.66 1-1.67 1 2	1.63 -1.63 7	9.91-10.15	9.67- 9.91	9.43- 9.65	9.19- 9.43	0.791-0.821
« 1	1 1.86½-1.87 8 2.03½-2.06½ 5 2.03½-2.06½ 2 2.01¾-2.04¾	2.001-2.031 2.001-2.031	2.001-2.031 1.971-2.00	1.984-2.014	10.94-11.18 11.18-11.42	10.69-10.94 10.94-11.18	10.09-10.33 10.45-10.69 10.69-10.94 10.81-11.06	10.21-10.45	$0.88 - 0.90\frac{1}{2}$ $0.88 - 0.90\frac{1}{2}$
Averag	e 1.98 § -2.01 1 6	1.95 8-1.98 1	1.933-1.953	1.881-1.901	11 .00-11 .24	10.76-11.00	10.51-10.76	0.27-10.51	0.87{-0.90}
« 1 « 2	1 2.001-2.031 8 1.952-1.983 5 1.952-1.983 2 1.992-2.022 9 2.01 -2.04	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.92\frac{3}{4} - 1.95\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.92\frac{3}{4} - 1.95\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.96\frac{1}{2} - 1.99\frac{1}{2} \end{array} $	1.90 -1.923 1.90 -1.923 1.933-1.963	1.911-1.923	11.18-11.42 11.18-11.42 11.18-11.42	10.94-11.18 10.94-11.18 10.94-11.18	10.81-11.06 10.69-10.94 10.69-10.94 10.69-10.94 10.81-11.06	10.45-10.69 10.45-10.69 10.45-10.69	0.85\frac{1}{3}-0.88 0.85\frac{1}{3}-0.88 0.85\frac{1}{3}-0.88
Averag	e 1.981-2.01	1.951-1.981	1.921-1.951	1.92 -1.931	11 .23-11 .48	11.00-11.23	10 .74-10 .99 1	0.50-10.73	0.861-0.881

21.-Prices in British Markets of Canadian Wheat, Wheat Flour and Oats, 1915-concluded.

	w	HEAT (per bu	ishel of 60 lb	i.)	V	b.)	OATS.	
Date.	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	Canadian Patents.	Canadian Straights. Canadian		Per bush. of 34 lb.
" 12 " 19 " 26		\$ c. \$ c. 1.92 -1.95 1.92 -1.95 1.95 -1.98 1.99\(\frac{1}{2}\)-2.02\(\frac{1}{2}\)	1.89\frac{1}{2}-1.92 1.92 -1.95 1.96\frac{1}{2}-1.99\frac{1}{2}	$ \begin{vmatrix} 1.87 & -1.88\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.90 & -1.91\frac{1}{3} \\ 1.94\frac{1}{2} -1.95\frac{3}{4} \end{vmatrix} $	11.18-11.42 11.42-11.66 11.66-11.91	\$ c.	4 10.45-10.69 8 10.69-10.94 2 10.94-11.18	0.88 -0.901 0.88 -0.901 0.88 -0.901
May 3 4 10 4 17 4 24 6 31	$\begin{array}{c} 2.07 - 2.10 \\ 2.12 \stackrel{1}{4} - 2.15 \stackrel{1}{4} \\ 2.13 \stackrel{3}{4} - 2.16 \stackrel{3}{4} \\ 2.13 \stackrel{3}{4} - 2.16 \stackrel{3}{4} \\ 2.13 \stackrel{3}{4} - 2.16 \stackrel{3}{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.04 - 2.07 \\ 2.09 \stackrel{1}{\cancel{4}} - 2.12 \stackrel{1}{\cancel{4}} \\ 2.10 \stackrel{3}{\cancel{4}} - 2.13 \stackrel{3}{\cancel{4}} \\ 2.10 \stackrel{3}{\cancel{4}} - 2.13 \stackrel{3}{\cancel{4}} \\ 2.10 \stackrel{3}{\cancel{4}} - 2.13 \stackrel{3}{\cancel{4}} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.01 - 2.04 \\ 2.06\frac{1}{4} - 2.09\frac{1}{4} \\ 2.07\frac{3}{4} - 2.10\frac{3}{4} \\ 2.07\frac{3}{4} - 2.10\frac{3}{4} \\ 2.07\frac{3}{4} - 2.10\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.98\frac{3}{4}-2.00\frac{1}{4} \\ 2.04-2.05\frac{1}{2} \\ 2.05\frac{1}{2}-2.07 \\ 2.05\frac{1}{2}-2.07 \\ 2.05\frac{1}{2}-2.07 \end{array}$	12.03-12.27 12.15-12.41 12.15-12.41 12.15-12.41 12.03-12.27	11. 78-12. 03 11. 54-11. 7: 11. 91-12. 15 11. 66-11. 9: 11. 91-12. 15 11. 66-11. 9: 11. 91-12. 15 11. 66-11. 9: 11. 78-12. 03 11. 54-11. 7: 11. 86-12. 10 11. 61-11. 8:	8 11.30-11.54 1 11.42-11.66 1 11.42-11.66 1 11.42-11.66 8 11.30-11.54	0.88 -0.901 0.891-0.911 0.891-0.911 0.891-0.911 0.891-0.911
June 7 14 21 28	2.001-2.031 1.913-1.941 1.731-1.74 1.65 -1.68	1.97½-2.00½ 1.88½-1.91⅓ 1.70⅓-1.71	1.94\frac{1}{4}-1.97\frac{1}{4} 1.85\frac{1}{2}-1.88\frac{1}{2} 1.67\frac{1}{5}-1.68 1.59 -1.62	1.88½-1.91⅓ 1.82½-1.85⅓ 1.63½-1.65	11.78-12.03 11.42-11.66 10.81-11.06 10.81-11.06	11.54-11.78 11.30-11.51 11.18-11.42 10.94-11.11 10.57-10.81 10.33-10.51 10.57-10.81 10.33-10.51 10.97-11.21 10.73-10.91	4 8 10.69-10.94 7 10.09-10.33 7 10.09-10.33	0.88 -0.90½ 0.88 -0.90½ 0.88 -0.90½ 0.88 -0.90½
July 5 4 12 4 19 26	1.68 -1.71 1.68 -1.71 1.71 -1.74 1.77 -1.79 ⁴	1.65 -1.68 1.65 -1.68 1.68 -1.71 1.74 -1.77	1.62 -1.65 1.62 -1.65 1.65 -1.68 1.71 -1.74	1.68 -1.71 1.75½-1.77	10.57-10.81 10.57-10.81 10.33-10.57 10.69-10.94	10.33-10.57 10.08-10.3 10.33-10.57 10.08-10.3 10.09-10.33 9.86-10.0 10.45-10.69 10.21-10.4	9.86-10.09 3 9 5	0.891-0.911 0.891-0.901
August 2	1.77 -1.79 \$ 1.77 -1.79 \$ 1.77 -1.79 \$ 1.77 -1.79 \$ 1.77 -1.79 \$ 1.75 \ \frac{1}{2} -1.75 \ \frac{1}{2} -1.78 \ \frac{1}{2} \ \frac{1}{2} \ \frac{1}{2} -1.78 \ \frac{1}{2} \ \frac{1}{2	1 74 -1 77	1.65 -1.68 1.71 -1.74 1.71 -1.74 1.71 -1.74 1.71 -1.74 1.69\frac{1}{2}-1.72\frac{1}{2}	1.713-1.74 1.65 -1.68 1.63\frac{1}{2}-1.66\frac{1}{2}	10.69-10.94	10.45-10.69 10.21-10.4 10.45-10.69 10.21-10.4 10.45-10.69 10.21-10.4 10.45-10.69 10.21-10.4 10.45-10.69 10.21-10.4 10.33-10.57 10.09-10.3	5	0.891-0.911
	1.751-1.781	1.721-1.751		1.63½-1.66½	100	9.97-10.21 9.74- 9.97 9.97-10.03 9.49- 9.74	7 9.49- 9.61 7 9.25- 9.49 4 9.25- 9.49	
Oct. 4	1.75½-1.78½ 1.79½-1.82½ 1.74 -1.77	1.7610-1.79	1.72½-1.75½	1.63½-1.66½	10.21-10.45	10.09-10.15 9.61- 9.86	9.37- 9.61	0.801-0.851
25	1.74 -1.77 1.74 -1.77 1.74 -1.77 1.75 -1.78				10.21-10.45 10.69-10.94	10.09-10.15 9.61-9.86 10.09-10.15 9.61-9.86 10.57-10.63 10.09-10.33 10.21-10.27 9.73-9.98	9.86-10.09	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0.75 & -0.77\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.77\frac{1}{2} - 0.80\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$
Nov. 1	1.77 -1.78 1	$\begin{array}{c} 1.74 & -1.75\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.75\frac{1}{2} -1.77 \\ 1.77\frac{3}{4} -1.79\frac{4}{5} \\ 1.77 & -1.78\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.74 & -1.74\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.71 & -1.72\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.72\frac{1}{2} -1.74 \\ 1.75\frac{1}{2} -1.77 \\ 1.74 & -1.75\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.71 & -1.71\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$		10.69-10.94 10.69-10.94 10.94-11.18	10.57-10.63 10.09-10.33 10.57-10.63 10.09-10.33 10.81-10.87 10.33-10.57 10.81-10.87 10.33-10.57	9.86-10.09 9.86-10.06 10.09-10.33	$0.85\frac{1}{3} - 0.88$ $0.82\frac{3}{4} - 0.85\frac{1}{3}$ $0.80\frac{1}{4} - 0.82\frac{3}{4}$
		1.75\frac{1}{2}-1.77\frac{1}{8} 1.75\frac{1}{2}-1.76\frac{1}{8} 1.75\frac{1}{2}-1.76\frac{1}{8} 1.78\frac{1}{2}-1.79\frac{1}{8} 1.81 -1.81\frac{3}{4}			10.81-11.06	10 .69-10 .75 10 .21-10 .45		0.82½-0.84¾ 0.77½-0.80¼
	P	1.77 {-1.78 }						0.771-0 801

22.—Prices in British Markets of Canadian Bacon and Hams, 1915. (Per cwt. of 100 lb.)

BACON.

		Sid	es.		Cumberl	and Cuts.
Date.	Bristol.	Liverpool.	London.	Glasgow.	Liverpool.	Glasgow.
January 6	\$ c. \$ c. 16.51-16.08 16.95-16.29 17.16-16.51 16.95-16.51	\$ c. \$ c. 16.29-15.43 16.51-16.08 16.73-16.29 16.95-16.51	\$ c. \$ c. 16.29-15.24 16.95-16.08 16.95-16.08 16.95-16.51	\$ c. \$ c.	\$ c. \$ c. 14.55-14.12 14.77-14.34 14.77-14.34 14.77-14.34	\$ c. \$ c.
Average	16.89-16.35	16.62-16.08	16.79-15.98	2 2	14.72-14.29	7
February 3	16.95-16.51 16.73-16.08 16.08-15.64 16.08-15.43	16.73-16.08 16.29-15.43 16.08-14.77 15.64-14.55	16.95-16.51 16.95-16.08 16.08-15.21 16.08-15.21		14.99-14.34 15.43-14.77 14.99-14.34 14.77-13.90	= =
Average	16.46-15.92	16.19-15.21	16.52-15.75		15.05-14.34	
March 3	15.86-14.99 16.08-15.21	15.64-14.55 15.64-14.55 15.86-14.55 16.08-14.99 16.51-15.21	16.08-15.21 16.08-15.21 16.08-15.21 16.29-15.64 16.73-16.08		14.34-13.69 14.55-13.69 14.77-13.90 14.99-14.12 15.21-14.12	
Average	15.99-15.12}	15.95-14.77	16.25-15.47		14.77-13.90	
April 7	16.29-15.43 16.73-15.86 16.95-16.08 17.38-16.51	16.51-15.21 16.51-15.43 16.95-15.43 16.95-15.64	16.73-15.64 17.16-16.08 17.16-16.08 16.95-16.08	= =	15.21-14.12 15.21-14.12 15.21-14.12 14.99-14.12	
Average	16.84-15.97	16.73-15.43	17.00-15.97		15.15-14.12	
May 5	18.24-17.38 18.69-17.81	17.81-16.29 18.24-17.60 18.91-17.81 19.35-18.69	17.81-16.51 18.47-17.38 18.47-17.38 19.13-18.69	17.81 - 18.69-18.64 18.69-18 24 19.13-18.69	15.43-14.55 16.51-15.86 17.16-16.51 17.60-16.95	
Average	18.41-17.54	18.58-17.60	18.47-17.49	18.58-18.52	16.68-15.97	
June 2 4 16 4 23 5 30	19 56-18 91	19.35-18.91 19.35-18.69 18.91-18.24 18.69-18.24 18.47-18.02	19.13-18.69 19.13-18.69 19.13-18.47 19.13-18.47 19.13-18.24	19.13 - 19.13-18.91 19.56 - 18.47-18.02 18.24-18.02	17.81-17.16 18.24-17.60 18.24-17.60 18.02-17.38 17.81-17.16	
Average	19.30-18.60	18.95-18.42	19.13-18.51	18.91-18.31	18.02-17.38	
July 7	18.91-18.24	19.13-17.60 19.13-16.73 19.13-16.51 19.13-16.73	19.13-18.02 19.13-18.24 19.13-18.24 19.13-18.24	19.13 - 18.91-18.69 18.91-18.69 19.13-18.69	17.81-17.16 17.81-17.16 17.81-17.16 17.81-17.16	
Average	18.97-18.13	19.13-16.89	19.13-18.19	19.02-18.69	17.81-17.16	-
August 4,	19.35-18.47	19.13-16.95 19.13-16.95 19.13-16.95 19.78-17.60	19.13-18.24 19.13-18.24 19.56-18.69 20.44-19.56	19.13-18.69 18.91-18.69 19.13-18.69 19.56 -	17.81-17.16 17.60-16.73 17.60-16.73 17.81-16.95	
Average	19.35-18.52	19.29-17.11	19.57-18.68	19.18-18.69	17.71-16.89	
September 1	20.88-17.81 20.88-17.81 20.88-17.81	20.44-18.02 20.44-18.02 20.66-18.69 20.66-18.69 20.66-18.91	20.66-19.56 20.66-19.56 20.66-19.56 20.66-19.56 20.66-19.56	20.66-20.44 20.66-20.22 20.66-20.22 20.66-20.22 20.66-20.22	17.81-16.95 18.24-16.95 18.69-16.95 19.56-17.38 19.56-17.38	
Average		20.57-18.47	20.66-19.56	20.66-20.26	18.77-17.12	

22.—Prices in British Markets of Canadian Bacon and Hams, 1915—concluded. (Per cwt. of 100 lb.)

BACON.

		Sic	des.		Cumberland Cuts.		
Date.	Bristol	Liverpool.	London.	Glasgow.	Liverpool.	Glasgow.	
October 6	20.88-19.56 21.00-20.00	\$ c. \$ c. 20.66-19.13 20.66-19.56 21.00-20.66 21.22-20.88	\$ c. \$ c. 20.66-19.56 20.66-19.56 20.66-19.56 20.66-19.56	\$ c. \$ c. 20.66-20.44 20.66-20.44 20.88-20.44 22.98-22.54 21.30-20.97	\$ c. \$ c. 19.78-17.60 20.22-18.02 21.22-18.69 21.00-18.69	\$ c. \$ c. 20 00 - 20.44 -	
November 3	20.44-19.56	20.88-20.22 20.44-19.78 20.44-19.78 20.66-20.00	20.66-19.56 20.66-19.56 20.66-19.56 20.66-19.56	20.88-20.44 20.66-20.44 20.66-20.44 20.66-20-44	20.88-18.69 20.44-18.69 20.44-18.69 20.44-18.69	20.00 -	
Average. December 1	20.66-19.78 20.66-20.00 20.22-19.35	20.66-20.00 20.66-20.00 20.66-20.00 20.22-19.56 19.78-19.13 19.78-19.13	20.66-19.56 20.66-19.56 20.66-19.56 20.22-19.56 20.22-19.56 20.22-19.35	20.72-20.44 20.66-20.22 20.66-20.44 20.22-20.00 20.22-20.00 20.44-20.22	20.55-18.69 20.66-18.91 20.44-18.91 20.00-18.69 19.56-18.69 19.35-18.47	20.00 -	
Average	20 . 22-19 . 30	20.22-19.56	20.40-19.52	20.44-20.18	20.00-18.73		

LONG CUT HAMS.

			20110	JOI IIIIIIII			
Date.	Bristol.	Liverpool.	London.	Date.	Bristol.	Liverpool.	London.
Jan. 6 " 13 20 " 27		16.29-15.86 16.29-15.64 16.08-15.43	16.51-15.64 16.51-15.64	July 7 " 14 " 21 " 28	\$ c. \$ c. 19.13-18.24 18.91-18.02 18.91-18.02 18.91-18.02	18.47-16.29 18.47-16.29	\$ c. \$ c. 18.69-17.81 18.69-17.81 17.60-16.73 17.38-16.08
Average	16.89-16.40	16.11-15.56	16.51-15.70	Average	18.97-18.08	18.64-15.56	18.09-17.11
Feb. 3 4 10 4 17 4 24				Aug. 4 " 11 " 18 " 25	18.69-17.81 18.69-17.81 18.24-17.16 18.24-17.16	18.24-16.08 18.02-15.86	17.81-16.51 17.81-16.51 17.38-16.08 17.38-16.08
Average	16.19-15.49	15.40-14.69	15.86-15.15	Average	18.47-17.49	18.24-15.75	17.60-16.30
March 3 " 10 " 17 " 24 " 31		14.55-14.01 14.55-14.01 14.77-14.12	14.77-13.90 14.77-13.90 14.99-13.90	Sept. 1 " 8 " 15 " 22 " 29	18.24-17.16 18.24-17.16 18.24-17.16 18.24-17.16 18.69-17.16	18.02-15.43 18.47-16.51 18.47-16.51	17.38-16.08 17.38-16.08 17.38-16.08 19.13-17.38 19.13-17.81
Average	15,13-14.51	14.68-14.08	14 .90-13 .99	Average	18.33-17.16	18.21-16.03	18.08-16.86
April 7 4 14 5 21 6 28	14.99-14.34	14.77-14.12 14.77-14.12	14.77-13.90 15.21-14.34	Oct. 6 13 20 27	18.69-17.16 18.91-17.38 19.56-18.24 19.56-18.24	18.91-16.73 19.56-17.38	
Average	15 .05-14 .39	14.77-14.12	15.10-14.17	Average	19.18-17.76	19.18-17.11	19.40-18.36
May 5 4 12 4 19 4 26	16.51-16.08 16.95-16.08	16.73-15.86 16.95-16.08	16.51-15.64 16.95-16.51	" 10 " 17	19.56-18.24 20.00-18.47 20.88-20.00	19.78-18.02	20.44-19.56 20.88-19.56 21.66-20.44 22.10-20.88
Average	16.46-15.75	16.51-15.75	16.78-26.13	Average	20.14-18.90	20.18-18.46	21.27-20.11
June 2 4 9 4 16 4 23 4 30	18.24-17.81 19.13-18.24 19.13-18.24	19.35-18.47 19.35-18.47 19.35-18.47	19.56-18.69 19.78-19.13 19.56-19.13	Dec. 1 8 4 15 4 22 29	1 11		22.32-21.66 23.42-22.10 22.54-21.66 22.54-21.66 21.66-21.00
Average	18.65-17.85	19.13-18.25	19.43-18.69	Average		-	22.10-21.62

23.—Prices in British Markets of Canadian Cheese, 1915.

(Per cwt. of 100 lb.)

Date. Bristol.	Liverpool. London.	Glasgow. Date.	Bristol. Liverpool.	London. Glasgow.
\$ c. \$ c	e. \$ c. \$ c. \$ c. \$ c.	\$ c. \$ c.	\$ c. \$ c. \$ c. \$ c.	\$ c. \$ c. \$ c. \$ c.
" 13 17.60-17.1	5 17.38–16.84 17.16–16.51 6 17.38–16.95 17.16–16.51 1 17.81–17.38 17.60–17.16	" 14	20.00-19.35 19.35-18.69 19.35-18.69 18.69-18.24 18.24-17.38 18.02-17.60	19.13-18.24 18.24 -1
4 27 18.69–18.2	4 18.47-18.02 18.69-18.24	" 28	17.81-16.95 17.49-16.84	16.51-15.64 16.51 -
Average. 17.98-17.5	4 17.76–17.30 17.65–17.11	17.81 - Average	18.85-18.09 18.39-17.84	18.25-17.49 17.68-16.51
	9 19.02-18.69 19.56-19.13 3 19.35-19.13 19.56-19.13		17.60-16.73 17.28-16.62 17.16-16.51 16.73-16.08	
" 17 19.56-19.3	5 19.67-19.46 19.56-19.13 5 19.56-19.35 20.00-19.35	" 18	16.73–16.08 16.40–15.86 16.51–15.86 15.97–15.43	16.51-15.64 15.64 -
Average. 19.45-19.1	3 19 .40-19 .16 19 .67-19 .19	Average	17.00-16.30 16.60-16.00	16.46-15.64 16.08-15.65
Mar. 3 19.56-19.3	5 19.35–19.13 20.22–19.78	Sept. 1	16.73-15.86 16.51-15.76	16.08-15.64 15.86-15.64
4 17 20.44-20.0	8 20.22-19.78 20.44-20.00 0 20.55-20.22 20.88-20.44 4 20.88-20.66 20.88-20.44	" 15	16.73-16.08 17.16-16.08 16.95-16.29 17.38-16.29 17.60-16.73 17.71-16.51	16.95-16.08 17.81-17.38
" 31 21.00-20.6	66 20.88-20.66 20.88-20.44	" 29	17.60-16.73 17.71-16.62	16.95–16.51 17.38–16.95
Average. 20.42-20.0	5 20.38-20.09 20.66-20.22	Average	17.12-16.34 17.29-16.25	16.69-16.12 17.20-16.86
April 7 21.22-20.8	88 20 . 88 – 20 . 66 21 . 22 – 20 . 44 20 . 88 – 20 . 66 21 . 22 – 20 . 44	Oct. 6	6 17.60-16.73 17.49-16.51 17.60-16.73 17.49-16.73	16.73-16.29 17.81-17.38 16.95-16.51 17.81-17.60
	0 20.88-20.66 21.22-20.44	" 20	18.02-17.38 18.02-17.16	17.38–16.73 18.69–18.24 18.69–17.81 18.47–18.24
Average. 21.22-20.9	7 20 .88-20.66 21 .22-20.44	Average	17.87-17.11 17.90-17.03	17.44-16.84 18.20-17.87
May 5 21,22-21.0	21.22-20.44	Nov. 3	18.24-17.60 18.69-17.81	18.69-17.81 18.69-18.47
" 12 21.22-21.0 " 19 21.22-21.0 " 26 21.22-21.0	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	" 10 17	18.91–18.24 19.35–18.47 19.35–18.91 19.56–18.80 19.78–19.13 20.00–19.13	19.35-18.69 19.13-18.69
Average. 21.22-21.0			19.07-18.47 19.40-18.55	No.
9 21.00-20.6	8 20.66-20.22 6 20.66-20.22 20.88-20.44 6 20.44-20.00 20.66-20.22	19 78 - " 15	20.22-19.56 20.33-19.56 20.22-19.56 20.44-19.78 20.22-19.56 20.44-19.78	20.00-19.56 20.22-20.00 20.22-19.56 20.22-20.00 20.44-19.78 20.22-20.00
" 23 19.78-19.1	3 19.56–19.13 20.44–19.56 6 19.56–19.13 20.22–19.56	19.35 - " 22	20.22-19.56 20.44-19.78 20.44-19.78 20.44-19.78	20.66-20.00 20.22-20.00
Average . 20.49-19.9	6 20 .18-19.74 20 .55-19.95	19.83 - Average	20.26-19.60 20.42-19.74	20.40-19.78 20.26-20.00

Prices of English Grain, 1641-1915.—Annual average prices of English wheat are available since 1641 and of English wheat, barley and oats from 1771. Table 24 showing the price of wheat from 1641 to 1770 is taken from Vol. 17, 1856, of the Journal of the Royal Agricultural Society of England, and Table 25 is from the Annual Agricultural Statistics of the English Board of Agriculture and Fisheries. The quotations in both tables are given in English shillings and pence

per guarter and in Canadian equivalents of dollars and cents per bushel of 60 lb. Throughout the whole period covered by the tables (1641-1914) the price of wheat was highest during the wars with Napoleon (1793-1815), and during the first fifteen years of the nineteenth century the annual average price never fell below \$1.76 per bushel, whilst on four occasions it exceeded \$3.19. The highest point was in 1812 when the yearly average was \$3.85. Prices fell after the conclusion of peace in 1815; but were maintained artificially by the Corn Laws (1791–1846). The repeal of the Corn Laws in 1846, which repeal took full effect on February 1, 1849, reduced prices for a few years, and in 1851 wheat was as low as \$1.17 per bushel; but the Crimean war (1853-6) followed by the Indian mutiny (1857-8) helped to maintain prices at a relatively high level, whilst the Franco-German war (1870-1) had a similar tendency. Periods of severe agricultural depression followed a series of bad seasons after 1876, when short returns were accompanied by falling prices owing to the cheap transportation of American grain. The price of wheat reached its lowest ebb of 70 cents per bushel in 1895. The average price for 1915 was \$1.61, and the price previous to the outbreak of the present war was \$1.04 on August 1, 1914.

24.—Yearly Average Prices of Wheat in England, 1641-1770.

Note.—The quarter (qr.) = 8 Imperial bushels of 60 lb. per bushel.

Year.	Per qr.	Per bush.	Year.	Per qr.	Per bush.	Year.	Per qr.	Per bush.	Year.	Per qr.	Per bush.
1641 1642 1643 1644 1644 1645 1646 1647 1650 1651 1655 1655 1655 1655 1656 1657 1658 1660 1661 1662 1663 1664 1665 1666 1666 1666 1667 1668 1669 1670 1670 1672 1672	s. d	\$ c 1.74 1.83 1.82 1.86 1.30 1.99 1.90 1.90 1.90 1.90 1.90 1.16 1.26 1.76 1.30 1.26 1.30 1.16 1.26 1.30 1.16 1.26 1.30 1.16 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30	1674 1675 1676 1677 1678 1679 1680 1681 1682 1683 1684 1685 1686 1687 1688 1689 1690 1691 1692 1693 1694 1695 1696 1697 1698 1699 1700 1701 1702 1703 1704 1705 1706	s. d. (61 0 61 0 61 0 61 0 61 0 61 0 61 0 61	\$ c 1.86 1.75 1.03 1.14 1.59 1.62 1.22 1.26 1.19 1.08 1.19 1.26 0.81 1.94 0.92 1.26 0.92 1.26 0.92 1.26 0.94 1.26 1.27 1.26 1.27 1.26 1.27 1.26 1.27 1.26 1.27 1.26 1.27 1.26 1.27 1.26 1.27 1.27 1.27 1.27 1.27 1.27 1.27 1.27	1707. 1708. 1709. 1710. 1711. 1712. 1713. 1714. 1715. 1716. 1717. 1718. 1719. 1720. 1721. 1722. 1724. 1725. 1724. 1725. 1724. 1727. 1728. 1729. 1731. 1732. 1733. 1734. 1733. 1734. 1735. 1736. 1737. 1738.	s. d. 25 4 36 100 69 9 69 44 8 0 41 2 4 44 9 38 2 4 44 4 9 38 2 10 7 6 31 1 1 32 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	\$ c 0.777 1.12 2.12 2.11 1.46 1.25 1.38 1.36 1.16 1.30 1.23 1.05 0.94 1.00 0.94 1.00 0.94 1.00 0.94 1.00 0.94 1.00 0.94 1.00 0.94 1.00 0.94 1.00 0.99 0.72 0.94 1.14 1.47 1.26 0.99 0.99 0.72 0.94 1.00 0.96 1.00 0.96	1739 1740 1741 1742 1743 1744 1745 1746 1747 1748 1749 1750 1751 1752 1753 1754 1755 1756 1757 1758 1758 1759 1760 1761 1762 1763 1764 1760 1761 1762 1763 1764 1765 1766 1767 1768 1768 1768 1768 1768 1769 1770	s. d. 34 2 45 1 1 5 30 22 1 1 22 1 1 22 1 1 22 1 3 4 8 30 11 3 32 10 34 2 2 3 39 2 8 30 9 1 40 1 1 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3	\$ c. 1.04 1.37 1.28 0.92 0.67 0.74 1.05 0.94 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.21 0.94 1.22 1.22 1.22 1.22 1.35 1.07 0.81 1.09 0.81 1.09 0.81 1.00

25.—Yearly Average Prices of Wheat, Barley and Oats in England and Wales, 1771-1915.

Note.—The quarter (qr.) = 8 Imperial bushels of 60 lb. per bushel for wheat, 50 lb. for barley and 39 lb. for oats.

La Sin	Wh	eat.	Bar	ley.	Oa	ts.		Whe	eat.	Bar	ley.	Oa	ts.
Year.	per qr.	per bush.	per qr.	per bush.	per qr.	per bush.	Year.	per qr.	per bush.	per qr.	per bush.	per qr.	per bush.
1771	s. d. 48 7	\$ c. 1.48	s. d. 26 5	\$e. 0.80	s. d. 17 2	\$ c. 0.52	1844	s. d. 51 3	\$ c. 1.56	s. d. 33 8	\$ c. 1.02	s. d. 20 7	\$ c. 0.62
1772 1773	52 3 52 7	1.59 1.60	26 1 29 2	0.79	16 8 17 8	0.51	1845 1846	50 10 54 8	1.55	31 8 32 8	0.96	22 6	0.68
1773 1774	54 3 49 10	1.65	29 4 26 9	0.89	18 4 17 0	0.56	1846 1847 1848 1849	69 9 50 6	2.12 1.54	44 2 31 6	1.34	23 8 28 8 20 6	0.87
1775 1776 1777 1778	39 4	1.20	20 9	0.63	15 5	0.47	1849	44 3	1.35	27 9	0.84	17 6	0.53
1778	46 11 43 3 34 8	1.43 1.32	21 1 23 4	0.70	16 1 15 7		1850 1851	40 3 38 6	1.17	23 5 24 9	0.74	17 6 16 5 18 7	0.50
1779 1780	34 8 36 9	1.05	20 1 17 6	0.61	14 5 13 2		1852 1853	40 9 53 3	1.24	28 6 33 2	0.87	19 1 21 0	0.58
1781	46 0	1.40	17 8	0.54	14 1 15 7	0.43	1854	72 5	2.20 2.27	36 0	1.09	27 11	0.85
1782 1783	54 3	1.65	31 3	0.95	20 5	0.62	1855 1856	69 2	2.10	41 1	1.24	27 5 25 2 25 0	0.83 0.77 0.76
1784 1785	50 4			0.87	18 10 17 8		1857 1858	56 4	1.71	42 1 34 8		25 0 24 6	0.76
1786 1787	40 0	1.22	25 1	0.76	18 6	0.56	1859	43 9	1.33	33 6	1.02		0.70
1788 1789	46 4	1.41	22 8	0.69	16 1		1860 1861 1862	53 3 55 4	1.68	36 7 36 1	1.10	23 2 24 5 23 9 22 7 21 2 20 1	0.74
1789 1790	52 9 54 9		23 6 26 3	0.71	16 6 19 5	0.50	1862	55 5 44 9	1.69	35 1 33 11		22 7 21 2	0.69
1791	48 7	1.48	26 10	0.82	18 1 16 9	0.55	1864	40 2 41 10	1.22	29 11 29 9	0.91		0.61
1792 1793	49 3	1.50	31 1	0.95	20 6	0.62	1865 1866	49 11	1.51	37 5	1.13	24 7	0.75
1794	52 3	2.29	37 5		21 3 24 5	0.65	1867 1868	64 5	1.96 1.94	40 0	1.22	26 0 28 1	0.79
1795 1796 1797	75 2 78 7 53 9	2.39	35 4	1.07	21 10 16 3	0.66	1869 1870	48 2 46 11	1.47	39 5	1.20	26 0 22 10	0.79
1798	51 10	1.58	29 0	0.88	19 5	0.59	1871	56 8	1.72	36 2	1.10	25 2	0.77
1799	1113 10		36 2 59 10		27 6 39 4	1.19	1872 1873	57 0 58 8	1.73 1.78	37 4 40 5	1.14	23 2 25 5	0.70
1801 1802 1803	119 6	3.63	68 8	2.08	37 0 20 4	1.13	1874 1875	55 9 45 2	1.70 1.37	44 11 38 5	1.37	28 10	0.88
1803	58 10	1.79	25 4	0.77	21 6	0.65	1876	46 2	1.40	35 2	1.07	26 3	0.80
1804 1805 1806	62 3 89 9	2.73	44 6	1.35	24 3 28 4	0.74	1877 1878	56 9 46 5	1.73 1.41	40 2	1.22	25 11 24 4	0.79
1806 1807	79 1 75 4		38 8 39 4		27 7 28 4	0.84	1879 1880	43 10 44 4	1.33 1.35	34 0 33 1		21 9 23 1	0.66
1808 1809	81 4	2.46	43 5	1.32	33 4	1.01	1881	45 4	1.38	31 11	0.97	21 9	0.66
1810	106 5	3.24	48 1	1.46	31 5 28 7 27 7	0.96 0.87	1882 1883	45 1 41 7	1.37		0.97	21 10 21 5	0.66
1811 1812	126 6	2.90 3.85	42 3 66 9	1.28	44 6	1.35	1884 1885	35 8 32 10	1.08	30 8 30 1	0.93	21 5 20 3 20 7	0.62
1813	109 9	3.34	58 6	1.78	38 6 25 8	1.17	1886 1887	31 0	0.94	26 7	0.81	19 0	0.58
1814 1815	74 4 65 7	1.99	30 3	0.92	23 7	0.78	1888	32 6 31 10	0.99	25 4 27 10	0.85	16 9	0.49
1816 1817	78 6 96 11				23 7 27 2 32 5 32 5	0.83	1889 1890	29 9 31 11	0.90	25 10 28 8		17 9 18 7	0.54
1818	86 3	2 62	53 10	1.64	32 5	0.99	1891	37 0	1.13	28 2	0.86	20 0	0.61
1819 1820	74 6 67 10	2.06	45 9 33 10	1.03	28 2 24 2	0.86 0.73	1892 1893 1894	26 4	0.92	25 7	0.80	18 9	0.60
1821 1822	56 1	1.71	26 0 21 10	0.79	19 6 18 1		1895	22 10 23 1	0.69	24 6 21 11		17 1 14 6	0.52
1823 1824	53 4	1.62	31 6	0.96		0.70	1896 1897	26 2 30 2	0.80	22 11	0.70		0.45
1825	68 6	2.08	40 0	1.22	25 8	0.78	1898 1899	34 0	1.03	27 2	0.82	18 5	0.56
1826 1827	58 8 58 8		34 4	1.04	26 8 28 2	0.81	1900	25 8 26 11	0.78	24 11	0.76	17 0 17 7	0.52
1828	60 5	1.84	32 10	1.00	22 6 22 9	0.68	1901	26 9 28 1	0.81	25 2	0.77	18 5 20 2	0.56
1829 1830	64 3	1.95	32 7	0.99	24 5	0.75	1903	26 9	0.81	22 8	0.69	17 2	0.52
1831	66 4 58 8	1.78	33 1	1.01	25 4 20 5	0.62	1904 1905	28 4 29 8	0.86	24 4	0.74	17 4	0.50
1832 1833 1834	52 11 46 2	1.61	27 6	0.84	18 5 20 11	0.56	1905 1906 1907	28 3 30 7	0.88	24 2	0.73	18 4 18 10	0.56
1835	39 4	1.20	29 11	0.91	22 0	0.67	1908	32 0	0.97	25 10	0.79	17 10	0.54
1836 1837	48 6 55 10	1.70	30 4	0.92	23 1 23 1	0.70	1910	36 11 31 8	0.82	26 10 23 1	0.70	18 11 17 4	0.58
1838 1839	64 7 70 8	1.96	31 5	0.96	22 5 25 11		1911 1912	31 8 34 9	0.96	27 3 30 8	0.83	18 10 21 6	0.57
1840	1 66 4	2.02	36 5	1.11	25 8	0.78	1913	31 8	0.96	27 3	0.83	19 1	0.58
1841 1842	57 3	1.95	27 6	0.83	22 5 19 3	0.58	1914	34 11 52 10	1.06	27 2 37 4	0.83 1.13	20 11 30 2	0.64
1843	50 1		29 6	0.91	18 4	0.56							1

Ocean Freight Rates for Grain.—One of the effects of the war has been a great advance in the cost of ocean freightage. This has not been due to any appreciable extent to the risk of hostile destruction, because the allied navies, and especially the British Navy, have been able to secure and retain practically an absolute control over the maritime The increased cost of freightage has been rather due to the general shortage of vessels through internment and especially the commandeering for purposes of military transport of vessels that would otherwise be employed in the shipping trade. In view of these conditions efforts have been made to collect for the purposes of statistical record the rates ruling for the trans-Atlantic carriage of grain, and especially of wheat, for as long a series of years as possible; and the accompanying tables are constructed from data furnished by the Shipping Federation of Canada and the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. (rates from Montreal) and the New York Produce Exchange and Mr. G. J. S. Broomhall of the Liverpool "Corn Trade News" (rates from New Table 26 shows the annual average steamship rates for heavy grain from Montreal to Liverpool during the navigation seasons 1861 to 1915. Table 27 gives the annual average steamship freights for wheat from New York to Liverpool for the years 1879 to 1915. 28 shows the average ocean rates on wheat from Montreal to Liverpool by months during the St. Lawrence navigation season from May to November, 1903 to 1915. Table 29 shows the rates from New York to Liverpool by weeks for the seven years 1909 to 1915. In each case the rates are expressed per bushel and per quarter in both Canadian and English currency.

26.—Annual Average Steamship Freight Rates for Heavy Grain from Montreal to Liverpool for the Navigation Seasons 1861-1915.

(Data furnished by the Shipping Federation of Canada, Montreal.)

Season.		uarter 80 lb.	Per boof 60		Season.	Per que of 48		Per b of 60		
18611 1862 1863 1864 1865 1866 1867 1868 1869 1870 1870 1871 1872 1874 1875 1876 1877 18880 18880 18881 18881 18881	7 6 7 10 0 5 8 2 4 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1	\$ c. 1.906 2.514 1.663 1.419 1.176 1.429 1.805 1.379 1.571 1.338 1.734 1.592 2.332 1.429 1.460 1.318 1.338 1.734 1.592 1.429 1.400 1.318 1.339 1.272 1	778 96 4 56 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	31 4 20 8 7 7 14 7 9 12 16 17 7 17 9 9 12 16 17 17 19 9 17 17 19 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1901 1902 1906 1907 11908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1914	8. d. 8 5 5 6 1 2 0 4 1 8 3 5 5 1 4 5 6 1 1 2 1 4 5 6 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$ c. 0.655 0.416 0.492 0.426 0.406 0.317 0.436 0.471 0.522 0.583 0.416 0.608 0.274 0.304 0.426 0.350 0.450 0.350 0.350 0.350 0.350 0.350 0.450 0.350 0	8. d. 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	cents 5.2 6.2 6.3 5.1 4.0 6.5 7.3 5.4 5.9 6.5 7.3 3.4 4.5 5.3 4.4 5.5 8.0 7.6 26.4	

¹Sailing vessels.

27.—Annual Average Steamship Freight Rates for Wheat from New York to Liverpool, 1879-1915.

(Data from the Annual Statistical Reports of the New York Produce Exchange.)

Season.	Per quarter of 480 lb.		Per bushel of 60 lb.		Season.	Per qu of 480		Per bushel of 60 lb.		
1879	s. d. 4 1½ 3 10½ 2 9 2 7½ 3 3¾ 2 1½ 2 1½ 1 7 1 7 1 8½	\$ c. .99 .93 .66 .66 .57 .51 .53 .40 .42 .63 .63 .39 .50 .42 .43 .41	5. d	cents 12.4 11.6 8.3 7.8 9.8 7.0 6.4 6.6 5.0 5.3 7.8 4.8 6.3 5.3 4.8 5.1	1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1809 1910 1911	s. d. 2 3½ 1 7½ 2 3 10 11½ 9 1 1½ 11½ 9 1 1 11½ 1 1½ 1 0½ 1 0½ 1 0½ 1 0½ 2 6 8 9½	\$ c. .55 .39 .54 .20 .23 .18 .26 .23 .28 .26 .24 .4 .32 .59 .45 .60 .210	8. d 37,7,7,6 c	cents. 6.8 4.8 6.8 2.8 2.8 3.3 3.1 4.6 7.7 7.8	

28.—Average Steamship Freight Rates for Wheat from Montreal to Liverpool by months during the St. Lawrence Navigation Seasons, 1903-1915.

(Data furnished by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.)

Season.	Per q of 48		Per b		Season.		uarter 80 lb.	Per b	
1903.	s. d.	\$ c.	s. d.	cents.	1907.	s. d.	\$ c.	s. d.	cents.
MayJuneJulyAugSeptOctNov	1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 ³ 1 0 ³ 1 0 ³	.243 .243 .243 .243 .243 .258 .258	15 12 12 12 12 12 12 16 16	3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.2 3.2		1 3 1 3 1 4 1 7 1 7 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4	.304 .304 .304 .334 .395 .395 .334	$\begin{array}{c} 1\frac{7}{6} \\ 1\frac{7}{6} \\ 1\frac{7}{6} \\ 2\frac{1}{1}\frac{7}{6} \\ 2\frac{1}{1}\frac{7}{6} \\ 2\frac{1}{1}\frac{6}{1} \end{array}$	3.8 3.8 3.8 4.3 4.8 4.8
May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov	6 51 6 6 6 6 7	.122 .106 .122 .122 .122 .122 .122 .152	लोक म्(C - जोक को क को क को क को क 5) (G मेन	1.5 1.3 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	May June July Aug	1 4½ 1 0 1 0 1 1½ 1 3½ 1 6 1 4½	. 334 .243 .243 .274 .319 .365 .334	$\begin{array}{c} 2\frac{1}{16} \\ 1\frac{1}{6} \\ 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 1\frac{1}{1} \\ 1\frac{1}{16} \\ 2\\ 2\frac{1}{4} \\ 2\frac{1}{16} \end{array}$	4.3 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.9 4.6 4.3
May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov	9 9 9 111 1 21 1 9 2 21	.183 .183 .183 .228 .289 .426 .532	1 to	2.3 2.3 2.3 2.9 3.6 5.3 6.7	May	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	.274 .274 .274 .243 .395 .334 .380	$\begin{array}{c} 1_{111}^{11} \\ 1_{111}^{11} \\ 1_{111}^{11} \\ 1_{11}^{11} \\ 2_{11}^{11} \\ 2_{11}^{11} \\ 2_{11}^{11} \\ 2_{38}^{11} \\ \end{array}$	3.4 3.4 3.0 4.8 4.3 4.8
May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov	1 3 1 3 11 ² 1 0 ² 1 5 ² 1 8 ² 1 3	.304 .304 .238 .258 .350 .435 .304	178 178 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127	3.8 3.8 3.0 3.2 4.4 5.4 3.8	MayJuneJulyAugSeptOct	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.258 .258 .198 .183 .258 .289 .334	$\begin{array}{c} 1_{116}^{9} \\ 1_{14}^{16} \\ 1_{4}^{1} \\ 1_{8}^{16} \\ 1_{136}^{16} \\ 2_{16}^{16} \end{array}$	3.2 3.2 2.5 2.3 3.2 3.6 4.3

28.—Average Steamship Freight Rates for Wheat from Montreal to Liverpool by months during the St. Lawrence Navigation Seasons, 1903-1915—concluded.

Season.		Per q of 48	uarte 0 lb.	er]	Per bushel of 60 lb.		Season.		Per q of 48	uarte 30 lb.		Per bushel of 60 lb.		
1911.	s.	d.	\$	e.	s.	d.	cents	1913.	s.	d.	\$	c.	s.	d.	cents
May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov 1912. May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov 1913.	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3	3 3 3 3 3 4 4 2 9 0 6 6 6 6 7 1 1 1 0 0 0		.304 .304 .319 .334 .441 .487 .608 .608 .608 .639 .517 .699		11110100 1/1010 0/4014004 1/10/10/10/10 0/4014004 1/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10	3.8 3.8 3.9 4.3 5.5 6.3 7.6 7.6 8.0 6.5 8.7 9.1	Oct Nov 1914. May June July Aug.	2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 6 7 7 8	10½ 9 7½ 6 6 6 6 6 0 3 6 0 0 0 0 0		.699 .669 .639 .365 .365 .365 .365 .487 .548 .608	1	4158 3156 214 214 3 38 34 9 102 10 2 10 2 10 2 10 2 10 2 10 2 10	7.6 8.3 8.0 4.6 4.6 4.6 6.3 6.9 7.6 18.3 21.3 21.3
MayJuneJulyAug	3 3 2 2	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 10\frac{1}{2} \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$.730 .730 .699 .608		41 41 41 41 41 31 41	9.1 9.1 8.7 7.6	SeptOct	8 9 13	0 6 0	- 1	1.947 2.312 3.163	1 1 1	0 2 ¹ / ₄ 7 ¹ / ₂	24.3 28.9 39.5

29.—Steamship Freight Rates for Wheat from New York to Liverpool during each week, 1909-1915.

(Data furnished by Mr. G. J. S. BROOMHALL, F.S.S., Editor, Liverpool "Corn Trade News" and by the New York Produce Exchange).

Monday.	Per quarter.	Per bushel.	Monday.	Per quarter.	Per bushel.
1909. Jan. 4 " 18 " 25 Feb. 1 to Oct. 4 Oct. 11 " 18 " 25 Nov. 1 " 15 " 22 " 29 Dec. 6 " 13 " 27 Average 1910. Jan. 3 " 17 " 24 " 31 Feb. 7 " 4 " 4 Mar. 7	S. d. \$ c. 1 03 0.25 1 05 0.25 1 2½ 0.29 1 2½ 0.29 1 2½ 0.32 1 4½0 0.32 1 4½0 0.32 1 6¼0 0.32 1 6¼0 0.32 1 6¼0 0.32 1 6¼0 0.32 1 6¼0 0.32 1 6¼0 0.32 1 6¼0 0.32 1 6¼0 0.32 1 6¼0 0.32 1 6¼0 0.32 1 6¼0 0.32 1 6¼0 0.32 1 4½0	2 1 1 2 3 3 15 1 3 3 63 3 63 1 1 3 3 63 3 63 1 1 3 5 3 15 1 3 6 1 1 3	May 2 May 2 May 2 May 2 May 16 May 23 May 30 May 2 May 30 May 22 May 27 May 27 May 21 May 25 May 27 May 28 May 29 Sept. 5 May 29 Sept. 5 May 29 Sept. 5 May 29 May 29	S. d. \$ c. 1 0 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 0.257 10 \(\frac{1}{4} \) 0.205 10 \(\frac{1}{4} \) 0.257 1 \(\frac{1}{4} \) 0.257 2 \(\frac{1}{4} \) 0.334 1 \(\frac{1}{4} \) 0.334 1 \(\frac{1}{4} \) 0.334 1 \(\frac{1}{4} \) 0.257 2 \(\frac{1}{4} \) 0.257 2 \(\frac{1}{4} \) 0.257 0 \(\frac{1}{4}	S. d. cents 11-14 2 56 11-14 2 5
" 14 21 28 April 4 11	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 10\frac{1}{4} & 0.205 \\ 10\frac{1}{4} & 0.205 \\ 10\frac{1}{4} & 0.205 \\ 10\frac{1}{4} & 0.205 \\ 1 & 0\frac{1}{2} & 0.257 \end{array}$	11/4 2 56 11/4 2 56 11/4 2 56 11/4 2 56 11/8 3 21	" 12 " 19 " 26 Average	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccc} 2\frac{1}{3} & 4 & 65 \\ 2\frac{1}{10} & 4 & 17 \\ 2\frac{1}{10} & 4 & 17 \\ 1\frac{3}{2} & 3 & 17 \end{array} $

29.—Steamship Freight Rates for Wheat from New York to Liverpool during each week, 1909-1915—con.

Monday.	Per qu	arter.	Per b	ushel.	Monday.	Per qu	uarter.	Per b	ushel.
1911.	s. d.	\$ c.	s. d.	cents.	1912.	s. d.	\$ c.	s. d.	cents.
Jan. 2 a 9 a 16 a 23 a 30 Feb. 6 a 23 a 20 a 27 Mar. 6 a 27 April 3 a 10 a 17 a 17 a 17 April 3 a 19 June 5 a 19 June 5 a 19 June 5 a 19 a 10 a 17 a 24 Aug. 7 a 11 a 24 Aug. 7 a 24 Aug. 10 a 24 Aug. 7 a 24 Aug. 7 a 24 Aug. 11 a 28 Sept. 4 a 18 a 28 Sept. 4	1 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.290 0.252	10.00 10.00	4 11 4 111 4 111 4 111 4 111 4 111 4 111 4 111 3 63 3 15 2 2 88 3 15 2 2 88 3 15 2 2 88 3 15 3 15 3 15 3 15 3 15 3 15 3 15 3 15	Apr. 1 " 8 " 15 " 22 " 29 May 6 " 13 " 20 " 27 June 4 " 11 " 18 " 25 July 1 " 15 " 22 " 29 Aug. 5 " 19 " 29 Aug. 5 " 19 " 20 " 12 " 19 " 20 " 12 " 29 Aug. 5 " 19 " 20 " 10 " 20 " 11 " 20 " 20 " 10 " 20 " 10 " 20 " 11 " 20 " 20 " 16 " 23 " 30 Oct. 7 " 14 " 21 " 22 " 21 " 22 " 20 " 16 " 23 " 30 Oct. 7 " 14 " 21 " 22 " 20 " 16 " 23 " 30 Oct. 7 " 14 " 21 " 22 " 20 " 16 " 23 " 30 Oct. 7 " 14 " 21 " 22 " 16 " 23 " 30 Oct. 7 " 14 " 11 " 18 " 25 Dec. 2 " 9 " 16 " 23	2 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	0,650 0,607 0,607 0,599 0,531 0,492 0,453 0,453 0,453 0,453 0,450 0,410 0,410 0,410 0,410 0,410 0,410 0,410 0,650 0,731 0,809 0,809 0,851 0,890 0,80 0,8	The contract of the contract o	8 1: 7 5: 7 7 5: 6 6: 6 6: 5 6: 5 6: 5 6: 5 6: 5 6: 5 1: 5 1: 5 1: 5 1: 5 1: 6 1: 6 1: 8 1: 9 14 11 10 11 10 6: 9 6: 10 11 11 12 10 64 10 11 10
" 9 " 16 " 23 " 30 Nov. 6 " 13 " 20 " 27 Dec. 4 " 11 " 18 " 25	1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 1	0.453 0.492 0.453 0.492 0.492 0.492 0.492 0.493 0.492 0.569 0.569	3 22 3 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	5 66 6 15 5 66 6 15 6 15 5 66 6 15 7 11 7 11 6 64	Jan. 6 a 13 a 20 a 27 Feb. 3 a 10 a 17 A 24 Mar. 3	2 6 2 5 2 5 2 5 2 5 2 5 2 5 2 5 2 5 2 5	0.603 0.554 0.554 0.650 0.492 0.492 0.453 0.505 0.548	30 30 30 4 7 1 1 3 2 3 3 3 2 4 5 3 3 3 2 4 5 3 3 3 2 4 5 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	7 54 6 93 6 93 6 93 8 13 6 15 5 66 6 85
Jan. 1 a 8 a 15 a 22 a 29 Feb. 5 a 12 a 19 a 26 Mar. 4 a 18 a 25	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	0.326 0.531 0.569 0.492 0.650 0.650 0.650 0.607 0.607 0.607	-122 -123 -124 -124 -124 -124 -124 -124 -124 -124	6 64 6 64 7 11 6 15 8 13 8 13 7 11 8 13 7 59 7 59 8 13	Mar. 3 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	0.548; 0.492; 0.492; 0.453; 0.492; 0.492; 0.569; 0.569; 0.569; 0.569; 0.531; 0.492; 0.492; 0.372; 0.372; 0.372;	35.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.	6 85 6 15 6 15 5 66 6 15 6 15 7 11 7 11 7 11 6 64 6 64 6 15 5 66 4 65

29.—Steamship Freight Rates for Wheat from New York to Liverpool during each week, 1909-1915—concluded.

Monday.	Per quarter.	Per b	ushel.	Monday.	Per qua	arter.	Per b	ushel.
1913.	s. d. \$ c.	s. d.	cents.	1914.	s. d.	\$ c.	s. d.	cents.
July 7 4 14 228 Aug. 4 11 4 25 Sept. 1 8 8 15	1 6 8 0. 1 6 8 0. 1 6 8 0. 1 6 8 0. 1 1 1 0. 1 8 1 0. 1 6 1 0.	172 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 65 4 65 4 65 4 65 4 65 5 88 5 13 4 56 4 56 4 05	Oct. 26 Nov. 2 " 9 " 16 " 23 " 30 Dec. 7 " 14 " 21 " 28	2 10 2 10 3 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 8 4 10 5 4 6 9	0.640 0.680 0.840 1.040 1.040 1.120 1.160 1.280 1.620	44444566677789	8 00 8 50 10 50 13 00 13 00 14 20 14 50 16 00 18 00
22 29 Oct. 6 13	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	85 2 ² / ₅ 66 2 ¹ / ₁₀	4 56 4 81 5 82 5 57	Average	2 0,7	0.494	312	6 17
" 20 " 27 Nov. 3 " 10 " 17 " 24 Dec. 1 " 8 " 15 " 22 " 29	1 11 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 57 4 56 5 06 5 06 5 06 4 05 4 05 4 05 4 05 4 05	Jan. 4 " 11 " 18 " 25 Feb. 1 " 8 " 15 " 18 " 15	6 0 6 8 6 8 6 8 7 0 7 4 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1	1.440 1.440 1.600 1.600 1.600 1.680 1.760 1.944 1.944 1.944	9 9 10 10 10 10 10 11 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0	18 00 18 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 21 00 22 00 24 30 24 30 24 30
Average	1 103 0.4	43 22	5 54	" 22 " 29 April 5	8 1½ 8 1½ 8 1½	1.944 1.944 1.944	1 0 1 0 1 0	24 30 24 30 24 30
Jan. 5 " 12 " 19 " 26 Feb. 2 " 16 " 23 Mar. 2 " 16 " 23 Mar. 2 " 16 " 23 May 4 " 11 " 25 June 1 " 8 " 15 " 22 July 6 " 13 " 22 " 27 Aug. 3 to Sept. 14 " 21 " 22 Coct. 5 " 12 " 19	1 8 0.4 1 4 0.3 1 4 0.3 1 4 0.3 1 4 0.3 1 1 0.3 1 1 0 0.2 1 1 0 0.2 1 1 0 0.2 1 1 0 0.2 1 1 0 0.2 1 1 0 0.2 1 1 0 0.2 1 1 0 0.2 1 1 0 0.2 1 1 0 0.2 1 1 0 0.2 1 1 0 0.2 1 1 0 0.2 1 1 0 0.2 1 0 0.3 1 8 0.4 1 8 0.4 1 1 0 0.4	24 20 2 20 2 20 2 20 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	5 00 5 00 4 00 4 00 4 00 4 00 3 75 3 75 5 70 5 70	May 3 4 19 4 26 May 3 4 10 6 17 6 28 17 6 14 18 19 6 19 6 20 6 11 6 20 7 21 8 19 8 20 8 20 8 20 8 27 Oct. 4 11 18 22 18 22 19 20 21 21 22 24 25 27 Average	88 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1. 944 1. 840 1. 840 1. 840 1. 840 1. 944 1. 944 1. 944 1. 944 1. 944 1. 680 1. 680 1. 680 1. 760 1. 600 1.	10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 10 10 1	24 30 23 00 23 00 23 00 23 00 24 30 24 30 24 30 24 30 21 00 21 00 21 00 21 00 21 00 21 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 24 30 24 30 24 30 24 30 24 30 24 30 24 30 24 30 24 30 25 00 26 00 27 00 38 50 38 50 38 50 38 50

World's Production of Cereals and Potatoes.—Table 30, reproduced from the Bulletin of Agricultural and Commercial Statistics of the International Agricultural Institute, but with the metric weights and measures converted into Canadian equivalents, shows the areas and yields of wheat, rye, barley, oats, corn and potatoes in the principal countries of the world for the years 1914 and 1915 in the northern hemisphere, and for the years 1914-15 and 1915-16 for the southern hemisphere (Argentina, Australia and New Zealand). Owing to the war, data from Germany, Austria, Bulgaria, Serbia and Belgium are missing. For European Russia the figures of 1914 relate to 54 governments, but those of 1915 to 46 governments only.

30.-World's Production of Cereals and Potatoes, 1914-15.

Crops and Countries.	1914.	1915.	Per cent. of 1914.	1914.	1915.	Per cent. of 1914.	1914.	1915.
	000	000		000	000		bush.	bush.
	acres.	acres.	p.c.	bush.	bush.	p.c.	per	per
Wheat-	acres.	acres.	p.c.	Dusii.	Dusii.	p.c.	acre.	acre.
Denmark	134	164	123.1	5,788	7,950	137.4		
France	14,976	14,065	93.9	282,691	237,806	84.1	18.88	16.95
Great Britain and	22,000	22,000	00.0	202,001	201,000	01.1	10.00	10.00
Ireland	1,905	2,333	122.5	62,432	74,122	118.7	32.77	31.73
Hungary	8,623	8,205	95.1	105,238	151,406	143.9	12.34	
Italy	11,783	12,502	106.1	169,444	170,542	100.6	14.42	13.68
Rumania	5,218	4,705	90.2	46,296	89,787	193.9	8.92	19.03
Russia in Europe.	61,660	64,619		573,297	653,080	-	9.37	-
Russia in Asia	14,249	14,543	102.0	179,348	143,849	80.2	12.64	9.96
Spain	9,681	10,037	103.7	116,090	139,299	120.0	12.04	13.83
Sweden	-	299	-	8,472	9,170	108.2		30.63
Switzerland	103	114		3,278	3,957	120.7	31.82	34.80
Canada	10,294	12,986		161,283	336,304	208.5	15.61	28.98
United States	53,542	59,899		891,031		113.5		
India	28,464	32,230		312,032	383,376	122.9	11.00	
Japan	1,174	1,250	106.5	21,645			18.44	
Egypt	1,301	1,582		32,832	39,148	119.2	25.28	
Tunis	1,003	1,112		2,205		500.0	2.23	9.96
Algeria	3,368	3,209		100 470	34,655	100 5	10 05	10.85
Argentina		16,420		168,470		102.5 575.6	10.85 2.08	
Australia New Zealand		11,500		24,844 6,644		110.0		22.01
Rye—	450	999	140.1	0,044	1,509	110.0	21.50	22.01
Denmark	607	571	85.8	11,147	13,343	119.7	18.32	25.65
France					45,450	107.2		15.29
Ireland			98.8		218	98.2		29.31
Hungary						-	15.29	
Italy				5,260		82.9	17.37	14.82
Rumania						149.7	9.40	
Russia in Europe.				793,047		-	11.95	-
Russia in Asia				39,037	28,374	72.7	12.75	7.01
Spain	. 1,887						12.75	15.45
Sweden		965		27,599	23,118	83.8	-	23.90
Switzerland	. 61							
Canada	. 111					118.7	18.16	21.32
United States	. 2,541					115.0		17.21
Argentina	. 228	212	92.7	1,811	2,008	110.9	7.97	9.56
								1

30.-World's Production of Cereals and Potatoes, 1914-15.-con.

Crops and Countries.	1914.	1915.	Per cent. of 1914.	1914.	1915.	Per cent. of 1914.	1914.	1915.
	000 acres.	000 acres.	p.c.	000 bush.	000 bush.	p.c.	bush. per acre.	bush. per acre.
Barley— Denmark France Great Britain and	596 1,780	643 1,712	107.9 96.2	22,746 44,819	28,065 36,113	123.4 80.6	38.10 25.09	43.68 21.19
Ireland Hungary Italy	1,871 3,518 610	1,523 2,796 608	81.4 100.7 99.7	67,214 65,266 6,917	49,103 55,511 11,051	73.0 85.1 159.8	35.92 23.42 11.34	32.20 19.89 18.22
Rumania Russia in Europe. Russia in Asia Spain	1,405 29,906 1,159 3,404	1,371 28,428 1,624 3,786	97.6 140.1 111.2	24,647 375,896 19,796 72,272	29,031 380,793 18,056 82,764	91.2 114.5	17.47 12.64 17.10 21.19	21.19 11.15 21.93
Sweden Switzerland Canada	15 1,496	438 16 1,509	106.4 100.9	12,195 528 36,200	14,254 588 53,331	116.9 111.3 147.3	34.94 24.16	32.53 36.62 35.33
United States Japan Egypt Tunis	7,565 3,294 398 787	7,395 3,190 463 1,038	97.7 96.8 116.3 131.9	194,949 91,360 11,079 3,215	237,004 100,863 13,747 11,482	121.6 110.4 124.1 357.1	25.84 27.69 27.88 4.09	31.97 31.60 29.74 11.15
Algeria New Zealand	3,133 18	2,703	86.3 162.4	622	39,866	-	33.83	14.68
Oats— Denmark France Great Britain and	1,059 8,873	1,023 8,451	96.7 95.2	44,440 299,610	48,956 242,912	110.2 81.1	41.99 33.85	47.26 28.86
Ireland Hungary Italy	3,979 2,656 1,216	4,159 2,637 1,208	104.5 99.3 99.4	189,619 81,447 25,249	205,310 75,404 29,594	108.3 92.6 117.2	49.07 30.70 20.73	49.36 28.60 24.40
Rumania	1,056 40,542 6,380 1,304	1,065 38,284 7,142 1,403	100.8 111.9 107.6	23,823 680,017 153,033 29.390	28,172 725,096 130,643 34,775	118.3 - 85.4 118.3	22.57 16.79 23.88 22.57	26.50 - 18.37 24.67
Sweden Switzerland Canada United States	- 83 10,061	1,971 92 11,365	- 110.6 112.9	49,466 4,883 313,075	85,941 5,278 520,103	173.7 108.1 166.1	58.52 31.23	40.41 57.20 45.76
Japan. Tunis	38,443 124 99 573	40,781 162 148 590	100.1 130.4 150.0 103.1	1,073,941 5,478 648 -	1,449,756 6,654 3,242 14,195	135.0 121.5 500.0	27.82 44.08 6.6	35.42 40.94 21.78 24.14
Argentina New Zealand Corn—	2,869 288	2,565 380	89.4 132.0	53,884 13,118	70,853 14,593	131.5 111.2	18.89 45.66	27.55 38.58
France	1,128 6,015 3,888	766 6,194 3,954	67.9 103.0 101.7	22,530 172,310 105,007	180,543 118,105	104.8 112.5	19.91 28.58 26.92	29.16 29.79
Rumania	5,104 3,194 6 1,137	5,207 4,036 17 1,152	102.0 - 297.6 101.3	109,550 81,105 43 30,325	98,421 63,174 322 29,096	89.8 757.6 95.9	21.51 28.36 7.33 26.77	18.96 - 18.64 25.33
Switzerland	3	3	119.3	106	138	129.6	37.76	40.94

30.-World's Production of Cereals and Potatoes, 1914-15-concluded.

Crops and Countries.	1914.	1915.	Per cent. of 1914.	1914.	1915.	Per cent. of 1914.	1914.	1915.
	000 acres.	000 acres.	p.c.	000 bush.	000 bush.	p.c.	bush. per acre.	bush. per acre.
Corn—con. Canada United States	256 103,436	253 108,322		2,672,782	3,054,509		25.81	28.20
Japan Egypt Argentina New Zealand	$ \begin{array}{r} 141 \\ 1,763 \\ 10,386 \\ 5\frac{1}{2} \end{array} $	144 1,907 9,931	102.1 108.2 95.6 132.0	338,238		99.9	26.61 37.86 32.50 51.78	=
Potatoes— Hungary France	1,513 3,676	1,577 3,225	104.2 87.7		213,033	107.2	129.07	132.79 103.20
Great Britain and Ireland Italy	1,197 716	1,202 724	100.4 101.0	279,121 61,105	281,502 56,769	100.8 92.9	233.10 85.20	233.36 78.36
Luxemburg Netherlands Rumania	37 416 26 137	37 421 28	106.9	92,806 2,654	87,757	94.6	101.70	206.84
Switzerland Canada United States Japan	476 3,711	159 479 3,761 194	100.6 101.3	85,673 409,928	62,605 359,109	73.1 87.6	180.07 110.48	242.67 130.85 95.46 129.07

World's Statistics of Farm Live Stock.—Table 31 shows the numbers of farm live stock in the principal countries of the world, as derived from the publications of the International Institute of Agriculture, and especially the Institute's International Year Book of Agricultural Statistics, 1913 and 1914, which was issued in 1915. The descriptions of live stock included are horses, asses and mules, cattle and buffaloes, sheep, goats and swine.

31.—Numbers of Farm Live Stock by Principal Countries of the World, 1905 and 1914.

NOTE—C = Census; E = Estimate.

	Date	est 1905.	Date	Increase(+)				
Countries.	Actual date.		No.	Actual date.		No.	or decrease(—)	
Horses-								
Great Britain	1905	E	1,572,433	1914	E	1,296,188	-276,245	
Ireland	1905	E	608,994	1914	E	619,345	+ 10,351	
Canada	1901	C	1,577,493	1911	C	2,595,912	+ 1,018,419	
India	1904-05	E	1,370,055	1913-14	E	1,812,710	+ 442,655	
Egypt	1907	E	54,666	1913	E	47,911		
Mauritius	1904-05	E	728		E	413		
South Africa	1904	C	449,539	1911	C	714,414		
Australia	1905	E	1,674,790		E	2,521,983		
New Zealand	1904-05	E	314,322	1913-14	E	404,284	+ 89,962	
Total	-		7,623,020	-	_	10,013,160	+ 2,390,140	

31.—Numbers of Farm Live Stock by Principal Countries of the World, 1905 and 1914—con.

Note-C=Census; E=Estimate.

	Date nearest 1905.			Date nearest 1914.				Increase (+)	
Countries.	Actual d	ate.	No.	Actual	late.	No.	dec	or crease (—)	
Horses—con. Austria Hungary Belgium Bulgaria Denmark France Algiers Tunis Germany Italy Luxemburg Netherlands	1900 1905 1895 1905 1903 1905 1905 1905 1900 1876 1904 1904	CECCCERECCCE	1,716,488 1,795,128 271,527 538,271 486,935 3,169,224 221,140 33,739 4,195,361 657,544 19,449 295,277	1910 1913 1910 1910 1914 1914 1912 1913 1912 1908 1910 1913	CECCCEEECCCC	1,802,848 2,005,019 317,080 477,733 568,240 3,230,700 221,178 37,416 4,523,059 955,878 18,625 334,445	++ +++++ +	86,363 209,891 45,550 60,538 81,305 61,476 38 3,677 327,698 298,334 824 39,168	
Norway. Portugal. Russia in Europe. Russia in Asia. Serbia. Spain. Sweden. Switzerland. Japan. United States. Argentina. Chili. Costa Rica. Cuba. Uruguay.	1907 1870 1905 1905 1905 1907 1905 1906 1905 1906 1905 1906 1905 1906 1906	CCEECEEEECCECEC	163,780 87,476 24,323,294 4,788,490 174,363 451,005 554,999 135,372 1,367,615 21,203,901 4,445,859 746,150 51,887 334,694 561,408	1912-13 1914 1912	ECEECEEEECECEC	167,714 87,764 23,860,178 6,577,693 152,523 525,853 596,136 144,128 1,582,125 23,015,902 9,427,000 553,869 52,095 560,580 556,307	+ + + + + + + + +	3,934 289 463,116 1,789,203 21,840 74,848 41,137 8,756 214,510 1,812,001 4,981,141 192,281 208 225,886 5,101	
Total	-	-	80,413,396	-	-	92,365,249	+	11,951,853	
Asses and Mules— Ireland. India. Mauritius. South Africa New Zealand.	©1905 1902-05 1904-05 1904-05	EEECE	274,290 1,360,471 143 276,664 448	1912-14 1913-14 1911	EEECE	275,429 1,764,442 196 430,641 404	++++	1,139 403,971 53 153,977 44	
Total	-	-	1,912,016		-	2,471,112	+	559,096	
Austria. Hungary. Belgium. Bulgaria. France. Algiers. Tunis. Germany. Italy. Luxemburg. Portugal. Serbia. Spain.	1876 1904 1870 1905	CECCEEECCCCCE	66,647 14,936 6,915 136,027 564,046 451,757 199,575 7,848 968,114 22 188,640 1,986 1,584,423	1910 1910 1913 1912 1913 1912 1908 1910 1906 1910	CECCEEECCCCCE	73,408 17,062 10,549 130,398 552,960 462,615 117,987 13,147 1,238,060 201,736 1,622 1,758,330	++ + +++	6,761 2,126 3,634 5,629 11,086 10,858 81,588 5,299 269,946 7 7 13,096 364 173,907	

31.—Numbers of Farm Live Stock by Principal Countries of the World, 1905 and 1914—con.

Note—C=Census; E=Estimate.

Tions C - Consus, n - Estimate.									
	Date:	neare	est 1905.	Date nearest 1914.			Increase (+)		
Countries.	Actual	date.	No.	Actual	late.	No.	decrease (—)		
Asses, and Mules-									
con.	1000	-	4.000	4044	~				
Switzerland United States	1906 1900	E	4,832 $3,548,535$	1911 1910	E	4,717 $4,602,340$	- 115 $+$ 1,053,805		
Argentina	1895	Č	483,369	1908	Č	750,125			
Chili	1906	E	83,092	1912-13	E	64,796			
Costa Rica	1905	C	3,087	1914	C	2,576	— 511		
Cuba Uruguay	1906 1900	E	47,228 22,992	1912 1908	E	43,490 22,099	- 3,738 - 893		
Total	_		10,296,087	_	_	12,539,158	+ 2,243,071		
Cattle-	STORY OF								
Great Britain	1905	E	6,987,020	1914	E	7,092,918			
Ireland	1905	E	4,645,215	1914	E	5,051,645			
Canada India	1901 1902-05	E	5,576,451 85,289,297	1911 1912-14	E	6,533,436	+ 956,985 $+$ 51,776,502		
Egypt	1905	E	655,156	1913	E	637,098	— 18,058		
Mauritius	1904-05	E	6,722	1913-14	E	22,141			
South Africa	1904	CE	3,500,453	1911	E	5,796,949 11,483,882			
Australia New Zealand	1905 1904-05	E	8,528,331 1,736,850	1913 1910-11	E	2,020,171			
Total	_		116,925,495	-	-	175,704,039	+ 58,778,544		
Austria	1900	C	9,511,170	1910	C	9,160,009	— 351,161		
Hungary	1905	E	5,371,520	1913	E	6,045,184			
Belgium	1895	C	1,420,978	1910 1910	C	1,879,754 1,603,182	$ \begin{array}{cccc} + & 458,776 \\ - & 92,351 \end{array} $		
Bulgaria Denmark	1905 1903	C	1,695,533 1,840,466	1914	C	2,462,862			
France	1905	E	14,315,552	1914	E	13,120,649	- 1,194,90		
Algiers	1905	E	1,067,404	1912	E	1,106,801			
Tunis	1905 1900	E	176,883	1913 1912	E	217,304 20,182,021			
Germany Italy	1881	Č	18,939,692 4,772,162	1908	C	6,198,861			
Luxemburg	1904	C	94,707	1910	C	94,183	- 524		
Netherlands	1904	E	1,690,463	1913	C	2,096,599			
Norway	1907 1870	C	1,088,635	1910 1906	E	1,133,613 703,198			
Portugal Russia in Europe.	1905	E	39,453,556	1912	E	34,547,348			
Russia in Asia	1905	E	5,590,248	13.5-	-	6,808,962	+ 1,218,714		
Serbia	1905	E	962,503	1912	E	957,105			
Spain Sweden	1907 1905	E	2,212,013 2,549,928	1912 1913	E	2,561,894 2,720,741			
Switzerland	1906	E	1,498,144	1911	E	1,443,483			
Japan	1905	E	1,167,610	1913	E	1,388,708	+ 221,098		
United States	1900	C	69,335,832	1910	CE	63,782,648			
Argentina Chili	1895 1906	E	21,705,526 $2,674,666$	1912 1912-13	E	29,120,000 2,083,997	+ 7,414,474 $-$ 590,669		
Costa Rica	1905	Č	308,160	1914	C	336,061	+ 27,901		
Cuba	1906	E	2,170,606	1912	E	2,829,553	+ 658,947		
Uruguay	1900	С	6,827,428	1900	С	8,192,602	+ 1,365,174		
Total	_	_	335,991,457	_	-	398,381,361	+62,389,904		

31.—Numbers of Farm Live Stock by Principal Countries of the World, 1905 and 1914—con.

Note—C=Census; E=Estimate.

. Note—C—Census, E—Estimate.									
	Date	near	est 1905.	Date	near	est 1914.	Increase (+)		
Countries.	Actual date.		No.	Actual date.		No.	decrease(—)		
Sheep—				S W			B-75E 150		
Great Britain Ireland Canada India Mauritius South Africa Australia New Zealand	1905 1905 1901 1902-05 1904-05 1904 1905 1904-05	E E C E E C E E	25,257,196 3,749,352 2,510,239 23,879,454 765 16,322,503 74,540,916 19,130,875	1913-14 1913 1913	EECEEEEEE		$\begin{array}{l} - & 148,771 \\ - & 334,937 \\ + & 7,353,611 \\ + & 599 \\ + & 19,388,340 \\ + & 10,516,486 \end{array}$		
Total		-	165,391,300	-	-	206,862,834	+ 41,471,534		
Austria Hungary Belgium Bulgaria Denmark France Algiers Tunis Germany Italy Luxemburg Netherlands Norway Portugal Russia in Europe Russia in Europe Russia in Serbia Spain Sweden Switzerland Japan United States Argentina Chili Costa Rica Uruguay	1900 1905 1895 1905 1905 1905 1905 1906 1881 1904 1904 1907 1870 1905 1905 1905 1906 1905 1906 1905 1906 1905 1906 1905	CECCCEEECCCECCEECEEECCECC	9,692,501 6,589,063 235,722 8,130,997 876,830 17,783,209 9,062,636 890,284 9,692,501 8,596,108 8,789 606,785 1,391,168 2,977,456 53,437,512 11,260,151 3,160,166 13,727,695 1,074,386 209,997 3,590 61,735,014 74,379,562 4,528,109 250 18,608,717	1910 1913 1910 1914 1914 1912 1913 1912 1908 1910 1906 1912 1912 1910 1912 1913 1911 1913 1911 1913 1910 1912 1913 1911 1913 1911 1912 1912-13 1914 1908	CECCCEEECCCCCECEECEEECEECC	5,803,445 6,559,858 185,373 8,632,388 514,918 14,559,586 8,338,023 728,540 5,803,445 11,162,926 5,580 842,018 1,398,383 3,072,988 42,735,567 14,519,629 3,818,997 15,829,954 988,163 161,414 2,946 52,838,748 83,546,000 4,567,104 122 26,286,296	$\begin{array}{c} -29,205 \\ -50,349 \\ +50,349 \\ -361,912 \\ -3,223,623 \\ -724,613 \\ -161,744 \\ -3,889,056 \\ +2,566,818 \\ -3,209 \\ +235,233 \\ +7,215 \\ -10,701,945 \\ +3,259,478 \\ +658,831 \\ -2,102,259 \\ -86,223 \\ -48,583 \\ -8,896,266 \\ -8,896,266 \\ +9,166,438 \\ -8,896,266 \\ +9,166,438 \\ -8,996,566 \\ -8,996,566 \\ -8,996,566 \\ -8,996,566 \\ -8,996,566 \\ -8,996,566 \\ -8,996,566 \\ -8,996,566 \\ -8,996,566 \\ -8,996,566 \\ -8,996,566 \\ -9,166,438$		
Total			484,050,498		-	519,765,335	+ 35,714,837		
Goats-	FINE!								
Great Britain and Ireland India Mauritius South Africa	1905 1902-05 1904-05 1904	EEC	284,069 24,802,852 5,223 9,770,545	1914 1912-14 1913-14 1913	EEE	242,243 30,672,585 8,925 11,520,744	+ 5,869,733 + 3,702		
Total		_	34,862,689		_	42,444,497	+ 7,581,808		

31.—Numbers of Farm Live Stock by Principal Countries of the World, 1905 and 1914—con.

Note-C=Census; E=Estimate.

	Date	est 1905.	Date	near	Increase(+)			
Countries.	Actual date.		No.	Actual date.		No.	decrease(—)	
Casta son	30 July 3-1		Til-sun	19-35-19				
Goats-con.	1900	C	1,019,664	1910	C	1,256,778	+ 237,114	
Austria	1906	E	230,811	1911	C	268,752	+ 37,941	
Hungary	1895	C	241,045		C	217,823	23,222	
Belgium	1905	Č	1,384,116		C	1,459,344		
Bulgaria	1903	C	38,984		Č	40,670		
Denmark	1905	E	1,476,957	1913	E	1,453,230		
France	1905	E	4,030,208		E	3,772,424	- 257,784	
Algiers	1905	Ē	466,786		E	505,417		
Tunis	1900	C	3,266,997	1912	C	3,410,396		
Germany	1881	C	2,016,307	1908	Č	2,714,878		
Italy	1904	C	11,854	1910	Č	10,315		
Luxemburg	1904	E	165,497	1913	C	232,478		
Netherlands	1907	C	295,777	1910	E	287,686		
Norway	1870	C	936,869	1906	C	1,034,218		
Portugal	1905	C	510,063	1910	C	630,579		
Serbia	1907	E	2,807,963	1912	E	3,116,226		
Spain	1907	E	66,560	1913	E	71,054		
Sweden	1905	E	362,117	1913	E	341,296		
Switzerland	1905	E	72,121	1913	E	89,488		
Japan	1900	Č	1,948,952		C	3,029,795		
United States	1895	č	2,748,860	1910 1908	C	3,945,986		
Argentina	1906	E	476,739		E	288,056		
Chili		C	906	1912-13	C	522	— 384	
Costa Rica	1905	C	20,428		Č	19,951	— 477	
Uruguay	1900		20,428	1900		19,551	711	
Total	-	-	59,459,270	-	-	70,641,859	+ 11,182,589	
Swine-	The same of	140						
Great Britain	1905	E	2,424,919	1914	E	2,634,249	+ 209,330	
Ireland	1905	E	1,164,316	1914	E	1,305,638		
Mauritius	1904-05	E	3,831	1913-14	E	7,590		
South Africa	1904	E	679,084	1913	E	1,081,600		
Australia	1905	E	1,014,977	1913	E	800,505	- 214,472	
New Zealand	1904-05	E	225,320	1910-11	E	348,754		
Total			5,512,447		nin	6,178,336		
1001	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \					,,,,,,,,,	1	
Austria	1900	C	4,682,654	1910	C	6,432,080	+ 1,749,426	
Hungary	1905	E	4,256,755	1913	E	6,824,657	+ 2,567,902	
Belgium	1895	C	1,163,133	1910	C	1,494,297		
Bulgaria	1905	C	465,333	1910	C	527,407	+ 62,074	
Denmark	1903	C	1,456,699	1914	C	2,491,661		
France	1905	E	7,558,779	1914	E	6,113,184	-1,445,595	
Algiers	1905	E	91,267	1912	E	113,751	+ 22,484	
Tunis	1905	E	17,349	1913	E	17,399	+ 50	
Germany	1900	C	16,807,014	1912	C	21,923,707	+ 5,116,693	
Italy	1876	C	1,163,916	1908	C	2,507,798		
Luxemburg	1904	C	124,039	1910	C	128,035		
Netherlands	1904	E	861,840	1913	C	1,350,204		
Norway	1907	C	307,308	1910	E	333,709		
Portugal	1870	C	971,080	1906	C	1,110,9571	+ 139,877	

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31.—Numbers of Farm Live Stock by Principal Countries of the World, 1905 and 1914—concluded.

Note—C= Census; E=Estimate.

	Date	near	est 1905.	Date	near	est 1914.	Increase (+)	
Countries.	Actual	date.	No.	Actual	date.	No.	decrease(—)	
Swine—con.								
Russia in Europe Russia in Asia Serbia Spain Sweden Switzerland Japan United States Argentina Chili Costa Rica Uruguay	1905 1905 1905 1907 1907 1906 1906 1900 1895 1906 1905 1900	EECEEEECCECC	12,275,731 764,766 908,108 2,031,132 829,888 548,970 228,204 64,686,155 652,766 338,993 79,730 93,923	1912 1913 1911	EECEEEECEECC	11,944,568 915,051 865,769 2,571,359 967,684 570,226 309,995 59,473,636 2,900,000 184,222 63,552 180,099	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Total		_	128,877,979		-	138,493,343	+ 9,615,364	

AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATIONS OF CANADA.

DOMINION EXPERIMENTAL FARMS AND STATIONS.

Central and Branch Farms.—Under the Experimental Farm Stations Act, 1886 (R. S. 1906, c. 73), were established a Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa for Ontario and Quebec, and four branch Farms: (1) for the Maritime provinces at Nappan, Nova Scotia; (2) for Manitoba at Brandon; (3) for the Northwest Territories at Indian Head, Saskatchewan; and (4) for British Columbia at Agassiz. After these five Farms had continued in operation for 20 years, the first steps were taken towards their extension in number by the establishment of new Experimental Stations for Alberta, viz., one at Lethbridge in 1906 and the other at Lacombe in 1907. Since this date development in the number of the Farms and Stations, and in the work carried on by them. has been rapid and continuous; and every province has now one or more Farms or Stations.1 In 1915, including the Central Farm at Ottawa, there are altogether 19 Farms and Stations with a total acreage of 8,935, as compared with the original five Farms, having a total acreage of 3,472, as established in 1886. Table 32 shows the present number of Farms and Stations with the acreage of each and the date of establishment.

¹The five original farms established in 1886 are known as "Experimental Farms"; those added since are styled "Experimental Stations." No distinction in the work is expressed by these titles.

32.—Dominion Experimental Farms and Stations, 1915.

Farm or Station.	Province.	Acreage.	Date established.
Central Farm, Ottawa. Charlottetown Station. Nappan Farm. Kentville Station Fredericton Station Ste. Anne de la Pocatière Station Cap Rouge Station Lennoxville Station Brandon Farm. Morden Station. Indian Head Farm Rosthern Station. Seott Station. Lacombe Station. Lethbridge Station.	Ontario Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Quebec Manitoba Manitoba Saskatchewan Saskatchewan Saskatchewan Alberta Alberta	467 100 300 294 520 340 326 455 625 280 680 650 520 850 400	1886 1909 1886 1912 1911 1911 1914 1886 1915 1886 1908 1910 1907
Invermere Station	British Columbia	53	1912
	British Columbia	550	1914
Agassiz Farm	British Columbia	1,400	1886
	British Columbia	125	1912

Range of Experiments.—Ranging over the whole of the wide fields of agriculture, arboriculture and horticulture, the work of the Farms has included experiments and studies relating to the breeding and feeding of farm live stock, the production of butter and cheese, field crops, natural and artificial fertilizers, cereals, grasses and other forage plants, fruits, vegetables, plants, trees, plant diseases and injurious insects. The Farms are also bureaux of information to which agriculturists resort for the solution of difficulties in farm work. The experiments carried out at the Central and branch Farms and Stations have been fully described in the annual reports of the Director and of his staff.

In addition to the farms and stations included in Table 32 there are seven small substations at Salmon Arm, British Columbia, at Fort Vermilion, Grouard and Grande Prairie in Alberta, and at Forts Smith, Resolution and Providence, in the Northwest Territories.

Scientific Organization.—The more strictly scientific side of the work is carried on at the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa, and is organized in thirteen divisions as follows: (1) Field Husbandry; (2) Animal Husbandry; (3) Horticulture; (4) Cereals; (5) Chemistry; (6) Forage Plants; (7) Botany; (8) Poultry; (9) Tobacco; (10) Economic Fibre; (11) Illustration Stations; (12) Apiculture; (13) Extension and Publicity. What was formerly the Entomological Division became in 1914 the separate Entomological Branch of the Department of Agriculture.

Results Achieved.—Only brief mention is possible of the more striking results already achieved, with some indication of the work now being carried on. In the field of general agriculture, the importance of

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early sowing was demonstrated by a series of experiments which lasted for ten years, 1890-99. Under average seasonal conditions, it is now recognized that seeding should be completed as early as possible. the result of experiments on the branch Farms in the West, the practice of summer fallowing for the conservation of moisture and the destruction of weeds is widely followed in the Northwest provinces. Experiments continued over 18 years, 1893-1910, have shown over large areas in Canada the economic advantage of applying fresh as compared with rotted farmyard manure. They indicated that a given weight of manure taken fresh from the farmyard is equal in cropproducing power to the same weight of rotted manure, and that fresh manure loses in the process of rotting from 50 to 60 per cent. of its The great value of clover as a fertilizer when ploughed in has also been demonstrated by continuous experiments lasting from 1894 to 1906. From the establishment of the Farms, free samples of pure seed of new and tested varieties of grain and of potatoes have been annually distributed to farmers throughout Canada, with important results in improving the harvests of the country. In the Cereal Division, notable work has been done in the production of new varieties of grain, especially wheat possessing the qualities of productiveness, an early ripening habit and good baking strength. Varieties of wheat known as Preston, Stanley and Huron are all vigorous and productive, and ripen early; but the variety that has achieved the greatest success is the Marquis, which is equal to the Red Fife in baking qualities, ripens from five to ten days earlier and is superior in productiveness. It is now rapidly superseding the Red Fife throughout the Northwest.

Other Experiments.—Experiments, carried on over a series of years by the Field Husbandry Division, show the advisability of a rotation which includes a cereal crop, a hay crop (including clover) and a root crop. Experience has also shown that the shorter the rotation the greater are the profits, and that the most profitable rotation is one of three years: corn, or other hoed crop, grain, hay. In the Division of Animal Husbandry extensive breeding experiments are in progress. has been found that nothing in this line is more profitable to a farmer than investing in a really good pure-bred bull for the grading up of his cattle, care being taken to adhere to one breed. This is true whether as applied to horses, beef cattle, dairy cattle, sheep or swine. So far as production is concerned, the well graded-up animal has been proved to be just as profitable as the pure-bred. Important work has been done in the demonstration of effectively ventilated stables and cow barns. The Division of Horticulture carries out numerous experiments with apples, plums, cherries, grapes, small fruits and vegetables. Many varieties have in past years been tested, and promising seedlings for different latitudes have been recommended to growers. The object of the experiments with apples has been to obtain, by cross fertilization and selection, new varieties that will stand the severe winters of Quebec, of the more northern parts of Ontario and of the Northwest provinces; also varieties of better-keeping qualities. Experiments were begun in 1915 to test the possibility of growing root and vegetable seeds in

Canada instead of importing them from abroad. So far as they have gone, the experiments have proved successful and are being continued. In the Division of Botany, investigations of the diseases of cultivated plants are carried on at Ottawa and at the field laboratories of St. Catharines, Ont., Fredericton, N.B., and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Reports are made on diseased plant specimens sent in and advice is given as to remedial measures wherever possible. Weeds are identified and methods of eradication recommended. Wild plants from all parts of Canada are received for identification, and information is furnished as to whether they are edible, medicinal or poisonous. Tests are also made as to the suitability of the climate of Canada for the growth of various plants of economic importance, such as fibre plants (flax, hemp), medicinal plants (opium-poppy, anise, etc.), oil-yielding plants (castor oil, soy bean) and miscellaneous plants (mustard, chicory, etc.). Much has been accomplished in arboriculture not only by the setting apart of 65 acres at the Central Experimental Farm for the testing of trees and shrubs from all parts of the world, but also by the encouragement given to tree-planting in the western provinces.

The Division of Chemistry covers a large field, and the Dominion Chemist, who is also Assistant Director of the Farms, controls a staff of nine fully qualified chemists. Investigations have been conducted to determine the nutritive value of fodder plants—Indian corn, grasses, clovers, etc.—by analyses at different stages of their growth. Canadian grown cereals have been analysed to ascertain their quality and nutritive value, and the straw has also been examined to determine its value as Analyses have been made of soils from different parts of the Dominion, more particularly from the large untilled virgin area of the Northwest. Investigations have been made into the production, fermentation and application of farmyard manures. Many experiments have been conducted to throw light on the factors affecting soil moisture, and means have been suggested whereby the desired conditions of moisture may, to a great extent, be obtained and controlled by cultural The influence of environment on the composition of wheat has been studied since 1905, and the work has now been enlarged, through co-operation with the Dominion Meteorological Service at Toronto, to secure a more comprehensive and detailed study of the relationship between weather conditions and crop growth. Analyses of sugar beets have been useful in demonstrating the suitability of soil and climate at widely different points of the Dominion for the growth of roots of high sugar content and purity. Well waters from farm homesteads have been the subject of special study. Numerous analyses are made in conjunction with problems relating to the land, the crop and the animal which from time to time are submitted by farmers for Analyses are also made of dye stuffs, preservatives, pickling solutions, etc., for the Meat Inspection Division of the Health of Animals Branch of the Department, with a view to the detection of injurious substances. Systematic investigational work with commercial fertilizers is now being carried on at the larger number of the branch Farms and Stations. Owing to the scarcity of potash caused by the European war, the preparation of a nitro-potassic fertilizer by the

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drying and grinding of seaweed was undertaken at a point on the coast of Nova Scotia. The fertilizing value of the material so prepared is

being tested in the field.

The Poultry Division undertakes experiments in the breeding, mating, incubating, brooding, rearing, housing and feeding of farm poultry, in the production of eggs, the preparation of poultry produce for the market and the study of poultry diseases. Demonstrations in poultry keeping are made at Ottawa and at the Branch Farms and Stations, these latter being chiefly for the purpose of proving locally that farm poultry rather than the poultry farm is profitable, and for the distribution of improved breeding stock to farmers.

Recent Developments.—Experiments in the growth of tobacco are carried on by an expert from France at Ottawa, assisted by local superintendents at the tobacco stations of St. Jacques l'Achigan, and Farnham, Quebec and Harrow, Ontario. These experiments include the testing of different varieties to suit the Canadian soil and climate. the best means of curing and the preparation of different kinds of tobacco for the market. In 1912 a Division of Forage Plants was established under the direction of a scientific officer from the Plant Breeding Station at Svalöf in Sweden. The Division has for its object improvement in the quality and yield of grasses, clovers, alfalfas and other forage crops grown in Canada. An Economic Fibre Division has been established at Ottawa, for the purpose of stimulating the growth of flax for fibre throughout Canada. In 1915 small experimental plots were grown in different localities, and excellent samples of fibre were produced from the straw. A flax mill has been erected at Ottawa, and flax-pulling machines have been tested. Hemp-growing is also being tried.

Illustration Stations were started in 1914 by the selection of small areas at different points in Saskatchewan and Alberta, the object being to show to farmers in the districts selected the best cultural and crop methods. In 1915 a Division of Extension and Publicity was formed for the purpose of making the work of the Experimental Farms more widely known amongst the farmers of Canada. The Division issues every four months a publication entitled "Seasonable Hints," which gives timely notes and advice to help the farmer in his current work.

PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT. NOVA SCOTIA.

College of Agriculture, Truro.—About 400 acres are devoted to general farming and gardening and to investigations, of which the following are some of the more important. The value of ground limestone as a means of improving soil fertility and of controlling Club Root in turnips is being determined. The experiment is in its third year. The results to date, as to which details will be found in the Report for 1915 of the Secretary of Agriculture, are extremely marked in the case of clover, but are not so marked with other crops. During three years, experiments have been made to ascertain the value for silage purposes of a mixture of peas, oats and vetches, as compared

with Indian corn, for the best growth of which the climate of Nova Scotia is too cool. The results are decidedly in favour of the mixture, which accordingly the College authorities are urging farmers to grow. Tests are being made with a few of the leading varieties of oats and wheat and with selected strains within these varieties. A comparison of basic slag with acid phosphate is being made to determine the cheapest source of phosphoric acid under various conditions, and especially to determine whether a mixture of acid phosphate with ground limestone will give returns as good as or better than the basic slag alone, a considerable part of the value of which is supposed to be due to the lime it contains. In the Horticultural Department experiments are being carried on with different varieties and methods of growing strawberries and other plants; also a special effort is being made to develop hardy fruit tree stock for grafting purposes. Experiments in the hill selection of potatoes have in view the improvement of all varieties, and especially of the Garnet Chili potato which is shipped to Bermuda for seed purposes. In animal husbandry the main experiments are for determination of the cost of feeding various classes of animals. The use of silage from peas, oats and vetches has proved of special value, but, as in other Stations, outstanding results are observable in connection with the well bred versus the poorer bred cows and other animals that are being fed.

QUEBEC.

Macdonald College, Ste. Anne de Bellevue.—The College is situated about 20 miles west of Montreal and is incorporated with McGill University. The College property comprises 786 acres divided as follows: main farm, 584 acres; cereal husbandry plots, 75 acres; poultry department, 17 acres; orchards, 35 acres; vegetable gardens, 25 acres; the campus, including driveways, lawns, trees, shrubs, flowerbeds, school garden and recreation fields for students of both sexes, 50 acres. The following is a brief indication of the more important experiments, as to which further information may be obtained from the College Report of 1915–16.

Animal Husbandry.—During 1915–16 it was found that distillers' and brewers' dried grains, as marketed in Montreal and vicinity, are quite equal to wheat bran when forming a part of the meal mixture for dairy cows. They cannot be regarded as perfect substitutes for wheat bran, but may be included with advantage in order to add variety to the mixture and reduce the cost when the market price makes this possible. Some work has been done with tankage in hog feeding, the results tending to justify the use of this feed. In sheep breeding a few flocks of Cheviot sheep have been established with a view to obtaining by cross-breeding sheep specially suitable for Quebec.

Cereal Husbandry.—The improvement of farm crops by breeding and selection receives close attention. This work embraces all the principal farm crops: oats, wheat, barley, peas, rye, corn, root crops, alfalfa, grasses and clovers. Some of the best strains are being increased for distribution. Experiments with eight varieties of fodder corn were carried on last summer in seven different counties, their object being

AGRICULTURE.

to ascertain the varieties best adapted for growing in each section. In districts where the season is longest practically all the varieties matured sufficiently to make good silage, but elsewhere only the earliest maturing sorts, such as Longfellow and Golden Glow, proved satisfactory. During 1915-16 there was a very brisk demand for Quebec No. 28 corn, an exceedingly early, heavy yielding flint corn bred up in this department from Quebec Yellow. Root crop investigations are being carried on throughout the province of Quebec as well as at the College. growing of root seed has received more attention than usual in view of the restricted supply from European sources. The work has demonstrated that excellent seed of all the root crops can be grown at a reasonable cost by any careful farmer, and that such seed gives better results than imported seed. In 1915-16 the College slightly extended experiments with alfalfa. Grimm seed was supplied to selected farmers and instructions were given as to the handling of the crop. In a number of cases lime or ground limestone was applied. The plots sown have not done equally well. In some cases excellent stands were secured and little or no winter killing resulted, while other plots were almost a failure from the start. Among the chief causes contributing to failure were lack of drainage, lack of lime in the soil and prevalence of grass and weeds. Where these conditions did not obtain, and seed of a hardy strain was sown, the results were usually satisfactory.

Other Departments.—Numerous other investigations are being made in the departments of Poultry, Chemistry, Bacteriology, Horti-

culture and Physics.

School of Agriculture, Ste. Anne de la Pocatière, Quebec.—This school which was established 56 years ago (1859) is situated on the southern shores of the St. Lawrence river in the electoral district of Kamouraska. Fine new buildings were completed and opened in 1912. To the school is attached a large farm on clay land at different levels. On most of this land ordinary crop production is practised; but a smaller area is devoted to experimental work with cereals, forage crops, grasses, clovers, corn, roots and potatoes. Horticulture is extensively practised. The experimental work also comprises underdrainage, cattle feeding and pork production. The School was affiliated to Laval University, Quebec, January 30, 1912.

Oka Agricultural Institute.—This, situated on the Lake of Two Mountains, about 20 miles from Montreal, is one of the oldest experimental farms in Canada. A large number of dairy cattle are kept, and experimental work is carried on with these and with swine, poultry and bees. Horticulture is practised largely; the growth of small fruits is a specialty and the vineyards are celebrated. The famous Oka cheese, made at this Institute, is sold widely in North America. The Institute was affiliated to Laval University, Montreal,

March 25, 1908.

ONTARIO.

Ontario Agricultural College and Experimental Farm, Guelph.— This institution was established in 1874 with the two-fold purpose of training young farmers in the science and practice of agriculture and of conducting agricultural experiments. The experimental grounds of

the College consist of about 75 acres divided into upwards of 2,000 plots, on which experiments are being conducted with varieties of grain. root, tuber, grass, clover, fodder, silage and other crops, with artificial, green and barnyard manures, with methods of cultivation, selection of seed, dates of seeding, mixtures of grains, pasture grasses, etc. These experiments deal with the crops grown on fully nine-tenths of the cultivated land of Ontario. The greater part of the land has a four years' rotation, the rotation being: 1st, grain crops; 2nd, cultivated crops; 3rd, grain crops, and 4th, pasture. This is a special rotation, particularly well suited to the experimental work as carried on at the About one-quarter of the land is manured each year, with twenty tons of farmyard manure per acre once every four years. Many of the field crop varieties now most extensively grown in Ontario were introduced by the Agricultural College, through the medium of the Ontario Agricultural and Experimental Union, including the Siberian, O.A.C. No. 72, and O.A.C. No. 3 varieties of oats. Next to the American Banner variety the Siberian is now probably the most extensively grown oat in Ontario, besides being quite largely grown in other parts of Canada. The O.A.C. No. 72, which is a plant-selected strain of the Siberian, and which has surpassed it in yield in the experiments at Guelph and in the co-operative experiments over Ontario, is also very largely grown at the present time. The O.A.C. No. 3 oat. a plant-selected strain of the Daubeney variety, is a popular early oat. The Mandscheuri barley and the O.A.C. No. 21, both of which were introduced by Guelph, are to-day grown on most of the barley lands of Ontario. It is rarely that any other varieties are shown at the present day exhibitions. The O.A.C. No. 21 is a plant-selected strain of the Mandscheuri, and has surpassed it in yield per acre and in quality of grain both in the comparative tests at Guelph and the co-operative experiments over Ontario. Dawson's Golden Chaff winter wheat, Mammoth White winter rye, O.A.C. No. 61 spring rye, Rye buckwheat, Common Emmer, Early Britain and New Canadian peas, Pearce's Improved Tree beans, Salzer's North Dakota flint corn, Golden Bantam sweet corn, Yellow Leviathan mangolds, Early Amber sugar cane, Empire State, Davies' Warrior and Extra Early Eureka potatoes, and Ontario Variegated and Grimm alfalfas, after being tested at Guelph, were distributed over Ontario, and are well known and widely A considerable section of the experimental field is being used in testing about two hundred varieties and strains of alfalfa, fifteen strains of sweet clover, and in growing mangolds, carrots and turnips for seed production.

The experimental work of the College and Farm is very comprehensive, and includes, in addition to the department of field husbandry described above, departments of animal husbandry, dairying, poultry, agriculture, horticulture, pomology, agricultural chemistry, bacteriology, zoology, entomology, botany and physics. The Ontario Agricultural and Experimental Union, organized by officers of the College, conducts annual co-operative experiments in field husbandry with farmers throughout the province. The Union has been in existence for 38 years, and the average number of annual experimenters is about 4,500.

AGRICULTURE.

MANITOBA.

College of Agriculture, Winnipeg.—The College has extensive buildings, but the area of land available for agricultural experiments is somewhat limited. Experiments are however being carried on in the production of cereals, hoed crops and grasses. The College possesses herds of Ayrshires, Holsteins, Jerseys, Aberdeen-Angus and Canadian cattle. There is an experimental dairy, and attention is devoted to horse-breeding and to sheep, swine and poultry.

SASKATCHEWAN.

College of Agriculture, Saskatoon.—This College has a large farm of about 2,500 acres on which experiments are being conducted in cultural methods of crop production and in rotation and variety tests. These experiments deal with questions of choice, improvement, management, tillage, rotations and soil fertility, and are conducted by the Department of Field Husbandry on a quarter section of land devoted to field work. Nearly 600 improved varieties, more than 125,000 plants and 1,300 crosses have been or are still under investigation. Crop management includes the trial of every common crop grown in the West under different conditions of planting, seeding and harvesting. Tillage is studied in relation to (1) prairie and sod; (2) stubble; (3) fallow. The rotations under trial number 120 annual crops and 40 perennial crops, and include every possible combination of the field crops grown in the province. The effect of each of 21 different fertilizers is being measured on the yield of various crops over a series of years. Much attention is paid to animal husbandry, the breeds of cattle, including Shorthorns, the Aberdeen-Angus, Ayrshires, Holsteins and Jerseys. Other experimental work includes beef production, the breeding of sheep and swine and the keeping of swine on pastures. The poultry comprise turkeys and Wyandotte and Barred Rock fowls.

ALBERTA.

Experimental Plots and Agricultural Schools.—Experimental work at each of the three provincial Schools of Agriculture at Claresholm, Olds and Vermilion has been carried on by the Department of Agriculture since October, 1914. The schools are attended principally by young men and women who intend to go back to the farm. On the experimental and investigational side the plot work has reference to problems of successful farm practice relating to the district in which each school is placed or to modifications in common practice suited to the local soil and climate. A considerable part of the twenty acres on which the schools are situated is devoted to experiments with grains, fodders, roots, vegetables, small fruits, flowers, shrubs and trees. The production of crops on soil prepared in different ways is fully investigated; e.g., summer fallow, corn or root land, stubble land, breaking, spring and fall ploughed land, packed and unpacked, harrowing after seeding, etc. This is given emphasis both in relation to the success of individual crops and to the establishment of cropping systems. Considerable attention is given to methods, rates, depths and dates of seeding. An important part of the work consists in the testing of

varieties. Approximately a dozen of the standard varieties of grains, such as wheat, oats, barley, peas and corn, are sown each year and an equal number of varieties of potatoes. The same practice is followed in regard to garden vegetables, small fruits, ornamental shrubs and trees. The uses of the hotbed and cold frame are illustrated. Fodder crops are tried as to adaptability to soil and climate, as to methods and rates of seeding, and as to seeding with or without nurse crops. Alfalfa has been subject to experiments in relation to varieties and methods of sowing. Grain plots serve for multiplying as well as for experimental plots, and useful quantities of seed eligible for registration under the Canadian Seed Growers' Association rules have been produced. are cultivated and tested as to kinds and treatment for use in single planting and in certain parts of the province for windbreaks. Important results have already been established in the use of trees as windbreaks for the protection of fruit and general garden plots. Extension work in experiments is organized among students for work on their farms. Each year allotments are made to junior students and reports made in the following year.

Demonstration Farms Contiguous to Schools.—Each School is situated on one of the provincial Demonstration Farms, and while the farms and schools are separate branches of departmental administration, there are a number of points of contact between the farm and school. The farms serve as concrete examples of properly managed and balanced enterprises of a type suited to local conditions. The results of experiments on the school plots are applied on the farms. There are seven demonstration farms, but at present only three schools.

University of Alberta.—A Faculty of Agriculture has been established at the new University of Alberta, Edmonton South, and about 90 acres of land are available for future experimental work.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Department of Agriculture.—Experiments are being carried out by the Live Stock and Horticulture Branches. The Live Stock Branch is conducting one experimental plot of 13 acres, eleven of from 4 to 5 acres and six one-acre alfalfa plots. In the newly-settled districts tributary to the Grand Trunk Pacific, the work consists largely of tests for determining what varieties best suit local conditions. On the other plots, aside from those devoted exclusively to the growing of alfalfa, a rotation system suitable for the district represented is being established. As far as possible the work is carried on in co-operation with the local Farmers' Institute. The Horticultural Branch is operating 16 demonstration and experimental orchards of five acres each. These orchards are planted and cared for under a co-operative arrangement by which the owner of the land and the Department share the expense. agreements cover a five-year period, but in some cases further agreements are being made. The principal object in most cases is to demonstrate the results which may be secured in various districts by the adoption of the best possible methods. In other cases the orchards are used for experimental tests of varieties and experimental work with cover crops, etc. Three five-acre experimental and demonstration plots are being

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operated in the Northern Coast section. On these plots a wide range of experimental work in the testing of varieties of grains, grasses, fodder crops, vegetables, small fruits, etc., is being conducted. An Experiment Station for small fruits and vegetables has been operated for three years at Summerland, the owner of the property receiving a direct yearly remuneration. This plot is partly on a commercial basis and does experimental work with varieties, methods of culture, etc., on the tender kinds of vegetables and on small fruits. At Chilliwack a five-acre plot was planted with small fruits four years ago to demonstrate the possibilities of these crops in this locality. It is operated under a five-year co-operative agreement with the owner. A good deal of experimental work in spraying, etc., is carried on.

University of British Columbia.—On the site of the new University at Point Grey a beginning has been made in the preparation of land and erection of buildings for agricultural and horticultural experiments. Ninety acres have been cleared and made ready for cropping. Of this area, 60 acres have been sown with green manure crops to increase the humus content of the soil. Land has also been prepared for the transference of the provincial botanical gardens from Essondale to the University campus. This collection includes upwards of 25,000 specimens of the native flora of the province, and will constitute a most valuable reference collection, as nearly 800 species are represented.

FORESTRY.

Under the heading of forestry this year are given (a) statistics collected by the Census of 1911 of forest products on occupied farm lands in Canada (Tables 33-35) and (b) statistics and estimates for all forest products in Canada, as published annually by the Forestry Branch

of the Department of the Interior (Tables 36-41).

Census Statistics of Forest Products on Farms.—Tables 33-35 show the quantities and values by kinds of trees or classes of products, of square, waney or flat timber, logs for lumber and miscellaneous products, cut on occupied farm lands in Canada in 1910. These figures cannot be compared with the census returns of 1901, because in 1911 the instructions related to products on occupied farm lands within the enumerator's district, whilst in 1901 they were for all forest products within the polling subdivision or other area, whether on crown lands, limits or farms and no matter by whom cut. The tables give, however, comparative figures of prices per unit for the years 1900 and 1910. The total value of the forest products of occupied farm lands in Canada for 1910 was \$35,024,429, of which \$1,029,746 related to square, waney or flat timber, \$13,907,026 to logs for lumber and \$20,087,657 to miscellaneous products.

Estimated Value of all Forest Products.—Table 36 is an estimate of the total values of the different classes of forest products for the calendar years 1912 to 1915. The figures are rounded to hundreds of thousands of dollars and form as reliable a summary as can be made from the data available, which are partly actual statistics and partly estimates of the Forestry Branch. The total value for 1915 is \$172,880,000

as compared with \$176,672,000 for 1914.

33.—Square, Waney or Flat Lumber cut on Occupied Farm Lands, 1910, with Prices per Unit 1900 and 1910.

Kinds of Timber.	Square, Wan	ey or Flat	Prices per M. Cubic Feet.			
Amus of Timber.	Timber,	1900.	1910.	Increase or decrease.		
Ash. Birch. Elm. Maple. Oak. Pine. All other.	865,236 594,879 186,138 825,559	146,089 137,013 82,335	125.69 108.61 106.84 177.55	\$ 131.53 131.13 158.35 138.41 162.57 152.90 129.28	$\begin{array}{r} + 4.33 \\ +45.79 \\ +29.54 \\ - 8.44 \\ -20.53 \end{array}$	
Total	7,509,073	1,029,746	126.23	137.13	+ 8.63	

34.—Logs for Lumber cut on Occupied Farm Lands, 1910, with Prices per Unit 1900 and 1910.

Kinds of Logs.	Logs for I		Prices per M. feet, Board Measure.			
	1910	1900.	1910.	Increase.		
	Sq. ft.	Value.	\$	\$	p.c.	
Elm	36,290,000	502,342	8.01	13.84	+72.78	
Hickory	997,000	21,207	11.93	21.27	+78.29	
Hemlock	110,358,000	1,160,655	5.61	10.51	+87.34	
Oak	6,965,000	137,025	14.77	19.67	+33.17	
Pine	127,192,000	1,990,499	10.02	15.65	+56.18	
Spruce	579,558,000	5,396,290	7.06	9.31	+31.87	
All other	435,870,000	4,699,008	6.49	10.78	+66:10	
Total	1,297,230,000	13,907,026	8.14	10.72	+31.69	

35.—Miscellaneous Forest Products cut on Occupied Farm Lands, 1910, with Prices per Unit, 1900 and 1910.

Trices per Care, 1000 said 1010.										
	26. 11	- In the	Pr	ices per l	Unit.					
Classes of Products	Miscellaneo Products	1900.	1910.	Increase or decrease.						
	Cords.	\$	\$	\$	p.c.					
Bark for tanning	30,984	184,374	4.36	5.95	+36.47					
Firewood	6,902,637	14,818,955	1.64	2.14	+30.49					
Wood for pulp	672,186	2,949,586	3.24	4.38	+35.18					
	No.		Each	Each						
Fence posts	9,047,699	518,103	.03	.05	+66.66					
Masts and spars	27,435			.70	-23.91					
Piling	250,519			.98	+25.50					
Railroad ties	2,695,092	712,295	.17	26	+52.94					
Poles for electric wires	274,196	410,166	.81	1.50	+72.84					
Hop and hoop poles		30,539	-	-	-					
Staves, stave bolts and head-					0-1-1-1					
ings	STATE OF THE PARTY	174,660		10.00	-					
Pot and pearl ashes	-	22,182	-	-						
Total		20,087,657	-							

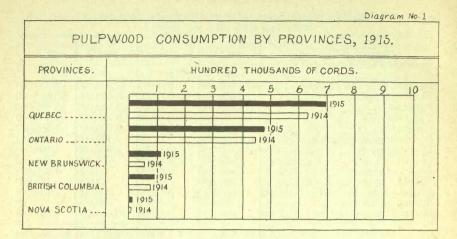
FORESTRY.

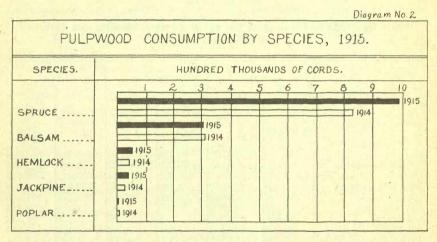
36.—Estimated Values of Forest Products, 1912-1915.

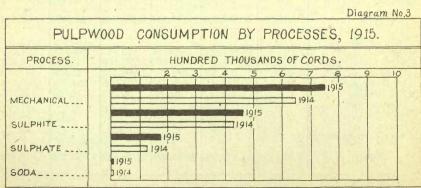
Variety of Timber.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	.8	\$	\$	\$
Lumber, lath and shingles	84,000,000	71,000,000	67,500,000	69,750,000
Firewood	50,000,000		60,500,000	60,650,000
Pulpwood	12,000,000	15,000,000	15,500,000	15,750,000
Posts and rails	10,000,000	10,000,000	9,500,000	9,000,000
Cross-ties	8,000,000	9,000,000	9,000,000	3,500,000
Square timber exported	1,900,000		400,000	480,000
Cooperage	1,700,000		1,900,000	1,400,000
Poles	1,200,000			500,000
Logs exported	1,100,000			1,325,000
Tanning materials	1,000,000		22,000	170,000
Round mining timbers	600,000		500,000	680,000
Miscellaneous exports	300,000		300,000	175,000
Miscellaneous products	10,500,000	11,000,000	10,000,000	9,500,000
Total	182,300,000	177,120,000	176,672,000	172,880,000

37.—Quantities and Values of the cut of Lumber, Shingles and Lath by Provinces, 1914 and 1915.

Province.	Lux	iber.	SHIN	GLES.	LATH.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1014	M.F.B.M	\$	M.	\$	M.	\$
1914. Ontario	1,044,131	19,719,972	94,735	225,094	247,750	684,993
British Columbia	936,612			2,054,632	59,140	115,024
Quebec New Brunswick	1,118,298 414,808					
Nova Scotia	279.044	6,374,293 3,908,244			178,508 73,378	
Saskatchewan	56,677	842,664	-	-	12,196	
Manitoba	44,658				8,920	17,840
Alberta	45,236					
Prince Edward Island	6,790	97,918	13,170	21,098	1,526	4,551
Total	3,946,254	60,363,369	1,843,554	3,688,746	625,010	1,585,484
1915.			The state of			
Ontario	1,035,341	19,663,950			309,022	
British Columbia	669,816	8,414,227	1,894,642			78,201
Quebec New Brunswick	1,078,787 633,518	17,784,415 9,902,202		1,264,553 917,208		147,395 693,795
Nova Scotia		4,366,165	30,733			128,785
Saskatchewan	62,864	880,353	404	910		47,222
Manitoba	42,357			149	8,910	14,197
Alberta Prince Edward Island	17,975					2 647
Timee Edward Island	7,543	114,077	17,589	26,903	1,262	3,647
Total	3,842,676	61,919,806	3,089,470	5,734,852	793,226	2,040,819







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38.—Quantities and Values of Wood used in the manufacture of Pulp, 1913-15.

Province.	Wood used.	Value.	Average Value per cord.	Pulp. produced.	Number of firms reporting.
1913.					
	Cords.	\$	\$ cts.	Tons.	No.
Quebec	629,934			514,299	. 26
Ontario	321,244		7.15	228,498	12
New Brunswick	53,121			29,911	4
Nova Scotia	20,562			20,562	4
British Columbia	84,173	401,218	4.77	61,354	2
Total	1,109,034	7,243,368	6.53	854,624	48
1914.					
Quebec.	636,496	4,148,405	6.52	515,409	23
Ontario	447,751				15
New Brunswick.	49,339	296,769	6.01	26,829	4
Nova Scotia	10,777	46,015	4.27	26,829 10,777	5
British Columbia	80,013			56,352	2
Total	1,224,376	8,089,868	6.61	934,600	49
1915		60 2.5E			
Quebec.	697,962	4,277,033	6.06	561,793	24
Ontario	480,627		7.92	364,226	15
New Brunswick	115,842		5.32		4
Nova Scotia.	20,870				5
British Columbia.	90,535				2
and the second second second					
Total	1,405,836	9,416,217	6.71	1,074,805	50
			THE PARTY OF		

39.—Kinds of Wood used in the manufacture of Pulp by Quantities and Values, 1913, 1914 and 1915.

Kinds of Wood.	1913.			1914.	(B) (8)	1915.			
Ainds of Wood.	Quantity.	Value.	Average Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Average Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Average Value.
Spruce. Balsam Fir. Hemlock. Poplar Jack Pine.	Cords. 754,858 283,292 47,360 4,141 19,383	\$ 5,104,221 1,806,911 201,480 29,081 101,675	\$ ets. 6.76 6.38 4.25 7.02 5.25	314,183 45,246 3,845	2,067,434 254,576 26,170	\$ cts. 6.70 6.58 5.63 6.81 5.49	307,219 55,265	1,795,372 325,411 22,503	\$ cts. 7.07 5.84 5.89 6.94 5.37
Total	1,109,034	7,243,368	6.53	1,224,376	3,089,868	6 61	1,405,836	9,426,117	6.71

40.—Quantities of Wood used and of Pulp manufactured, 1914 and 1915. WOOD USED.

Process of Manufacture.		Quebec.	Ontario.	New Bruns- wick.	Nova Scotia.	British Columbia	Total.
		Cords.	Cords.	Cords.	Cords.	Cords.	Cords.
	1914 1915	394,321 425,626	202,715 247,825		10,777 20,870		644,824 743,776
Sulphite	1914 1915	113,006 101,225	231,754	45,020	-	47,321 49,424	437,101 470,949
Sulphate	1914	125,384 164,811	13,282	-		49,424	138,666 184,811
Soda1	1914	3,785 6,300	_		a gal		3.785 6,300
All processes1		636,496 697,962		49,339 115,842	10,777 20,870	80,013 90,535	1,224,376
	010	001,002	100,021	110,012	20,010	50,000	1,100,000

PULP MANUFACTURED.

Process of Manufactur		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Mechanical Sulphite	1914 1915 1914 1915 1914 1915 1914	425,626 56,503 50,612 62,692 82,405 1,893	202,715 247,825 115,877 106,401 6,641 10,000	4,319 8,344 21,510 53,749 1,000	10,777 20,870 - - - - -	32,692 41,111 23,660 24,712	743,776 217,550 235,474 70,333 92,405 1,893
All processes	1915 1914 1915	515,409	325,233 364,226	26,829 62,093	10,777 20,870	56,352 65,823	3,150 934,700 1,074,805

41.—Quantities and Values of Cross-ties and Poles purchased by Railway and Electric Companies, 1914 and 1915.

Donahara d kar		1914.			1915.	
Purchased by	Quantity.	Value.	Average Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Average Value.
	No.	\$	\$	No.	\$	\$
Steam Railways: Cross-ties Telephone and tele-		8,545,057	0.45	7,399,753	3,229,000	0.44
graph poles Electric Railways:	186,111	357,159	1.92	109,850	165,639	1.51
Cross-ties Telephone and tele-	207,438	119,857	0.58	192,777	100,029	0.52
graph poles ¹ Total cross-ties	97,073 19,403,646		3.12 0.45	69,398 7,592,530	285,209 3,329,029	4.11 0.44
Total telephone and telegraph poles			2.33	179,248	450,848	2.52

¹Includes poles purchased by Power and Light Companies.

FISHERIES.

Capital Invested.—The estimated total capital invested in the fisheries amounted in 1914–15 to \$24,733,162, as compared with \$27,464,033 in 1913–14. Of the total for 1914–15 the sum of \$22,331,072 was invested in connection with the sea fisheries and \$2,402,090 in connection with the inland fisheries. The value of the vessels and boats is represented by \$8,348,572 in 1914–15 as against \$8,279,437 in 1913–14, and the value of the fishing gear, canneries, fish-houses and other fixtures by \$16,384,590 in 1914–15 as against \$19,184,596 in 1913–14. Table 42 shows the distribution of capital amongst the various descriptions of vessels, boats, nets, traps, etc., used in both sea and inland fisheries for the fiscal year 1914–15.

Number of Fishermen.—There were 94,513 persons employed in the fishing industry during the year 1914–15, as compared with 98,669 in 1913–14, a decrease of 4,156, the sea fisheries engaging 84,108 persons and the inland fisheries 10,405. Of the total in 1914–15, 9,400 were employed on vessels, tugs and smacks, 60,554 on boats, and 24,559 in canneries, freezers, fish-houses, etc.¹

Fishing Bounties.—Under an Act of 1882 (45 Vict., c. 18), passed for development of the sea fisheries and encouragement of the building of fishing vessels, provision was made for the distribution in bounties of \$150,000 annually among the owners of fishing vessels and fishermen engaged in fishing from boats in the deep sea fisheries of Canada. Act of 1891 (54-55 Vict., c. 42) increased the amount to \$160,000. Order-in-Council of January 26, 1915, made under the provisions of the Revised Statutes of 1906, c. 46, the distribution of the appropriation of \$160,000 for the year 1914-15 was made on the following basis: \$1 per registered ton to owners of vessels, \$6.40 to each vessel fisherman, \$3.65 to each boat fisherman and \$1 per boat to owners of fishing boats. The number of vessels which received bounties in 1914-15 was 955, with an aggregate tonnage of 23,811, an increase of 45 vessels and 978 tons, as compared with 1913-14. The number of boats on which bounties were paid was 13,261, and the number of boat fishermen who received bounties was 22,828, an increase of 638 boats and of 1,271 men as compared with 1913-14. The total number of fishermen in vessels and boats to whom bounties were paid in 1914-15 was 28,950, a net increase of 1,714 as compared with the previous year. The number of claims filed in 1914–15 was 14,281, an increase of 869 over 1913–14, and the number paid was 14,216, or 683 more than in the previous year. The total fishing bounties paid since 1882 amount to \$5,218,445.

Table 43 shows by provinces the number of fishermen who received bounties and the amount of the bounties paid to them during each of the fiscal years 1911–1914.

¹For similar statistics of previous years, see Canada Year Book of 1911, p. 390. Also for a description of the extent of Canadian fisheries and of the methods of capture, see edition of 1914, page 230.

42.—Number and Value of Fishing Vessels, Boats, Nets, Traps, etc., used in the Sea and Inland Fisheries of Canada, 1914-1915.

Description.	Sea Fi	sheries.	Inland F	isheries.	То	tal.
	No.	\$	No.	\$	No.	\$
Steam fishing vessels	48	804,700	177	639,000	225	1,443,700
Sailing and gasoline						
vessels Boats, sail and row	1,236 25,105	2,717,425 $1,068,912$	4,737	180,109	1,236 29,842	2,717,425 $1,249,021$
" gasoline	8,740	2,520,234	562	188,657	9,302	2,708,891 229,535
Carrying smacks Gill nets, seines,	431	229,535	W11/102		431	229,000
trap and smelt	147,824	2,345,970	53,467	966,975	201,291	3,312,945
nets, etc	860	513,770	188	48,150	1,048	561,920
Trawls	19,485	194,796	190	308	19,485 190	194,796
SpearsSkates of gear	1,850	32,500	-	-	1,850	32,500
Hand lines Lobster traps	67,323 1,596,538	55,834 1,517,107	8,968	13,777	76,291 1,596,538	69,611
" canneries.	696	663,210	-	-	696	663,210
Salmon "Clam"	77 21	2,839,213 29,250	FIRST		77 21	2,839,213 29,250
Sardine "	6	357,000	7-1-1	20 9 -	6	357,000
Freezers and ice- houses	845	2,440,011	633	210,300	1,478	2,650,311
Smoke and fish-					P. Committee	
houses Fishing piers and	7,740	1,338,405	187	36,655	7,927	1,375,060
wharves	2,638	2,231,124 360,000	146	53,980	2,784	2,285,104 360,000
Whaling stations Oil factories	5 1	40,000			1	40,000
Fishing huts and	My mile if		55	64,000	55	64,000
cottages, etc Scows, pile drivers,			00	01,000		
etcEel traps	554	31,440	164	179	554 164	31,440 179
Crab traps	. 53	636	-	-	53	636
70-4-1 1014 1F	wii Yisa	22,331,072	-	2,402,090		24,733,162
Total, 1914-15 Total, 1913-14		25,371,480	-	2,092,553	-	27,464,033
Number of men em-			eu .	The Harm		
ployed on vessels.	7,800	The Children	882	-	8,682	-
Number of men employed on boats	51,424		9,130		60,554	_
Number of men em-	01,121	By the said	3,230			
ployed on carry- ing smacks	718		-	E	718	Value -
Number of persons	78 14 1		312	FIRE		
employed in fish- houses, freezers,					01.75	
canneries, etc	24,166	Maria -	393	_	24,559	
Total	84,108		10,405	7 3 4 -	94,513	Carrier-

FISHERIES.

43.—Government Bounties to Fishermen in the fiscal years 1911 to 1914.

Province.	Number of men who received bounties.				Value of bounties paid.			
	1911. 1912. 1913. 1914.				1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
		1			\$	\$	\$	\$
Prince Edward Is'd	1,689	2,262	2,328	2,349	8,670	11,119	11,082	10,340
Nova Scotia	14,334	14,307	14,300	15,364	99,425	97,904	93,456	94,991
New Brunswick	2,073	2,083	2,225	2,528	15,795	15,110	16,385	17,536
Quebec	7,723	7,906	8,383	8,709	36,110	35,863	37,738	36,717
Total	25,819	26,558	27,236	28,950	160,000	159,996	158,661	159,584

Inland Fish Markets.—Other government assistance to the fishing industry takes the form of encouraging the development of markets for fresh fish in the interior of the country by payment of one-third of the ordinary express charges on shipments of fresh fish from the Atlantic coast to points as far west as the eastern boundary of Manitoba and from the Pacific coast as far east as that boundary. Cold storage cars by fast freight are placed at the disposal of shippers from the Atlantic seaboard, and aid is rendered in the building of small cold storage establishments for the storing of bait. Fish-breeding is carried on by the Dominion Government upon an extensive scale, the expenditure for this service in 1914-15 amounting to \$370,093. The hatcheries in operation number altogether 64, including seven subsidiary hatcheries; there are also retaining ponds for Atlantic salmon. The hatcheries are situated in Prince Edward Island (3), Nova Scotia (12), New Brunswick (11), Quebec (12), Ontario (8), Manitoba (4), Saskatchewan (1), Alberta (1) and British Columbia (12). In addition, there is one in British Columbia which is operated by the British Columbia Packers' Association

Value of Fisheries.—As shown in Table 44, the total marketed value of all kinds of fish, fish products and marine animals, taken by Canadian fishermen in both the sea and inland fisheries during the year ended March 31, 1915, amounted to \$31,264,631, as compared with \$33,207,748 in 1913–14. To the total amount in 1914–15 the sea fisheries contributed \$27,198,257 and the inland fisheries \$4,066,374.

¹For further details respecting the Canadian fishing industry, see Annual Reports of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, from which the statistics in the Year Book have been compiled.

44.—Quantities and Values of all Fish marketed in Canada in 1913-14 and 1914-15.

IX: 1 CP: 1	1913	-14.	1914	1914–15.		
Kinds of Fish.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.		
Canada.	- 33,207,			\$ 31,264,6		
Alewives, fresh	18,619	26,904	29,571	42,3		
Alewives, saltedbbl.	14,380	58,541	20,451	64,5		
Basscwt.	3,289	36,248	4,066	47,4		
Beluga skins	75	375	0.000	50.1		
Catfish	6,109	46,340	6,823	52,1		
lams, cannedcases	26,323 95,004	122,324 246,001	18,303 69,669	107,0 175,8		
Cod, fresh		399,169	134,362	568,4		
Cod, green, salted	91.852	302,129	181,925	599,8		
Cod. dried "	458,721	2,680,171	439,440	2,710,1		
Pulse, etc	7,473	51,795	8,608	59,2		
Cels"	8,626	56,900	12,283	75,8		
ish glue materialton	0.100	7,478	31	3		
ish guano	3,122	68,486	2,966	54,6		
ish oilgal.	468,251 8,115	149,022 $25,029$	391,650 7,353	121,5 28,2		
lounderscwt. Iaddock, cannedcases		41,662		40,2		
laddock, fresh		337,934	138,926	279,5		
Iaddock, dried"	64,312	290,792	88,784	403,0		
Iaddock, smoked"	27,563	171,123	72,430	547,3 304,2		
lake, dried"	110,405	452,166	84,266	304,2		
Iake, fresh	22,131	38,813	8,965	9,3		
Lambut	256,096	2,036,400		1,793,2		
terring, tresu	310,500	1,163,103	252,778	904,1		
ierring, smoked	116,874 131,275	422,365 525,190	87,757 129,187	316,2 555,1		
Ierring, pickledbbl. Ierring, dry-saltedcwt.	010 100	470,379	236,461	359,0		
Ierring, used as baitbbl.	279,173	459,432	291,584	505,3		
Ierring, used as fertilizer	226,524	113,386	156.288	78,5		
obsters, shipped in shellcwt.	100,879	1,482,283	86,824	1,290,9		
obsters, cannedcases		3,227,779	160,903	3,048,9		
Iackerel, freshcwt.		780,703	70,815	550,7		
lackerel, saltedbbl.	36,015	496,072		276,0		
laskinongecwt.	130 14,732	1,659	105 13,642	71.0		
ulachans" Dystersbbl.		77,106 173,753	26,545	177,9		
erchcwt.		72,985		115,2		
ike"	64,925	372,868	97,724	469,9		
ickerel"	61,603	449,539	97,555	657,7		
'ollock, fresh, dried and salted"	77,596	187,723	66,585	214,1		
almon, fresh"	157,933	2,065,030		1,958,3		
almon, cannedcases	1,400,276	7,743,582	1,134,973	5,675,5		
almon, dry salted and pickled cwt.	150,223	876,596 148,505	147,587 7,952	842,9 83,5		
almon, smoked	13,549 124,084	248,168	278,305	834,6		
ardines, canned		428.500		515.0		
ealskins, fur	404	12,120	352	10,5		
Sealskins, hair	7,560	8,122		6,5		
Shad, saltedbbl.	250	3,240	275	3,6		

FISHERIES.

44.—Quantities and Values of all Fish marketed in Canada in 1913-14 and 1914-15—concluded.

		1913	3-14.	1914-15.		
Kinds of Fish.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.		
Canada—con.	-1.72	est land	\$		8	
Shad, fresh	ewt.	4,121	30,541	4,684	36,509	
Smelts	4	88,728	810,392		837,682	
Soles	"	216	1,080	4,824	36,648	
	bbl.	2,197	9,187	2,719	9,954	
Sturgeon	cwt.	4,811	62,490	4,871	69,847	
Sturgeon caviare	"	87	9,093		9,417	
Sword-fish	"	13,322	61,140	4,982	24,780	
Trout	66	73,164	682,619		623,504	
Tom cod	"	19,167	40,440	20,017	40,007	
Tongues and sounds	- "	4,041	49,811	1,045	7,565	
Tullibee	"	20,157	63,910	50,946	156,529	
Whale oil	gal.	452,566	296,169	926,900	283,154	
Whitefish	cwt.	137,887	929,962	159,894	975,685	
Fish, all other, etc		- 0	504,924	-	585,350	

45.—Quantities and Values of the catch of the Inland Fisheries of Canada, 1913-14 and 1914-15.

Kinds of Fish.	1913	3-14.	1914-15.		
Tantas of A ista.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Salmon, fresh. cwt. Herring, fresh. """ Herring, smoked "" Herring, pickled. bbl. Catfish. cwt. Whitefish """ Trout. """ Pickerel. """ Pike. """ Perch. """ Eels. """ Sturgeon. """ Tullibee """ Bass. """ Maskinonge """ Alewives, fresh "" Shad, fresh "" Shad, salted bbl. Mixed fish "" Sturgeon caviare "" Gold eyes. "" Carp. "" Fish, all other. ""	2,802 131,614 ————————————————————————————————————	\$ 33,080 569,830 - 46,340 929,962 631,942 449,539 372,868 72,985 32,032 45,105 63,910 10,086 1,659 7,620 4,570 255 316,629 8,561 - 12,721 33,606 1,637	80,636 1,202 3,089 6,823 159,894 63,340 97,555 97,724 22,718 8,520 3,634 50,946 715 105 4,374 922 45 116,105 91 9,158 7,327	\$ 36,970 400,681 12,020 30,890 52,147 975,685 576,758 657,783 469,919 113,156 51,258 46,111 156,529 7,521 1,411 8,748 4,610 225 375,738 9,017 9,158 14,643 55,794 502	
Total		3,734,937		4,066,374	

Note.—The figures in Table 45 are also included in Table 44.

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46.—Total Value of Fisheries by Provinces in the fiscal years 1911-1915.

Province.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Prince Edward Island	\$ 1,153,708	\$ 1,196,396	\$ 1,379,905	\$ 1,280,447	\$ 1,261,666
Nova Scotia	10,119,243	9,367,550	7,384,055	8,297,626	7,730,191
New Brunswick	4,134,144	4,886,157	4,264,054	4,308,707	4,940,083
Quebec	1,692,475	1,868,136	1,988,241	1,850,427	1,924,430
Ontario	2,026,121	2,205,436	2,842,878	2,674,685	2,755,291
Manitoba	1,302,779	1,113,486	800,149	606,272	849,422
Saskatchewan	172,903	139,436	111,839	148,602	132,017
Alberta	82,460	102,325	51,616	81,319	86,720
British Columbia	9,163,235	13,677,125	14,455,488	13,891,398	11,515,086
Yukon	118,365	111,825	111,239	68,265	69,725
Total for Canada	29,965,433	34,667,872	33,389,464	33,207,748	31,264,631

47.—Total Value of the Fisheries of Canada in the fiscal years 1870-1915.

Years.	Value.	Years.	Value.	Years.	Value.	Years.	Value.
	o		·		_e		0
1870	6,577,391	1881	15,817,162	1892	18,941,171	1903	23,101,878
1871	7,573,199	1882	16,824,092	1893	20,686,661	1904	23,516,439
1872	9,570,116	1883	16,958,192	1894	20,719,573	1905	29,479,562
1873	10,754,997	1884	17,766,404	1895	20,199,338	1906	26,279,485
1874	11,681,886	1885	17,722,973	1896	20,407,425	1907-08	25,499,349
1875	10,350,385	1886	18,679,288	1897	22,783,546	1908-09	25,451,085
1876	11,117,000	1887	18,386,103	1898	19,667,121	1909–10	29,629,167
1877	12,005,934	1888	17,418,510	1899	21,891,706	1910–11	29,965,433
1878	13,215,678	1889	17,655,256	1900	21,557,639	1911–12	34,667,872
1879	13,529,254	1890	17,714,902	1901	25,737,153	1912–13	33,389,464
1880	14,499,979	1891	18,977,878	1902	21,959,433	1913–14	33,207,748
						1914-15	31,264,631

MINERALS.

Sources of Mineral Statistics.—Mineral statistics are available from various independent official sources. On July 21, 1913, the Census and Statistics Office published as Bulletin XVI the results of the Census of Mineral Production taken in 1911. The Mines Department of the Dominion Government publishes an Annual Report of Mineral Production, and Annual Reports are also published by the Departments of Mines of the Provincial Governments of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia. Data derived from each of these sources were given in this section of the Year Book of 1913 (pp. 196–211), but in the present edition the statistics given are limited to those of the Dominion and provincial Departments of Mines.

Dominion Department of Mines.—According to the annual preliminary report of the Division of Mineral Resources and Statistics of the Dominion Department of Mines, the metal mining industry has, in 1915, as a result of the demand created by the war, shown the highest production ever recorded; and notwithstanding the greatly decreased production of materials of construction, such as cement, clay and stone quarry products, a very large increase is still shown in the total mineral output over that of the previous year. The total value of the metal and mineral production in 1915, as shown in the preliminary report, was \$138,513,750, as compared with \$128,863,075 in 1914 \$145,634,812 in 1913, the latter being the highest production then recorded. The increase in 1915 over 1914 was thus \$9,650,675, or 7.49 p.c., but the output is still less than that of 1913 by \$7,121,062. The demand for the metals, copper, lead, nickel and zinc, led to great activity in the operation of the already developed deposits of these metals, and also, later in the year, to the opening up of old and the exploitation of new deposits. The capacities of steel furnaces were taxed to the utmost to meet the demand for shell steel. Amongst non-metallic minerals the recovery of benzol and toluol in by-product coke oven operations was a direct result of the war, as was also the activity in the mining and shipment of magnesite and of chrome ores.

Increase or Decrease in Principal Products, 1915.—It will be observed from Table 49 that there has been an increased production in all metals, with the exception of silver. The total value of the metallic production in 1915 was \$77,046,082, as compared with \$59,386,619 in 1914, and \$66,361,351 in 1913, the increase over 1914 being nearly 30 p.c., and over 1913, the previous highest year, about 16 p.c. The production of nickel, copper and zinc are the highest that have been recorded in The quantity of nickel was 50 p.c. greater than in 1914, copper was over 35 p.c. greater, lead nearly 25 p.c. greater, gold over 18 p.c. and pig iron nearly 17 p.c. The falling off in silver was only 48,000 ounces or less than two-tenths of one per cent. Owing to the high prices of copper and lead the total values of these metals show increases of 72 p.c. and 56 p.c. respectively. Compared with 1914 the average price of copper shows an increase of 154 p.c., antimony (ordinaries) an increase of 246 p.c., silver a decrease of 9.4 p.c. and tin an increase of 12.2 p.c. The total value of the non-metallic produc-

tion in 1915, including clay and quarry products, etc., was \$61,467,668, as against \$69,476,456 in 1914 and \$79,273,461 in 1913. Compared with 1914 the decrease was \$8,008,789, or 11.5 p.c., while compared with 1913 the falling off was \$17,805,793, or 22.5 p.c. It will be seen that the largest decreases in 1915 occurred in materials of construction, such as cement, clay products, lime, sand and gravel, and stone and quarry products, the falling off varying from 16 to nearly 34 p.c. There was, however, also a smaller production of coal, natural gas and gypsum. On the other hand, there were increases in the shipments of asbestos, chromite, graphite, magnesite, pyrites and salt.

48.—Quantities and Values of Minerals produced in Canada, 1914 and 1915.

	Quan	tities.	Valu	es.
Description.	1914.	1915.1	1914.	1915.1
Metallic.	\$	\$	\$	\$
Copper. lb. Gold. oz. Pig iron. ton Lead. lb. Nickel. " Silver. oz. Other metallic products.	75,735,960 773,178 95,174 36,337,765 45,517,937 28,449,821	102,612,486 916,076 158,598 45,377,065 68,077,823 28,401,735	1,627,568 13,655,381	17,726,307 18,936,971 1,740,808 2,541,116 20,423,348 14,088,397 1,589,135
Total Metallic			59,386,619	77,046,082
Non-Metallic.				
Asbestos and asbesticton Coal	117,573 13,637,529 516,880 21,692,504 214,805 228,314 107,038 7,172,480 - 7,028,582	138,815 13,209,371 470,335 18,319,710 215,464 296,910 119,900 5,681,032 4,932,767	2,909,806 33,471,801 1,156,207 3,484,727 343,124 744,508 493,648 9,187,924 6,871,957 1,360,628 2,176,602 2,672,781 619,673 3,983,070	3,513,269 31,957,757 849,928 3,300,825 300,572 1,028,678 600,226 6,977,024 3,931,200 1,015,878 1,634,084 2,504,731 ,365,784 3,487,712
Total non-metallic		-	69,476,456	61,467,668
Total metallic	-	Total Tan	59,386,619	77,046,082
Grand Total	HAP-IN-	7 To	128,863,075	138,513,750

NOTE.—In Tables 48 to 61 the ton is the short ton of 2,000 lb. 'Subject to revision.

MINERALS.

49.—Increase or Decrease in Principal Mineral Products, 1915.

Principal Products.	Increase (Decrease (Quanti	(—) in	Increase (+) or Decrease (-) in Value.		
Copper Gold Pig iron Lead Nickel Silver Total metallic	oz. ton lb. oz.	+ 26,876,526 + 142,898 + 130,555 + 9,039,300 + 22,559,886 - 48,086	16.67 24.88 49.56 0.17	+ 2,953,964 + 1,589,963 + 914,548 + 6,767,967 - 1,505,234	49.56 9.65
Asbestos and Asbestic. Coal. Gypsum. Natural gas. Petroleum. Pyrites. Salt. Cement. Clay products. Lime. Sand and Gravel. Stone.	. ton " m. ft. bbl. ton " bbl.	+ 21,242 - 428,158 - 46,545 - 3,372,794 + 68,596 + 12,862 - 1,491,448 - 2,095,815	18.07 3.14 9.90 15.09 0.31 30.04 12.02 20.79	+ 603,463 - 1,514,044 - 306,279 - 183,902 - 42,552 + 284,170 + 106,578 - 2,210,900 - 2,940,757 - 344,750	20.74 4.52 26.49 5.28 12.40 38.16 21.59 24.06 32.01
Total non-metallic				- 8,008,788	11.53
Grand total				+ 9,650,675	7.49

50.-Mineral Production of Canada in the Calendar Years 1914 and 1915.

	1914	1.	1915.1		
Minerals.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
		\$		\$	
Actinoliteton.	119	1,304	220		
Antimonylb.	1 797	104 015	961,040		
Arsenious oxideton Asbestos	1,737 96,542	104,015 2,892,266		$141,830^{2}$ $3,491,450$	
Ashestic "	21,031				
Barytes	612				
Bricks, common No.	457,513,762	3,653,861		and a will	
Bricks, pressed "	93,634,858			2,341,483	
Bricks, paving"	2,707,000			2,011,100	
Dricks, other	1,554,496			6,977,024	
Cement, Portland bbl. Chromite ton.	7,142,480 136	9,187,924 1,210			
Coalton	13,637,529		13,209,371		
Cobalt and nickel oxideslb. Cobalt and nickel metallic"	1,291,539 2,079,001	606,593	846 186		

50.—Mineral Production of Canada in the Calendar Years 1914 and 1915—concluded.

	19	14.	191	5.1
Minerals.		Telesco A		ESTATE OF
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
		s		\$
Copperlb.	75,735,960	10 301 606	102,612,486	and the second
Corundum ton.	548	72,176	262	33,138
Felspar	18,060		15,455	59,124
Fire clay and products \$	-	107,568		
Fire-proofing and architectural	-	405,543	-	781,0713
terra-cotta"		4 - 000 000		
Goldoz.	773,178		916,076	18,936,971
Graphiteton.	1,647	107,203	2,610	121,023
Grmastones	3,976 516,880	54,504 1,156,207	2,580 470,335	35,768 849,928
Gypsum	60,410	135,300	93,444	187,682
Kaolin	1,000	10,000	1,300	13,000
Leadlb.	36,337,765	1,627,568	45,377,065	2,541,116
Limebush.	7,028,582	1,360,628	4,932,767	1,015,878
Manganeseton.	28	1,120	47	5,460
Magnesite	358	2,240	14,779	126,535
Mica \$		109,061	-	81,021
Mineral water	16	134,111 2,063	-	118,796
Molybdenum ore ton.	10	2,003	28,600	28,460
Molybdenite lb. Natural gas m.cu. ft.	21,692,504	3,484,727	18,319,710	3,300,825
Nickellb.	45,517,937	13,655,381	68,077,823	20,423,348
Ochreston.	5,890	51,725	6,248	48,353
Peat	685	2,470	300	1,050
Petroleumbbl.	214,805	343,124	215,464	300,572
Phosphateton.	954	7,275	217	2,502
Pig iron from Can. ore	95,744	1,138,912	158,598	1,740,808
Pottery\$	000 214	35,371 744,508	206 010	1 000 670
Pyriteston.	228,314 54,148	84,583	296,910 127,108	1,028,678 $205,153$
Quartz	107,038		119,900	600,226
Sand and gravel. \$	101,000	2,505,310	115,500	2,098,683
Sand lime-brickNo.	70,650,030	609,515	23,211,802	182,651
Sewer pipes \$	-	1,104,499		795,646
Silveroz.	28,449,821	15,593,631	28,401,735	14,088,397
Slatesquares.	1,075	4,837	397	2,039
Granite\$		2,176,602		1,634,084
Limestone		2,672,781 132,533		$2,504,731$ $365,784^{5}$
Marble		487,140	Service Control	6
Sandstone. "Talc ton	10,808	40,418	11,885	40,554
Tiles, drain\$	-	366,340		4
Tripolite ton	650	13,000		12,119
Zinc ore"	10,893	262,563	15,553	636,204
		100 000 0==	S D Y-	100 210 270
Total		128,863,975		138,513,750
				100

¹Subject to revision. ²Arsenic, white. ³Includes value of drain tiles and pottery, etc. ⁴Included with value of fire clay, etc. ⁵Includes sandstone. ⁶Included with marble.

MINERALS.

51.—Value of Mineral Production in Canada, 1886-1915.

Calendar Year.	Total Value.	Value per capita.	Calendar Year.	Total Value.	Value per capita.	Calendar Year.	Total Value.	Value per capita.
	\$	\$ cts.		\$	\$ cts.		\$	\$ cts.
1886	10,221,255	2.23	1896	22,474,256	4.38	1906	79,286,697	12.81
1887	10,321,331	2.23	1897	28,485,023	5.49	1907	86,865,202	13.75
1888	12,518,894	2.67	1898	38,412,431	7.32	1908	85,557,101	13.16
1889	14,013,113	2.96	1899	49,234,005	9.27	1909	91,831,441	13.70
1890	16,763,353	3.50	1900	64,420,877	12.04	1910	106,823,623	15.44
1891	18,976,616	3.92	1901	65,797,911	12.16	1911	103,220,994	14.42
1892	16,623,415	3.39	1902	63,231,836	11.36	1912	135,048,296	18.09
1893	20,035,082	4.04	1903	61,740,513	10.83	1913	145,634,812	18.77
1894	19,931,158	3.98	1904	60,082,771	10.27	1914	128,863,075	15.96
1895	20,505,917	4.05	1905	69,078,999	11.49	19151	138,513,750	17.15

52.—Value of Minerals produced in Canada by Provinces in the Calendar Years 1914 and 1915.

	1914		1915.1		
Province.	Value.	Per cent. of total.	Value.	Per cent. of total.	
Nova Scotia . New Brunswick Quebec . Ontario . Manitoba . Saskatchewan . Alberta . British Columbia . Yukon Territory	\$ 17,584,639 1,014,570 11,836,929 53,034,677 2,413,489 712,313 12,684,234 24,164,039 5,418,185	0.79 9.21 41.01 1.88 0.55 9.87	\$ 18,126,672 916,329 12,159,436 61,800,178 1,351,604 395,728 9,915,282 28,932,658 4,915,863		
Total	128,863,075	100.00	138,513,750	100.00	

¹Subject to revision.

53.—Quantity of Gold produced in Canada by Provinces during the Calendar Years 1862-1915.

Years.	Nova Scotia.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Alberta.	British Colum- bia.	Yukon Territory	Total.
	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.
1862–1866 1867 1868 1869 1870	19,377 16,855			-	796,234 120,012 114,792 85,865 64,675		882,947 145,775 134,169 102,720 83,415
1871	12,352 11,180 8,623				87,048 77,931 63,166 89,233 119,724		105,187 90,283 74,346 97,856 130,300

53.—Quantity of Gold produced in Canada by Provinces during the Calendar Years 1862-1915—concluded.

	1862-1915—concluded.										
Years.	Nova Scotia.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Alberta.	British Columbia	Yukon Territory.	Total.				
	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.				
1876. 1877. 1878. 1879.	11,300 15,925 11,864 12,980 12,472	583 868 1,160 1,605	=		86,429 77,796 61,688 62,407 49,044		97,729 94,304 74,420 76,547 63,121				
1881	10,147 13,307 14,571 15,168 20,945	2,741 827 860 422 103			50,636 46,154 38,422 35,612 34,527	4,837	63,524 60,288 53,853 51,202 55,575				
1886. 1887. 1888. 1889.	22,038 20,009 21,137 24,673 22,978	193 78 181 58 65	327	- 102 58 967 193	43,714 33,558 29,834 28,489 23,918	3,386 1,935 8,466 8,466	53,145 62,653				
1891	21,841 18,865 18,436 18,834 21,919	87 628 759 1,412 62	97 344 708 1,917 3,015	266 508 466 726 2,419	20,792 19,327 18,360 25,664 61,289	1,935 4,233 8,514 6,047 12,094	43,905 47,243 54,600				
1896. 1897. 1898. 1899.	23,876 27,195 26,054 29,876 28,955	145 44 295 238	5,563 9,157 12,863 20,394 14,391	2,661 2,419 1,209 726 242	86,504 131,805 142,215 203,295 228,916	14,513 120,937 483,750 774,000 1,077,553	291,557 666,386 1,028,529				
1901	26,459 30,348 25,533 10,362 13,707	145 391 180 140 191	11,844 11,118 9,076 1,935 4,402	726 484 48 24 121	257,292 288,383 284,108 275,975 285,529	870,750 701,437 592,594 507,938 381,001	1,032,161 911,539 796,374				
1906. 1907. 1908. 1909. 1910.	12,223 13,675 11,842 10,193 7,928	165 - 193 124	3,202 3,212 3,212 1,569 3,089	39 33 50 25 89	269,886 236,216 286,858 250,320 261,386	270,900 152,381 174,150 191,565 221,091	405,517 476,112				
1911	7,781 4,385 2,174 2,904 6,636	613 642 701 1,292 1,093	2,062 86,523 219,801 268,264 405,719	10 73 48 268	236,496 251,815 297,459 252,730 272,302	224,197 268,447 282,838 247,940 230,058	611,885 802,973 773,178				
10.1.	,	I Service of		(

¹Subject to revision.

MINERALS.

54.—Value of Gold produced in Canada by Provinces during the Calendar Years 1862-1915.

1862-1915.										
Years.	Nova Scotia.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Alberta.	British Columbia.	Yukon Territory.	Total.			
1862-1866 1867 1868 1869	\$ 1,792,516 532,563 400,555 348,427 387,392	\$	\$	\$ - - -	\$ 16,459,627 2,480,868 2,372,972 1,774,978 1,336,956	\$	\$ 18,252,143 3,013,431 2,773,527 2,123,405 1,724,348			
1871 1872 1873 1874	374,972 255,349 231,122 178,244 218,629		, =		1,799,440 1,610,972 1,305,749 1,844,618 2,474,904	-	2,174,412 1,866,321 1,536,871 2,022,862 2,693,533 2,020,233			
1876	233,585 329,205 245,253 268,328 257,823	12,057 17,937 23,972 33,174		-	1,786,648 1,608,182 1,275,204 1,290,058 1,013,827	11111	1,949,444 1,538,394 1,582,358 1,304,824			
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	209,755 275,090 301,207 313,554 432,971	17,093 17,787		-	1,046,737 954,085 794,252 736,165 713,738		1,313,153 1,246,268 1,113,246 1,058,439 1,148,829			
1886 1887 1888 1889	455,564 413,631 436,939 510,029 474,990	1,604 3,740 1,207	6,760	2,100 1,200 20,000 4,000	616,731 588,923	70,000 40,000 175,000	1,295,159			
1891	451,503 389,965 381,095 389,338 453,119	12,987 15,696 29,196	2,000 7,118 14,637 39,624 62,320	5,500 10,506 9,640 15,000 50,000	399,525 379,535 530,530	176,000 125,000 250,000	907,601 976,603 1,128,688 2,083,674			
1896	493,568 562,165 538,590 617,604 598,553	900 6,089 4,916	115,000 189,294 265,889 421,591 297,495	50,000 25,000 15,000 5,000	2,724,657 2,939,852 4,202,473 4,732,105	16,000,000 22,275,000	6,027,016 13,775,420 21,261,584 27,908,153			
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	546,963 627,357 527,806 214,209 283,353	8,073 3,712 2,900 3,940	229,828 188,036 40,000 91,000	10,000 1,000 500 2,500	5,961,409 5,873,036 5,704,908 5,902,402	14,500,000 12,250,000 10,500,000 7,876,000	21,336,667 18,843,590 16,462,517 14,159,195			
1906 1907 1908 1909	244,799 210,711 163,891	3,990 2,565	66,399 66,389 32,425 63,849	675 1,037 525 1,850	4,883,020 5,929,880 5,174,579 5,403,318	3,150,000 3,600,000 3,960,000 4,570,362	8,382,780 9,842,105 9,382,230 10,205,835			
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 ¹	90,638 44,935 60,031	13,270 14,491 26,708	1,788,596 4,543,690	1,509 - 992	5,205,485 6,149,027 5,224,393	5,549,296 5,846,780 5,125,374	12,648,794 16,598,923			

¹Subject to revision.

55.—Quantity and Value of Silver produced in Canada during the Calendar Years 1887-1915.

Years	Oz.	Value.	Years	Oz.	Value.	Years	Oz.	Value.
								7
1887	* 355,083	\$ 347,271	1897	5 558 456	\$ 3,323,395	1906	8,473,379	\$ 5,659,455
1888	437,232	410,998	1898	4,452,333	2,593,929	1907	12,779,799	
1889 1890	383,318 400,687		1899 1900		2,032,658 $2,740,362$		22,106,233	
1891	414,523		1901		3,265,354		27,529,473 32,869,264	14,178,504 17,580,455
1892	310,651		1902		2,238,351		32,559,044	17,355,272
1893 1894	847.697	330,128 534,049	1903 1904		1,709,642 2,047,095			19,440,165 19,040,924
1895	1,578,275	1,030,299	1905		3,621,133	1914	28,449,821	15,593,631
1896	3,205,343	2,149,503				19151	28,401,735	14,088,397

¹Subject to revision.

56.—Quantity and Value of Silver produced in Canada, by Provinces, during the Calendar Years 1887-1915.

Years.	Ontario.		Quebec.			tish mbia.	Yukon Territory.	
	Oz.	\$	Oz.	\$	Oz.	\$	Oz.	s
1887	190,495	186,304	146,898	143,666	17,690	17,301		No. 17
1888	208,064		149,388		79,780	74,993		_
1889	181,609	169,986	148,517	139,012	53,192	49,787	_	
1890	158,715	166,016	171,545		70,427	73,66€	- 1	-
1891	225,633	222,926	185,584	183,357	3,306	3,266		
1892	41,581	36,425	191,910		77,160	67,592	-	0 h =011
1893	-	8,689	-	126,439	-	195,000	-	-
1894		- 1	101.318	63,830	746,379	470,219		
1895	7		81,753	53,369	1,496,522	976,930	-	
1898	-	-	70,000		3,135,343	2,102,561	-	_
1897	5,000		80,475	48,116	5,472,971	3,272,289		-
1898	85,000	49,521	74,932	43,655	4,292,401	2,500,753	-	107 004
1899	202,000	120,352	40,231	23,970	2,939,413	1,751,302		
1900 1901	161,650	99,140	58,400		3,958,175	2,427,548		
1901	151,400	89,250	41,459	24,440	5,151,333 3,917,917	$\begin{bmatrix} 3,036,711 \\ 2,043,586 \end{bmatrix}$		114,953
1903	$\frac{145,000}{17,777}$	75,632	42,500 $28,600$	22,168 15,287	2,996,204	1,601,471		96,985 83,362
1904	206.875	9,502 $118,376$	15,000	8,583	3,222,481	1,843,935		76,201
1905	2,451,356		19,620		3,439,417	2,075,757	89,630	
1906	5,401,766	3,607,894	17,686	11,813	2,990,262	1,997,226	63,665	42,522
1907	9,982,363	6,521,178	16,000	10,452	2,745,448	1,793,519		23,510
1908	19,398,545	10,254,847	13,299	7,030	2,631,389	1,391,058	63,000	33,304
1909	24,822,099	12,784,126	13,233	6,815	2,649,141	1,364,387	45,000	23,176
1910	30,366,366		7,593	4,061	2,407,887	1,287,883	87,418	46,756
1911	30,540,754		18,435	9,827	1,887,147	1,005,924		60,078
1912	29,214,025		9,465	5,758	2,651,002	1,612,737	81,068	49,318
1913	28,411,261	16,987,377	34,573	20,672	3,312,343	1,980,483	87,626	52,392
1914	25,139,214		57,737	31,646	3,159,897	1,731,971	92,973	50,959
19151	24,653,057	12,228,902		30,541	3,628,727	1,799,994	58,382	28,960

¹Subject to revision.

MINERALS.

57.—Quantity and Value of Copper produced in Canada, by Provinces, during the Calendar Years, 1886-1915.

Year	Onta	rio.	Queb	ec.	British C	olumbia.	Tot	al.
	Lb.	\$	Lb.	\$	Lb.	\$	Lb.	\$
1886 1887 1888 1889 1890	165,000 322,524 nil. · 1,466,752 1,303,065	36,284 nil. 201,678	3,340,000 2,937,900 5,562,864 5,315,000 4,710,606	330,514 927,107 730,813			3,505,000 3,260,424 5,562,864 6,781,752 6,013,671	385,550 366,798 927,107 932,491 947,153
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	4,127,697 2,203,795 3,641,504 5,207,679 4,576,337	254,538 391,461 497,854	5,401,704 4,883,480 4,468,352 2,176,430 2,242,462	564,042 480,348 208,067	324,680 952,840	31,039 102,526		
1896 1897 1898 1899 1900	5,723,324		1,632,560	279,424 252,658 287,494	5,325,180 7,271,678 7,722,591		13,300,802 17,747,136 15,078,475	1,021,960 1,501,660 2,134,980 2,655,319 3,065,922
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	7,408,202 7,172,533 4,913,594	861,278 949,285 630,070	1,640,000 1,152,000 760,000	190,666 152,467 97,455	27,603,746 29,636,057 34,359,921 35,710,128 37,692,251	3,445,488 4,547,735 4,579,110	38,684,259 42,684,454 41,383,722	6,096,581 4,497,432 5,649,487 5,306,635 7,497,660
1903 1907 1908 1909 1910	14,104,337 15,005,171 15,746,699	2,821,432 1,981,883 2,044,237	1,517,990 1,282,024 1,088,212	$\begin{vmatrix} 303,659 \\ 169,330 \\ 141,272 \end{vmatrix}$	42,990,488 40,832,720 47,274,614 35,658,952 35,270,006	8,168,177 6,244,031 4,629,245	56,455,047 63,561,809	10,720,474 11,293,268 8,395,244 6,814,754 7,094,094 ¹
1912 1913 1914	22,250,601 25,885,929	3,635,971 3,952,522 3,937,535	3,282,210 3,455,887	536,346 527,679 571,488	50,526,656 45,791,579	8,256,561 6,991,916 5,606,966	$ 76,976,925^3 $	6,886,998 12,718,548 ² 11,753,606 ³ 10,301,935 ⁴ ⁵ 17,726,307

¹Includes 286,000 lb., valued at \$36,431, produced in Nova Scotia and Yukon

Territory, not given separately.

²Includes 1,772,660 lb., valued at \$289,670, product of Yukon Territory.

³Includes 1,843,530 lb., valued at \$281,489, product of Yukon Territory.

⁴Includes 1,367,050 lb., valued at \$185,946, product of Yukon Territory.

⁵Includes 534,216 lb., product of Yukon Territory.

⁶Subject to revision.

58.—Quantity and Value of Nickel produced in Canada during the Calendar Years 1889-1915.

Years.	Quantity.	Value.	Years.	Quantity.	Value.	Years.	Quantity.	Value.
	Lb.	\$	1	Lb.	\$		Lb.	\$
1889	830,477	498,286	1898	5,517,690	1,820,838	1907	21,189,793	9,535,407
1890	1,435,742	933,232	1899	5,744,000	2,067,840	1908	19,143,111	8,231,538
1891	4,035,347	2,421,208	1900	7,080,227	3,327,707	1909	26,282,991	9,461,877
1892	2,413,717	1,399,956	1901	9,189,047	4,594,523	1910	37,271,033	11,181,310
1893		2,071,151		10,693,410	5,025,903	1911	34,098,744	10,229,623
1894		1,870,958		12,505,510				13,452,463
1895		1,360,984	1904	10,547,883				14,903,032
1896		1,188,990		18,876,315				13,655,381
1897	[3,997,647]	1,399,176	1906	21,490,955	8,948,834	19151	68,077,823	20,423,348

¹Subject to revision.

59.—Production of principal Minerals in Canada for the Calendar Years 1909-1915.

Years.	Lead.3	Iron Ore.	Zinc Ore.	
	Lb. \$	Ton. \$	Ton. \$	
1908	43,195,733 1,814,221	238,082 568,189	452 3,215	
1909	45,857,424 1,692,139	268,043 659,316	18,371: 242,699	
1910	32,987,508 1,216,249	259,418 574,362	5,063 120,003	
1911	23.784.969 827.717	210,344 522,319	2,590 101,072	
1912	35.763.476 1.597.554	215.883 523.315	6,415 215,149	
1913				
1914				
19151				

¹Subject to revision. in British Columbia.

²Includes 7,424 tons shipped in 1908. ³All produced

PIG IRON.

Years	Nova Scotia.	Que	Quebec.		ario.	Totals.		
1	Tons. \$	Tons.	\$	Tons.	\$	Tons.	8	
1909	345,380 3,453,80	4,770	125,623		6,002,441	757,162	9,581,864	
1910	350,287 4,203,44		85,255	447,273	6,956,923	800,797	11,245,622	
1911	390,242 4,682,90	658	17,282	526,635	7,606,939	917,535	12,307,125	
1912	424,994 6,374,910) –		589,593	8,176,089	1,014,587	14,550,999	
1913	480,068 7,201,02) -	_	648,899	9,338,992		16,540,012	
1914	227,052 2,951,67	3 -	- 1		7,051,180		10,002,856	
19151	420,219 5,462,84	7	-	493,500	6,129,972	913,719	11,592,819	

COAL.

Year.	Nova Scotia.	New Bruns- wick	Saskat- chewan.	Alberta.	British Columbia	Yukon Terri- tory.	Total production.	Value.
1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	Tons. 5,652,089 6,431,142 7,004,420 7,783,888 7,980,073 7,370,924 7,429,888	55,455 55,781 44,780	181,156 206,779 225,342 212,897 232,299	2,894,469 1,511,036 3,240,577 4,014,755 3,683,015		16,185 2,840 9,245 19,722 13,443	Tons. 10,501,475 12,909,152 11,323,388 14,512,829 15,012,178 13,637,529 13,209,371	26,467,646 36,019,044 37,334,940 33,471,801

MINERALS.

59.—Production of principal Minerals in Canada for the Calendar Years 1909-1915—concluded.

Years.	Asbestos.		Asbe	stic.	Total.	
1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 ¹	63,349 77,508 101,393 111,561 136,951 96,542	\$ 2,284,587 2,555,974 2,922,062 3,117,572 3,830,909 2,892,266 3,491,450	24,707 26,021 27,740 24,135 21,031	17,188 17,629 21,046 19,707 19,016 17,540	102,215 127,414 136,301 161,086 117,573	\$ 2,301,775 2,573,603 2,943,108 3,137,279 3,849,925 2,909,806 3,513,269

60.—Production of Cement in Canada for the Calendar Years 1902-1915.

Years.	Natural rock cement.		Portland cement.		Total cement.	
1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911	92,252 56,814 14,184 8,610 5,775 1,044	50,247 10,274 6,052	627,741	1,150,592 1,287,992 1,913,740 3,164,807 3,777,328 3,709,139 5,345,802 6,412,215 7,644,537	967,172 1,360,732 2,128,374 2,441,868 2,666,333 4,067,709 4,753,975 5,692,915	1,225,247 1,338,239 1,924,014 3,170,859 3,781,371 3,709,954 5,345,802 6,412,215 7,644,537
1913	-	-	8,658,805	11,019,418	8,658,805	11,019,418
1914	- 1		7,172,480			
19151	1 1 1 1 L - 3 L	120 m -	5,681,032			

Smelter Production.—Table 61 shows the character and quantities of the ores treated in Canadian smelters. The figures do not represent the total production from smelting ores mined in Canada, since considerable quantities of copper and silver ores are shipped to smelters outside of Canada.

61.—Character and Quantities of Ores treated in Canadian Smelters, 1910-1915.

Ores.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
Nickel, Copper Silver, Cobalt-Nickel,	Tons. 628,947	Tons. 610,834	Tons. 725,065	Tons. 823,403	Tons. 947,053	Tons. 1,272,283	
Arsenic Lead and other ores treated in lead fur-	9,466	9,330	8,097	6,124	5,681	7,526	
naces	57,549 1,987,752			88,100 2,119,754			
Totals	2,683,714	2,193,553	3,005,410	3,037,381	2,650,155	3,624,582	

¹Subject to revision.

Iron Blast Furnaces in Canada in 1915.—Of 22 completed furnaces 13 were in blast in 1915 for varying periods of time. The total daily capacity of the 22 furnaces is about 4,470 tons. The operating companies, with numbers and capacities of furnaces, were as follows:

Dominion Iron & Steel Co., Sydney, C.B.: Six completed furnaces of 280 tons capacity each per day; two operated throughout 1915, one for 36 days and one for 179 days; and one for 348 days; one furnace idle throughout the year.

Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Co., Limited, New Glasgow, N.S.: One furnace at Sydney Mines, C.B., of 280 tons capacity; operated throughout 1915.

Londonderry Iron & Mining Co., Limited, Londonderry, N.S.: One furnace of 100 tons capacity, idle throughout the year.

Canada Iron Foundries, Limited, Montreal, Que.: Two small furnaces of seven and eight tons capacity, at Drummondville, Que.; one furnace of 24 tons daily capacity, at Radnor Forges, Que.; two furnaces of 125 tons and 250 tons at Midland, Ont.; all idle throughout the year.

STANDARD IRON CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED, Deseronto, Ont.: One furnace at Deseronto with a daily capacity of 65 tons, operated for 235 days during the year 1915; one furnace of 65 tons at Parry Sound, idle throughout the year.

THE STEEL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED, Hamilton, Ont.: Two furnaces, one of 260 tons capacity, operated for 52 days in 1915, a second furnace of 430 tons capacity, operated throughout the year.

ALGOMA STEEL Co., LIMITED, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.: Three furnaces at Steelton, near Sault Ste. Marie, two of 280 tons capacity each, and one of 500 tons capacity, operated throughout the year.

The Atikokan Iron Co., Limited, Port Arthur, Ont.: One furnace of 100 tons capacity, idle throughout the year.

THE CANADIAN FURNACE Co., LIMITED, Port Colborne, Ont.: One furnace of 325 tons capacity, operated 262 days in 1915.

Mines Departments of Provincial Governments.—In addition to the Mines Department of the Dominion Government, from whose reports the foregoing tables and information have been compiled, there are Departments of Mines of the Provincial Governments of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia.

Nova Scotia.—In Nova Scotia the principal product is coal; and, according to the Report of the Provincial Department, the quantity of coal raised in the year ended September 30, 1915, was 7,379,464 long tons, as compared with 7,005,464 tons in 1914. The production of other minerals in 1915 was, in short tons, as follows, the corresponding figures of 1914 being given within round brackets: pig iron, 295,868 (281,428); steel ingots, 369,310 (341,818); limestone, 353,412 (335,515); coke, 452,099 (467,730); gypsum, 230,216 (283,340). The number of bricks made was 1,922,100 as against 14,543,608 in 1914 and the production of drain pipe tile was 1,022,470 feet as against 1,592,875 feet in 1914. The production of gold was 7,216 oz., as against 3,158 oz. in 1914. Regulations for the installation and use of electricity in the coal mines of Nova Scotia were approved by Order-in-Council of August 21, 1915. They are included in the Annual Report for 1915 of the Department of Public Works and Mines.

New Brunswick.—The Annual Report for the year ended October 31, 1915, of the Minister of Lands and Mines, states that the mining industries of the province include three commercially successful branches,

MINERALS.

viz., gypsum, coal and oil with natural gas. The production of gypsum was hampered by the large falling off in building operations, gypsum being made into wall plaster; and in 1915 about 72,000 tons of gypsum rock were quarried, of which 52,000 tons were exported to the United States and the balance was manufactured into about 120,000 barrels of wall plaster. For the season of 1914 the total output of gypsum was 74,762 tons. Royalties were paid in 1915 on 118,953 tons of coal, as compared with 96,577 tons in 1914. Of natural gas the production in 1915 was 305,673,200 cubic feet, of which 1,576,200 cubic feet were used by the producers for light, heat or power and 304,097,000 cubic feet were sold for distribution in Moncton and Hillsborough. The oil sold from January 1 to September 30, 1915, amounted to 27,606 gallons.

Quebec.—The Annual Report of the Quebec Superintendent of Mines shows that the value of the mineral production of the province for the calendar year 1915 amounted to \$11,465,873, as compared with \$11,732,783 in 1914 and \$13,119,811 in 1913. The falling off during the past two years is due to abnormal conditions caused by the war. Of the value of total production in 1915, viz., \$11,465,873, the sum of \$5,223,639 for mine products represents an increase of 32 p.c. and the sum of \$6,242,234 for structural materials represents a decrease of 20 p.c., as compared with 1914.

Ontario.—The preliminary Report of the Bureau of Mines, Department of Lands, Forests and Mines shows that the total value of the mineral production of Ontario in the calendar year 1915 was \$57,856,375, as compared with \$46,295,959 in 1914 and \$53,232,311 in 1913. increase in 1915 over 1914 due largely, as explained below, to an increased valuation of nickel and copper, is 25 p.c., and the decrease in 1914, compared with 1913, was 13 p.c. The rapid growth which marked the mineral production of Ontario for a decade prior to 1914 received a severe check in 1914, owing in part to business depression, but chiefly to the outbreak of the war and the consequent disturbances in industrial and financial conditions. In 1915 there was a turn in the tide with an increase over 1914. Gold exhibits a large advance, offset to some extent by a decrease in silver production. Nickel and copper show what would in times of peace be considered abnormal increases. The demand for these metals for munition purposes has been great, and increased prices have stimulated production to the maximum capacity of the mines. Of the total value in 1915, \$47,721,180 represents the value of the metallic and \$10,135,195 the value of the non-metallic production. The principal metals are gold, silver, copper, nickel, iron and cobalt. The quantity of gold produced was 411,588 oz. of the value of \$8,501,391, as compared with 268,942 oz. of the value of \$5,529,767 in 1914. The total dividends paid by gold mining companies in Ontario to December 31, 1915. amount to over \$5,000,000. The production of silver was 23,730,839 oz., of the value of \$11,742,463, as compared with 25,217,994 oz. of the value of \$12,795,214 in 1914. In 1915 the dividends paid by Cobalt silver mines amounted to \$4,441,948, the total return to shareholders to the end of 1915 being \$59,660,912. Of nickel the production was 34,039 short tons, valued (in the matte) at \$17,019,500, as compared

with 22,760 tons valued at \$5,109,088 in 1914. The production of copper in matte was 19,608 tons, value \$3,921,600, as compared with 14,453 tons, value \$2,081,332, in 1914. Of the increase in value, as compared with 1914, amounting to \$11,236,885, the sum of \$10,588,756 represents the increase in valuation placed upon the nickel and copper contents of the Sudbury mattes. Even on the low basis of the valuation the figures for 1915 record a total increase in production over 1914 of \$648,129.

British Columbia.—According to the Annual Report of the Provincial Mineralogist the total mineral production for the calendar year 1915 was of the value of \$29,447,508, as compared with \$26,388,825 in 1914, an increase of \$3,058,683, or about 12 p.c. The principal mineral products of British Columbia are gold, lead, copper and coal. Table 62 shows the quantity and value of the mineral production of British Columbia for the three calendar years 1913-15.

62.—Quantity and Value of Mineral Products in British Columbia for the Calendar Years 1913-1915.

Products.	1913.		1914.		1915.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Gold, placer.oz. "lode. " Silver. " Lead. lb. Copper. " Zinc. ". Coal¹ ton Coke¹ " Miscellaneous products	272,254 3,465,856 55,364,677 46,460,305 6,758,768 2,137,483 286,045	324,421 7,481,190	247,170 3,602,180 50,625,048 45,009,699 7,866,467 1,810,967 234,577	1,876,736 1,771,877 6,121,319	250,021 3,366,506 46,503,590 56,918,405 12,982,440 1,611,129 245,871	5,167,934 1,588,991 1,939,200 9,835,500
Total	- 1	30,296,398	144	26,388,825	- 146-1	29,447,508

¹Long tons of 2,240 lb.

MANUFACTURES.

Table 63 gives the principal statistics of manufactures for the census years 1900 and 1910, together with the total increase and the increase p.c., and Table 64 gives records for 1900, 1905, and 1910 by provinces, as taken in 1901, 1906 and 1911. (See Year Book 1913, pp. 215-225.)

63.—Statistics of Manufactures of Canada, 1900 and 1910.

Items.	1900.	1910.	Increase.	Increase p.c.			
EstablishmentsNo.		19,218					
Capital\$ Employees on salariesNo.	446,916,487 30,691	1,247,583,609 44,077	800,667,122 13,386				
Salaries\$	23,676,146		20,103,569				
Employees on wagesNo.	308,482						
Wages\$	89,573,204	197,228,701	107,655,497	120.19			
Raw and partly manufactured materials	266 527 858	601,509,018	334,981,160	125 68			
Products		1,165,975,639					

MANUFACTURES.

64.—Statistics of Manufactures by Provinces, 1900, 1905 and 1910.

Province.	Establish- ments.	Capital.	Em- ployees.	Salaries and wages.	Raw and partly mfd. materials.	Value of products.
1900.	No.	\$	No.	\$	\$	\$
Canada	14,650	446,916,487	339,173	113,249,350	266,527,858	481,053,375
P. E. Island Nova Scotia N. Brunswick. Quebec Ontario Manitoba Alberta and Saskatch'w'n Br. Columbia.	334 1,188 919 4,845 6,543 324 105 392	2,081,766 34,586,416 20,741,170 142,403,407 214,972,275 7,539,691 1,689,870 22,901,892	5,219 1,168	465,763	13,161,077 10,814,014 86,679,779 138,230,400 7,955,504 1,121,342	2,326,708 23,592,513 20,972,470 158,287,994 241,533,486 12,927,439 1,964,987 19,447,778
1905.	2/3					
Canada	15,796	846,585,023	392,530	165,100,011	-	718,352,603
P.E. Island Nova Scotia N. Brunswick. Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta Br. Columbia.	4,965 7,996 354 80 120	255,479,662 397,484,705 27,517,297 3,973,075 5,545,821	24,237 19,426 119,008 189,370 10,333 1,444 2,045	9,284,864 6,581,411 47,160,452 82,415,520 5,909,791 721,875 1,167,107	-	1,851,615 32,574,323 22,133,951 219,861,648 367,850,002 28,155,732 2,520,172 5,116,782 38,288,378
1010						To be delicated to the second
1910. Canada	19,218	1,247,583,609	515,203	241,008,416	601,509,018	1,165,975,639
P.E. Island Nova Scotia N. Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewar Alberta Br. Columbia	1,480 1,158 6,584 8,001 439 173 290	79,596,341 36,125,012 326,946,923 595,394,608 47,941,540 7,019,951 29,518,340	28,795 24,755 5 158,207 8 238,817 17,325 3,250 6 6,980	10,628,955 8,314,212 69,432,967 117,645,784 10,912,866 1,936,284 4,365,661	26,058,315 18,516,096 184,374,053 297,580,125 30,499,829 2,747,266 9,998,777	35,422,302 350,901,656 579,810,225 53,673,609 6,332,132 18,788,825

VII.—TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Included in this section are tables showing the exports and imports of Canada in different categories and for varying periods. These are followed by grain statistics and statistics relating to bounties, patents and copyrights, trade marks, etc.

Aggregate External Trade.—Exclusive of coin and bullion, the aggregate external trade of Canada for the year ended March 31, 1916. was of the value of \$1,309,545,664, as compared with \$958,894,411 in 1914-15 and \$1,090,948,716 in 1913-14. The increase in 1915-16. as compared with 1914-15, is \$350,651,253, or 36.6 p.c., and as compared with 1913-14 it is \$218,596,948, or 20 p.c. A considerable proportion of the increased value of Canadian exports during the last two years has been due directly to the war, large increases being shown for grain, hay, boots and shoes, cartridges, explosives and fulminates, metals, minerals, iron, steel and manufactures thereof. In 1915–16 the total trade of the Dominion with the United Kingdom was \$540,057,644, as compared with \$302,112,198 in 1914-15. With the United States it was \$610,083,822 in 1915-16, as compared with \$495.014.031 in 1914-15, while the trade with countries other than these two was \$159,404,198 in 1915–16 as compared with \$161,768,182 in 1914-15.

Trade of Calendar Year 1915.—For the calendar year 1915 the total value of Canadian trade with other countries amounted to \$1,123,-909,477, exclusive of coin and bullion, as compared with \$938,862,810 in 1914, an increase of \$185,046,667, or 19.7 p.c. Exports in 1915 amounted to \$653,488,412, as compared with \$416,237,098 in 1914, and imports to \$470,421,065, as compared with \$522,625,712 in 1914. Trade with the United Kingdom reached a total value of \$435.544.589. as compared with \$283,284,831 in 1914. Exports to the United Kingdom in 1915 were \$361,486,588, as compared with \$184,222,774, and imports from the United Kingdon in 1915 were \$74,058,001, as compared Trade with the United States reached the total with \$99.062.057. value of \$543,711,316, as compared with \$508,789,359 in 1914 Exports to the United States were \$204,708,903, as compared with \$160,938,979 in 1914, and imports from the United States were \$339,002,413, as compared with \$347,850,380 in 1914.

Trade Fluctuations by Quantities and Values.—It is evident that values alone cannot give a true measurement of the increase or decrease of trade from year to year, because such increase or decrease depends upon the double factors of price and volume. The increase or decrease in the value of articles imported into and exported from Canada that may be due (a) to higher or lower prices and (b) larger or smaller quantities, as between the fiscal years 1914 and 1915, has been carefully calculated in the Census and Statistics Office for a large number of separate articles; but there is not space in this edition of the Year Book for more than a summary by leading classes of products, which accordingly is given in Table 43. The principle of calculation followed is that of the British Board of Trade. For all articles of which quantities as well as values are recorded in the trade returns, it is easy to ascertain the differences due to each by direct calculation; but where values alone

AGGREGATE EXTERNAL TRADE.

are recorded and not quantities, it is necessary to proceed by estimate. And the method adopted is to group such articles with the classes to which they properly belong and assume that the variation due to volume has been in the same proportion as other articles in the class for which quantities are given. Inasmuch as the articles for which only values are given are relatively few and unimportant, the results are not greatly influenced by the amount of estimation necessary. The table shows that in 1915 the total value of exports the produce of Canada (exclusive of coin and bullion) was in round figures \$409,419,000, as compared with \$431,588,000 in 1914. The decrease is made up of increases in values due to higher prices, which amount to \$19,495,000, or 5 p.c., and of decreases in value due to smaller quantities (partly estimated) amounting to \$41,664,000, or 9.6 p.c.: so that the net decrease in value due to variations both of price and quantity is \$22,169,000, or 5.1 p.c. Similarly, in the case of imports for home consumption, the total value in 1915 was \$455,445,000, as compared with \$618,457,000 in 1914, the decrease of \$163,012,000, or 26.4 p.c., being made up of \$19,715,000, or 4.1 p.c., due to lower prices and \$143,297,000, or 23.2 pc. due to smaller quantities. Taking the total trade (exports and imports) this was of the value of \$864,864,000 in 1915, as compared with \$1,050,045,000 in 1914, a decrease of \$185,181,000, or 17.6 p.c., and made up of \$220,000 due to the decrease of value by the net lowering of price and of \$184,961,000, or 17.6 p.c., due to decrease of value by the net smaller quantity. The table further shows the classes of produce that are affected by differences in price and volume. In the section for total trade the values in the classes for agricultural, animal, fisheries and miscellaneous produce are affected by higher prices, but only the class for animal produce shows an increase in value due to larger quantities. The period covered by the table is for the fiscal vear ended March 31, 1915, as compared with 1914. Therefore it includes the trade that was most violently affected by the sudden outbreak of the war in July and August, 1914.

1.—Aggregate External Trade of Canada, fiscal years 1868-1916.

	(D) 4 1	(D-4-1	Aggregate	Valu	e per cap	oita.	Ratio of Exports
Years.	Total Exports.	Total Imports.	trade of Canada.	Exports.	Imports.	Total Trade.	to Imports.
3	\$	\$	\$	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	p.c.
1868	57,567,888	73,459,644	131,027,532	17.07	21.78	38.85	78.37
1869	60,474,781	70,415,165	130,889,946	17.72	20.63	38.35	85.88
1870	73,573,490	74,814,339	148,387,829	21.29	21.66	42.95	98.34
1871	74,173,618	96,092,971	170,266,589	21.08	27.31	48.39	77.19
1872	82,639,663	111,430,527	194,070,190	22.88	30.86	53.74	74.16
1873	89,789,922	128,011,281	217,801,203	24.48	34.89	59.37	70.14
1874	89,351,928	128,213,582	217,565,510	23.36	33.52	56.88	69.69
1875	77,886,979	123,070,283	200,957,262	20,04	31.66	51.70	93.26
1876	80,966,435	93,210,346	174,176,781	20.50	23.60	44.10	86.86
1877	75,875,393	99,327,962	175,203,355	18.90	24.75	43.65	76.39
1878	79,323,667	93,081,787	172,405,454	19.44	22.82	42.26	85.22
1879	71,491,255	81,964,427	153,455,682	17.24	19.77	37.01	87.17
1880	87,911,458	86,489,747	174,401,205	20.85	20.52	41.37	101.64

1.—Aggregate External Trade of Canada, fiscal years 1868-1916—concluded.

Years.	Total Exports.	Total Imports.	Aggregate trade of	Valu	e per c aj	oita.	Ratio of Exports
	Exports.	imports.	Canada.	Exports.	Imports.	Total Trade.	ito Imports.
	\$	\$	\$	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	98,290,823 102,137,203 89,085,804 91,406,496 89,238,361	105,330,840 119,419,500 132,254,022 116,397,043 108,941,486	203,621,663 221,556,703 230,339,826 207,803,539 198,179,847	22.67 23.30 22.13 20.39 19.67	24.29 27.24 29.84 25.96 24.01	46.96 50.54 51.97 46.35 43.68	93.27 85.53 74.16 78.53 81.91
1886 1887 1888 1889	85,251,314 89,515,811 90,203,000 89,189,167 96,749,149	104,424,561 112,892,236 110,894,630 115,224,931 121,858,241	189,675,875 202,408,047 201,097,630 204,414,098 218,607,390	18.59 19.31 19.25 18.83 20.20	22.77 24.35 23.67 24.33 25.45	41.36 43.66 42.92 43.16 45.65	81.64 79.29 81.34 77.40 79.40
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	98,417,296 113,963,375 118,564,352 117,524,949 113,638,803		218,384,934 241,369,443 247,638,620 240,999,889 224,420,485	20.32 23.31 24.02 23.58 22.57	24.76 26.06 26.15 24.78 22.01	45.08 49.37 50.17 48.36 44.58	82.04 89.45 91.85 95.18 102.58
1896 1897 1898 1899	121,013,852 137,950,253 164,152,683 158,896,905 191,894,723	140,323,053 162,764,308	239,025,360 257,168,862 304,475,736 321,661,213 381,517,236	23.79 26.83 31.57 30.21 36.05	23.20 23.18 26.99 30.95 35.63	46.99 50.01 58.56 61.16 71.68	102.54 115.71 116.98 97.62 101.20
1901	196,487,632 211,640,286 225,849,724 213,521,235 203,316,872	190,415,525 212,270,158 241,214,961 259,211,803 266,834,417	386,903,157 423,910,444 467,064,685 472,733,038 470,151,289	36.37 38.26 39.81 36.66 33.93	35.24 38.37 42.52 44.50 44.53	71.61 76.63 82.33 81.16 78.46	103.19 99.70 93.63 82.37 76.20
1906 1907 ¹ 1908 1909 1910	256,586,630 205,277,197 280,006,606 261,512,159 301,358,529	294,286,015 259,786,007 370,786,525 309,756,608 391,852,692	550,872,645 465,063,204 650,793,131 571,268,767 693,211,221	41.58 32.57 43.14 39.06 43.57	47.69 41.22 57.12 46.27 56.65	89.27 73.79 100.26 85.33 100.22	87.19 79.02 75.52 84.42 76.91
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916	297,196,365 315,317,250 393,232,057 478,997,928 490,808,877 882,872,502	650,746,797 1 629,444,894 1	769,443,905 874,637,794 1,085,264,449 1,129,744,725 1,120,253,771 1,447,378,298	41.52 42.23 50.69 59.32 60.33	65.97 74.91 89.19 80.59 77.36	107.49 117.14 139.88 139.91 137.69	62.93 56.38 56.83 73.60 77.97 156.40

¹Nine months only.

Note.—The aggregate trade includes the exports and imports of coin and bullion. In 1915, the imports of coin and bullion amounted to \$131,992,992, most of which was transferred from the United States to Canada as a depositary for Great Britain. In 1916 the exports of coin and bullion amounted to \$103,572,432.

2.—Exports to the United Kingdom, to the United States and to Other Countries of Merchandise the produce of Canada, 1868-1916.

Fiscal Years.	United Kingdom.	United States.	Other Countries.	Totals.
1868	\$ 17,905,808	\$ 22,387,846	\$ 5,249,523	\$ 45,543,177
1869 1870	20,486,389 22,512,991 21,733,556	23,640,188 27,398,930 26,715,690	5,196,727 6,169,271 6,732,110	49,323,304 56,081,192 55,181,356
1871	25,223,785	29,984,440	7,735,802	62,944,027
	31,402,234	33,421,725	8,421,647	73,245,606
1874	35,769,190	30,380,556	7,777,002	73,926,748
1875	34,199,134	25,683,818	7,607,941	67,490,893
	34,379,005	27,451,150	8,031,694	69,861,849
	35,491,671	22,160,666	8,212,543	65,864,880
1878	35,861,110	22,131,343	7,747,681	65,740,134
1879	29,393,424	23,149,909	7,546,245	60,089,578
1880	35,208,031	26,762,705	8,125,455	70,096,191
1881	42,637,219	31,015,109	7,269,051	80,921,379
1882.	39,816,813	41,687,638	8,538,260	90,042,711
1883.	39,538,067	36,096,501	8,651,139	84,285,707
1884	37,410,870	31,631,622	8,089,587	77,132,079
1885	36,479,051	32,618,593	7,085,874	76,183,518
1886	36,694,263	31,503,292	6,777,951	74,975,506
1887	38,714,331	32,273,033	6,976,656	77,964,020
1888	33,648,284	37,323,161	7,326,305	78,297,750
1889	33,504,281	36,449,288	7,248,235	77,201,804
1890	41,499,149	33,291,207	7,545,158	82,335,514
	43,243,784	34,829,436	7,684,524	85,757,744
1892	45,949,055	31,317,857	9,417,341	95,684,253
	58,409,606	33,813,802	9,783,082	102,006,490
1894	60,878,056	29,297,598	10,411,199	100,586,853
	57,903,564	32,303,773	9,321,014	99,528,351
1896	62,717,941	34,460,428	9,200,383	106,378,752
1897	69,533,852	39,717,057	10,434,501	119,685,410
1898 1899	93,065,019 85,113,681 96,562,875	34,361,795 34,766,955 52,534,977	12,494,118 12,920,626 14,412,938	139,920,930 132,801,262 163,510,790
1901	92,857,525	67,983,673	16,590,188	177,431,386
1902.	109,347,345	66,567,784	20,104,634	196,019,763
1903.	125,199,980	67,766,367	21,435,327	214,401,674
1904.	110,120,892	66,856,885	21,436,662	198,414,439
1905	97,114,867	70,426,765	23,313,314	190,854,946
1906.	127,456,465	83,546,306	24,481,185	235,483,956
1907 (9 months).	98,691,186	62,257,299	19,596,821	180,545,306
1908.	126,194,124	90,814,871	29,951,973	246,960,968
1909 1910	126,384,724 126,384,724 139,482,945	85,334,806 104,199,675	30,884,054 35,564,931	240,500,503 242,603,584 279,247,551
1911.	132,156,924	104,115,823	38,043,806	274,316,553
1912.	147,240,413	102,041,222	40,942,222	290,223,857
1913	170,161,903	139,725,953	45,866,744	355,745,600
	215,253,969	163,372,825	52,961,645	431,588,439
1916	186,668,554	173,320,216	49,430,066	409,418,836
	451,852,399	201,106,488	88,651,751	741,610,638

3.—Imports from the United Kingdom, from the United States and from Other Countries of Merchandise entered for Home Consumption, 1868-1916, excluding Coin and Bullion.

Com and Bullion.				
Fiscal Years.	United Kingdom.	United States.	Other Countries.	Totals.
1868 1869 1870 1871	\$ 37,617,325 35,496,764 37,537,095 48,498,202	\$ 22,660,132 21,497,380 21,697,237 27,185,586	\$ 6,812,702 6,160,797 7,667,742 8,530,600	\$ 67,090,159 63,154,941 66,902,074 84,214,388
1872 1873 1874 1875	62,209,254 67,996,945 61,424,407 60,009,084	33,741,995 45,189,110 51,706,906 48,930,358	9,004,118 11,323,074 10,049,574 8,469,126	104,955,367 124,509,129 123,180,887 117,408,568
1876. 1877. 1878. 1879.	40,479,253 39,331,621 37,252,769 30,967,778 33,764,439	44,099,880 49,376,008 48,002,875 42,170,306 28,193,783	7,933,974 5,418,765 5,140,207 5,564,435 7,942,320	92,513,107 94,126,394 90,395,851 78,702,519 69,900,542
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	42,885,142 50,356,268 51,679,762 41,925,121 40,031,448	36,338,701 47,052,935 55,147,243 49,785,888 45,576,510	11,264,486 13,735,981 15,034,491 14,261,969 14,147,817	90,488,329 111,145,184 121,861,496 105,972,978 99,755,775
1886 1887 1888 1889	39,033,000 44,741,356 39,167,644 42,251,189 43,277,009	42,818,651 44,795,908 46,440,296 50,029,419 51,365,661	14,140,486 15,569,946 15,063,688 16,817,588 17,039,903	95,992,137 105,107,210 100,671,628 109,098,196 111,682,573
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	42,018,943 41,063,711 42,529,340 37,035,963 31,059,332	52,033,477 51,742,132 52,339,796 50,746,091 50,179,004	17,481,534 22,354,570 20,301,694 21,288,857 19,437,555	111,533,954 115,160,413 115,170,830 109,070,911 100,675,891
1896 1897 1898 1899 1900	32,824,505 29,401,188 32,043,461 36,931,323 44,279,983	53,529,390 57,023,342 74,824,923 88,467,173 102,080,177	19,007,266 20,193,297 19,438,778 23,947,963 26,146,718	105,361,161 106,617,827 126,307,162 149,346,459 172,506,878
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	42,819,995 49,022,726 58,793,038 61,724,616 60,342,704	107,149,325 114,744,696 128,790,237 143,010,578 152,431,626	27,731,374 32,712,768 37,230,444 38,854,825 38,842,789	177,700,694 196,480,190 224,813,719 243,590,019 251,617,119
1906. 1907 (9 months). 1908. 1909.	69,183,915 64,415,415 94,417,314 70,682,101 95,336,427	168,798,376 148,598,061 204,648,885 170,056,178 217,502,415	45,299,913 36,724,398 52,813,756 47,479,236 56,976,585	283,282,204 249,737,874 351,879,955 288,217,515 369,815,427
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915		274,844,858 330,428,502 435,769,050 395,565,328 296,632,812	66,965,585 74,113,595 95,577,249 90,821,454 68,655,381	451,745,108 521,448,309 670,089,066 618,457,144 455,371,371
1916	77,404,361	370,497,867	59,914,931	507 817,159

4.—Aggregate Trade of Canada by Countries during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915, including Coin and Bullion.

Complete	Total	Total	
Countries.	Exports.	Imports.	Total Trade.
British Empire—	\$	\$	\$
United Kingdom	211,758,863	90,358,287	302,117,150
		200,000,201	
Australia	5,552,686	385,474	5,938,160
Bermuda	368,263	23,914	392,177
British East and West Africa	100,765	22,727	123,492
British South Africa	4,645,589	315,135	4,960,724
British East Indies, all other	23,905	1,685,064	1,708,969
British West Indies			
British West Indies	4,366,792	6,039,595	10,406,387
British Guiana	678,797	2,923,115	3,601,912
Straits Settlements	245,456	994,602	1,240,058
Hong Kong	655,053	1,268,760	1,923,813
India	415,680	4,136,402	4,552,082
Newfoundland	4,481,176	1,245,680	5,726,856
N 711			
New Zealand	2,623,855	3,906,462	6,530,317
Other British Possessions	1,641,824	2,577,737	4,219,561
Total British Empire	237,558,704	115 999 054	
	231,330,104	115,882,954	353,441,658
Foreign countries—			
Alaska	323,877	130,126	454,003
Argentine			
Argentina	639,469	3,364,787	4,004,256
Austria-Hungary	279,788	613,171	892,959
Belgium	3,259,359	1,855,567	5,114,926
Brogil			
Brazil Central American States	542,515	1,153,977	1,696,492
Central American States	72,817	118,185	191,002
Chile	55,347	190	55,537
China			
China	339,039	1,124,981	1,464,020
Cuba	1,479,355	1,704,204	3,183,559
Denmark. Danish West Indies.	717,238	44,132	761,370
Denial W I I'			
Danish West Indies	16,253	117,687	133,944
Dutch East Indies	25,927	128,589	154,516
Dutch Guiana	40,948	203,898	244,846
Format 10 1			
Egypt and Soudan	26,484	29,665	56,149
France	14,595,705	8,251,610	22,847,315
French Africa	4,102	8,694	12,797
Company			
Germany	2,162,010	4,909,855	7,071,865
Greece	87,485	416,131	503,616
Hawaii	71,423	31,501	102,924
Halland			
Holland	5,254,829	1,924,828	7,179,657
Italy	1,840,910	1,507,548	3,348,458
Japan	1,037,001	2,812,620	3,849,621
Marian			5,045,021
Mexico	18,551	1,326,233	1,344,784
Norway	1,000,790	388,809	1,389,599
Panama	129,036	_55,556	129,036
Pomi		1 440 000	
Peru	13,141	1,446,636	1,459,777
Philippines	41,574	5,375	46,949
Porto Rico	468,698	0,0.0	468,698
Dontugal		010.010	
Portugal	788,485	219,249	1,007,734
Russia	1,331,191	103,954	1,435,145
Santo Domingo	3,938		
C+ Diame and M:		3,464,512	3,468,450
St. Pierre and Miquelon	155,332	42,286	197,618
Spain	489,680	979,005	1,468,685
Sweden	173,296		
Comit and and		546,700	1,719,996
Switzerland	16,445	4,002,782	4,019,227
Turkey	5,961	295,497	301,458
Urumay			
Uruguay	52,820	12,762	65,582
United States	215,409,326	469,722,066	685,131,392
Venezuela	56,196	211,982	268,178
Other Foreign countries			
Total family	223,831	342,146	565,977
Total foreign countries	253,250,173	513,561,940	766,812,113
Total imports and exports	490,808,877	629,444,894	1,120,253,771
	,,	3=0,111,001	2,120,200,111

5.—Exports from Canada of Home and Foreign Produce by values, 1868-1916, with Duties collected on Exports, 1868-1892.

Nerchandise		D words contact	ou on Empor			
S		Merch	ndise	~	-	
Home	771	11201011				collected
1868	Fiscal Years.	IIIamaa	Donaiam	Bullion.	Exports.	
1868		Home.	roreign.			Exports.
1868		•	•	•	•	
1866 49,323,304 3,855,801 4,218,208 57,397,313 14,403 1871 55,181,356 9,853,244 6,607,350 71,724,950 36,066 1872 62,944,027 12,798,182 4,010,398 79,752,607 24,800 1873 73,245,606 9,405,910 3,845,987 86,497,503 20,152 1874 73,926,748 10,614,096 1,995,835 86,536,679 14,565 1875 67,490,893 7,137,319 1,093,887 75,668,049 7,243 1876 69,861,849 7,234,961 1,240,037 78,336,847 4,500 1877 65,864,880 7,111,108 733,799 73,709,727 4,103 1879 60,089,578 8,355,644 704,586 69,149,808 4,222 1881 80,921,379 13,375,117 77,105 59,267,501 8,141 1882 90,042,711 7,628,453 371,093 98,042,257 8,810 1884 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1886 74,975,506 7,438,079 5	1060		4 106 991	1 066 160		17 000
1870. 56,081,192 6,527,622 8,002,278 70,611,092 37,912 1871. 55,181,356 9,853,244 600,350 1,724,950 36,066 1872. 62,944,027 12,798,182 4,010,398 79,752,607 24,809 1874. 73,926,748 10,614,096 1,995,835 86,497,503 20,155 1875. 67,490,893 7,137,319 1,039,837 75,668,049 7,243 1876. 69,861,849 7,234,961 1,240,037 78,336,847 4,500 1877. 65,864,880 7,111,108 733,799 73,709,727 4,103 1878. 65,740,134 11,164,878 168,989 77,074,001 4,161 1879. 60,089,578 8,355,644 70,4586 69,149,808 4,272 1880. 70,096,191 13,240,006 1,771,755 85,107,952 8,896 1881. 80,921,379 13,375,117 97,005 95,267,501 8,141 1882. 90,042,711 7,628,453 371,093 <t< td=""><td>1960</td><td>40,040,177</td><td></td><td>4 910 900</td><td>57 207 212</td><td></td></t<>	1960	40,040,177		4 910 900	57 207 212	
1871 55,181,356 9,853,244 6,690,350 71,724,950 36,066 1872 62,944,027 12,798,182 4,010,388 79,752,607 24,809 1873 73,245,606 9,405,910 3,845,987 86,497,503 20,152 1874 73,926,748 10,614,906 1,995,835 86,536,679 14,565 1875 67,490,893 7,137,319 1,093,837 75,668,049 7,243 1876 69,861,849 7,234,961 1,240,037 78,336,847 4,500 1877 65,864,880 7,111,108 733,739 73,709,727 4,103 1879 60,089,578 8,355,644 704,586 69,149,808 4,272 1881 80,921,379 13,375,117 97,105 55,207,501 8,141 1882 90,042,711 7,628,453 371,093 98,042,257 8,810 1884 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1885 76,183,518 8,079,646 2,026,980 66,290,		56 001 100			70,611,009	
1872. 62,944,027 12,798,182 4,010,398 79,752,607 24,809 1874. 73,926,748 10,614,096 1,995,835 86,497,503 20,152 1875. 67,490,893 7,137,319 1,039,837 75,668,049 7,243 1877. 65,864,880 7,111,108 733,799 73,709,727 4,103 1878. 65,740,134 11,164,878 168,989 77,074,001 4,161 1879. 60,080,578 8,355,644 70,586 69,149,808 4,272 1880. 70,096,191 13,240,006 1,771,755 85,107,952 8,896 1881. 80,921,379 13,375,117 971,005 95,267,501 8,141 1882. 90,042,711 7,628,453 31,093 89,42,257 8,10 1884. 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1884. 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1884. 71,975,506 8,549,333 5,569 85,5	1971	55 191 256	0,027,022	6 600 250	71 794 050	
1873. 73,245,606 9,405,910 3,845,987 86,436,753 20,152 1875. 67,490,893 7,137,319 1,095,835 86,536,699 7,243 1876. 69,861,849 7,234,961 1,240,037 78,336,847 4,500 1877. 65,646,880 7,111,108 733,739 73,709,727 4,103 1878. 65,740,134 11,164,878 168,989 77,074,001 4,161 1879. 60,089,578 8,355,644 704,586 69,149,808 4,272 1880. 70,096,191 13,240,006 1,771,755 85,107,952 8,96 1881. 80,921,379 13,375,117 971,005 95,287,501 8,141 1882. 90,042,711 7,623,453 371,093 89,042,257 8,810 1884. 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1886. 76,183,518 8,079,646 2,026,980 86,290,144 12,305 1887. 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,	1979		19 700 109			
1874. 73,926,748 10,614,096 1,995,835 86,536,679 14,565 1875. 67,490,893 7,137,319 1,039,837 75,668,049 7,243 1877. 65,864,889 7,111,108 733,739 73,709,727 4,103 1878. 65,740,134 11,164,878 168,989 77,074,001 4,161 1879. 60,089,578 8,355,644 704,586 69,149,808 4,272 1880. 70,096,191 13,240,006 1,771,755 85,107,952 8,866 1881. 80,221,379 13,375,117 971,005 95,267,501 8,141 1882. 90,042,711 7,628,453 371,093 98,042,257 8,810 1884. 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,810 1886. 74,975,506 7,438,079 56,531 82,470,116 20,726 1887. 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1889. 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 86,118,515 42,207 1890. 28,235,514 9,051,781	1072				96 407 509	
1875. 67,490,893 7,137,319 1,039,837 75,686,049 7,243 1877. 66,864,890 7,111,108 733,739 73,709,727 4,103 1878. 65,740,134 11,164,878 168,989 77,074,001 4,161 1879. 60,089,578 8,355,644 704,586 69,149,808 4,272 1880. 70,096,191 13,240,006 1,771,755 85,107,952 8,866 1881. 80,921,379 13,375,117 971,005 95,267,501 8,141 1882. 90,042,711 7,623,453 371,093 98,042,257 8,141 1884. 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1884. 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1886. 74,975,506 7,438,8079 56,531 82,470,116 20,726 1887. 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1889. 78,297,750 8,803,894 17,534 87,118,678 24,277 1890. 82,335,514 9,051,781	1074					
1876. 69,861,849 7,234,961 1,240,037 78,336,847 4,500 1877. 65,864,880 7,111,108 733,739 73,709,727 4,103 1878. 66,740,134 11,164,878 168,899 77,074,001 4,161 1880. 70,096,191 13,240,006 1,771,755 85,107,952 8,866 1881. 80,921,379 13,375,117 971,005 95,267,501 8,11 1882. 90,042,711 7,628,453 371,993 98,042,257 8,810 1884. 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1885. 76,183,518 8,079,646 2,020,980 86,290,144 12,305 1886. 74,975,506 7,438,079 56,531 82,470,116 20,726 1887. 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1888. 78,297,750 8,803,394 17,534 87,118,678 21,772 1889. 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 86,11	1875					7 2/12
1877. 65,864,880 7,111,108 733,739 73,709,727 4,103 1879. 60,089,578 8,355,644 704,586 69,149,808 4,272 1880. 70,096,191 13,240,006 1,771,755 85,107,952 8,896 1881. 80,921,379 13,375,117 971,003 95,267,501 8,141 1882. 90,042,711 7,628,453 371,093 98,042,257 8,810 1883. 84,285,707 9,751,773 631,600 94,669,080 9,756 1884. 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1886. 74,975,506 7,438,079 56,531 82,470,116 20,726 1887. 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1889. 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 66,118,515 42,207 1890. 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891. 85,757,744 8,798,631 19,618,642 95,						
1877. 65,864,880 7,111,108 733,739 73,709,727 4,103 1879. 60,089,578 8,355,644 704,586 69,149,808 4,272 1880. 70,096,191 13,240,006 1,771,755 85,107,952 8,896 1881. 80,921,379 13,375,117 971,003 95,267,501 8,141 1882. 90,042,711 7,628,453 371,093 98,042,257 8,810 1883. 84,285,707 9,751,773 631,600 94,669,080 9,756 1884. 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1886. 74,975,506 7,438,079 56,531 82,470,116 20,726 1887. 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1889. 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 66,118,515 42,207 1890. 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891. 85,757,744 8,798,631 19,618,642 95,	1876		7,234,961	1,240,037	78,336,847	4,500
1879. 60,080,578 8,355,644 704,586 69,149,808 4,272 1880. 70,096,191 13,240,006 1,771,755 85,107,952 8,896 1881. 80,921,379 13,375,117 971,005 95,267,501 8,141 1882. 90,042,711 7,628,453 371,093 98,042,257 8,810 1884. 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1886. 74,975,506 7,438,079 56,531 82,470,116 20,726 1887. 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1889. 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 86,118,515 42,207 1890. 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891. 85,757,744 8,798,631 1,978,256 86,118,515 42,207 1892. 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1893. 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 <t< td=""><td>1877</td><td>65,864,880</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	1877	65,864,880				
1880 70,096,191 13,240,006 1,771,755 85,107,952 8,896 1881 80,921,379 13,375,117 971,005 95,267,501 8,141 1882 90,042,711 7,628,453 371,093 98,042,257 8,810 1884 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1886 74,975,506 7,438,079 56,531 82,470,116 20,726 1887 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 86,518,922 31,397 1889 77,201,804 6,988,455 1,978,256 86,118,515 42,207 1890 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891 85,757,744 8,798,631 946,927 95,503,302 64,808 1892 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1894 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1896 106,378,752 6,606,738 4,693,309 117,684,799			11,164,878			
1880 70,096,191 13,240,006 1,771,755 85,107,952 8,896 1881 80,921,379 13,375,117 971,005 95,267,501 8,141 1882 90,042,711 7,628,453 371,093 98,042,257 8,810 1884 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1885 76,183,518 8,079,646 2,026,980 86,290,144 12,305 1886 74,975,506 7,438,079 56,531 82,470,116 20,726 1887 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1889 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,266 86,118,515 42,207 1890 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891 85,757,744 8,798,631 946,927 95,503,302 64,808 1892 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1893 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 115,682,044 - 1894 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839	1879					4,272
1882 90,042,711 7,628,453 371,093 98,042,257 8,810 1884 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1885 76,183,518 8,079,646 2,026,980 86,290,144 12,305 1886 74,975,506 7,438,079 56,531 82,470,116 20,726 1887 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1889 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 86,118,515 42,207 1890 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891 85,757,744 8,798,631 946,927 95,503,302 64,808 1893 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 110,615,162 108 1893 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 114,260,038 - 1894 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1897 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123	1880		13,240,006	1,771,755		8,896
1882 90,042,711 7,628,453 371,093 98,042,257 8,810 1884 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1885 76,183,518 8,079,646 2,026,980 86,290,144 12,305 1886 74,975,506 7,438,079 56,531 82,470,116 20,726 1887 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1889 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 86,118,515 42,207 1890 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891 85,757,744 8,798,631 946,927 95,503,302 64,808 1892 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1893 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 115,082,044 - 1894 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1895 9,528,351 6,485,043 4,235,319 110,338,713 <td>1881</td> <td></td> <td>13,375,117</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>8,141</td>	1881		13,375,117			8,141
1883 84,285,707 9,751,773 631,600 94,669,080 9,756 1884 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1885 76,183,518 8,079,646 2,026,980 86,290,144 12,305 1887 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1888 78,297,750 8,803,394 17,534 87,118,678 21,772 18890 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 86,118,515 42,207 1890 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891 85,757,744 8,798,631 946,927 95,503,302 64,808 1892 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1893 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 115,082,044 - 1894 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1895 99,528,351 6,485,043 4,699,309 117,684,799<	1882		7,628,453			
1884 77,132,079 9,389,106 2,184,292 88,705,477 8,515 1885 76,183,518 8,079,646 2,026,980 86,290,144 12,305 1886 74,975,506 7,438,079 56,531 82,470,116 20,726 1887 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1888 78,297,750 8,803,394 17,534 87,118,678 21,772 1889 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 86,118,515 42,207 1890 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891 85,757,744 8,798,631 946,927 95,503,302 64,808 1892 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1893 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 115,082,044 - 1894 10,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1895 99,523,361 6,485,043 4,325,319 110,338,713 <td>1883</td> <td>84,285,707</td> <td>9,751,773</td> <td>631,600</td> <td>94,669,080</td> <td>9,756</td>	1883	84,285,707	9,751,773	631,600	94,669,080	9,756
1885 76,183,518 8,079,646 2,026,980 86,290,144 12,305 1886 74,975,506 7,438,079 56,531 82,470,116 20,726 1887 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1888 78,297,750 8,803,394 17,534 87,118,678 21,772 18890 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 86,118,515 42,207 1890 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891 85,757,744 8,798,631 946,927 95,503,302 64,808 1892 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1893 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 115,082,044 - 1894 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1895 99,528,351 6,485,043 4,325,319 110,387,13 - 1897 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123 <td></td> <td>77 132 079</td> <td>9 389 106</td> <td>2 184 292</td> <td>88.705.477</td> <td>8.515</td>		77 132 079	9 389 106	2 184 292	88.705.477	8.515
1886 74,975,506 7,438,079 56,531 82,470,116 20,726 1887 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1888 78,297,750 8,803,394 17,534 87,118,678 21,772 1889 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 86,118,515 42,207 1890 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891 85,757,744 8,798,631 946,927 95,503,302 64,808 1892 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1893 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 115,082,044 - 1894 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1895 99,528,351 6,485,043 4,325,319 110,338,713 - 1896 106,378,752 6,606,738 4,699,309 117,684,799 - 1897 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123	1885					12,305
1887 77,964,020 8,549,333 5,569 85,518,922 31,397 1888 78,297,750 8,803,394 17,534 87,118,678 21,772 1889 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 86,118,515 42,207 1890 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891 85,757,744 8,798,631 946,927 95,503,302 64,808 1892 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1893 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 115,082,044 - 1894 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1896 106,378,752 6,606,738 4,699,309 117,684,799 - 1897 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123 - 1898 132,901,362 17,520,088 4,016,025 154,337,375 - 1900 163,510,790 14,265,254 8,657,168 186,433,212 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>20.726</td>						20.726
1888 78,297,750 8,803,394 17,534 87,118,678 21,772 1889 77,201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 86,118,515 42,207 1890 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891 85,757,744 8,798,631 946,927 95,503,302 64,808 1892 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1893 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 115,082,044 - 1894 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1895 99,528,351 6,485,043 4,325,319 110,333,713 - 1897 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123 - 1898 139,920,932 14,980,883 4,623,138 159,524,953 - 1899 132,801,262 17,520,088 4,016,025 154,337,375 - 1900 163,510,790 14,265,254 8,657,168 186,433,3212 - 1901 177,431,386 17,077,757 1,978,48						
1889. 77, 201,804 6,938,455 1,978,256 86,118,515 42,207 1890. 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891. 85,757,744 8,798,631 946,927 95,503,302 64,808 1892. 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1893. 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 115,082,044 - 1894. 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1895. 99,528,351 6,485,043 4,325,319 110,338,713 - 1896. 106,378,752 6,606,738 4,699,309 117,684,799 - 1897. 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123 - 1899. 132,801,262 17,520,088 4,016,025 154,337,375 - 1900. 163,510,790 14,265,254 8,657,168 186,433,212 - 1901. 177,431,386 17,077,757 1,978,489	1888	78 297 750				21.772
1890. 82,335,514 9,051,781 2,439,782 93,827,077 93,674 1891. 85,757,744 8,798,631 946,927 95,503,302 64,808 1892. 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1893. 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 115,082,044 - 1894. 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1895. 99,523,351 6,485,043 4,325,319 110,338,713 - 1896. 106,378,752 6,606,738 4,699,309 117,684,799 - 1897. 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123 - 1899. 132,801,262 17,520,088 4,016,025 154,337,375 - 1900. 163,510,790 14,265,254 8,657,168 186,433,212 - 1901. 177,431,386 17,077,757 1,978,489 196,487,632 - 1902. 196,019,763 13,951,101 1,669,422 211,640,286 - 1903. 214,401,674 10,828,087 <t< td=""><td>1889</td><td>77.201.804</td><td>6.938.455</td><td>1.978.256</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	1889	77.201.804	6.938.455	1.978.256		
1891. 85,757,744 8,798,631 946,927 95,503,302 64,808 1892. 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1893. 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 115,082,044 - 1894. 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,833,380 114,260,038 - 1895. 99,528,351 6,485,043 4,325,319 110,338,713 - 1896. 106,378,752 6,606,738 4,699,309 117,684,799 - 1897. 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123 - 1898. 139,920,932 14,980,883 4,623,138 159,524,953 - 1899. 132,801,262 17,520,088 4,016,025 154,337,375 - 1900. 163,510,790 14,265,254 8,657,168 186,433,212 - 1901. 177,431,386 17,077,757 1,978,489 196,487,632 - 1903. 214,401,674 10,828,087 619,963 225,849	1890	82.335.514	9.051.781	2,439,782		
1892. 95,684,253 13,121,791 1,809,118 110,615,162 108 1893. 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 115,082,044 - 1894. 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1895. 99,528,351 6,485,043 4,325,319 110,338,713 - 1896. 106,378,752 6,606,738 4,699,309 117,684,799 - 1897. 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123 - 1898. 139,920,932 14,980,883 4,623,138 159,524,953 - 1899. 132,801,262 17,520,088 4,016,025 154,337,375 - 1900. 163,510,790 14,265,254 8,657,168 186,433,212 - 1901. 177,431,386 17,077,757 1,978,489 196,487,632 - 1902. 196,019,763 13,951,101 1,669,422 211,640,286 - 1903. 214,401,674 10,828,087 619,963 225,849	1891	85.757.744		946,927		
1893 102,006,490 8,941,856 4,133,698 115,082,044 - 1894 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1895 99,528,351 6,485,043 4,325,319 110,338,713 - 1896 106,378,752 6,606,738 4,699,309 117,684,799 - 1897 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123 - 1898 139,920,932 14,980,883 4,623,138 159,524,953 - 1899 132,801,262 17,520,088 4,016,025 154,337,375 - 1900 163,510,790 14,265,254 8,657,168 186,433,212 - 1901 177,431,386 17,077,757 1,978,489 196,487,632 - 1902 196,019,763 13,951,101 1,669,422 211,640,286 - 1903 214,401,674 10,828,087 619,963 225,849,724 - 1904 198,414,439 12,641,239 2,465,557 213,521,235						
1894 100,586,853 11,833,805 1,839,380 114,260,038 - 1895 99,528,351 6,485,043 4,325,319 110,338,713 - 1896 106,378,752 6,606,738 4,699,309 117,684,799 - 1897 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123 - 1898 139,920,932 14,980,883 4,623,138 159,524,953 - 1899 132,801,262 17,520,088 4,016,025 154,337,375 - 1900 163,510,790 14,265,254 8,657,168 186,433,212 - 1901 177,431,386 17,077,757 1,978,489 196,487,632 - 1902 196,019,763 13,951,101 1,669,422 211,640,286 - 1903 214,401,674 10,828,087 619,963 225,849,724 - 1904 198,414,439 12,641,239 2,465,557 213,521,235 - 1906 235,483,956 11,173,846 9,928,828 256,586,630 - 1907 9 months 180,545,306 11,541,927						108
1895 99,528,351 6,485,043 4,325,319 110,338,713 - 1896 106,378,752 6,606,738 4,699,309 117,684,799 - 1897 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123 - 1898 139,920,932 14,980,883 4,623,138 159,524,953 - 1899 132,801,262 17,520,088 4,016,025 154,337,375 - 1900 163,510,790 14,265,254 8,657,168 186,433,212 - 1901 177,431,386 17,077,757 1,978,489 196,487,632 - 1902 196,019,763 13,951,101 1,669,422 211,640,286 - 1903 214,401,674 10,828,087 619,963 225,849,724 - 1904 198,414,439 12,641,239 2,465,557 213,521,235 - 1906 235,483,956 11,173,846 9,928,828 256,586,630 - 1907 (9 months) 180,545,306 11,541,927 13,189,964			8,941,800			Design To
1896 106,378,752 6,606,738 4,699,309 117,684,799 - 1897 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123 - 1898 139,920,932 14,808,883 4,623,138 159,524,953 - 1899 132,801,262 17,520,088 4,016,025 154,337,375 - 1900 163,510,790 14,265,254 8,657,168 186,433,212 - 1901 177,431,386 17,077,757 1,978,489 196,487,632 - 1902 196,019,763 13,951,101 1,669,422 211,640,286 - 1903 214,401,674 10,828,087 619,963 225,849,724 - 1904 198,414,439 12,641,239 2,465,557 213,521,235 - 1905 190,854,946 10,617,115 1,844,811 203,316,872 - 1906 235,483,956 11,173,846 9,928,828 256,586,630 - 1907 (9 months) 180,545,306 11,541,927 13,189,964 205,277,197 - 1908 242,603,584 17,318,782 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>11,855,800</td> <td>1,859,580</td> <td></td> <td>THE STATE OF</td>			11,855,800	1,859,580		THE STATE OF
1897 119,685,410 10,825,163 3,492,550 134,003,123 - 1898 139,920,932 14,980,883 4,623,138 159,524,953 - 1899 132,801,262 17,520,088 4,016,025 154,337,375 - 1900 163,510,790 14,265,254 8,657,168 186,433,212 - 1901 177,431,386 17,077,757 1,978,489 196,487,632 - 1902 196,019,763 13,951,101 1,669,422 211,640,286 - 1903 214,401,674 10,828,087 619,963 225,849,724 - 1904 198,414,439 12,641,239 2,465,557 213,521,235 - 1905 190,854,946 11,617,115 1,844,811 203,316,872 - 1906 235,483,956 11,173,846 9,928,828 256,586,630 - 1907 (9 months) 180,545,306 11,541,927 13,189,964 205,277,197 - 1908 246,960,968 16,407,984 16,637,654 280,006,606 - 1909 242,603,584 17,318,755						
1898. 139,920,932 14,980,883 4,623,138 159,524,953 - 1899. 132,801,262 17,520,088 4,016,025 154,337,375 - 1900. 163,510,790 14,265,254 8,657,168 186,433,212 - 1901. 177,431,386 17,077,757 1,978,489 196,487,632 - 1902. 196,019,763 13,951,101 1,669,422 211,640,286 - 1903. 214,401,674 10,828,087 619,963 225,849,724 - 1904. 198,414,439 12,641,239 2,465,557 213,521,235 - 1905. 190,854,946 10,617,115 1,844,811 203,316,872 - 1906. 235,483,956 11,73,846 9,928,828 256,586,630 - 1907 (9 months) 180,545,306 11,541,927 13,189,964 205,277,197 - 1908. 246,960,968 16,407,984 16,637,654 280,006,606 - 1909. 242,603,584 17,318,782 1,589,793 261,512,159 - 1911. 274,316,553 19,568,3657 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>The state of</td>						The state of
1899. 132,801,262 17,520,088 4,016,025 154,337,375 - 1900. 163,510,790 14,265,254 8,657,168 186,433,212 - 1901. 177,431,386 17,077,757 1,978,489 196,487,632 - 1902. 196,019,763 13,951,101 1,669,422 211,640,286 - 1903. 214,401,674 10,828,087 619,963 225,849,724 - 1904. 198,414,439 12,641,239 2,465,557 213,521,235 - 1905. 190,854,946 10,617,115 1,844,811 203,316,872 - 1906. 235,483,956 11,173,846 9,928,828 256,586,630 - 1907 (9 months) 180,545,306 11,541,927 13,189,964 205,277,197 - 1908. 246,960,968 16,407,984 16,637,654 280,006,606 - 1909. 242,603,584 17,318,782 1,589,793 261,512,159 - 1911. 274,316,553 15,683,657 7,196,155						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		109,920,902				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1099					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1900	163,510,790				
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1902					s Erboux T
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			10,828,087			-
1906. 235,483,956 11,173,846 9,928,828 256,586,630 - 1907 (9 months) 180,545,306 11,541,927 13,189,964 205,277,197 - 1908. 246,960,968 16,407,984 16,637,654 280,006,606 - 1909. 242,603,584 17,318,782 1,589,793 261,512,159 - 1910. 279,247,551 19,516,442 2,594,536 301,358,529 - 1911. 274,316,553 15,683,657 7,196,155 297,196,365 - 1912. 290,223,857 17,492,294 7,601,099 315,317,250 - 1913. 355,754,600 21,313,755 16,163,702 393,232,057 - 1914. 431,588,439 23,848,785 23,560,704 478,997,928 - 1915. 409,418,836 52,023,673 29,366,368 490,808,877 -					213,521,235	Charles and the
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						-
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1906			9,928,828		-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1907 (9 months).	180,545,306	11,541,927	13,189,964	205,277,197	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1908	246,960,968	16,407,984	16,637,654	280,006,606	BUTTON E' -
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1909					9 19 1 -
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
1912. 290,223,857 17,492,294 7,601,099 315,317,250 - 1913. 355,754,600 21,313,755 16,163,702 393,232,057 - 1914. 431,588,439 23,848,785 23,560,704 478,997,928 - 1915. 409,418,836 52,023,673 29,366,368 490,808,877 -	1911				297.196.365	ELVER TO -
1913. 355,754,600 21,313,755 16,163,702 393,232,057 - 1914. 431,588,439 23,848,785 23,560,704 478,997,928 - 1915. 409,418,836 52,023,673 29,366,368 490,808,877 -	1912				315,317,250	- 1
1914	1913				393,232,057	
1915					478,997,928	-
			52,023,673	29,366,368		- 1
1010 [71,010,000] 01,000,4021 100,012,4021 002,012,002					882 872 502	CB CALL
	1010	11,010,000	01,000,402	100,012,102	302,012,002	

Note.—The home and total exports in this table are exclusive of exports to the United States estimated "short" in the years 1868-1900.

IMPORTS OF CANADA.

6.—Imports into Canada entered for Consumption by values with Duties on Imports, 1868-1916.

Fiscal Years. Coin and Total coll	uties lected mports.
\$ 8 8 8	\$
1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	,801,446
	,284,507 ,425,028
	,807,590
1872 68,276,157 36,679,210 2,753,749 107,709,116 13	,020,684
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	,997,578
	,354,139
	,828,614
1877 60,916,770 33,209,624 2,174,089 96,300,483 12	,544,348
	,791,532 ,935,269
	,129,953
	,492,645
	,700,028 ,162,553
	,156,448
1885	,121,254
	,427,398
	,438,309 ,187,869
1889	,742,317
	,921,234
	,416,266 ,550,474
1893	,161,711
1894	,379,822
	,887,269
	,891,997
1898	,157,788
	,734,229 ,889,110
	,106,980
1902	,425,532
1903	,110,355 ,954,349
	,024,340
1906	,671,101
1907 (9 months) 152,065,529 97,672,345 7,517,008 257,254,882 40	,290,172
1908	,331,074
	,024,239
	,312,368
	,576,037 5,063,688
1914	,180,578
1915	$205,910^{1}$
1916	3,929,426

¹Includes \$2,638,473 war tax.

7.—Values of Exports from Canada to the United Kingdom, to the United States and to Other Countries by classes of Merchandise the Produce of Canada in five-year averages and for the fiscal years 1911-1916.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE.						
Five year averages and Fiscal Years.	United Kingdom.	United States.	Other Countries.	Totals.		
1000 1000 (9	\$	\$ 200 700	\$	\$		
1868–1870 (3 years)	4,351,631	7,882,788	675,706	12,910,125		
1871–1875	6,671,196	7,447,890	896,245	15,015,331		
1876–1880	9,384,915	8,687,568	1,079,634	19,152,117		
1881–1885	7,940,534	11,341,045	1,126,160	20,407,739		
1886–1890	5,759,239	8,734,096	954,168	15,447,503		
1891–1895	11,732,535 18,185,661	4,498,334 1,995,339	2,014,413	18,245,282		
1896–1900 1901–1905	25,133,710	3,648,626	2,938,763 5,955,968	23,119,763 34,738,304		
1906–1910	51,527,333	4,690,418	7,466,218	63,683,969		
	36		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	00,000,000		
1911	61,393,720	10,385,705	10,821,859	82,601,284		
1912	81,784,731	11,685,611	13,673,033	107,143,375		
1913	106,537,156	27,215,879	16,392,626	150,145,661		
1914	146,230,104	32,506,548	19,483,377	198,220,029		
1915	95,834,460	19,405,521	19,506,069	134,746,050		
1916	196,077,876	18,620,236	34,963,082	249,661,194		
ANI	MALS AND THE	IR PRODUCE.				
1868–1870 (3 years)	3,470,524	5,377,809	418,579	9,266,912		
1871–1875	6,755,882	6,128,055	503,696	13,387,633		
1876–1880	9,237,142	4,908,570	566,933	14,712,645		
1881–1885.	15,177,091	6,372,773	526,642	22,076,506		
1886–1890	16,501,400	6,946,676	558,598	24,006,674		
1891–1895	26,223,970	3,645,801	643,996	30,513,767		
1896-1900	39,469,536	4,514,262	605,462	44,589,260		
1901–1905	55,778,082	5,182,806	1,363,839	62,324,727		
1906–1910	47,453,100	7,803,531	1,194,545	56,451,176		
1911	40,636,575	10,063,544	1,544,055	52,244,174		
1912	36,923,024	9,864,524	1,423,106	48,210,654		
1913	30,335,784	12,866,948	1,581,647	44,784,379		
1913 1914	26,735,114	24,728,798	1,885,207	53,349,119		
1915	38,222,698	34,186,056	1,981,989	74,390,743		
1916	67,821,789	29,051,195	6,009,292	102,882,276		
	FISHERIES PI	RODUCE.				
1868–1870 (3 years)	261,397	985,197	2,156,329	3,402,923		
1871–1875	513,070	1,269,409	2,984,053	4,766,532		
1876–1880	1,037,612	1,759,661	3,550,297	6,347,570		
1881–1885	1,838,937	3,005,591	3,137,585	7,982,113		
1886-1890	1,758,642	2,823,884	2,854,773	7,437,299		
1891–1895	3,366,495	3,409,915	3,209,347	9,985,757		
1896–1900	4,266,576	3,229,683	3,166,240	10,662,499		
1901–1905	3,800,480	4,197,481 4,437,372	3,709,474	11,707,435		
1906–1910	4,153,822	4,437,372	5,256,441	13,847,635		
1911	4,435,891	4,980,741	6,258,912	15,675,544		
1912	5,132,047	5,378,664	6,193,967	16,704,678		
1913	3,946,471	5,747,688	6,642,562	16,336,721		
1914	7,008,888	6,852,009	6,762,663	20,623,560		
1915	5,448,902	8,521,901	5,716,265	19,687,068 22,377,977		
1916	6,731,794	8,867,139	6,779,044	22,311,911		

7.—Values of Exports from Canada to the United Kingdom, to the United States and to Other Countries, by classes of Merchandise the Produce of Canada in five-year averages and for the fiscal years 1911-1916—con.

FOREST PRODUCE.

	FOREST PRO	ODUCE.		
Five year averages and Fiscal Years.	United Kingdom.	United States.	Other Countries.	Totals.
1868–1870 (3 years)	\$ 10,368,800 13,872,407 12,007,936 12,491,267 10,714,758 10,574,531 14,544,194 14,747,317 11,400,778	\$, 8,094,241 9,423,951 4,912,106 9,539,660 9,962,383 12,577,298 12,205,380 15,506,453 25,442,049	\$ 1,770,228 2,529,683 1,674,162 2,193,604 1,731,722 1,482,227 1,776,656 2,714,811 3,888,204	\$ 20,233,269 25,826,041 18,594,204 24,224,531 22,408,863 24,634,056 28,526,230 32,968,581 40,731,631
1911	11,965,131	28,785,427	4,688,499	45,439,057
1912	10,950,840	25,483,532	4,458,302	40,892,674
1913	10,103,469	29,951,880	3,199,711	43,255,060
1914	10,647,123	29,304,546	2,840,468	42,792,137
1915	9,914,548	31,030,873	1,705,262	42,650,683
1916	14,147,250	34,619,722	2.504 428	51,271,400
	MANUFA	CTURES.		
1868-1870 (3 years)	1,167,472	829,903	360,405	2,357,780
1871-1875.	1,221,958	1,238,702	486,204	2,946,864
1876-1880.	1,956,514	1,036,740	871,601	3,864,855
1881-1885.	1,320,117	1,330,968	682,305	3,333,390
1886-1890.	1,511,085	1,723,732	813,488	4,048,305
1891-1895.	2,677,734	3,011,203	1,609,628	7,298,565
1896-1900.	4,683,367	3,516,510	2,899,465	11,099,342
1901-1905.	6,662,550	6,984,218	5,584,337	19,231,105
1906-1910.	6,875,522	11,436,443	8,209,673	26,521,638
1911	6,973,820	16,524,005	11,785,293	35,283,118
1912	6,852,710	16,312,751	12,670,823	35,836,284
1913	7,158,746	21,321,458	15,212,504	43,692,708
1914	8,583,540	30,391,764	18,468,148	57,443,452
1915	24,848,359	42,164,753	18,526,389	85,539,501
1916	148,477,303	58,202,141	35,355,554	242,034,998
	MINERAL PR	ODUCE.	EN BOTTE	
1868–1870 (3 years). 1871–1875. 1876–1880. 1881–1885. 1886–1890. 1891–1895. 1896–1900. 1901–1905. 1906–1910.	666,335	1,004,320	132,730	1,803,385
	582,829	3,366,538	226,395	4,175,762
	409,727	2,637,275	183,491	3,230,493
	375,996	2,500,124	251,663	3,127,783
	519,797	3,451,809	256,988	4,228,594
	485,094	5,113,029	362,825	5,960,948
	216,096	13,638,433	497,518	14,354,047
	782,159	32,367,609	1,238,069	34,387,837
	2,194,298	31,381,056	2,061,333	35,636,687
	6,726,015	33,129,505	2,932,041	42,787,561
1912.	5,555,599	33,259,580	2,509,337	41,324,516
1913.	12,066,622	42,541,751	2,834,173	57,442,546
1914.	16,027,128	39,491,127	3,520,799	59,039,054
1915.	12,219,937	37,558,209	1,962,843	51,740,989
1916.	12,425,248	51,425,708	2,738,905	66,589,861

Note.—The statistics of this table are exclusive of coin and bullion, and of exports to the United States estimated "short" for the years 1868-1900.

7.—Values of Exports from Canada to the United Kingdom, to the United States and to Other Countries, by classes of Merchandise the Produce of Canada in five-year averages and for the fiscal years 1911-1916—concluded.

MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCE.

Five year averages and Fiscal Years:	United Kingdom.	United States.	Other Countries.	Totals.		
1868-1870 (3 years) 1871-1875 1876-1880 1881-1885 1886-1890 1891-1895 1896-1900 1901-1905 1906-1910	\$ 15,569 48,238 32,802 32,460 47,141 16,454 31,243 28,823 37,035	\$ 301,398 362,699 389,236 519,732 525,417 56,913 68,635 33,102 39,723	\$ 24,530 28,625 6,604 8,823 5,123 995 8,410 9,526 19,378	\$ 341,497 439,562 428,642 561,015 577,681 74,362 108,288 66,451 96,136		
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916	25,772 41,462 13,655 22,072 179,650 6,171,139	246,896 56,560 80,349 98,033 453,173 320,347	13,147 13,654 3,307 983 30,979 301,446	285,815 111,676 97,311 121,088 663,802 6,792,932		
TOTAL MERCE 1868-1870 (3 years)		24,475,655 29,237,246 24,331,155	5,538,507 7,654,900 7,932,723	50,315,891 66,557,726 66,330,526		

1868-1870 (3 years)	20,301,729	24,475,655	5,538,507	50,315,891
1871–1875	29,665,580	29,237,246	7,654,900	66,557,726
1876–1880	34,066,648	24,331,155	7,932,723	66,330,526
1881–1885	39,176,404	34,609,893	7,926,782	81,713,079
1886–1890	36,812,062	34,167,996	7,174,861	78,154,919
1891–1895	55,076,813	32,312,493	9,323,432	96,712,738
1896-1900	81,398,674	39,168,242	11,892,513	132,459,429
1901–1905	106,928,122	67,920,295	20,576,025	195,424,442
1906–1910	123,641,889	85,230,591	28,095,793	236,968,273
1911	132,156,924	104,115,823	38,043,806	274,316,553
1912	147,240,413	102,041,222	40,942,222	290,223,857
1913	170,161,903	139,725,953	45,866,744	355,754,600
1914	215,253,969	163,372,825	52,961,645	431,588,439
1915	186,668,554	173,320,216	49,430,066	409,418,836
1916	451,852,399	201,106,488	88,651,751	741,610,638

8.—Values of Domestic and Foreign Exports from Canada to All Countries by Classes of Merchandise, 1905-1916.

Fiscal	Canadian Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total Exports.	Canadian Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total Exports.
Years.		JLTURAL PI	RODUCE,	MA	NUFACTURE	S.
1905 1906	\$ 29,994,150 54,062,337		\$ 34,140,409 60,215,735	\$ 21,191,333 24,561,112	\$ 3,451,701 3,089,166	\$ 24,643,034 27,650,278
1907 (9 mos.) 1908.	35,856,616	7,274,792	43,131,408	19,087,988 28,507,124	2,407,013 4,562,344	21,495,001 33,069,468
1909	90,433,747	10,746,719	102,347,694	28,957,050 31,494,916	4,458,445	32,954,189 35,953,361
1911 1912 1913	82,601,284 107,143,375 150,145,661	8,311,111		35,283,118 35,836,284 43,692,708	5,149,408 6,672,701 8,832,374	40,432,526 42,508,985 52,525,092
1914 1915	198,220,029 134,746,050	8,595,689 35,604,014	206,815,718 170,350,064	57,443,452 85,539,501	10,158,786 9,529,024	67,602,238 95,068,525
1916	249,661,194	17,213,996	266,875,190	242,034,998	8,017,225	250,052,223

8:—Values of Domestic and Foreign Exports from Canada to All Countries by Classes of Merchandise, 1905-1916—concluded.

Fiscal Years.	Canadian Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total Exports.	Canadian Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total Exports.
	ANIMALS A	AND THEIR	PRODUCE.	MINI	ERAL PRODU	JCE.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1905	63,337,458	643,461	63,980,919	31,932,329	259,741	32,192,070
1906	66,455,960	730,215	67,186,175	35,469,631	236,399	35,706,030
1907 (9 mos.)	55,422,499	631,119	56,053,618	26,191,955	164,327	26,356,282
1908	55,101,260 51,349,646	812,522 677,064	55,913,782 52,026,710	39,177,133 37,257,699	383,479 306,169	39,560,612 37,563,868
1910	53,926,515	770,115	54,696,630	40,087,017	443,826	40,530,843
1911	52,244,174	809,663	53,053,837	42,787,561	290,879	43,078,440
1912	48,210,654	1,010,243	49,220,897	41,324,516	186,066	41,510,582
1913	44,784,593	988,634	45,773,227	57,442,546	140,484	57,583,030
1914	53,349,119	1,262,953	54,612,072	59,039,054	194,852	59,233,906
1915	74,390,743 102,882,276	2, 5 65,259 2,936,914	76,956,002 105,819,190	51,740,989 66,589,861	325,548 $7,329,537$	52,066,537 73,919,398
1910	102,002,210	2,000,011	100,013,130	00,000,001	1,020,001	10,313,030
			agi Mi			
	FISH	ERIES PROD	UCE.	MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCE.		
1005	11,114,318	30,580	11,144,898	10 675	1,959,003	2 000 670
1905 1906	16,025,840	23,554	16,049,394	49,675 84,906	789,741	2,008,678 874,647
1907 (9 mos.)	10,362,142	34,776	10,396,918		918,524	1,066,532
1908	13,867,368	39,199	13,906,567	67,674	797,543	865,217
1909	13,319,664	28,314	13,347,978		1,337,414	1,392,345
1910	15,663,162	97,229	15,760,391	125,161	1,661,657	1,786,818
1911 1912	15,675,544 16,704,678	114,315 110,514	15,789,859 16,815,192	285,815 111,676	1,703,021 989,446	1,988,836 1,101,122
1913	16,336,721	106,101	16,442,822	97,311	2,011,565	2,108,876
1914	20,623,560	111,289	20,734,849	121,088	2,931,266	3,052,354
1915	19,687,068	131,669	19,818,737	663,802	3,382,061	4,045,863
1916	22,377,977	213,307	22,591,284	6,792,932	1,551,569	8,344,501
	FORE	EST PRODUC	E.	TOTAL CAN	PRODUCE.	FOREIGN
1007	00 001 000	400.000		100 07 10 10		
1905	33,235,683	126,370	33,362,053		10,617,115	201,472,061
1906 1907 (9 mos.)	38,824,170 33,476,098	151,373 111,376	38,975,543 33,587,474		11,173,846	246,657,802
1908	44,170,470	333,901	44,504,371	246,960,968	11,541,927 16,407,984	192,087,233 263,368,952
1909	39,667,387	225,963	39,893,350		17,318,782	259,922,366
1910	47,517,033	171,223	47,688,256	279,247,551	19,516,442	298,763,993
1911	45,439,057	158,452	45,597,599		15,683,657	290,000,210
1912	40,892,674	212,213	41,104,887	290,223,857	17,492,294	307,716,151
1913 1914	43,255,060 42,792,137	424,563 593,950	43,679,623 43,386,087	355,754,600 431,588,439	21,313,755 23,848,785	377,068,355 455,437,224
1915	42,650,683			409,418,836	52,023,673	461,442,509
1916	51,271,400					779,300,070
521					3 10 1	

9.—Values of Exports from Canada of Home Produce to the British Empire and to Foreign Countries in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.

Countries.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
British Empire—total.	148,967,442	165,242,001	190,181,667	238,642,721	210,550,854
United Kingdom	132,156,924	147,240,413	170,161,903	215,254,023	186,668,599
Australia and Tas-					The same
mania	3,900,212	3,924,023	3,954,481	4,673,997	5,522,59
New Zealand	999,277	1,330,762	1,694,408	1,933,698	2,619,550
Bermuda	467,596	526,517	414,644	383,151	357,71
British Africa	2,329,260	2,488,145	3,465,892	3,927,384	4,686,55
British Guiana	614,070	576,365	627,244	649,675	675,66
British Honduras	9,673	9,063	10,252		9,45
British India	57,612	156,335	226,184		415,10
Straits Settlements.	67,955	131,647 $19,675$	228,606 7,243		245,35 $23,90$
East Indies, all other		3,967,748	3,915,172		4,333,09
British West Indies.	3,991,490 115,388	125,615	144,898		112,35
Fiji	513,372	564,729	774,954		653,878
Hong Kong Newfoundland	3,714,332	4,131,602		4,508,240	3,976,16
All other	23,670	49,362			250,87
All other	20,010	10,002	00,000	110,000	200,01
Foreign countries total	125,349,111	124,981,856	165,572,933	192,946,937	198,868,649
Alaska	439,064	335,887	345,140		297,28
Argentina	3,021,537	2,975,908	2,251,855	2,134,522	634,38
Austria-Hungary	152,463	55,662	154,165		220,65
Belgium	1,908,357	2,851,044	4,241,568		2,220,70
Brazil	1,032,829				541,99
Central Am. States	102,446				72,76
Chile	232,502		136,107	134,457	55,30
China	525,477	413,889			294,25
Denmark	443,035				529,69
Dutch East Indies	2,551	7,001	11,578		25,92
Egypt and Soudan	14,044			62,677	
France	2,535,304		2,357,154 65,409		10,499,68 $4,17$
French Africa	29,921	223,521 3,577,847			1,447,39
Germany	2,028,649 4,921	8,644			87,48
Greece	142,677	133,147	76,498		70,59
Hawaii	1,008,049	1,434,379	2,380,983		1,623,40
Italy	374,470	282,225	328,148		521,80
Japan		486,441	1,137,867	1,587,467	963,63
Mexico	1,267,568	494,723	218,371	51,747	18,55
Norway	412,915	618,738	673,304		1,000,71
	34,466	12,825	11,120		13.14
Peru	04,400		FF 404		41,57
Peru		22,431	75,404	00,000	22,900
Peru Philippines	58,305 88,088	22,431 70,390	75,404 49,142	55,481	25,20
PeruPhilippinesPortugal	58,305	22,431	49,142	55,481 1,368,939	25,20 $1,270,94$
Peru Philippines	58,305 88,088 1,175,444 142,687	22,431 70,390 1,241,438 138,035	49,142 2,145,211 155,927	55,481 1,368,939 114,827	$\begin{array}{c} 25,20 \\ 1,270,94 \\ 141,09 \end{array}$
Peru. Philippines Portugal Russia in Europe	58,305 88,088 1,175,444	$\begin{array}{c} 22,431 \\ 70,390 \\ 1,241,438 \end{array}$	49,142 2,145,211 155,927 48,628	55,481 1,368,939 114,827 63,995	25,200 1,270,94 141,09 243,00

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF CANADA.

9.—Values of Exports from Canada of Home Produce to the British Empire and to Foreign Countries in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—concluded.

					-
Countries.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Foreign Countries-con.	\$	\$	₩	\$	\$
Switzerland Turkey in Asia United States Uruguay Venezuela West Indies.—Cuba Danish W. Indies. Porto Rico San Domingo Other West Indies	17,545 7,449 104,115,823 77,010 32,995 1,761,882 16,854 504,005 31,335 53,769	2,024,617 11,489 689,424 29,254	8,453 139,725,953 160,636 65,892 1,496,857 17,870 609,375 53,050	11,588 163,373,840 90,615 139,264 1,815,414 15,207 542,962 59,721	3,979 173,320,798 52,820 56,196 1,482,649 13,536 468,698 3,938
All other	800,242	564,700	620,056		

10.—Values of Imports into Canada of Merchandise entered for Consumption from the British Empire and from Foreign Countries in the five fiscal years 1911-1915; also of Coin and Bullion.

Countries.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
British Empire—total	129,467,559	137,982,614	162,541,284	154,526,802	115,342,706
United Kingdom Australia and Tas-		116,906,212	138,742,767	132,070,362	90,158,119
mania	511,350		443,381	713,111	412,205
New Zealand Bermuda	907,104 $9,025$		3,066,699 $34,724$		3,908,616 23,923
British Africa British Guiana	704,860 3,392,116		272,199 $3,550,765$		338,403 2,993,534
British Honduras British India	85 2,779,256	114	296,122 4,653,244	155,396	497,786
Straits Settlements.	222,173	425,465	519,624	565,843	775,716
East Indies, all other British West Indies.	1,369,016 $6,867,295$		1,725,588 5,982,406		1,637,985 6,162,338
Fiji Hong Kong	355,243 591,328				1,780,368 1,248,575
Newfoundland	1,817,485		2,056,174		
All other	6,558	16,009	31,122	27,906	28,491

10.—Values of Imports into Canada of Merchandise entered for Consumption from the British Empire and from Foreign Countries in the five fiscal years 1911-1915; also of Coin and Bullion—concluded.

Countries.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Foreign Countries-total	322,277,549	383,465,695	507,547,782	463,930,342	340,103,600
Alaska	140,116	61,372	46,577	66,470	38,292
Argentina	2,304,932	3,007,569	4,166,895	2,603,128	3,364,787
Austria-Hungary	1,319,129	1,538,521	1,700,429	1,773,021	642,18
Belgium	3,614,354	3,686,419	4,020,178	4,490,476	1,875,96
Brazil	925,331	1,097,980	1,295,521	1,163,785	1,149,55
Central Am. States.	105,011	174,514	182,497	163,483	118,01
Chile	418,967	305,655	625,021	767,289	190
China	683,092	597,947	752,768	913,262	1,042,383
Denmark	88,807	48,364	117,078	112,629	44,34
Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan	1,464,319 33,066	1,825,578 $44,092$	3,209,394 51,640	976,090 49,064	197,74 30,48
France	11,563,677	11,744,664			8,449,18
French Africa	3,828	9,180	5,429	41,505	8,36
Germany	10,047,340	11,089,998		14,586,223	5,086,98
Greece	456,367	552,265	545,595	445,036	417,91
Hawaii	25,599	30,314	44,689	61,365	32,65
Holland	1,820,578	2,423,902	3,109,554	3,015,456	1,769,25
Italy	962,148	1,146,822	1,713,585	2,090,387	1,472,79
Japan	2,422,346	2,511,875	3,503,533	2,604,216	2,783,46
Mexico	495,219	1,009,557	3,104,072	1,471,182	1,229,97
Norway	427,857	316,759			385,64
Peru	67,639 37,004	167,136 70,846	314,686 23,640	748,546 $5,715$	1,494,04 $6,20$
Philippines	186,380	259,542	343,249		215,60
Portugal	263,120		924,223	482,809	105,45
St. Pierre	3,782	11,909			4,24
Spain	1,154,747	1,273,211	1,258,970	1,352,133	977,44
Sweden	278,715	329,734	472,378	603,401	545,83
Switzerland	3,102,910	3,458,006		4,314,805	3,979,25
Turkey in Asia	553,770	461,492	521,509	479,269	323,22
United States	274,844,858				296,632,50
Uruguay	6,300		160,642	55,726	12,78
Venezuela	90,839	148,002	202,750		209,62
West Indies—Cuba.	1,281,637	1,488,800		3,952,887 $259,368$	1,617,29 115,46
Danish W. Indies.	144,184 204	76,579 833		1,613	110,40
Porto Rico San Domingo	733,094	1,176,567			3,193,79
Other West Indies	9,449	1,022		473	0,100,10
All other	196,834	239,874			530,63
Coin and Bullion	10,206,210	26,033,881	5,427,979	15,235,305	131,992,99

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF CANADA.

11.—Value of Merchandise imported into and exported from Canada through the United States during the fiscal years ended March 31, 1914-1915.

	Merchandis	se imported	Merchandi	se exported
			through Un	
Countries whence imported and	The state of the s			
to which exported.	1014	1015	1011	4044
	1914.	1915.	1914.	1915.
	\$	8	S	\$
United Winadom				
United Kingdom		16,790	98,046,253	60,433,803
Australia and Tasmania British Africa	419,011	293,435	$\begin{array}{c} 1,825,234 \\ 362,523 \end{array}$	1,322,414 492,514
British India		1,257,848	371,412	289,373
British East Indies	959,832	960,383	37,390	19,262
British Guiana	1,318,449	735,390	134,032	103,576
British West Indies		784,811	1,722,812	1,346,956
New Zealand	39,620		329,590	260,815
Other British Possessions	101,478	159,819	301,199	282,599
Total British Empire	12,049,180		103,130,445	64,551,312
Argentina	1,303,744		1,274,407	328,489
Austria-Hungary			211,245	34,658
Belgium	249,807	134,711	273,101	67,860
Brazil	451,890	631,306	311,365	258,041
Central American States	22,676	9,272	112,832	70,552
Chile	10.77	190	56,852	43,653
China		534,678	1,685	9,054
Cuba	1,684,072	372,421	662,865	465,028
Denmark	28,296	10,448	380,355	391,054
Danish West Indies	18,886		13,266	13,549
Dutch East Indies			976	9,660
Dutch Guiana	164,451	68,809	42,438	32,958
French West Indies	0.021	10 500	20,862	32,479
Egypt and Soudan	9,031	19,526	24,262	6,940
France		672,859	1,298,709	3,059,963
French Africa	31,728 2,425,897	7,155 818,240	53,800 2,477,774	4,170
Greece	62,722	96,403	11,665	505,597 84,469
Hayti	02,122	50,105	19,833	3,815
Holland	405,718	326,382	1,325,343	807,386
Italy	349,156		228,370	507,199
Japan	42,023		3,937	114,962
Mexico	244,993		30,040	16,306
Norway	27,330		627,098	856,890
Panama	-	-	186,044	100,517
Peru	-	-	11,242	12,506
Philippines	-	762	731	828
Porto Rico		- 881-	316,070	251,601
Portugal			1,788	6,688
Rumania			69,800	3,150
Russia in Europe	95,171	26,104		121,673
San Domingo	1,651,025	524,694	46,542	2,791
Spain		147,929	56,958	46,647
Sweden	49,149	155,861	58,808	111,053
Switzerland			6,151	9,740
Turkey	68 696	128,802	74,275	1,757
U. S. of ColumbiaUruguay	68,686 11,415		23,240	23,785
Venezuela	44,753	45,566	35,578 131,959	19,338 54,058
Other Countries	21,174		145,824	89,654
Total foreign countries	10,749,088		11,863,721	8,580,518
Grand Total	22,798,268		114,994,166	73,131,830
		20,100,100		10,201,000

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.

Principal articles by			QUANTITIES		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
I. Agricultural produce.		TIETOLY.			
Balsam	-	-	-	-	-
Cider gal. Flax cwt.	180,468 197	204,764 446	185,828 120	150,683	85,362 1,110
Fruits— Apples, dried lb.	268,390	178,744	121,180	424,200	2,307,481
Apples, greenorripe, bbl.	476,190	1,481,485			1,041,913
Berries, all kinds	-	_	-	_	-
Canned or preserved	= -	-	-	- 1	-
All other		_	_	-	_
Total fruits Grain and products of—					
Barleybush. Beans	1,116,116 153	921,757 22	5,556,090	10,905,712	4,388,577 530
Buckwheat"	174,767	35,334	103,024	16,093	225,309
Indian corn"	17,132	-	7,280	17,421	139,511
Oats "	4,028,746	7,014,645	7,293,004	13,903,389	8,537,236
reas, whole	60,391	38,676	22,420	12,187	25,587
Peas, spiit	2,688	700	25,544	95,413	87,282
Wheat	43,637,625	60,343,037		108,574,397	64,301,202
Other grains "	10,007,020	3,250	- 11,122,100	100,011,051	-
Total grains "	49,037,618	68,357,421	90,729,827	133,525,256	77,705,234
Brancwt.	123,316	144,184	97,822	28,717	77,986
Cereal foods	-	-	-	-	0 107 140
Flour of wheat bbl.	1,884,655	2,338,851	2,880,157	2,794,657 430	3,137,146
Indian meal " Oatmeal"	141 122,124	205,111	187,506		57,505
Meal, all other	1,044	3,368			-
Maltbush.	100	10,375			
Total flour, meal and malt	-	Hall 6 1 -		-	-
Hay ton.	112,529	104,817	62,871	26,916	6,411
Hempcwt.	156,679	16,454	182,625	248,660	167,935
Hopslb. Maple sugar	21,866				80,029
Maple syrup gal.	1,694	1,891		2,880	2,216
Seeds—			LL Control	144	TOUR TO LET
Cloverbush.	26,781	19,463			18,485
Flaxseed	1,019,057	495,496			
Grass	1,132	1,989	8,592	7,268	5,499
All other seeds					144154
Strawton.	618	975	52	-	24
Tobacco leaf lb.		876		4,220	1,419
Trees, shrubs and plants	10 = -	-	-	-	-
Vegetables—					
Canned or preserved	283	1 100	8	20	102,090
Potatoesbush. All other	283	1,182	8	20	102,090
Total vegetables				1 1 1 1 1 L	-
All other agricultural pro-	STATE OF THE				
ducts	_	-	-	-	-
AND COLORS OF THE PARTY OF THE	E-con-		0.00	THE STATE OF	

Note.—The letters "n.e.s." signify "not elsewhere specified" and the letters "n.o.p." "not otherwise provided for."

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
I.Agricultur'lproduce, totals	\$ 61,393,720	\$ 81,784,731	\$ 106,537,156	\$ 146,230,104	\$ \$5,834,460	
Balsam	2,269	2,695		4,536	2,878	
Cider	26,556	35,708		19,580		
Flax	1,694	1,920	1,250	-	7,022	
Fruits—	10 010	0.000	7 097	05 077	190.040	
Apples, dried	16,013	6,232 $4,678,245$		25,877 3,137,267	138,048 $2,460,413$	
Apples, green or ripe Berries, all kinds	1,598,359	12		3,137,207	2,400,410	
Canned or preserved	200.034	229,250	216,589	375,913	433,146	
All other	35,993	54,466	35,978	110,695	41,962	
Total fruits	1,850,402	4,968,205	4,065,371	3,649,752	3.073,569	
Grain and products of-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,		
Barley	576,902	607,933	3,315,172	5,514,016	2,520,084	
Beans	205	65	-	-	1,030	
Buckwheat	87,753	20,432		9,653	176,845	
Indian corn	10,279	_	4,077	13,937	106,848	
Oats	1,540,119	2,903,708	3,592,237	5,644,951	4,067,540	
Peas, whole	94,095	58,776	43,299	27,538	66,013	
Peas, split	3,224	1,000	14 205	1,486	02 201	
Rye	12 225 560	58,677,160	14,305	64,393	93,291	
Wheat	43,335,569	2,110	74,978,100	106,696,231	66,363,044	
Other grains	45,648,146		82 000 687	117,972,205	73,394,695	
Bran	125,146	124,677	92,221	25,355	53,042	
Cereal foods	1,323,104	1,482,058	1,382,331	1,408,413	1,474,907	
Flour of wheat	8,189,837	9,732,708	12,442,479		15,901,713	
Indian meal	482	-		2,400	_	
Oatmeal	501,223	878,743	830,417	473,220	275,786	
Meal, all other	3,962	11,006	11,956	150	_	
Malt	-	11,308	-	-		
Total flour, meal and malt	8,695,504	10,633,765			16,177,499	
Hay	1,152,629	1,027,995	759,241	296,331	88,813	
Hemp	19,740	1,857	33,645	56.802	35,430	
Hops	2,393	2,353	3,869		6,670	
Maple sugar	1,641	2,039	2,105			
Maple syrup	1,011	2,000	2,100	2,100	2,000	
Clover	230,981	189,289	310,629	226,222	152,848	
Flaxseed	2,285,411	1,004,888			928,346	
Grass	2,948	9,629	11,854	8,816	6,461	
All other	390	153		1,644	73	
Total seeds	2,519,730	1,203,959		10,719,238		
Straw	3,910	6,861	374	-	194	
Tobacco leaf	1 001	1,320	450	429	624	
Trees, shrubs and plants	1,291	3,637	701	860	18	
Vegetables—	15 110	10,203	20, 220	7,194	262 010	
Canned or preserved	15,119 132	10,203			262,918 $71,447$	
Potatoes	43					
All other Total vegetables	15,294					
All other agricultural		10,111	20, 101	1,102	100,000	
products	4,271	3,724	6,808	1,957	5,478	
	,			10	tte fa	

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Deir single articles by	QUANTITIES.					
Principal articles by classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
II. Animals and their produce						
Animals, living— Cattle, over one	4				AT IN	
year old No. Horses, over one	113,795	47,868	12,069	9,778	-	
year old" Sheep, over one year	197	138	74	34	7,736	
old	430	928	1-	500	-	
Total animals, living Animal products—	-	-	-	_	-	
Meats, viz.— Bacon	55,971,989	58,351,392	35,963,906	23,620,861	72,036,025	
Beef	482,371 3,782,939	274,419 2,998,850	782,920 2,432,074	190,787	1,330,282 9,198,208	
Pork" Poultry, dressed and	96,931	43,004	4,065	54,784		
undressed			-		-	
dressed	- 53	11,026			12,272	
Canned	393,999 2,088,493	191,454 10,524,966				
Other animal products—	240	-			234 26 1	
Bones cwt. Butter lb.	318 1,733,060	7,458,936	681	138,349	585,605	
Eggsdoz.	180,658,059 7,067	162,395,097 129,830	51,295	142,138,799	3,100,247	
Furs, dressed	2			_		
Grease and grease scraps lb.	58,836	34,542	26,791	512,750	83,623	
Glue stock					1	
Hides and skins, other than fur		-	F 1814	-	-	
Horns and hoofslb.	738 168,838	165 181,558	40 34,500	1,140 36,046	101 1,807,146	
Lard	93,128		34,500	50,040	208,073	
Oil, Neat's foot and other gal.	93	1,050	3,086	51	35,488	
Sausage casings Sheep pelts	_	2,550	-		-	
Tallowlb.	5,795 780,024		890,037 697,390	1,485,576 448,957	10,000 560	
All other	- 30,021	-	-			
products						

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

	6 78/J/(B)		100		
Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
II. Animals and their produce	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Totals	40,636,575	36,923,024	30,335,784	26,735,114	38,222,698
Animals, living— Cattle, over one year old. Horses, over one year old. Sheep, over one year old. Poultry and other n.e.s Total animals, living	7,942,144 36,072 2,611 995 7,981,822	3,343,625 35,650 6,421 2,360 3,388,056	913,954 14,400 4,438 932,792	4,000	1,382,345 10,760 1,393,105
Animal products— Meats, viz.—					
BaconBeefHamsPorkPoultry, dressed and	8,005,071 43,886 503,327 12,627	7,437,526 28,641 383,720 5,101	5,313,711 71,896 316,047 462	3,717,266 13,077 236,468 9,257	11,080,424 179,998 1,376,151 781,643
undressed	968	1,264	5,365	514	64,791
Game, dressed and undressed. Tongues. Canned. All other, n.e.s. Total meats	21 65 52,211 195,691 8,813,867	14 1,315 19,204 1,124,583 9,001,368	10 488 25,788 265,209 5,998,976	31,518 95,297 4,103,397	2,369 1,627,964 96,862 15,210,202
Other animal products— Bones	300	34		500	
ButterCheeseEggs.	$\begin{array}{r} 401,621 \\ 20,577,542 \\ 2,428 \end{array}$	1,769,510 20,733,064 37,800	9,224	31,950 18,533,880	850,808
Furs, dressed	1,827 2,436,304 1,996	$ \begin{array}{r} 10,147 \\ 1,717,365 \\ 3,712 \\ 1,626 \end{array} $	2,018 2,628,994 1,900	1,261 3,059,305 22,059	6,300 1,297,702 3,889 341
Hair	3,616	8,239		7,084	6,210
than fur	135,570 3,200 117	39,351 262 23	314	6,408 75 211	7,634
Lard	21,134	20,832	4,080		
densed Oil, Neat's foot and other	7,583 93	14,047 444	3,513	44	12,075 40,146
Sausage casings	_	57,042	45,544	32,972 3,278	-
Tallow	400 159,147 88,008	60,216 50,238 9,648	123,087	102,419 93,330 21,574	125
Total other animal products				a ten from	21,619,391

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
			Eleil I			
Codfish, etc., fresh. lb.		14,725			300	
Codfish, dry, salted cwt.	38,611	38,479	21,158	25,073	12,411	
Codfish, wet, salted and	7	1 220	1 100	4-1-1	14.900	
pickledcwt. Total codfish		1,220	1,193	_	14,360	
Halibut, fresh lb.	3,001	-	200	326,410	194,000	
Halibut, pickled bbl.		4		4	50.046	
Herring, canned lb. Herring, fresh "			10,000		59,046	
Herring, pickledbbl.	218	14	209	1,499	30,651	
Herring, smoked lb. Total herring	7,400	41,186	29,130	29,460	4,950	
Lobsters, freshbbl.	260		162			
Lobsters, canned lb.	3,064,737	3,108,550	2,824,057	2,875,206	2,796,102	
Total lobsters	35	40	43	36	14	
Salmon, fresh lb.	436,494	417,090	658,550	1,095,924	854,429	
Salmon, smoked "	150 19,659,947	22,989,444	15 000 127	38,496	100 25,385,101	
Salmon, canned " Salmon, pickled bbl.	19,009,947	3	15,999,137 220	48,862,562	43	
Total salmon				Shall -		
Sea fish, other, fresh lb. Sea fish, other, pkld.bbl.		7 7 8 -			1,800 261	
Sea fish, other, pre-					201	
servedlb.	3,800	18,720	23,556	229,657	115,150	
Total sea fish, other Fish bait and clams.bbl.		_		18	250	
Fish, all other, pkld. bbl.	13	12	-	-	200	
Fish oil, codgal.	44,506	27,089	8,629	28,734		
Fish oil, seal " Fish oil, whale "	14,923 $735,597$	8,625 1,837,688		427,571	- 3,120 25,633	
Fish oil, other "	10,050	18,627	13,710	100,683	35,795	
Total fish oil " Furs or skins the produce	805,076	1,892,029	651,268	556,088	68,796	
of fish or marine animals		_	- 1	A		
Other articles of the fish-		LEUWEN.				
eries	_				-	
IV. Forest produce.						
Ashes, pot and pearl.bbl.	656	668	465	403	436	
Logs— Elm	483	416	457	_		
Pine "	-	12	12		Danielle !	
Spruce" All other"	704	1,344	10 4,019		2 SA 18 -	
Total logs "	1,187	1,772			-	
Lumber—	991	650	940	117	197	
Basswoodm. ft. Battens	331	659	340	-	197	
				A HE E		

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

THE PARTY OF THE P							
Principal articles by		Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
III. Fisheries produce totals	4,435,891	5,132,047		7,008,888	5,448,902		
Codfish, etc., fresh	101 000	300		00 511	9		
Codfish, dry salted Codfish, wet salted and	121,862	131,998	72,698	92,511	54,134		
pickled	42	5,490	3,205	-	54,000		
Total codfish	121,904	137,788		92,511	108,143		
Halibut, fresh	240	-	10		14,300		
Halibut, pickled Herring, canned		34	_	20	0 500		
Herring, fresh	_		100		8,500		
Herring, pickled	858	61	1,427	6,704	30,656		
Herring, smoked	148	1,180		768	256		
Total herring	1,006	1,241	2,432		39,412		
Lobsters, fresh	7,818	1 070 000	3,150		1 199 601		
Lobsters, canned Total lobsters	908,273 916,091	1,078,898 1,078,898			1,123,691 1,123,691		
Oysters	348	431	504	421	194		
Salmon, fresh	57,390	46,806			92,023		
Salmon, smoked	11		-	6,416	10		
Salmon, canned Salmon, pickled	2,936,305	2,918,585		5,436,727	4,018,304		
Total salmon	2,993,716	2,965,438	4,400 2,668,678	1,063 5,571,562	4,110,808		
Sea fish, other, fresh	-	2,000,100	2,000,010	0,0.1,002	36		
Sea fish, other, pickled	-		-	-	979		
Sea fish, other, preserved	426	1,093	2,854	23,358	22,968		
Total sea fish, other	426	1,093	2,854	23,358	23,983		
Fish bait and clams Fish, all other, pickled	53	156	_	112	1,750		
Fish oil, cod	14,703	11,331	3,652	9,531	1,275		
Fish oil, seal	4,908	4,120	10,385	elecal -	312		
Fish oil, whale	138,207	774,395	243,604	198,169	8,934		
Fish oil, other	4,960	10,627	5,337	32,770	8,572		
Total fish oil Furs or skins, the produce	162,778	800,473	262,978	240,470	19,093		
of fish or marine animals Other articles of the fish-	237,493	52,000	13,302	42,029	7,528		
eries	1,836	94,495	33,540	1,764	-		
IV. Forest produce—totals.	11,965,131	10,950,840	10,103,469	10,647,123	9,914,548		
Ashes, pot and pearl	30,229	28,998	21,617	17,965	22,081		
Elm	10,877	5,940	9,515	31,211	8,132		
Pine	-	138	270	-			
Spruce	15 010	01 000	108	70 505	15.050		
All other	15,812 26,689	21,362 27,440	64,510 $74,403$	76,525 107,736	17,953		
Lumber—	20,009	21,410	74,403	107,730	26,085		
Basswood	11,755	24,303	9,418	3,187	7,195		
Battens	34,396	-	-	3,542	4,379		
CONTRACTOR STATE OF THE PARTY O	THE PERSON	TO THE PARTY OF TH					

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

	Barren A	1=1				
Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
IV. Forest produce—con. Lumber—con.			3			
Deals, pinest. hund. Deals, spruce and	21,704	16,671	17,507	19,000	13,318	
Deal ends. " Laths. M. Palings. "	148,651 7,244 15,637 528	$ \begin{array}{r} 137,456 \\ 6,672 \\ 25,844 \\ \hline 60 \end{array} $	114,790 4,403 7,939 80	136,147 6,179 2,863 55	126,417 5,767 777	
Pickets" Planks and boards M. ft. Scantling" ShinglesM.	4,186 79,778 35,584	1,263 96,769 29,222	7,517 81,616 24,142 82	74,571 $27,282$ 52	68,348 25,817 782	
Shooks, box and other. Staves and headings All other lumber, n.e.s. Total lumber		-	-			
Match blocks	-	-		-		
Sleepers and railroad ties				-		
Ashton. Birch" Elm"	228 8,931 5,606	$ \begin{array}{r} 64 \\ 13,079 \\ 3,241 \end{array} $	18,098 3,040	1 - 1		
Maple	5,920 18,996	7,591 1,631 20,831	907 1,866 26,199			
All other " Total sq. timber " Other articles of the forest	917 40,598 -	1,452 47,889	1,125 51,299	=	=	
V. Manufactures. Agricultural implements, viz.—						
Drills	767 20 1,375	892 28 1,532	1,747 103 1,998	626 878 10 2,278	748 1,258 4 1,442	
Ploughs " Harrows " Hay rakes " Cultivators "	726 1,570 340	1,046 291 729 410	596 226 131 471	621 721 572 421	502 380 317 183	
All other Parts of Total Asbestos, mfs. of		- - -	-		-	
Books, pamphlets, maps, etc	338	- 25	- - 21		- 578	

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

			A			
Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
IV. Forest produce—con. Lumber—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Deals, pine Deals, spruce and other	1,406,444 6,471,153	1,331,006 5,309,113	1,285,863 4,683,821	1,322,326 5,947,348	1,073,420 5,829,977	
Deal ends. Laths. Palings. Pickets. Planks and boards. Scantling. Shingles.	310,295 37,558 10,290 21,196 1,659,701 434,534	281,978 58,285 604 18,211 1,962,877 358,009	$176,449 \\ 21,261 \\ 805 \\ 29,735 \\ 1,825,549 \\ 278,306 \\ 160$	$249,088 \\ 8,055 \\ 654 \\ 15,196 \\ 1,772,005 \\ 367,335 \\ 292$	$241,310 \\ 2,104 \\ - \\ 25,153 \\ 1,580,251 \\ 381,730 \\ 2,475$	
Shooks, box and other. Staves and headings All other lumber, n.e.s. Total lumber. Match blocks Poles, hop, hoop, tele-	231,703 24,904 174,248 10,828,177 56,706	116,881 30,014 152,356 9,643,637 364	167,887 19,272 168,082 8,666,608 2,847	121,781 12,956 187,930	85,618 18,106 89,662 9,341,380 923	
graph and other Sleepers and railroad ties Timber, square—	_	-	750	1,347	4,542	
AshBirchElm	3,779 112,651 155,554	1,067 156,395 118,018	1,327 221,658 76,481	122,904	1,086 113,874 95,965	
Maple. Oak. Pine, red. Pine, white. All other.	143,021 - 597,121 11,204	134,829 39,578 783,588 16,806	24,541 64,144 937,076 12,017	204,482 19,053	71,578 236,656 75	
Total, sq. timber Other articles of the forest	1,023,330	1,250,281	1,337,244	507,567 813	519,234 303	
V. Manufactures—totals Agricultural implements, viz.—	6,973,820	6,852,710	7,158,746	8,583,540	24,848,359	
Drills	26,928 1,216 141,799	30,914 1,619 159,054	6,070		36,642 42,885 220 146,059	
Ploughs Harrows Hay rakes	12,353 8,580 10,663	15,959 3,437	20,017 2,564 2,914	8,400 8,345 13,402	9,766 4,738 6,427	
Cultivators	425,396	105,242 110,704	79,280 47,440	71,505 77,347 488,367	49,982 53,524 354,884	
Asbestos, mfs. of Books, pamphlets, maps, etc Biscuits and bread	143,309 1,584		148,086		37,169 133,971 4,430	

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.						
Binder twine lb.	200,260	2,240		9,020	1,550,610	
Bricks M.	4		1 . C - 7	1	-	
Brooms and whisks		-	-			
Buttons			-	2-	-	
Cartridges, gun, rifle, etc.	_	, -	1 - 1	-	-	
Charcoal		- 1		-1	- (21/11/12	
Cement		-	-		T-	
Clay, manufactures of				_	-	
Clothing and wearing apparel						
Cordage, rope and twine.						
Cotton fabrics yd.	52,704	72,649	10,722	8,260	813,894	
Cottons, other	_	- 1	-	-	-	
Cotton waste lb.	48,721	100,467	249,353	3,661	231,625	
Drugs, chemicals, and				1030		
medicines, n.e.s		X - 1	-	to Hira-	-	
Dye stuffs		-	- 1	-	185/	
Electrical apparatus	,		-		1 HE OF	
Electrotypes Extract of hemlock				-		
barkbbl.	3,634	2,535	1,544	1 267	2,371	
Explosives and ful-	5,051	2,000	1,011	1,267	2,011	
minates, n.e.s lb.	30,247	58,370	18,853		1460	
Fertilizers	_	-	-	_		
Fur, manufactures of	-	-	-	_	month -	
Glass and glassware, n.e.s.	1 to 2 - 1	1 - L	-		-	
Grindstones, manufactu'd	-	-		-		
Guns, rifles, etc	-	-	2 To 11 = 2		Larry -	
Gypsum or plaster,				39		
ground		- T		_	9	
Hats and caps	Selson V		37 1 197		MERCIT.	
Household effects, n.e.s India rubber, mfs. of		Jack Marie				
India rubber, waste. lb.	1	K 10 1 10 - 1	_	127,495	WEST -	
Iron and steel and mfs. of-	and the second			121,100		
Buoys, gas, and parts of	-	-	-		55585-	
Castings, n.e.s	- 25	-		-	-	
Ferro silicon and ferro		No. of Indiana		Helb Com	madia v	
compounds ton.	-	7 - 100 -	-	-	39	
Hardware and tools	-			-	-	
Machinery, n.e.s	146	168	76	-		
Pig iron or stool owt	$\frac{146}{3,764}$	17,190	5,747	21,714	17,206	
Scrap iron or steel. cwt. Sewing machines. No.	132	2,049	110	19	163	
Stoves	95	19	15	11	38	
Typewriters "	3,058	3,428	2,053	2,147	1,857	
Wire and wire nails cwt.	-	-	-	-	266,919	
All other, n.e.s	-	- 1	-	de la maine	-	
Total	-	-	-	16 3 - 1	A MINIT	
Jewellers' sweepings	-		-		The second secon	

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
V. Manufactures—con.	19 740	102		795	105 611
Bricks	13,742 55	123		735 5	105,611
Brooms and whisks	-	15,439	7,717	4,680	1,271
Buttons	184	334	23	80	5
Cartridges, gun, rifle, etc.	16,266	8,771	6,768	7,432	116,014
Charcoal	165	592 60			
Clay, manufactures of	125	2	100	7,350	77
Clothing and wearing ap-					
parel	39,645	49,109	59,447	99,019	6,288,694
Cordage, rope and twine.	1,291 11,090	2,916 $16,684$	2,675	1,129 876	1,220 $158,649$
Cotton fabrics	2,994	3,261	3,511	6,000	33,275
Cotton waste	1,598	1,994	9,107	289	12,403
Drugs, chemicals and					
medicines, n.e.s	448,044			440,082	463,427
Dye stuffs Electrical apparatus	3,210	9,886		25,183	17,012
Electrotypes	453	1,234		64	66
Extract of hemlock bark.	43,596		16,520	15,170	28,512
Explosives and fulmin-	4.004			2 000	
ates, n.e.s	4,831 725	13,457		7,900	
Fur, manufactures of	14,438	19,426	25,441 $25,266$	1,405 $21,597$	877 17,097
Glass and glassware, n.e.s.	3,879			8,819	
Grindstones, manufac'd.		434	332	-	_
Guns, rifles, etc	8,009	4,179	7,667	10,218	153,224
Gypsum or plaster, ground					216
Hats and caps	1,254	1,634	744	1,270	917
Household effects, n.e.s	133,563		The second secon	264,047	356,918
India rubber, mfs. of	47,544	38,743	16,665	18,778	182,843
India rubber, waste	W	-	TO STATE OF	6,874	-
Iron and steel and mfs. of— Buoys, gas, and parts of		7,196	16,014	2,000	1,850
Castings, n.e.s	5,345				
Ferro silicon and ferro		The Marie			
compounds	20 071	01 700	20.070		1,900
Hardware and tools Machinery, n.e.s	32,871 $50,923$			29,868 50,494	
Pig iron	4,200				
Scrap iron or steel	2,414	10,146	2,582	15,940	6,864
Sewing machines	3,179				
Stoves Typewriters	2,237 $207,748$			$\frac{427}{142,042}$	1,488 119,825
Wire and wire nails	-	-	102,000	142,042	543,451
All other, n.e.s	148,158				4,442,511
Total	457,075	455,306			5,447,199
Jewellers' sweepings	28,157	32,212	42,511	26,899	29,661
	1				1 L S 1 L S 1

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.		(c) 31				
Jewellery, all kinds Junkcwt.	55,125	75,618	79,122	9,0321	1671	
Lamps and lanterns Leather—	-	-	-	5,052	-	
Boots and shoes	4 5 -	-		-	A STATE OF THE STA	
Harness and saddlery Leather, n.e.s lb.	606,677	808,093	1,040,331	1,429,401	418,275	
Sole, " Upper"	6,006,291 639,679	5,819,090 776,446	3,067,085 356,799	4,674,579 $129,068$	7,544,817 896,389	
Other manufactures of Total leather	_				116.62	
Liquors— Ale and beer gal.	150	3		53	36	
Gin"	9,206	9,628	7.055	538	-	
Whiskey " Wines " Wand alachel "	153	154	7,955 481	10,329 429	7,385 568	
Other spirits "	219,030 17	366,998 3,840	462,213	155,524	125,405	
Total liquors " Metals—	228,556	380,623	470,649	- 166,873	133,394	
Aluminum in bars, blocks, etc cwt.	21,649	19,395	41,979	43,214	51,755	
Aluminum, mfs. of Brass, old and				-		
scrap cwt.	-		-	6,561	5,041	
scrap	-	-	-	6,391	3,655	
laths and corrugated				F-1. E.		
roofing	-		-		_	
Musical instruments Organs	1,222	1,603	1,726	1,581	699	
Pianos " Other instruments'	17	20	49	41	41	
TotalOil cakecwt.	201,833	182,456	324,136	322,350	158,720	
Oil, n.e.s gal. Paper, viz:—	11,549	577	17,805	16,602	4,121	
Paper, wallroll. Paper, felt"	1,113 288	170	480 127	1,000 368	8,715	
Paper, wrapping. lb.	15,200	5,010	10,167,560	37,269 5,969,300	102,260 8,925,200	
Paper, printing " Paper, n.e.s	-	- 3	-	-	-	
Total Paints and varnishes		-	-	-	Kirtov E.	
Paintings of all kinds Plumbago, mfs. of	_	_		-	_	
Photographs	4,477,329	4,677,169	4,589,800	4,546,500	5,201,800	

¹Not including metallic and rubber.

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$. \$	
Jewellery, all kinds Junk Lamps and lanterns Leather—	201,334 3,796	23,462 351,915 3,699	24,335 337,796 3,509	26,772 19,048 ¹ 3,101	13,811 408 ¹ 5,211	
Boots and shoes Harness and saddlery Leather, n.e.s. Sole Upper Other manufactures of Total leather	5,653 323 97,356 1,445,587 169,075 6,422 1,724,416	2,412 547 132,660 1,346,864 142,009 4,717 1,629,209	1,733 735 239,575 823,050 82,814 3,114 1,151,021	3,064 1,702 318,796 1,387,792 32,378 3,015 1,746,747	32,725 1,651,562 124,796 2,294,902 531,927 33,768 4,669,680	
Liquors— Ale and beer. Gin. Whiskey. Wines. Wood alcohol.	125 - 26,540 180 75,745	5 36,197 192 151,071	24,383 499 132,737	30 562 29,719 529 77,330	16 - 22,142 392 74,828	
Other spirits, n.e.s Total liquors Metals— Aluminum in bars,	102,632	1,010 188,475	157,619	108,170	97,378	
blocks, etc	324,244 - -	256,561 - -	459,150 	605,862 17 67,380	810,227 448,127 54,282	
Copper, old and scrap	-		_	87,307	45,258	
Metallic shingles and laths and corrugated roofing	28,272	42,482	62,375	113,221 172,944	54,308 157,350	
Musical instruments— Organs Pianos Other instruments Total Oil cake Oil, n.e.s	86,579 6,161 967 93,707 278,819 6,964	119,879 5,796 1,110 126,785 286,337 355	114,677 13,420 3,624 131,721 509,509 15,454	91,236 13,428 58,239 162,903 444,349 10,347	39,484 14,828 66,771 121,083 221,482 1,608	
Paper, viz.:— Paper, wall. Paper, felt.* Paper, wrapping. Paper, printing. Paper, n.e.s. Total Paints and varnishes. Paintings of all kinds. Plumbago, mfs. of. Photographs. Rags.	171 352 800 306,248 532,790 840,361 4,641 4,039 1,730 251,792	- 138 183 254,962 345,568 600,851 6,990 16,087 2,006 1,698 237,937	155 148 - 202,215 381,905 584,423 30,533 23,466 3,227 778 256,637	200 499 1,053 122,207 381,717 505,676 22,371 71,733 7,210 1,396 287,837	22,725 2,792 180,598 386,923 593,038 70,287 13,924 8,378 1,117 388,611	

¹Not including metallic and rubber.

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Dringing lantisles by	QUANTITIES.					
Principal articles by classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.						
Soaplb. Starch" Stationery Stone, granite, marble, etc., dressed Sugar, all kinds, n.e.s. lb.	21,836 176,220 - - 292	12,325 45,140 - -	20,435 20,235 -	92,545 132,828 - -	151,080 58,340 -	
Sugar-house syrup. gal. Tar Tin, manufactures of	311	-			76,718 - -	
Tobacco— Cigars	4 25 3,304 27,889	2 45,774 2,496	15 2 10,942 4,244	4 15,040 705	1 118 - 4,391	
Towcwt.	873	3,440	955			
Automobiles No. Automobiles, parts of Carriages No. Carriages, parts of Carts No. Wagons	23 - 8 1 9	18 - 3 - 2 25	25 - 10 - - 1 11	291 	23 -1 1 -4 2,053 21	
Bicycles, parts of Other vehicles	_		_	-		
Wood— Barrels, empty No. Household furniture Doors, sashes and	219 -	554 -	325 -	177 -	69	
blinds	-		-	-		
and other household furnishings Pails, tubs, churns and other hollow wooden-	-					
ware	962,878	1,296,183 -	1,434,971 -	1,866,470 -	2,195,486	
WoollensOther articles of mfs	=			-		

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.						
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	*	\$	\$	\$		
Soap Starch Stationery Stone, granite, marble,	1,037 9,390 2,280	630 1,788 3,789	1,030 781 17,044	9,513 6,577 12,326	13,927 1,555 15,262		
etc., dressed	50 16 147 150 1,552	585 - - - 3,183	2,898	550 - - 42 1,815	11,582 15 79,733		
Tobacco— Cigars Cigarettes	178 219 449	- 33	567 30	220	25 1,351		
Stems and cuttings All other Total tobacco Tow	12,183 13,029 1,922	5,293 910 6,236 7,732	1,074 1,710 3,381 3,720	1,326 663 2,209	4,185 5,561		
Vehicles— Automobiles Automobiles, parts of Carriages Carriages, part of	73,860 - 1,207 2,129	51,450 15,721 760 275	74,424 9,279 1,453 426	320,407 1,895 2,042	76,050 130,001 96 14,808		
Carts	385 394 1,700 10,379	160 2,745 4,096 2,242	50 1,605 983 608	100 3,145 527 1,400	240 309,595 2,405 78 15,009		
Wood—	20,010	2,212	000	1,100	10,000		
Barrels, empty Household furniture Doors, sashes and	$ \begin{array}{r} 140 \\ 24,200 \end{array} $	541 44,273	629 23,746	493 35,572	439 30,076		
blinds	9,696	13,462	6,693	13,400	4,975		
splints	83,611	10,332	164		12,893		
and other household furnishings Pails, tubs, churns and other hollow wooden-	-	506	-	378	35		
ware	2,438 94,602 496,928 237,050	782 53,825 674,361 208,993	230 57,118 828,133 225,278	31 26,152 1,167,882 217,513	516 87,479 1,496,321 192,091		
Woollens Other articles of mfs	948,665 7,896 178,663	1,007,075 9,199 149,943	1,141,991 19,795 246,913	1,461,421 26,542 147,801	1,824,825 113,629 447,219		

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.—concluded.

Principal articles by		(QUANTITIES.		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
VI. Mineral produce.	< m , m	- I			Sun Y
Arsenic lb. Asbestos ton. Asbestos sand	560 6,843	309,674 7,314	8,802	7,937 1,024	14,726 967
Coal	5,683	33,976 -	39,705 -	18,549 -	28,663 22
dust, nuggets, etc Metals—		1			-
Copper, fine, contained in ore, matte, regulus, etc lb.	5,665,188	5,238,110	5,385,527	6,805,093	11,062,501
Nickel, fine, contained in matte, ore, or speiss Silver, metallic, contained in ore,	4,948,231	5,156,464	4,826,783	6,479,250	10,838,477
concentrates, etcoz. Micalb. Mineral pigments,	10,032,147 188,377	7,664,301 133,733			16,533,652 126,397
. iron oxides, ochres etc	2,051,480 5,425	2,248,600 1,398	1,406,000 324	1,655,700	982,500 800
Ores—					990
Antimony ton. Corundum " Iron " Other "	245 - 11,927 863	211 155	235 16,800 162	150 11,800 180	332 142 - 112
Total ores " Plumbago, crude ore and concentrates cwt. Salt lb.	13,035 4,467 -	2,700 30,000	17,197 604	12,130	586 - 1,500
Other articles of the mine VII. Miscellaneous produce					7. Jan. 1
Coffee	710 1,376,200	4,500 3,229,360	- 858,000	9,454 1,110 946,400	6,000
Coin— Gold and Silver	-			_	

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—concluded.

Principal antiples by	Values.					
Principal articles by classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
VI. Mineral produce-totals.	\$ 6,726,015	\$ 5,555,599	\$ 12,066,622	\$ 16,027,128	\$ 12,219,937	
Arsenic	200 208,499 - 18,262	5,661 168,424 - 130,995	211,450 120,305	255,067 11,234 61,604	513,877 12,223 96,834	
CoalFeldsparGold-bearing quartz, dust, nuggets, etc	1,025	21,010	57,034	-	176	
Metals—						
Copper, fine, contained in ore, matte, regulus, etc	433,853	396,955	403,851	512,093	853,900	
Nickel, fine, contained in ore, matte or speiss	750,135	768,232	718,141	960,621	1,601,251	
Silver, metallic, contained in ore, concentrates, etc	5,081,196 60,824	3,916,586 39,608		13,925,884 35,563	8,848,064 31,856	
Mineral pigments, iron oxides, ochres, etc Mineral water	9,997 1,654	12,086 892			5,940 40	
Ores—		le torre				
Antimony. Corundum. Iron.	17,173 - 41,693	21,900	29,920 64,712	20,927 45,312	18,285 14,970	
Other	77,496 136,362	34,909 56,809	61,108 155,740	178,995 245,234	113,249 146,504	
concentrates	16,453	8,250 720	2,065	-	15	
Other articles of the mine	7,555	29,371	37,638	3,300	3,933	
VII. Miscellaneous produce totals Coffee	25,772	41,462	13,655	22,072 2,231	179,650 1,440	
Dried fruits, n.e.s Rice meal Other miscellaneous ar-	83 13,625	365 40,007	12,660	102		
ticles	12,064	1,090	995	11,922	178,210	
Coin— Gold and silver	-	-	-	54	45	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
I. Agricultural produce.						
Balsam	-	-	_	- 10	-	
Cider gal. Flax cwt.	$\frac{276}{11,642}$	38 6,510	$\begin{array}{c} 158 \\ 2,230 \end{array}$	6,065	3,275 5,619	
Fruits— Apples, dried lb.	317,596	105,873	186,116	376,466		
Apples, green or ripe bbl.	16,923	10,590	9,366	18,230		
Berries, all kinds Canned or preserved					7-88-7	
All other Total fruits				-	7	
Grain and products of—	00.005	010 005	FEO 001		200 101	
Barleybush. Beans	86,295 22,277	919,967 2,666	773,281 2,128	1,584,851 8,737	366,101 $12,526$	
Buckwheat " Indian corn"	74,033 2,192	45,790 4,078	53,387 13,419	138,707 11,095	115,531 69,068	
Oats "	128,538	203,560	1,726,580	18,928,221	3,825,549	
Peas, split	206,887 22,362	263,741 19,378	49,730	82,424 $11,647$	213,224 13,885	
Rye" Wheat"	71,908 242,660	11,670 997,662	616 9,834,530	16,978 7,522,027	146,055 4,092,026	
Other grains "	493	442	101,170	-	-	
Total grains " Bran cwt.	857,645 1,503,900	2,468,954 603,304	12,554,845 1,019,766	28,304,687 1,806,242	8,853,965 871,358	
Cereal foods	25,967	58,403	29,983	19,436	52,429	
Indian meal "	610	1,268	1-	200	6	
Oatmeal	440 827	888 899	$\begin{array}{c} 1\\465\end{array}$	2,035 1,933	1,025 90	
Maltbush. Total flour, meal and			120		1,600	
malt	004 410	000 010	210 701	174 997	-	
Hay ton. Hemp cwt.	204,416	668,013 758	316,521	154,337	59,964	
Hopslb. Maple sugar	1,353,289	176 1,311,305	19,758 $1,116,972$	892 1,883,878	1,211 1,381,590	
Maple syrup gal. Seeds—	1,380	2,623	1,670	1,732	3,598	
Clover bush	154,601	65,906	30,513	86,458	19,650	
Flaxseed" Grass"	$\begin{array}{c} 1,677,062 \\ 72,071 \end{array}$	991,802 105,043	7,561,004 91,876	10,164,536 76,850	7,006,249 63,140	
All other		-	-		-	
Strawton.	3,788	7,477	5,410	4,948	4,816	
Tobacco leaf lb. Trees, shrubs and plants.	55,243	40,856	62,767	163,122	28,724	
Vegetables— Canned or preserved					in civil	
Potatoesbush.	22,271	27,286	152,557	1,001,287	89,610	
Turnips" All other	1,464,856	1,455,562	1,318,655	1,684,961	2,138,701	
Total vegetables All other agricultural pro-	-		-	-	S SERVE	
ducts	-	-		-	-	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.

Principal articles by	VALUES.								
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.				
I. Agricultural produce—	\$ 705	\$ 11 005 011	\$ 97 915 970	\$ 29 506 549	\$ 19,405,251				
Balsam	10,385,705 11,851	11,685,611 3,702	27,215,879 6,086	32,506,548 17,591	20,526				
Cider	129	4	17	10	528				
Flax	123,508	70,266	22,926	46,369	27,208				
Fruits— Apples, dried	20,033	10,158	10,609	24,035	9,796				
Apples, green or ripe	50,149	21,459	22,898	62,431	61,445				
Berries, all kinds	82,814	106,280	99,965	91,705	106,412				
Canned or preserved	12,541	24,149	3,336	14,546	31,243				
All other	28,106	33,404		40,673	12,915				
Total fruits	193,643	195,450	151,944	233,390	221,811				
Grain and products of—	10.001	***	110 100	=00.000	200 110				
Barley	49,361	558,026	440,468	709,092	203,118				
Beans	40,024	5,874	6,182	23,011	32,773				
Buckwheat	38,012	25,115	28,686	100,959	93,696				
Indian corn	2,043	4,674	10,510	7,580	50,945				
Oats	47,466	90,920	739,357	6,802,403	1,536,465 417,331				
Peas, whole	303,199 31,035	328,583 $26,252$	116,538	162,020 8,327	39,483				
Peas, split	45,309	7,685	603	11,473	138,855				
Wheat	236,256	811,503	8,352,983	6,891,624	4,223,505				
Other grains	572	420	45,048	0,001,021	1,220,000				
Total grains	793,277	1,859,052	9,740,382	14,716,489	6,736,171				
Bran	1,467,077	443,078	888,432	1,509,595	778,626				
Cereal foods	8,834	112,657	34,275	25,120	24,559				
Flour of wheat	114,669	243,934	134,743		232,967				
Indian meal	1,476	3,708	-	400	25				
Oatmeal	2,002	3,650	6	9,085	3,928				
Meal, all other	2,074	2,797	1,488	7,096	337				
Malt		-	120	-	1,536				
Total flour, meal and									
malt	120,221	254,089	136,357	102,326	238,793				
Hay	1,449,990	5,186,016	2,978,682	1,358,621	629,728				
Hemp	-	3,136	4 400	-	-				
Hops	114 500	97	4,133	303	242				
Maple sugar	114,709	107,975	100,419	155,476	124,704				
Maple syrup	1,437	2,945	1,785	1,893	3,944				
	1,169,709	575,899	292,801	798,771	167,370				
CloverFlaxseed	3,859,211	1,802,894	11,885,186		9,420,263				
Grass	191,490	172,236	84,854	67,598	53,598				
All other	43,977	99,435	43,426	48,973	4,651				
Total seeds	5,264,387	2,650,464	12,306,267	12,826,023	9,645,882				
Straw	14,465	33,695	27,872	27,578	28,502				
Tobacco leaf	26,606	22,521	19,406	54,022	18,336				
Trees, shrubs and plants	12,071	19,938		31,839	20,748				
Vegetables—	F-5 11 11 C		THE WILLIAM	Sec. 20. 5	Mark Town				
Canned or preserved	4,515	2,844	655	3,708	11,627				
Potatoes	13,835	19,286	128,211	434,956	34,765				
Turnips	206,263	245,648	157,322	304,711	284,171				
All other	233,068	152,728	62,512	107,703	129,124				
Total vegetables	457,681	420,506	348,700	851,078	459,687				
All other agricultural pro-	207 010	200,000	104 004	E 40 005	405 050				
ducts	325,819	300,020	424,664	548,825	425,256				

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
II. Animals and their produce.				Hoole Ten		
Animals, living— Cattle, one year old		Y				
or less No. Cattle, over one year	552	153	5,309	20,685	34,048	
old	7,024 13	9,654 18	22,959 11	185,761 82	149,604 16	
Horses, over 1 yr. old "Hogs"	2,023 2,773	1,410 195	1,770 88	3,245 27,688	2,513 243,031	
Sheep, one year old or less	9,421	5,889	5,340	13,237	35,293	
Sheep, over 1 yr. old "Poultry and other, n.e.s	32,640	10,940	6,122	4,441	6,349	
Total animals, living Animal products— Meats, viz:—		-		-	-	
Baconlb.	81,857 1,957	590,810 5,711	151,182 19,474	214,897 12,637,839	4,606,235 17,036,698	
Hams" Mutton"	651 2,592	31,504 31,993	3,455 34,340	220,695 53,751	8,744,079 1,029,021	
Poultry, dressed and	31,190	21,235	57,411	1,512,688	15,178,341	
undressedGame, dressed and undressed						
Tongues lb.	0.400	C 465	0.661	170 564	178,897	
Canned " All other, n.e.s. " Total meats	9,408 266,257	6,465 419,815	2,661 343,642	170,564 1,641,171	260,075 3,107,698	
Other animal products— Bonesewt.	58,364	39,453	43,910	65,012	71,060	
Butter lb. Casein	471,846	630,480 1,021,197	304,503 349,865	500,623 270,486	1,367,171 230,045	
Cheese" Eggsdoz.	285,469 24,688	167,591 17,403	261,682 9,852	1,346,128 $62,273$	253,809 436,569	
Furs, dressed Furs, undressed		-	_		T T	
Grease and grease scraps lb.	558,598	1,921,543	3,847,823	3,460,104	2,268,909	
Glue stock	_		3,011,020	-	-	
Hides and skins other than fur.			EV. 3		7	
Horns and hoofslb.	5,421	3,713	4,987	14,032	6,728	
Lard	143 577	290	2,475	69,603	795,029	
condensed " Milk and cream, fresh gal.	143,577 1,881,923	34,168 893,945	35,105 828,299	5,573,737 1,631,097	15,455,340 2,373,267	
Oil, Neat's foot and other	41	-	6,080	3,495	64,213	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

produce in the fiscar years 1911-1919 con.						
Principal articles by		Values.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
II. Animals and their pro-	\$	\$	\$	S	\$	
duce—totals	10,063,544	9,864,524	12,866,948	24,728,798	34,186,056	
Animals, living— Cattle, one year old or						
less Cattle, over one year	14,812	2,840	52,566	251,047	415,889	
old	450,267 1,550	612,559 1,075		6,792,039 4,067		
Horses, over 1 yr. old	497,566	311,564	470,665	741,311	1,272 $438,652$	
Hogs	45,526	3,843		442,199		
Sheep, one year or less	47,354	26,949		70,309		
Sheep, over one year old Poultry and other, n.e.s.	214,496 117,574	70,164 88,391		38,147 178,983	68,320	
Total animals, living	1,389,145	1,117,385		8,518,102	400,174 13,387,158	
Animal products— Meats, viz.:—			T.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10,001,100	
Bacon	11,943	78,058	23,796	41,704	707,334	
Beef	204	487	1,912	1,085,102	1,761,145	
Hams	137	4,183	552	32,570	1,273,810	
Mutton	$ \begin{array}{c} 319 \\ 7,225 \end{array} $	2,517 3,509	5,545 7,021	9,471 170,961	119,911 1,791,592	
Poultry, dressed and	1,220	0,003	1,021	170,501	1,191,092	
undressed	9,777	6,597	5,190	59,425	138,614	
Game, dressed and undressed	3,993	3,141	3,097	4,596		
Tongues	1 605	050	955	94.050	22,074	
Canned	1,625 $44,251$	950 53,220	355 38,367	24,958 132,184	39,826 198,625	
Total meats	79,474	152,662		1,560,971	6,055,074	
Other animal products—	San Threater					
Bones	69,431	52,442 103,819		94,086	93,448	
Butter	91,313	38,302	75,192 $15,342$	111,894 11,071	268,541 13,923	
Cheese	36,034	31,653		187,335	39,461	
Eggs	6,927	4,527	2,574	19,602	98,271	
Furs, dressed	21,340 $1,635,995$	30,022		10,035	19,506	
Furs, undressed Grease and grease	1,000,990	2,019,296	2,184,275	2,139,228	1,320,887	
scraps	25,610	41,730	80,943	88,250	71,255	
Glue stock	4,474	8,637	27,472	26,719	41,009	
Hair	158,088	157,847	196,400	225,302	276,061	
than fur	4,459,862	4,999,491	7,162,287	9,062,045	7,420,149	
Horns and hoofs	8,078	17,100	25,553	14,252	14,243	
Honey	680	569	592	1,554	762	
Lard Milk and cream, con-	24	34	369	6,546	83,523	
densed	11,474	3,983	5,107	301,177	945,189	
Milk and cream, fresh.	1,719,919	793,570	752,535	1,337,300	1,904,211	
Oil, Neat's foot and other.	20		5,638	3,090	67,536	
			0,000	0,000	01,000	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.							
Principal articles by		QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
II. Animals and their produce—con.							
Other animal products— con. Sausage casings	52,401 6,306 416,166 -	40,007 156,449 442,653	43,075 721,960 278,342 -	664,993 2,382,803 - -	946,410 5,657 123 -		
III. Fisheries produce. Codfish, including haddock, ling and pollock,							
fresh	585,651 95,274	1,268,245 97,214		2,052,064 198,833	3,402,657 244,334		
Codfish, wet salted and pickled cwt. Codfish tongues and	15,688	11,578	11,152	16,828	82,681		
soundsbbl. Total codfish	1,458	1,681	2,073	197,1051	137,7231		
Halibut, fresh lb. Halibut, pickled bbl.	2,594,850	2,326,142	2,901,727	4,278,312	7,071,875 163		
Total halibut Herring, fresh or frozen lb. Herring, pickled bbl. Herring, canned lb. Herring, smoked "	10,408,084 29,962 99,696 705,574	33,437,708 35,099 131,348 1,047,053	27,169,886 42,096 34,383 1,407,576	10,283,574 57,960 32,450 2,339,120	29,735,473 45,508 405 3,811,052		
Total herringbbl. Lobsters, freshbbl. Lobsters, cannedlb. Total lobsters	35,681 2,985,687	44,181 2,776,897	39,178 2,415,505		$5,500,586^{1}$ $2,268,838$		
Mackerel, freshlb. Mackerel, pickledbbl. Total mackerel	1,420,882 5,847	1,031,143 6,232 -	3,118,541 9,210 -	4,023,944 22,728	3,229,558 19,691 -		
Oysters	1,267,050 148 148,712	1,485,409 293 123,902	1,762,523 1,781 11,221	3,148,401 5,954 1,181,205	4,688,580 1,852 274,745		
Salmon, dog " Salmon, pickled bbl. Total salmon	4,920	46,711 4,075	510,918 1,343	238,702 4,149	5,528,710 8,126		
Salmon or lake trout lb. Sea fish, other, fresh " Sea fish, other, pickledbbl.	558,213 7,554,147 11,164	243,383 7,894,854 4,353	3,124	711,000 1,953,457 10,173	1,360,875 $1,615,684$ $2,336$ $1,566,140$		
Sea fish, other, pres. lb. Total sea fish, other Smeltslb.	973,521	1,292,348	1,522,022	2,356,346 6,028,034	7,073,036		

¹ Lb.

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Product and the product of the produ								
Principal articles by			VALUES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.			
II. Animals and their produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Other animal products—								
Sausage casings	34,186	87,662 25,415	153,427 43,812	181,488 134,410	294,450 265,332			
Sheep pelts Tallow	480	10,978	44,192	43,891	59,794			
Wool	98,414	96,822	70,168	552,610	1,359,003			
All other	212,576	70,578	72,146		87,270			
Total other animal pro-	0 504 005	0 504 455	11 005 051	14 040 705	14 749 004			
ducts	8,594,925	8,594,477	11,035,051	14,649,725	14,743,824			
III. Fisheries produce-	100				realise wi			
totals	4,980,741	5,378,664	5,747,688	6,852,009	8,521,901			
Codfish, including had-								
dock, ling and pollock,	16 167	47 105	14 410	66 140	110,984			
fresh Codfish, dry salted	16,167 510,975	47,125 $602,252$	14,419 784,653		1,357,079			
Codfish, wet salted and	010,010	002,202	101,000	1,101,011	1,001,010			
pickled	60,792	49,308	41,955	66,252	314,200			
Codfish, tongues and	07.070		70 000	0.4 ===0	00 808			
sounds	37,352	32,651	53,283		30,725			
Total codfish	625,286 138,891	731,336 129,645	894,310 147,297	1,298,520 $262,939$	1,812,988 437,148			
Halibut	-	3	-	4	2,296			
Total halibut	138,891	129,648	147,297	262,943	439,444			
Herring, fresh or frozen	141,798	300,617	201,406		492,896			
Herring, pickled	59,360	70,980	89,041	144,964	167,131			
Herring, canned	4,915 $22,801$	1,553 $27,524$	1,728 36,928	1,815 54,337	129,079			
Herring, smoked Total herring	228,874	400,674	329,103	342,262	789,123			
Lobsters, fresh	521,559	566,946		707.486	849,368			
Lobsters, canned	770,109	895,961	852,993	808,296	892,442			
Total lobsters	1,291,668	1,462,907	1,478,874	1,515,782	1,741,810			
Mackerel, fresh	89,730	68,175	175,488 123,204	$\begin{array}{c c} 216,307 \\ 272,665 \end{array}$	156,487 219,967			
Mackerel, pickled Total mackerel	84,137 173,867	99,372 167,547	298,692		376,454			
Oysters	1,827	5,213		3,516	6,511			
Salmon, fresh	129,234	139,313	171,581	219,994	292,559			
Salmon, smoked	. 15	- 33			271			
Salmon, canned	21,008	18,597	1,964		17,216			
Salmon, dog	70,032	1,649 89,566		3,805 90,376	44,638 163,196			
Total salmon	220,289	249,158	208,557	430,150				
Salmon or lake trout	29,724	14,678	14,614	38,982	76,947			
Sea fish, other, fresh	400,143	453.828	486,257	95,819	81,579			
Sea fish, other, pickled.	26,588	26,301	17,597	62,443				
Sea fish, other, preserved	45,499	40,301	73,979 577,833		92,145 194,380			
Total sea fish, other Smelts	472,230	520,430	011,000	332,792	427,873			
				002,002	121,510			

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by		C	QUANTITIES.		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
III. Fisheries produce					
—con. Fish, bait and clams bbl. Fish, all other, fresh	41,745	54,201	67,347	85,849	28,894
Fish, all other, pickled bbl.	1,618	2,443	1,239	561	4,396
Fish oil, cod gal. Fish oil, seal "	80,638 1,708	100,297 1,282	102,926	335,177 858	581,928 6,566
Fish oil, whale " Fish oil, other "	616,656 78,383	585,029 37,809	1,017,846 80,435	234,880 29,095	172,870 14,741
Total fish oil "	777,385	724,417	1,201,207	600,010	776,105
Furs or skins the produce of fish or marine ani-					
Other articles of the		to be		-	TELEVILLE
fisheries	,	-		1 Y 1 -	
IV. Forest produce.					42.15
Ashes, pot and pearl bbl. Ashes, other	17	44	44	15	1
Total ashes	10.040	7,000	- P000	4 000	
Bark for tanning cord Firewood	12,949 19,304	7,909 17,593	5,802 16,434	4,833 16,308	5,675 23,133
Knees and futtocks. No. Lathwood cord	4,772	7,845 324	14,139 895	30,526 72	11,344 12
Logs—					12
Elm	1,201	526 1,959	404 918	_	STATE OF
Oak" Pine"	4,726	7,955	1,555	-	Think
Spruce	13,760	8,644	4,027	-	
All other " Total logs "	102,397 122,862	65,174 84,275	89,687 96,591	_	_
Lumber—		-		510	000
BasswoodM. ft. Battens	3,514	1,252	581	510	926
Deals, pinest. hund. Deals, spruce and	1,932	816	1,956	1,061	873
other"	5,291	11,494	18,115	11,876	10,988
Deal ends" Laths	245 667,603	638,545	1,080 680,372	536 597,420	301 629,357
Palings "	-	4,586	-	2,854	_
Pickets	27,176 847,948	28,220 776,991	31,482 926,538	802,685	831,319
Scantling	41,532 711,624	47,953 577,167	76,875 542,311	56,628 662,512	50,029 1,333,165
Shooks, box and other.	-	-	-	-	-,000,200
Staves and headings All other lumber, n.e.s.		7	-		THE STATE
Total lumber Match blocks		-	-	-	
Masts and spars No.	148	360	91	57	63
Piling	-	-	-	-	-

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
III. Fisheries produce —con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Fish, bait and clams Fish, all other, fresh Fish, all other, pickled	115,693 1,343,296 17,448	$102,475 \\ 1,284,826 \\ 22,152$	94,451 1,318,868 13,287	$140,452 \\ 1,476,666 \\ 6,436$	65,316 1,735,943 18,770	
Fish oil, cod	27,273 717 236,195	43,738 545 213,740	33,290 288,792	$ \begin{array}{r} 100,457 \\ 269 \\ 95,725 \end{array} $	185,478 2,114 70,717	
Fish oil, other	26,122 290,307	17,139 275,162	27,724 349,806	8,029 204,480	4,342 262,651	
Furs or skins the produce of fish or marine animals Other articles of the fish-	6,521	4,850		3,174	actific and	
eries	24,820	7,608	5,968	41,110	50,769	
IV. Forest produce—totals. Ashes, pot and pearl	28,785,427 604	25,483,532 1,398	29,951,880 1,976	553	47	
Ashes, other Total ashes	61,120 $61,724$	42,767 44,165	36,703 38,679	29,644 30,197	34,359 34,406	
Bark for tanning Firewood	78,138 45,965	46,708 57,936	29,842 48,523	25,577 49,272	42,370 80,257	
Knees and futtocks Lathwood	3,068 1,600	6,631 1,134	20,597	33,404	15,844	
Logs— Elm	13,106	6,999	5,125	2,510	5,626	
Hemlock	6,946	401	7,404	811	238	
PineSpruce	26,610 152,327	69,287 72,708	24,101 45,260	62,743 95,483	100,715 490,738	
All other Total logs	962,834 1,161,823	571,422 738,156	868,740 950,630	537,683 710,506	571,238 1,232,377	
Lumber— Basswood	75,844	33,361	12,074	9,345	24,514	
Battens	100	3,713	_	-	-	
Deals, pine Deals, spruce and other	115,529 247,708	46,248 491,544	743,561	61,616 513,883	55,951 507,388	
Deal ends	6,888 1,627,818	19,567 1,654,822	30,141 1,743,248	30,408 1,669,547	11,041 1,785,507	
Palings	148,290	12,016 154,680	171,782	20,003 177,361	83,100	
Planks and boards Scantling	15,948,790 571,723	13,634,083 641,156	16,247,450 1,079,107	15,249,032 847,290	15,978,499 802,338	
ShinglesShooks, box and other.	1,648,448 8,323	1,451,878 12,388	1,374,569 19,768	1,738,879 22,908	2,945,159 21,550	
Staves and headings All other lumber, n.e.s.	46,250 195,303	35,483 90,235	20,128	36,511 71,573	45,688	
Total lumber	20,640,914	18,281,174	21,596,657	20,448,356	22,279,891	
Match blocks	6,095 456		462	455	535	
Piling	170,734	202,374	127,062	175,509	170,111	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
IV. Forest produce—con. Poles, hop, hoop, telegraph and other. Posts, cedar, tamarac and other. Shingle bolts, pine or cedar cord. Sleepers and railroad ties. No. Stave bolts. cord. Timber, square— Ash. ton. Birch "Elm. " Elm. " Oak. " Pine, white. " All other. " Total timber, sq. " Wood, blocks and other, for pulp cord.	- 10,894 1,049,272 - 98 - 306 34 225 663 936,791	9,799 801,832 60 - 111 4 46 - 568 729 879,775	7,853 562,175 - 130 162 67 8 433 800 1,003,594	13,582	7,744	
Other articles of the forest V. Manufactures. Agricultural implements, viz.:— Drills	53 -12 527 23 65 1 1 1 	- 12 1 67 358 39 101 4 1 1 13 - - - 200 12,921,840 251 - - -	- 2 - 47 211 67 30 70 - 79 	13 3 360 - 195 - - 332 3,641,850 1,032	39 3 2 59 532 584 197 10 285 210 - - - 370 9,440,818 1,431 - - -	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

		¥7				
Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
IV. Forest produce—con. Poles, hop, hoop, tele-		- 1.70				
graph and other	78,055	74,190	65,148	120,750	160,611	
Posts, cedar, tamarac and	24 000	20,000	99 997			
other	34,228	30,229	23,887		The Land	
Shingle bolts, pine or cedar	37,002	31,875	27,769	47,132	24,705	
Sleepers and railroad ties.	356,701	232,167	195,901	247,996	148,812	
Stave bolts	-	679	-	-	-	
Timber, square—					The state of	
Birch	2,141	1,928	2,363	780	732	
Elm	6,463	90 749	1,571	572 644	603	
Oak Pine, white	560	749	1,285 125	624	1,673	
All other	2,772	7,952	5,853	9,304	2,938	
Total timber, sq Wood, blocks and other	11,936	10,719	11,197	11,924	5,946	
for pulp	6,092,715	5,697,901	6,806,445	7,388,770	6,817,311	
Other articles of the forest	4,273	23,350	3,979	7,701	13,388	
V. Manufactures— totals	16,524,005	16,312,751	21,321,458	30,391,764	42,164,753	
Agricultural implements, viz.:—						
Drills	-		-	760	2,704	
Mowing machines	1,805	307	80	140	195	
Reapers	800	$\frac{48}{6,777}$	1,831	380	7,312	
Ploughs	90,794	25,726	11,437	9,062	15,987	
Harrows	329	609	750	5,585	18,993	
Hay rakes	1,311	3,554 140	1,110 7,040	1,140	9,867 659	
Threshing machines	500	600	-	-	321,611	
Cultivators	= A 070	418	2,001	4,643	6,023	
All other	54,878 6,768	11,801 19,147	13,344 16,494	$32,050 \\ 39,289$	78,232 51,891	
Total	157,235	69,127	54,087	93,049	513,585	
Asbestos, mfs. of	-	-	-	14,754	13,254	
Books, pamphlets, maps etc	162,942	166,296	191,413	232,061	237,915	
Biscuits and bread	561	1.317	684	1,989	2,805	
Bricks	692,072	858,232	831,510	364,204	872,592	
Bricks Brooms and whisks	1,968	1,830 · 75	8,762 334	8,172 211	11,542	
Buttons	352	368	513	746	339	
Cartridges, gun, rifle, etc.	7,975	3,753	1,708	4,094	97,718	
Charcoal	3,045 708	3,889 1,791	4,970 1,306	3,073 1,061	1,991 445	
Clay, manufactures of	1,352	1,889	3,764	24,874	17,319	
		NEW TRANSPORT				

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by		6	QUANTITIES.		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.					
Clothing and wearing ap					
coketon.	59,905	15,067	61,990	73,285	52,874
Cordage, rope and twine Cotton fabrics yd.	52,781	50,948	10,553	118,192	14,442
Cottons, other	-		-	-	-
Cotton waste lb. Drugs, chemicals and	1,523,016	667,429	876,273	482,251	1,369,448
medicines, n.e.s	-	-	_	_	-
Electrical apparatus	-	-		-	
Electrotypes Extract of hemlock	****				THE PERSON
barkbbl. Explosives and ful-		-		11	8
minates, n.e.s lb.	331,914	119,616	101,985	-	- 5-11-
Fertilizers	-	_	_	_	
Glass and glassware, n.e.s.	-	-	-	-	-
Grindstones, manufc'd Guns, rifles, etc				_	
Gypsum or plaster, ground	- N	-	-	-	-
Hats and caps Household effects, n.e.s		-			
Ice		-	-	-	-
India rubber, mfs. of India rubber, waste. lb.	-		-	4,931,964	4,221,476
Iron and steel and mfs. of-	15/64	Suntra		1,001,001	1,221,110
Buoys, gas and parts of.		-	-		-
Castings, n.e.s Ferro silicon and ferro					
compounds ton.	-	-	-	-	6,631
Hardware and tools Machinery, n.e.s	_			_	
Pig iron ton.	8,319	5,332	6,399	8,562	8,664
Scrap iron or steel cwt. Sewing machines No.	139,038 695	79,276 975	478,692 508	802,499 488	831,208 2,522
Stoves	197	122	119	127	3,151
Typewriters " Wire and wire	. 127	170	127	186	156
rails cwt.	1 × 1 -	-	-	-	4,880
All other, n.e.s	-	7/-			
Jewellery, all kinds Jewellers' sweepings	-	7			_
Junkcwt.	255,589	268,346	321,066	89,7141	77,2581
Lamps and lanterns		A 15	Walter !	STATE OF THE STATE OF	
Boots and shoes	-	-	-		-
Harness and saddlery Leather, n.e.s lb.	50,242	112,525	119,364	1,061,503	2,535,302
. INot including motal					

¹Not including metallic and rubber.

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Clothing and wearing apparel	73,784 255,791 8,006 8,196 13,973 42,033	88,938 65,518 15,412 8,467 38,694 25,584	140,677 269,133 7,112 2,032 12,179 25,849	150,952 332,620 9,807 7,870 8,329 21,356	120,752 240,818 16,530 3,972 69,799 60,132
medicines, n.e.s Dye stuffs Electrical apparatus Electrotypes	1,002,071 638 34,767 3,286	648,822 1,887 29,220 10,446	542,179 10,791 40,178 3,077	619,066 2,629 66,849 4,344	21,609 49,417
Extract of hemlock bark.	_		-	309	248
Explosives and fulminates Fertilizers	210,193 379,721 14,582 6,250 22,514 5,676 4,727 1,751 1,748,494 6,665 40,774 - 21,420	56,385 797,190 9,412 8,938 26,821 8,468 3,400 2,849 1,702,272 6,686 31,556 - 6,583 20,127	303 33,446	96,492 2,436,765 23,992 13,586 54,103 11,550 12,763 3,353 2,480,156 15,497 52,295 406,718 236 39,664	158,293 1,996,591 8,537 15,332 45,515 32,321 24,039 1,947 3,211,798 7,240 106,830 276,128 1,700 17,356
Hardware and tools Machinery, n.e.s. Pig iron Scrap iron or steel Sewing machines Stoves. Typewriters	38,878 206,013 279,935 113,298 17,977 2,333 6,009	31,371 187,032 250,605 46,500 18,467 1,714 7,092	45,853 267,382 313,761 232,773 14,649 1,975 5,600	83,024 200,542 326,982 423,001 13,953 3,884 10,794	139,267 193,299 104,444 522,548 24,351 8,656 8,443
Wire and wire nails All other, n.e.s. Total. Jewellers' sweepings. Jewellery, all kinds. Junk. Lamps and lanterns. Leather— Boots and shoes. Harness and saddlery. Leather, n.e.s.		14,655 7,462	1,616 15,611 5,819	60,378 16,966	

¹Not including metallic and rubber.

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
. Manufactures—con.						
Leather—con.						
Solelb.	65,277	26,006	197,537	2,884,422	5,932,83	
Upper " Other manufactures of.	16,053	51,255	2,780	209,426	1,195,3	
Total leatherLime	_	_	_	_		
Liquors—		1.000	2.010	0.001	4.0	
Ale and beer gal. Gin	1,581 144	1,362	2,313 23	9,631 $2,550$	4,9	
Whiskey "	243,651	244,725	266,690	273,153	234,5	
Wood alcohol "	8,235 625	2,047 550	808 238	5,512	1,0 221,8	
Other spirits, n.e.s. " Total liquors"	627 254,853	2,545 $251,308$	3,613 $273,685$	438 291,284	463,3	
Metals—	201,000	201,000	210,000	201,201	200,0	
Aluminum in bars, blocks, etccwt.	31,841	72,656	78,634	55,974	73,3	
Aluminum, mfs. of	-	-	-	-		
Brass, old and scrapcwt.	_	_	-	33,566	22,3	
Copper, old and				22,141	16,9	
Metallic shingles and	5-117-			22,111	10,0	
laths and corrugated roofing						
Metals, n.o.p	-			7 7 -		
Musical instruments— Organs No.	65	109	28	34		
Pianos " Other instruments	167	150	148	114	1	
Total		- N_	-	_	07.0	
Oil cake cwt. Oil, n.e.s gal.	4,505 $2,291,528$	2,046 1,181,034	7,630 1,445,977	42,792 1,324,016		
Paper, viz.:—				3,850	24,9	
Paper, wall roll Paper, felt "	8,719 7,976	53,163 15,316	8,595	8,688	25,4	
Paper, wrapping. lb. Paper, printing "	35,606		2,864,733	17,202,643 506,124,800	9,200,5 628,953,0	
Paper, n.e.s		18-	-	-		
Total Paints and varnishes						
Paintings, all kinds	-	+	-			
Plumbago, manfs. of Photographs			-	-	00 110	
Rags lb. Ships sold to other	31,760,863	37,665,697	41,899,400	49,749,000	60,418,	
countries ton.	35		40	374	13,2 5,8	
Soaplb. Starch	8,592 27	29,014	16,413 400		5,6	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.						
Leather—con.	\$	-\$	\$	\$	\$	
Sole Upper Other mfs. of Total leather Lime Liquors—	17,137 4,895 5,042 67,682 39,442	6,661 8,603 3,880 63,501 39,183	53,307 3,046 4,302 103,132 21,438	817,116 71,843 36,169 1,268,683 24,502	851,625 40,445	
Ale and beer	666 261 775,037 7,000 402 1,600 784,966	868 181 759,089 4,843 115 24,996 790,092	1,039 50 833,636 2,933 110 4,693 842,461	. 787	1,707 61 709,036 1,995 58,568 1,506 772,873	
Metals— Aluminum in bars, blocks, etc Aluminum, mfs. of Brass, old and scrap	476,703 931	933,726 1,847	844,663 14,365	821,448 6,167 303,439		
Copper, old and scrap Metallic shingles and laths and corrugated	-	-		283,127	189,793	
roofing	23,870	53,826	45,744	537 169,676	1,489 218,686	
Organs Pianos Other instruments Total Oil cake Oil, n.e.s	$12,496 \\ 38,541 \\ 2,201 \\ 53,238 \\ 7,487 \\ 169,922$	20,951 33,846 2,673 57,470 3,237 75,522	12,405 34,895 3,411 50,711 12,781 144,576	16,393 28,280 8,703 53,376 54,140 171,292	1,810 37,329 19,209 58,348 36,334 117,741	
Paper, viz.:— Paper, wall. Paper, felt. Paper, wrapping. Paper, printing. Paper, n.s.	1,966 2,171 1,167 1,961,358 74,202	5,083 5,233 - 1,982,830 59,575	6,615 3,240 96,922 4,242,298 18,006	622 13,221 578,595 9,818,539 149,087	2,486 15,113 279,111 12,126,982 429,793	
Total Paints and varnishes Paintings, all kinds Plumbago, mfs. of Photographs. Rags	2,040,864 3,656 - 67,233 4,610 276,790	2,052,721 6,226 24,488 23,367 4,794 314,622	4,367,081 12,228 133,992 40,984 9,097 410,403	10,560,064 14,960 58,488 32,088 7,026	12,853,485 20,705 50,858 51,960	
Ships sold to other countries. Soap. Starch. Stationery.	8,585 658 1 9,673	671 10,609	4,350 1,437 21 12,594	21,050 646 56 13,476	391,500	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.						
Stone, granite, marble,						
etc., dressed	24	9,630	450	1,477	9,270	
Sugar-house syrup gal.	41,837	127,020	183,449	153,520	58,190	
Tar Tin, manufactures of		_		_		
Tobacco—	11 12 13 15					
Cigars	43	47 92	45 22	46	2 7	
Stems and cuttings lb.	359,300	228,904	434,963	383,201	69,018	
All other " Total tobacco	5,223	7,098	34,754	5,753	7,344	
Towcwt.	2,785	1,944	730	1,275	1,356	
Vehicles—				0.1	FO	
Automobiles, parts of.	61	89	122	81	76	
Carriages No.	108	56	92	73	26	
Carriages, parts of No.	15	102	32	26	7	
Wagons	176	125	94	159	78	
Bicycles " Bicycles, parts of	58	67	64	70	91	
Other vehicles	-		-	-	-	
Vinegar gal.		20		-		
Wood— Barrels, empty No.	9,246	25,526	16,665	7,713	7,724	
Household furniture	- 0,210	-	-	-	-	
Doors, sashes and blinds Matches and match	-	-	1 × 1 = 1		-	
splints	-		-	-	-	
Mouldings, trimmings				alter Sp		
and other household furnishings	-	-			-	
Pails, tubs, churns and other hollow wooden-	Out-					
ware	-	2 12	-	-	_	
Spool wood and spools.	5,390,349	4,562,624	4,369,330	4,289,488	6,144,927	
Wood pulp cwt. Other manufactures of.	- 0,000,040		1,000,000	-	-	
Total wood and mfs.		3 3 3	Made a			
of Woollens	V -	-	-	-		
Other articles of manu-						
factures		A SECTION		THE REST	The state of	
VI. Mineral produce. Arsenic	2,813,627	4,060,403	3,492,209	2,948,700	3,265,500	
Asbestos ton.	56,036			78,650	51,447	
Asbestos sand "	5 1 5		-	26,772	18,729	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years, 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Stone, granite, marble, etc., dressed	1,370 2 5,468 15,912 10,508	557 419 9,474 32,589 34,563	19,171	5,454 106 10,779 28,515 46,374	453 5,193 36,063
Cigars. Cigarettes. Stems and cuttings. All other. Total tobacco. Tow.	845 23 10,431 3,238 14,537 11,392		187 14,873 8,209 25,217	4,450 19,878	6,120 3,602 9,823
Vehicles— Automobiles. Automobiles, parts of Carriages. Carriages, parts of Carts. Wagons. Bicycles. Bicycles, parts of Other vehicles.	99,868 - 6,973 10,149 509 9,614 2,034 205 283,621	196,984 54,971 2,860 3,015 3,989 6,539 3,232 4,710 226,320	190,070 13,564 5,343 1,458 1,029 5,142 6,484 171 47,916	138,978 36,341 7,784 1,466 780 8,649 4,805 1,382 27,188	35,558 1,721 1,223 275 3,144 7,987 407
Wood— Barrels, empty Household furniture Doors, sashes and blinds Matches and match	7,284 22,952 2,694	26,276	19,008 26,111 1,096	69,319	8,848 85,789 497
splints Mouldings, trimmings, and other household furnishings Pails, tubs, churns and	297 7	83 9	1,587	1,057	3,068
other hollow wooden- ware	926 450 5,094,589 78,952	102 321 4,419,944 91,086	725 255 4,576,279 . 81,094	808 904 4,913,634 83,331	514 10,707 7,443,814 97,366
of. Woollens Other articles of manufactures	5,208,151 24,704		4,706,155 23,401	5,080,013 27,800	The state of the s
VI. Mineral produce—totals Arsenic Asbestos Asbestos sand	361,594 33,129,505 69,181 1,548,456	33,259, 580 76,573	478,524 42,541,751 108,305 1,965,246	441,362 39,491,127 117,497 2,087,750 145,289	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by			QUANTITIES		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
VI. Mineral produce—con. Coalton.	1,866,742	991,558	1,630,468	1,166,908	1,189,234
Chromite (chromic iron)	15 15,964	16,639	13,376	18,898	79 13,627
Gold-bearingquartz, dust, nuggets, etc. Gypsum or plaster	-	-	-	-	-
crude ton. Metals— Copper, fine, con-	359,271	355,962	379,393	395,952	322,680
tained in ore, matte, regulus, etc	49.258.368	51.188.770	75.561.692	76,443,805	51,614,537
Copper, black or coarse, cement copper and cop-	,_30,200	2,233,770		1, 13,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
per in pigs " Lead,metallic,con-	79,656	-	2,681,201	-	9,861,780
tained in ore, etc. " Lead, pig" Nickel, fine, con-	36,800	113,940 71,961		274,760 -	723,100 12,203
tained in ore, matte or speiss " Platinum, contain-	29,819,292	28,074,244	43,341,307	43,989,648	34,394,086
ed in concentrates or other formsoz.	84	44	89	153	46
Silver, metallic, contained in ore, concentrates, etc. "	22,054,239	21,901,141		9,729,445	8,106,728
Mica	617,597	629,070			
iion oxides, ochres etcgal.	795,023 11,178	2,380,750 15,978	1,964,890 2,867	1,204,200 84	1,198,100 181
Oil,mineral, coal and kerosene, refined " Oil,mineral, coal and	245		157	18,876	-
kerosene, crude " Ores— Antimony ton.		1	18,500	3,650	17,120
Corundum	92,880	798 37,657 12	1,393 113,037	673 95,150	717 130,496 90
Other" Total ores"	8,580 101,462	7,167 45,635	15,580 130,018	10,991 106,814 187	12,549 143,857 60
Plumbago, crude oie and concentrates cwt.	3,299	25,798	33,800	28,496	9,388
Pyrites ton. Salt lb. Sand and gravel ton.	35,710 225,920 582,042	27,865 126,000 585,350	3,427 191,700 646,285	46,293 147,300 685,143	408,000

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

produce in the first sear years 1311-1310 con.							
Principal articles by		VALUES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
VI. Mineral produce—con. Coal	\$ 4,427,606	\$ 2,653,214	\$ 4,130,435	\$ 2,653,206	\$ 3,360,887		
Chromite (chromic iron) Feldspar Gold-bearing quartz,	150 50,572	58,160	45,737	75,988	878 56,492		
dust, nuggets, etc	5,342,550	7,132,546	11,169,239	13,322,654	15,294,355		
Gypsum or plaster, crude	427,903	420,529	439,488	480,779	378,648		
Metals— Copper, fine, contained in ore, matte, regulus, etc Copper, black or coarse,	5,133,003	5,249,246	9,148,048	8,977,486	5,319,457		
cement copper and copper in pigs Lead, metallic, contain-	7,955	-	356,043	-	1,371,889		
ed in ore, etc Lead, pig	1,308	3,151 2,806		7,562 -	12,534 483		
Nickel, fine, contained in ore, matte or speiss.	3,092,197	2,975,688	4,327,056	4,398,920	3,439,539		
Platinum, contained in concentrates or other forms Silver, metallic, contained in ore, concentrates, etc	2,311 11,317,731 246,103	11,316,409	3,519 8,828,897 282,062	7,784 5,406,172 156,097	2,171 4,274,734 184,082		
Mineral pigments, iron oxides, ochres, etc Mineral water Oil, mineral, coal, and	17,286 3,859		12,781 2,093	8,351 21	10,422 42		
kerosene, refined	52	_	24	2,725	-		
Oil, mineral, coal and kerosene, crude	-	_	3,964	379	1,177		
Ores— Antimony. Corundum. Iron. Manganese. Other. Total ores. Phosphates.	263,025 51 501,504 764,580	133 81,744 133,361 461 338,394 554,093	150,463 339,841 303 428,090 918,697	77,707 326,983 - 292,113 696,803 497	1,484 60,023 345,119 1,950 400,421 808,997 180		
Plumbago, crude ore and concentrates	14,827 118,962 1,100 401,183		7,007 1,150	73,569 212,220 1,084 485,578	21,490 393,085 1,847 808,012		

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—concluded.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
VI. Mineral produce—con. Stone, ornamental, gran- ite, marble, etc., un-	w					
wroughtton. Stone, building, free-	319	132	2,524	160	95	
stone, limestone, etc. " Stone, crushed " Stone for manufacture	61,715	85,480	114,685	192,327	62,600 28,995	
of grindstones, rough " Total stone" Other articles of the mine	62,034	85,627 -	117,209	192,487	91,744 -	
VII. Miscellaneous produce				5.512		
Contractors' outfits Coffee lb. Dried fruits, n.e.s . " Rice " Rice meal " Other miscellaneous articles	7,957 2,007 688,240 890,000	81,096 5,539 40,000 140,188	84,540 - 120,000	53,478 1,880 100 1,667,400	90,401 3,154 1,915,108 4,310,910	
Gold and silver	2	-	_	-	-	

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.

I. Agricultural produce.	No.				
Balsam			- 1	STEP STEP	_
Cidergal.	184,792	206,792	187,219	151,073	88,736
Flaxcwt.	11,839			6,065	
Fruits—	11,000	0,000	2,000	0,000	0,
Apples, dried lb.	2,844,267	3,149,620	3,199,539	6,082,476	4,488,050
Apples, green or	_,,	0,220,020	-,,		
ripe bbl.	523,658	1,664,165	1,324,769	947,382	1,117,336
Berries, all kinds	-	_	-	-	_
Canned or preserved		-	-		
All other		180 KE -	-	T-1	-
Total fruits	-	-	_	-	-
Grain and products of—				SUBMINION IN	
Barleybush.	1,545,253	2,061,667		13,032,369	
Beans "	27,129				
Buckwheat "	463,735	104,658		172,802	343,349
Indian corn "	21,517				
Oats "	5,431,662			34,996,664	
Peas, whole "	314,147		87,694	121,359	
Peas, split "	161,008			21,371	
Rye	73,513				
wneat	45,802,115			120,426,579	
Other grains	1,053	3,712			
Total grains "	53,841,132			168,929,380	96,573,270
Brancwt.	1,872,089	1,595,950	1,662,338	2,077,713	1,038,134
Cereal foods	-	-	_		

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—concluded.

	•						
Principal articles by	VALUES.						
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
VI. Mineral produce—con. Stone, ornamental, gran- ite, marble, etc., un-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
wrought Stone, building, freestone,	2,533	1,590	1,889	5,396	399		
limestone, etc	20,009	24,996	29,110	93,007	45,950 20,080		
Stone for manufacture of grindstones, rough Total stone	22,542	22 26,608	30,999	98,403	294 66,723		
Other articles of the mine	118,088	187,475	233,221	74,313	93,876		
VII. Miscellaneous produce totals	246,896	56,560	80,349	98,033	453,173		
Contractors' outfits	1,337	14,106	11,247	8,342	167,191 17,041		
Dried fruits, n.e.s	45 11,486	433 960	-	216	76,154		
Rice meal Other miscellaneous ar-	13,342	1,904	2,670	38,059	109,242		
ticles	220,686	39,157	66,432	51,413	83,464		
Gold and silver	-	-	-	1,015	582		

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.

I Agricultural araduca	\$	\$	s	•	\$
I. Agricultural produce—				108 220 020	
Delcam totals.	14 170	6 007	130,143,001	198,220,029	134,740,030
Balsam	14,170	0,997	1,011	22,617 19,737	25,904
Cider	27,707	30,308	22,200	19,737	10,710
Flax	125,202	72,191	24,176	46,369	34,230
Fruits—	104 505	040.00	010 001	444 500	070 000
Apples, dried	184,707	248,035	213,831	411,789	276,060
	1 570 004	F 104 10F	4 0 47 000	0 405 455	0.055.415
Apples, green or ripe	1,756,884	5,104,107			
Berries, all kinds	82,921	106,486			
Canned or preserved	220,157				
All other	136,177				80,804
Total fruits	2,380,846	5,875,511	4,679,183	4,584,065	3,597,021
Grain and products of—					
Barley	831,195	1,324,300	3,851,660	6,513,557	3,262,025
Beans	47,828	22,110	9,826	28,850	73,508
Buckwheat	238,923	62,306	118,575	120,353	272,516
Indian corn	13,872	4,869	15,075	23,542	256,090
Oats	2,144,846	3,819,642	5,067,950	13,379,849	8,961,126
Peas, whole	490,595				
Peas, split	200,898			22,971	
Rye	46,416				
Wheat	45,521,134			117,719,217	74,293,548
Other grains	601	2,550		4,760	
Total grains				138,129,261	
Bran	1,850,219				
Cereal foods	1,830,146	2,309,989			
	, , , , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years, 1911-1915—con.

			•		
Principal articles by			QUANTITIES		
/ Classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
I. Agricultural produce —con.					
Flour of wheat bbl. Indian meal " Oatmeal " Meal, all other " Malt bush. Total, flour, meal and malt ton. Hay ton. Hemp cwt. Hops lb.	3,049,046 1,475 126,240 3,331 11,995 - 326,132 1 156,679	3,738,836 1,584 209,679 6,142 17,383 - 784,864 758 17,962	2,239 188,987 5,153 23,006 - 394,208 - 223,625	3,939 111,527 2,042 4,337 - 192,515 200 252,692	2,560 60,320 432 4,481 - 131,875 - 170,226
Maple sugar. " Maple syrup. gal. Seeds— Clover. bush. Flaxseed. " Grass. " All other. Total seeds. "	1,376,191 3,612 211,118 2,696,119 78,586	1,336,698 4,831 93,976 1,504,528 111,247	117,621	110,873	6,165 44,735 7,689,525 73,806
Strawton. Tobacco leaflb. Trees, shrubs and plants. Vegetables—	45,512 133,621 -	8,629 58,809 -	5,574 90,382	5,118 196,524	
Canned or preserved Potatoesbush. Turnips" All other Total vegetables All other agricultural products	994,348 1,447,994 - -	744,726 1,467,877 - -	1,019,716 1,353,810 - -	1,980,844 1,707,062 - -	
II. Animals and their produce.					
Animals, living— Cattle, one year old or less No. Cattle, over 1 yr. old"	670 124,253	232 61,285	5,409 38,887	20,782 198,147	34,082 151,821
Horses, 1 yr. old or less	13 2,768 3,335	18 1,798 1,358	11 2,145 654	82 3,486 28,207	16 10,398 243,311
Sheep, 1 yr. old or less	9,672 36,925 - -	5,950 15,468 - -	· 5,356 8,404 - -	13,324 7,219 - -	35,293 7,539 - -

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by			Values.		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
I. Agricultural produce —con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Flour of wheat. Indian meal. Oatmeal. Meal, all other. Malt. Total flour, meal and malt. Hay.	13,854,790 4,517 518,032 9,659 10,888 14,397,886 2,723,291	4,740 897,739 20,327 18,915	7,767 837,079 17,836 15,723 20,849,094 3,950,058	14,639 488,589 7,534 4,256 21,096,097	9,549 287,844 1,616 4,141 24,914,096
Hemp	19,740 117,202 3,366 1,656,815	2,129 $110,400$	42,407 104,324 4,151	57,890 159,619 5,284 1,094,330	131,477
Clover. Flaxseed. Grass. All other. Total seeds. Straw. Tobacco leaf. Trees, shrubs and plants.	1,030,313 6,144,622 213,158 44,788 8,059,383 - 19,225 37,401 13,860	2,842,242 205,917 112,231 4,000,023 41,775 25,944 25,140	16,448,899 124,949 44,831 17,357,056 29,170 24,410	24,816,333 106,708 58,631 26,076,002 28,964 66,126	10,359,703 69,118 5,755 10,809,781 29,618 21,644
Vegetables— Canned or preserved Potatoes Turnips All other Total vegetables All other agricultural products	28,797 622,592 208,611 243,193 1,103,193 342,126	27,049 573,810 248,855 165,046 1,014,760 337,027	24,959 749,363 164,565 85,223 1,024,110 442,952	17,655 1,127,541 309,582 123,479 1,578,257 572,008	299,412 696,783 286,461 217,627 1,500,283 435,540
II. Animals and their produce— totals	52,244,174	48,210,654	44,784,593	53,349,119	74,390,743
Animals, living— Cattle, one year old or less	15,494 8,521,979	3,116 4,095,063	53,824 2,183,311	252,078 7,654,716	416,038 8,851,496
Horses, one year old or less	1,550 599,736 49,403	1,075 390,524 10,028	2,360 526,685 5,162	4,067 779,564 446,430	1,272 1,841,095 3,117,005
Sheep, 1 yr. old or less Sheep, over one yr. old. Poultry and other, n.e.s Total animals, living.	48,287 238,550 123,880 9,598,885	27,276 95,203 97,628 4,719,913	30,078 51,175 97,082 2,949,677	70,719 57,774 189,735 9,455,083	211,714 74,898 417,474 14,930,992

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
II. Animals and their produce—con.					
Animal products—					
Meats, viz.—	70 000 00F	FO 0FO 000	00 010 100	20 050 854	= 0.001.410
Baconlb. Beef	56,068,607 974,411	58,979,963 948,771			
Hams"	3,805,918	3,124,595	1,570,979 $2,476,654$	13,133,205 1,890,182	18,828,257 17,958,874
Mutton"	17,865		45,914	65,167	1,064,963
Pork "	417,577	434,480			
Poultry, dressed	The state of the s				
or undressed		3	8	8 7 7	-
Game, dressed or				- 1 TO 11 Y	
undressed lb.	23,435	11,026	6,098	100	192,469
Canned	418;745			638,583	
All other, n.e.s "		11,263,905	3,126,799		
Total meats		-	_	-	-
Other animal products—	WO 000	10.000		0.00	
Bones cwt.	58,682	40,099	44,085	65,183	72,790
Butterlb.	3,142,682	8,844,402 1,021,197		31,228,750 270,483	2,724,913 230,045
Casein	181 895 724	163,450,684	155 216 302	144 478 346	137 601 661
Eggsdoz.	92,164	203,231	147,419	124,002	3,592,899
Furs, dressed		-			
Furs, undressed	-	_	-	-	-
Grease and grease	1 054 100	0.150.044	1 000 100	4 000 050	0 411 000
scraps lb.	1,254,183	2,152,044	4,302,192	4,088,872	2,411,238
Glue stock					
Hides and skins, other					
than fur			-	-	- 12 -
Horns and hoofs		- 100	-	4	- N
Honeylb.	6,284		5,027	16,069	
Lard	179,159	199,044	46,638	125,619	2,689,036
Milk and cream, con- densed"	6,584,828	4,389,350	335,849	9,339,382	18,355,975
Milk and cream,	0,001,020	1,000,000	300,010	0,000,002	10,000,010
fresh gal.	1,881,923	894,037	828,299	1,631,117	2,373,267
Oils, Neat's foot and				D- 1/8 =	
other"	36,684	131,277	194,525	240,358	228,126
Sausage casings	59 401	40 007	12 075		
Sheep pelts No. Tallow lb.	52,401 29,613	40,007 1,617,985	43,075 1,995,433	2,348,750	1,039,872
Wool	1,196,924	747,336			5,659,970
All other	_	-	-	-	-
Total other animal				THE RESERVE	
products	-	-			
III Figharias produce		A STATE OF THE STA		Sentin.	
III. Fisheries produce. Codfish, including had-		211111111111111111111111111111111111111			
dock, ling and pollock,	3.00				
fresh	585,951	1,282,970	309,367	2,052,064	3,403,157
Codfish, dry salted. cwt.		658,624	705,246	746,482	659,903

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years, 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
II. Animals and their produce—con.						
Animal products—	3-1-1-					
Meats, viz.—						
Bacon	8,019,454	7,520,362	5,350,845	3,763,195		
Beef	91,884	86,596	135,111	1,127,908		
Hams	506,978 $2,134$	399,329 $4,178$	322,669 6,742	269,911	2,652,91 124,08	
Pork	46,087	49,301	57,960	10,804 202,391	2,599,84	
Poultry, dressed or	10,000	10,001	01,500	202,001	2,000,05	
undressed	21,044	13,420	20,867	73,972	212,99	
Game, dressed or un-					THE PARTY	
dressed	4,018	3,169	3,139	4,831		
Tongues	1,781	1,315	914	- 04.001	24,70	
Canned	56,152	24,312	26,718	94,961	2,340,08	
All other, n.e.s Total meats	252,027 $9,001,559$	1,210,856 9,312,838		266,879 5,814,852	310,66 22,067,94	
Other animal products—	3,001,003	0,012,000	0,200,550	0,014,002	22,001,0	
Bones	69,731	53,276	64,503	94,586	95,66	
Butter	744,288	2,077,916	223,578	309,046	639,65	
Casein	-	38,302	15,342	11,071	13,9	
Cheese	20,739,507	20,888,818	20,697,144	18,868,785	19,213,50	
Eggs	24,676	56,724		37,150	965,6	
Furs, dressed	24,576 $4,253,168$	43,107 3,798,406	15,306		29,8	
Furs, undressed	4,200,100	3,790,400	5,150,833	5,557,926	2,726,90	
Grease and grease scraps.	92,799	65,656	116,172	116,116	77,9	
Glue stock	4,474	10,421	27,472	26,719	41,3	
Hair	165,728	171,432	205,999	237,100	283,19	
Hides and skins, other	4 000 545	F 004 4F0	H 100 050	0.000.000	- 1010	
than fur	4,607,545	5,064,472		9,090,687	7,434,2	
Horns and hoofs	12,973 816	20,057 592	26,976 598	16,634 1,842	16,1	
Lard	22,414			11,519		
Milk and cream, con-	22,111	20,100	0,011	11,010	000,0	
densed	469,406	305,678	25,554	666,941	1,181,3	
Milk and cream, fresh	1,719,919	793,662	752,535	1,337,325	1,904,2	
Oil, Neat's foot and other	33,929	118,655	222,746	247,143	239,63	
Sausage casings	-	269,558	324,805	366,931	441,58	
Sheep pelts	34,186	25,415	43,812	137,688	265,33	
Tallow	1,996 257,776	109,466	123,424	157,987	64,84	
Wool	257,776	148,418	193,500	648,675	1,359,74	
All other	363,823	94,767	103,395	125,763	90,37	
products	33,643,730	34,177,903	35,570,980	38,079,184	37,391,81	
III.Fisheries produce, totals	15,675,544		C William	OT SILLING		
Codfish, including had-	20,010,022	20,102,010	20,000,121	20,020,000	20,001,00	
dock, ling and pollock,	10 170	47 400	44 800	00.14	111	
fresh	16,176	47,425 4,135,532	14,509	66,149	111,00	

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Quantities.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
III. Fisheries produce—con. Codfish, wet, salted					
and pickled cwt. Codfish tongues and	15,701	12,952	12,701	18,854	101,603
soundsbbl. Total codfish	1,463	1,690	2,078	198,5351	138,7231
Halibut, fresh lb. Halibut, pickled bbl.	2,597,581	2,328,290 14	2,902,899	4,610,345	7,270,514 163
Total halibut Herring, fresh or	-		_	-	105
frozenlb. Herring, pickledbbl.	10,539,295	33,437,708	27,572,036 231,430	10,662,576 342,147	30,725,723 331,056
Herring, canned lb. Herring, smoked "	189,783 99,776 1,696,724	167,154 131,348 2,668,679	34,653 3,258,231	32,640 3,606,225	619,934 4,193,419
Total herring Lobsters, fresh bbl.	35,941	44,181	39,340	-	5,500,5861
Lobsters, canned lb. Total lobsters	9,609,874	9,928,948			
Mackerel, fresh lb. Mackerel, canned "	1,420,982 864	1,031,143	3,118,541	4,047,121	3,229,558
Mackerel, pickled bbl. Total mackerel	9,281	9,443	13,867	29,444	27,776
Oysters	2,406,818	2,053,275	2,637,166	4,432,562	5,569,545
Salmon, smoked " Salmon, canned "	10,531 25,635,892		1,881 23,001,532	45,100 61,097,424	2,160 34,655,108
Salmon, dog " Salmon, pickledbbl.	25,893	54,136 16,612	8,017,075 7,860	3,403,658 48,058	6,312,230 40,692
Total salmon Salmon or lake trout lb.	558,213	243,383	264,771	712,045	1,360,875
Sea fish, other, fresh "Sea fish, other, pick-	7,625,897	7,894,854	8,306,622	1,960,857	1,619,084
ledbbl. Sea fish, other, pre-	41,271	10,485	14,739	21,598	11,867
servedlb. Total sea fish, other	1,908,106	2,519,551	2,602,586	3,088,747	1,726,892
Smelts	41,745	54,201	67,352	6,028,034 85,868	7,073,036 29,382
Fish, all other, fresh Fish, all other, pick- ledbbl.	1,841	7,201	1,297	700	4,441
Fish oil, cod gal. Fish oil, seal	133,123 16,631	130,211 9,907	150,358 30,148	373,517 858	596,137 9,686
Fish oil, whale " Fish oil, other "	1,352,253 88,433	2,422,845 56,436	1,618,327 94,145	662,451 129,778	334,223 50,636
Total fish oil " Furs or skins, the produce	1,590,440	2,619,399	1,892,978	1,166,604	990,682
of fish or marine ani-		-			ele i de
Other articles of the fisheries					little !
¹Lb.		N - I - I - I			

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.					
	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
III. Fisheries produce-con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Codfish, wet salted and pickled	61,276	55,082	47,118	76,350	397,886
Codfish tongues and				34,872	
sounds	37,374 4,389,155	32,687 $4,270,726$	53,350 4,416,621	4,742,102	30,786 4,661,638
Halibut, fresh	139,131	129,761	147,343	282,304	451,912
Halibut, pickled Total halibut	139,131	137 129,898	147,343	282,328	2,296 454,208
Herring, fresh or frozen	142,879	300,617	204,571	143,116	506,536
Herring, pickled	489,174	495,200	610,291	793,401	821,252
Herring, canned Herring, smoked	4,923 45,494	1,553 60,791	1,755 91,846	1,834 89,931	53,338 141,963
Total herring	682,470	858,161	908,463	1.028.282	1,523,089
Lobsters, fresh	529,377	566,946	629,031	707,486	849,368
Lobsters, canned Total lobsters	2,735,917 3,265,294	3,080,578 3,647,524	3,048,798 3,677,829	2,983,987 3,691,473	3,013,782 3,863,150
Mackerel, fresh	89,730	68,175	175,488	216,516	156,487
Mackerel, canned	108 136,838	136,550	177,276	343,692	299,208
Mackerel, pickled Total mackerel	226,676	204,725	352,764	560,208	455,695
Ovsters	2,301	5,854	6,457	4,060	6,915
Salmon, fresh	214,466 704	200,053 158	250,200 216	364,564 7,116	387,543 313
Salmon, canned	3,668,584	3,830,178	3,484,110	6,631,437	4,948,723
Salmon, dog	200 156	1,780 280,290	120,125	42,193 372,019	53,667 306,438
Salmon, pickled Total salmon	208,156 4,091,910	4,312,459	173,326 4,027,977	7,417,329	5,696,684
Salmon or lake trout	29,724	14,678	14,614	39,035	76,947
Sea fish, other, fresh	401,577	453,828	486,284	96,109	81,684
Sea fish, other, pickled	129,878	65,732	70,491	113,642	68,058
Sea fish, other, preserved		62,754		145,144	118,284
Total sea fish, other	603,834	582,314	659,758	354,895	268,026
Smelts Fish bait and clams	115,693	102,475	94,486	332,792 140,567	427,873 67,733
Fish, all other, fresh	1,344,049	1,285,017	1,318,868	1,477,027	1,735,943
Fish, all other, pickled	18,850	48,557	13,962	8,381	19,058
Fish oil, cod	44,557	55,681	51,813	112,790	188,798
Fish oil, seal	5,625 374,402	4,665 988,189		269 293,894	2,426 144,388
Fish oil, other	31,082	27,766	33,061	40,799	12,994
Furs or skins the produce		1,076,301	628,155	447,752	348,606
of fish or marine ani-	244,029	56,850	28,044	45,203	12,574
Other articles of the fish-		00,000		10,200	
eries	66,762	109.139	41,380	52,126	68,947

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by		(QUANTITIES		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
IV. Forest produce.					
Ashes, pot and pearl. bbl. Ashes, other Total ashes	747 - -	754 - -	550 - -	434 - -	453
Bark for tanning cord Firewood" Knees and futtocks No. Lathwoodcord	12,949 19,446 4,772 400	7,909 17,793 7,845 324	5,802 16,700 14,139 895	4,833 16,403 30,526 72	5,675 23,296 11,364 12
Logs— M. ft. Hemlock. "Oak. "Pine. "	1,684 905 - 4,726	942 1,959 17 7,967	861 922 - 1,567	=======================================	=
Spruce. " All other. " Total logs. "	13,760 103,441 124,516	8,644 66,591 86,120	4,066 93,802 101,218	Ξ	=
Lumber— Basswood	4,010	2,051	1,009	687	1,283
Battens Deals, pinestd. hund. Deals, spruce and	24,232	18,148	19,956	20,382	14,399
other	158,535 8,291 700,041 4,308	154,262 7,749 671,092 4,646	134,835 6,086 700,789 80	$\begin{array}{c} 149,638 \\ 7,124 \\ 608,921 \\ 2,909 \end{array}$	138,500 6,582 635,974
Pickets" Planks and boards M. ft. Scantling" Shingles M.	35,053 1,127,723 88,902 735,557	30,859 1,056,440 87,848 598,475	39,722 1,148,940 106,312 564,019	999,079 87,233 689,150	975,420 76,565 1,359,069
Shooks, box and other Staves and headings All other lumber, n.e.s. Total lumber	-	-	-		
Match blocks	- 481 -	727 -	319 -	299 -	168 -
Poles, hop, hoop, telegraph and other Post, cedar, tamarac and other	-	-		-	
Shingle bolts, pine or cedarcord Sleepers and railroad	10,894	9,799	7,853	13,582	7,769
ties	1,051,272	801,837 60	562,175 -	- in -	

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Discipal anticles by	Values.					
Principal articles by classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
IV. Forest produce— totals	\$ 45,439,057	\$ 40,892,674	\$ 43,255,060	\$ 42,792,137	\$ 42,650,683	
Ashes, pot and pearl Ashes, other Total ashes	33,998 61,124 95,122	32,102 42,767 74,869	36,703	19,218 29,644 48,862		
Bark for tanning Firewood Knees and futtocks Lathwood	78,138 46,366 3,068 1,600	46,708 58,633 6,631 1,134	49,419 20,597	49,608 33,404		
Logs— Elm Hemlock Oak	23,983 7,581	12,939 17,339 401	7,539	11,276 811	13,758 63,822 238	
PineSpruceAll otherTotal logs	26,610 152,327 982,750 1,193,251	69,425 72,708 594,680 767,492	24,371 45,874 936,032 1,028,456		100,715 491,209 589,191 1,258,933	
Lumber— BasswoodBattensDeals, pine	. 93,444 39,297 1,564,518	62,888 17,625 1,416,909	-	5,426	38,C53 4,379 1,148,738	
Deals, spruce and other Deal ends Laths Palings	6,939,010 344,211 1,706,035 73,232	6,013,051 314,095 1,732,294 12,620	5,513,543 228,399 1,789,969 805	294,195 1,699,221 20,657	6,393,420 269,849 1,798,219	
Pickets	191,993 21,509,769 1,202,832 1,685,761 289,074	184,247 19,339,728 1,180,905 1,481,488 243,103	1,454,238 1,409,116	206,573 19,514,128 1,264,881 1,775,619 189,777	114,122 18,921,445 1,196,559 2,987,764 158,397	
Shooks, box and other Staves and headings All other lumber, n.e.s. Total lumber	104,933 391,864 36,135,973	85,534 282,177 32,366,664	57,707 249,514	70,249 260,595	77,762 108,818 33,217,525	
Match blocks	62,801 3,960 171,748					
graph and other Posts, cedar, tamarac and other	78,085 34,228	74,190 30,229	66,908 24,142	127,354	162,153	
Shingle bolts, pine or cedar	37,002	31,875	27,769	47,132	24,780	
Sleepers and railroad ties Stave bolts	357,261	232,169 679	195,901	247,996	247,862	

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	El SE		QUANTITIES.		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
IV. Forest produce—con.					
Timber, square— Ashton. Birch	247 9,185 5,673 6,307 3 19,055 1,198 41,668	64 13,516 3,295 7,659 1,631 20,894 2,020 49,079	18,698 3,225 974 1,856 26,289 1,766 52,912	1 000 204	1010.01
other, for pulp cord Other articles of the forest	936,791	879,775	1,003,597	1,089,384	1,010,91
V. Manufactures.					
Agricultural implements, viz.:— Drills	22,449 7,606 16,475 17,637 9,453 11,610 181 29	18,923 6,659 13,826 20,079 5,917 10,438 100 386 6,897	18,935 4,215 16,024 15,197 4,247 6,155 70 714 5,342	10,904 26,503 5,293 29,276 14,331 7,329 9,764 21 1,928 7,180	3,99 7,51 90 6,79 13,57 6,16 2,05 1 2,04 5,83
Total Asbestos, mfs. of	-	_	_	-	
Books, pamphlets, maps, etc. Biscuits and breadcwt. Binder twinelb. Bricks	2,294 10,806,024 502	2,902 14,605,180 290	2,296 10,248,031 706	2,029 4,690,820 1,048	3,03 12,281,70 1,48
Buttons. Cartridges, gun, rifle, etc. Charcoal. Cement. Clay, manufactures of Clothing and wearing	-		-		
apparel	59,943 -	15,072	62,028	73,299 -	52,87
Cotton fabrics yd.	707,699	621,249	264,328	356,081	1,222,96

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

	1				
Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
IV. Forest produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Timber, square—		1.005	0.005	0.414	4 000
AshBirch.	4,169 117,006	1,067 $162,657$	2,205 $231,182$	3,414 133,805	1,086 119,386
Elm	157,996	119,638	78,827	78,742	98,988
Oak	151,229	135,683	25,826	72,479	73,251
Pine, red	33 598,774	39,578 784,930	64,144 940,894	12,150 205,106	237,220
All other	14,259	24,758	20,122	30,499	3,024
Total timber, square.	1,043,466	1,268,311	1,363,200	536,195	532,955
Wood, blocks and other, for pulp	6,092,715	5,697,901	6,806,445	7,388,770	6,817,311
Other articles of the	4.079		2.070	0 510	19 601
forest	4,273	23,570	3,979	8,519	13,691
V. Manufactures—totals	35,283,118	35,836,284	43,692,708	57,443,452	85,539,501
Agricultural implements,					
viz.:				000 100	000 010
Drills Mowing machines	766,146	649,630	665,551	663,437 903,889	260,318 260,709
Reapers	448,888	418,634	247,304	301,610	48,301
Harvesters	1,694,600	1,433,377	1,718,052	3,068,797	695,858
Ploughs	557,731 124,513	511,716 96,670	479,828 104,022	408,883 126,853	339,301 92,691
Hay rakes	363,538	316,953	137,150	293,788	47,773
Seeders	14,714	8,402 93,676	7,040	1,140 $712,270$	866,993
Threshing machines Cultivators	8,576	160,475	213,265 111,091	182,953	143,807
All other	1,271,047	1,350,903	2,022,981	388,956	263,776
Parts of	662,022 5,911,775	751,777 5,792,213	659,540 6,365,824	879,214 7,931,790	648,892 3,669,089
	0,011,110	0,102,210	0,000,021		
Asbestos, mfs. of Books, pamphlets, maps,	-	E A B	-	98,274	78,329
etc	343,589	300,653	377,686	496,579	420,026
Biscuits and bread	20,135	21,704	14,996	16,227	26,452
Binder twine	787,251 4,364	964,689 2,478	869,028 9,251	453,530 8,454	1,077,021 $12,020$
Brooms and whisks		60,144	38,348	16,989	14,471
Buttons	586 49,928	778 24,223			394 221,137
Charcoal	6,095	8,231 3,742	11,338	3,073	3,878
Cement	2,571	3,742	2,861		1,065
Clay, manufactures of Clothing and wearing ap-	1,477	1,891	3,864	36,628	17,396
parel	251,679	247,907	316,709	446,524	7,344,388
Coke Cordage, rope and twine.	255,981 73,236	65,532 57,224	269,383 31,282	332,685 60,127	240,818 47,180
Cotton fabrics	134,990	104,044		82,636	282,828

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.						
Cottons, other lb.	1,695,704	1,042,063	1,724,713	511,399	1,606,881	
Drugs, chemicals and medicines, n.e.s		-			distance _	
Dye stuffs	-	-	4	-	-	
Electrical apparatus		_	400	_	<u> </u>	
Extract of hemlock bark	4.004	0.00	0.400	1 000	0.44	
bbl. Explosives and fulminates	4,094	2,995	2,409	1,969	2,550	
n.e.s lb.	1,136,365	1,173,996	601,168	-	-	
FertilizersFur, manufactures of	_				AL E	
Glass and glassware, n.e.s.	-	-	- 1	5000	-	
Grindstones, manufactured		_		100		
Guns, rifles, etc	- 1	-	- B	-		
Gypsum or plaster, ground			_			
Hats and caps	W -	-	-	and the second	-	
Household effects, n.e.s		-				
India rubber, mfs. of	-	-	-	-	_	
India rubber wastelb. Iron and steel and mfs. of		_		5,061,919	4,221,476	
Castings, n.e.s		-	- N	- 1	il Store	
Ferro silicon and ferro compounds ton					6,901	
Gas buoys and parts of	A-118-	-	-	-	-	
Hardware and tools Machinery			_		7	
Pig iron ton	8,976	5,716	6,994	9,310 851,279	10,477	
Scrap iron or steel.cwt. Sewing machines No.	144,570 21,882	99,287 14,459	486,391 22,532	851,279 7 055	858,855 3,026	
Stoves "	1,115	1,195	1,465	7,055 1,265	4,225	
Typewriters " Wire and wire nails.cwt.	5,378	4,856	3,647	3,126	2,674 446,909	
All others, n.e.s	-	-	-	-	-	
Total						
Jewellers' sweepings	-		-	-	100 25	
Jewellery of all kinds Junk	346,472	380,197	423,457	99,5231	78,508	
Lamps and lanterns	-	-	-	-	-	
Leather—			6			
Boots and shoes Harness and saddlery		-		-	-	

¹Not including metallic and rubber.

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by		VALUES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Cottons, other	32,877 49,727	73,620 35,507	23,675 46,993	24,591 22,969	151,343 72,736	
Drugs, chemicals and medicines	1,854,136	1,597,792	1,746,528	1,688,778	3,474,232	
Dye stuffs Electrical apparatus	3,455 50,578	5,394 48,897	14,087 62,756	6,583 106,816	24,734 97,890	
Electrotypes Extract of hemlock bark	4,139 49,012	11,811 35,728	3,774 24,480	4,719 23,771	6,287 30,812	
Explosives and fulminates	200 040	163,646	101,090	228,312	265,578	
n.e.s Fertilizers	308,048 456,827	944,980	1,677,703	2,539,789	2,163,917	
Fur, manufactures of Glass and glassware, n.e.s	32,366 19,663	38,189 20,894	69,768 25,013	53,070 32,453	29,808 55,553	
Grindstones, manufacturedGuns, rifles, etc	23,914 17,976		27,118 26,387	54,584 130,568	45,889 211,324	
Gypsum or plaster, ground	12,514	4,151	7,552	14,225	31,878	
Hats and caps	11,881 1,962,627	17,129 1,903,290	20,633 2,212,633	21,521 2,841,408	16,203 3,681,709	
Ice	7,068	6,729	7,797	15,922	7,515	
India rubber, mfs. of India rubber waste	216,003	270,500	272,346	272,278 413,953	446,777 276,128	
Iron and steel and mfs. of Castings, n.e.s	49,363	31,890	40,608	46,648	148,148	
Ferro silicon and ferro compounds	_		-	-	398,488	
Gas buoys and parts of Hardware and tools	142,091	83,411 130,479	87,916 144,405	18,832 201,319	20,080 369,714	
Machinery	371,626 298,346	394,598 262,393	535,442 330,002	444,456 347,347	351,067 126,978	
Pig iron Scrap iron or steel	117,095	58,351	236,181	458,800	534,946	
Sewing machines Stoves	239,114 18,161	18,989	249,971 24,963	98,648 20,618	33,244 24,708	
Typewriters	371,473		261,671	204,502	173,211 870,319	
All other, n.e.s	1,038,106	769,250	933,754	968,074	7,111,529	
Total	2,645,375		2,844,913 164,294	2,809,244 185,081	10,162,426 170,720	
Jewellers' sweepings Jewellery of all kinds	106,745	98,120	117,391	113,589	80,714	
Junk Lamps and lanterns	774,092 16,420		1,706,787 10,737	$\begin{array}{c c} 203,302^{1} \\ 11,268 \end{array}$	161,221	
Leather—	48.040		(0.155	00 800	100.00	
Boots and shoes Harness and saddlery	45,046 14,778		$\begin{array}{c c} 42,177 \\ 13,259 \end{array}$			

¹Not including metallic and rubber.

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by			Quantities		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures.—con. Leather—con.					
Leather, n.e.s lb.	674,147	979,071	1,203,641	2,600,577	3,013,799
Sole	6,507,606	6,165,246 896,216		7,973,368	13,758,727
Other manufactures of	-	-		-	2,113,021
Total leather	_	E DOME	_	-	
Liquors— Ale and beer gal.	1,932	1,593	2,470	10,287	11 015
Gin "	154	79	23	3.091	147
Whiskey" Wines"	314,076 19,533	298,434 4,207	329,387 3,782	337,357 6,985	282,867 2,779
Wood alcohol "	475,700	477,537	839,493	457,757	500,338
Total liquors	7,557 818,952	7,211 789,061	3,728 1,178,886	438 815,915	
Metals— Aluminum in bars,					
blocks, etc cwt.	60,558	104,429	150,227	130,845	140,441
Aluminum, mfs. of Brass, old and scrap cwt.	_	-	_	40,204	27,342
Copper, old & scrap " Metallic shingles and	-	_		29,001	21,119
laths and corrugated				3 4/1	
roofing			_	100	
Musical instruments— Organs	2,507	2,940	2,794	2,212	1,093
Pianos "	246	219		196	
Other and parts of Total	_	_	_	_	
Oil cake cwt. Oil, n.e.s gal.	375,440 2,701,983	419,873 1,441,257		604,670 1,617,537	
Paper, viz.:					
Paper, wallroll. Paper, felt	604,428 50,959	826,126 49,466	746,075 54,126	550,433 49,301	783,895 78,793
Paper, wrapping. lb. Paper, printing "	285,864	152,969	2,965,043 293,583,303	18,252,017	13,539,646
Paper, n.e.s	-		-	- 100,107,900	-
Total paper Paints and varnishes	_	_	-		J
Paintings, all kinds Plumbago, mfs. of				-	-
Photographs	-	_		_	_
Rags lb. Ships sold to other	36,313,700	42,566,097	46,602,000	54,774,900	65,992,200
countries ton Soap lb.	1,039 584,006	1,908 545,212	2,825 559,646	6,080 445,814	
Starch "	184,367	133,540	28,797	160,473	
Stationery	Ced Co	-		1	Harry -
etc., dressed	-		-	-	

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Leather—con.	100 101	4=4 400	000 400	045 450	1 014 400
Leather, n.e.s	122,461	171,186	276,107	617,179	1,014,490
Sole	1,582,394	1,441,585	974,497	2,336,491	4,096,081
Upper	210,424 $23,852$	170,138 12,775	102,869	113,916 42,538	1,450,910 $75,765$
Other manufactures of . Total leather	1,998,955	1,850,462	14,674 1,423,583	3,213,941	10,807,289
Lime	40,479	42,337	29,999	28,610	17,137
Liquors—	10,110	12,001	20,000	20,010	1.,10.
Ale and beer	935	1,014	1,095	3,530	4,401
Gin	275	181	50	2,507	133
Whiskey	988,753	929,763	1,026,920	1,038,365	860,932
Wines	13,104	6,493		4,408	3,298
Wood alcohol	188,461	200,310	309,625	256,869	231,283
Other spirits, n.e.s	5,886	28,266	4,881	787	1,566
Total liquors	1,197,414	1,166,027	1,348,646	1,306,466	1,101,613
Metals—					
Aluminum in bars,	906,976	1,356,807	1,631,287	1,885,074	2,318,800
blocks, etc	931	1,847	14,365	6,599	452,708
Brass, old and scrap	301	1,011	14,000	371,549	
Copper, old and scrap	-			377,012	241,050
Metallic shingles and				011,022	212,000
laths and corrugated	A TOTAL				
roofing	_	-		161,404	88,348
Metals, n.o.p	145,345	228,100	215,467	454,318	402,906
Musical instruments—		221 221	100.001	444.000	20.100
Organs	162,270	224,601	189,824	144,620	
Pianos	59,954	51,280	56,283	51,408	61,547
Other and parts of	4,138 226,362	4,095 279,976	7,905 254,012	86,679 282,707	100,829 $225,575$
TotalOil cake	540,119	659,431	1,074,701	832,394	392,330
Oil, n.e.s.	238,289	114,477	215,202		
Paper, viz.:	200,200	111,111	210,202	201,001	100,001
Paper, wall	42,626	62,185	59,174	45,328	53,916
Paper, felt	40,180	35,065	38,052	50,131	85,066
Paper, wrapping	6,689	7,308		615,310	408,360
Paper, printing	3,092,437	3,291,926			
Paper, n.e.s	730,264	470,635	434,846	577,422	839,334
Total, paper	3,912,196	3,867,119	6,324,810	12,675,036	15,478,338
Paints and varnishes	69,266	73,958	128,520	133,356	169,454
Paintings of all kinds Plumbago, mfs. of	71,413	47,766 26,978			66,346 62,138
	6,450				10,137
Photographs	534,258	561,943			1,080,769
Ships sold to other coun-	001,200	552,010	0.0,000	020,011	2,550,150
tries	55,185	56,000	107,850	128,493	448,900
Soap	25,125	23,955	23,947	27,400	34,118
Starch	9,845	3,223		7,927	2,439
Stationery	31,358	40,320	70,046		63,780
Stone, granite, marble,	0 700	1 600	9.40	7 170	1 000
etc., dressed	2,760	1,232	3,407	7,179	1,832

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Manufactures—con.			117		
Sugar, all kinds lb.	29,025	290,185	71,236	1,909	12,5
Sugar-house syrup. gal.	43,124	127,020	183,759	153,520	134,9
Γin, manufactures of	1,-	-	-		
Гоbacco—					
Cigars	57 28	130 86	61 34	32 51	
Stems and cuttings lb.	538,394	518,154	770,290	767,626	293,9
All other, n.e.s " Total tobacco	46,889	10,658	45,495	10,267	13,2
rowcwt.	3,658	6,526	1,685	1,275	1,3
Vehicles—				1 . 5	
Automobiles No.	627	1,891	3,766	6,306	5,5
Automobiles, parts of Carriages No.	952	1,064	1,138	544	
Carriages, parts of	-	-	-		
Carts No. Wagons	$ \begin{array}{c} 498 \\ 212 \end{array} $	1,061 152	383 119	1,692 177	2,
Bicycles "	78	99	92	97	
Bicycles, parts of Other vehicles					
Vinegar gal.	325	239	170	330	
Wood-	# CHANG		THE PARTY		
Barrels, empty No.	16,091	27,914	23,493	12,405	14,3
Household furniture Doors, sashes and	7 - VA-	-	_		
blinds	In the H	-	-	-	
Matches, and match splints		_			
Mouldings, trimmings					
and other household furnishings		-1	5	_	
Pails, tubs, churns and			E CONTRACT		
other hollow wooden- ware		_	_		
Spool wood and spools.	0 500 055	- 050 007	F 000 170	C 221 002	0 200 6
Wood pulp cwt. Other manufactures of.	6,588,655	5,858,807	5,862,176	6,331,803	8,588,0
Total wood and mfs.	1 100				200
of	1	_			
Other articles of manu-	No.	Wall Branch			
factures					

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Sugar, all kinds, n.e.s Sugar-house syrup Tar Tin, manufactures of	1,525 6,112 58,422 18,626	9,580 9,474 41,775 43,256	2,631 13,338 69,969 62,100	126 10,779 35,827 53,683	640 16,775 41,736 98,870	
Tobacco— Cigars Cigarettes Stems and cuttings All other, n.e.s. Total tobacco Tow	1,330 242 28,217 18,860 48,649 13,314	2,582 604 41,579 5,866 50,631 30,455	2,538 302 52,514 15,859 71,213 8,612	1,373 203 55,685 7,773 65,034 3,267	762 1,754 27,515 8,308 38,339 1,947	
Vehicles— Automobiles	595,746 - 52,745 91,362 25,499 12,280 2,919 64,137 306,504 116	1,443,911 82,092 54,291 54,140 39,073 7,855 6,372 57,197 230,256	2,284,820 99,709 57,146 64,121 11,003 6,184 9,124 39,768 51,855 35	3,571,862 235,857 37,232 34,687 51,093 9,406 8,255 10,236 55,945 82		
Wood— Barrels, empty Household furniture Doors, sashes and	15,703 252,336	18,100 335,354	28,903 381,506	14,228 411,074	16,913 299,679	
blinds	20,326	22,176	11,283	20,699	12,440	
splints	85,663	10,679	2,436	334	13,363	
Mouldings, trimmings, and other household furnishings Pails, tubs, churns and other hollow wooden-	1,786	2,817	1,767	5,601	4,731	
ware	15,050 95,052 5,715,532 459,858	7,316 54,146 5,094,305 477,924	6,865 57,373 5,509,544 426,596	4,553 27,056 6,364,824 396,842	4,046 98,247 9,266,161 360,372	
of	6,661,306 43,614	6,022,817 59,955	6,426,273 69,439	7,245,211 81,555	10,075,952 1,301,671	
factures	768,416	817,318	987,159	906,053	1,448,987	

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	3 9		QUANTITIES		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
VI. Mineral produce.					
Arseniclb. Asbestoston. Asbestos sand"	2,814,187 69,829				74,904
Coalton Chromite (chr. iron) "	2,315,171	1,494,756	2,055,993	1,498,820	1,512,487
Feldspar" Gold - bearing quartz,	15.964		13,376	18,898	
dust, nuggets, etc Gypsum or plaster,		-	-	-	-
crude ton	359,217	357,502	379,393	395,952	322,680
Metals— Copper, fine, contained in ore, matte, regulus, etc		54,426,980	80,947,219	83,250,198	62,677,038
cement copper and copper in pigs lb. Lead, metallic, contain-	79,656	_	2,717,201	_	9,861,780
ed in ore, etc Ib. Lead, pig Nickel, fine, contained	36,800 3,161,247	113,940 71,961	305,600	274,760	723,100 2,534,502
in ore matte or speiss	34,767,523	33,230,708	48,168,090	50,580,536	45,412,017
formsoz. Silver, metallic, contained in ore, concen-	. 84	48	89	153	46
trates, etc oz. Mica lb. Mineral pigments, iron	33,731,010 815,301	30,882,716 765,830	35,264,018 906,912	36,758,276 707,934	25,355,305 852,752
oxides, ochres, etc. lb. Mineral water gal. Oils, mineral, coal and	3,549,028 18,761	5,503,150 19,985	4,866,890 10,931	3,951,900 1,757	3,276,700 981
kerosene, crude gal. Oils, mineral, coal and	-	-	18,500	3,650	17,120
kerosene, refined. gal. Total oils	1,493 1,493	1,934 1,934	40,641 59,141	21,793 25,443	1,256 18,376
Ores— Antimonyton Corundum"	245 - 104,807	1 1,227	1,813	831	337 933
Manganese" Other"	9,914	$ \begin{array}{r} 37,657 \\ 12 \\ 7,629 \end{array} $	135,587 8 15,976	113,650 - 11,437	130,496 90 12,764
Total ores " Phosphates "	114,968	46,576	153,384	125,918 187	144,620 60

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
VI. Mineral produce—totals	\$ 42,787,561	\$ 41,324,516	\$ 57,442,546	\$ 59,039,054	\$ 51,740,989	
ArsenicAsbestosAsbestos sand	69,381 2,076,477	82,234 2,097,814	108,305 2,486,769	$\begin{array}{c} 117,497 \\ 2,891,669 \\ 162,767 \end{array}$	$120,242 \\ 2,227,387 \\ 111,727$	
Coal	6,014,095 150	4,338,128	5,555,099			
Feldspar	50,572	58,160	45,737	75,988	56,668	
dust, nuggets, etc	5,344,465	7,193,392	11,226,573	13,326,755	15,406,510	
Gypsum or plaster, crude.	427,903	422,506	439,488	480,779	378,648	
Metals— Copper, fine, contained in ore, matte, regulus, etc	5,567,078	5,646,206	9,551,899	9,489,729	6,173,357	
Copper, black or coarse, cement, copper and	7.005		250 642		1 271 990	
copper in pigs Lead, metallic, contain-	7,995	0.151	359,643		1,371,889	
ed in ore, etc Lead, pig Nickel, fine, contained in ore, matte, or	1,308 99,625	3,151 2,806		7,562	12,534 97,286	
speiss	3,842,332	3,743,920	5,045,197	5,374,738	5,063,656	
forms	2,311	2,578	Will Street		2,171	
trates, etc	17,269,168 308,851	15,908,409 258,329		20,971,538 208,526		
oxides, ochres, etc Mineral water Oils, mineral, coal, and	31,131 6,062	35,148 11,712		19,638 610		
kerosene, crude Oils, mineral, coal and	-		3,964	379	1,177	
kerosene, refined Total oils	241 241	156 156		3,119 3,498		
Ores— Antimony	17,173	133			19,769	
CorundumIron	304,718	130,844 133,361	· 196,013 426,633	99,744 398,023	82,358 345,119	
Manganese Other	51 634,816	474 388,484	568,198		1,950 645,873	
Total ores	956,758	653,296 100	1,191,147	1,232,760 497	1,095,069	

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—concluded.

Principal articles by classes.	QUANTITIES.					
	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
Plumbago, crude ore and concentrates	7,937 35,710 397,500 582,042 319 61,725 - 62,044	585,362 132 85,481 - 15	34,664 3,427 375,650 646,345 2,524 114,685 - - 117,209	30,127 46,293 369,900 685,143 160 192,327 - - 192,487	9,944 95,901 951,900 959,039 95 62,600 28,995 54 91,744	
VII. Miscellaneous produce. Coffee	10,181 - 2,727 700,190 2,266,200	86,323 - 16,438 40,000 3,369,548 - -	87,070 - 5,589 978,000 - -	66,933 - 3,380 100 2,613,800	107,397 - 3,329 2,207,680 4,310,910	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.

I. Agricultural produce.	i de sego				
Bamboo reeds cut to					
length	-	-	-	-100	7
Breadstuffs, etc., viz.:—	1 400 794	1 000 000	1 010 700	0.075.070	1 050 000
Biscuits, all kinds lb. Macaroni and vermi-	1,420,734	1,690,063	1,810,780	2,275,872	1,659,902
celli lb.	81,935	84,264	110,791	214.376	122,836
Rice, all kinds "	5,303,262	6,202,981	6,996,981	7,270,434	6,539,662
Rice and sago flour "	399,583	167,696		76,792	
Other breadstuffs. "	1,009,875	1,244,348			
Total breadstuffs "	8,215,389	9,389,352	10,741,364	9,914,649	8,558,966
Grain and products of—	0.000	10 11 100	00.000	90 404	OF 400
Beansbush.	6,362	11,175		30,494	27,409
Indian corn " Indian corn for		4	4,034	0	15
distillation pur-	NA			200	
poses	-1	S GILL	-	2000	1,000
Oats"	4,190	5,523	3,574	2,707	2,282

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF CANADA.

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—concluded.

	Values.				
Principal articles by classes.					
crasses.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Plumbago, crude ore and	20, 200	00 477	70.045	04 000	04 100
concentrates	32,380	66,477	79,045	81,209	24,120
Pyrites	118,962 3,419	110,109 5,411	7,007 3,358	212,220 $2,140$	393,085
Sand and gravel	401,183	415,304	443,638	485,578	5,509 808,012
Stone, ornamental, gran-	101,100	110,001	110,000	100,010	000,012
ite, marble, etc., un-	-	In This I was			
wrought	2,533	1,590	1,889	5,396	399
Stone, building, freestone,		and the same		300 St. 100	
limestone, etc	20,083	24,999	29,110	93,007	45,950
Stone, crushed	-	- 1	-	1000000000	250,080
Stone for manufacture of		00			20.4
grindstones, rough Total stone	00 616	22	20,000	00 400	294
Other articles of the mine	22,616 133,098	26,611	30,999	98,403 83,404	66,723 102,652
Other articles of the mine	155,095	242,559	292,891	00,404	102,032
VII.Miscellaneous produce				1511	
totals	285,815	111.676	97,311	121,088	663,802
Coffee	1,992	15,385	11,935	11,517	21,117
Contractors' outfits	-	-	-	-	186,831
Dried fruits, n.e.s	129	1,177	410	352	105
Rice	11,802	960		3	84,498
Rice meal	26,967	41,911	15,330	45,876	109,242
Other miscellaneous	944 005	E0 049	60 696	69 940	969 000
articles	244,925	52,243	69,636	63,340	262,009
Gold and silver				1,219	667
Cold and Silvel	- 1			1,410	007

	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$	\$	\$
I. Agricultural produce—			The least		Zalimi i
totals	2,443,802	3,253,791	3,033,820	2,644,109	1,951,276
Bamboo reeds, cut to		The state of	27		44
length	5	41	94	479	121
Breadstuffs, etc., viz.:-			The state of		
Biscuits, all kinds	163,797	184,580	221,402	299,103	211,043
Macaroni and vermi-				Villa Con	
celli	3,947	4,538		9,924	
Rice, all kinds	127,325	164,531	218,217	227,799	184,502
Rice and sago flour	10,270	4,274	16,242	2,447	4,802
Other breadstuffs	24,987			4,764	
Total breadstuffs	330,326	405,787	500,757	544,037	412,297
Grain and products of—					
Beans	11,440	24,580	161,103	60,114	49,825
Indian corn	11,440	18	3,838	12	66
Indian corn for distilla-	The state of the s	10	0,000	12	00
tion purposes			_		600
Oats	3,122	3,578	2,553	2,668	2,167
	0,122	0,010	2,000	2,000	2,101

				844		
Principal articles by classes.	Quantities.					
Classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
I. Agricultural produce— —con.						
Grain and products of —con.						
Peasbush. Wheat	2,330	3,908	36,577 10	25,886 140	4,130	
Other grains "	17	311	130	47	10	
Total grains "	12,903	21,010	128,288	59,280	34,846	
Bran, mill feed, etc Cereal foods, prepared.	_			_		
Indian or corn meal bbl.	25	10.104	-	-	-	
Oatmeallb. Wheat flourbbl.	7,820	12,124 21	24,564 28	30,346 23	25,201 38	
Other grain products	-		-	-	-	
Total grain products. Grand total bread-	-	-	***		All Ships -	
stuffs	- 17	-	1 - 3-1	mganaga-1	and I	
Broom corn	5 11 15 1		-	-	50.00	
manufactured	-	1455	-		-	
Cider gal. Cocoa beans, not roasted,	383	810	991	1,823	1,484	
crushed or ground lb.	457,753	560,067	917,339	759,129	931,500	
Cocoanuts No.	200	47,900	80,200	OH 100 -	-	
cotton lb.	46,890	21,341	_	-	1,016	
Fibre, Mexican, istle	354	306	100	209	47	
or tampico cwt. Fibre, vegetables, n.e.s."	1,514	1,769	1,822	1,315	754	
Florists' stock	-	1511	-	1 3 -		
Fruits, dried, including	100		4			
nuts— Currants lb.	057 000	511 116	120 200	102 705	00 072	
Dates "	257,888 291,507	544,446 152,746	132,308 318,960	193,705 452,861	88,273 309,949	
Figs	679,128	667,561	317,176	245,795	158,709	
Prunes and plums "Raisins" "	18,715 232,315	32,987 419,137	338 341,762	23,693 586,629	23,408 226,734	
Other dried fruit' "	4,280	9,374	15,098	332,033	330	
Nuts, all kinds " Total dried fruits "	454,455 1,938,288	1,081,882 2,908,133	689,633 1,815,275	917,659 2,752,375	639,235 1,446,638	
	2,000,200	2,000,200	2,020,210	_,,	2,220,000	
Fruits, green— Grapes lb.	994,627	1,311,187	948,188	1,443,156	635,276	
Oranges, lemons, limes,	002,021	2,022,201	3 2 3, 2 0 0	2,2200	33,2.0	
etcPineapples	1000		_	-	TENENCE T	
All other	2 7 7 2		FISH E	-	400 - T	
Total fruits, green Fruits, preserved				-		
Hemp, dressed or					en de la	
undressedcwt.	25,617	29,547	18,825	7,391	3,057	

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
I. Agricultural produce —con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Grain and products of	P. Hilliam		E TIESELY	N. W.		
—con. Peas	7,968	14,940	54,542	51,986	8,138	
Wheat	6	93	13	260	102 31 -	
Other grains	$\frac{17}{22,553}$	508 43,717	$ \begin{array}{c} 173 \\ 222,222 \end{array} $	80 115,120	60,818	
Bran, mill feed, etc	3,321	5,271	53,269	10,456	5,565	
Cereal foods, prepared. Indian or corn meal	12,109 85	30,757	28,498	25,399	16,040	
Oatmeal	348	548	1,226	1,475	1,465	
Wheat flourOther grain products	38 25,500	115 35,685	165 70,810	124 140,028	211 85,205	
Total grain products Grand total bread-	41,401	72,376	153,968	177,482	108,486	
Grand total bread- stuffs	394,280	521,880	876,947	836,639	581,601	
Broom corn	-	2,520	1,166	-	61	
Cane and rattans, not	3,042		1,333	2,343	0 500	
manufactured Cider	343	1,768 887	1,045	1,820	2,582 $1,301$	
Cocoa beans, not roasted,	05 450	HO 074		deal hour	sectal II	
crushed or ground	65,479	79,874 1,151	132,200 2,076	110,540	126,195	
Service Republication of the service	7 000		S - 18 11		100	
Cotton wool or raw cotton Fibre, Mexican, istle or	7,803	2,387	2 7		183	
tampico	3,420	3,272	1,412	2,395	588	
Fibre, vegetable, n.e.s Florists' stock	13,926 10,177	12,194 8,918	15,346 17,109	13,062 15,379	7,691 12,878	
	10,1	0,010	1.,100	10,0.0	12,0.0	
Fruits, dried, including nuts—				3000		
Currants	12,964	30,830	7,508	9,030	4,519	
Dates	8,922	6,453	10,445 13,335	15,801	9,616	
FigsPrunes and plums	22,458 1,143	20,293 $3,672$	63	9,677	7,867 $1,321$	
Raisins	14,072	27,389	24,923	30,546	11,659	
Other dried fruits Nuts, all kinds	189 55,030	954 106,051	1,887 82,504	22,010 100,782	$\frac{37}{72,425}$	
Total dried fruits	114,778	195,642	140,665	188,815	107,444	
Fruits, green—						
Grapes	79,192	106,729	78,463	117,429	48,086	
Oranges, lemons, limes,		110 907	107 100	119 560	44,383	
etc Pineapples	156,615	110,827	107,120	118,560	41,080	
All other	198	1,928	1,750	1,397	120	
Total fruits, green Fruits, preserved	236,005 60,643	219,484 116,804	187,333 151,429	237,386 69,456	92,589 62,661	
Hemp, dressed or un-			Manager 1	1000	Sel Silat	
dressed	139,396	156,990	112,389	56,489	24,522	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

		(QUANTITIES.				
Principal articles by	A SAME						
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
I. Agricultural produce—con.				in magni			
Hops	158,346 . 56 15,770 308,459 3,373,561 288,613	203,002 707 13,401 229,489 4,379,122 322,636	107,291 26,706 14,606 238,651 825,930 350,214	117,942 5,475 9,956 196,129 187,645 313,154	137,673 3,830 4,534 150,028 154,337 204,171		
Seeds, garden, field, etc Seed, flaxbush. Seeds, all other Total seeds	118,621	56,973 -	2	39 -			
Sugar, maple and maple syrup lb.		175	350				
Tobacco, unmanufac- tured"	58,357	359,584	120,035	97,806	124,419		
VegetablesOther agricultural pro- ducts		_		_			
II. Animals and their produce.		1 - 418	7 (40)				
Animals, living— Cattle	247 115	154 159	304 194	174 211	47 113		
Fowls, domestic, pure bred" Hogs"	378 8	693	994	.1,613 36	492		
Horses" Sheep" Other animals	1,722 198	1,635 65	2,126 14	1,519 176	178 280		
Total animals, living.		-	-	- b = 1.			
Bones, crude, bone dust, etc cwt. Bristles lb. Eggs doz. Feathers	6,984 90,967 12,040	9,446 113,711 26	24,141 95,999 6,035	16,106 111,983 790	40,273 70,790 1,143		
Fur skins, not dressed Fur skins, wholly or par-	-	-			-		
tially dressed	342,769 138,583	402,599 17,692	503,182 5,367	442,201 402,862	364,981 2,653		
Hair, cleaned or un- cleaned" Hair, horse"	20,181 16,383	33,050 30,425	8,389 42,461	31,470	15,984		
Hatters' furs. Hides and skins, raw lb. Honey. " Milk, condensed. "	4,328,067 16,633 10,691	4,828,235 52,497 9,954	6,897,460 71,174 22,327	16,201 85,079	3,636,412 10,902 15,095		
Oils, animal gal.	1,409	2,398	6,103	5,537	6,293		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
I.Agricultural produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
HopsMalt	49,580 55	87,205 891	40,501 $26,673$	44,663 6,507	31,973 4,090
Manila grassOils, vegetable	104,928 221,892	73,358 161,732	94,003 180,802	71,882 175,145	24,947 129,558
Oils, vegetable	294,169 241,118	407,602 283,806	70,676 296,386	13,297 292,525	10,074 201,997
Plants and trees Seeds, garden, field, etc	11,979 34,318	10,345 291,721	15,683 132,519	18,283 83,482	14,713 210,043
Seed, flax Seeds, all other	241,270 37,288	125,624	7	50	-
Total seeds	312,876	56,609 473,954	118,121 250,647	130,614 214,146	139,582 349,625
syrup		17	35		- 1
Tobacco, unmanufactured Vegetables	24,601 120,250	124,571 280,915	38,905 337,215	29,641 214,332	30,226 142,106
Other agricultural products	13,049	25,583	41,750		21,550
II. Animals and their pro-	20,020	,	11,.00	20,000	21,000
duce—totals Animals, living—	3,177,213	3,718,703	4,833,470	3,579,810	2,874,649
Cattle	21,660 6,675	21,763 12,394	41,278 10,279	28,225 12,123	10,125 6,911
Fowls, domestic, pure bred	2,684	4,029	4,583	4,417	3,087
Hogs Horses.	340 552,732	615,899	613,288	1,550 344,900	150 52,656
Sheep. Other animals	7,189 3,479	760 913	550 2,872	5,722 3,974	3,924
Total animals, living.	594,759	655,758	672,850	400,911	79,266
Bones, crude, bone dust, etc	20,288	22,437	57,599	56,935	97,204
Bristles. Eggs.	71,312 2,128	89,349 72	82,895 1,597	102,427 211	61,019
Feathers. Fur skins, not dressed	39,196 183,944	49,302 202,314	106,048 379,194	49,491 250,269	15,575 68,239
Fur skins, wholly or par- tially dressed.	322,093	279,587	384,094	153,711	62,583
Grease and degrasGrease, rough	6,771 7,090	13,884	15,264	15,377 24,810	10,682 198
Hair, cleaned or uncleaned	23,582	15,812	9,210	9,104	5,746
Hair, horse	13,926 23,101	30,721 30,840	42,403 10,022	26,865 12,675	17,323 11,616
Hides and skins, raw Honey Milk, condensed	704,630 1,205	763,604 4,120	1,227,044 5,969	706,690 1,539	753,856 1,351
Milk, condensed Oils, animal	1,243 781	1,388 469	2,583 3,265	5,320 2,691	1,515 2,328

Chered for Consu			70015 1011	-1010 COII.	
Principal articles by			QUANTITIES	S.	
classes.	4 54				
	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
II. Animals and their pro-				- : - 1	
duce-con.	2 2 7 6				
Provisions, viz.:-	00.050	700,000	FOR 101	01 000	00.000
Butter lb. Cheese "	29,252 48,547	700,900 58,395	767,131 69,911	91,900 49,472	66,259 35,628
Lard and lard com-				10,1,2	90,020
pound, etc " Meats, viz.:—	588,251	138,923	368,291	310,726	575,362
Bacon and hams, shoul-					
ders and sides lb.	3,649	11,576	46,203	48,153	13,227
Beef, salted " Canned meats and can-	7,902	22,040	12,500	2,740	5,861
ned poultry and				The second	
gamelb.	298,662	1,067,619	1,098,790	1,523,044	1,010,340
Extracts of meat, fluid beef, etc	_	_	_		
Mutton and lamb,			THE PARTY NAMED IN	makin fig.	
fresh lb. Pork "	47,693	60,172	10,246	$\begin{array}{c} 251,287 \\ 3,829 \end{array}$	6,850
Poultry and game	-	-	- 10,240	0,040	0,000
Other meats lb.	55,879	25,348	32,283	-	-
Total meats	NOT 100 - 1		_	_	_
Sausage casings	-	-	-	-	der in in-
Silk, raw, etc	292	5,726	8,022	1,046	9,931
Wool "	3,142,209	3,962,722	4,573,672	3,929,650	3,795,798
Other articles	_	-	-	-	-
III. Fisheries produce.			+ +		
Anchovies and sar-		450			
dinesboxes	1,633,694	1,634,333	1,481,866	1,314,273	1,002,129
Cod, haddock, ling and pollock, all kinds. lb.	304	_	63,654	28,780	112
Herring "	758,767	839,056	1,075,773	1,417,096	1,495,059
Lobsters " Mackerel "	7,504	9,004	6,266	948 6,600	360
Oysters"	410		_	1,000	240^{1}
Salmon "	3,088	19,172	3,847	00 110	C4 144
Sea fish, other " Other fish, fresh pickled,	19,104	62,089	113,709	62,116	64,144
smoked, etc	-	-	2 70 20 - 1		
Total fish			A TOWN	-	15
Cod gal.	210	12		379	90
Cod-liver "	3,579	646	3,153 140	$2,131 \\ 6,975$	1,186
Total fish oil "	4,096	144 802	3,293	9,485	11,529 12,805
Other articles of the fish-					E . E . E . E
eries		18 25			
10				1	

¹Cans.

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	.1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
II. Animals and their pro-					action in	
duce—con. Provisions, viz.:—		4				
Butter	6,945	201,219		24,322	16,949	
CheeseLard and lard com-	10,809	13,904	14,688	12,066	8,366	
pound, etc	68,058	13,008	40,141	40,417	51,939	
Meats, viz.:— Bacon and hams, shoul-						
ders and sides	921	1,891	9,086	10,767	2,875	
Beef, salted	702	1,790	1,013	220	517	
Canned meats and can-				NET ON THE		
ned poultry and game Extracts of meat, fluid	56,891	147,445	201,995	276,086	173,600	
beef, etc	57,403	134,203	96,381	212,347	182,604	
Mutton and lamb, fresh	- 1		-	25,151		
Pork	6,252	5,440	956	414	693	
Poultry and game	10,484	7,863	9,969	14,144	7,164	
Other meats	4,654 137,307	3,124 $301,756$	5,126 $324,526$	7,661 $546,790$	4,110 $371,563$	
Rennet	2,029	4,419	3,584	2,306	5,266	
Sausage casings	32,702 4,944	31,364 $6,657$	46,637 10,473	68,131 $19,653$	82,571 22,192	
Wax, bees'	90	1,627	1,555	379	4,001	
WoolOther articles	736,663 161,617	856,073 128,454	1,081,706 $109,355$	1,014,157 $32,563$	1,108,157	
		120,404	109,555	32,303	14,807	
III.Fisheriesproduce—totals	206,544	224,641	247,971	246,858	207,930	
Anchovies and sardines.	85,834	85,272	82,977	73,205	56,591	
Cod, haddock, ling and pollock, all kinds	32		3,839	1,880	8	
Herring	29,510	34,182	44,823	66,952	64,883	
Lobsters	381	456	325	220 320	28	
Oysters	33	198	851	75	21	
Salmon	151	1,307 7,916	359	7 754	28	
Seafish, other	1,581	7,910	13,717	7,774	6,230	
smoked, etc	83,872	93,541	95,820	89,879	72,311	
Total fish	201,394	222,872	242,711	240,305	200,100	
Fish oil— Cod	243	177		207	00	
Cod-liver	3,995	17 717	1,903	397 1,188	92 879	
Other Total fish oil	77	146	94	3,845	6,285	
Other articles of the	4,315	880	1,997	5,430	7,256	
fisheries	835	889	3,263	1,123	574	
	The later of the	A PARTY OF THE PAR				

entered for consul			QUANTITIES		
Principal articles by	1	24.3	WORNTHIES		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
IV. Forest produce.					
Corkwood	-		-		-
D shovel handles Hickory billets	4 8 2		14,4-	7	Brigg 5
Hubs for wheels, etc Ivory nuts, vegetable	1 2	3 =		~	
Ivory nuts, vegetable Logs and round unmanufactured timber					NE MAN
Lumber and timber,					Link I
planks and boards, etc.,	-0,00		7.12.15		
viz.:—					
Boards, planks, deals, etc	2	4	45	219	. 138
Cherry, chestnut, etc Mahoganym. ft.	218	301	398	408	62
Oak" Timber, hewn and sawed	15	1,158	2	34	
Walnut ft. Other lumber and tim-	4,368	-	800	920	-
ber	-	_		-	-
Total lumber and timber			BAT SEE		
Other articles of the					
forest	-	-	-		70.75
V. Manufactures.					
	304,153	400 029	495,058	467 506	901 659
Ale, gingerAle, ginger	- 004,100	400,032	490,000	467,506	281,653
Antiseptic surgical dress- ing	-	-	100-		1
Asphaltum or asphaltcwt.	6,655	146	1,613	15,598	3,705
Baking powder lb. Balls, cues and racks for	6,509	6,506	16,453	7,717	8,389
bagatelle tables Baskets		-	. 105	_	
Belting, all kinds, except rubber and leather					A Park Street
Belts, surgical, trusses and					
suspensory bandages Belts, all kinds, n.e.s		1 =	-		Evolus -
Billiard tables No.	108	258	301	293	134
Binder twine lb.	163,230	95,500	138,144	1,120	1,009,890

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

	1					
Principal articles by		VALUES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
Zamenka zamenta za	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
IV. Forest produce—totals	33,626	82,004	63,145	82,005	15,174	
Corkwood	1,562	918 5	3,137 2,102	858 7	539 47 10	
Hubs for wheels, etc Ivory nuts, vegetable Logs and round unmanu-	25 -	28	463 1,126	67	24	
factured timber	-	3,407	4,618	16,425	717	
Lumber and timber, planks, boards, etc., viz.:—			Lie Control			
Boards, planks, deals,				5) R		
cherry, chestnut, etc	67 61	305	1,388	8,611	4,685	
Mahogany	23,833 2,278	31,900 36,800	44,449 123	47,344 6,074	8,043	
Oak Timber, hewn and sawed Walnut Other lumber and tim-	663	85	60	419	435	
ber Total lumber and tim-	1,345	3,977	3,473	1,103	639	
ber	28,247	73,067	49,493	63,624	13,802	
Other articles of the forest	3,792	4,579	2,206	1,024	35	
V. Manufactures—totals	95,978,787	99,105,987	119,850,338	115,569,081	76,868,104	
Ale, beer and porter Ale, ginger Antiseptic surgical dress-	271,836 25,958	363,603 27,659		421,874 32,185	242,719 25,972	
ing	52,476 5,842	58,640 159	55,251 935	75,281 15,412	65,039 2,297	
Baking powder Balls, cues and racks for	757	813	1,563	933	1,051	
bagatelle tables	4,070	3,866	5,323	5,704	3,677	
Baskets Belting, all kinds, except rubber and leather	13,904 199,481	19,452 238,490	18,407 349,858	16,951 286,877	13,928 156,028	
Belts, surgical, trusses and suspensory bandages	5,576	7,784	11,901	12,517	5,928	
Belts, all kinds, n.e.s Bells	69,534 15,156	74,774	49,589	21,684	14,106	
Billiard tables Binder twine	25,202 15,678	14,337 58,620	8,469 48,813	20,052 67,893	18,215 25,704	
Zandor Unitio	10,078	9,127	9,140	136	86,823	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.				i sidatuni.	Total Salar	
Binder twine, articles for						
the manufacture of Blacking, shoe and shoe-			-		FIG.	
maker's ink, etc		1	-	-	-	
Blueing, laundry, all kinds	27	40	44	28	35	
Boats	21	40	-	40	99	
Books, periodicals and	TES EST			THE ST		
other printed matter Boot, shoe and stay laces.		_	_		THE PERSON NAMED IN	
Boots, shoes and slippers,						
except rubber and						
leather Braces, suspenders and					MES MES	
parts of	-	-	-	-	-	
Brass and mfs. of— Brass, old and				- 10		
scrapcwt.		21	502	138	370	
Brass, in blocks, ingots			100	ine in Mari		
or pigs cwt. Brass tubing, not pol-	68		102	HE TOTAL		
ished, etc lb.	739,619	606,556	479,186	344,075	165,425	
Brass rods and sheets for mfs cwt.	1,911	759	1,183	804	42	
Brass wire, plain. lb.	34,145	43,632	35,671		2,294	
Brass, other		-	-		THE ST	
Total mfs. of brass				- 40	Tel La	
Bricks, tiles and manu-		1 1 5 5 7	THERE I AND	THE PERSON		
factures of clay, n.e.s Bricks, fire				_		
British gum, dextrine,						
sizing cream, etc lb. Brooms, whisks and	360,891	498,643	453,973	416,939	306,854	
Brooms, whisks and brushes				_	-	
Buttons	-	~	050 105	014 004	151 050	
Candles lb. Cane, reed or rattan, split	189,309	233,693	273,187	214,234	151,850	
or manufactured	_	-	4	-	-	
Carbons No.	100			_		
Carriages and parts of—	The state of					
Automobiles and motor	000	201	250	399	299	
vehicles No. Automobiles, parts of	236	321	352	599	299	
Buggies, carriages, plea-		,				
sure, carts, etc No.	30	40	24	22	8	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Binder twine, articles for the manufacture of	998	1,346	730	518		
Blacking, shoe and shoe-						
makers' ink, etc	10,869	22,556	9,507 43,989	30,943 49,988	35,987 40,940	
Blueing, laundry, all kinds Boats	1,961	39,619 $3,577$	3,201	4,386	3,320	
Bolting cloths	53	36	- 0,201	70	- 0,020	
Books, periodicals and	1 10 7 0 70	1 071 071	1 540 504	1 000 044	1 000 510	
other printed matter Boot, shoe and stay laces.	1,135,853 92,120	$\begin{array}{c} 1,374,954 \\ 86,252 \end{array}$	1,543,524 $110,041$	1,608,244 113,334	1,368,546	
Boots, shoes and slippers,	92,120	00,202	110,041	110,004	59,953	
except rubber and		A REAL OF				
leather	81,492	84,116	180,250	209,630	169,231	
Braces, suspenders and parts of	16,354	11,250	15,555	13,551	9,072	
Brass and mfs. of—	10,00.	11,200	10,000	10,001	5,012	
Brass, old and scrap	-	208	7,256	2,088	4,045	
Brass, in blocks, ingots	1 010		0.170	P. Alley		
or pigs Brass, tubing, not pol-	1,213		2,172	-		
ished, etc	113,580	96,016	94,794	67,987	29,555	
Brass rods and sheets				-//-		
for mfs	26,969	11,486	20,795	13,461	728	
Brass wire, plain Brass, other	4,589 286,694	6,591 $285,733$	6,687 339,363	2,605 $327,090$	522 $31,272$	
Total mfs. of brass	433,045	400,034	471,067	413,231	66,122	
					12 22 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Bricks, tiles and manu-	900 400	005 050	004.000	047 000	1 20 020	
factures of clay, n.e.s Bricks, fire	368,406 $73,128$	335,358 105,904	324,068 114,201	247,269 212,273	$152,372 \\ 48,375$	
British gum, dextrine,	10,120	100,004	114,201	212,213	10,070	
sizing cream, etc	12,188	14,008	14,055	11,831	7,898	
Brooms, whisks, and	79 970	70 104	110 770	110 140		
brushesButtons	73,278 131,660	78,184 108,026	110,776 $139,229$	119,146 143,109	76,807 88,012	
Candles	17,094	18,784	25,078	18,697	14,681	
Cane, reed or rattan, split				BRIEL TES	IE (GEV	
or manufactured	174	686	2,286	14	252	
Carbons	7	-	- 1	4	307	
Carriages, and parts of—	E E I STORES	z liver	BUILDING!			
Automobiles and motor			THE IS			
vehicles	308,640	342,600			252,898	
Automobiles, parts of	22,815	16,387	14,005	31,981	22,337	
Buggies, carriages, pleasure carts, etc	4,125	6,916	2,283	1,732	281	
5410 04105, 600	7,120	0,9,10	4,400	1,102	201	

Principal articles by classes.		(QUANTITIES		
	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.					
Carriages and parts of —con.	The state of				
Wagons, farm, freight, and drays No. Cars, all kinds "	7 99	2 164	17 114	1 50	212
Carriages, other, and parts of	-	100-		=	
Carpets, n.e.s yd. Carpet sweepers no. Celluloid and manufac-	16,767 3	1,893	1,264	4,847 10	540 6
tures of		=	-		=
Chicory, kiln dried, roasted or ground lb. Church vestments Clocks, clock cases,	256,808 -	306,636 -	418,327	314,622 -	173,573
springs and movements Clothes wringers No. Coal and pine pitch. gal.	- 3 680,155	- 3 463,667	- 8 257,702	- 127,670	93,398
Cocoa carpeting, mats and matting	- 128,422	95,327	197,667	16,585	_
Cocoa paste, chocolate paste, etclb.	2,084,548	1,917,821	2,345,850	5,167,591	4,937,652
Coffee, roasted or ground, extract of, etclb. Coketon Collars and cuffs	85,693 287	96,449 679	209,866 143	157,505 337	104,332 161
Combs, dress and toilet Copper and mfs. of— Copper, in blocks,			1910-	-	
pigs or ingots cwt. Copper, in bars and	6	-	500	410	1
rods, in coil, etc. " Copper, in strips.	17,427	390	7,077	202	10-
sheets or plates. " Copper tubing, not	798	. 94	1,037	329	90
polished lb. Copper wire, plain	224,251	277,962	231,229	110,019	55,955
tinned or plated "Copper, other	3,151	20,772	3,257 - -	3,295	10,247
Cordage and twines lb. Cork and other manufac-	1,953,151	2,331,075	3,010,211	3,174,269	2,909,540
tures of cork bark	-	-	-	17/07/	L. W.

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Carriages and parts of —con.					
Wagons, farm, freight, and drays	893	560	1,441	144	130
Cars, all kinds Carriages, other, and	11,413	17,476	3,381	3,709	The state of the s
parts of	122,747 470,633	189,289 573,228	204,468 809,488	190,083 849,628	114,135 396,656
Carpets, n.e.s	5,418 21	1,182	986 31	2,685 69	85 35
Celluloid and manufactures of	28,515	35,990	45,473	37,756	45,517
Cement	146,343 1,583	218,533 1,702	155,402 1,469		35,054 1,105
Chicory, kiln dried, roasted or ground.	12,316	17,938	21,726	13,747	7,769
Church vestments Clocks, clock cases, springs and movements	5,750 44,551	5,892 41,171	13,745 48,591	8,403 63,656	5,484 33,978
Clothes wringers Coal and pine pitch	21 25,727	27 22,997	13,729	216 6,509	43
Cocoa carpeting, mats	10,419	12,954	18,178	12,711	6,001
Cocoa, desiccated Cocoa paste, chocolate	12,385	8,788	18,875	1,898	19,191
paste, etc	438,403 21,230	433,287	536,291 35,220	1,122,720	1,190,878
extract of, etc	1,366 147,545	2,989 124,492	941 115,528	35,419 $2,199$ $72,492$	24,779 844 33,686
Combs, dress and toilet Copper and mfs. of—	56,333	69,614	79,563	62,864	63,440
Copper, in blocks, pigs or ingots	126		7,313	6,636	10
Copper, in bars and rods, in coil, etc	240,411	5,347	107,143	4,217	11 H
Copper, in strips, sheets or plates	13,031	1,386	21,287	5,890	1,735
Copper tubing, not polished, etc	41,835	51,329	50,777	25,108	11,024
tinned or plated Copper, other	585 33,046	3,632 31,169	669 41,399	711 43,681	2,267 19,349
Total	329,034	92,863	228,588	86,243	34,385
Cork and other manufac-	219,014	240,849	360,242	376,722	299,067
tures of cork bark	36,598	53,302	37,269	53,469	29,625

Principal articles by classes.	-	QUANTITIES.				
Classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	in Fig					
Corsets, corset clasps, etc. Costumes and scenery.			4 -1		-	
theatrical	- H		-	_	-	
Cotton, manufactures of— Duck, grey or white, over 8 oz. per sq.						
ydyd. Embroideries, white	1,046,665	753,194	1,213,501	1,565,322	838,211	
and cream coloured Grey, unbleached	31588	-	_		and the second	
cotton fabrics yd. White or bleached			P. P	23,907,033		
cotton fabrics " Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured "	1100			31,194,200		
Handkerchiefs	55,395,155	46,877,989	54,828,525	53,514,578	37,170,111	
Sheets, bed quilts, pillow cases, etc	40.005	20.215	-	91 500	10.010	
Shirts of cottondoz. Sewing thread on spools.	46,095	39,315	34,209	31,506	16,313	
Sewing cotton thread, in hankslb.	476,772	261,741	253,278	447,150	352,960	
Lace, white and cream coloured			_	<u>-</u>		
Socks and stock- ingsdoz. prs. Velvets, velveteens and	311,657	382,045	400,409	380,327	201,846	
plush fabrics yd. Cottons, other	1,835,053	2,241,800	2,975,561	3,030,588	3,007,734	
Total	1,625,553 1,718,702		3,175,040 2,212,725	3,121,580 1,976,792	1,954,453 1,538,384	
Crapes	=	Tayle I	_	23.0		
Drugs, dyes, chemicals, medicines Duck for belting and hose	11/1/25-2		2-		-	
Earthenware and china- ware		y Harin				
Elastic, round or flat Electric apparatus, mo-	124-			_	TRAILED TO	
tors, etc Electric light carbons and			-	Tell Earlie.	Parada -	
carbon points M. Embroideries, n.e.s	374	531	402	=	-	
Emery wheels and manufactures of emery				_	-	
Express parcels	_			100	-8107	

Principal articles by	VALUES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Corsets, corset clasps, etc.	9,641	16,989	3,473	6,803	14,117
Costumes and scenery, theatrical	63	100	591	624	21
Cotton, manufactures of-					
Duck, grey or white, over 8 oz. per sq. yd.	173,263	159,274	239,009	333,047	188,459
Embroideries, white and cream coloured	352,190	421,392	366,769	257,133	193,537
Grey, unbleached cotton fabrics	345,622	350,255	691,108	1,250,754	465,620
White or bleached cotton fabrics Fabrics, printed dyed or	2,091,962	2,001,966	2,371,364	2,564,688	1,927,089
coloured Handkerchiefs	5,064,817 544,620	4,561,738 550,019	5,328,951 748,377	4,749,667 586,014	3,614,874 416,384
Sheets, bed quilts, pillow cases, etc	559,101	694,846	950,045	1,019,619	728,419
Shirts of cotton Sewing thread on spools	235,257 277,147	194,849 279,684	190,182 216,369	170,981 144,829	94,555 115,509
Sewing cotton thread in hanks	286,617	174,327	143,805	243,586	183,508
Clothing Lace, white and cream	799,663	769,710	905,406	886,610	567,012
coloured	744,580	908,516	1,118,003	832,110	662,521
Socks and stockings Velvets, velveteens and	396,527	455,748	505,370	497,879	256,360
plush fabrics Cottons, other	495,045 1,100,258	622,844 1,290,363	809,828 1,744,552	822,440 1,838,045	794,413 1,446,632
Total Cotton waste	13,466,669 134,182	13,435,531 190,230	16,329,138 205,126	16,197,402 222,552	11,654,892 110,432
Crapes	732,565 15,742	846,083 10,480	997,404 10,274	920,109 8,803	687,733 7,435
Curtains and shams Drugs, dyes, chemicals,	566,096	536,829	571,668	429,441	283,067
medicines Duck for belting and hose	2,775,734 4,929	2,951,182 6,776	3,272,134 3,502	3,191,567	2,594,359 2,790
Earthenware and china- ware	1,476,318	1,558,081	1,932,418	1,873,599	1,133,332
Elastic, round or flat Electric apparatus, motors, etc	123,842 384,302	146,542 619,958	144,378 1,180,445	118,919 945,527	113,341 712,463
Electric light carbons and carbon points	8,199			5,397	
Embroideries, n.e.s Emery wheels and manu-	38,989	42,269	38,786		
factures of emery Express parcels	417 3,892	244 3,186			
	,,,,,,	0,200	2,010	2,000	2,000

Principal articles by		QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
V. Manufactures—con.							
Fancy goods	_			-	-		
Fibreware	=			_			
Fishhooks, nets, seines, etc Flax, hemp, jute and man-			-	-	-		
ufactures of	-			-	-		
other material	-	-		_	= =		
Common and colourless window glasssq. ft. Plate glass,not bev- elled, in sheets	11,348,855	12,647,985	15,670,154	13,946,781	7,593,930		
not exceeding 7 sq. feet each " Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets exceeding 7 sq. ft.	1,160,105	698,268	808,782	541,509	315,914		
exceeding 7 sq. ft. each, and not ex- ceeding 25 sq. ft " Plate glass not otherwise provid-	522,803	784,303	988,891	750,127	364,295		
ed for	858,550	1,018,340	1,521,690	1,016 034	592,672		
mfs. of	_	-		-	= =		
eyelet hooks and eyelets, etc		-	-				
Gold, silver and manufactures of	9,288	14,637	49,971	78,317	47,250		
Gunpowder and other explosives, etc	-			-	-		
Gutta percha, India rub- ber and manufactures of					-		
Gutta percha, crude rubber, etclb.	258,149	264,561	617,473	1,176,725	1,488,601		
Hair and manufactures of Hats, caps and bonnets.	-	-	-	-			
Hatters' bands (not cords) binding, tips and sides. Ink.	-		-	- Marie			

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.							
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.			
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Fancy goods	1,522,014 22,389 695 4,832	1,678,554 32,051 1,463 7,475	1,956,911 59,310 1,815 8,652	1,788,248 44,336 4,832 4,844	1,243,082 51,042 4,649 1,792			
etc Flax, hemp, jute and man-	504,143	482,743	680,726	631,764	691,389			
ufactures of	2,782,001	2,855,266	3,235,002	2,753,258	2,825,591			
other material Fur and manufactures of Glass and manufactures of	136,795 414,263	198,464 298,055	262,407 445,317	266,787 439,540	109,391 219,084			
Common and colourless window glass	296,746	341,491	438,927	461,623	237,813			
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets not exceeding 7 sq. ft. each	103,072	102,198	124,425	82,332	59,279			
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets exceeding 7 sq. ft. each, and not exceeding 25 sq.ft.	101,156	136,737	182,265	151,394	82,893			
Plate glass not otherwise provided for Glass, other, and mfs.	229,537	263,742	357,555	224,805	151,661			
of	346,739 1,077,250	354,611 1,198,779	407,413 1,510,585	416,885 1,337,039	244,226 775,872			
lets, etc	12,555 891,520	10,893 775,622	13,017 1,165,697	11,405 1,219,887	9,922 763,082			
tures of Grease, axle Gunpowder and other ex-	351,010 375	466,163 931	637,573 2,375	551,882 3,822	328,589 1,707			
Gutta percha, India rubber and manufactures	775,891	1,031,493	415,862	394,975	307,463			
ofGutta percha, crude rub-	734,037	1,078,343	1,904,363	1,995,107	1,058,786			
ber, etc	229,010 132,604 2,151,853	248,453 99,106 2,139,389	370,486 82,809 3,045,361	547,393 71,173 2,514,829	818,288 51,897 1,298,298			
etcInk.	40,556 36,721	39,410 40,052	59,732 40,017	51,044 41,748	33,425 33,776			

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.				nomi scrip	(throib)
Iron and steel and mfs.		or water	SHEPS		
of— Agricultural imple-					
ments—	1	- I Skill			
Drill, seed No.	1	2	3	-	mil 2
Harrows "	12	4	4	-	-
Ploughs " All other and parts of	35	13	1		_
An other and parts of		1000		10000	
Threshing machine	2 - 1300				
separators No.	4	-	2		2
Portable engines					
with boilers, and traction engines,					
for farm purposes "	33	26	31	32	13
Sewing machines "	1,195	935	1,712	1,771	1,099
Typewriting ma-			1.4. 9		
cnines	5	25	21	43	38
Engines, gasoline. " Bar iron or steel,	206	363	216	520	364
rolledcwt.	386,371	320,615	252,063	260,786	83,369
Iron or steel billets,					30,000
weighing not less	I MILES	THE RELEASE		L CHELL	
than 60 lb. per	57,444	25,283	42,989	64,976	1 112
lineal yard " Iron in pigston	118,662	78,545	54,861	22,100	1,117 8,533
Iron and steel rail-	110,002	10,010	01,001	22,100	0,000
way bars or rails "	3,024	1,296	689	650	148
Rolled iron or steel	040.040	170 011	70 704	101.050	04 400
angles, etccwt. Rolled iron or steel	248,240	173,211	78,594	191,056	24,499
beams, etc "	687,737	353,784	174,091	437,162	36,882
Rolled iron or steel			A I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		200,000
sheets or plates,	W0 0 10	00.100	00.010	X0.004	0.000
etc	56,849	38,166	22,042	50,824	9,291
Rolled iron or steel	T THE				
sheets, polished or not, No. 14		W (m2)			
gaugeandthinner "	3,606	2,062	1,796	4,700	664
Sheets, flat, of gal-		and the same	E - 1011/2	Property all and	
vanized iron or	222	80	40	20	
steel	222	00	. 40	20	The state of
sheared or rolled	100			anyon a line	
in grooves "	21,245	27,902	7,712	11,867	DOIT MIE
Cream separators and					
steel bowls for		-			-
Cream separators, materials for the manu-	THE WAY	The San			
facture of	-	-	-	_	-

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
Principal articles by classes.	1911.	1912:	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Iron and steel and mfs. of— Agricultural imple- ments—					Descript of	
Drills, seed	30 164 649 52,202	233 39 433 57,443	28 77 34 80,657	280 79 73,002	109 94 32 60,617	
Threshing machine separators Portable engines with boilers, and traction	810		266	-	2,706	
engines, for farm pur- poses Sewing machines	62,213 23,919	42,908 17,990	56,739 27,729	48,471 26,204	21,345 16,686	
Typewriting machines Engines, gasoline	301 126,288	1,477 189,481	797 107,144	1,279 110,617	1,510 85,180	
Bar iron or steel, rolled	614,148	533,534	487,650	506,994	149,450	
Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yard Iron in pigs	54,225 1,527,143	25,174 979,248	50,494 826,098	$62,746\\344,438$	9,269 105,842	
Iron or steel railway bars or rails	72,216	29,217	16,565	18,655	4,337	
Rolled iron or steel	307,041	207,242	108,275	289,096	34,891	
Rolled iron or steel	797,353	412,218	237,795	641,482	51,982	
Rolled iron or steel sheets or plates, etc Rolled iron or steel sheets, polished or	88,468	58,083	37,454	92,445	14,095	
not, No. 14 gauge and thinner	6,748	5,975	7,689	9,717	1,350	
Sheets, flat, of galvan- ized iron or steel	825	365	127	70	The state of the s	
Skelp iron or steel, sheared or rolled in grooves	27,264	35,792	11,275	19,735		
Cream separators and steel bowls for Cream separators, ma-	91,874	97,097	94,264	43,200	41,016	
terials for the manufacture of	38,424	9,951	1,604	4,855	942	

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
. Manufactures—con.		ta ax			
Iron and steel, mfs. of—					
Rolled round wire					
rods, not over $\frac{3}{8}$ in. in diameter cwt.	. 135,901	43,492	7,812	107,002	54,8
Boiler plate, not less					
than 30 ins. wide and not less than					
¹ / ₄ in. in thickness. " Rolled iron or steel	18,080	6,643	5,727	10,599	2,2
plates, not less					
than 30 ins. in width and not less					
than ¼ inch in	10100	00.000	0 840	07 140	
thickness " Rolled iron or steel	124,327	60,893	9,746	25,143	11,7
sheets in strips,					
polished or not, 14gaugeandthin-					
ner	363,381	259,919	147,547	319,074	145,2
vanized iron "	381,797	486,181	561,890	675,166	403,7
Barbed fence wire of iron or steel "	658	15- x -		470	
Wire, curved or not, galvanized iron or				Nella P	
steel, Nos. 9, 12,					
and 13 gauge " Other iron and steel,	51,055	1,986	1,094	764	2
mfs. of	-	-	-	-	
Total	_		-	-	
Ivory, manufactures of	_		-		
Jellies, jams and preserves	3,815,287	5 714 505	8,548,251	6,185,385	4,464,0
Jewellery	0	-	I	-	
Junk and oakum cwt. Jute cloth, not col-	6,159	6,085	5,648	5,832	4,6
oured, etc yd.	12,230,793	11,806,917	12,769,970	9,806,972	4,469,6
Jute, canvas, uncol- oured	2,701,087	4,175,544	10,216,250	14,992,779	2,899,0
Jute or hemp yarn, plain, dyed or col-			JAN THE	With the last	
oured, etcvd.	2,399,235	2,387,334	3,855,277	2,218,692	1,732,7
Lead and manufactures of				10/11/19/7	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Iron and steel mfs. of—						
Rolled round wire rods, not over \(^3_8\) in. in diameter Boiler plate, not less than \(^30\) inches wide and not less than \(^4_4\)	178,808	54,333	10,074	145,795	56,240	
inch in thickness	30,788	11,249	10,129	19,479	3,484	
Rolled iron or steel plates, not less than 30 inches in width and not less than 4 inch in thickness	163,247	83,305	16,420	43,501	14,882	
Rolled iron or steel sheets in strips, pol- ished or not, 14 gauge						
and thinner	800,034	587,259	344,345	771,104	318,939	
ized iron	1,127,087	1,389,343	1,716,963	2,054,438	1,197,223	
Barbed fence wire of iron or steel Wire, curved or not, galvanized iron or	1,429			1,065	41	
steel, Nos. 9, 12 and 13 gauge	107,656	4,759	2,909	1,616	756	
Other iron and steel and mfs. of	8,305,362	8,988,974	10,499,298	9,993,018	5,165,931	
Total	14,606,716	13,823,122	14,752,899	15,323,381	7,358,949	
Ivory, manufactures of	37,407	43,701	38,597	41,642	29,278	
Jellies, jams and preserves Jewellery	295,679 333,062 23,422	480,572 397,135 23,795	759,927 543,466 23,249	462,713	377,261 196,658 21,532	
Jute cloth, not coloured, etc	601,763	759,332	762,704	718,798	333,950	
Jute canvas, uncoloured	198,455	358,590	798,049	1,288,284	276,490	
Jute or hemp yarn, plain dyed or coloured, etc Lead and manufactures of	198,509 422,808	206,362 612,706	363,630 968,001	229,789 504,189	161,167 156,853	

		QUANTITIES.				
Principal articles by classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
CARTON CONTRACTOR						
V. Manufactures—con.	77	1 1	7/1			
Leather and manufactures						
of— Leather, belting			1			
Leather, belting leather of all kinds lb.	561,664	398,173	563,819			
Calf, kid or goat,	301,004	390,113	005,019	H 1 - 8 1		
lamb and sheep skins, dressed,	Lichie	117		5-1-12		
waxed or glazed. " Glove leather, tan-	351,033	407,830	509,920	-		
ned or dressed, etc	27,649	21,369	1			
Upper leather, in-	21,049	21,505				
cluding dongola, cordovan, kang-						
aroo, alligator, etc	78,271	59,108	102,942	Line II		
Boots and shoes, slip- pers and insoles of						
leather		-		10 14	and and a	
Harness and saddlery, including horse boots. Other leather and mfs.	- 3	-	-	_		
Other leather and mfs. of		_				
Total		448	34	28,6501	3321	
Lime bbl. Lime juice and other fruit	99 110			5 10 10 10		
juices gal. Machine card clothing	28,119	43,833	61,957	45,540	44,775	
Magic lanterns and slides for						
Malt, extract of		or issue	-			
Mattresses	-		-	-	-	
Mats, door or carriage Metals and mfs. of	=		-	_	-	
Mineral substances, manufactures of	_		_	_	_	
Mucilage	_			=		
Mustard and mustard		78 118				
cake, etc Newspapers and maga-	S PARTIE	Magn			JAN -	
zines	_	7,-		America I		
Oil cake and meal and cotton seed cake and				FT - Field		
mealcwt.	1,939	1,046	7,928	3,068	5,851	
1Cwt	1		1			

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

					7 - 7
Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Leather and manufactures of—		on Suns			
Leather, belting leather of all kinds	185,093	163,687	250,111	250,339	85,142
dressed, waxed or glazed	153,577	157,367	182,683	146,097	120,834
Glove leather, tanned or dressed, etc	27,637	19,179	16,628	12,131	19,225
Upper leather, includ- ing dongola, cordo- van, kangaroo, alli-					All out of the
Boots and shoes, slippers, and insoles of	56,018	61,604	91,885	111,696	99,526
leather	292,014	356,455	485,755	577,291	491,523
including horse boots. Other leather and	67,794	53,521	77,214	63,598	47,535
manufactures of Total Lime Lime juice and other fruit	393,202 1,175,335 -	347,413 1,159,226 500	773,867 1,878,143 33	537,428 1,698,580 8,141	322,066 1,185,851 145
juices Machine card clothing Magic lanterns and slides	26,548 14,668	41,101 17,640	57,208 26,203	58,529 28,227	62,734 21,978
for Malt, extract of Marble, manufactures of Mattresses Mats, door or carriage Metal and mfs. of	26,276 7,347 4,492 551 152 771,051	64,360 9,179 9,167 367 601 934,430	49,666 5,115 10,635 1,754 733 1,131,840	38,562 15,180 2,850 804 573 1,206,746	42,949 16,087 12,015 340 184 747,141
Mineral substances, man- ufactures of	43,802 4,923	55,101 5,251	56,851 4,257	70,089 5,360	42,845 3,978
Mucilage Musical instruments Mustard and mustard	75,069	73,932	101,266	102,132	74,166
cake, etc	135,065 75,756	76,994	172,148 81,523	186,113 74,998	82,137
NoilsOil cake and meal and cotton seed cake and	761,129	664,706	845,314	914,017	1,033,504
meal	3,448	2,464	19,229	5,350	10,554

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	. 1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.						
Oils, cocoanut and palmgal.	173,372	164,270	170,574	198,680	145,268	
Oils, other Oiled cloths, all kinds, cork matting and lino-		-				
leum	-	-	-	-	-	
photographic and mathematical instru-						
mentsPackages	-	_				
Paints and colours Paper and mfs of— Hangings of wall paper,		-	-	-	-	
including borders, roll Printing paper lb.	233,549 5,721,112	331,361 4,958,165	596,872 5,137,736	393,665 5,925,178		
Tarred and other build-	0,122,122	1,000,100	0,101,100	0,020,110	9,111,000	
ing paper	561,047	1,386,664	416,369	321,560	416,601	
Total	-	2 21-1	1 -			
Pencils, lead	-	1 15-1	-	-	1	
rulers			-		-	
Perfumery, non-alcoholic Photographic dry plates Picture and photograph	-1112	-		_	eun day	
frames	39,230	44,634	103,760	18,684	14,264	
grass		_	_	5,149	1,866	
Plates, engraved on wood	O A STATE	Saling Saling	100	0,110	1,000	
or metal Pocketbooks, purses, to-	100	man Hale	SX N B			
bacco pouches, etc Polish or composition,	-	02	-	-5-5-		
knife or other Pomades	- 8	- 55	14	WE 4 -		
Post office parcels	-	-	-	O HENDER -	initian -	
Precious stones	100	1700	405	157 100	07.40	
etc	196,545	151,574	197,725	175,568	97,440	
Resin. cwt. Ribbons.	23,265	8,071	5,058	10,603	11,373	
Sand, glass, emery and flint paper.	1 502			-	-	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

					-		
Principal articles by		VALUES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Oils, cocoanut and palm Oils, other Oiled cloths, all kinds, cork matting and lino-	149,797 148,615	132,702 151,412	143,339 209,077	176,918 194,788	127,559 128,389		
leum	1,344,242	1,545,992	2,062,315	1,824,032	955,172		
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments Packages	272,928 1,327,720 431,818	281,751 1,364,980 427,632	346,619 1,672,164 593,036	312,220 1,679,364 570,351	215,971 1,182,069 302,690		
Hangings of wall paper, including borders Printing paper Tarred and other build-	57,163 307,629	61,680 264,791	117,100 286,189	82,353 313,210	32,307 169,742		
ing paper	695 18,253 971,935 1,355,675	4,444 24,358 1,160,401 1,515,674	3,280 14,866 1,380,713 1,802,148	4,243 11,415 1,279,618 1,690,839	407 22,346 1,028,477 1,253,279		
Pencils, lead	45,201	56,842	64,398	59,988	33,756		
rulers Perfumery, non-alcoholic Photographic dry plates Picture and photograph	75,963 34,665 24,027	82,435 40,068 36,429	110,642 49,403 44,863	100,537 48,777 44,139	62,374 40,896 41,830		
frames	21,680 5,117	26,929 4,767	33,746 3,369	30,811 882	21,448 1,041		
grass	60,962 1,183	86,060 2,166	147,475 3,871	82,283 3,480	88,824 1,620		
or metal Pocketbooks, purses, to-	3,619	5,951	8,330	11,498	9,324		
bacco pouches, etc Polish or composition,	59,796	74,131	118,234	138,622	61,252		
knife or other	48,032 19	46,015 34	91,962 34	114,355	98,501		
Post office parcels Precious stones Rags, cotton, linen, jute,	329,892 152,784	368,613 158,596	410,188 244,290	416,092 176,179	310,018 83,195		
etc	242,493 8,316	176,365 18,535	229,212 15,013	257,129 18,166	141,791 19,212		
Resin. Ribbons.	63,824 489,826	25,674 476,667	17,484 649,924	30,428 656,330	27,848 670,057		
Sand, glass, emery and flint paper	6,475	12,486	9,631	12,663	7,468		

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Principal articles by	11-11	G	UANTITIES.		deuet-
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
		- 77			
V. Manufactures—con. Sauces, catsups and		IT HIS			
soygal.	93,140	115,938	147,592	125,019	98,288
Ships, vessels and repairs on				_	
Signs, of any material	200	TE S			
and letters for signs Silk and manufactures of.	go lour			_	in a
Slate	_	11 45	- X-	-	
Soap—			- max	His Thirty	
Common or laundry.lb.	166,436	337,431	369,504	265,022	301,641
Castile	47,374	176,600	188,629	327,525	117,465
Other soap, powders,					
etc		764	_	_	
Spices lb.	1,530,086	1,334,670	1,297,792	1,117,176	829,722
Spectacles, eye-glasses, frames, etc		B () () _ (_	-: 72	- A
Spirits—					
Brandy, including arti-					
ficial brandy, etc. gal. Gin of all kinds "	4,978 $123,192$	5,368 146,763	8,762 170,921	9,353 184,331	6,174 $155,363$
Rum	57,103	68,880	75,331	65,225	51,907 1,262,929
Whiskey " Spirits, other "	955,780 15,826	$\begin{array}{c} 1,195,154 \\ 20,525 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,450,231 \\ 25,950 \end{array}$	1,525,166 29,961	1,262,929 21,515
Total"	1,156,879	1,436,690	1,731,195	1,814,036	1,497,888
Starch, etc lb. Stockinettes for manu-	533,966	492,845	600,729	598,459	554,887
facture of rubber boots		6/6/6/	-	72/5/21	-
Stone, manufactures of Straw, manufactures of		- HEEZA			
Sugar and syrups lb.		18,574,417	14,597,352	5,856,959	3,073,188
Candy and confect'ry " Glucose and saccharine "	4,525,109 432,977	5,923,722 102,581	7,280,853 180,191	38,628	36,201
Molassesgal. Surgical and dental in-					
Surgical and dental in- struments					Bridge L
Tape lines	-	-			VIII S
Teeth, artificial					TO NOTE OF
Tin and manufactures of-					
Tin in blocks, pigs and bars cwt.	21,246	22,855		17,524	12,173
Tin plates and sheets "	505,586	249,472	160,921 12,204	204,017	136,935 9,154
Tin foil lb. Tinware, and all other	6,684	10,157	12,204	1,011	0,101
mfs. of	V 15-		_	_	
10021					

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Values.						
Principal articles by	1914 - 31		Maria Maria		resiliation .	
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Sauces, catsups and soy Ships, vessels and repairs	127,220	146,609	173,966	163,798	130,449	
on Signs, of any material and	3,543		12,235		ETE CL.	
letters for signs Silk and manufactures of Slate	15,638 2,849,878 1,541	24,495 3,035,697 7,603	21,494 3,824,995 12,874	30,636 3,489,661 17,157	25,399 2,539,965 15,273	
Soap—	10 507	10 000	91 509	15 194	16 411	
Common or laundry Castile Toilet	10,597 2,861 62,138	18,292 10,338 60,663	21,503 11,066 75,033	15,134 19,094 64,484	16,411 7,096 70,447	
Other soap, powders, etc	21,646 97,242	28,555 117,848	35,939 143,541	44,606 143,318	97,171 191,125	
Spices	141,867 4,231	135,343 4,309	144,307 2,217	127,964 4,557	86,770	
Spirits—	4,201	4,503	2,211	4,007	2,218	
Brandy, including artificial brandy, etc	11,036	12,661	18,328	23,963	12,597	
Gin of all kinds Rum.	153,873 36,484	184,410 42,922	222,987 48,604	239,765 42,730	210,089 35,571	
WhiskeySpirits, other	1,707,638 57,136	2,181,482 69,620	2,639,691 80,587	2,867,978 104,830	2,356,212 71,700	
Starch, etc	1,966,167 24,565	2,491,095 24,395	3,010,197 27,684	3,279,266 26,439	2,686,169 25,077	
Stockinettes for manufac- ture of rubber boots	46,967	60,490		26,804	21,945	
Stone, manufactures of Straw, manufactures of		168,992 1,110	187,294 3,030	210,337 1,513	204,707 1,055	
Sugar and syrups Candy and confectionery	981,910 646,075	657,941 841,574	537,544 1,064,070	171,483 690,769	88,618 467,494	
Glucose and saccharine Molasses Surgical and dental in-	9,873 7,773	3,572 31,985	6,507 40,992	1,914 44,645	1,812 33,316	
struments	40,638 3,677	33,536 $2,465$		48,672 6,572	30,032 4,018	
Teeth, artificial	18,277	10,715			12,598	
Tin and manufactures of— Tin in blocks, pigs and						
bars Tin plates and sheets	722,416 1,655,934	943,231 896,520	983,942 582,610	728,619 684,947	402,594 450,950	
Tin foil	2,211	4,123	4,584	3,238	3,181	
manufactures of Total	91,975 2,472,536	111,196 1,955,070	126,641 1,697,777	133,971 1,550,775	117,077 973,80	

Principal articles by classes.	QUANTITIES.					
crasses.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
. Manufactures—con.						
Tobacco and manufac- tures of—			The Hall			
Cigarettes lb.	31,742	42,999	51,034	58,670	33,40	
Cigars "	2,542	694	2,239	1,297	1,20	
Tobacco, cut "	316,350	325,378	489,807	467,904	274,65	
Other and mfs. of "	33,628	50,630	74,572	75,489	48,58	
Total "	384,262	419,701	617,652	603,360	357,85	
Tobacco pipes Trawls and trawling	10.0	-	-	3 in 1		
spoons	-	_	_	_	4	
Trunks and valises, hat			1 5 5			
boxes, etc	14 000	5,052	F 169	62,008	88	
Turpentine, spirits of, gal. Twine and manufactures	14,883	5,052	5,162	02,000	00	
of	-	-	-	-	-	
Umbrellas, parasols and				31		
sunshades Unenumerated				_		
Varnish, lacquers, japans,						
etcgal	20,016	18,296	19,372	26,524	17,67	
Vinegar" Watches, watch cases,	118,617	147,548	154,781	177,515	141,96	
movements, glasses, etc.	_	_	12 1116-	z 100-		
Wax, manufactures of	-	-	N 8 -	-		
Webbing, elastic and non-						
elastic				1 100-21		
Window cornices, poles,						
shades and rollers	- 10.005	10.000	07 000	02 600	10.4	
Wine, non-sparklinggal. Wine, sparklingdoz.	16,305 1,682	19,960 1,768		23,698 1,963	19,49	
Wood and manufactures	1,002	1,700	2,020	1,000	1,0	
of	-	-	-	-	COTTON DO	
Wool and manufactures of—						
Cassimeres, cloths and				1 3/2 1		
doeskins yd.	4,995,009	4,922,705	4, 705,840	2,650,319	1,587,87	
Coatings and overcoat-	1 TEC CCE	1 550 650	1 499 145	1 479 579	1,197,22	
ingsyd. Tweeds	1,756,665 2,573,435	1,552,652 2,252,310	1,422,145 $2,535,272$	1,478,578 2,069,694	1,601,4	
Knitted goods, includ-	2,0.0,100	_,,_,	2,000,212			
ing knitted underwear	-		- m	178	-	
Socks and stockings of all kindsdoz. prs.	888,853	631,422	797,640	898,181	645,2	
Yarns, composed wholly	000,000	001,722	101,020	000,101	010,2	
or in part of wool,						
worsted, the hair of	2 702 070	2 /07 260	4 019 791	3,937,786	1,834,01	
the goat, etc lb.	3,783,979	3,487,369	4,012,731	0,501,100	1,001,0	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by classes,			VALUES.		in the
, ,	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Tobacco and manufac- tures of—	NE NI	5 - 1			
Cigarettes	81,483	104,502	117,728	132,118	77,30
Cigars	10,783	2,628	8,012	4,522	3,66
Tobacco, cut Other and manufactures	215,940	256,083	370,803	556,238	311,15
of	14,169	20,512	27,936	64,837	42,82
Total	322,375	383,725	524,479	757,715	434,94
Tobacco pipes, etc	450,824	500,688	479,157	394,741	205,89
Trawls and trawling		00.010			Mark L
spoons Trunks and valises, hat	28,398	23,013	32,734	32,664	24,75
boxes, etc	22,952	21,766	26,233	31,757	16,88
Turpentine, spirits of	8,859	3,449	3,038	24,609	58
Twine and manufactures	0,000	,	3,000	,	
of	10,299	10,936	14,371	34,185	11,29
Umbrellas, parasols and	00 740	75 100	00 000	70.040	FF 0F
sunshades	99,543 68,132	75,186 57,762	98,333 81,028	73,840 114,126	55,67 94,68
Varnish, lacquers, japans,	00,102	31,102	01,020	114,120	94,00
etc	41,961	38,612	39,066	47,890	37,88
Vinegar	45,398	57,458	63,267	74,836	58,24
Watches, watch cases,	00 000	100.000	444 240	100.040	00.0
movements, glasses, etc. Wax, manufactures of	89,860	120,808 24,884	144,712	139,342	96,05
Webbing, elastic and non-	37,886	44,004	34,720	42,019	29,84
elastic	61,835	65,606	56,831	39,346	18,54
Whips, thongs and lashes	6,014	7,608	5,420	4,510	4,27
Window cornices, poles,		20.000			
shades and rollers	47,175	60,978	60,118	59,925	33,34
Wine, non-sparkling Wine, sparkling	31,152 22,635	38,053 24,159	46,886 24,436	47,516 28,096	33,31 13,84
Wood and manufactures	22,000	21,100	21,100	20,000	10,01
of	129,517	147,768	157,266	204,252	127,81
Wool and manufactures			Contract of	S. C. Common or other party of the last of	
of—	May E-18				
Cassimeres, cloths and doeskins	3,264,638	3,262,837	3,018,211	1,727,622	1,394,88
Coatings and overcoat-	0,204,000	0,202,001	0,010,211	1,121,022	1,001,00
ings	1,317,320	1,288,354	1,177,298	1,256,329	976,62
Tweeds	1,655,429	1,499,027	1,439,763	1,243,943	831,44
Knitted goods, includ-	749 000	700 071	1 100 700	1 014 000	400 70
ing knitted underwear Socks and stockings of	748,000	788,971	1,192,763	1,014,667	422,73
all kinds	1,561,242	1,135,909	1,510,742	1,696,891	1,170,61
Yarns, composed whol-	2,001,212	2,200,000	2,010,112	2,000,001	2,110,01
ly or in part of wool.					
worsted, the hair of	1 000 001	1 000 007	0.100.00	0.000	4 45.
the goat, etc	1,888,821	1,862,305	2,199,684	2,223,493	1,151,53

	QUANTITIES.				
Principal articles by classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.					
Wool and mfs. of—con.				A Lead	
Yarns, woollen and worsted lb.	377,305	406,729	450,745	407,671	355,138
Fabrics, and mfs. composed wholly or in					
part of wool, worsted	-	-	-	-	-
Clothing, women's and children's outside gar-					
ments	isher		-		USE I
other, and mfs. of	9 1 107-1	-	-	-	Mary -
Totals	236,509	325,240	316,871	167,602	392,262
Zinc and manufactures of Other manufact'd articles	-	-	-	- duip-	-
VI. Mineral produce.			Tarana.		
Clays	4 151		-	- 1	0010
Coal, anthracite and dust ton	31,375	33,972	28,680	33,909	27,11
Coal, bituminous " Emery, in bulk, crushed	12,211	10,170	11,284	3,386	11,26
or ground	14	2,439	1,003	5,227	2,94
Lithographic stones, not engraved	_	_		_	
Marble, rough	Ξ		=		
Mineral and aerated waters		TO STATE			
Minerals, viz:		1.1			
Lithargecwt.	6,401	4,723	9,989	3,492	3,85
Oils, mineral— Coal and kerosene,	On Breat	A SECTION			
distilled, purified or refined gal.	9,549	2,658	1,446	175	11
Oils, products of petroleum "	4,542	17,819	22,949	26,819	44,77
Oils, lubricating, composed wholly					
or in part of petroleum	9,382	15,695	29,364	13,241	3,28
Oils, other "	805	855	1,643	1,611	5,77

D' in location has			VALUES.		
Principal articles by classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Wool and mfs. of—con. Yarns, woollen and worsted Fabrics and mfs. com- posed wholly or in	171,994	205,472	252,972	222,424	219,346
part of wool, worsted etc	5,348,950	5,905,784	8,965,662	8,742,437	5,886,908
ments	172,049	186,662	184,369	224,911	191,564
and wearing apparel Other, and mfs. of Total Yarn, n.e.s Zinc and manufactures of Other manufact'd articles	828,576 3,756,241 20,713,260 42,296 92,949 656,524	999,298 3,991,908 21,126,527 65,164 86,526 721,509	1,288,295 4,833,748 26,063,507 70,610 151,834 837,816	1,243,200 4,621,390 24,217,307 108,184 137,342 1,017,142	$721,787 \\ 3,100,762 \\ 16,068,218 \\ 157,421 \\ 26,945 \\ 485,766$
VI. Mineral produce—totals	1,597,181	1,869,026	2,248,175	1,968,719	1,834,897
Clays	136,236	124,388	119,111	92,188	66,642
Coal, anthracite and dust Coal, bituminous Emery, in bulk, crushed	138,176 19,903	151,249 20,191	123,685 32,418	149,529 9,825	129,712 38,230
or ground	2,598 53	1,758 1,514	2,643 4,544	6,051 6,340	
engraved	561 - 2,874	1,577	4,526	94 1,510 4,439	100 - 1,135
Mineral and aerated waters.	25,226	36,910	7 ()	54,420	
Minerals, viz.:—	是可用到	THE STATE			
LithargeOther mineralsOils, mineral— Coal and kerosene, dis-	21,004 11,947	16,830 12,240	3,020 18,214	15,672 23,221	17,415 11,416
tilled, purified or refined	2,457	391	385	33	18
leum	1,441	5,653	5,037	6,740	8,354
Oils, lubricating, composed wholly or in part of petroleum Oils, other	1,983 631	3,178 368	5,861 620	3,012 787	696 1,891

Principal articles by		6	QUANTITIES.		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
VI. Mineral produce—con. Ores of metals, n.o.p., ewt. Phosphate rock Precious stones, diamonds unset, diamond dust or	123,528	221,739	1,000	563	576
bort and black diamonds for drills Salt	1,179,609 348	1;201,780 113	1, 310,663	1,185,153 -	983,985 -
only	229,002 -	118 244,092	231,968	228,237 -	188,815
VII. Miscellaneous produce. Articles the growth, pro-					
duce or manufacture of Canada, returned after having been exported				= 100	
Articles for use of the Governor-General Articles for army and		_	-25		A letter
navy			<u> </u>	Test better	arealty Tr
for ships' stores Bacteriological products or serums					Para la
Barrels or packages returned	_	-			-
tions of medals, etc Coffee, greenlb.	900,757	954,537	1,583,154	1,044 138	1,051,873
Models of inventions and other improvements Paintings in oil or water	-		-		-
colours			_		
Tealb. Other miscellaneous	10,077,220	16,531,211	13,937,870	13,325,663	13,573,807
articles Coin and bullion— Coins, British and Can-	•			# # / Sing	
adian and foreign gold coins					4-
blocks, ingots, drops, sheets or plates, unmanufactured			7		
blocks, ingots, drops, sheets or plates, un- manufactured		72	-		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—concluded.

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
VI. Mineral produce—con. Ores of metals, n.o.p Phosphate rock Precious stones, diamonds unset, diamond dust or bort and black dia-	\$ 22,347 1,125	\$ 43,850 154	\$ 975	\$ 1,032	\$ 101
monds for drills	852,524 236,915	1,063,125 240,701	1,446,401 273,035	1,207,302 269,429	1,196,857 237,589
sandstone, etc Stone, granite, sawn only Whiting or whitening Other mineral products.	2,278 13 84,539 32,350	1,296 911 87,521 55,221	3,412 974 90,383 46,727	4,465 699 76,668 35,263	761 764 65,099 25,299
VII. Miscellaneous produce. totals Articles the growth, pro-	6,499,309	8,652,870	8,444,828	7,980,294	6,408,751
duce or manufacture of Canada, returned after having been exported	90,632	132,645	59,699	31,032	126,005
Articles for use of the Governor-General	6,332	44,087	18,481	15,788	7,712
Articles for army and navy	1,986	9,192	3,402	148	465,448
Articles ex-warehoused for ships' stores	31,126	23,052	21,121	29,038	31,577
Bacteriological products or serums	17,870	12,438	20,635	19,969	6,600
Barrels or packages returned	9,618	11,714	23,687	10,823	22,702
tions of medals, etc Coffee, green Models of inventions and	297 122,371	198 159,038	1,210 293,515	431 178,230	487 158,084
other improvements Paintings in oil or water	3,625	1,840	4,905	4,334	6,289
colours	429,274 4,024,707 7,015 1,701,267	413,518 4,712,943 13,395 3,077,804	382,540 4,850,843 11,078 2,620,212	384,807 4,530,625 14,248 2,623,639	174,507 2,467,101 8,580 2,749,368
Other miscellaneous articles	51,392	40,196	126,269	136,668	181,629
Coin and bullion:— Coins, British and Can- adian, and foreign	F01	999	0.010		
gold coins	561	226	6,210	267	2,612
manufactured Silver bullion in bars, blocks, ingots, drops,	1,148	436	113	203	7
sheets or plates, un- manufactured	88	148	908	44	43

Principal articles by			Quantities		Maji A
Principal articles by classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
I. Agricultural produce.					
Bamboo reeds, cut to length		-	9 45		
Breadstuffs, etc., viz.— Biscuits, all kinds lb. Macaroni and ver-	479,175	360,209	487,287	514,804	905,173
micelli " Rice, all kinds "	787,755 347,898	536,505 856,327	695,315 1,424,043	2,475,710	963,004
Rice and sago flour "Other breadstuffs. "Total bread-	56,375 274,107	9,461 588,901	47,232 432,655	301,913 615,001	160,292 599,689
stuffs "	1,945,310	2,351,403	3,086,532	4,500,266	3,720,639
Grain and products of—	26 621	25 100	00 111	20,000	20 521
Beansbush. Indian corn for distillation pur-	26,621	25,108			29,581
poses	869,150 11,522,028 12,199	819,115 15,118,888 77,282	975,258 8,883,292 203,542	1,056,546 5,614,094 59,266	8,101,779
Peas" Wheat"	20,689 115,350	22,892 121,743	59,199 616,383	31,574 133,229	28,765 $1,870,174$
Other grains " Total grains "	156,139 12,722,176	13,296 16,198,324	126,870 10,944,655		98,778 12,437,611
Bran, mill feed, etc Cereal foods	-	-			E TO
Indian or corn meal bbl. Oatmeal lb.	41,966 5,270	41,924 9,006		51,024 7,568	
Other grain products	60,695	47,152			54,558
Total grain products. Grand total bread- stuffs.			_		And the
Broom corn	-	-			1
Cane and rattans, not manufactured Cidergal.	5,988	1,444	3,517	3,933	1,943
Cocoa beans, not roasted, crushed or ground. lb.	1,972,373	4,131,785	4,845,338	3,702,080	2,784,300
Cocoanuts	205,642 81,215,273	524,482 72,768,637	524,186 77,457,809		319,539 73,031,437
Fibre, Mexican, istle or tampicoewt.	1,323	1,249	2,261		864
Fibre, vegetable, n.e.s	5,607	4,862	6,351	5,540	7,107

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
I. Agricultural produce—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
totals	39,086,463	41,685,013	43,832,566	42,067,495	43,183,964	
Bamboo reeds, cut to length	7,785	2,321	5,353	5,999	1,989	
Breadstuffs, etc., viz.— Biscuits, all kinds Macaroni and vermi-	52,403	36,251	43,438	49,327	68,552	
celli	38,178	28,191	34,462			
Rice, all kinds Rice and sago flour	15,838 1,797	32,952 340	56,604 2,029		41,996 8,082	
Other breadstuffs	10,354	21,786	17,061	21,130	19,946	
Total breadstuffs	118,570	119,520	153,594	207,635	199,535	
Grain and products of—						
Beans	72,233	72,564	185,336	84,619	76,722	
Indian corn for distillation purposes Indian corn	490,072 6,950,565	565,697 9,756,189	686,549 5,511,510	740,768	688,980 5,907,047	
Oats	7,524	41,034	80,579	3,612,203 23,519	696,167	
Peas	67,800 98,631	83,203 103,953	174,924 549,545	108,227 115,410	80,419 1,803,338	
WheatOther grains	97,102	103,335	86.124	-40,605		
Total grains	7,783,927	10,633,375	7,274,567	4,725,351	9,331,444	
Bran, mill feed, etc Cereal foods	29,437 316,521	33,023 216,628	16,344 322,835	19,549 317,470		
Indian or corn meal	122,635	125,030	176,804	168,803	217,108	
Oatmeal	368 $245,155$	513 199,388	2,121 267,541	450 $239,461$	454 $255,731$	
Other grain products	93,189	92,993	139,690	139,396	193,077	
Total grain products. Grand total bread-	807,305	667,575	925,335	885,129	955,886	
stuffs	8,709,802	11,420,470	8,353,496	5,818,115	10,486,865	
Broom corn	366,945	419,267	372,322	323,445	285,513	
manufactured	11,771	9,744	56,362	65,295		
CiderCocoa beans, not roasted,	2,882	512	1,574	1,363	1,101	
crushed or ground	235,869		657,099	524,614		
Cocoanuts	9,403	The state of the s	16,415	7,661	10,207	
ton Fibre, Mexican, istle or	11,749,302	7,929,407	8,735,191	9,752,437	6,533,448	
tampico	15,989	15,116	24,378	16,397	11,538	
Fibre, vegetable, n.e.s Florists' stock	32,167 57,784	38,081 46,179				

entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.					
Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915
I. Agricultural produce —con. Fruits, dried, including nuts—	140,004	070 070		070.004	115.000
Apples. lb. Currants. " Dates. " Figs. " Prunes and plums. " Raisins. " Other dried fruits. " Nuts, all kinds. " Total dried fruits "	140,094 1,837,294 2,930,549 914,951 8,631,845 10,707,181 4,380,845 6,092,515	279,688 1,974,264 3,006,374 1,345,338 12,332,532 12,891,044 3,862,797 7,627,532	339,758 2,209,762 3,453,111 1,041,028 8,832,113 17,888,503 5,091,467 9,284,364	259,034 2,069,396 3,602,157 1,185,701 10,382,578 11,532,005 3,581,452 8,303,790	115,366 2,929,150 2,837,443 1,394,498 8,040,254 16,100,284 3,971,424 9,138,936
Fruits, green—	35,635,274	43,319,569	48,142,094	40,916,113	44,527,355
Applesbbl. Bananasbunches Berries, all kinds	150,748 1,803,429	194,969 2,162,664	319,726 2,122,680	330,904 2,624,887	269,305 2,548,726
Cherrieslb. Cranberriesbush. Grapeslb. Oranges, lemons and	333,031 40,014 2,900,288	504,504 31,898 4,772,417	969,986 49,853 5,068,048	1,072,300 73,626 6,045,250	936,507 28,194 ¹ 5,533,640
limes, etc. Peaches. Ib Pineapples. No. Plums. bush. All other.	8,137,846 3,295,023 89,808	8,970,646 3,543,313 97,246	14,579,107 4,123,501 151,648	12,136,954 4,259,935 123,527	12,733,661 104,896
Total fruits, green				- NA	MAIN T
Fruits, preserved Hayton Hemp, dressed or un-	12,247	19,721	36,472	19,923	16,078
dressed	43,880 777,499 77,125 199,113 2,464,945	36,114 1,089,069 13,305 139,261 2,339,698	33,070 1,225,795 107,528 186,984 4,037,224 228,784	42,498 1,513,593 247,143 148,250 3,088,667	46,460 1,185,195 75,696 246,839 3,292,094
Oils, vegetablelb. Picklesgal. Plants and trees	276,179 173,383	223,751 162,447	228,784 152,554	96,027 125,582	76,983 51,399
Seeds, garden, field, etc Seed, flaxlb. Seeds, all other Total seeds.	594,104 -	8,097,320 -	282,184	56,336 -	11,872
Straw ton Sugar, maple, and maple	268	614	S P C VICTOR	To constitute to	198
syrup lb. Tobacco,unmanufac- tured lb.	11,222 16,113,622	14,870 15,472,599	23,934 19,873,932	23,092 15,515,446	Donated a
VegetablesOther agricultural pro- duce		-			

Drive in all antiples has	Values.				
Principal articles by classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
I. Agricultural produce —con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Fruits, dried, including	11 960	20 007	16,520	15 576	7,336
Apples	11,260 105,646 135,342	29,887 126,069 165,146	140,649 190,316	15,576 129,311 210,045	200,120 195,668
Dates	45,639	76,100	60,512	74,340	91,323
Prunes and plums	423,660 537,154	818,573 841,036	458,402 882,529	538,262 668,831	514,809 1,060,375
Other dried fruits Nuts, all kinds Total dried fruits	286,887 432,506 1,978,094	352,530 534,269 2,943,610	346,692 641,846 2,737,466	238,466 636,733 2,511,564	246,295 734,895 3,050,821
Fruits, green—		000 000	004 000	1 101 000	040 884
Apples Bananas	485,274 1,760,289	680,292 2,057,407	834,220 2,347,047	1,104,292 2,657,615	646,751 2,295,692
Berries, all kinds	319,322 42,870	345,528 65,868	581,632 102,855	680,160 119,021	607,177 102,155
CranberriesGrapes	103,101 149,693	99,336 229,639	131,590 282,521	133,072 351,488	109,257
Oranges, lemons and limes, etc	2,712,170	3,430,516	3,575,992	3,464,376	3,746,792
Peaches	218,564 248,910	299,913 277,925	330,589 303,168	353,440 344,258	340,739 302,831
Plums	177,604 245,103	239,916 315,079	267,563 385,423	316,524 465,091	251,762 405,522
Total fruits, green	6,462,900	8,041,419	9,142,600	9,989,337	9,075,564
Fruits, preserved	117,316 230,393	248,655 305,350		423,203 288,023	289,267 208,294
Hemp, dressed or un- dressed	250,710	190,725	185,997	351,336	259,826
HopsMalt	167,477 64,978	458,034 12,508	372,747 85,380	375,957 192,547	221,193 66,981
Manila grass	1,164,562 1,205,286	768,267 1,016,840	1,318,245 1,885,758	1,108,141 1,575,962	1,671,608 1,526,181
Oils, vegetable	31,185 59,040	26,664 60,360	25,221 98,315	7,084 69,631	5,829 31,366
Plants and trees Seeds, garden, field, etc	135,137 1,135,156	140,769 708,503	178,254 1,120,081	349,655 $1,229,125$	233,357 1,800,977
Seed, flax Seeds, all other	22,086 44,480	335,925 21,690		2,336 28,547	353 76,779
Total seeds	1,201,722 4,304	1,066,118 6,373		1,260,008 3,342	1,878,109 2,955
Sugar, maple, and maple syrup	1,398	2,233	2,678	2,249	2,099
Tobacco, unmanufactured	3,450,512	3,802,437	4,893,065	4,353,184	4,226,593
VegetablesOther agricultural pro-	1,354,322		2,396,093	The second	2,552,114
duce	7,428	48,866	57,376	58,264	23,340

Principal articles by	- 4	(QUANTITIES.		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
II. Animals and their produce.					
Animals living— Cattle No.	3,322	3,210	7,361	7,255	1,967
Dogs " Fowls, domestic,	285	630		670	516
pure bred " Hogs.	7,605	8,464	26,114	27,123	75,647
Horses No. Sheep	7,989 68,683	20,744 192,553	17,537 229,757	6,436 $209,919$	3,070 110,726
Other animals Total animals, living		_		-	_
Bones, crude, and bone dust, etccwt.	44,837	56,750	59,732	64,196	64,310
Bristleslb. Eggsdoz.	82,531 2,212,727	69,043 7,476,247	70,863	67,191 10,795,682	61,888 4,191,968
FeathersFur skins, not dressed	_		_	-	_
Fur skins, wholly or partially dressed	de la				
Grease and degras lb. Grease, rough	1,880,046 11,739,124		1,639,507 13,245,724	1,166,650 11,708,048	1,495,780 11,840,628
Hair, cleaned or uncleaned	521,162	620,835	789,637		
Hair, horse " Hatters' furs	100,092	137,912	243,224	92,426	50,488
Hides and skins, raw lb. Honey	14,239,635 163,523	191,621	351,392	265,935	25,252,917 130,956
Milk, condensed " Milk and cream, fresh	157,809	118,299	219,881	247,001	97,336
Oils, animal gal. Provisions, viz.:—	62,422	111,241	109,702	60,873	45,831
Butterlb. Cheese	293,937 202,137	929,318 262,352	1,100,431 371,454	262,840 336,041	1,534,232 425,560
Lard and lard compounds, etc "	8,877,743	8,969,298	13,417,325	6,733,993	2,588,184
Meats, viz.:— Bacon and hams, shoul-	4 001 145	11 000 001	19 501 590	H 000 000	1 402 700
ders and sides lb. Beef, salted "	1,161,492	11,223,961 1,952,009	13,501,736 1,005,607	7,060,936 640,191 235,284	1,493,708 1,005,010 156,305
Beef, fresh " Canned meats and can- ned poultry and				200,204	150,505
game lb. Extracts of meat, fluid	432,586	504,605	692,658	544,451	283,884
beef, etc		-	-		-
freshlb.	947,430 7,092,271	1,665,892 6,124,099		3,821,777 12,092,507	2,955,592 8,488,988
Poultry and game Other meats lb.	2,014,351	3,998,150	-	3,004,758	1,518,582
Total meats	_	-		-	-

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Animals, living— Cattle	
Principal articles by classes.	
1911.	
Animals, living— Cattle	15.
Animals, living— Cattle	8
Animals, living— Cattle	
Cattle 105,727 108,725 187,904 215,310 8 Dogs 10,271 30,250 29,600 25,675 2 Fowls, domestic, pure bred 20,514 28,740 40,296 53,640 4 Hogs 4,353 1,217 2,879 4,378 4 Horses 966,754 2,149,317 1,862,358 858,369 37 Sheep 230,206 579,130 627,127 638,268 36 Other animals 158,997 249,031 154,801 190,359 14 Total animals, living etc. 1,496,822 3,146,410 2,904,965 1,985,999 1,03 Bristles 60,143 77,277 75,733 116,310 11 Feathers 11,734 50,706 57,053 40,032 1 Fur skins, not dressed 2,290,932 2,681,415 3,561,227 1,388,415 1,12 Grease and degras 99,835 111,015 85,123 60,439 8 Gr	,000
Dogs. 10,271 30,250 29,600 25,675 2 Fowls, domestic, pure bred. 20,514 28,740 40,296 53,640 4 Hogs. 4,353 1,217 2,879 4,378 Horses. 966,754 2,149,317 1,862,358 858,369 37 Sheep. 230,206 579,130 627,127 638,268 36 Other animals. 158,997 249,031 154,801 190,359 14 Total animals, living Bones, crude, bone dust, etc. 60,143 77,277 75,733 116,310 11 Bristles. 61,023 53,730 71,824 54,880 6 Eggs. 417,857 1,613,108 2,776,070 2,561,221 95 Fur skins, not dressed. 2,290,932 2,681,415 3,561,227 1,388,415 1,12 Grease and degras. 99,835 111,015 85,123 60,439 8 Grease, rough. 841,731 797,427 867,433 765,323 74 <td>9,463</td>	9,463
bred	0,933
Hogs. 4,353 1,217 2,879 4,378 Horses. 966,754 2,149,317 1,862,358 858,369 37 Sheep. 230,206 579,130 627,127 638,268 36 158,997 249,031 154,801 190,359 14 1,496,822 3,146,410 2,904,965 1,985,999 1,03 Bones, crude, bone dust, etc. 60,143 77,277 75,733 116,310 11 Bristles. 61,023 53,730 71,824 54,880 6 Eggs. 417,857 1,613,108 2,776,070 2,561,221 95 Feathers. 11,734 50,706 57,053 40,032 1 Fur skins, not dressed. Fur skins, wholly or partially dressed. Fur skins, wholly or partially dressed. 99,835 111,015 85,123 60,439 8 Grease and degras. 99,835 111,015 85,123 60,439 8 Grease, rough. 841,731 797,427 867,433 765,323 74	2 222
Horses. 966,754 2,149,317 1,862,358 858,369 37 Sheep. 230,206 579,130 627,127 638,268 36 Other animals. 158,997 249,031 154,801 190,359 14 11 190,359 14 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	2,236 $2,609$
Sheep	8,064
Total animals, living Bones, crude, bone dust, etc. 1,496,822 3,146,410 2,904,965 1,985,999 1,03 Bristles 60,143 77,277 75,733 116,310 11 Bristles 61,023 53,730 71,824 54,880 6 Eggs 417,857 1,613,108 2,776,070 2,561,221 95 Feathers 11,734 50,706 57,053 40,032 1 Fur skins, not dressed 2,290,932 2,681,415 3,561,227 1,388,415 1,12 Fur skins, wholly or partially dressed 204,982 289,342 325,113 148,503 13 Grease and degras 99,835 111,015 85,123 60,439 8 Grease, rough 841,731 797,427 867,433 765,323 74	4,235
Bones, crude, bone dust, etc 60,143 77,277 75,733 116,310 11 Bristles 61,023 53,730 71,824 54,880 6 Eggs 417,857 1,613,108 2,776,070 2,561,221 95 Feathers 11,734 50,706 57,053 40,032 1 Fur skins, not dressed 2,290,932 2,681,415 3,561,227 1,388,415 1,12 Fur skins, wholly or partially dressed 204,982 289,342 325,113 148,503 13 Grease and degras. 99,835 111,015 85,123 60,439 8 Grease, rough. 841,731 797,427 867,433 765,323 74	0,986
etc. 60,143 77,277 75,733 116,310 11 Bristles 61,023 53,730 71,824 54,880 6 Eggs. 417,857 1,613,108 2,776,070 2,561,221 95 Feathers 11,734 50,706 57,053 40,032 1 Fur skins, not dressed 2,290,932 2,681,415 3,561,227 1,388,415 1,12 Fur skins, wholly or partially dressed 204,982 289,342 325,113 148,503 13 Grease and degras 99,835 111,015 85,123 60,439 8 Grease, rough 841,731 797,427 867,433 765,323 74	5,520
Eggs. 417,857 1,613,108 2,776,070 2,561,221 95 Feathers 11,734 50,706 57,053 40,032 1 Fur skins, not dressed 2,290,932 2,681,415 3,561,227 1,388,415 1,12 Fur skins, wholly or partially dressed 204,982 289,342 325,113 148,503 13 Grease and degras 99,835 111,015 85,123 60,439 8 Grease, rough 841,731 797,427 867,433 765,323 74	9,181
Feathers	7,557
Fur skins, not dressed 2,290,932 2,681,415 3,561,227 1,388,415 1,12 Fur skins, wholly or partially dressed 204,982 289,342 325,113 148,503 13 Grease and degras 99,835 111,015 85,123 60,439 8 Grease, rough 841,731 797,427 867,433 765,323 74	0,855 $9,397$
Fur skins, wholly or partially dressed. 204,982 289,342 325,113 148,503 13 Grease and degras. 99,835 111,015 85,123 60,439 8 Grease, rough. 841,731 797,427 867,433 765,323 74	4,144
Grease and degras 99,835 111,015 85,123 60,439 8 Grease, rough	
Grease, rough	5,252
TT : 1	0,474 $9,463$
Hair, cleaned or unclean-	A Day
ed	1,872
Hair, horse	1,544 $1,285$
Hides and skins, raw 2,237,666 2,613,259 3,161,663 2,094,514 5,12	4,285
Honey	7,240
	6,889 $7,413$
	5,529
Provisions, viz.:—	í.
	5,394
Lard and lard com-	0,812
pound, etc	7,484
Meats, viz.:— Bacon and hams, shoul-	
1 1 1 1	9,551
Beef, salted	3,944
Beef, fresh 43,828 2	6,800
Canned meats and can-	
1 1 1	6,610
Extracts of meat, fluid	
beef, etc	9,250
Mutton and lamb, fresh 88,469 144,128 439,401 425,941 333	5,933
Pork	0,235
Poultry and game 50,085 193,832 379,066 258,387 69 Other meats 295,503 494,753 537,923 496,998 286	
	9,494
ALL CHARGE WITH MARKET	9,494 9,416 7,233

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by classes.	QUANTITIES.					
ciasses.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
II. Animals and their produce—con.		18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1				
Rennet Sausage casings Silk, raw, etc	=	-	1	-	=	
Wax, bees'. lb. Wool	79,710 876,406	90,213 963,720 -	80,024 1,097,799	54,863 776,350	56,813 7,460,638	
III. Fisheries produce.						
Anchovies and sardines, boxes Cod, haddock, ling and	75,278	70,201	53,904	56,073	86,301	
pollock, all kinds. lb Halibut Herring	415,782 1,524,945 365,665	700,013 2,280,120 371,283	354,821 2,387,455 187,054	242,920 1,553,759 297,312	267,628 1,104,702 261,593	
Lobsters	14,646	8,766	13,968	4,361	2,652	
Oysters	95,179 11,687	786,693 23,249	613,217 219,620	2,107,343 80,141	49,993	
smoked, etc	= 5=	-				
Codgal. Cod-liver" Seal"	104 6,024 40	352 5,156 20	3,522 9,522 1,213	6,107 20	1,394 6,212	
Other	10,662 16,830	14,447 19,975	51,597 65,854	32,444 38,571	28,933 36,539	
IV. Forest produce.	-	- N		-		
Corkwood		1-312			Me	
D shovel handles Felloes of hickory or oak,	-	-	- N			
rough sawn to shape only, etc				-	-	
and shingle bolts Hickory billets Hickory and oak spokes,		in go I	-	-	A 1711 -	
etc	-	-	-			
Ivory nuts, vegetable Fence posts and railroad	- 85	-	100	2 H 3 -		
ties Logs and round unmanufactured timber		=				

Principal articles by			VALUES.	5 Name	and the same
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
II. Animals and their produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rennet	38,540 101,544	36,082 127,876	35,885 101,478	32,507 84,604	46,825 82,023
Silk, raw, etc	415,020	263,927	296,740	360,163	374,122
Wax, bees'	22,595 181,104	27,605 167,495	24,934 217,041	18,310 171,001	19,890 2,094,627
Other articles	53,221	90,226	109,789	148,895	109,742
III. Fisheries produce-totals	664,697	754,462	915,759	835,520	E00 717
					588,717
Anchovies and sardines. Cod, haddock, ling and	6,366	5,337	5,322	5,226	7,853
pollock, all kinds Halibut	22,425 76,441	36,275 107,678	18,476 123,371	13,159 86,286	15,739 54,470
Herring	18,365	16,164	10,132	16,016	14,960
Lobsters	3,512 1,527	6,849 929	3,564 1,182	3,491 647	2,650 394
Oysters	378,907 5,930	405,218 13,630	404,647 83,708	388,431 61,838	256,048 7,310
Seafish, other Other fish, fresh, pickled,	695	2,112	22,191	6,897	4,431
smoked, etc	74,037	70,575		132,720	119,351
Total fish	588,205	664,767	795,573	714,711	483,206
Cod	26 5,134	110 5,428			562 4,541
SealOther	25 5,916	. 8,182	672 18,340	20 11,422	12,547
Total fish oils Other articles of the fish-	11,101	13,731	26,564		17,650
eries	65,391	75,964	93,622	104,205	87,861
IV. Forest produce—totals.	12,775,449	15,030,290	20,016,029	16,601,319	9,553,706
Corkwood	47,246 49,906		27,360 69,112		12,247 36,009
Felloes of hickory or oak,	- P. (6)	04,017	09,112	11,044	30,009
rough sawn to shape only, etc.	57,776	112,883	112,238	79,861	41,381
Handles, heading, stave and shingle bolts	129,228				142,031
Hickory billets Hickory and oak spokes,	62,552	93,556	86,246	69,995	34,904
etc Hubs, for wheels, etc	239,309 100,272	234,828 142,924	308,820 136,020	231,328 74,893	185,414 67,868
Ivory nuts, vegetable Fence posts and railroad	56,365	55,864		70,222	23,067
ties	1,197,805	1,115,132	1,856,711	2,326,843	1,255,127
Logs and round unmanufactured timber	698,388	786,423	997,099	648,200	475,061

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by		G	UANTITIES.			
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
IV. Forest produce—con.	V-					
Lumber and timber, planks and boards,						
etc., viz.:— Boards, planks, deals, etc	216,026	430,740	443,502	266,638	157,740	
Cherry, chestnut, etc	16,485 2,625	16,814 2,364	26,127 3,378	22,661 2,334	13,619 1,321	
Oak	57,519 94,048	62,280 91,441	80,645 118,868	62,272 135,348	34,079 95,182	
Timber, hewn and sawed Shingles	5,570 6,967	63,112 7,293	143,633 8,793	53,113 5,567	16,232 3,177	
Walnut	590 2,426	470 2,961	620 3,859	485 2,417	384 1,357	
ber		-	-	- 1		
Wood for fuel cord Other articles of the forest	28,109	33,135	43,937	29,072	23,145	
V. Manufactures.						
Ale, beer and porter gal. Ale, ginger	847,359	1,004,773	1,473,919 -	1,541,698	739,548	
Antiseptic surgical dress- ing	-			-		
phalt	455,720 416,038	552,232 531,533	848,618 651,451	715,716 729,580	605,193 520,088	
bagatelle tables Baskets			Note Siles	1-20ha -	-	
Belting, all kinds, except rubber and leather Belts, surgical, trusses	_			-	-	
and suspensory bandages		etel		-	-	
Belts, all kinds, n.e.s Bells Billiard tables No.	1,366	2,492	775	400	120	
Binder twine lb. Binder twine, articles for the manufacture of	26,969,258	29,741,497	29,613,979	36,756,592	27,567,140	
Blacking, shoe and shoe- makers' ink, etc Blueing, laundry, all kinds	-	_	-		-	
Boats	596	793 -	669	862	766	

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

			VALUES.		
Principal articles by	Martine I		VALUES.		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
IV. Forest produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Lumber and timber, planks and boards, etc., viz.:— Boards, planks, deals,					
etc	3,812,072	5,672,396	7,011,936	4,931,371	2,648,199
Cherry, chestnut, etc Mahogany Oak Pitch pine	656,510 309,252 2,316,618 2,111,818 332,927	650,953 280,991 2,411,766 1,929,923	2,435,376	282,487 2,629,788	460,450 144,710 1,419,823 1,608,788
Timber, hewn and sawed Shingles Staves. Walnut. White ash	11,368 195,354 32,022 127,674	366,079 123,102 215,482 27,677 152,990	800,560 276,905 305,329 43,797 204,847		28,707 122,727 27,561
Other lumber and timber	135,090	261,412	258,154	198,246	133,933
timber Wood for fuel Other articles of the forest	10,040,705 77,922 17,975	12,092,771 108,321 53,619	15,868,445 149,677 72,775	89,936	
V. Manufactures—totals	158,184,084	193,182,527	276,462,655	242,037,553	166,466,376
Ale, beer and porter Ale, ginger Antiseptic surgical dress-	410,715 2,642	2,654	3,086	1,767	1,753
ing	93,747	95,175	141,986	162,214	185,698
Asphaltum or asphalt Baking powder Balls, cues and racks for	415,743 117,862	151,912	177,778		149,498
bagatelle tables Baskets Belting, all kinds, except	13,062 36,206		23,372 49,087		
rubber and leather Belts, surgical, trusses and suspensory band-	79,068				
ages Belts, all kinds, n.e.s Bells	36,311 50,680 64,113	35,762 64,885 59,658	75,585 74,288	71,928 74,864	
Billiard tables	49,533 2,088,433	72,331 2,127,714	53,401 2,311,211	35,911 3,779,434	5,016
the manufacture of Blacking, shoe and shoe-	19,608				The last of the
makers' ink, etc Blueing, laundry, all kinds Boats	72,191 3,744 26,303			5,237	5,490
Bolting cloths	20,061				

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Quantities.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
. Manufactures—con.				2		
	PAUL!	7- %	al sales			
Books, periodicals and other printed matter		111712				
Boot, shoe and stay laces.	-		-	- 4	7	
Boots, shoes and slippers,	1000					
except rubber and leather		_		_		
Braces, suspenders and						
parts of	-	-	Sec. 150	-		
Brass and manufactures						
of—	JETH TREE	5 - 3/54				
Brass, old and scrapewt.	24,069	30,499	43,617	24,980	12,0	
Brass in blocks, ingots	24,000	00,100	40,011	24,000	12,0	
or pigs cwt.	3,871	17,496	19,820	17,663	8,9	
Brass tubing, not polished, etc lb	878,816	1,226,895	1,621,989	1,436,659	1,417,9	
Brass rods and sheets	- 114 4	7 (30)	The same of	100		
for mfs cwt.	30,054 214,491	35,489	53,254 371,753	46,507 400,883	5,3 443,5	
Brass wire, plain. lb. Brass, other	414,491	210,039	0/1,/00	400,000	710,0	
Total mfs. of	-	-	-	-		
Bricks, tiles and manufactures of clay, n.e.s.	T		100			
Bricks, fire	_	_	-	I		
British gum, dextrine, siz-	601 000	040 714	1 500 400	1 000 406	979 G	
ing cream, etc lb. Brooms, whisks and	691,990	840,714	1,506,466	1,023,426	878,6	
brushes	-	-		-		
Buttons lb.	438,758	498,152	528,456	547,263	623,9	
Cane, reed or rattan, split	100,100	100,102	020,400	011,200	020,0	
or manufactured	1 111 000	1,049,210	1,601,319	- 1		
Carbons	1,111,669	1,049,210	1,001,519			
Automobiles and motor			,	T 004		
vehicles No. Automobiles and motor	3,186	5,629	7,993	5,864	5,1	
vehicles and parts of.		2 2	A-	-		
Buggies, carriages,		0111				
pleasure carts, etcNo.	1,285	1,518	1,903	1,561	. 8	
Wagons, farm, freight,				neget usaft		
and drays No.	12,442 4,817	13,351 7,019	13,936 15,096	8,719 8,933		
Cars, all kinds " Carriages, other and	4,017	7,019	10,000	0,000	٠,٠	
parts of	-	-	-	-	- Bras	
Total	T.	-		AND DE		

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by		Values.						
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.			
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Books, periodicals and other printed matter Boot, shoe and stay laces. Boots, shoes and slippers, except rubber and	3,013,026 18,376	3,510,163 18,232	4,300,775 42,788	4,354,747 35,959	3,284,842 49,910			
leather	30,296	25,808	40,261	60,039	61,612			
Braces, suspenders and parts of	43,896	43,174	63,848	67,248	37,495			
Brass and manufactures of—								
Brass, old and scrap	243,277	312,792	542,190	291,667	128,379			
Brass in blocks, ingots or pigs	43,776	198,231	292,526	232,831	102,067			
Brass tubing, not polished, etc	174,169	236,010	348,747	. 313,836	276,818			
Brass rods and sheets for manufactures	424,181	512,237	912,290	735,148	91,965			
Brass wire, plain	36,529	31,232	66,847	68,752	70,171			
Brass, other Total mfs. of	1,295,072 2,217,004	1,470,976 2,761,478	2,199,142 4,361,742	1,963,473 3,605,707	1,782,866 2,452,266			
Bricks, tiles and manufac- tures of clay, n.e.s	661,887	1,264,672	1,977,553	1,587,395	1,182,096			
Bricks, fire	791,202	754,202	882,569	890,143	431,990			
British gum, dextrine, sizing cream, etc Brooms, whisks and	22,937	32,746	58,628	43,160	28,176			
brushes	207,357	226,840	300,966	295,629	176,475			
Buttons	287,221	345,385	508,807	458,094	362,284			
Candles	67,496	69,046	71,503	71,242	80,356			
or manufactured	42,414	53,220	17,430	4,965	5,132			
Carbons	196,023	191,630	300,263	299,400	222,987			
Carriages and parts of— Automobiles and motor								
vehicles	3,829,435	6,045,609	9,084,726	6,528,086	4,591,182			
Automobiles and motor vehicles and parts of.	494,264	850,906	763,129	3,926,077	2,142,895			
Buggies, carriages,	102 001	00.150	104 765	00 850	42 005			
pleasure carts, etc Wagons, farm, freight	103,021	99,150	104,765	99,558	43,895			
and drays	583,600		641,510	417,498	145,960			
Cars, all kinds Carriages, other, and	651,355	2,375,342	7,968,572	6,927,160	572,351			
parts of	965,168	1,021,218	1,266,548	1,268,513	579,075			
Total	6,626,843	11,006,218	19,829,250	19,166,892	8,075,358			

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.				440		
Carpets, n.e.syd. Carpet sweepersno. Cash registers" Celluloid and manufac-	1,440 1,773 1,450	920 1,450 936	2,747 3,570 1,215	1,753 5,793 -	55: 9,24: -	
tures of		-			Ī	
Chicory, kiln-dried, roasted or groundlb. Church vestments	54,778	171,632	92,928	61,250	82,21	
Clocks, clock cases, springs and movements Clothes wringersNo.	8,587	11,045	12,108	1 200 000	070.07	
Coal and pine pitch. gal. Cocoa carpeting, mats and matting Cocoa, desiccatedlb.	2,838,512 - 4,528	1,163,680 - 18,732	1,172,539 _ _ 2,124	1,329,889 - 4,372	970,87 - 4,15	
Cocoa paste, chocolate paste, etclb. Coffee, roasted or ground,	1,818,374		712,206	952,630	1,345,10	
extracts of, etclb. Coketon Collars and cuffs	631,304 762,827	593,514 641,224	784,434 709,966	977,224 708,440	726,45 506,63	
Combs, dress and toilet Copper and manufactures of—						
Copper in blocks, pigs or ingotsewt. Copper in bars and rods	46,562	53,497	50,716 298,656	49,995 270,051	44,22 144,78	
in coil, etccwt. Copper in strips, sheets or platescwt. Copper tubing, not pol-	196,541 32,930	268,863 31,111	43,774	39,531	33,48	
ished, etclb. Copper wire, plain, tin-	287,882 272,406	278,531 372,474	481,438 463,545	500,992 495,610	500,610 93,380	
ned or platedlb. Copper, other Total	_			_	I de la	
Cordage and twineslb. Corks and other manufac- tures of cork bark	895,996	1,221,538	1,507,146	1,333,716	1,460,99	
Corsets, corset clasps, etc Costumes and scenery, theatrical Cotton, manufactures of-		-	u - 19.7			
Duck, grey or white, over 8 oz. per sq. ydyd.	514,804	1.364,198	2,914,095	1,988,683	1,158,95	
Embroideries, white and cream coloured	-	-		-		

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Carpets, n.e.s	684 6,435 120,633	400 3,894 65,266		702 23,633 210,260	131 43,905 121,177
Celluloid and manufactures of	178,435 264,046 33,333	169,247 678,036 35,187	173,289 1,777,535 40,013	$\begin{array}{r} 153,192 \\ 274,555 \\ 42,419 \end{array}$	114,165 94,127 36,677
Chicory, kiln-dried, roasted or ground Church vestments	3,718 1,481	9,680 1,686	6,092 2,497	4,343 2,675	6,779 2,188
Clocks, clock cases, springs and movements Clothes wringers Coal and pine pitch	349,420 25,219 163,244	366,758 33,253 70,321	528,942 36,405 74,619	462,895 33,999 74,733	283,414 26,101 53,107
Cocoa carpeting, mats and matting	2,017 560	2,918 3,184			2,190 837
Cocoa paste, chocolate paste, etc	399,364	287,382	151,631	216,415	337,885
extracts of, etc	99,602 1,886,127 155,216 52,705	104,895 1,634,102 180,484 53,441	191,676 2,022,312 159,024 50,438	2,058,715 96,845	163,322 1,444,992 74,191 26,575
of— Copper in blocks, pigs or ingots	600,135	677,516	840,081	778,094	585,600
Copper in bars and rods in coil, etc	2,604,649	3,553,155	4,996,701	4,333,471	2,056,510
Copper in strips, sheets or plates Copper tubing, not pol-	523,831	504,383	852,783	718,956	551,155
ished, etc Copper wire, plain, tin-	63,862	61,244	115,375		110,369
ned or plated Copper, other Total Cordage and twines	64,135 193,891 4,050,503 113,003	71,853 220,465 5,088,616 144,422	104,846 369,909 7,279,695 193,791	344,104	22,400 180,018 3,506,052 190,606
Corks and other manufac- tures of cork bark Corsets, corset clasps, etc Costumes and scenery,	122,807 389,824		567,283	650,593	519,618
theatricalCotton, manufactures of—Duck, grey or white, over 8 oz. per sq.	3,590	7,035	4,246	6,383	8,247
yd Embroideries, white	195,334				
and cream coloured	29,491	33,530	43,791	42,248	145,277

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.					Marie Carlo	
Cotton, mfs. of—con.						
Grey, unbleached cotton fabrics yd.	2,806,261	E 161 910	0 204 140	9 005 057	1 010 757	
White or bleached cot-	2,000,201	5,404,040	6,384,140	3,025,857	1,812,757	
ton fabrics yd.	3,530,717	4,415,608	6,725,206	8,405,231	7,471,140	
Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured yd.	7 718 660	11,196,760	15 100 374	14 496 999	15,215,506	
Handkerchiefs	-	-	-	-		
Sheets, bed quilts, pil-						
low cases, etc	54,875	49,586	83,396	84,611	67,013	
Sewing thread on spools	-	-	-	_	-	
Sewing cotton thread in hanks	2,642	5,536	78,918	100,716	133,382	
Clothing	2,012	- 0,000	-	-	100,002	
Lace, white and cream	The state of the s		- Constitution			
Socks and stock-	100 PM			I III	78	
ingsdoz. prs.	128,804	109,227	147,306	155,498	246,114	
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics yd.	121,794	115,217	122,797	177,663	142,133	
Cottons, other	121,101	- 110,217	-	- 177,000	142,100	
Total	0.055.500		4 400 007	0 550 040	0.410.054	
Cotton waste lb. Cotton yarns "	3,277,738 250,968	3,537,463 382,250	4,102,237 476,932	3,778,846 $268,650$	2,412,874 $412,962$	
Crapes	-	-	-	-		
Curtains and shams	-	-	T going T	-	-	
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines	THE TOPE			- N. N. M. S.		
Duck for belting and hose	The second	Ma-i	-	-	-	
Earthenware and china- ware	195				AUDITA I	
Elastic, round or flat	D	Proper	1 14 14			
Electric apparatus, mo-	TO THE			The State of		
tors, etc Electric light carbons and			THE PARTY	- wat like	TO THE PARTY OF	
carbon points	3,649	1,522	3,050		E 1657	
Embroideries, n.e.s Emery wheels and manu-		-	= 14,5,51		- PARINGT	
factures of emery, etc		The state of the s	3 3 9 2			
Express parcels		-	-		-	
Fancy goods	- FEMT	V-TRI		the notes	anna B	
Fibreware	7-1-1	-	-	-	-	
Fireworks	7	-	-	The St Texton	9 6	
Fish hooks, nets, seines, etc		-	-	-	The Party of the P	
Flax, hemp, jute and man-	446	The state of				
ufactures of		-			200	

16.—Im ports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Di intertida bu	VALUES.					
Principal articles by classes.	1911.	i912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
NIKS NORTH AND A	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
V. Manufactures—con.						
Cotton, mfs. of—con. Grey, unbleached cot-	10 7			esta in the		
ton fabrics	188,852	274,217	369,547	201,945	116,721	
White or bleached cotton fabrics	308,084	358,993	590,425	701,662	657,583	
Fabrics, printed, dyed	172 3 3				MAN TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF TH	
or coloured	843,091	1,167,528	1,561,693	1,600,314	1,580,386	
Handkerchiefs	5,039	6,677	6,050	6,111	11,049	
low cases, etc	41,535	54,997	87,750	88,859	51,449	
Shirts of cotton	266,788	264,225	449,832 257,696	444,092 132,629	341,568 96,005	
Sewing thread on spools Sewing cotton thread in	234,608	231,522	201,000	102,029	90,000	
hanks	1,131	2,832	48,004	50,902	64,815	
Clothing Lace, white and cream	923,213	1,505,377	1,921,236	1,850,695	1,521,821	
coloured	36,156	40,182	57,782	52,771	38,796	
	100 169	110 647	167,276	160 710	276 016	
Socks and stockings Velvets, velveteens and	123,163	116,647		168,718	276,916	
plush fabrics	39,131	38,319	38,378	51,345	42,761	
Cottons, other	774,867	1,014,931 5,560,141	1,413,694 7,905,089	1,440,316 7,409,051	1,251,083 6,586,703	
Total	4,010,483	206,965	231,550	225,008	168,712	
Cotton yarns	170,118	244,146	215,240	131,885	176,871	
Crapes	107	149	114	475	325	
Curtains and shams	85,414	80,143	93,021	102,849	74,399	
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines	8,044,174	8,066,129	8,986,840	8,405,061	8,892,280	
Duck for belting and hose	88,683	106,960	98,600	78,782	71,635	
Earthenware and china-	Notes in	A Million Co	-0-1-0	-		
ware	351,898	421,652		571,312	396,845	
Elastic, round or flat Electric apparatus, mo-	37,874	43,395	38,653	29,253	19,983	
tors, etc	4,269,589	4,846,161	7,161,612	7,056,427	4,821,114	
· Electric light carbons and		00 800	40 505		00.110	
carbon points	36,719 25,503	28,532 28,281	40,535 32,248		36,112 16,689	
Embroideries, n.e.s Emery wheels and manu-	20,000	20,201	02,240	20,201	10,000	
factures of emery, etc	95,464	105,559	140,137	123,729	85,020	
Express parcels	1,796,413	1,897,235	2,408,736	2,099,134	1,822,758	
Fancy goods	888,799 403,813	957,755 413,598	1,100,632 480,379	1,127,726 555,638	1,077,857 646,864	
Fertilizers	81,763	95,549			97,450	
Fireworks	33,809	39,150			12,902	
Fish hooks, nets, seines,	F00 F00	F#9 000	707 047	COF 110		
Flax, hemp, jute and man-	590,726	573,282	707,247	685,119	664,527	
ufactures of	153,891	203,151	264,170	203,067	670,207	

Principal articles by classes.	QUANTITIES.					
ciasses.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con. Furniture, wood, iron or other material Fur and manufactures of furGlass and manufactures of—						
Common and colourless window glasssq. ft. Plate glass, not bevel- led, in sheets not ex- ceeding 7 sq. ft. each,	1,426,561	1,617,328	10,130,199	10,336,026	20,284,118	
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets exceeding 7 sq. ft. each, and not exceeding 25 sq.	33,696	183,991	282,198	187,625	303,864	
feetsq. ft. Plate glass, not	13,684	12,607	52,390	42,137	190,683	
otherwise provided forsq. ft. Glass, other, and mfs.of Total	40,140	41,568 - -	75,033 - -	68,833 - -	222,038	
Glove fasteners, metal, eyelet hooks and eyelets, etc						
Gold, silver and mfs of Grease, axlelb. Gunpowder and other explosives	3,489,431	3,455,372 -	4,968,898	4,143,435 -	3,181,072	
Gutta percha, India rub- ber and manufactures of Gutta percha, crude rub-		Protection in		-		
ber, etclb. Hair and manufactures of Hats, caps and bonnets Hatters' bands (not cords), bindings, tips	8,327,986	11,121,957 - -	11,808,205	9,728,524 - -	9,998,474	
and sides, etc	1 =	Ī	=	I	-	
Iron and steel and mfs. of— Agricultural imple-				er ven		
ments— Drills, seed	6,885 14,989	7,040 11,759		5,055 -	5,112	
Harvesters, self- binding" Ploughs" All other and parts of.	1,110 52,935 -	2,531 43,356 -	2,316 27,384	3,770 - -	1,638	

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.	. \$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Furniture, wood, iron or other material Fur and manufactures of	1,119,379	1,475,769	2,753,568	2,660,071	1,313,492
fur	135,081	162,387	269,505	215,209	159,057
Common and colourless window glass Plate glass, not bevel- led, in sheets not ex-	38,326	46,988	350,353	417,417	731,241
ceeding 7 sq. feet each	8,573	24,251	52,459	37,755	68,115
not exceeding 25 sq. feet	3,889	1,658	10,654	9,558	49,141
Plate glass, not otherwise provided for Glass, other, and mfs.of Total Glove fasteners, metal,	11,172 1,028,751 1,090,711	8,081 1,242,167 1,323,145	17,209 1,644,674 2,075,349	14,709 1,615,020 2,094,459	62,797 1,098,662 2,009,956
eyelet hooks and eyelets, etc	197,339 319,943 297,193 158,425	212,139 337,217 330,009 170,268	264,303 400,785 460,035 237,813	184,562 323,964 339,045 202,108	169,520 279,072 201,370 134,667
Gutta paraba India rub	285,185	463,063	790,311	665,003	723,752
Gutta percha, India rubber and mfs. of Gutta percha, crude rub-	1,410,790	1,591,308	2,716,240	2,505,727	2,061,528
ber, etc	4,470,347 73,070 1,173,654	4,967,218 88,737 1,498,934	5,637,479 118,547 1,911,510	3,631,044 80,833 1,890,573	2,936,293 44,051 1,589,026
cords), bindings, tips and sides, etc Ink	64,127 112,005	59,720 102,912			82,395 94,747
Iron and steel and mfs.					
Agricultural implements— Drills, seed Harrows Harvesters, self-	355,791 229,747	349,266 143,507			63,771 67,174
binding Ploughs All other and parts of.	115,794 1,992,555 1,765,558	264,890 1,351,867 2,056,286	215,129 1,371,149 2,315,837	336,675 1,011,557 1,594,156	177,158 497,787 727,865

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.						
Iron and steel and mfs. of —con,			Lex Est	4		
Threshing machine separators No. Portable engines with boilers, and traction engines for farm pur-	1,282	2,866	3,291	1,643	597	
poses No. Sewing machines. " Typewriting machines" Engines, gasoline. " Bar iron or steel	2,137 13,366 11,214 8,683	3,831 14,549 16,643 14,008	3,994 17,763 18,120 26,966	1,128 15,901 12,144 19,569	464 14,766 7,223 14,292	
rolledcwt. Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than	1,693,038	1,713,886	2,439,355	2,056,400	728,249	
60 lb. per lineal yardcwt. Iron in pigston.	584,422 151,349	1,478,612 122,565	1,613,677 237,043	565,113 173,233	198,700 50,403	
Iron or steel railway bars or rails ton. Rolled iron or steel	29,645	89,827	149,849	178,321	27,555	
angles, etc cwt.	872,274	1,091,402	1,706,826	1,698,175	507,404	
Rolled iron or steel beams, etc cwt.	1,563,340	2,445,044	3,735,265	3,495,401	1,233,655	
Rolled iron or steel sheets or plates.cwt. Rolled iron or steel sheets polished or	432,973	419,019	818,955	723,988	274,183	
sheets, polished or not, No. 14 gauge and thinner cwt. Sheets, flat, of galvan-	419,063	509,529	1,314,347	770,692	577,882	
ized iron or steel, cwt. Skelp iron or steel,	168,879	241,459	557,006	337,133	301,341	
sheared or rolled in grooves	1,141,736	1,720,132	2,252,212	2,008,856	1,885,782	
steel bowls for Cream separators, materials for manufac-			25	Nie teale		
ture of	558,168	786,096	1,829,459	1,221,019	1,163,511	
and not less than \(\frac{1}{4} \) in thickness cwt.	298,539	317,615	424,975	398,248	102,374	

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

LANCE OF THE PARTY	Mark Line		37.30		
Principal articles by			Values.		olisia)
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Iron and steel and mfs. of —con.					
Threshing machine sep- arators Portable engines with boilers, and traction engines for farm pur-	740,550	1,404,455	2,175,811	926,751	302,495
poses. Sewing machines Typewriting machines Engines, gasoline	3,574,179 319,040 685,834 1,321,958	6,021,052 313,044 965,057 1,935,152	7,312,480 400,646 1,140,638 3,301,369	2,293,649 306,768 721,259 2,456,507	691,120 301,054 401,046 1,873,486
Bar iron or steel	2,533,747	2,333,362	3,401,180	3,093,901	1,020,028
Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yard. Iron in pigs	571,923 2,084,729	1,376,657 1,517,214	1,590,900 2,988,119	668,220 2,341,407	189,925 620,422
Iron or steel railway bars or rails	820,866	2,399,903	3,851,268	4,901,851	704,468
Rolled iron or steel angles, etc	1,262,409	1,420,549	2,398,199	2,492,458	677,877
Rolled iron or steel beams, etc	2,134,678	3,036,097	4,954,886	4,924,971	1,576,769
Rolled iron or steel sheets or plates, etc Rolled iron or steel	642,479	592,772	1,186,799	1,134,427	407,197
sheets, polished or not, No. 14 gauge and thinner Sheets, flat, of galvan-	999,318	1,172,984	3,052,323	1,872,338	1,243,333
ized iron or steel Skelp iron or steel,	507,691	668,857	1,537,464	1,018,536	819,178
sheared or rolled in grooves	1,530,585	2,021,185	2,768,703	2,727,174	2,103,595
steel bowls for Cream separators, ma-	263,384	236,311	350,518	303,439	291,959
terials for manufac- ture of	345,850	289,618	220,974	254,781	193,607
not over $\frac{3}{8}$ in. in diameter Boiler plate, not less than 30 in. in width	751,811	935,260	2,132,014	1,464,366	1,304,637
and not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ in. in thickness	457,189	465,847	652,976	635,877	143,335

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
. Manufactures—con.			aay's		
Iron and steel and mfs. of					
—con. Rolled iron or steel					
plates, not less than					
30 in. in width and not less than \(\frac{1}{4} \) in. in					
thicknesscwt.	759,444	680,507	1,118,945	1,046,956	431,5
Barbed fence wire of iron or steel cwt.	338,187	376,518	446,122	234,810	
Wire, curved or not,	330,107	370,310	440,122	204,010	325,
galvanized iron or		Day 1	911		
steel, Nos. 9, 12 and 13 gaugecwt.	517,915	640,842	781,479	676,213	745,
Other, and mfs. of	-	-	-	the Shift To	7.81
Total	_				
Jellies, jams and pre-	69,272	102 001	134,239	134,106	106
serveslb. Jewellery	-	183,801			106,
Junk and oakum cwt. Jute cloth, not col-	10,327	18,832	17,552	14,525	15,
oured, etc yd.	585,914	234,756	624,102	2,789,784	1,810,
Jute canvas, uncol- oured, etc			150,000	882,728	14,
Jute, flax or hemp yarn,	and the		100,000	002,120	14,0
plain, dyed or coloured, etclb.	396,699	339,925	901,159	399,875	276,
Lead and manufactures of	-	-	- 501,105	-	210,
Leather and mfs. of— Leather, belting leather					
of all kinds lb.	44,573	21,970	15,966	-	
Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep skins,				2	
dressed, waxed or					
glazed lb. Glove leather, tanned	404,821	627,585	518,757	-	
or dressed, etc lb.	880,937	1,088,414		-	
Upper leather, includ-		la collection		DAVE NOT THE	
ing dongola, cordo- van, kangaroo, alliga-	o filt it				
tor, etc lb.	314,107	236,582	321,974	-	
Boots and shoes, slip- pers and insoles of	13				
leather	-		-	Osato panella	
including horse boots	-	-	-	-	
Other leather, and mfs. of					
Total	-	-	-	-	7040
Limebbl.	194,809	229,565	360,209	$774,156^{1}$	594,0

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con. Iron and steel and mfs. of	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
—con. Rolled iron or steel plates, not less than 30 in. in width and not less than 4in. in					
thickness Barbed fence wire of	1,054,967	874,606	1,530,579	1,536,956	638,756
iron or steel	727,210	765,916	887,974	503,201	627,162
steel, Nos. 9, 12 and 13 gauge Other, and mfs. of Total Ivory, manufactures of Lilling in any and pro-	990,541 35,233,399 64,013,782 22,879	1,147,494 43,369,668 79,428,876 23,282	1,330,909 63,582,175 117,110,245 35,989	1,219,510 54,347,521 95,344,131 21,151	1,281,757 34,432,361 53,379,322 12,521
Jellies, jams and preserves. Jewellery Junk and oakum Jute cloth, not coloured	12,516 897,648 22,879	21,734 1,015,727 53,708	1,166,553	27,700 1,001,258 52,035	16,715 590,880 44,477
etc	15,755	10,775	31,615	164,433	95,466
etc	-		8,900	48,844	899
etc	26,815 46,010	26,326 127,644			25,793 605,543
of all kinds	15,530	10,096	10,451	21,528	8,844
dressed, waxed or glazed Glove, leather, tanned	341,832	434,997	368,654	458,622	870,157
or dressed, etc Upper leather, including dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alliga-	506,227	577,273	796,342	638,939	517,647
van, kangaroo, alliga- tor, etc Boots and shoes, slip- pers and insoles of	238,369	195,094	271,582	370,633	291,076
leather	1,742,699	2,405,669	3,483,997	3,616,112	2,900,134
including horse boots Other leather, and mfs.		197,322	165,785	109,559	93,076
of	1,031,779 4,047,312 143,338	5,140,525	7,607,488	6,647,202	5,842,861

Principal articles by			Quantities		
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con. Lime juice and other fruit juicesgal. Machine card clothing Magic lanterns and slides	30,8 <u>44</u> -	43,538	50,840	77,634	123,615
for Malt, extract of Marble, manufactures of Mattresses	-		-	-	
Mats, door or carriage Metals and mfs. of Minerals substances, manufactures of	8162	- 1/2		_	
Mucilage Musical instruments Mustard and mustard				4 -	
cake, etc. Newspapers and maga- zines. Noils.	_				
cotton seed cake and meal	49,257	76,037	118,004	91,475	239,613
Oils, cocoanut and palmgal. Oils, otherOiled cloths, all kinds,	98,042	1 42,6 09	147,086 -	166,772 -	178,736
cork matting and lino- leumOptical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instru-	-				-
Packages	-	=	=		
Paper and manufactures of— Hangings of wall paper, including borders, roll	2,501,732	2,744,830	3,110,815	3,512,496	2,692,256
Printing paper lb. Tarred and other building paper	7,659,193	12,565,707	13,862,314	13,004,362	6,127,746
Wrapping paper lb. Other paper and mfs. of. Total Pencils, lead	1,705,332	2,064,006	5,274,263	4,155,708	6,209,612
rulers Perfumery, non-alcoholic	_	_	=		1
Photographic dry plates. Picture and photograph frames	-		-		-

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by		Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
V. Manufactures—con. Lime juice and other fruit	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
juices	37,473 11,364	52,241 11,568	65,089 16,545	112,591 17,169	127,972 14,032		
for	422,542 51,121 101,258	551,208 54,251 155,469	876,670 49,715 190,782	1,154,174 49,295 165,844	1,251,668 61,327 100,277		
Mattresses	4,539 1,352	4,976 1,233	15,905 337	6,508 20,788	4,165 324		
Metals, and mfs. of Mineral substances, man- ufactures of	3,736,860 255,572	4,346,540 336,806		4,721,656 498,775	3,380,920 251,856		
Mucilage	25,505 1,125,752	25,215	31,662	28,915	31,815		
cake, etc Newspapers and maga-	28,928	29,571	43,226	37,737	41,564		
zines	787,893 8,226		1,052,558 128,670	1,212,194 151,018	1,339,730 278,376		
cotton seed cake and meal	72,629	114,445	167,252	132,874	309,192		
Oils, cocoanut and palm. Oils, other Oiled cloths, all kinds, cork matting and lino-	86,137 691,154	116,926 830,390	126,847 980,505	162,818 950,545	161,338 752,263		
leum	320,264	368,419	467,261	472,594	333,718		
ments	806,955 538,832 575,027	933,873 552,336 686,359	1,224,093 755,810 938,378	753,764 677,168 828,870	681,149 438,869 759,224		
of— Hangings of wall paper, including borders Printing paper Tarred and other build-	229,000 373,904	257,145 490,546	324,727 499,432	324,760 483,947	226,000 284,564		
ing paper	394,593 54,479 2,607,709 3,659,685	466,125 62,968 2,868,934 4,145,718	683,124 141,621 3,995,582 5,644,486	509,086 119,901 3,984,808 5,422,502	317,349 130,374 3,023,320 3,981,607		
Pencils, lead	152,955	191,961	229,507	203,553	184,859		
rulers Perfumery, non-alcoholic Photographic dry plates	116,329 199,654 19,808	152,407 240,373 17,937	131,721 326,643 16,933	$105,857 \\ 406,811 \\ 16,261$	66,983 345,585 13,509		
Picture and photograph frames	77,128	97,100	123,663	123,538	84,072		

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.				MAYE	
Pitch and tar, pine.gal. Plaits, straw, tuscan and	1,416,937	1,788,570	3,944,491	2,625,731	2,920,562
grass	= =			351,614	129,439
or metal Pocketbooks, purses,	-	-	-		Total L
tobacco pouches, etc Polish or composition, knife or other					The Kind of
Pomadeslb. Post office parcels	1,936	551 -	15 -	and I	TERNE.
Precious stones, polished, etc	(F)	-	-	-	- 10 m
etccwt. Regalia and badges Resincwt.	304,460 - 213,546	338,210 - 254,679	479,034 - 267,508	505,875 268,670	421,726 240,557
Ribbons	210,040	201,010	201,000	200,010	-
flint paperSauces, catsup and soygal.	100,673	109,844	151,632	130,530	99,877
Ships, vessels and repairs on	-	_	-	_	
Signs of any material and letters for signs Silk and manufactures of.	_			-	
SlateSoap—					
Common or laundry lb. Castile	3,710,675 52,974	5,265,491 54,422	6,514,381 68,440	6,805,057 31,867	7,461,682 30,791
ToiletOther soap, powders,			The state of the s		
Totallb.	814,116	903,677	900,126	704,734	866,259
Spectacles, eye-glasses, frames, etc	-	-		200-	-
Spirits— Brandy, including artificial brandy, etc.gal.	1,032	1,354	794	1,651	725
Gin of all kinds " Rum"	142 8,268	85 9,057	867 7,009	$\frac{281}{7,285}$	340 5,597
Whiskey" Spirits, other" Total"	4,306 9,241 22,989	7,716 13,046 31,258	17,875 19,599 46,144		

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

				WILLIAM E			
Principal articles by		VALUES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Pitch and tar, pine Plaits, straw, tuscan and	64,870	76,622		112,309	THE MINES		
grass Plaster or Paris Plates engraved on wood	107,806 146,952	115,261 207,449	119,515 247,292	114,884 133,707	136,514 46,488		
or metal	48,002	56,208	71,244	55,830	77,701		
tobacco pouches, etc Polish or composition,	352,267	404,656	417,824	366,058	246,219		
knife or other Pomades	88,771 1,176	87,212 859	123,896 16	113,888	74,975		
Post office parcels Precious stones, polished,	730,500	761,757	932,494	Victoria de la companya della companya de la companya de la companya della compan			
etc	39,082	64,661		45,393			
Regalia and badges	700,021 22,899	846,336 31,766	45,338	1,094,229 48,990	27,217		
Resin	500,942 119,941	676,070 137,399	723,438 149,853	541,329 164,437	416,710 181,104		
Sand, glass, emery and flint paper	145,555	157,927	175,181	159,677	118,605		
Sauces, catsups and soy Ships, vessels and repairs	81,178	92,914	136,936	124,430	106,031		
on	430,867	284,922	772,174	994,414	661,213		
letters for signs	74,756	98,561	123,425	138,195			
Silk and manufactures of . Slate	699,345 140,257	922,431 160,733	1,224,852 199,078	1,163,129 211,836	1,300,802 169,169		
Soap— Common or laundry	209,236	302,904	362,933	367,001	387,268		
Castile	6,418	6,375	7,075	4,058	3,862		
Toilet Other soap, powders,	179,110	277,127	325,776	323,823	372,800		
etc	219,177 613,941	221,068 807,474	316,840 1,012,624	312,017 1,006,899	170,035 933,965		
Spices	85,589	98,025	90,139	84,414			
frames, etc	105,941	127,124	125,228	116,985	93,775		
Brandy, including arti-	The Hill						
ficial brandy, etc	2,577	2,889	1,889	4,385	1,997		
Gin of all kinds	$\frac{192}{3,269}$	$\frac{92}{4,159}$	1,383	2 506	1,141 2,030		
RumWhiskey	9,832	23,182	2,710 $54,751$	2,596 $72,079$	33,194		
Spirits, other	74,692	100,544	140,476	118,434	91,444		
Total	90,562	130,866	201,209	198,028			

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
. Manufactures—con.					
Starch, etclb. Stockinettes for manufac-	1,552,246	1,582,954	1,877,155	1,816,822	2,084,66
ture of rubber boots	-	_	-		
Stone, manufactures of Straw, manufactures of					
Sugar and syrupslb. Candy and confection-	3,120,897	505,323	28,797,360	17,820,672	41,813,6
erylb. Glucose and saccharine "	1,251,351 4,536,694	1,848,681 3,831,494	2,756,476 7,571,618	4,456,623	4,389,3
Molassesgal.	164,074	476,197	525,413		509,6
Surgical and dental instruments	_	-		-	
Tape lines Teeth, artificial		_		-	E VA
Tin and manufactures of— Tin, in blocks, pigs and				AND AND	
barscwt. Tin plates and sheets "	11,004 374,587	12,710 666,494			
Tin foillb.	921,190				
Tinware and all other manufactures of	- 1	-	1 . R 2	-	
Total			-	-	
tures of— Cigaretteslb.	1,874	2,899	4,497	2,977	1,7
Cigars"	12,390 99,172	11,404	17,564	12,960	6,7
Other and mfs. of	193,050	175,499 215,074	223,331	159,865	82,9
Total"	306,486	404,876	542,982	510,953	352,
Tobacco pipes, etc Trawls and trawling	-		-		in Nipus
spoonsTrunks and valises, hat	-		-		
boxes, etc	000 949	045 070	1 140 604	070 470	904,
Turpentine, spirits of gal. Twine and manufactures	868,343	945,276	1,142,624	970,479	904,
of		-		-	Under
sunshades		- 1000			
Varnish, lacquers, japans, etcgal.	73,734	72,027	87,824	63,650	46,8
Vinegàr"	47,879		16,416	26,724	
Watches, watch cases, movements, glasses, etc.	400			-	
Wax, manufactures of Webbing, elastic and non-	-	-		V FISST	
elastic	_		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

			V.		
Principal articles by			VALUES.	MAN IN LA	decen.
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Starch, etc Stockinettes for manufac-	50,369	69,111	71,250	68,952	73,064
ture of rubber boots	48,306	47,727	78,575	43,670	54,714
Stone, manufactures of	393,042	495,039	726,037	669,879	307,393
Straw, manufactures of	16,589	12,135	20,873	21,340	14,073
Sugar and syrups	71,246	19,394	801,336	388,249	1,281,071
Candy and confectionery	172,156	247,215	356,783	304,806	218,065
Glucose and saccharine	85,526	83,393	176,212	102,845	116,672
MolassesSurgical and dental in-	31,472	99,301	96,663	95,753	85,063
struments	247,147	284,637	378,659	435,330	345,385
Tape lines	6,458	9,484	5,072	6,860	3,778
Teeth, artificial	136,284	148,301	150,431	162,636	154,488
Tin and manufactures of— Tin, in blocks, pigs and					
bars	395,876	509,332	1,023,280	866,014	498,684
Tin plates and sheets	1.202.314	2,148,688	3,594,554	2,859,061	2,580,909
Tin foil	117,799	146,151	170,265	165,475	149,632
Tinware and all other manufactures of	308,310	374,162	439,749	511,578	466,981
Total	2,024,299	3,178,333	5,227,848	4,402,128	3,696,206
Tobacco and manufac-	2,021,200	0,1,0,000	0,22,,020	2,102,120	0,000,200
tures of—	0.510	0.500	19.007	10.000	7 404
Cigarettes	6,512 56,242	9,500 47,254	13,667 75,288	10,860 57,718	5,484 28,544
Cigars	53,208	104,428	174,802	202,740	154,722
Other and mfs. of	89,570	103,333	100,654	76,270	45,152
Total	205,532	264,515	364,411	347,588	233,902
Tobacco pipes, etc	51,877	53,287	99,147	65,667	44,107
Trawls and trawling	36.00				
Trunks and valises, hat	24,277	19,717	25,052	23,992	22,014
boxes, etc	55,570	69,180	124,953	113,590	47,317
Turpentine, spirits of	674,352	626,042	572,943	454,670	458,561
Twine and manufactures	20 440	21 050	47 000	40 100	25 024
of	38,440	. 31,958	47,269	42,180	35,034
sunshades	12,757	14,951	25,927	18,776	16,438
Unenumerated	346,548	575,286	1,001,008	643,615	505,731
Varnish, lacquers, japans,	119,797	124,109	151,105	118,479	86 040
etc Vinegar	5,816	3,481		5,165	
Watches, watch cases,				0,100	0,200
movements, glasses, etc.	767,249	912,139		880,183	
Wax, manufactures of	178,727	201,369	267,690	216,525	168,829
Webbing, elastic and non- elastic	243,781	281,064	269,722	189,883	146,888
Whips, thongs and lashes	9,447	13,356		21,314	
P.,		,	00,101		

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.			* 1			
Window cornices, poles, shades, rollers, etc Wine, non-sparkling gal. Wine, sparklingdoz. Wood and manufactures of Wool and manufactures of—	52,091 165	66,327 330	80,549 813	70,510 578	45,627 149	
Cassimeres, cloths and doeskins yd.	18,987	19,820	61,046	70,823	143,182	
Coatings and overcoatingsyd. Tweeds	2,348 3,439	2,736 1,934	4,088 3,931	13,089 14,394	16,136 100,428	
Knitted goods, including knitted under- wear	_	-	-			
Socks and stockings of all kindsdoz. prs.	19,202	24,185	36,731	33,889	21,898	
Yarns composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, the hair of		44.0	W 104	27.040	45,000	
the goat, etc lb. Yarns, woollen and	2,071	14,973	7,184	21,646	45,896	
worsted " Fabrics and mfs. composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, etc	4,329	7,600	5,932	4,300	19,207	
children's outside garments	_	-	_	W 45.7	Yali -	
Clothing, ready-made and wearing apparel Other, and mfs. of		4-114-5	-	-	=	
Total. Yarns, n.e.s. lb. Zinc and manufactures of	9,298	33,514	35,824 -	38,829 -	67,701	
Other manufactured articles		at the state of		pleas -	-	
VI. Mineral produce.						
Clays Coal, anthracite and dustton. Coal bituminous	3,434,399 7,735,360	4,084,407 10,490,492			4,356,268 9,113,165	
Emery, in bulk, crushed, or ground	190,103	252,193	529,943	403,938	248,441	

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Window cornices, poles, shades, rollers, etc Wine, non-sparkling Wine, sparkling Wood and manufactures	25,066 25,986 1,555	35,381	39,091	35,586	24,121	
of		2,883,128	4,140,644	3,643,835	2,384,365	
Cassimeres, cloths and doeskins	10,909	13,237	34,944	66,933	161,815	
ings Tweeds Knitted goods, includ-	1,345 1,961	2,325 1,426	2,564 2,710	8,730 4,917		
ing knitted under- wear Socks and stockings of	74,902	97,668	160,294	108,136	52,999	
all kinds	27,747	43,477	81,264	70,800	46,903	
worsted, the hair of the goat, etc	1,805	3,453	2,956	10,288	29,536	
Yarns, woollen and worsted Fabrics and mfs. com- posed wholly or in part of wool, worsted,	3,107	5,275	3,422	3,758	10,334	
etc	72,163	E REEL	160,449	197,271	515,211	
garmentsClothing, ready-made	123,911	139,027	191,909	255,057	349,528	
and wearing apparel. Other, and mfs. of Total. Yarns, n.e.s. Zinc and manufactures of.	481,188 167,459 996,497 2,366 521,019	596,195 194,760 1,177,500 7,627 667,687	861,705 282,121 1,784,338 7,233 540,024	753,517 300,912 1,780,319 39,872 449,545	527,049 769,415 2,645,304 97,051 733,054	
Other manufactured articles	1,242,907	1,428,307	2,399,319	1,474,910	1,538,148	
VI. Mineral produce—totals	39,840,610	50,637,307	59,843,903	66,614,695	51,081,049	
Clays	162,099	127,057	206,126	226,885	200,769	
Coal, anthracite and dust Coal, bituminous Emery, in bulk, crushed	14,577,365	20,313,077	20,415,060	26,064,157	16,097,495	
or ground	39,590 188,648	45,505 236,591	45,826 443,958	36,897 390,488		

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by		Quantities.			
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
VI. Mineral produce—con.					
Lithographic stones, not engraved				Veikin	
Marble, sawn only Marble, rough, not ham-			L selling		
mered or chiselled Mineral and aerated				-	
waters				-	
aluminumcwt.	176,534 2,113	210,995 2,181	262,419 6,092	299,918 1,758	250,805 4,851
Other minerals	,	-	-		- 1,001
Coal and kerosene, distilled, purified or re-			Total	al Allerta	
fined gal. Oils, products of petro-			16,496,527	- CIRCLE DO	
Oils, lubricating, composed wholly or in	2,000,099	5,410,415	4,091,173	5,138,909	5,723,266
part of petroleum gal. Oils, other	3,528,045 71,000,992	4,373,375 96,693,951	185,679,913	5,134,973 145,560,851	4,360,438 219,534,783
Ores of metals, n.o.p.cwt. Ore, ironton	17,840,207	17,737,734	898,244 1,256,996	1,504,024	765,714
Phosphate rock			-	1946	
unset, diamond dust or bort, and black dia- monds for drills	in man		10.0		
Salt	575,905	596,796	792,645	943,247	943,529
sandstone, etc ton Stone, granite, sawn	27,294	19,408			- T
whiting or whitening cwt.	771 21,920	594 20,438	48,412	45,776	44,096
Other mineral products VII. Miscellaneous produce					
Articles the growth, pro-	FT RIVE				
duce or manufacture of Canada, returned after	A Private	ear Hin	z in sites		AME'S
having been exported Articles for the use of the Governor-General					TWO!
Articles for army and				new publication	
Articles ex-warehoused for ship's stores		_			
1Not given generately i	n 1011 and	1010			

¹Not given separately in 1911 and 1912.

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
VI. Mineral produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Lithographic stones, not engraved	7,719 138,289	9,591 158,992	7,135 203,319	7,123 195,359	2,914 150,374	
Marble, rough, not ham- mered or chiselled Mineral and aerated	20,177	55,086	59,559	101,516	89,327	
waters	51,218	58,685	69,765	49,591	38,493	
Alumina, or oxide of aluminum	353,872	421,827	525,017	600,454	501,807	
Litharge Other minerals	10,667 113,153	11,885 196,285	29,680 228,905	10,600 192,094	23,865 171,642	
Oils, mineral— Coal and kerosene, distilled, purified or re-						
finedOils, products of petro-	541,876	659,898			653,241	
leumOil, lubricating, com-	277,037	337,547	432,217	618,506	588,238	
posed wholly or in part of petroleum Oils, other	461,856 3,332,242	521,144 4,303,687	819,159 10,278,747	707,811 10,531,634	570,364 8,026,234	
Ores of metals, n.o.p Ore, iron	3,330,600	3,253,711	672,237 3,191,643	982,890 3,160,664	469,578	
Phosphate rock Precious stones, diamonds unset, diamond dust or	60,762	42,540	24,137	16,221	17,122	
bort, and black diamonds for drills	50,525 128,704	191,266 137,355				
Stone, flag, granite, rough sandstone, etc	123,606	77,801	118,385	91,962	73,858	
Stone, granite sawn only Whiting or whitening	3,200 11,659	4,506 11,826	22,555 26,607	10,868 24,066	3,076 21,885	
Other mineral products	243,582	306,055		366,939	335,858	
VII. Miscellaneous produce totals Articles the growth, pro-	22,088,415	38,318,293	18,400,190	27,114,565	142,414,057	
duce, or manufacture of Canada, returned after						
having been exported Articles for use of the	394,615		451,219			
Governor-General Articles for army and	2,241 1,900	473 1,456	3,198 13,993		2,127 2,727,305	
Articles ex-warehoused for ships' stores	690,211	681,905	Sant-In-		923,158	
	- 1011 and	- 91-1-11-2	102,000	130,011		

¹Not given separately in 1911 and 1912.

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—concluded.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
ciasses.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
VII. Miscellaneous produce —con. Bacteriological products or serums	333,926 - 325,802	190,006	1913. - 173,289 - - - 220,533	1914. 		
blocks, ingots, drops, sheets or plates, un- manufactured			_			

I. Agricultural produce.					
Bamboo reeds, cut to length					
Breadstuffs, etc., viz.—			58	Z 8	
Biscuits, all kinds lb.	2,102,210	2,204,708	2,433,405	2,928,648	2,646,814
Macaroni and ver-	5,355,769	6 257 035	8,035,873	10 543 560	6,701,681
Rice, all kinds "	42,282,989		55,615,133		
Rice and sago flour "			1,145,592		
Other breadstuffs. " Total breadstuffs "	4,042,146 $54,519,647$		72,244,780	4,368,291 80,724,418	
	52,510,011	. 0,0 20,200	. 2,211,100	00,121,110	00,100,000

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—concluded.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
VII. Miscellaneous produce —con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Bacteriological products or serums	62,737	79,981	103,197	87,696	95,988	
turned	96,136	96,174	99,259	163,607	181,803	
tion of medals, etc Coffee, green	1,063 43,574	622 28,942	1,664 28,882	1,829 26,403		
Models of inventions, and other improvements Paintings in oil or water	62,593	36,385	40,299	44,062	27,738	
colours Settlers' effects	472,000 9,919,073	10,138,164	10,675,453	349,958 9,238,698	5,213,211	
Sponges Tea Other miscellaneous ar-	64,236 41,955			77,992 38,648	62,523 76,557	
ticles	146,200	176,879	272,597	258,067	280,571	
Coins, British and Canadian, and foreign gold coinsGold bullion in bars, blocks, ingots, drops,	7,725,302	24,092,215	3,010,911	13,649,197	117,050,072	
sheets or plates, un- manufactured Silver bullion in bars, blocks, ingots, drops,	1,385,172	877,606	1,244,367	834,756	14,424,816	
sheets or plates, un- manufactured	979,407	956,155	1,117,234	736,810	509,553	

I. Agricultural produce—	\$	*	\$	\$	\$
totals	47,061,788	51,869,087	55,391,008	53,544,539	52,449,384
Bamboo reeds, cut to					
length	11,027	3,848	8,622	9,582	3,331
Breadstuffs, etc., viz					
Biscuits, all kinds	237,486	239,974	276,568	361,106	287,935
Macaroni and vermi-				I THE THE	
celli	245,938	292,106	392,890	493,330	307,144
Rice, all kinds	896,697	1,231,887	1,469,425	1,542,247	1,571,232
Rice and sago flour	17,265	20,447	28,715	31,737	24,479
Other breadstuffs	111,264	148,572	171,905	117,815	96,257
Total breadstuffs	1,508,650	1,932,986	2,339,503	2,546,235	2,290,378
		SELLE STAY		in this is	

Deinsinal auticles has		7 6 9	Quantities		
Principal articles by classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
I. Agricultural produce—					
Grain and products of-					
Beansbush. Indian corn for dis-	47,517	72,323	400,848	177,434	170,273
tillation purposes "	869,150		975,252		
Indian corn" Oats"	11,523,646 16,389		8,901,946		
Peas"	26,276	83,245 31,405	207,281 166,894	61,974 125,972	
Wheat "	115,396	121,841	616,395	133,370	1.870.174
Other grains " Total grains "	156,912 12,755,286	24,291 16,273,300	127,301 11,395,917	58,370	
Bran, mill feed, etc	12,700,200	10,270,000	- 11,090,917	7,755,599	13,885,270
Cereal foods	-			-	
Indian or corn meal bbl. Oatmeallb.	41,991 13,090	41,924 21,635	55,754 95,274	51,034 37,914	61,367
Wheat flour bbl.	60,738	47,217	59,081	55,207	34,552 54,705
Other grain products	-	- 1 m		-	-
Total grain products. Grand total bread-	-x		7 11 =	_	
stuffs	-				-
Broom corn		-		Pena	-
Cane and rattans, not manufactured					
Cidergal.	6,407	1,672	4,762	5,897	3,594
Cocoa beans, not roasted,		F COA 040	0.010.000	0.000 555	F 7700 0770
crushed or ground lb. Cocoanuts	3,181,547 3,628,231	5,604,949 3,939,572	6,613,083 4,472,968	6,887,757 4,057,737	5,760,873 3,908,817
Cotton wool or raw cot-					0,000,011
tonlb.	81,262,163	72,793,905	77,457,809	76,993,026	73,032,453
Fibre, Mexican, istle or tampico	1,855	1,614	2,465	1.857	960
Fibre, vegetable, n.e.s."	12,632				
Florists' stock Fruits, dried, including	_			-	
nuts—		E CALL TO	William Bridge		
Apples lb.	140,094	279,688	339,758	259,034	115,366
Currants	11,000,240 3,543,081	12,756,897 3,260,954	12,217,006 3,983,050	10,670,300 4,371,230	10,928,641 3,199,934
Dates. " Figs. "	4,759,673	5,501,373	4,421,294	3,277,450	3,279,422
Prunes and plums "	9,301,561	12,950,053	8,942,599	10,592,068	8,263,372
Raisins	21,023,665 4,641,867	23,846,500 4,141,506	24,423,150 5,527,385	21,664,379 4,275,201	22,618,070 4,116,280
Nuts, all kinds "	14,192,215	16,724,559	18,234,794	19,568,801	17,241,610
Total dried fruits "	68,602,396	79,416,530	78,089,036	74,678,463	69,762,695
Fruits, green— Applesbbl.	150,961	195,069	320,325	330,907	269,359
Bananasbunches	1,849,422	2,193,182	2,145,423	2,635,099	2,549,926
Berries, all kinds	245 020	E14 1E4	071 610	1 004 707	020 704
Cherries lb.	345,932	514,154	971,619	1,084,797	938,704

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

		*	XI.				
Principal articles by		VALUES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
I. Agricultural produce—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Grain and products of-							
Beans Indian corn for distilla-	101,338	152,880	777,375	349,330	323,991		
tion purposes	490,072	565,697	686,549	740,768	690,355		
Indian cornOats	6,951,747 10,646	9,757,947 45,066	5,525,982 83,316	3,950,934 26,189	6,734,199 701,365		
Peas	85,676	107,393	360,583	267,659	144,094		
Wheat	98,662	104,051	549,617	115,675	1,803,338		
Other grains Total grains	97,674 7,835,815	19,430 $10,752,464$	86,678 8,070,100	41,828 5,492,383	79,953		
Bran, mill feed, etc	32,889	38,467	70.947	30,167	10,477,295 56,710		
Cereal foods	333,884	250,647	353,211	346,761	261,087		
Indian or corn meal	122,720	125,030	176,804	168,818	217,108		
Oatmeal Wheat flour	716 245,365	1,066 199,707	3,347 $267,917$	1,925 239,833	1,919 256,533		
Other grain products	121,832	132,088	221,777	291,223	285,640		
Total grain products.	857,406	747,005	1,094,003	1,078,727	1,078,997		
Grand total bread- stuffs	10 901 971	19 490 455	11 509 606	0 117 045	19 046 670		
Broom corn	10,201,871 389,173	13,432,455 437,001	11,503,606 377,462	9,117,345 324,590	13,846,670 285,574		
Cane and rattans, not	000,110	101,001	011,102	021,000	200,014		
manufactured	14,823	12,383	59,091	68,551	50,101		
Cider	3,267	1,457	2,705	3,341	2,514		
crushed or ground	382.834	691,669	903,446	961,334	710,407		
Cocoanuts	73,074	101,920	112,212	117,665	83,758		
Cotton wool or raw cot-	11 555 105	7 000 407	0 707 101	0 ==0 40=	0 700 004		
ton Fibre, Mexican, istle or	11,757,105	7,932,467	8,735,191	9,752,437	6,533,631		
tampico	21,653	19,103	27,050	20,317	13,004		
Fibre, vegetable, n.e.s	62,533	54,470	73,933	70,187	90,382		
Florists' stock Fruits, dried, including	203,213	244,108	293,418	467,695	322,945		
nuts—							
Apples	11,260	29,887	16,520	15,576	7,336		
Currants	551,562	684,395	655,735	545,213	583,167		
Dates	159,647 202,384	175,227 240.129	208,938	243,194	208,017		
Prunes	459,985	860,405	233,045 466,868	186,226 550,175	188,696 528,262		
Raisins	1,139,983	1,526,238	1,349,076	1,242,253	1,441,771		
Other dried fruits	296,904	362,765	365,815	278,151	256,669		
Nuts, all kinds Total dried fruits	1,396,131 4,217,856	1,631,153 5,510,199	1,686,948 4,982,945	1,918,689 4,979,477	1,721,680 4,935,598		
Fruits, green—	1,221,000	0,010,138	1,004,010	1,010,111	4,900,098		
Apples	487,516	681,086	837,134	1,104,302	646,994		
Bananas Berries, all kinds	1,782,420 319,322	2,071,965 $345,528$	2,368,762	2,663,453	2,296,381		
Cherries	44,744	67,034	581,754 103,038	681,001 120,397	607,319 102,397		
	,-11	0,001	100,000	120,001	102,001		

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by		(QUANTITIES.		
Principal articles by classes.		. 1		The Life Life	
THE STATE OF	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
I. Agricultural produce—	77	4			
concluded. Fruits, green—con.				- 16 FSW	
Cranberriesbush.	40,022	31,903		73,629	$28,256^{1}$
Grapes lb.	3,934,255	6,303,329	6,247,527	7,712,447	6,200,160
Oranges, lemons and limes, etc	E- 14_		4-62		
Peacheslb.	8,137,846	8,970,646		12,137,209	12,733,661
Pineapples No. Plumsbush.	3,349,743 89.808	3,617,731 97,246	4,129,662 $151,650$	4,272,285 123,531	104,904
All other	> -	-	-	-	-
Total fruits, green			-	-	
Fruits, preserved Hayton.	12,247	19,721	36,472	19,923	16,078
Hemp, dressed and un-	01 017	82.661	61,000	55 579	55,370
dressed ewt. Hops lb.	81,017 1,105,824	1,374,482	64,990 1,658,113	55,572 1,957,042	1,367,106
Maltbush.	77,182	14,022	134,234	283,862	88,002
Manila grass cwt. Oils, vegetable gal.	272,638 3,080,063	290,362 2,791,463	343,644 4,664,593	189,010 3,630,223	283,660 3,694,930
Oils, vegetable lb.	3,667,979	4,723,383	1,200,404	293,512	231,752
Pickles gal.	608,412	527,552	707,214	568,045	358,741
Plants and trees Seeds, garden, field, etc	6 1 W/1=8	_	H 7 H 3	-	An -
Seed, flax lb.	9,752,792	13,969,760	327,376	68,712	12,376
Seeds, all other	y Play In	-			
Straw ton.	268	614	1,151	312	198
Sugar, maple, and maple syrup lb.	11,222	15,042	24,634	23,092	20,564
Tobacco, unmanu-			1 Y . W	The state of	
factured" Vegetables	17,204,271	17,203,513	22,153,588	17,598,449	18,595,957
Other agricultural pro-					
duce		-	-		-
II. Animals and their pro-			- 19- 15		
duce.	THE LANGE				
Animals living— Cattle	3,569	3,364	8,661	9,727	2,014
Dogs "	423	818	956	888	636
Fowls, domestic, pure bred "	7.983	9,165	27,118	28,761	76,148
Hogs	-	-	_	-	0 0 0 0 0 0
Horses No. "Sheep "	10,040 68,883	22,614 192,618	19,924 229,771	8,099 210,095	3,352 111,006
Other animals	-	-	-	-	-
Total animals, living.	-	THE VE		KENT KINT	-
Bones, crude, and bone dust, etc cwt.	64,390	132,296		120,025	
Bristles lb.	223,866	209,227	252,418		138,956 4,354,611
Eggs doz. Feathers	2,378,640	7,552,248	13,240,111	11,274,000	-
Fur skins, not dressed	-	-		-	_
1DL1					

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
I. Agricultural produce—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
concluded.						
Fruits, green—con.	100 110	00 080	101 700	100.000	100 500	
Cranberries	103,118			133,078	109,500	
Grapes	231,308	355,561	380,798	490,128	317,183	
Oranges, lemons, and limes, etc	3,268,187	3,964,435	4,156,756	4,338,086	4,246,619	
Peaches	218,564	299,913	330,599	353,483	340,739	
Pineapples	253,949	283,858	303,841	345,130	305,372	
Plums	177,604	239,916	267,580	316,560	251,791	
· All other	247,284	325,140	389,256	472,887	420,328	
Total fruits, green	7,134,016	8,733,789	9,851,108		9,644,623	
Fruits, preserved	267,681	536,287	787,828	634,775	465,201	
Hay	230,393	305,350	485,564	288,023	208,294	
Hemp, dressed and un-						
dressed	435,641	416,163	381,797	448,970	318,914	
Hops.	267,744	599,171	522,398	579,871	278,310	
Malt	65,033	13,399	112,053	238,373	80,375	
Manila grass	1,562,430	1,470,060	2,273,810	1,384,031	1,883,551	
Oils, vegetable	1,599,439	1,379,247	2,382,265	2,014,819	1,943,471	
Oils, vegetable	327,257 367,273	444,653 366,154	107,108 456,546	21,075 $424,576$	15,925 288,910	
Pickles	182,211	188,192	236,703	408,585	278,513	
Seeds, garden, field, etc	1,225,556	1,055,752	1,343,364	1,367,085	2,058,436	
Seed, flax	347,072	554,817	11,422	2,906	366	
Seeds, all other	124,940	116,945	279,454	285,426	289,699	
Total seeds	1,697,568	1,727,514	1,634,240	1,655,417	2,348,501	
Straw	4,304	6,373	10,026	3,357	2,995	
Sugar, maple and maple						
syrup	1,398	2,250	2,719	2,249	2,099	
T 1	9 900 990	4 494 555	F 710 7FF	F 100 C41	4 710 400	
Tobacco, unmanufactured	3,820,839	4,434,757	5,719,755	5,109,641	4,718,488	
VegetablesOther agricultural pro-	1,738,142	2,726,472	3,242,214	3,306,930	3,039,359	
duce	21,990	78,176	105,193	112,821	53,940	
duce	21,550	10,110	100,190	112,021	00,040	
II. Animals and their				The state of		
produce—totals	23,258,364	29,499,117	41,088,978	29,880,211	27,873,971	
Animals, living-	T-in-in-					
Cattle	127,387	130,488	242,956	269,757	99,588	
Dogs	18,321	44,619	40,103	38,098	28,337	
Fowls; domestic, pure				Kelhol 1-16		
bred	23,198	32,844	45,026	58,238	45,370	
Hogs	4,693	1,217	2,879	5,928	2,759	
Horses	1,664,771	2,866,175	2,569,826	1,258,867	471,202	
Sheep	237,410	579,890	627,677	643,990	368,159	
Other animals	162,525 2,238,305	$\begin{array}{c} 250,089 \\ 3,905,322 \end{array}$	170,969 3,699,436	236,707	209,391	
Bones, crude, and bone	4,400,000	0,000,042	0,089,430	2,511,585	1,224,806	
dust, etc	91,158	179,974	150,009	209,505	220,450	
Bristles.	167,025	170,713	223,263	214,998	132,040	
Eggs	439,066	1,617,774	2,783,665	2,630,364	1,005,976	
Feathers	60,705	118,871	190,389	121,070	39,320	
Fur skins, not dressed	3,372,334	4,163,140	5,599,199	2,241,877	1,328,864	

Maria de la companya della companya								
Principal articles by	Quantities.							
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.			
II. Animals and their pro- duce—con.				3				
Fur skins, wholly or partially dressed			1					
Grease and degras lb.	2,466,381	3,092,707	2,434,441 13,684,437	1,828,930 12,166,081	1,916,816 11,869,101			
Grease, rough " Hair, cleaned or un-	11,937,583	12,758,500		12,100,001	11,009,101			
cleaned	599,104 118,605	677,416 160,847	816,352 287,815	126,258	67,401			
Hatters' furs	43,333,909	47,900,840	64,856,440	39,016,872	59,110,483			
Honey "	341,565	434,359 133,365	652,817 261,555	538,560 453,417	163,827 120,845			
Milk, condensed " Milk and cream, fresh	173,309	_) CT -	-	-			
Oils, animal gal. Provisions, viz.—	63,831	113,639	117,653	66,410				
Butter lb. Cheese	1,227,380 866,653	3,874,587 919,189	7,989,269 1,495,758	7,317,259 1,512,108	6,822,540 1,162,465			
Lard and lard compound, etc	9,486,264	9,119,349		7,089,650	3,237,249			
Meats, viz.—	0,100,201	5,110,010	10,000,100	1,000,000	3,231,220			
Bacon and hams, shoulders and sides lb.	4,959,431	11,247,480	13,554,394	7,113,029	1,512,086			
Beef, salted " Beef, fresh "	1,170,649	1,976,949	1,018,857 609,707	642,931 5,561,911	1,012,641 771,295			
Canned meats and canned poultry								
and game " Extracts of meats, fluid	1,112,898	2,023,987	2,228,484	2,466,763	1,466,556			
beef, etc		-	-	-				
fresh	2,708,161	3,950,805			3,451,812			
Pork" Poultry and game	7,149,446	6,190,287	-	-				
Other meats lb. Total meats	2,262,226	4,367,785	4,168,509	4,007,851	1,857,168			
Rennet		-	_		A I			
Silk, raw, etc	80,226	116,827	116,173	87,762	78,804			
Wax, bees'lb.	6,422,395	7,195,436		7,252,119	13,193,986			
Other articles								
III. Fisheries produce.								
Anchovies and sardines, boxes.	5,435,268	5,047,152	7,690,651	7,446,699	5,551,898			
Cod, haddock, ling and pollock all kinds lb.	10,258,654	14,720,027		In a second	7,439,420			
Halibut" Herring"	1,642,041 10,900,684	2,280,120	2,514,833	2,314,059	1,544,680 9,816,424			
Lobster	-	-	-	10/-1	White the transfer of			
Mackerel	84,363	17,770	33,900	14,009	0,012			

Parking and the language of the					
		The second	//		1200
			VALUES.		
Principal articles by				1	
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
					20201
II. Animals and their pro-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
duce—con.					Ф
Fur skins, wholly or par-	18 10 10 10				
tially dressed	963,111	976,247	1,362,825	699,979	375,675
Grease and degras	113,189	134,286	111,447	87,067	94,457
Grease, rough	850,987	804,054	895,957	794,477	751,756
Hair, cleaned or uncleaned	161,996	134,369	114,048	109,194	72,428
Hair, horse	100,409	123,318	168,879	102,140	59,622
Hatters' furs	89,733	137,743	115,867	92,689	105,976
Hides and skins, raw	7,936,115	8,724,735		8,777,694	12,828,215
Honey	33,342	40,622	66,871	55,985	19,661
Milk, condensed	12,604	9,981	21,171	38,416 236,772	9,485
Milk and cream, fresh Oils, animal.:	35,654	38,895	64,840	39,665	77,413 27,857
Provisions, viz.—	00,001	00,000	01,010	05,000	21,001
Butter	296,303	1,016,418	2,081,989	1,823,994	1,678,056
Cheese	171,269	178,811	302,153	299,223	229,094
Lard and lard com-	1 140 704	050 055	1 500 450	700 005	000.000
pound, etc	1,146,784	858,257	1,520,450	792,025	306,030
Bacon and hams,	25-2 - 117				
shoulders and sides	834,685	1,476,473	1,946,278	1,182,899	243,483
Beef, salted	78,930	115,075	69,057	52,491	79,648
Beef, fresh	-	- 2000	57,712	390,049	70,830
	Two Heli				
Canned meats and can- ned poultry and game.	172,544	291,583	202 174	490 009	044 240
Extracts of meats, fluid	172,011	291,000	393,174	430,803	244,346
beef, etc	152,870	291,074	327,173	550,840	472,204
Mutton and lamb, fresh.	204,902	299,621	543,779	566,794	370,330
Pork.	753,833	485,560	1,026,277	1,204,505	821,411
Poultry and game Other meats	68,127 315,228	212,639 525,039	402,634 572,589	293,513 595,959	90,712 323,374
Total meats	2,581,119	3,697,064	5,338,673	5,267,853	2,716,338
Rennet	74,054	52,195	66,392	53,261	72,564
Sausage casings	138,475	165,857	162,474	162,662	174,543
Silk, raw, etc	430,337	419,357	354,147	413,821	433,739
Wax, bees'	22,752	34,931	36,255	29,131	28,700
Wool Other articles	1,496,520 235,018	1,555,395 240,788	2,063,028 290,080	1,872,089 202,675	3,717,039
Other articles	200,010	270,100	290,000	202,070	143,872
III. Fisheries produce,			Em Se	1	
totals.	1,995,091	2,409,618	2,674,776	2,331,772	1,856,298
Anchowing and sanding	. 910 490	900 795	124 044	410 0	OTH ONE
Anchovies and sardines. Cod, haddock, ling and	316,430	288,737	434,844	418,377	317,675
pollock, all kinds	495,833	786,045	691,571	442,106	368,033
Halibut	83,962	115,690	131,905	127,129	79,968
Herring	197,454	248,616	234,827	238,918	259,017
Lobsters	52,810	46,005	3,564	26,110	11,950
Mackerel	3,502	1,385	4,642	1,063	422

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by			QUANTITIES		•
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
III. Fisheries produce					
Oysters		_	-	7	Emilia -
Salmon	749,004 333,943	$\substack{1,555,650 \\ 209,378}$	1,677,427 691,483	2,952,661 613,728	461,015
Other fish, fresh, pickled, smoked, etc	-	-			
Total fish			M - 7		-
Cod gal.	116,269	119,746	120,216	95,865	136,728
Cod-liver. " Seal. "	16,533 57,038	8,979 52,649	38,922 41,839	22,466 34,307	20,442 10,836
Other"	53,343	67,122	82,608	62,997	49,868
Total fish oils "	243,183	248,499	283,585	215,635	217,874
Other articles of the fisheries					100
IV. Forest produce.				E STATE	
Corkwood D shovel handles			-		PINTER
Felloes of hickory or oak,					
rough sawn to shape				7	ALSO TO
only, etc Handle, heading, stave			70	1 to 15.	74
and shingle bolts	_	i The	-	4 -	
Hickory billets	-		-	-	
Hickory and oak spokes,				- 2 -	_
Hubs for wheels, etc		- 1		-	
Ivory nuts, vegetable Fence posts and railroad				100	P. P. W.
ties	-	-	-	-	-
Logs and round unmanu-		100			
factured timber Lumber and timber,			Marie Ti		
planks and boards, etc.,					
viz.— Boards, planks, deals,					
etc	216,373	431,024	443,736	267,113	157,884
Cherry, chestnut, etc ft.	16,739,777	16,918,734	26,329,658	23,226,168	13,663,000
Mahoganyм. ft.	3,022	2,696	3,785	2,827	1,383
Oak "	57,593	63,458	80,788	62,848	34,454
Pitch pine " Timber, hewn and sawn	94,048	91,441	118,868	135,348	95,182
Shingles	5,754	63,112	143,965	53,871	16,606
Staves	6,967 594	7,293 470	8,793 621	5,567 486	3,177 384
White ash "	2,426	2,961	3,859		1,370
Other lumber and tim-	Provide in		MIN HE IN		
ber Total lumber and					With the
timber	-		-	-	
Wood for fuelcord Other articles of the for-	28,109	33,135	43,937	29,072	23,145
est	-	331 -	_	-	-

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

	VALVES				
Principal articles by classes.	THE PERSON		Values.		MARKET STATE
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
III. Fisheries produce	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
—con. Oysters	379,531	405,955	406,818	390,449	259,063
SalmonSeafish, other	44,629 10,341	61,755 15,320	157,146 80,483	112,602 33,100	46,803 24,394
Other fish, fresh, pickled,	ev el el el				
smoked, etc	208,122 1,792,614	217,995 2,187,503	284,694 2,430,494	314,682 2,104,536	281,780 1,649,105
Fish oil—	EE 944		EG 220	20.016	
CodCod-liver	55,244 15,783	68,977 9,268	56,332 22,176	39,816 18,702	54,699 13,945
Seal	26,269	26,273	25,509	16,745	4,909
Other	23,599	32,434	30,178	24,752	22,993
Total fish oils Other articles of the fish-	120,895	136,952	134,195	100,015	96,546
eries	81,582	85,163	110,087	127,221	110,647
IV. Forest produce-totals	12,873,875	15,201,526	20,138,388	16,789,413	9,613,891
Corkwood	64,182 49,906	40,938 $54,522$	44,797 71,214	34,212 $71,051$	21,252 36,056
D shovel handles Felloes of hickory or oak,	49,500	01,022	11,214	71,001	50,000
rough sawn to shape	57,776	112,883	112,238	79,861	41,381
only, etc	51,110	112,000	112,200	19,001	41,001
and shingle bolts	129,228	158,006	262,428	219,221	142,031
Hickory billets	62,552	93,556	86,246	69,995	34,914
Hickory and oak spokes, etc	239,309	234,828	308,820	231,328	185,414
Hubs for wheels, etc	100,297	142,924	136,733	74,989	67,892
Ivory nuts, vegetable	56,365	55,960	70,224	70,222	23,067
Fence posts and railroad ties	1,197,805	1,115,132	1,856,711	2,326,843	1,255,137
Logs and round unmanu-	600 107	001 179	1 001 717	670.016	405.059
factured timber Lumber and timber,	699,107	821,173	1,001,717	679,816	485,953
planks and boards, etc.,	24				
viz.— Boards, planks, deals,				Total Contra	
etc	3,815,687	5,676,556	7,015,312	4,945,091	2,653,020
Cherry, chestnut, etc	670,775	655,220	892,963	805,169	462,729
Mahogany	347,750	314,409	475,148	338,820	152,769
Oak	2,321,936	2,449,542	3,227,113	2,660,839	1,437,924
Pitch pine	2,111,818	1,929,923	2,435,376	2,912,363	1,608,788
Timber, hewn and sawn Shingles	332,927 11,379	366,764 123,102	800,560 277,551	523,244 104,166	544,483 29,494
Staves.	195,354	215,482	305,329	181,624	122,727
Walnut	32,685	27,677	43,857	28,764	27,561
White ashOther lumber and tim-	127,674	152,990	204,847	119,552	71,443
ber	148,950	292,234	305,400	203,983	138,843
Total lumber and			DI CHANGE		
Wood for fuel	10,116,935 77,922	12,203,899 108,321	15,983,456 149,677	12,823,615 89,936	7,249,781 63,856
Other articles of the for-	11,922	103,521	149,077	89,950	00,000
est	22,491	59,384	54.127	18,324	7.157

classes.	, Quantities.					
ciasses.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures.			area of			
Ale, beer and porter gal.	1,186,155	1,459,747	2,033,692	2,082,194	1,061,065	
Ale, ginger	= = =	~		1	1 hours	
Antiseptic surgical dressing		-17				
Asphaltum, or			The color		K	
asphalt	512,627 422,547	623,701	1,043,951	1,070,354		
Baking powder lb. Balls, cues and racks for		538,039	667,904	737,297	528,477	
bagatelle tables	-	-	- 1	2 / fill - 1	S 1 20 - 1	
Baskets		7	CALLE	N IV VET	novince 7-	
Belting, all kinds, except rubber and leather		NO.				
Belts, surgical, trusses			at white	departure of		
and suspensory band-						
ages, etc Belts, all kinds, n.e.s			_	= 1 /1 = -	_	
Bells	- 1	-	-	-	-	
Billiard tables No.	1,475	2,750	1,077	693 36,757,907	254 28,577,030	
Binder twine lb. Binder twine, articles for		29,836,997	20,102,120	50,151,501	40,011,000	
the manufacture of	- 3-5-0		-	- 0 - 1 -	-	
Blacking, shoe, and shoe-				N III III	1 = 15 = 15 _ 1	
makers' ink, etc Blueing, laundry, all kinds		-		o my /		
Boats No.	627	846	722	894	802	
Bolting cloths	-		-		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	
Books, periodicals and other printed matter			_		-	
Boot, shoe and stay laces	-	-	-	-	-	
Boots, shoes and slippers,			TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	at the	Tillian S	
except rubber and leather	_	- / -			-	
Braces, suspenders and						
parts of		E - 1881 -	-	- 1		
Brass and mfs. of— Brass, old and			Marin Marin			
scrap cwt.	24,463	31,727	44,487	25,358	12,461	
Brass, in blocks,	2 020	10 020	19,922	17,862	8,929	
Brass tubing, not	3,939	18,032	19,522	11,002	0,020	
polished, etc lb.	1,631,291	1,891,065	2,254,884	1,955,896	1,615,018	
Brass rods and	20 001	26 261	54,499	47,849	5,440	
sheets for mfs cwt. Brass wire, plain lb,	32,201 248,842	36,261 255,746	411,838	413,276	445,992	
Brass, other	-	-	-	-	3853-	
Total mfs. of	- WW-		4		A	
Bricks, tiles and manufac-	THE REAL PROPERTY.	The said				
tures of clay, n.e.s		-	-			
Bricks, fire			4 4 4 4		Series in	

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
V. Manufactures—totals	298,757,039	340,573,248	456,463,594		286,214,321	
Ale, beer and porter	695,347	951,403		1,338,893		
Ale, gingerAntiseptic surgical dress-	28,635	30,313	33,977	34,014	27,743	
ing	146,556	154,526	197,887	241,544	251,463	
1113	110,000	101,020	10.,00.	211,011	201,100	
Asphaltum or asphalt	452,250	552,171	847,162	833,624	635,204	
Baking powder	118,619	152,725	179,341	207,323	150,549	
Balls, cues and racks for	19,186	25,701	31,658	28,784	19,921	
bagatelle tables	84,818		127,009			
Baskets Belting, all kinds, except	04,010	110,401	121,005	100,010	30,020	
rubber and leather	279,468	356,164	515,206	478,388	247,912	
Belts, surgical, trusses				No. 10		
and suspensory band-	40.075	44.015	00 455	00.070	44 100	
ages, etc	43,275 131,291	44,815 145,383		63,252 94,957	44,183 70,505	
Belts, all kinds, n.e.s Bells	111,284	102,900	129,179 119,267	127,065	96,687	
Billiard tables	74,771	130,951	102,475	103,804		
Binder twine	2,104,111	2,136,481	2,320,351	3,779,589		
Binder twine, articles for	Train Inc.	dillinos.			Printer.	
the manufacture of	20,606	29,388	25,474	12,872	9,947	
Blacking, shoe and shoe- makers' ink, etc	83,224	105,660	126,249	133,047	128,223	
Blueing, laundry, all kinds		43,562	50,066	55,448		
Boats	28,507	39,931	31,396	35,659	29,866	
Bolting cloths	21,068	20,259	21,188	24,788	21,440	
Books, periodicals and	4 540 501	W 00W 000	0.000	0 400 100	F 100 F00	
other printed matter	4,548,791	5,327,806	6,377,245	6,463,103		
Boot shoe and stay laces Boots, shoes and slippers,	220,190	197,316	272,159	248,891	142,535	
except rubber and						
leather	127,475	135,546	250,925	317,644	265,904	
Braces, suspenders and						
parts of	68,303	63,027	89,192	89,181	55,045	
Brass and mfs. of—	I THE REAL PROPERTY.			Salta Maria		
Brass, old and scrap	248,333	325,772	553,405	295,765	132,484	
Brass, in blocks, ingots,	-20,000	0=0,	000,200	200,100	by to passed	
or pigs	44,989	204,668	294,698	235,198		
Brass tubing, not pol-	200 250	0.40 500	451 100	445 485	A P HOM	
ished, etc Brass rods and sheets	289,659	340,720	471,193	417,457	312,517	
for mfs	454,011	523,873	934,109	757,200		
Brass wire, plain	41,197	38,147	74,069	71,514	70,754	
Brass, other	1,695,221	1,868,659	2,656,093	2,418,425		
Total mfs. of	2,773,410	3,301,839	4,983,567	4,195,559	2,747,926	
Bricks, tiles and manu-						
factures of clay, n.e.s	1,030,736	1,601,418	2,303,602	1,838,001	1,336,546	
Bricks, fire	864,465			1,110,161	482,763	
			New Met		100	

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1919—con.							
Principal articles by		QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
V. Manufactures—con.							
British gum, dextrine, sizing cream, etc lb. Brooms, whisks and brushes	1,090,787	1,340,657	1,960,479	1,440,365	1,188,761		
Buttons	639,812	740,550	820,751	772,974	785,035		
or manufactured No. Carbons No. Carriages and parts of—Automobiles and	1,116,626	1,051,608	1,613,225				
motor vehicles No. Automobiles, etc.,parts	3,488	6,022	8,377	6,288	5,476		
ofBuggies, carriages, pleasure carts,				-			
etc							
and drays No. Cars, all kinds " Carriages, other, and	12,449 4,916	13,353 7,183	13,953 15,221	8,720 8,992	3,026 2,280		
parts of	23,032	2,813	4,011	6,800	1,092		
Carpet sweepers No. Cash registers Celluloid and manufac-	1,736 1,450	1,450 936	3,578 1,215	5,803	9,255		
tures of	=	- <u> </u>		_	=		
etclb. Church vestments Clocks, clock cases		537,822	601,799 -	423,555	303,569		
springs and movements Clothes wringers No. Coal and pine pitch, gal.		11,048 1,646,387	12,117 1,434,231	1,457,579	1,064,269		
Cocoa, carpeting, mats			*				
Cocoa desiccated lb. Cocoa paste, chocolate paste, etc lb.	301,892	- I W WIN		1,048,482 7,787,246	672,837 6,028,927		
Coffee, roasted or ground extracts of, etclb. Coketon.		692,567	995,663	1,144,931	831,654 506,799		
Collars and cuffs Combs, dress and toilet.	-	_	_		1 -		

¹Carpets, other, are included under the head of "Wool and mfs. of".

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

	VALUES.						
Principal articles by			101145				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
** ** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *							
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
British gum, dextrine, siz-			# 300				
ing cream, etc	37,271	46,578	72,686	54,991	26 174		
Brooms, whisks and	01,211	40,010	12,000	04,991	36,174		
brushes	482,530	549,874	697,297	691,215	409.932		
Buttons	627,539	587,613	870,978	861,283	561,496		
Candles	86,097	89,004	98,705	91,268	96,163		
Cane, reed or rattan, split					00,100		
or manufactured	42,952	55,621	22,133	6,977	8,844		
Carbons	196,644	194;676	307,094	299,404	223,294		
Carriages and parts of—				The state of			
Automobiles and motor	1.00# 100	0 544 445	0 700 000				
vehicles	4,235,196	6,511,115	9,738,839	7,213,375	4,888,704		
Automobiles, etc.,parts	522,223	070 710	770 040	2 000 070	0.100.100		
Buggies, carriages,	022,220	876,710	778,948	3,966,379	2,166,193		
pleasure carts,							
etc	107,605	106,066	107,058	101,290	44,176		
Wagons, farm, freight	101,000	100,000	101,000	101,200	11,170		
and drays	584,493	614,553	642,951	417,642	146,090		
Cars, all kinds	662,768	2,392,818	7,972,282	6,931,214	579,226		
Carriages, other and				No.			
parts of	1,145,574	1,252,578	1,562,244	1,467,951	699,026		
Total	7,257,859	11,753,840	20,802,322	20,097,851	8,523,415		
Carpets, n.e.s. ¹	6,415	1,582	2,150	3,491	216		
Carpet sweepers	6,456	3,894	13,305	23,702	43,940		
Cash registers	120,633	65,266	61,523	$210,260^{2}$	$121,177^2$		
tures of	219,501	224,625	245,366	914 091	170 901		
Cement	500,721	944,825	1,965,857	214,981 352,134	176,281 132,492		
Chalk, prepared.	36,776	39,779	45,260	46,982	39,841		
Chicory, kiln-dried,	00,110	05,110	10,200	10,502	00,011		
roasted or ground	16,960	30,727	34,142	20,130	16,611		
Church vestments	45,241	38,613	56,963	59,469	30,935		
Clocks, clock cases,							
springs and movements.	501,649	539,360	718,996	679,382	366,369		
Clothes wringers	25,240	33,280	36,484	34,215	26,144		
Coal and pine pitch	188,971	95,315	88,941	81,249	58,374		
Cocoa carpeting, mats	10 005	04 405	90,000	00 700	11010		
and matting	18,665	24,167	38,839	32,780	14,019		
Cocoa paste, chocolate	28,488	47,658	67,286	102,285	62,275		
paste, etc	1,053,989	1,072,519	1,057,306	1,770,712	1,429,893		
Coffee, roasted or ground,	1,000,000	1,012,019	1,001,000	1,110,112	1,420,000		
extracts of, etc.	120,960	127,265	227,000	273,250	188,215		
Coke	1,887,493	1,637,091	2,023,253	2,060,914	1,445,836		
Collars and cuffs	353,352	369,903	324,858	212,608	124,047		
Combs, dress and toilet	218,385	212,959	238,147	174,646	126,687		
		THE MISSING		2 1115			

¹Carpets, other, are included under the head of "Wool and mfs. of".

²Includes parts of.

	QUANTITIES.					
Principal articles by classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.						
Copper and manufactures		521	LE, F			
Copper in blocks, pigs or ingots cwt.	46,568	53,497	51,216	50,956	44,226	
Copper in bars and rods in coil, etccwt.	213,968	269,253	305,733	270,282	144,782	
Copper in strips, sheets or platesewt.	33,728	32,205	44,811	39,877	33,576	
Copper tubing, not polished, etc lb.	517,911	573,328	889,056	824,059	622,326	
Copper wire, plain, tin- ned or plated lb.	275,557	395,301	466,802	498,908	103,630	
Copper, other			_	8E N_		
Cordage and twines lb. Corks and other manu-	3,016,636	3,622,217	4,631,113	4,561,997	4,388,060	
factures of cork bark Corsets, corset clasps, etc.	y		_	_		
Costumes and scenery, theatrical		_	<u> </u>	_		
Cotton, manufactures of- Duck, greyorwhite, over						
8 oz. per sq. yd yd. Embroideries, white	1,562,372	2,117,536	4,129,164	3,555,145	2,000,791	
and cream coloured Grey, unbleached cot-		_	- 1		Oliv Oglio	
ton fabrics yd. White or bleached cot-	7,097,068	10,231,750	16,472,152	26,942,693	9,243,306	
ton fabrics yd.	28,625,511	26,515,235	33,954,134	39,930,501	31,684,330	
Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured yd.	63,656,847	58,641,247	70,995,736	69,103,236	53,010,296	
Handkerchiefs Sheets, bed quilts, pil-						
Shirts of cotton doz.	102,330	90,240	120,034	118,193	84,332	
Sewing thread on spools Sewing cotton thread in		280,442	338,102	550,933	486,667	
hankslb,	404,302	-	-	-	-	
Lace, white and cream coloured	-	_	-	-	_	
Socks and stock- ingsdoz.prs.	776,930	742,263	869,514	831,537	528,738	
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics yd.	2,360,387	2,640,093	3,430,226	3,595,984	3,474,654	
Cottons, other	4 005 661	6,120,018	7,395,896	7,233,610	4,559,923	
Cotton waste, etc. lb. Cotton yarns "	4,905,661 2,006,585					

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	*	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Copper and manufactures				A SECOND		
Copper in blocks, pigs,	000-001	677 516	947 204	702 961	585,610	
or ingots	600,261	677,516	847,394	792,861	505,010	
in coil, etc	2,845,060	3,558,502	5,103,844	4,338,199	2,056,510	
or plates	536,862	505,769	874,070	725,169	552,890	
Copper tubing, not polished, etc	106,416	115,323	201,217	192,322	137,491	
Copper wire, plain, tin-		75,635	105,515	115,899	24,667	
ned or plated Copper, other	64,720 231,010	260,420	416,490	417,035	203,687	
Total	4,384,329	5,193,165	7,548,530	6,581,485	3,560,855	
Cordage and twines Corks and other manu-	354,631	393,788	571,419	577,938	492,001	
factures of cork bark	327,048	353,117	519,728	522,957	305,223	
Corsets, corset clasps, etc.	415,587	505,796	577,384	668,336	536,439	
Costumes and scenery, theatrical	3,653	7,135	5,329	7,205	8,322	
Cotton manufactures of-						
Duck, grey or white, over 8 oz. per sq. yd	368,769	609,467	1,131,705	909,886	580,430	
Embroideries, white and				Carrie and	3-5/4	
and cream coloured	1,248,507	1,482,746	1,549,711	1,143,703	827,829	
Grey, unbleached cotton fabrics	535,201	626,806	1,061,683	1,454,498	584,219	
White or bleached cot-	0 440 707	0 202 622	2 002 120	2 210 255		
ton fabrics	2,440,787	2,393,633	3,003,130	3,319,255	2,622,792	
or coloured	6,018,487	5,829,166	7,042,249	6,580,065	5,299,869	
Handkerchiefs Sheets, bed quilts, pil-	603,398	620,048	832,652	652,616	481,483	
low cases, etc	620,431	790,800	1,109,557	1,184,927	819,378	
Shirts of cotton	509,413	468,456	655,976	629,471	442,555	
Sewing thread on spools Sewing cotton thread in	525,140	523,742	506,605	310,606	216,002	
hanks	290,094	182,139	193,685	295,635	248,486	
Clothing	1,847,785	2,435,746	3,044,538	2,949,986	2,182,376	
Lace, white and cream coloured	1,077,244	1,328,024	1,685,532	1,144,225	818,419	
Socks and stockings	944,582	881,929	1,120,535	1,070,702	639,010	
Velvets, velveteens and		VOICE CONTRACTOR			STATE OF	
plush fabrics	713,725	765,559	996,310	1,015,823 $3,470,192$		
Cottons, other	1,973,955 19,717,518	2,413,276 $21,351,537$	3,312,530 27,246,398			
Cotton waste	330,485	400,617	443,043	466,438	288,850	
Cotton yarns	938,012	1,141,130	1,233,388	1,056,343	866,861	

Principal articles by		QUANTITIES.				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	. 1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	5					
Crapes	-	2 152	-	-	-	
Curtains and shams Drugs, dyes, chemicals,				* * V	HE SHIP	
medicines		- en 5-	-	1 July 2	-	
Earthenware and china-						
ware Elastic, round or flat	-	-	200	1 To 1 To 1	=	
Elastic apparatus, mo-						
tors, etc Electric light carbons and		7	-	-	-	
carbon points M.	5,362	3,120	5,152	-	-	
Embroideries, n.e.s Emery wheels and manu-		Tall 15	-	, Page 1		
factures of emery, etc		-	-	_	F - 1	
Express parcels Fancy goods					TABLE	
Fertilizers	-	-	-		- 1	
Fibreware. Fireworks.					3, 37	
Fish hooks, nets, seines,						
etc Flax, hemp, jute and man-			4 - 1			
ufactures of		-				
other material		-	an aka			
Fur and manufactures of fur						
Glass and manufactures of—						
Common and colourless window glasssq. ft.	38 568 790	45 704 064	FF 010 470	47 000 100	20 444 204	
Plate glass, not bevel-	50,500,129	45,704,964	55,912,478	41,928,125	38,441,324	
led, in sheets not exceeding 7 square feet			The state of			
eachsq.ft.	1,921,054	1,820,067	2,047,881	1,400,211	946,182	
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets exceed-		L. W.				
ing 7 sq. feet each.			1 1 1	MALVE A		
and not exceeding 25 sq. feetsq. ft	924,984	1,115,979	1,720,005	1,396,493	807,134	
Plate glass, not		_,,_,	2,120,000	2,000,200	201,101	
otherwise provided for	1,233,847	1,482,286	2,421,271	1,854,882	1,054,063	
Glass, other, and mfs.		-			PIE. TEL	
Total	TIELL	-		-		
Glove fasteners, metal, eyelet hooks and eye-			200			
lets, etc.			-			
Gloves and mitts	-		-	-		

Principal articles by	Values.						
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Crapes	18,509	13,341	12,239	11,612	8,434		
Curtains and shams Drugs, dyes, chemicals,	739,100	683,264	738,875	594,841	389,272		
medicines	12,500,518	12,980,514	17,028,932	15,326,612	14,122,776		
Duck for belting and hose	93,612	113,887	102,102	78,782	74,425		
Earthenware and china-	50,012	110,001	102,102	0,102	1,120		
ware	2,398,416	2,582,966	3,265,180	3,131,105	1,940,765		
Elastic, round or flat	168,841	191,530	184,908	148,249	134,306		
Electric apparatus, mo-			a frie				
tors, etc	4,775,968	5,618,147	8,579,944	8,404,501	5,693,512		
Electric light carbons and					THE COLUMN TO		
carbon points	61,421	56,024	71,067	88,844	44,368		
Embroideries, n.e.s	132,177	138,701	143,701	121,174	48,317		
Emery wheels and manu-	02 000	105 000	141.017	104 959	00.007		
factures of emery, etc Express parcels	95,892 1,800,305	105,833 1,900,891	141,017 2,410,484	124,353 2,103,138	86,027 1,825,184		
Fancy goods	4,004,751	4,273,424	5,000,874	4,879,431	3,175,566		
Fertilizers	426,338	446,702	540,644	605,215	715,336		
Fibreware	83,171	97,730	143,274	159,714			
Fireworks	47,795	54,917	55,361	28,727	24,670		
Fish hooks, nets, seines,					2,000		
etc	1,118,657	1,075,848	1,403,430	1,333,737	1,368,151		
Flax, hemp, jute and man-							
ufactures of	3,872,172	4,300,862	3,791,642	3,298,599	4,345,123		
Furniture, wood, iron or	1 000 000	. ==0 200	0 4				
other material	1,339,898	1,750,698	3,177,085	3,049,874	1,506,756		
Fur and manufactures of	E70 100	E97 A16	702 051	710 500	401 000		
fur	576,182	537,416	793,051	719,596	401,889		
of—	3/5/10/39						
Common and colourless	THE PERSON	Coult bear					
window glass	892,583	1,111,470	1,481,086	1,497,422	1,247,871		
Plate glass, not bevel-	,		-,-,-,-	1,101,111	1,21,011		
led, in sheets not ex-			THE STATE OF				
ceeding 7 sq. feet each	250,201	288,466	351,778	248,516	191,567		
Plate glass, not bevel-							
led, in sheets exceed-	1 4 1 10 10 10				HAMA BYE		
ing 7 sq. feet each,		LESO, YE					
and not exceeding 25	199 006	100 466	210 002	000 610	100 000		
Plate glass, not other-	183,006	199,466	312,823	280,612	186,080		
wise provided for	318,359	367,776	532,572	390,795	269,745		
province for	010,000	001,110	002,012	000,100	200,140		
Glass, other, and mfs.		Part Hilliam	THE REST	USA TOTAL			
of	1,815,939	2,133,108	2,692,172	2,657,175	1,629,089		
Total	3,460,088	4,100,286	5,370,431	5,074,520	3,524,352		
Glove fasteners, metal,		1-2-21			Mary Mary		
eyelet hooks and eye-		00= 000	001 5	242.2			
lets, etc.	224,025		304,515	219,643	200,893		
Gloves and mitts	2,098,745	1,893,305	2,793,606	2,722,130	1,768,106		
	1)					

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	Ay					
Gold, silver and manufactures of		7 780			and the second	
Grease, axle lb. Gunpowder and other ex-	3,501,339	3,473,308	5,020,612	4,228,989	3,228,322	
plosives			-		-	
ber and manufactures of Gutta percha, crude rub-	7	The second		Varing 7		
ber, etc lb. Hair and manufactures of	8,630,498	11,765,962	12,914,438	11,181,466	12,968,375	
Hats, caps and bonnets Hatters' bands (not cords)	9-	THE STATE OF		-	-	
bindings, tips and sides, etc						
Ink	-	-		-	- 35	
Agricultural imple- ments—						
Drills, seed No. Harrows	6,886 15,001	7,042 11,763	7,632 7,489	5,061	5,114	
Harvesters, self- binding	1,110	2,531	2,316	3,770	1,635	
Ploughs " All other and parts of	52,972	42,370	27,389	-		
Threshing machine separators No.	1,286	2,866	3,293	1,644	599	
Portable engines with boilers, and traction						
engine for farm pur- poses	2,170	3,857	4,024	1,160	477	
Sewing machines " Typewriting	14,968	15,622	19,556	17,846	15,942	
machines " Engines, gasoline. "	11,230 9,045	16,673 14,558	18,146 27,255	12,196 20,100	7,269 14,668	
Bar iron or steel rolled	2,097,914	2,104,266	2,704,621	2,437,569	853,881	
Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than						
60 lb. per lineal ydewt.	889,130	1,717,047	1,657,017	764,307	230,104	
Iron in pigs ton Iron and steel railway	270,102	201,112	291,904	195,333	58,936	
bars or rails ton Rolled iron or steel	32,784	91,126	150,538	179,056	27,703	
angles, etc cwt. Rolled iron or steel	1,130,321 2,499,706	1,270,795	1,789,248	1,951,640	542,453	
beams, etc cwt. Rolled iron or steel	2,499,100	2,957,541	4,013,570	4,256,441	1,299,625	
sheets or plates, etccwt.	509,350	481,799	842,333	807,322	286,989	

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Gold, silver and manufac-	706,451	873,344	1,177,778	969,182	560,766	
tures of	158,920	171,298	240,331	206,392	136,374	
Gunpowder and other ex-	1,068,079	1,500,701	1,244,091	1,113,972	1,048,829	
Gutta percha, India rub-						
ber and manufactures of Gutta percha, crude rub-	2,207,953	2,748,166	4,792,125	4,690,292	3,261,260	
ber, etc	4,742,429	5,354,380	6,267,054	4,303,751	4,505,275	
Hair and manufactures of	237,626 3,508,585	203,289 3,877,761	215,083 5,354,912	163,215 4,862,790	100,706 3,112,807	
Hats, caps and bonnets Hatters' bands (not cords)	5,500,500	3,011,101	0,001,012	4,002,100	0,112,007	
bindings, tips and sides,	118,493	109,259	148,076	130,596	121.082	
etcInk.	151,373	147,866	160,388	158,739	131,987	
Iron and steel and mfs. of- Agricultural imple-						
ments—						
Drills, seed	355,821 229,911	349,499 143,546	282,478 176,853	99,497 156,869	63,880 67,268	
Harrows Harvesters, self-bind-		- 1	THE STATE OF			
ingPloughs	115,794 1,993,214	264,890 1,352,323	215,129 1,371,243	336,675 1,011,704	177,158 497,881	
All other and parts of	1,821,405	2,117,421	2,399,781	1,670,948	789,411	
Threshing machine sep-	741,360	1,404,455	2,176,077	926,791	305,201	
arators Portable engines with	741,000	1,404,400	2,110,011	320,131	000,201	
boilers, and traction engines for farm pur-	gen by the					
poses	3,636,392	6,063,960	7,369,219	2,342,120		
Sewing machines	351,525	334,060	430,066	336,685	319,344	
Typewriting machines	686,936	966,864	1,141,903	722,919	402,606	
Engines, gasoline	1,465,035	2,139,474	3,413,595	2,570,138	2,002,685	
Bar iron or steel, rolled	3,179,921	2,947,640	3,916,390	3,774,986	1,223,381	
Iron or steel billets,						
weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yd	861,036	1,593,665	1,641,909	855,851	226,114	
Iron in pigs	3,613,931	2,496,477	3,814,217	2,685,845	726,264	
Iron and steel railway bars or rails	895,984	2,429,316	3,867,833	4,922,795	708,805	
Rolled iron or steel angles, etc	1,580,387	1,635,857	2,510,757	2,860,109	723,221	
Rolled iron or steel beams, etc	3,209,773	3,625,107	5,319,456	5,964,143	1,664,337	
Rolled iron or steel				LIVE TO A SE	The same	
sheets or plates, etc	756,212	680,794	1,225,605	1,269,495	425,315	

Principal articles by classes.	grand and		QUANTITIE	s.	
Clauses.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.			N CONTRACTOR		
Iron and steel and mfs. of —con.					
Rolled iron or steel sheets, polished or					
not, No. 14 gauge and thinner cwt.	441,671	538,010	1,321,301	782,549	581,792
Sheets, flat, of galvan- ized iron or steel.cwt. Skelp iron or steel,	169,241	241,691	557,075	337,279	301,451
sheared or rolled in grooves cwt. Cream separators and	1,191,529	1,748,034	2,259,924	2,020,723	1,886,340
steel bowls for	_		_	-	
Cream separators, materials for manf. of Rolled round wire rods,		-			
not over 3-in. in dia- meter	720,614	867,946	1,838,386	1,396,123	1,297,900
Boiler plate, not less than 30 in. in width and not less than \(\frac{1}{4}\)-in. in thickness cwt. Rolled iron or steel- plates, not less than	319,897	353,668	430,702	411,833	104,664
30 in. in width and not less than 4-in. in thickness	887,968	751,307	1,128,736	1,096,647	444,629
ished or not, No. 14 gauge and thinner. cwt	363,381	259,919	147,547	319,074	. 145,200
Sheets, flat, of galvan- ized ironcwt. Barbed fence wire of	381,797	486,181	561,899	675,166	403,704
iron or steel cwt.	345,108	376,625	446,122	235,280	325,390
Wire, curved or not, galvanized iron or steel, Nos. 9, 12 and 13 gaugecwt. Other, and mfs. of	637,393	693,820	823,397 -	719,205	758,258
Total Ivory, manufactures of	62 43	Follow I	I	_	-
Jellies, jams, preserves, etc	3,946,735	6,021,091	8,826,833	6,424,420	4,640,128
Junk and oakum cwt. Jute cloth, not coloured,	16,815	25,192	24,416	20,794	20,529
etcyd.	13,755,187	20,846,478	53,065,007	46,697,347	17,451,582

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

	1							
Principal articles by		VALUES.						
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.			
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$. \$			
Iron and steel and mfs. of —con. Rolled iron or steel sheets, polished or								
not, No. 14 gauge and thinner	1,046,128	1,231,134	3,075,053	1,898.369	1,250,021			
Sheets, flat, of galvan- ized iron or steel	509,027	669,496	1,537,691	1,018,830	819,394			
Skelp iron or steel sheared or rolled in grooves	1,598,385	2,056,977	2,779,978	2,746,909	2,104,205			
steel bowls for Cream separators, ma-	387,340	361,896	467,849	401,399	408,702			
terials for manf. of Rolled round wire rods,	396,501	304,255	229,094	273,951	198,116			
not over \(^3_6\)-in. in diameter Boiler plate, not less than 30 in. in width	965,912	1,033,397	2,144,405	1,690,183	1,450,215			
and not less than \(\frac{1}{2} \)-in. in thickness Rolled iron or steel	492,247	516,947	663,105	660,510	146,915			
plates, not less than 30 in. in width and not less than \(^1_4\)-in. in thickness	1,223,212	969,881	1,547,067	1,613,730	655,309			
Rolled iron or steel sheets in strips, pol-								
ished or not, No. 14 gauge and thinner Sheets, flat, of galvan-	800,034	587,259	344,345	771,104	318,939			
ized iron	1,127,087	1,389,343	1,716,963	2,054,438	1,197,223			
iron or steel Wire, curved or not, galvanized iron or	743,527	766,255	887,974	504,266	627,203			
steel, Nos. 9, 12 and 13 gauge Other, and mfs. of Total Ivory, manufactures of	1,243,580 45,429,282 81,456,899 149,656	1,255,932 54,186,960 95,875,080 155,980			1,306,952 40,766,894 62,285,424 82,973			
Jellies, jams, preserves, etc	316,793	518,836	805,242	580,490	402,145			
JewelleryJunk and oakum	1,486,787 57,645	1,711,263 78,344	2,153,447 80,465	1,755,131 79,890	898,076 66,978			
Jute cloth, not coloured, etc	653,298				963,025			

Principal articles by classes.			QUANTITIES				
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
V. Manufactures—con.							
Jute canvas, uncolouredyd.	2,701,087	4,268,620	24,192,753	29,510,507	6,383,879		
Jute, flax or hemp yarn, plain, dyed or coloured, etclb. Lead and manufactures of	2,811,782	2,844,077	5,157,194 -	2,717,594	2,172,095		
Leather and manufactures of— Leather, belting leather of all kindslb. Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep skins,	606,237	420,143	579,785	-			
dressed, waxed or glazedlb. Glove leather, tanned	813,681	1,080,850	1,033,961	-	Perci -		
or dressedlb. Upper leather, includ-	942,896	1,122,433	-	_			
ing dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alligator, etclb. Boots and shoes, slippers and insoles of	395,598	298,943	426,390		-		
leather	- 4	-	_	-			
including horse boots. Other leather and mfs.			- 184 - I				
of Total	_		-	=			
Lime bbl. Lime juice and other fruit	194,809	230,012	360,243	802,8121	594,3641		
juicesgal. Machine card clothing	61,526	91,966	115,712	127,817	174,217		
Magic lanterns and slides for			-	_			
Malt, extract of		-					
Mattresses	E V	=					
Metals and manufactures		- 1		_	-		
Mineral substances, man- ufactures of			30 5 11 2		W		
Mucilage, etc		-		-	TOWN I		
Mustard and mustard cake, etc			in the state of the		1 1 -		
Newspapers and magazines		1000	-	The state of the s			
	WILLIAM FROM	GRIENER L					

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
		yall i	THE STATE			
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
				and the second		
Jute canvas, uncoloured Jute, flax or hemp yarn,	198,455	366,975	1,424,011	2,092,703	468,011	
plain dyed or coloured,		<u> </u>				
etc Lead and manufactures of	227,424 514,708	248,287 790,076	481,747 1,152,944	283,736 709,591	205,126 797,070	
Leather and manufac-	514,100	130,010	1,102,341	700,001	131,010	
tures of— Leather, belting leather	ST. MERT					
of all kinds	200,623	173,783	260,562	271,867	93,986	
Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep skins,			Vicanius			
dressed, waxed or						
glazed	521,402	625,147	555,407	615,102	996,016	
or dressed, etc	565,688	610,104	829,687	679,106	541,582	
Upper leather, including dongola, cordo-						
van, kangaroo, alliga-						
tor, etc	296,868	258,483	364,610	486,795	390,990	
Boots and shoes, slip- pers and insoles of			A THE STATE OF			
leather	2,045,835	2,772,075	4,008,505	4,229,563	3,400,657	
Harness and saddlery, including horse boots.	238,727	251,012	243,287	173,460	140,857	
Other leather, and mfs.	1,462,567	1,696,330	3,339,479	1,998,283	1,494,824	
of	5,331,710	6,386,934	9,601,537	8,454,176	7,058,912	
Time	149 990	169 509	225,444	243,700	185,592	
Lime Lime juice and other fruit	143,338	162,593	220,444			
juices	67,359	97,267	127,541	177,430 47,407	195,066 37,175	
Machine card clothing Magic lanterns and slides	27,402	32,247	43,746	47,407	31,113	
for	476,827	646,029		1,214,428	1,305,571	
Malt, extract of	58,648 107,821	$ \begin{array}{c} 63,754 \\ 169,222 \end{array} $	55,130 210,222	64,665 177,885	78,095 124,519	
Mattresses	5,133	5,369	17,746	7,694	4,640 530	
Mats, door or carriage Metals and manufactures	1,510	1,834	1,194	21,618	990	
of	4,765,989	5,664,221	6,938,078	6,671,323	4,515,354	
Mineral substances, man- ufactures of	308,792	401,380	564,388	579,196	299,537	
Mucilage, etc	30,551	31,350	36,096	34,306	35,833	
Musical instruments Mustard and mustard	1,344,193	1,436,570	1,938,797	2,038,559	1,358,513	
cake, etc	165,349	183,328	216,434	224,863	211,542	
Newspapers and maga- zines	870,269	960,734	1,138,867	1,297,399	1,425,848	
	4		, , , , , ,			

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.						
NoilsOil cake and meal and cotton seed cake and		-	-	-		
mealcwt.	51,218	77,083	125,923	94,543	255,374	
Oils, cocoanut and palm gal.	297,338	407,825	393,239	393,862	411,797	
Oils, otherOiled cloths, all kinds,			2 791			
cork matting and lino- leum						
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathe-						
matical instruments		-	-	. =		
Packages		_			5	
Paper and manufactures of—						
Hangings of wall paper, including borders, roll	2,871,239	3,210,993	3,881,477	4,086,329	2,924,855	
Printing paper lb. Tarred and other build-	13,527,939	17,751,421	19,242,968	19,366,757	9,380,068	
ing paper	3,032,983	4,970,121	7,589,459	6,980,626	7,744,278	
Other paper and mfs. of Total		- E		_	_	
Pencils, lead			-		Mean -	
rulers	-		-	-	Maria Sala	
Perfumery, non-alcoholic. Photographic dry plates.	4 3 3		_			
Picture and photograph frames			_	_		
Pitch and tar, pine. gal. Plaits, straw, tuscan and	1,456,275	1,839,392	4,060,291	2,646,790	2,937,062	
grass	-			358,206	132,112	
Plates, engraved on wood				000,200	102,112	
or metal Pocketbooks, purses, to-		SA NAME	ne le e			
bacco pouches, etc Polish or composition,			-			
knife or other Pomades lb.	3,171	2,250	-	160	250	
Post office parcels Precious stones, polished,				-		
Rags, cotton, linen, jute,	-	-	-			
etccwt.	536,604	564,296	750,003	716,882	540,922	

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
NoilsOil cake and meal and cotton seed cake and	778,320	689,304	980,432	1,072,066	1,312,885	
mealOils, cocoanut and palm.	76,099 258,063	116,909 329,803	186,481 333,027	138,224 365,796	331,639 353,285	
Oils, otherOiled cloths, all kinds, cork matting and lino-	907,226	1,065,070	1,346,750	1,331,652	971,069	
leumOptical, photographic and mathe-	1,675,582	1,923,359	2,548,752	2,314,378	1,292,820	
matical instruments Packages Paints and colours	1,205,816 2,467,155 1,170,415	1,347,116 2,562,967 1,299,897	1,752,928 3,190,879 1,765,980	1,226,157 3,144,972 1,673,027	968,120 2,123,533 1,175,319	
Paper and manufactures of— Hangings of wall paper,						
including borders Printing paper Tarred and other build-	313,051 688,296	343,101 762,630	467,759 796,291	436,244 815,990	264,242 458,010	
ing paper	396,083 96,247 4,042,079	470,944 138,958 4,631,630	$687,577 \\ 221,746 \\ 6,059,074$	513,329 214,498 6,062,772	317,756 192,770 4,478,756	
Total Pencils, lead Pens, penholders and	5,535,756 262,105	6,347,263 321,357	8,232,447 380,358	8,042,833 360,218	5,711,534 261,548	
rulers Perfumery, non-alcoholic Photographic dry plates.	196,579 285,631 45,890	241,106 342,937 54,971	250,384 446,277 63,944	$213,954 \\ 539,491 \\ 62,364$	132,956 449,578 55,592	
Picture and photograph frames	110,572 70,013	134,476 82,502	167,035 163,996	169,157 113,812	110,853 124,065	
Plaits, straw, tuscan and grass	225,853 148,135	253,267 209,615	342,777 251,163	261,656 138,231	292,685 48,602	
Plates, engraved on wood or metal Pocketbooks, purses, to-	52,046	62,181	79,574	67,470	88,039	
bacco pouches, etc Polish or composition, knife or other	468,251 138,204	574,538 135,097	662,897 219,144	665,039 229,517	370,375 175,441	
Pomades	3,508 1,061,969	4,191 1,132,543	3,385 1,343,480	346 1,569,506	472 1,419,934	
etc	315,624 1,012,538	361,621 1,136,980	518,333	346,653 1,423,458	167,544 1,244,469	
	1,012,000	1,100,900	1,419,898	1,420,400	1,277,709	

			QUANTITIES.		
Principal articles by classes.					
	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
V. Manufactures—con.			4		
Regalia and badges Resin	238,092	263,175	272,713	279,357	251,941
Ribbons		-		-	7
flint paperSauces, catsups and		-		-	-
soygal. Ships, vessels and repairs	285,770	316,539	389,956	367,618	311,146
on		u Friusti	-	77.2	_
Signs of any material and letters for signs		-		-	
Silk and manufactures of. Slate		= = =	BC _	_	-
Soap— Common or laundry, lb.	4,043,537	5,700,552	6,910,305	7,090,469	7,764,341
Castile" Toilet	2,575,911	3,179,154	2,889,836	2,836,587	1,910,770
Other soap, powders, etc Total					-
Spices lb. Spectacles, eye-glasses,	3,682,478	3,920,685	4,096,620	4,091,539	4,102,039
frames, etc	-		_		
Brandy, including arti-	490 557	470 145	EGE EEE	586,999	462,864
ficial brandy, etc.gal. Gin of all kinds	432,557 924,799	479,145 1,021,573		1,232,102	926,988
Whiskey	168,389 960,812	205,149 1,204,245			1,275,050
Total"	155,002 2,632,559	192,620 3,102,732	3,628,021	216,727 $3,806,201$	159,917 3,010,884
Starch, etc lb. Stockinettes for manufac-	2,317,847	2,500,293	2,841,792	2,748,354	2,916,417
ture of rubber boots Stone, manufactures of	-	-	_	_	_
Straw, manufactures of Sugar and syrups lb.	577.812.120	585,801,492	640,197,946	703.957.148	677.488,860
Candy and confection- erylb.	6,138,411	8,203,612			
Glucose and saccharine "	4,969,869 6,601,522	3,936,368	7,773,437	4,495,869	
Molasses gal. Surgical and dental instruments	0,001,022	0,200,101	0,210,010		,,000,000
Tape lines			-	-	
Teeth, artificial		14.19			
Tin in blocks, pigs and bars cwt.	35,706				
Tin plates and sheets" Tin foillb.	880,504 1,013,763	916,030 1,470,423			
Tinware, and all other mfs. of	3/19/24_				
Total	-	-	-	-	

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
V. Manufactures—con. Regalia and badges	\$ 31,603	\$ 50,532	\$ 61,670	\$ 67,304	\$ 10 500	
Resin	568,108	703,312	741,607	572,062	46,538 444,601	
Ribbons	1,345,895	1,397,239	1,679,485	1,820,037	1,761,857	
Sand, glass, emery and			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,020,000	-,,,,,,,,,	
flint paper	152,440	170,578	184,814	172,427	126,170	
Sauces, catsups and soy Ships, vessels and repairs	233,732	266,568	339,862	324,214	276,570	
on	552,843	284,922	821,133	1,001,764	707,446	
Signs of any material and letters for signs	92,210	125,370	147,559	172,007	113,874	
Silk and manufactures of	6,479,043	6,991,096	8,795,577	9,250,696	7,684,180	
Slate	147,172	173,566	219,834	236,038	188,080	
Soap-						
Common or laundry	228,393	326,001	386,190	383,253	403,739	
Castile	157,052 $251,403$	191,100 $350,852$	$175,629 \\ 415,563$	167,988	137,750	
Other soap, powders, etc	243,497	251,581	355,545	404,822 364,809	450,396 199,822	
Total	880,345	1,119,534	1,332,927	1,320,872	1,191,707	
Spices	321,633	367,055		403,079	379,513	
Spectacles, eye-glasses,				West english	The Real Property	
frames, etc	117,117	134,736	131,243	126,500	99,554	
Spirits—			100000			
Brandy, including artificial brandy, etc	773,516	941,322	1,140,290	1 170 050	906 512	
Gin of all kinds	607,255	686,995	828,473	1,179,959 892,719	896,513 704,316	
Rum	93,247	107,315	122,448	118,709	101,167	
Whiskey	1,718,735	2,207,374	2,696,139	2,940,985	2,390,742	
Spirits, other	432,122	544,302	629,555	688,091	470,868	
Total	3,624,875	4,487,308		5,820,463	4,563,606	
StarchStockinettes for manufac-	81,920	105,149	108,206	104,690	106,740	
ture of rubber boots	95,273	108,217	123,270	70,474	76,659	
Stone, manufactures of	566,643	675,940	917,791	892,112	516,712	
Straw, manufactures of	96,360	107,089	122,132	88,025	70,356	
Sugar and syrups	15,207,434	15,699,534	17,392,146	15,062,627	16,781,753	
Candy and confectionery.	865,658	1,148,034	1,541,485	1,043,115	724,104	
Glucose and saccharine	95,404	87,063		104,803	118,531	
MolassesSurgical and dental in-	1,310,962	1,215,250	1,471,795	1,734,643	1,405,018	
struments	314,579	352,166	455,678	533,273	393,341	
Tape lines	10,472	12,216		13,933		
Teeth, artificial	155,505	159,016			167,086	
Tin and manufactures of— Tin in blocks, pigs and			THE STATE OF			
bars	1,242,436	1,706,678	2,286,142	1,959,940	1,003,800	
In plates and sheets	2,859,611	3,045,618	4,178,323	3,544,164	3,032,224	
Tin foil	133,753	168,315	194,206	186,920	155,268	
Tinware and all other	407 071	407.05				
mfs. of	407,051	495,951	575,595	659,586	591,816	
Total	4,642,851	5,416,562	7,234,266	6,350,610	4,783,108	

		(QUANTITIES		
Principal articles by					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915
V. Manufactures—con.					
Tobacco and mfs. of— Cigarettes	48,770 120,828 454,643 228.894 853,135	65,173 152,456 530,339 267,416 1,015,384	75,555 167,326 823,727 299,691 1,366,299	79,875 162,110 855,267 237,645 1,334,897	44,339 99,257 575,530 133,622 852,748
Trawls and trawling spoons		- 1 AND			
boxes etc	883,266	950,328 -	1,147,786	1,033,612	905,437
sunshades	-	-	(-) (-)		-
vinegargal. Watches, watch cases, movements, glasses, etc	94,064 176,242	90,371 186,077	107,595 182,519	90,573 215,316	64,736 181,332
Wax, manufactures of Webbing, elastic and non- elastic	-	_	_		Train Carlo
Whips, thongs and lashes Window cornices, poles, shades, rollers	747,596	765,518	937,064	928,255	738,345
Wine, sparkling doz. Wood and manufactures of Wool and mfs. of—	60,748	70,001	79,829	85,240	32,288
Cassimeres, cloths and doeskins yd. Coatings and over-	5,356,598		5,068,694	2,959,503	1,844,362
coatings " Tweeds " Knitted goods, includ-	1,813,951 2,606,900	1,597,419 2,274,272	1,484,387 2,599,083	1,564,828 2,135,706	1,250,697 1,739,971
ing knitted underwear Socks and stockings of all kindsdoz.prs Yarns, composed whol-	968,252	695,686	872,885	965,711	677,668
ly or in part of wool worsted, the hair of the goat, etc lb.	3,817,333	3,530,745	4,076,335	4,030,279	1,908,661
Yarns, woollen and worsted lb. Fabrics and mfs. composed wholly or in	424,218	494,774	554,349	475,474	403,559
part of wool, worsted,	-	-	Train-	-	

Principal articles by classes.							
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.		VALUES.					
Tobacco and mfs of—Cigarettes	classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
Cigarettes	V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Cigarettes	Tobacco and mfs of -				N. SER	3 44 2	
Cigars	Cigarettes	124,066	159,681	1 178,644	188,097	103,800	
Unter, and mfs. of. Total	Cigars					409,077	
Total	Other and mfs of						
Solution Solution	Total						
Trawls and trawling spoons	Tobacco pipes, etc					1,082,890	
Spoons	Trawls and trawling	00.,000	000,00	1,010,000	009,002	400,019	
Trunks and valises, hat boxes, etc. 81,753 95,102 154,827 149,870 66,021	. spoons	52,692	42,730	57,826	56,688	46.899	
Turpentine, spirits of Twine, manufactures of. Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades	Trunks and valises, hat			The face		SCATT OF	
Twine, manufactures of. Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades	Turponting spirits of	81,753					
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades	Twine manufactures of	40.250					
sunshades 116,840 92,725 127,208 98,376 77,603 Unenumerated 449,044 678,605 1,154,196 866,788 671,777 Varnish, lacquers, japans, etc 162,544 162,912 191,063 167,326 125,364 Watches, watch cases, movements, glasses, etc. Wax, manufactures of 1,229,973 1,423,814 1,730,753 1,574,261 876,179 Webbing, elastic and nonelastic 216,971 227,521 307,797 266,113 195,813 Whips, thongs and lashes Window cornices, poles, shades, rollers 315,215 371,915 352,169 35,038 166,895 Wine, non-sparkling 560,449 656,773 835,256 809,475 632,275 Wine sparkling 577,271 725,035 806,989 762,293 363,409 Wool and mfs. of— 231,444 3,126,576 3,449,001 3,221,612 1,967,706 1,658,163 Tweeds 1,677,629 1,514,097 1,473,463 1,274,755 1,017,980 Socks and stockings of all kinds 1,695,762	Umbrellas, parasols and	49,200	40,041	01,998	70,591	46,571	
Unenumerated Varnish, lacquers, japans, etc	sunshades	116,840	92,725	127.208	98 376	77 603	
varnish, lacquers, japans, etc. 162,544 162,912 191,063 167,326 125,364 Vinegar. 52,883 62,310 69,390 83,001 66,137 Watches, watch cases, movements, glasses, etc. Wax, manufactures of. 1229,973 1,423,814 1,730,753 1,574,261 876,179 Webbing, elastic and nonelastic. 315,215 371,915 352,169 35,038 166,895 Winking, thongs and lashes Window cornices, poles, shades, rollers. 72,252 99,373 114,842 92,192 53,532 Wine, non-sparkling. 560,449 656,773 835,256 809,475 632,275 Wood and mfs. of. 2,514,414 3,126,576 4,458,817 4,042,386 2,795,592 Wool and mfs. of. 3,459,669 3,449,001 3,221,612 1,967,706 1,658,163 Tweeds. 1,677,629 1,514,097 1,473,463 1,274,755 1,019,904 Yarns, composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, the hair of the goat, etc. 1,915,260 1,886,268 2,240,973 2,284,205 1,198,457 Yarns, woollen and wo	Unenumerated	449,644	678,605		,		
Vinegar. 52,883 62,310 69,390 83,001 66,137 Watches, watch cases, movements, glasses, etc. Wax, manufactures of. Webbing, elastic and nonelastic. 1,229,973 1,423,814 1,730,753 1,574,261 876,179 Webbing, elastic and nonelastic. 216,971 227,521 307,797 266,113 195,813 Wing, thongs and lashes Window cornices, poles, shades, rollers. 315,215 371,915 352,169 35,038 166,895 Wine, non-sparkling. 72,252 99,373 114,842 92,192 53,532 Wood and mfs. of. 2514,414 3,126,576 4,458,817 4,042,386 2,795,592 Wool and mfs. of. 2514,414 3,126,576 4,458,817 4,042,386 2,795,592 Coatings and overcoatings. 1,350,606 1,314,945 1,216,752 1,317,921 1,019,014 Knitted goods, including knitted underwear Socks and stockings of all kinds. 1,695,762 1,247,047 1,664,325 1,829,668 1,235,782 Yarns, woollen and worsted. 1,915,260 1,886,268 2,240,973 2,284,205 1,198,457			a garage		THE PERSON		
Watches, watch cases, movements, glasses, etc. 1,229,973 1,423,814 1,730,753 1,574,261 876,179 Wax, manufactures of Webbing, elastic and nonelastic	Uinogor				,		
movements, glasses, etc. Wax, manufactures of Webbing, elastic and nonelastic	Watches watch cases	52,883	62,310	69,390	83,001	66,137	
Wax, manufactures of 216,971 227,521 307,797 266,113 195,813 Webbing, elastic and nonelastic 315,215 371,915 352,169 25,803 166,895 Window cornices, poles, shades, rollers 15,490 21,180 44,977 26,010 25,803 Wine, non-sparkling 72,252 99,373 114,842 92,192 53,532 Wood and mfs. of 2577,271 725,035 806,989 762,293 363,409 Wool and mfs. of 2,514,414 3,126,576 4,458,817 4,042,386 2,795,592 Wool and mfs. of 2,514,414 3,126,576 4,458,817 4,042,386 2,795,592 Wool and mfs. of 3,459,669 3,449,001 3,221,612 1,967,706 1,658,163 Tweeds 1,350,606 1,314,945 1,216,752 1,317,921 1,019,014 Knitted goods, including knitted underwear Socks and stockings of all kinds 1,695,762 1,247,047 1,664,325 1,829,668 1,235,782 Yarns, woollen and worsted. 200,214 252,745 305,328 267,135 249,039 Fabrics an		1.229 973	1 423 814	1 730 753	1 574 961	976 170	
Webbing, elastic and non-elastic 315,215 371,915 352,169 35,038 166,895 Whips, thongs and lashes Window cornices, poles, shades, rollers 15,490 21,180 44,977 26,010 25,803 Wine, non-sparkling 72,252 99,373 114,842 92,192 53,532 Wine, sparkling 560,449 656,773 835,256 809,475 632,275 Wood and mfs. of 2,514,414 3,126,576 4,458,817 4,042,386 2,795,592 Wool and mfs. of 2,514,414 3,126,576 4,458,817 4,042,386 2,795,592 Coatings and overcoatings 1,350,606 1,314,945 1,216,752 1,317,921 1,019,014 Tweeds 1,557,629 1,514,097 1,473,463 1,274,755 510,439 Socks and stockings of all kinds 1,695,762 1,247,047 1,664,325 1,829,668 1,235,782 Yarns, composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, the hair of the goat, etc 200,214 252,745 305,328 267,135 249,039 Fabrics and mfs. composed wholl,	Wax, manufactures of						
Whips, thongs and lashes Window cornices, poles, shades, rollers	Webbing, elastic and non-		marata a	301,101	200,110	100,010	
Window cornices, poles, shades, rollers	elastic			,		166,895	
Shades, rollers	Window compage nales	15,490	21,180	44,977	26,010	25,803	
Wine, non-sparkling Wine, sparkling Wine, sparkling Wood and mfs. of Wood and mfs. of Cassimeres, cloths and doeskins Coatings and overcoatings Tweeds Timeds Knitted goods, including knitted underwear Socks and stockings of all kinds Yarns, composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, the hair of the goat, etc Yarns, woollen and worsted. Fabrics and mfs. composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, worsted, making with the composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, wo	shades rollers	79 959	00 272	114 040	00 100	#0 #00	
Wine, sparkling. 577,271 725,035 806,989 762,293 363,409 Wood and mfs. of. 2,514,414 3,126,576 4,458,817 4,042,386 2,795,592 Cassimeres, cloths and doeskins. 3,459,669 3,449,001 3,221,612 1,967,706 1,658,163 Coatings and overcoatings. 1,350,606 1,314,945 1,216,752 1,317,921 1,019,014 Tweeds. 1,677,629 1,514,097 1,473,463 1,274,755 1,017,980 Knitted goods, including knitted underwear Socks and stockings of all kinds. 905,819 973,264 1,507,032 1,265,261 510,439 Yarns, composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, 1,915,260 1,886,268 2,240,973 2,284,205 1,198,457 Yarns, woollen and worsted. 200,214 252,745 305,328 267,135 249,039	Wine, non-sparkling.						
Wood and mfs. of	Wine, sparkling.						
Wool and mfs. of— Cassimeres, cloths and doeskins	Wood and mfs. of						
doeskins. 3,459,669 3,449,001 3,221,612 1,967,706 1,658,163 Coatings and overcoatings 1,350,606 1,314,945 1,216,752 1,317,921 1,019,014 Tweeds. 1,677,629 1,514,097 1,473,463 1,274,755 1,019,014 Knitted goods, including knitted underwear Socks and stockings of all kinds. 905,819 973,264 1,507,032 1,265,261 510,439 Yarns, composed wholly or in posed, wholly or in part of wool, worsted. 1,915,260 1,886,268 2,240,973 2,284,205 1,198,457 Yarns, woollen and worsted. 200,214 252,745 305,328 267,135 249,039					, , , , ,	_,,,,,,,,,	
Coatings and overcoatings Tweeds Knitted goods, including knitted underwear Socks and stockings of all kinds Yarns, composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, the hair of the goat, etc Fabrics and mfs. composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, worsted. Fabrics and mfs. composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, worsted. Coatings and overcoat. 1,350,606 1,314,945 1,216,752 1,317,921 1,019,014 1,017,980 1,507,032 1,265,261 1,664,325 1,829,668 1,235,782 1,915,260 1,886,268 2,240,973 2,284,205 1,198,457 249,039	classimeres, cloths and	2 450 000	0.440.004	0 004 0			
ings	Coatings and overcoat-	3,459,569	3,449,001	3,221,612	1,967,706	1,658,163	
Tweeds 1,677,629 1,514,097 1,473,463 1,274,755 1,017,980 1,507,032 1,265,261 1,507,032 1,265,261 1,507,032 1,265,261 1,507,032 1,265,261 1,507,032 1,265,261 1,695,762 1,247,047 1,664,325 1,829,668 1,235,782 1,915,260 1,886,268 2,240,973 2,284,205 1,198,457 2,200,214 252,745 305,328 267,135 249,039 249,039	ings	1.350 606	1 314 945	1 216 752	1 217 021	1 010 014	
Rnitted goods, including knitted underwear Socks and stockings of all kinds	Tweeds						
Socks and stockings of all kinds	Initted goods, includ-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,2,0,200	1,211,100	1,011,000	
all kinds		905,819	973,264	1,507,032	1,265,261	510,439	
Yarns, composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, the hair of the goat, etc	all kinds	1 605 760	1 947 045	1 004 00%	1 000 000		
ly or in part of wool, worsted, the hair of the goat, etc	Yarns, composed whol-	1,090,702	1,247,047	1,664,325	1,829,668	1,235,782	
worsted, the hair of the goat, etc	ly or in part of wool.			CHANNE TO A STATE OF THE PARTY			
Yarns, woollen and worsted, Yarns, woollen and worsted, 200,214 252,745 305,328 267,135 249,039 249,039	worsted, the hair of		The state of	THE REAL			
sted	the goat, etc	1,915,260	1,886,268	2,240,973	2,284,205	1,198.457	
Fabrics and mfs. composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted,	r arns, woollen and wor-	000 011	0.00	007.0	Control of the		
posed wholly or in part of wool, worsted,	Fabrics and mfs com	200,214	252,745	305,328	267,135	249,039	
part of wool, worsted,	posed wholly or in		The state of				
	part of wool, worsted.		00000		Eight of		
5,000,010	etc	6,685,642	7,069,152	10,435,013	10,115.541	6.965.040	
					The last		

Principal articles by	Quantities.					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	
. Manufactures—con.	1.5	12/2/2		- X		
Wool and mfs. of—con. Clothing, women's and children's outside gar- ments		_				
Clothing, ready-made, and wearing apparel. Other, and mfs. of	Py_ [-	-	=	
Yarns, n.e.s lb. Zinc and mfs. of	246,577	359,529	353,750	259,833	504,59	
Other manufactured articles	-		-	-		
I. Mineral produce.						
Clays	3,465,774 7,747,571	4,118,379 10,500,662	4,237,310 11,060,910	4,385,799 13,754,244	4,383,40 9,124,49	
Emery, in bulk, crushed or ground	195,149	263,971	542,927	423,512	258,06	
Lithographic stones, not engraved	-	_	-	_		
mered or chiselled Mineral and aerated waters	-	-				
Minerals, viz.— Alumina cwt. Litharge	176,534 16,543	211,022 16,419	262,419 26,402	299,918 11,288 -	250,80 10,5	
Oils, mineral— Coal and kerosene, dis-	1					
tilled, purified or refinedgal.	9,227,364	13,264,946	16,545,672	19,280,479	9,587,1	
Oils, products of petroleum "Oils, lubricating, com-	2,604,641	3,428,234	4,114,122	5,166,274	5,768,0	
posed wholly or in part of petroleum gal. Oils, other	3,537,585 71,001,827	4,390,744 95,698,481	6,282,819 186,843,680	5,156,734 205,563,375	4,369,2 222,896,5	
Ores of metals, n.o.p.cwt. Ore, ironton Phosphate rock	34,156,748	29,058,529	898,242 2,116,933		766,5 1,055,7	

¹Not given separately in 1911 and 1912.

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1911-1915—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.						
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Wool and mfs. of—con. Clothing, women's and children's outside gar- ments.	452,435	492,375	528,130	589,788	568,674		
Clothing, ready-made, and wearing apparel. Other, and mfs. of Total Yarns, n.e.s	1,444,030 4,300,928 24,087,994 52,659	73,421	78,183	2,183,755 5,363,515 28,459,250 215,387	305,851		
Zinc and manufactures of Other manufactured ar- ticles	736,321 2,089,983	963,215 2,495,935	1,302,318 3,598,496				
VI. Mineral produce—totals			65,820,233				
Clays	299,533	257,671	327,370	319,985	267,888		
Coal, anthracite, and dust Coal, bituminous	15,750,340 14,597,268			20,734,126 26,140,676	20,927,539 16,135,920		
Emery, in bulk, crushed or ground	42,188 199,428	47,263 258,438	48,469 465,263	42,948 419,720	28,150 215,933		
engraved	10,366 174,001	12,116 175,177	7,307 239,678	7,336 235,623			
Marble, rough, not ham- mered or chiselled Mineral and aerated	25,606	56,336	61,009	117,821	104,261		
waters Minerals, viz.:—	202,659	231,515	273,751	259,836	194,125		
Alumina. Litharge. Other minerals.	353,872 59,987 139,677	421,857 59,908 221,817	525,017 116,960 278,501		501,807 49,920 190,646		
Oils, mineral— Coal and kerosene, distilled, purified or re-				- H			
finedOils, products of petro-	544,381	660,289		TANK L			
leumOils, lubricating, composed wholly or in	278,478	343,200	437,254	625,367	596,592		
part of petroleum Oils, other	463,863 3,334,032	524,668 4,305,023	825,792 10,462,656	712,808 10,532,931	572,375 8,114,801		
Ores, of metals, n.o.p Ore, iron Phosphate rock	4,326,773 62,512	4,006,174 $43,342$	672,237 4,052,505 24,137	983,420 4,027,460 16,221	469,945 2,138,398 17,122		

¹Not given separately in 1911 and 1912.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
VI. Mineral produce—con. Precious stones, diamonds, unset, diamond dust or bort, and black							
diamonds for drills Salt	2,450,360	2,625,905	2,797,272	2,926,408	2,681,891		
sandstone, etcton.	28,001		-	-			
onlyton. Whiting or whitening, cwt. Other mineral products	773 254,839 -		290,494	280,1 <u>2</u> 2	234,166		
VII. Miscellaneous produce.	of other party.						
Articles the growth, produce or manufacture of Canada, returned after having been exported. Articles for use of the Governor-General Articles for army and navy							
Articles ex-warehoused for ships' stores		/- 1486	-				
Bacteriological products or serums	it we			V 1116-			
Barrels or packages returned	102	-	-	-	-		
tions of medals, etc Coffee, green lb. Models of inventions and	10,820,392	12,444,557	15,228,569	15,691,293	14,489,622		
other improvements Paintings in oil or water							
coloursSettlers' effectsSponges		-	-		13		
Tea. lb. Other miscellaneous articles.	34,259,053	38,402,110	40,296,055	37,628,322	40,830,701		
Coin and bullion— Coins, British and Canadian, and foreign							
gold coins		-	-				
sheets or plates, un- manufactured	-	-	-	E NY DE			
Silver bullion in bars, blocks, ingots, drops, sheets or plates, un- manufactured							

			· ·		THE HOLE			
Principal articles by		Values.						
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.			
VI. Mineral produce—con. Precious stones, diamonds, unset, diamond dust or bort, and black	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
diamonds for drills Salt Stone, flag, granite, rough,	2,212,683 424,712	2,661,975 448,651		2,986,507 563,868	1,682,623 517,610			
sandstone, etc	126,386	81,260	123,691	98,582	74,619			
Stone, granite sawn only. Whiting or whitening Other mineral products	3,213 97,338 290,778	5,417 99,760 373,953		11,567 102,993 515,166	87,499			
VII. Miscellaneous produce totals. Articles the growth, pro- duce or manufacture of	33,985,087	52,993,823	33,940,068	41,896,804	155,260,437			
Canada, returned after having been exported	512,532	629,398	567,392	694,688	718,652			
Articles for use of the Governor-General	8,798	45,070	23,320	16,110	9,874			
Articles for army and navy	6,118	11,247	18,365	372	3,210,698			
Articles ex-warehoused for ships' stores	729,607	714,273	811,332	1,041,782	967,173			
Bacteriological products or serums	84,848	95,741	127,564	111,448	107,568			
Barrels or packages returned	107,494	108,128	124,907	174,661	213,225			
tions of medals, etc Coffee, green Models of inventions and	1,571 1,268,719	860 1,840,283	3,314 2,457,262	2,569 2,103,203	2,577 1,751,810			
other improvements Paintings in oil or water	67,281	38,421	47,467	50,294	34,176			
colours	962,528 14,072,611 75,861 5,654,883	1,293,088 15,145,212 86,421 6,706,575	930,939 15,934,383 98,278 6,843,620	932,272 14,348,441 95,927 6,649,716	455,266 7,864,092 72,928 7,364,250			
Other miscellaneous articles	228,026	245,225	523,946	440,016	495,156			
Coins, British and Canadian, and foreign gold coins	7,741,849	24,096,596	3,025,219	13,659,492	117,055,024			
sheets or plates, un- manufactured Silver bullion in bars, blocks, ingots, drops,	1,484,866	980,919	1,284,592	838,959	14,428,372			
sheets or plates, un- manufactured	979,495	956,366	1,118,168	736,854	509,596			

18.—Values of Exports which may be classed as Manufactures in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.

Principal articles by classes	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Agricultural products—	\$	\$. \$	\$	\$
Cider	27,707	36,308	22,266	19,737	15,715
served	220,157 13,854,790	257,590 16,034,064	220,786	394,719	476,497
Flour of wheat Indian meal	4,517	4,740	7.767	14,639	9,549
Oatmeal Meal and flour, all other	518,032 9,659	896,739 20,327	17,836	488,589 7,534	287,844 1,616
Malt Maple sugar	10,888 117,202	18,915 110,400		4,256	4,141 131,477
Maple syrup Vegetables, canned	3,366 28,797	5,291 27,049	4,151	5,284	6,687 299,412
Cereal foods	1,830,146	2,309,989	2,015,675	2,166,330	1,970,402
Totals	16,625,261	19,722,412		23,859,441	27,814,286
Butter	744,288 20,739,507	2,077,916 20,888,818		309,046 18,868,785	639,625 19,213,501
Furs, dressed	24,576 56,152	43,107 24,312	15,306 26,718	11,550 94,961	29,862 2,340,081
Milk and cream, con- densed	469,406	305,678			1,181,300
Oils, animal	33,929 22,067,858	118,655	222,746	247,143 20,198,426	239,638
Fisheries—	Total Concession	20,400,400	21,211,040	20,190,420	23,644,007
Mackerel, canned Herring, canned	108 4,923	1,553	1,755	1,834	53,338
Sea fish, preserved Oysters, preserved in cans.	72,379 418	62,754	-	1,547	40
Lobsters, canned Salmon, canned	2,735,917 3,668,584	3,080,578 3,830,178	3,048,798 3,484,110	2,983,987 6,631,437	3,013,782 4,948,723
Oils, fish	455,666 6,937,995	1,076,301 8,051,364	628,155	447,752	348,606
Forest products—		0,001,001	1,200,001	10,211,101	0,102,110
Ashes, pot, pearl and other	95,112	74,869	62,140	48,862	57,044
Lumber, all kinds, includ- ind shingles, shooks,	100.00				
staves, etc	36,135,973 36,231,085			33,272,876 33,321,738	
Mineral products— Copper, fine, contained in			FARE II		
ore, matte, regulus, etc. Lead, metallic, contained	5,575,033	5,646,206	9,911,542	9,489,729	6,173,357
in ore, etc	1,308 99,625			7,562	12,534 97,286
Lead, pig Nickel, contained in ore,	Legal in			E 974 790	
matte, etc	3,842,332			to the second of	
concentrates, etc Silver, contained in ore,				110000	
concentrates, etc Oils, mineral, coal and	17,269,168	15,908,409		20,971,538	myles - /
kerosene, refined Salt	241 3,419	156 5,411	3,358	2.140	5,509
Totals Aggregates for the five classes	26,793,437	25,312,637	35,181,340	35,856,610	24,871,138
33-13-10-11-0	120,000,000	1 30,000,100		1	

EXPORTS CLASSED AS MANUFACTURES.

19.—Summary of Values of Exports to the United Kingdom, to the United States and to Other Countries of Home Produce which may be classed as Manufactures in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.

				1	
Classes of products.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Agricultural products— United Kingdom	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	10,264,351	12,395,376	14,932,089	13,878,344	18,372,698
United StatesOther countries	262,386	504,663	276,844	303,079	435,470
	6,098,524	6,822,373	8,032,322	9,678,018	9,006,118
	16,625,261	19,722,412	23,241,255	23,859,441	27,814,286
Animal products— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals.	21,040,877 161,806 865,175 22,067,858	741,643	139,078 543,278	18,598,653 638,489 961,284 20,198,426	20,773,801 1,380,059 1,490,147 23,644,007
Fisheries— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals	4,011,156	4,799,049	3,754,296	6,710,922	5,192,556
	1,132,256	1,231,574	1,280,468	1,238,946	1,264,511
	1,794,583	2,020,741	2,231,037	2,261,833	2,025,706
	6,937,995	8,051,364	7,265,801	10,211,701	8,482,773
Forest products— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals.	10,858,406	9,672,635	8,688,225	10,029,660	9,363,461
	20,702,638	18,325,339	21,635,336	·20,478,553	22,314,297
	4,670,041	4,443,559	3,171,668	·2,813,525	1,596,811
	36,231,085	32,441,533	33,495,229	33,321,738	33,274,569
Mineral products— United Kingdom. United States. Other countries. Totals.	6,265,192	5,082,593	11,440,150	15,398,598	11,303,230
	19,547,702	19,552,816	22,673,179	18,801,733	13,050,765
	980,543	677,228	1,068,011	1,656,279	517,143
	26,793,437	25,312,637	35,181,340	35,856,610	24,871,138
Aggregates by countries— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals	41,806,788	54,496,069 39,784,819 14,705,544 108,986,432	46,004,905 15,046,316	41,460,800 17,370,939	14,635,925

The articles in Tables 18 and 19 are usually grouped as natural products, as has been done in Table 7 under the heads of agricultural, animal, fisheries, forest and mineral produce, as well as in Tables 12 to 14. But by some authorities they are grouped with manufactured products, and they have been abstracted here to show the kinds and values of articles to be added to manufactures in those several tables, if so classified. If added to the exports of manufactures as given in Table 7, page 259, or in Table 14, page 311, the total values would be \$143,938,754 for 1911, \$144,822,716 for 1912, \$164,087,379 for 1913, \$180,891,368 for 1914, and \$203,626,274 for 1915. Added to the exports of manufactures to the United Kingdom in Table 7, page 259, the total value for 1915 would be \$89,854,105, to the United States \$80,609,855, and to other countries \$33,162,314, and the total increase in the period from 1911 to 1915 would be over 41 p. c. But the chief component value of these exports is that of raw material.

20.—Values of Imports which may be classed as Manufactures in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.

Principal articles by					
classes.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Agricultural products—					San Standard
Arrowroot	3,161	4,302	6,665		
Biscuits, all kinds	237,486	239,974	276,568	361,106	287,935
Bran, mill feed, etc	32,889	38,467	70,947	30,167	56,710
Cereal, foods	333,884	250,647	353,211	346,761	261,087
Cider Indian or corn meal	1,054 $122,720$	1,276 125,030	2,089	2,507	2,167
Malt	65,033	13,399	176,804 112,053	168,818 238,373	217,108
Macaroni or vermicelli	245,938	292,106	392,890	493,330	80,375 307,144
Oatmeal	716	1,066	3,347	1.925	1,919
Rice and sago flour	17,265	20,447	28,715		24,479
Rye flour	16,990	17,719	19,451	28,848	43,900
Tapioca and sago	98,646	122,345	145,161	91,307	72,034
Vegetables, canned	377,511	787,608	901,343	698,540	377,259
Wheat flour	245,365	199,707	267,917	239,833	256,533
Other articles	114,299	136,294	222,405	281,344	260,304
Totals	1,912,957	2,250,387	2,979,566	3,022,136	2,254,613
Animal products—	000 000	1 010 110	0.004.000	1 000 004	4 000 000
Butter	296,303	1,016,418	2,081,989		1,678,056
Cheese	171,269	178,811	302,153	299,223	229,094
Fur skins wholly or partially dressed	963,111	976,247	1,362,825	699,979	375,675
Lard and lard compound.	1,146,784	858,257	1,520,450		306,030
Meats, canned	172,544	291,583	393,174		244,346
Meats, extracts of, etc	152,870	291,074		550,840	472,204
Milk, condensed	12,604	9,981	21.171	38,416	9,485
Oils, animal	35,654	38,895	64,840	39,665	27,857
Wax, bees'	22,752	34,931	36,255	29,131	28,700
Totals	2,973,891	3,696,197	6,110,030	4,704,076	3,371,447
Fisheries—			The first		
Anchovies and sardines	316,430	288,737	434,844		317,675
Fish, preserved in oil	8,699	8,275	7,682	8,479	8,760
Lobsters, canned	49,122	39,262	442	22,753	9,300
Oysters, canned	59,051	56,731	61,830	52,861	30,479
Oils, fish	120,895	136,952	134,195		96,546 2,350
Salmon, canned Sea fish, preserved	1,020 1,899	3,066 9,984	90,523 73,990	11,670	11,319
Totals	557,116	543,007	803,506		476,429
	501,110	010,000	000,000	010,011	1,0,120
Forest products— D shovel handles	10,000	E4 E00	71 914	71 051	26.056
Lumber, all kinds, includ-	49,906	54,522	71,214	71,051	36,056
ing shingles and staves	9,468,297	11,149,158	14,257,132	11,783,621	6,705,298
Totals	9,518,203	11,203,680			6,741,354
Mineral products—	,,	,,	- 1		
Oils, coal and kerosene,			1.8.27	THE RES.	THE RESERVE
distilled, purified or re-			ME ME		
fined	544,381	660,289	1,110,690	1,351,098	653,401
Oils, product of petroleum	278,478	343,200	437,254	625,367	596,592
Oils, lubricating	463,863 424,712	524,668	825,792	712,808	572,375 517,610
Salt	424,712	448,651	500,095	563,868	517,610
whiting, or whitening	97,338	99,760	119,578	102,993	87,499
Totals	1,808,772	2,076,568	2,993,409	3,356,134	2,427,477
Aggregates for the five classes	16,770,939	19,769,839	27,214 857	23,553,589	15,271,320

IMPORTS CLASSED AS MANUFACTURES.

21.—Summary of Imports from the United Kingdom, from the United States and from Other Countries which may be classed as Manufactures, in the five fiscal years 1911-1915.

Classes of products.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
THE STREET	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Agricultural products— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals	273,489 1,127,089 512,379 1,912,957	354,454 1,278,933 617,000 2,250,387	519,186 1,552,338 908,042 2,979,566	1,428,406 1,059,714	273,563 1,158,913 822,137 2,254,613
Animal products— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals	524,313 1,608,105 841,473 2,973,891	792,850 1,700,169 1,203,178 3,696,197		727,339 1,493,679 2,483,058 4,704,076	503,885 1,207,110 1,660,452 3,371,447
Fisheries— United Kingdom United States. Other countries. Totals.	94,530 76,695 385,891 557,116	96,756 77,714 368,537 543,007	191,126 510,773	449,335	71,158 56,306 348,965 476,429
Forest products— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals	28,202 9,442,108 47,893 9,518,203		14,241,407 36,732	11,724,320	13,414 6,701,694 22,246 6,741,354
Mineral products— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals	327,335 1,421,132 60,305 1,808,772	337,444 1,667,770 71,354 2,076,568	$\begin{array}{c} 2,557,210 \\ 61,498 \end{array}$	355,882 2,922,435 77,817 3,356,134	311,756 2,055,973 59,748 2,427,477
Aggregates by countries— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals	1,247,869 13,675,129 1,847,941 16,770,939	1,654,186 15,818,136 2,297,517 19,769,839		1,761,115 17,647,753 4,144,721 23,553,589	1,173,776 11,179,996 2,917,548 15,271,320

The articles in Tables 20 and 21, if added to the imports of manufactures in Table 17, page 397, would give totals of \$315,527,978 for 1911, \$360,343,087 for 1912, \$483,678,451 for 1913, \$441,109,126 for 1914, and \$301,485,641 for 1915. The imports of manufactures from the United Kingdom with the articles in these tables added would reach a total for 1915 of \$78,041,880, from the United States of \$177,646,372, and from other countries of \$45,797,389, making an aggregate import of manufactures for the year of \$301,485,641, or over 51 p. c. of all imports.

22.—Quantity and Value of Wood, Blocks and Other, for Pulp, exported to the United States, 1904-1915.

Fiscal Year.	Cords.	\$	Fiscal Year.	Cords.	\$
1904. 1905. 1906. 1907 (9 mos.). 1908.	593,624 614,286 452,846 901,861	2,600,814 2,649,106 1,998,805 4,655,371	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	936,791 879,775 1,003,594 1,089,384	5,697,901 6,806,445 7,388,770

Note.—From 1902 to 1915 the exports from Canada of Wood, Blocks and Other, for Pulp went only to the United States; quantities were not given prior to 1904.

23.—Value of Exports of Wood, Blocks and Other, for Pulp, the produce of Canada, 1890-1903.

Fiscal Year.	United Kingdom.	United States.	Other Countries.	Total Exports.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1890	22,808	57,197	- 1	80,005
1891	18,362	170,636	-	188,998
1892	36,146	183,312	M	219,458
1893	13,461	371,981	650	386,092
1894	24,250	369,010		393,260
1895	9,396	458,613		468,009
1896	27,580	600,285	-	627,865
1897	33,931	677,221	-	711,152
1898	34,772	876,690	579	912,041
1899	28,099	809,795	4,192	842,086
1900	38,370	864,077	325	902,772
1901	32,198	1,364,821	-	1,397,019
1902	120,445	1,194,593	-	1,315,038
1903	_	1,558,560	_	1,558,560

24.—Value of Exports of Wood Pulp, the produce of Canada, 1890-1907.

\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Fiscal Year.	United Kingdom.	United States.	Other Countries.	Total Exports.
	1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906	460 - 1,640 178,255 251,848 113,557 164,138 676,100 671,704 562,178 934,722 818,580 1,129,173 548,720 680,199	147,098 280,619 355,303 454,253 368,256 336,385 557,085 576,720 534,305 578,229 1,193,753 987,330 1,170,400 1,795,768 1,807,442 2,694,122	20,622 - 706 2,641 5,135 1,101 16 24,343 60,085 65,155 57,418 226,002 52,912 24,837	168,180 280,619 355,303 455,893 547,217 590,874 675,777 741,959 1,210,421 1,274,276 1,816,016 1,937,207 2,046,398 3,150,943 2,409,074 3,399,158

EXPORTS OF WOOD PULP.

25.—Exports from Canada of Wood Pulp, by Countries, in the fiscal years 1910-1915.

Control of		1910.		1911.		
Kinds.	Quantity.	Value.	Average value per cwt.	Quantity.	Value.	Average value per cwt.
	cwt.	\$	\$ cts.	cwt.	\$	\$ cts.
Chemical pulp— United Kingdom United States. Other countries.	21,094 831,331 12,181	42,252 1,597,319 19,275	2.00 1.92 1.58	716,427	1,298,162	2.00 1.81 1.09
Total	864,606	1,658,846	1.92	721,428	1,308,101	1.81
Mechanical pulp— United Kingdom. United States. Other countries.	1,682,143 3,181,507 175,200	888,898 2,577,990 78,863	0.53 0.81 0.45	4,673,922	488,709 3,796,427 122,295	0.51 0.81 0.52
Total	5,038,850	3,545,751	0.70	5,867,227	4,407,431	0.75
Kinds.	= 1	1912.		1913.		
Chemical pulp— United Kingdom. United States. Japan. Other countries.	756 834,483 - -	1,920 1,585,615 - -	2.54 1.90 -	322 1,055,380 54,027 2,728	643 1,995,817 99,148 5,234	2.00 1.89 1.83
Total	835,239	1,587,535	1.90	1,112,457	2,100,842	1.89
Mechanical pulp— United Kingdom United States Other countries	1,295,427 3,728,141	672,441 2,834,329	0.52 0.76	1,434,649 3,313,950 1,120	827,490 2,580,462 750	0.58 0.77 0.67
Total	5,023,568	3,506,770	0.70	4,749,719	3,408,702	0.75
Kinds.		1914.			1915.	
Chemical pulp— United Kingdom. United States. Japan. Other countries. Total.	3,881 1,373,887 135,221 2,644	5,412 2,660,013 253,258 4,400 2,923,083	1.39 1.94 1.87 1.66	133,071 1,146	252,707 2,919	1.78 1.99 1.90 2.55
Mechanical pulp— United Kingdom	1,862,589	1,162,470	0.62	2,195,036	1,495,521	0.68
United StatesOther countries	2,915,601 37,980	2,253,621 25,650	0.77 0.67	3,855,266 113,400 ¹	2,893,618 70,400 ¹	$0.75 \\ 0.62$
Total	4,816,170	3,441,741	0.71	6,163,702	4,459,539	0.72

¹France only.

26.—Values of Exports and Imports of Fish, 1902-1915.

Fiscal Year.	Exports of fisheries, domestic.	Imports of home conduction		Year.	Exports of fisheries, domestic.	Imports of home cons	sumption.
1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 ¹	\$ 14,143,294 11,800,184 10,759,029 11,114,318 16,025,840 10,362,142 13,867,367	629,545 704,577 713,264 765,410 699,218	633,680 685,936 630,660 1,152,253 862,880	1909 1910 1911 1912 1913	\$ 13,319,664 15,663,162 15,675,544 16,704,678 16,336,721 20,623,560	\$ 746,315 909,036 1,123,581 1,203,045 1,519,571 1,469,305	\$ 814,770 715,703 669,033 984,458 910,923 635,231 568,880

¹Nine months.

27.—Exports of Fish, the Produce of Canada, by principal countries, in the fiscal years 1914-1915.

Exports to	1914.	1915.	Exports to	1914.	1915.	
	\$	\$		\$	\$	
United Kingdom	7,008,888	5,448,902	United States	6,852,009	8,521,901	
Australia	389,304	395,023	Brazil	691,313	487,494	
British West Indies	1,097,487	939,380		472,210	504,691	
British Guiana	110,952			920,223	689,462	
New Zealand	170,115		Italy	363,220	346,595	
Newfoundland	63,019	64,817	Japan	360,070	255,867	
Hong Kong	186,863		Germany	343,492	196,819	
Bermuda	28,826	26,411	Porto Rico	524,418	446,966	
Straits Settlements		144,991	Panama	151,842	79,614	
Fiji Islands	48,473	51,812		168,570	98,415	
Other British Pos-	00 005	00.070	Norway	15,302		
sessions	39,237	22,278	Sweden	74,172	69,078	
	3-11		China	97,833	117,057	
		4 THE 2 THE	Other foreign countries	333,485	252,641	
Total British Em-	122		Total foreign		202,041	
	9,255,401	7,532,844			12,154,224	
pire	3,200,401	1,002,044	countries	11,500,100	12,104,224	
			Grand total of ex-			
			ports		19,687,068	

28.—Exports of Coal, the produce of Canada, 1902-1915.

Fiscal Year.	Quantity.	Value.	Fiscal Year.	Quantity.	Value.
1902. 1903. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1907 (9 mos.)	1,979,951 1,646,505 1,615,322 1,820,511 1,285,346	\$ 4,867,088 5,542,434 4,346,660 3,930,802 4,643,198 3,346,402 4,810,284	1909. 1910. 1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.	1,826,339 2,315,171 1,494,756 2,055,993 1,498,820	\$ 4,505,221 5,013,221 6,014,095 4,338,128 5,555,099 3,703,765 4,466,258

EXPORTS TO WEST INDIES.

29.—Quantities and Values of Exports from Canada to the British and Foreign West Indies during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915.

	Titl F						
Total Exports to					***		
Articles.	British		Foreign West		Total to West		
		s and		s and	Indies and		
3.4.	British Guiana.		Foreign Guiana.		Guiana.		
Minerals—	401	\$ 1 545	400	\$ 1.401	007	\$	
Coalton. Other\$	421	1,545 187	486	1,461	907	3,006	
		101				187	
Fisheries—			N. CANTA				
Codfish, dry salt-	117 571	751 465	147 007	002 454	965 200	1 744 010	
Mackerel, pick-	117,571	751,465	147,827	993,454	265,398	1,744,919	
ledbbl.	6,881	65,607	341	3,120	7,222	68,727	
Herring, " "	33,426	146,658	3,560	15,997	36,986		
" smoked lb.	236,291	7,734	106,923	3,371	343,214		
Sea fish, other						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
pickled bbl.	9,034	44,726	179	957	9,213	45,683	
Sea fish, other. lb.	3,816	215	S NAME OF THE		3,816	215	
Lobsters, canned "	4,485	1,713	367	135	4,852	1,848	
Salmon, cauned "	42,676	5,143	_	-	42,676		
" pickled bbl.	858	10,398	197	2,338	1,055	12,736	
Fish, all other	985	196 338		11	985	207	
Fish oil, cod gal.				7 010 000		338	
Total Fisheries.	-	1,034,193	-	1,019,383		2,053,576	
Forest Products—	404			34 500			
Laths M.	191	689	- Pu la	-	191	689	
Planks and	0.000	000 055	10 000	240 000	00.010	E45 005	
boardsm. ft.	9,926	203,255	18,886	342,652	28,812	545,907	
Scantling " Shingles M.	18,019	$ \begin{array}{c} 148 \\ 23,831 \end{array} $	80	210	18,099	148 24,041	
Shooks\$	10,019	2,475	- 00	210	10,099	2,475	
Staves and head-		2,110				2,110	
ings"	_	9,613	Mary 1	-	_	9,613	
Poles "	_	1,500	-	-	-	9,500	
Masts and spars No	68	1,239		-	68	1,239	
Timber square,							
pine, white \$	-	-	-	564		564	
Total Forest Products.	3-1-	242,750		343,426		586,176	
Animals and their pro-					No Inchia	TAME	
duce—		1912	-47	2 Marily C	2720		
Cattle, over 1 yr. No.	25	202) -	25	202	
Sheep							
Butter lb.	146,490	45,571	6,652	1,913	153,142	47,484	
Cheese "	209,443	36,048	24,834	4,082	234,277	40,130	
Meats-	1 171	151	1 554	210	0.707	470	
Bacon and hams " Beef"	1,171 10,000	151 817	1,554	319	2,725	470 817	
Pork"	66,137	3,816	200	18	$10,000 \\ 66,337$	3,834	
Poultry canned "	900	87	56,615	7,349	57,515	7,436	
Other meats. \$	-	5,844	00,010	3,435	01,010	9,279	
Milk and cream,		0,011		0,100		0,210	
condensed, can-			to The	Man Trail			
ned or preserved,		The state of the			THE PARTY		
lb.	144,074	12,424	-	-	144,074	12,424	
Tallow "	-	-	72,170	3,609	72,170	3,609	
Grease and grease			05.		05		
scraps lb.	_	- 0.50	37,748	1,887	37,748	1,887	
Other articles \$		353		275		628	
Total Animals, etc	-	105,313	-	22,887	-	128,200	

29.—Quantities and Values of Exports from Canada to the British and Foreign West Indies during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915—con.

Indies during the uscar year ended March 31, 1915—con.							
	Total Exports to						
Articles.	British West Indies and British Guiana.		Foreign West Indies and Foreign Guiana.		Total to West Indies and Guiana.		
Agricultural Products-		\$	A. F.	8	QUM I	\$	
Fruits, apples, green or ripebbl. Other fruit \$ Grain—	1,407	2,956 229	1,618 -	3,950	3,025	6,906 229	
Barley bush. Beans " Oats " Peas, whole " split " Indian Corn " Bran cwt. Flour of wheat bbl. Meal, other " Cereal foods, pre-	81 68 408,018 4,470 24,690 3,376 25,019 585,655 140	71 159 231,670 9,763 60,621 1,911 34,230 2,733,039 540	203,889 14 - 41 6,813	2,592 95,695 33 - 98 31,861	81 879 611,907 4,484 24,690 3,376 25,060 592,468 140	71 2,751 327,365 9,796 60,621 1,911 34,328 2,764,900 540	
pared, all kinds \$ Hayton. Potatoesbush Tobacco leaflb. Other articles \$	1,077 130,151 -	27,703 16,239 88,895 - 3,325	872 617,698 11,849	71,885 7,998 382,179 14,840 57		99,588 24,237 471,074 14,840 3,382	
Total Agricultural Products		3,211,351	Ti 154	611,188		3,822,539	
Manufact'd Articles— Agricultural implements\$ Books, pamphlets, maps, etc\$		178 4,988		. 1,971 9,528		2,149 14,516	
Biscuits and bread cwt.	450	4,895			450	4,895	
Brooms and whisks \$ Calcium carbide lb.	119,460	10,670 3,602		115 -	119,460	10,785 3,602	
Cordage—Ropes and twine \$	4 1 -	24,589	-	51	-	24,640	
Drugs and chemicals Fertilizers Iron and steel	-	7,093 138,809	-	492 120	=	7,585 138,929	
mfs of " Jewellery " Leather and mfs.	1	30,915 1,633	-	5,157 1,646	=	36,072 3,279	
of	2,370	656 4,207	1,266	3,924	3,636	656 8,131	
ments No. Oil cakecwt. Oilsgal. Paper, printing cwt. Paper, wall, roll. Paper, wrapping lb. Paper, other \$ Paints and varnishes,	3 13,164 20,651 3,119 7,386 89,206	3,740 6,164 2,194	- - 22,422 - - -	42,796 - - -	3 13,164 20,651 25,541 7,386 89,206	570 19,896 3,740 48,960 2,194 3,124 2,351	
all kinds \$	-	19,446	-	2,061	-	21,507	

TRADE WITH WEST INDIES.

29.—Quantities and Values of Exports from Canada to the British and Foreign West Indies during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915—concluded.

			Total Ex	xports to		
Articles.	British Indie British	s and	Indie	n West s and Guiana.	Total to West Indies and Guiana.	
Manufactured Articles		\$		\$		\$
—con. Ships, sold to other countries ton	716	44,000			716	44,000
Soap lb. Stationery \$	375,624	16,568 4,564	=	7,557	375,624	
Trunks and valises, all kinds " Vehicles—		9,395			-	9,395
Automobiles. No. Carriages	60 11	27,675 1,071	3	7,700	63 11	35,375 1,071
Other and parts of\$	-	5,321	-			5,321
Wood— Barrels, empty No. Household fur-	5,276	7,833	400	-	5,276	7,833
niture \$ Other articles "	_	12,994 4,964	_	820 70	_	13,814 5,034
Other articles of manufacture "	_	30,480		6,074	- 1	36,554
Total manufac- tures "		449,267		90,082	to du -	539,349
Miscellaneous articles "	3, -	983		6,582		7,565
Grand total		5,045,589		2,095,009	-	7,140,598

30.—Quantities and Values of Imports from the British and Foreign West Indies during the fiscal year 1915.

Anticles	Total Imports from								
Articles, dutiable.	British West Indies and British Guiana.		ar		Total from West Indies and Guiana.				
Arrowroot lb. Cocoanuts— Imported	51,510	\$ 2,683		\$ -	51,510	\$ 2,683			
direct No. n.o.p " Cocoa beans, not roasted, crushed	84,270 22,223	2,091 622	746	24 -	85,016 22,223	2,115 622			
or ground cwt.	255	2,267	-	-	255	2,267			
Coffee, green, imported direct Fruits—	181,649	21,370	- · -	-	181,649	21,370			
Raisins lb.	96,919	3,896	_	-	96,919	3,896			

30.—Quantities and Values of Imports from the British and Foreign West Indies during the fiscal year 1915—con.

		7	Total Impor	rts from		
Articles, dutiable.	British We an British (d	Foreign W an Foreign	d	Total from West Indies and Guiana.	
Fruits—con.		\$		\$		\$
All other fruits and nuts. \$	-	368	-	1,241		1,609
In air-tight cans, etc lb.	87,963	6,585		_	87,963	6,585
Hats, grass, straw, etc \$		4,425	- 4 -	-	_	4,425
Honey in the comb lb.	21,715	1,054	-	-	21,715	1,054
Iron, cast, scrap iron ton Iron and steel,	. 38	558	-	-	38	558
scrap, wrought, etcewt. Lime juice, etc. gal. Packages\$	2,002 3,318 -	1,020 1,119 6,373	= =	2,328	2,002 3,318	
Ginger, n.o.p., un- ground lb. Nutmegs and mace, whole or	369,317	15,340	_	-	369,317	15,340
unground. lb.	76,151	8,122	-	-	76,151	8,122
Rum gal. Other spirits "	124,645 162	44,100 919	124	177	124,645 286	44,100 1,096
Sugar lb. Molasses \$ Tobacco—	283,786,077	7,042,387 2,576	192,718,704	4,923,281	476,504,781 -	11,965,668 2,576
Cigarettes lb.	252 391	217 1,450	571 91,291	1,732 377,036	823 91,682	1,949 378,486
Vegetables \$	_	1,581	306	94	306	1,581
Other dutiable articles \$	-	5,406		803	7	6,209
Total dutiable. \$		7,176,529		5,306,716		12,483,245
				Hawken L		
Free Goods— Salt	232,107	21,153			232,107	21,153
Hides and skins,	87	3,736		16		3,752
raw lb. Furs and skins, all	556,143	76,005	-	-	556,143	76,005
kinds, not dressed		2,287	-	-	_	2,287

IMPORTS FROM WEST INDIES.

30.—Quantities and Values of Imports from the British and Foreign West Indies during the fiscal year 1915—concluded.

	Total Imports from							
Articles,	British We	est Indies	Foreign We	est Indies	Total fro	Total from West		
Free.	an	d	and .		Indies and			
	British (Guiana.	Foreign	Foreign Guiana.		ana.		
Free Goods—con. Cocoa beans, not		\$		\$		\$		
roastedlb. Cocoanuts, im-	1,822,253	205,328			1,822,253	205,328		
ported dir- ectNo. Bananasbchs. Lemons and limes	3,482,039 800	70,814 452	400	_ 237	3,482,039 1,200	70,814 689		
\$		140	-	-		140		
Oranges and shaddocks \$ Pineapples " Tobacco, unman-	Ξ	17,384 120	=	13,240 2,421		30,624 2,541		
ufactured for Excise purposeslb.			400,549	165,340	400,549	165,340		
Lime juice, crudegal.	66,403	20,594	Sea la la	_	66,403			
Molasses not over 56 degreesgal.	7,312,464	TO WEST			7,312,464	1,283,915		
Coffee, green, imported direct lb.	505,496	64,799			505,496	64,799		
Drugs, crude, etc\$		1,631		_		1,631		
Canadian articles returned \$		9,223	-	-	-	9,223		
Articles for exhibition\$	4	1,024	-	_	-	1,024		
Other articles. \$ Total free		7,576		2,331		9,907		
goods\$		1,786,181		183,585		1,969,766		
Total dutiable and free \$		8,962,710		5,490,301		14,453,011		
Imported through foreign countries \$		1,520,201		965,993		2,486,194		
Imported direct\$		7,442,509		4,524,308		11,966,817		

31.—Values of Exports (domestic and foreign) to the British and Foreign West Indies by Countries during the fiscal years 1913-1915.

	19:	13.	193	14.	1915.		
Countries.	Exports, domestic.	Exports, foreign.	Exports, domestic.	Exports, foreign.	Exports, domestic.	Exports, foreign.	
British Guiana British West Indies	\$ 627,244 3,915,172	\$ 3,236 45,453					
Total British West Indies	4,542,416	48,689	5,119,004	23,601	5,008,755	36,834	
Cuba Danish West Indies French West Indies	1,496,857 17,870 30,161	29,986 191	1,815,414 15,207 20,862	173			
Dutch West Indies Dutch Guiana French Guiana	3,853 50,665		2,289 46,749	=	6,715 40,453 2,374	495	
Hayti	33,069 609,375 53,050	2,431	37,783 542,962 59,721	324 -	4,295 468,698 3,938	=	
Total Foreign West Indies	2,294,900	32,608	2,540,987	13,604	2,055,137	39,872	
Total Exports to the British and Foreign West Indies	6,837,316	81,297	7,659,991	37,205	7,063,892	76,706	

32.—Values of Total Imports (dutiable and free) from the British and Foreign West Indies by Countries during the fiscal years 1913-1915.

	19:	13.	19	14.		915.	
Countries.	Imports, dutiable.	Imports, free.	Imports, dutiable.	Imports, free.	Imports, dutiable.	Imports, free.	
British Guiana British West Indies	\$ 3,382,622 4,362,510	\$ 1,812 1,696,449	\$ 3,554,353 2,368,940	\$ 6,547 2,116,004	\$ 2,909,514 4,267,015	\$ 13,601 1,772,580	
Total British West Indies		1,698,261	5,923,293	2,122,551	7,176,529	1,786,181	
Cuba Danish West Indies Dutch West Indies Dutch Guiana. Hayti. Porto Rico San Domingo.	81,965	- - - 99	3,362,993 259,214 - 241,267 - 22 3,166,144	367 - 106 1,591	1,520,619 117,687 203,898 - 3,464,512		
Total Foreign West Indies			7,029,640			183,585	
Total Imports from the British and Foreign West Indies	THE RELIES IN	2,445,733	12,952,933	2,693,728	12,483,245	1,969,766	

TRADE WITH WEST INDIES.

33.—Value of Imports and Exports from and to British and Foreign West Indies 1901-1915.

	I	mports from		Exports (domestic and foreign) to				
Fiscal Year.		Foreign West Indies and Foreign Guiana.	Total.		Foreign West Indies and Foreign Guiana.	Total.		
1901	\$ 1,406,480	\$ 594,768	\$ 2,001,248	\$ 2,297,804	\$ 984,306	\$ 3,282,110		
1902	1,702,293	539,697	2,241,990	2,456,132	1,339,408	3,795,540		
1903			3,012,578		1,471,843	4,171,010		
1904	7,006,892					4,086,066		
1905	8,589,656 7,521,360		9,303,995 8,178,441	2,872,770 2,847,381	1,460,801 1,831,656	4,333,571 4,679,037		
19071						3,685,782		
1908	9,293,804					5,186,970		
1909	9,088,596					5,060,435		
1910	9,004,421	1,815,110	10,819,531			6,082,168		
1911	10,262 613	2,062,006	12,324,619	4,736,005	2,501,599	7,237,604		
1912	10,550,491	2,891,199			2,925,246	7,543,207		
1913			14,384,520			6,918,613		
1914	8,045,844		15,646,661			7,697,196		
1915	8,962,710	5,490,301	14,453,011	5,045,589	2,095,009	7,140,598		
Total	108,503,053	30,225,532	138,728,585	51,999,998	28,899,909	80,899,907		

¹Nine months.

Note.—Foreign West Indies include Cuba, Danish, Dutch and French West Indies, Dutch and French Guiana, Hayti, Porto Rico and San Domingo.

34.—Imports into Canada of Anthracite and Bituminous Coal for home consumption during the fiscal years 1901-1915.

Fiscal Year.	Anthr: Free of	acite, • Duty.	Bituminous Coal, Dutiable.		
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 ¹ 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	1,652,451 1,456,713 2,275,018 2,604,137 2,200,863 2,014,846 3,091,159 3,059,663 3,152,851	\$ 7,923,950 7,021,939 7,028,664 10,461,223 12,093,371 10,304,303 9,487,574 14,199,609 14,034,020 14,456,315 15,750,340 19,306,639 20,399,279 20,734,126 20,927,539	Ton. 2,516,392 3,047,392 3,511,421 4,053,900 4,176,274 4,495,550 3,807,604 7,640,121 6,763,552 7,017,271 7,745,571 10,500,662 11,060,910 13,754,244 9,124,499	\$ 4,956,025 5,712,058 7,776,717 9,108,208 8,022,896 8,360,349 7,491,045 14,843,789 13,151,449 13,070,363 14,597,268 20,333,268 20,447,587 26,140,676 16,135,920	

NOTE.—Anthracite coal dust is included under Anthracite coal. For records of previous years see Year Book 1911, p. 420. 'Nine months.

35.—Imports into Canada of Portland Cement, 1898-1915.

Fiscal Year.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty paid.	Fiscal Year.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty paid.
	Cwt.	\$	\$		Cwt.	\$	\$
1898	1,073,058	355,264	121,969 147,146	1907 ¹	1,551,493		162,250
1899 1900	1,300,424 1,301,361	467,994 498,607	147,140	1909	2,427,381 1,460,850	852,041 475,676	259,549 - 159,077
1901		654,595	179,550	1910	490,809		
1902 1903	1,971,616 2,316,853	833,657 868,131	233,754 271,004	1911 1912	1,283,121 2,592,025		138,969 292,914
1904	2,476,388	995,017	290,778	1913	4,958,814	1,955,177	597,727
1905	3,228,394 2,848,582	1,234,649 963,839	384,866 328,342	1914 1915			

¹Nine months.

36.—Percentage Proportions of Imports from United Kingdom and United States, respectively, to totals of dutiable and free in the 48 fiscal years 1868-1915.

	Un	ited Kingd	om.	U	nited State	es.
Fiscal Year.	Dutiable to total dutiable.	Free to total free.	Dutiable and free to all imports.	Dutiable to total dutiable.	Free to total free.	Dutiable and free to all imports.
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
1868	64.78	39.82	56.06	22.93	53.96	33.77
1869	69.35	31.75	56.20	18.95	62.04	34.03
1870	66.52	34.50	56.10	19.27	59.69	32.43
1871	66.25	35.99	57.58	23.43	54.31	32.28
	70.59	38.20	59.27	19.43	55.81	32.14
	66.63	38.55	54.61	23.42	53.47	36.29
	62.69	29.03	49.87	27.67	65.19	41.97
	62.64	28.16	51.11	28.55	67.78	41.66
1876	53.76	25.08	43.75	35.41	70.53	47.67
	54.03	19.31	41.78	38.59	77.88	52.45
	53.76	16.69	41.21	39.25	80.13	53.10
	48.84	16.72	39.34	42.95	78.91	53.57
	51.74	36.43	48.30	36.11	54.88	40.33
1881	50.06	37.23	47.39	35.78	56.74	40.15
	48.34	35.04	45.30	38.41	55.58	42.33
	44.47	36.16	42.40	42.20	54.48	45.25
	41.02	35.03	39.56	44.74	53.88	46.97
	41.90	35.22	40.12	42.62	54.12	45.68
1886	43.00	34.13	40.66	41.97	51.94	44.60
	45.78	33.25	42.56	39.13	52.71	42.61
	44.29	26.81	38.90	38.90	62.34	46.13
	43.26	28.97	38.73	38.91	60.79	45.86
	43.15	28.95	38.75	39.65	60.13	45.99

IMPORTS OF CANADA.

36.—Percentage Proportions of Imports from United Kingdom and United States, respectively, to totals of dutiable and free in the 48 fiscal years 1868-1915—concluded.

	Uni	ited Kingd	om.	Uı	nited State	es.
Fiscal Year.	Dutiable to total dutiable.	Free to total free.	Dutiable and free to all imports.	Dutiable to total dutiable.	Free to total free.	Dutiable. and free to all imports.
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	p.c. 42.19 44.58 45.61 43.79 39.81	p.c. 28.57 22.24 23.53 20.61 18.39	p.e. 37.67 35.66 36.92 33.96 30.85	p.c. 39.97 42.66 40.88 41.13 44.05	p.c. 60.12 48.34 52.49 53.84 57.79	p.c. 46.65 44.90 45.44 46.52 49.84
1896. 1897. 1898. 1899.	36.24 30.53 30.23 30.77 30.25	22.19 22.73 18.35 15.70 18.66	31.15 27.58 25.36 24.72 25.66	43.28 46.03 51.00 49.73 51.65	64.07 65.69 71.13 73.43 70.69	50.80 53.48 59.24 59.24 59.17
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	29.92 29.54 30.85 30.18 29.88	15.50 17.94 18.84 17.73 15.14	24.10 24.95 26.15 25.34 23.98	50.58 50.72 50.10 52.07 52.21	74.66 70.11 68.46 69.14 73.13	60.30 58.40 57.29 58.71 60.58
1906	30.40 32.05 32.64 29.84 31.60	15.03 16.04 17.35 16.31 16.49	24.42 25.79 26.83 24.52 25.78	51.74 51.93 50.59 51.76 52.29	71.90 71.28 70.51 70.20 69.22	59.59 59.50 58.16 59.00 58.81
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	29.82 26.69 24.47 24.95 24.31	15.05 14.72 13.43 14.26 12.61	24.34 22.42 20.71 21.35 19.79	54.14 58.72 62.57 60.81 60.27	$72.05 \\ 71.74 \\ 69.78 \\ 70.16 \\ 72.85$	60.84 63.37 65.03 63.96 65.13

37.—Average ad valorem Rates of Duty collected on Imports from United Kingdom, United States and All Countries in the 48 fiscal years 1868-1915.

	United E	Kingdom.	United	States.	All Countries.		
Fiscal Year.	Average on dutiable imports.	Average on total imports.	Average on dutiable imports.	Average on total imports.	Average on dutiable imports.	Average on total imports.	
1868	p.c. 16.851 16.779	p.c. 13.522 13.420	p.c. 20.088 19.546	p.c. 7.283 7.836	p.c. 21.161 20.172 20.890	p.c. 13.119 13.118 14.088	
1871. 1872. 1873. 1874. 1875.	16.436 16.408 15.583 16.461 18.145	13.493 12.712 10.872 12.808 14.801	16.264 17.976 17.663 17.448 17.271	8.427 7.070 6.519 7.119 7.876	19.648 19.071 18.281 18.899 19.650	14.021 12.406 10.439 11.696 13.078	

37.—Average ad valorem Rates of Duty collected on Imports from United Kingdom, United States and All Countries in the 48 fiscal years 1868-1915—concluded.

	United Kingdom.		United	States.	All Countries.	
Fiscal Year.	Average on dutiable imports.	Average on total imports.	Average on dutiable imports.	Average on total imports.	Average on dutiable imports.	Average on total imports.
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
1876	18.761	15.009	19.239	9.307	21.275	13.853
	19.375	16.215	18.687	8.898	20.539	13.292
	20.056	17.303	20.416	9.354	21.400	14.151
	20.542	17.963	23.210	13.101	23.335	16.334
	24.032	19.956	23.062	16.005	26.078	20.214
1881	24.464	20.457	22.039	15.546	25.820	20.436
	24.148	19.882	21.474	15.034	· 25.304	19.524
	24.299	19.152	21.081	14.776	25.290	19.007
	24.373	19.085	20.706	14.888	25.192	19.020
	24.810	19.028	21.209	14.534	26.097	19.168
1886. 1887. 1888. 1889.	25.727 26.055 29.087 29.331 28.788	20.028 20.828 22.909 22.367 22.129	22.823 23.775 26.236 25.433 26.579	15.809 16.225 15.308 14.733 15.821	27.495 28.723 31.858 31.869 31.015	20.238 21.348 22.039 21.755 21.413
1891	28.982	21.691	25.963	14.864	31.386	20.974
1892	29.431	22.098	26.485	15.103	29.684	17.827
1893	29.805	22.335	26.735	14.589	30.275	18.368
1894	29.992	22.264	26.956	13.717	30.854	17.759
1895	30.056	22.559	26.739	13.746	30.522	17.753
1896	30.200	22.418	26.693	14.512	29.974	19.109
1897	30.693	21.106	26.727	14.287	29.967	18.613
1898	29.478	20.751	26.118	13.287	29.222	17.265
1899	26.627	19.842	26.339	13.241	28.652	17.157
1900	25.583	18.235	25.032	13.217	27.634	16.715
1901	24.748	18.322	24.835	12.424	27.427	16.355
	24.027	17.188	25.182	13.207	27.265	16.466
	23.316	16.739	24.905	13.254	27.064	16.468
	24.117	17.559	25.217	13.674	27.426	16.765
	24.770	18.513	26.118	13.501	27.692	16.610
1906	24.601	18.709	24.779	13.144	26.835	16.393
1907 (9 mos.)	24.252	18.355	24.167	12.843	26.339	16.038
1908	24.245	18.286	24.585	13.258	26.582	16.480
1909	25.755	19.028	24.868	13.247	27.315	16.586
1910	25.107	18.914	24.837	13.570	26.713	16.416
1911	24.561	18.881	24.737	13.773	25.797	16.145
1912	24.988	19.132	24.978	14.883	25.963	16.694
1913	25.133	19.574	24.945	15.818	25.928	17.087
1914	25.217	19.547	24.809	15.648	25.982	17.235
1915	27.124	20.461	25.101	14.272	27.195	16.706

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF CANADA.

38.—Value of Imports entered for consumption at certain Ports during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915.

Ports.	Dutiable goods.	Free goods.	Total.
Brantford	\$1,557,203	\$1,431,224	\$2,988,427
Calgary	3,682,234	1,007,872	4,690,106
Dawson	462,459	217,843	680,302
Halifax	6,754,618	3,954,926	10,709,544
Hamilton	9,096,279	6,799,957	15,896,236
London	3,887,689	4,150,020	8,037,709
Montreal	68,063,198	34,135,157	102,198,355
Ottawa	5,035,584	125,437,097	130,472,681
Quebec	5,242,781	6,558,819	11,801,600
Sault Ste. Marie	1,897,202	1,915,726	3,812,928
St. John, N.B	4,358,758	4,488,291	8,847,049
St. Johns, Que	791,322	2,693,049	3,484,371
Sydney	455,704	916,876	1,372,580
Toronto	59,364,781	35,334,122	94,698,903
Vancouver	17,523,409	7,532,078	25,055,487
Victoria, B.C	3,597,530	1,375,178	4,972,708
Windsor, Ont	6,499,679	3,623,286	10,122,965
Winnipeg	21,500,249	5,101,474	26,601,723
Totals	219,770,679	246,672,995	466,443,674

39.—Value of Exports of Canadian produce by principal ports during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915.

Ports.	Value.	Ports.	Value.			
Abercorn	\$5,113,261	Quebec	\$6,739,109			
Bridgeburg	22,289,047	Rossland	101,247			
Coaticook	17,792,923	St. Armand	3,207,284			
Fort William	20,276,207	St. Johns, Que	12,938,486			
Halifax.:	16,067,405	St. John, N.B	43,081,929			
Athelstan	4,247,734	Sault Ste. Marie				
Montreal	83,489,321	Sydney	4,782,235			
Nanaimo	2,050,974	Vancouver	14,113,198			
New Westminster	1,724,602	Winnipeg	582,047			
Niagara Falls	29,035,546					
Prescott		Totals	302,759,088			

40.—Value of Total Exports and Imports, Imports entered for consumption and amount of duty collected, by Provinces, during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915

Provinces.	Total Exports.	Total Imports.	Imports entered for consumption.	Duty collected.
Ontario	\$167,685,610	\$345,765,008	\$344,693,885	\$33,218,761
Quebec	181,982,754	168,965,016	129,988,636	22,919,065
Nova Scotia	29,712,618	16,327,786	16,257,305	2,930,005
New Brunswick	54,322,490	12,983,369	12,736,708	2,162,771
Manitoba	11,558,465	29,847,647	29,448,518	6,413,589
British Columbia	33,627,009	36,223,080	34,976,835	7,373,100
Prince Edward Island	542,087	933,842	930,467	160,226
Alberta	469,183	9,953,295	9,953,046	2,484,939
Saskatchewan		7,550,417	7,542,168	1,356,345
Yukon	3,723,304	820,493	836,795	164,721
Totals	490,808,877	629,369,953	587,364,363	79,184,6481
Prepaid postal parcels: duty				
received through Post Office	O FEMALES.	The second second		
Department	-	74,941	74,941	21,262
Grand Total		629,444,894	587,439,304	79,205,910

Note.—Under regulations which went into effect July 1, 1900, all export entries are delivered at the frontier port of exit, and the totals are credited to the respective ports where the goods pass outwards from Canada. ¹Includes \$1,126 duty collected in the Territories.

41.—Imports of certain Articles of Raw Material for home consumption, 1902-1915.

Fiscal Year.	Rags, all kinds.	Broom corn.1	Hides, horns, pelts etc .1	Sugar, raw.	Tobacco, raw.
1902. 1903. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1907 (9 months).	Cwt. 367,373 241,286 254,484 1,116,215 1,697,801 156,102 323,453	\$ 202,487 165,231 197,982 175,412 196,084 167,654 238,513	\$ 5,086,052 5,662,744 4,916,222 5,240,717 6,811,267 5,843,511	Ton. 159,348 180,849 183,405 163,717 210,215 142,334	Lb. 11,329,674 13,380,504 14,248,303 13,859,152 14,519,658 14,347,476
1909	256,617 496,057	246,701 432,146	4,908,871 5,218,108 8,237,014	217,281 226,712 231,152	15,690,076 15,994,878 13,753,141
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.	536,604 564,296 750,003 716,882 540,922	389,173 437,001 377,462 324,590 285,574	8,105,330 8,903,727 13,486,459 8,831,010 12,842,558	271,532 281,402 310,101 347,168 335,820	17,204,271 17,203,513 22,153,588 17,598,449 18,595,957

¹Value only; the Trade and Navigation Returns do not give quantities.

42.—Imports of Canada by values entered for consumption from British Empire and Foreign Countries under the General, Preferential and Treaty Rate Tariffs in the four fiscal years 1912-1915.

The same about yours 101m 1010.							
		1912.		1913.			
Countries.	General.	Preferential. Treaty rates.		General.	Preferential.	Treaty rates.	
British Empire, totals United	\$ 10,688,138	\$ 88,058,830	\$ 3,728,366	\$ 12,054,040	\$ 102,374,150	\$ 4,686,470	
Kingdom Australia British West	9,503,948 226,851	76,338,907 -	3,671,346 31,820			4,583,851 29,018	
Indies	60,627	4,303,657	-	38,683	4,249,758	-	
BritishGuiana Other Posses-		5,304,561	-	20,179	3,528,759		
sions Foreign Coun-	879,818	2,111,705	25,200	530,907	2,362,751	73,601	
Austria-	222,416,393	-	10,412,333	309,474,754	-	13,017,471	
Hungary Cuba Dutch East	977,727 1,108,631	I I	516,597 -	953,556 2,024,618		628,168	
Indies Belgium	1,771,035 2,234,487		340,678	2,957,287 2,096,918	_	438,871	
France Germany	4,401,296 7,984,629	INT	5,223,761	5,324,789 10,082,199	-	6,352,913	
Holland Japan	1,115,549 692,198		54,516 610,009		_	33,379 695,942	
Spain Switzerland	768,254 612,068		404,719 $2,798,461$	733,055	-	505,170 3,495,207	
United States. Other		E. S	400 700	276,330,434		-	
countries	3,864,369	-	463,592	5,432,143	-	867,821	

IMPORTS OF CANADA.

41.—Imports of certain Articles of Raw Material for home consumption, 1902-1915
—concluded.

Fiscal Year.	Cotton wool or raw cot- ton and waste.	Hemp undressed.	Wool, raw.	Gutta per- cha, India- rubber, etc., crude.		
1902. 1903. 1904. 1905.	Cwt. 693,578 735,760 557,765 636,594	Cwt. 160,794 129,856 123,885 102,529	Cwt. 103,607 79,947 73,394 76,172	Cwt. 29,104 28,615 32,134 28,103		
1906. 1907*(9 months). 1908. 1909. 1910.		123,857 75,037 145,969 69,553 ³ 58,911 ³	63,118 39,288 61,292 56,839 74,271	24,916 20,021 25,562 20,391 35,555		
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915		81,017 ³ 82,661 ³ 64,990 ³ 55,572 ³ 55,370 ³	64,224 71,954 92,092 72,521 131,940	28,035 44,313 56,655 44,504 65,045		

²Cotton waste included with rags all kinds. ³Includes dressed hemp.

42.—Imports of Canada by values entered for consumption from British Empire and Foreign Countries under the General, Preferential and Treaty Rate Tariffs in the four fiscal years 1912-1915—concluded.

		1914.				
Countries,	General.	Preferential.	Treaty rates.	General.	Preferential.	Treaty rates.
British Empire, totals United	\$ 12,752,492	\$ 94,804,984	\$ 4,111,829	\$ 7,880,372	\$ 69,441,881	\$ 3,088,197
Kingdom Australia British West	11,541,414 418,387	86,787,609	4,046,844 37,183		58,170,806	3,051,676 7,679
Indies British Gui-	76,444	2,157,069	-	54,075	4,336,684	5
ana Other Pos-	25,095	3,147,470	-	43,868	2,936,246	1
sessions	691,152	2,712,836	27,802	810,013	3,998,145	28,836
Foreign Coun- tries, totals	285,332,926	B 555	13,256,513	190,521,430	Age 2	8,860,315
Austria- Hungary	1,010,740		689,661			260,919
Cuba Dutch East	3,512,587			1,384,407	A 14	
Indies Belgium	877,017 2,520,708	5	456,876	116,153 $1,050,777$	-	173,042
France	5,408,961 11,151,601	7/	6,505,128	3,539,598 3,887,906	-	3,651,585
Germany Holland	1,612,349	-	30,442	1,206,806		22,699
Japan Spain	729,558 778,828	_	734,412 494,815		VIII -	641,181 423,686
Switzerland	952,496		3,300,465	833,960	-	3,086,427
U.S.A Other coun-	249,482,610		352.7	168,658,299	-	Lale -
tries	7,295,471	-	1,044,714	8,355,390	-	600,776

(er (+) r (-) es.	P.C. + 31.3 + 141.1 + 237.2 + 237.2	9.6 -		-23.2	-28.3 -14.7 -10.3 -14.4 -14.4 -11.2	-17.6
Due to larger (+) or smaller () quantities.	-74,784 +16,700 - 2,918 - 85 +25,278 + 6,142 + 287	-41,664	+ 3,407 - 1,790 - 6,031 - 122,497 - 12,706 - 3,287	-143,297	- 71,377 + 14,910 - 3,311 - 97,219 - 18,848 - 3,000	-184,961
igher (+) -) prices	P.c. + + + 0.2 + 111.2 + 3.4 + 6.2 + 6.2 + 6.2 7.2	+ 5.0	10.6 0.5 0.5 0.5	-4.1	+++1 + 	0.0-
Due to higher (+) or lower (-) prices	+ 11,310 + 4,342 + 1,981 + 2,819 + 2,819 + 2,56	+19,495		-19,715	++6,708 ++1,898 -1,201 -6,026 + 149	- 220
Increase (+) or Decrease (-)	P.C. + 39.4 + 4.5 + 12.4 + 448.7	-5.1	2.5.4.2.1.1.2.1.1.2.1.1.2.1.1.2.1.1.2.1.1.1.2.1	-26.4	- 25.6 - 25.6 - 12.3 - 112.3 - 18.9 - 10.6	-17.6
Increase (+) Decrease (-)	\$\\ -63,474\\ +21,042\\ -\ 937\\ -\ 142\\ +28,097\\ -\ 7,298\\ +\ 543\\ \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	-22,169		-163,012	$\begin{array}{c} - 64,570 \\ + 19,036 \\ -1,413 \\ -7,317 \\ -103,245 \\ -24,821 \\ -2,851 \end{array}$	-185,180
Actual Value 1914.	\$ 198,220 53,349 20,624 42,792 57,443 59,039 121	431,588	53,545 29,880 2,332 16,789 417,556 71,694 26,661	618,457	251,765 83,229 22,956 59,581 474,999 130,733 26,782	1,050,045
Value at prices of 1914.	\$ 123,436 70,049 17,706 42,707 82,721 52,897 408	389,924	28,952 28,090 1,939 10,758 295,059 58,988 58,988	475,160	180,388 98,139 19,645 53,465 377,780 111,885 23,782	865,084
Actual Value 1915.	\$ 134,746 74,391 19,687 42,650 85,540 51,741 664	409,419	52,449 27,874 1,856 9,614 286,214 54,171 23,267	455,445	187,195 102,265 21,543 52,264 371,754 105,912 23,931	864,865
	A. Exports. Agricultural produce. Animals and their produce. Fisheries produce. Rorest produce. Manufactures. Mineral produce.	Total Exports	B. IMPORTS. Agricultural produce. Animals and their produce. Fisheries produce. Manufactures. Mineral produce. Miscellaneous.	Total Imports	Agricultural produce Animals and their produce Fisheries produce Forest produce Manufactures Mineral produce	Total Exports and Imports

43.-Trade of Canada by Classes of Produce, compared as to Quantity and Value, for 1914 and 1915 ("000" omitted).

Norm.—In the above table the exports are the produce of Canada, exclusive of coin and bullion, and the imports are for home consumption. Values are expressed in thousands of dollars, and the period covered is the fiscal year ended March 31.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF CANADA.

44.—Values of total Exports and Imports entered for Home Consumption (including Coin and Bullion) during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1916.

Coin and bullion) during the uscal year en	ded March 51,	1910.
Canada:	Total Exports.	Imports for
Countries.	1	Consumption. ²
Duitigh Empire	\$	o o de
British Empire—		00 100 50
United Kingdom	463,081,241	80,108,795
Australia	7,773,209	3,423,085
Bermuda	448,481	29,416
British East and West Africa	205,239	3,302
British South Africa	5,509,081	175,879
British East Indies, all other	44,217	1,793,067
British West Indies	4,134,901	
		6,258,757
British Guiana	1,211,904	5,636,630
Straits Settlements	281,734	254,622
Hong Kong	817,673	1,247,529
India	916,314	4,732,772
Newfoundland	5,071,038	1,577,784
New Zealand	3,361,999	4,283,667
Gibraltar	1,437,634	-,200,101
Other British Possessions.	259,532	31,745,200
Total British Empire	494,554,197	111,270,505
Foreign Countries—	00, 000	00 110
Alaska	365,066	28,413
Argentina	2,398,655	3,971,271
Austria-Hungary		3,156
Belgium	334,762	59,315
Brazil	1,142,105	883,832
Central American States.	61,396	133,206
	88,634	169,284
Chile		
China	536,482	918,610
Cuba	1,431,290	1,540,519
Denmark	112,988	45,849
Danish West Indies	7,537	58,351
Dutch East Indies	272,710	169,169
Egypt and Soudan	39,839	6,512
France	36,085,813	5,949,470
French Africa	12,540	474
Germany	12,010	
	222 220	86,304
Greece	222,330	338,836
Hawaii	39,539	22,497
Holland	2,563,626	1,057,733
Italy	10,733,288	920,271
Japan	998,240	4,015,125
Mexico	87,163	623,281
Norway	458,542	279,091
Panama	153,556	2,0,001
Peru	47,262	1 169 402
Philipping		1,162,403
Philippines	7,323	12,359
Porto Rico	702,716	3
Portugal	56,726	207,634
Russia in Europe	6,737,152	123,904
Santo Domingo	12,919	4,020,491
St. Pierre and Miquelon	171,570	4,932
Spain	634,998	617,025
Sweden	53,440	161,378
Switzerland		
Turkey in Furene	979,103	3,525,117
Turkey in Europe	00.101	42,248
Uruguay	33,101	280,437
United States	320, 225, 080	398,695,013
Venezuela	98,567	115,358
Other Foreign countries	412,247	557,985
Total foreign countries	388,318,305	430,806,856
Total imports and exports	882,872,502	542,077,361
The state of the s	002,012,002	042,077,001

¹ Includes coin and bullion amounting to \$34,260,202. ² Includes coin and bullion amounting to \$103,572,432. ³ Includes imports from Fiji Islands valued at \$1,262,718.

45.—Quantities and Values of principal Agricultural and Animal Products imported into the United Kingdom during the calendar years 1914 and 1915.

[From the British Trade and Navigation Accounts.]

Articles.	1914		1915¹.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
		\$		\$	
Animals, living— Horses	8,662 2,234	1,537,316 225,302	8,692	1,927,468	
Sheep. " Eggs. doz.	1,707 179,048,050	14,600 42,110,293	102,479,600	29,798,454	
Flax, dressed and undressedton	72,943	17,829,539	63,632	23,041,004	
Apples, rawbush. Cherries, rawcwt.	6,562,414 188,122	9,961,210 1,165,410	7,489,729 30,578	11,301,612 241,659	
Currants " " Gooseberries, raw "	$\begin{array}{c} 161,410 \\ 25,965 \end{array}$	951,228 86,456	$131,222 \ 5,402$	756,742 15,432	
Grapes Pears Plums " " "	728,577 459,055 232,602	3,518,113 1,775,817 1,406,934	647,024 235,801 154,309	3,609,227 1,260,686 937,796	
Strawberries " " Other " "	34,410 278,090	193,187 1,233,535	15,880 208,914	124,284 1,068,180	
Hides and undressed skins— Hides, raw, dryewt. wet	715,913 843,681	14,485,428 14,285,034	822,522 1,206,340	17,076,939 24,219,312	
Skins, sheep, with wool on	71,381,943 6,424,908	10,138,123 3,006,977	87,410,569 8,945,103	12,490,042 4,069,064	
Hops	108,983	2,719,206	224,377	3,886,092	
Grain and products of— Barleybush. Beans	37,436,985 2,690,910	$27,546,852 \\ 2,447,582$	28,677,798 2,133,245	29,335,571 2,599,476	
Oats	78,081,494 46,633,884 1,836,229	57,236,439 22,748,830 2,659,487	97,132,800 51,520,329 2,054,179	91,967,215 41,310,890 4,248,148	
Peas. " Wheat. " Cornmeal. bbl.	193,996,587 130,182	217,705,851 383,956	165,539,360 138,542	278,924,099 547,846	
Flour of Wheat " Oatmeal "	5,633,724 341,595	27,005,366 2,447,631	5,873,935 498,669	40,465,033 4,276,272	
Grain and meal, other. cwt. Milk, condensed, sweet- ened	3,942,222 1,257,969	9,341,236 10,147,589	4,484,788 1,457,187	15,167,516 12,811,057	
Milk, condensed, un- sweetened"	41,884			3,570,479	
Provisions—	446 000 040	116 000 477	191 901 940	121 572 754	
Butter lb. Cheese " Lard "	446,230,848 272,592,768 197,691,984	38,768,655	431,804,240 305,417,504 247,568,832	131,573,754 54,087,496 28,145,199	

¹Figures of 1915 subject to revision.

IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM.

45.—Quantities and Values of principal Agricultural and Animal Products imported into the United Kingdom during the calendar years 1914 and 1915—concluded.

[From the British Trade and Navigation Accounts.]

Articles.	19:	14.	1915.				
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.			
		\$		\$			
Meats, viz.— Beef, fresh	588,224	72,581	234,416	28,300			
Beef, chilled	538,967,408	50,179,456	293,277,152				
Beef, frozen "	451,035,872	42,508,435	670,865,664				
Deel, Salted	3,342,192	317,609 88,697,864	7,644,896 730,618,224				
Bacon" Hams"	570,984,960 93,948,960	14,906,979	166,341,392	25,777,220			
Pork, fresh"	94,274,768	11,227,925	15,426,656	1,749,572			
Pork, frozen	2,179,968	260,921	14,735,504				
FOIR, Saited	29,247,792 16,855,440	1,472,055 1,928,368	11,981,088				
Mutton, fresh" Mutton, frozen"	565,514,432	53,601,807	5,481,392 524,357,568				
Meat, unenumerated,	000,011,102	55,002,001	021,001,000	01,200,010			
fresh"	33,145,168	3,555,086	16,736,496	1,738,349			
Meat, unenumerated, frozen	57,995,616	4,688,970	69,977,712	7,002,968			
Meat, unenumerated,							
salted"	15,627,808	877,601	11,517,296	797,871			
Meat, preserved, other-							
wise than by salting,				TANK NAME OF			
(including tinned and	Section 1	Figure 1					
canned)— Beef"	89,981,024	20,632,574	198,235,744	50,202,844			
Mutton"	6,862,688	892,401	6,747,440				
Other sorts "	14,619,920	3,354,842	23,233,728	5,317,364			
Poultry (alive or dead) \$	4 500 144	3,888,277	0.010 FE/	3,189,579			
Bristles	4,798,144 171,272,528	3,793,304 19,356,490	6,913,574 229,844,496	4,432,886 27,989,431			
Oil seed cake, not	111,212,020	13,000,400	223,011,130	21,000,101			
sweetenedton.	368,963	9,679,016	476,127	15,929,276			
Tallow and stearine lb. Wool, sheep and lambs'. "	194,564,384	13,926,823	198,587,760	15,191,300			
Wool, sheep and lambs'. "-	712,618,116	151,901,996	926,680,036	204,533,108			
Seeds, viz.—				GILLEGO'S			
Clover and grass "	19,701,360	1,998,920	29,162,000				
Flaxseedbush.	19,614,224	27,856,051	17,011,272	27,124,961			
Vegetables, viz.—	MINISTER !	Alberta Br					
Onions "	7,513,513	7,206,428	7,472,440				
Potatoes " Tomatoes cwt.	6,220,039 1,765,811	7,472,840 7,447,100	3,939,016	5,692,136			
Other\$	1,700,811	2,315,141	1,562,295	7,423,335 1,549,459			
Totals	-	1,241,427,807	312 37 7	1,615,424,304			
				Rep-Mills			

Note.—Rate of conversion to Canadian currency, £1=\$4.86. 1 Figures of 1915 subject to revision.

46 —Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years, 1911-1915. [From the British Annual Statement of Trade, 1915.]

	- 47	G	QUANTITIES.		
Imports by Countries.	1911	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Animals, living.					
Cattle— United States No.	155,817	39,987	10,093	-	
Canada"	42,239	6,800	1,755	-	-
Other countries "	2,342	2,125	2,895	2,234	-
Total "	200,398	48,912	14,743	2,234	-
Sheep— United States No.	42,805	14,237	-	1,707	
Canada"	4,868	1,193	501		_
Total"	47,673	15,430	501	1,707	Victoria St.
Provisions.				4	
Butter— Russiacwt.	638,284	683,650	751,414	616,380	1,017,507
Sweden"	360,357	335,014	332,331	270,138	128,294
Denmark" Netherlands"	$\begin{array}{c} 1,707,178 \\ 104,655 \end{array}$	1,618,048 113,716	1,706,759 153,172	1,749,072 183,999	1,327,100 $44,544$
France	171,080	246,652	248,579	273,819	352,090
Argentine" Australia"	24,209 896,085	67,244 549,396	72,418 594,552	55,704 438,094	82,947 371,685
New Zealand "	:276,446	349,012	251,663	357,920	374,898
Canada	61,936 62,462	27 42,400	813 27,327	3,128 35,950	24,401 130,389
Total	4,302,692	4,005,159	4,139,028	3,984,204	3,853,855
Cheese-		chi w tuo		The Later	
Netherlands cwt. France	207,917 17,977	268,286 16,030	291,895 15,218	349,124 11,937	129,105 $6,875$
Switzerland "	11,064	12,266	12,580	8,390	6,112 75,917
Italy	75,157 $150,321$	$91,060 \\ 21,227$	101,794 $22,449$	97,932 31,390	459,793
New Zealand "	397,845	543,917	547,182	742,419 1,167,778	709,326 1,315,177
Canada	1,473,275 14,771	1,352,570 $3,431$	1,293,768 12,454	24,894	24,231
Total"	2,348,327	2,308,787	2,297,340	2,433,864	2,726,536
Eggs— RussiaGt. Hunds.	10,041,890	9,677,098	11,453,277	6,870,827	3,074,156
Sweden"	344,289	305,519	384,950	366,890	105,230
Denmark" Germany"	3,992,986 577,545	3,623,815 524,677	4,264,943 513,740	4,315,900 405,894	2,657,835
Netherlands "	607,364	801,227	977,350	1,192,286	874,013
France" Italy"	652,036 771,107	669,687 958,344	702,281 845,789	632,741 874,193	36 4,768
Austria-Hungary "	1,022,554	997,987	883,651	911,674	5-6-
Egypt" Canada"	687,335 14,709	1,060,312	1,096,539 1,950	1,121,832 361,173	1,428,409 912,326
United States "	9,349	600	5,869	493,229	627,896
Other countries "	336,733	465,786	449,611	358,166	561,357
Total"	19,057,897	19,085,052	21,579,950	17,904,805	10,246,026

Note.—In the above table the cwt. is the long cwt. of 112 lb. For eggs the great hundred = 120.

BRITISH IMPORTS OF FOOD PRODUCTS.

46.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1911-1915. [From the British Annual Statement of Trade, 1915.]

			VALUES.		
Imports by Countries.	1911	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Animals, living.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cattle—	14 971 579	2 200 102	1 026 799		MARCH ST
United States	14,371,573 3,802,989	3,899,198 693,539	1,036,722 176,232		
CanadaOther countries	203,938	190,992	268,032	225,302	
Other countries	200,000				
Total	18,378,500	4,783,729	1,480,986	225,302	
Sheep—	201 000	107,081		14,600	E'- IN P
United States	321,862 39,118	8,711	3,655	14,000	
Canada	33,110	0,111	0,000		
Total	360,980	115,792	3,655	14,600	-
Provisions.					1
Butter—					
Russia	16,121,169	17,796,144	18,645,981	16,461,067	31,005,592
Sweden	10,627,681	10,287,506	9,965,152	8,018,198	4,718,418
Denmark	51,144,467	50,399,205	51,866,933	53,721,368	49,744,137
Netherlands	2,854,198	3,122,638	4,485,792	5,568,348	1,527,491
France	5,191,283	7,589,333	7,326,484 1,920,041	8,147,554 1,583,857	11,074,957 2,769,386
Argentine	706,416 22,407,515	1,931,891 15,699,312	15,625,567	12,040,347	12,415,908
Australia New Zealand	7,276,844	10,454,534	6,576,254	10,224,662	
Canada	1,727,973	706	22,007	90,014	814,884
Other countries	1,665,466			1,014,062	4,330,054
	110 700 010			110 000 477	121 710 002
Total	119,723,012	118,525,759	117,207,155	110,009,477	131,310,092
Netherlands	2,555,472	3,414,921	3,699,100	4,483,714	2,132,744
France	270,105	276,680	281,108	223,161	135,790
Switzerland	181,940	200,507	208,094	141,970	137,308
Italy	1,203,322	1,490,597	1,673,345	1,598,885	1,448,379
United States	2,102,979	323,950	327,123	510,635	9,187.371
New Zealand	5,886,472	9,163,155	8,202,630		14,996,463
CanadaOther countries	22,340,506 207,408	21,159,449 52,650		19,592,957 381,030	$\begin{vmatrix} 25,510,040 \\ 506,458 \end{vmatrix}$
Other countries	201,300	02,000	191,100	501,000	000,400
Total	34,748,204	36,081,909	34,237,190	38,768,655	54,054,553
Eggs—	10 477 070	10 000 000	02 002 446	14 101 000	0 515 001
Russia	18,475,852	19,228,336		14,181,880	8,515,801
Sweden	764,393 9,882,287	702,868 9,453,855	892,848 11,177,969	967,571 12,395,297	299,076 9,069,165
Denmark	1,134,624	1,073,129	1,050,305	857,940	9,009,100
Netherlands	1,376,318	1,844,457	2,388,156	2,936,172	3,094,499
France	1,477,106	1,501,421	1,587,030	1,600,262	102
Italy	1,785,380	2,295,042	2,048,448	2.101.573	16,814
Austria-Hungary	2,086,184	2,055,485	1,829,589	1,832,480	-
Egypt	1,084,551	1,722,104		1,887,177	2,666,787
Canada	36,330	070	4,658	1,136,435	2,843,272
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	21,525			1,412,569	1,884,432
United States		075 600	259 149	800 097	1 /10 990
United States Other countries	650,884	975,680	852,143	800,937	1,410,239

46.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1911-1915—con.

		QUANTITIES.						
Imports by Countries								
		1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.		
Meats.	13	THE REAL						
Bacon-		176,607	167,526	211,654	142,601	9,070		
Russia	wt.	43,681	43,599	61,907	101,098	27,967		
Denmark	16	2,122,087	2,318,708	2,334,945	2,714,807	2,063,221		
Netherlands	"	69,364	6,927	185,718	254,567	6,760		
United States	u	1,817,835	1,698,347	1,803,371	1,522,958	3,529,599		
Canada	"	615,807	387,401	243,522 $16,773$	342,286 19,763	864,185		
Other countries		23,357	11,591	10,775	19,100	22,575		
10141	"	4,868,738	4,634,099	4,857,890	5,098,080	6,523,377		
Hams— United States c	wt.	887,303	819,997	760,567	774,805	1,364,024		
Canada	16	62,295	74,525	90,082	58,985	115,966		
Other countries	ш	5,213	3,354	4,346	5,040	468		
10tal	u	954,811	897,876	854,995	838,830	1,480,458		
Lard— United States c	wt.	1,719,295	1,663,180	1,868,992	1,672,450	2,098,781		
Canada	"	48,806	. 78,379	83,130	51,981	72,573		
Other countries	ш	54,662	48,928	53,238	40,676	39,082		
Total	и	1,822,763	1,790,487	2,005,360	1,765,107	2,210,436		
Grain and products of.		2,022,000						
Wheat-						-0.0		
Russia c	wt.	18,106,100	9,005,000	5,011,100	7,234,827	796,300		
United States	"	12,939,229 112,700	19,973,994 655,800	34,067,944 765,100	34,220,166 50,700	41,649,000		
ChileArgentine	u	14,748,600	18,783,700	14,756,200		12,156,000		
British India	u	20,161,518	25,379,400	18.766,100		13,956,500		
Australia	u	13,910,720	11,908,505	10,126,658		180,300		
Canada	"	14,373,700	21,551,100	21,787,900		19,725,300		
Other countries	44	3,715,220	2,315,040	597.100	1,643,900	204.500		
I Utal	"	98,067,787	109,572,539	105,878,102	103,926,743	88,667,900		
Barley—	wt.	6,670,400	3,664,900	6,105,000	5,372,522	9,000		
Russiac Denmarkc	wt.	310,200	422,500		56,400	- 0,500		
Germany	"	104,400	848,120	356,600	9,600	-		
Austria-Hungary	u	143,500	216,300	266,800	58,100	Vincentia.		
Rumania	"	3,980,800	1,591,900		835,600	227 000		
Turkey in Asia	"	3,650,100	3,394,700	2,232,300		337,000 629,300		
Tunis United States	"	907,300 3,381,400		348,700 4,438,100		5 814,485		
Chile	"	309,800		83,200	914,700	450,300		
Argentine	ш	47,700	72,100	264,700	98,200	727,900		
British India	"	2,384,700						
Canada	66	43,300						
Other countries		2,611,820						
Total	ш	24,545,420	20,126,294	22,439,248	16,044,422	12,291,685		

Note.—In the above table the cwt. is the long cwt. of 112 lb.

BRITISH IMPORTS OF FOOD PRODUCTS.

46.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1911-1915—con.

Imports by Countries.			VALUES.		
	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Meats.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Bacon-			0.000.000	0 100 000	4 7 7 00 4
Russia	2,356,226	2,398,585	3,332,830		155,884
Sweden Denmark	689,310 32,562,560	640,010 38,130,981	990,532 43,146,261	1,637,190 48,357,409	496,463 44,427,056
Netherlands	1,069,864	114,936	3,084,805	4,260,878	119,326
United States	24,661,994	23,668,240	29,795,291	26,072,962	62,063,792
Canada	8,730,537	5,720,898	4,200,610	5,959,049	16,179,287
Other countries	318,124	163,350	270,225	302,196	373,297
Hams—Total	70,388,615	70,837,000	84,820,554	88,697,764	123,815,105
United States	13,199,797	12,054,266	13,217,886	13,759,770	23,651,489
Canada	961,284	1,126,044	1,638,582	1,060,028	2,034,812
Other countries	86,572	58,868	75,687	87,181	11,237
Lard—	14,247,653	13,239,178	14,932,155	14,906,979	25,697,538
United States	19,537,954	20,646,055	25,232,270	21,935,702	26,761,941
Canada	551,690	1,013,736	1,115,571	670,222	951,385
Other countries	602,245	596,138	674,141	515,331	431,873
Total	20,691,889	22,255,929	27,021,982	23,121,255	28,145,199
Grain and products of.					
Wheat— Russia	34,247,112	19,176,924	9,660,158	13 751.808	2 258,858
United States	25,545,503	40,526,407	67,904,950		129,127 768
Chile	211,335	1,368,424	1,587,721	102,360	
Argentine	27,918,597	37,838,689	29,869,254		41 899,567
British India	38,420,255 27,537,834	53,264,046 25,963,073	38,926,286 21,542,928		43,047,910 458,280
Canada	28,422,915	43,045,438	42,845,885		61,443,341
Other countries	7,057,553	4,850,461	1,062,126	3,063,559	655,904
Total	189,361,104	226,033,462	213,399,308	217,705,851	278,891,628
Barley-	10 075 611	6 946 690	9 000 F10	0.040.000	14 507
Russia	10,075,611 683,071	6,246,629 962,121	8,990,519 1,030,424	9,049,893 107,218	14,537
Germany	250,638	2,031,055	839,777	21,914	
Austria-Hungary	296,764	541,694	610,913	129,020	RESERVE.
Rumania	6,270,427	3,142,207	2,228,106		700,000
Turkey in Asia	6,439,252 1,575,656	6,719,008 281,206	4,340,838 686,901	1,300,028 19,467	762,928 1,508,058
United States.	6,061,083	1,658,448	9,016,746		13,640,532
Chile	540,624	254,103	184,563	1,711,271	1,043,647
Argentine	64,610	130,018	452,717	153,792	1,659,426
British India	3,488,840 62,454	11,998,353 847,394	6,367,926 4,053,160		6,954,399 1,718,386
CanadaOther countries	4,419,542	3,496,125	505,963		2,043,435
AND THE RESERVE AND A PLANT					
Total	40,228,572	38,308,361	39,308,553	27,546,852	29,345,348

Note.—Rate of conversion to Canadian currency, £1=\$4.86.

46.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1911-1915—con.

Ita kar Charataina		(QUANTITIES.		
Imports by Countries.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Oats— Russia	7,217,100 1,652,000 1,201,800 66,037 345,300 5,597,100 1,761,100 432,600	3,305,200 2,009,400 18,100 2,160,900 653,000 7,657,500 1,963,100 533,200	2,784,800 3,422,300 609,500 1,434,015 825,600 6,401,700 2,348,000 336,748	1,108,500 2,472,600 327,700 3,009,615 832,600 4,150,500 1,758,200 497,000	8,183,200 969,500 5,807,000 386,200 294,200
Total " Peas, whole—	18,273,037	18,300,400	18,162,663	14,156,715	15,640,100
Canada. cwt. Germany " Netherlands " Japan " British India " New Zealand " Other countries "	21,010 146,760 170,470 88,810 1,320,290 164,390 172,444	7,050 246,582 227,264 120,250 1,483,900 203,290 176,271	5,770 222,270 179,520 149,200 962,350 185,993 177,330	7,340 118,942 73,570 153,190 183,410 137,156 250,833	
Total"	2,084,174	2,464,607	1,882,433	924,441	1,064,213
Russia cwt. Rumania " Bulgaria " United States " Argentine " Canada " Other Br. Possessions " Other countries "	8,441,400 11,854,600 756,400 10,437,200 3,648,080 1,545,100 1,698,350 221,200	4,230,800 1,052,800 4,368,000 28,795,830 57,700 2,270,814	38,854,073 211,500 378,300	259,200 232,925 28,642,884 1,404,757	1,695,300 44,152,400 148,000 2,286,500
Total "	38,602,330	43,877,338	49,154,953	39,040,747	48,581,300

Note.—In the above table the cwt. is the long cwt. of 112 lb.

BRITISH IMPORTS OF FOOD PRODUCTS.

46.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1911-1915—con.

Imports by Countries.		VALUES.							
	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.				
Oats—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				
Russia. Germany. Rumania. United States. Chile. Argentine Canada Other countries.	10,627,067 2,649,282 1,782,631 103,675 491,022 7,301,908 2,635,500 644,969	5,730,383 3,766,270 28,558 3,598,637 1,105,191 12,184,250 3,426,046 1,007,793	834,541 2,263,019 1,307,990 9,208,639 3,653,372	1,596,870 3,609,738 471,201 5,972,914 1,329,189 5,715,486 3,089,009 964,423	22,549,447 2,556,820 14,427,219 1,043,564				
Total	26,236,054	30,847,128	27,603,524	22,748,830	41,310,890				
Peas, whole— Canada. Germany. Netherlands Japan. British India. New Zealand. Other countries.	67,817 557,185 759,083 366,587 1,942,579 417,818 506,293	42,150 825,465 927,090 511,287 2,481,581 569,001 610,514	28,869 728,642 709,579 556,489 1,665,101 557,993 363,501	36,982 310,580 271,127 488,565 371,969 452,167 543,086	56,711 5,567 1,897,440 1,473,028 294,677 361,837				
Total	4,617,362	5,967,088	4,610,174	2,474,476	4,089,260				
Russia Rumania. Bulgaria. United States. Argentine. Canada. Other British Possessions Other countries	11,432,949 16,928,500 1,072,584 13,202,761 4,619,182 2,063,374 2,469,614 348,527	4,305,530 7,175,550 1,827,837 7,220,703 41,049,146 86,495 3,681,186 807,204	2,384,633 1,394,787 - 9,357,490 52,812,453 315,228 538,653 209,749	1,212,735 10,148,416 355,237 357,613 41,860,346 - 2,248,006 1,054,086	3,601,324				
Total	52,137,491	66,153,651	67,012,993	57,236,439	91,988,881				

46.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1911-1915—concluded.

Imports by County		QUANTITIES.							
Imports by Countri	es.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.			
Flour, wheat—									
Germany. France. United States Australia Canada Other countries	ewt.	282,025 399,700 5,116,411 445,400 3,268,768 552,828	370,560 370,700 4,212,604 690,550 4,003,877 541,185		215,707 363,600 5,557,908 248,900 3,227,033 447,075				
Total	"	10,065,132	10,189,476	11,978,153	10,060,223	10,482,170			
Oatmeal—									
United States CanadaOther countries	cwt.	111,282 292,821 1,944	83,267 341,939 6,027		58,037 101,536 39,267	176,971 52,768 - 85			
Total	"	406,047	431,233	453,187	198,840	229,824			
Rolled Oats—									
United States Canada Other countries	cwt.	118,468 278,284 24,047	97,537 264,899 31,675	176,341 189,898 24,436	148,754 230,740 24,993	447,891 206,733			
Total	u	420,799	394,111	390,675	404,487	654,624			

Note.—In the above table the cwt. is the long cwt. of 112 lb.

BRITISH IMPORTS OF FOOD PRODUCTS.

46.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1911-1915—concluded.

January In Contain	VALUES.							
Imports by Countries.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.			
Flour, wheat—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Germany France United States Australia Canada Other countries	690,196 842,795 13,125,721 1,087,573 8,613,421 1,321,903	969,605 836,458 11,116,275 1,794,087 10,784,908 1,355,386	1,176,882 670,641 15,804,125 915,994 11,007,344 1,317,499	637,407	164,936 25,828,145 6,327 13,311,000 1,135,744			
Total	25,681,609	26,856,719	30,892,485	27,005,367	40,446,152			
Oatmeal—		E E	Zalia - Ura					
United StatesCanadaOther countries	285,649 756,674 5,057	218,187 957,760 15,934	599,851 553,213 54,565	284,208				
Total	1,047,380	1,191,881	1,207,629	551,529	924,643			
Rolled Oats—				The last				
United States	542,215 1,237,102 60,127	407,394 1,223,149 89,172	730,326 888,673 64,829		2,191,825 1,135,023			
Total	1,839,444	1,719,715	1,683,828	1,877,574	3,326,848			

Note.—Rate of conversion to Canadian currency, £1=\$4.86.

GRAIN STATISTICS.

A description of the arrangements for the storage, inspection, grading and shipment of Canadian grain has been given in previous issues of the Year Book (see pp. 454-457 of the edition of 1914). Tables 47 to 51 give the principal grain statistics for a series of years. the fiscal year 1915-16 the total storage capacity of the 3,078 grain elevators and warehouses in Canada was 180,988,000 bushels, these figures representing an increase from a total of 523 elevators and warehouses with a capacity of 18,329,352 bushels in 1900-01. Under the Canada Grain Act, 1912, the Dominion Government has power itself to erect and operate terminal grain elevators. Four such elevators are already in operation and are situated respectively at Port Arthur (Ont.), Saskatoon (Sask.), Moosejaw (Sask.) and Calgary (Alberta).

Table 47 shows for the crop years 1901 to 1916 the number of railway stations at which elevators are placed, the number of elevators and warehouses and their total storage capacity, the figures being given by provinces for the country elevators of the west, and by description of elevators for the rest of the country. Tables 48 and 49 give statistics of the inspection of grain for the years 1913, 1914 and 1915, and Tables 50 and 51 of the shipment of grain by vessel and rail for 1914 and 1915.

47.—Number and Storage Capacity of Canadian Grain Elevators in the crop years 1901-1916. COUNTRY ELEVATORS IN MANITORA

	COUNTRY ELEVATORS IN MANITOBA.											
Year.	Sta- tions.	Ele- vators.	Ware- houses.	Capacity.	Year.	Sta- tions.	Ele- vators.	Ware- houses.	Capacity.			
	No.	No.	No.	Bushels.		No.	No.	No.	Bushels.			
1901	167	333	76	10,323,272	1909	300	678	13	20,558,500			
1902	180	427	69	12,255,000		312	696	11	21,624,500			
1903	216	558	59	16,121,400		329	707	12	21,813,800			
1904	234	651	46	19,297,000	1912	336	705	10	22,410,500			
1905	247	669	33	19,557,630	1913	338	698	10	22,253,150			
1906	271	699	33	20,656,100	1914	346	689	6	21,690,000			
1907	275	686	32	20,502,200		348	678	8	22,045,500			
1908	282	685	20	21,015,600	1916	348	682	6	22,113,000			
COUNTRY ELEVATORS IN NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.												
1901	50	88	21	2,436,080	1904	86	261	18	7,917,000			
1902	60	111	. 18	3,194,000	1905	109	298	13	8,934,000			
1903	66	176	23	5,105,000								
	u - lan	COT	JNTRY E	LEVATORS IN	SASKAT	CHEWA	N.					
1906	113	307	15	8,951,600	1912	430	1,007	5	29,314,000			
1907	161	452	10	12,989,500		513	1,246	6	36,503,000			
1908	176	508	8	14,666,500		647	1,465	5 5	42,995,000			
1909	254	615	14	17,924,500	1915	653	1,619		48,074,500			
1910	330	835	9	24,314,500		710	1,782	1	52,943,000			
1911	374	904	5	26,465,000								
- 100	COUNTRY ELEVATORS IN ALBERTA.											
1906	27	43	2	1,715,500	1912	142	279	14	9,863,000			
1907	49	71	10	2,785,500	1913	168	321	19	11,565,500			
1908	59	109	6	3,818,900		195	397	11	14,793,000			
1909	72	120	14	4,386,400		219	449	14	16,089,000			
1910	121	229	17	8,080,400		249	525	11	18,807,000			
1911	130	249	13	8,764,500					X L V			

GRAIN STATISTICS.

47.—Number and Storage Capacity of Canadian Grain Elevators in the crop years 1901-1916—con.

COUNTRY ELEVATORS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

9.		CC	OUNTRY I	ELEVATORS I	N BRITIS	H COLU	MBIA.				
Year.	Sta- tions.	Ele- vators.	Ware- houses.	Capacity.	Year.	Sta- tions.	Ele- vators.	Ware- houses.	Capacity.		
Control	No.	No.	No.	Bushels.	1010	No.	No.	No.	Bushels.		
1907	2	3	-		1912	7	6	2	487,000		
1908	4	3	2		1913	6	7	2	562,000		
1909	3	3	-		1914	6	7	2	562,000		
1910	6	6	1		1915	5	7	1	440,000		
1911	7	6	2	444,000	1916	5	6	1	459,000		
			TOTA	LS OF COUN	TRY ELEV	ATORS.			-84		
1001	015	401	07	10 750 950	1000	600	1 416	41	49 097 400		
1901	217	421	97	12,759,352		629	1,416	41	43,037,400		
1902	240	538	87	15,449,000		769	1,766	38	54,460,400		
1903	282	734	82	21,226,400	1911	840	1,866	32	57,487,300		
1904	320	912	64	27,214,000		915	1,997	31	62,074,500		
1905	356	967	46	28,491,630		1,025	2,272	37	70,883,650		
1906	411	1,049	50	31,323,200	1914	1,194	2,552	24	80,040,000		
1907	487	1,212	52	36,597,200	1915	1,225	2,752	28	86,649,000		
1908	521	1,305	36	39,777,000	1916	1,312	2,995	19	94,322,000		
INTERIOR TERMINAL ELEVATORS.											
1913-14	1	1		1,000,000	1015_16	(1)	4		10,500,000		
1914-15	3	3	3 V-	8,000,000		(1)	-	9.1.1.2	10,000,000		
INTERIOR HOSPITAL ELEVATORS.											
		00 00				DE PE			Real Property and the		
1913-14	(3)	5	-		1915–16	(3)	7	- 1	825,000		
1914-15	(3)	6	-	805,000							
		BRITISH	H COLUM	BIA TERMINA	AL AND P	UBLIC I	ELEVATO	RS.			
1915-16	(1)	2	-	1,266,000				in (Artis)			
	ita in	IL VAL	ONT	ARIO TERMI	VAL ELEV	ATORS.					
1901	2	5		5,570,000	1909	3	10	- To-	18,852,700		
	2	5				3	13		21,740,700		
1902	0	6		7,100,000				LOUIS .			
1903	2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	6		8,580,000		4	15		25,700,400		
1904	3	7	-	13,422,000		4	15	V 10-	25,700,400		
1905	3	10		17,912,000		4	20	1 10-	29,380,000		
1906	3	9	-	18,580,000		4	23	-	41,455,000		
1907	3	8	-	18,075,000		4	25	-	42,180,000		
1908	3	10	-	17,058,700	1916	4	25	-	43,085,000		
May 1			ONT	ARIO MILLIN	IG ELEVA	TORS.					
1000				FF0 000	1010				1 700 000		
1906	1	1	-	550,000		2	3	-	1,700,000		
1907	1	1	-	550,000		3	3		1,700,000		
1908	2	3		1,700,000		3 2 2 2	3	-	1,700,000		
1909	1	2 3	1000	1,300,000	1915	2	3	-	1,700,000		
1910	2	3	-	1,700,000		2	3	-	1,700,000		
1911	2	3	-	1,700,000				California (The state of the		
1T-	J J	II a i d a	1 131 4						HONORAGE PL		

¹Includes Hospital Elevators.

47.—Number and Storage Capacity of Canadian Grain Elevators in the crop years 1901-1916—concluded.

ONTARIO COUNTRY ELEVATORS.

Year.	Sta- tions.	Ele- vators.	Ware- houses.	Capacity.	Year.	Sta- tions.	Ele- vators.	Ware- houses.	Capacity.
1910 1911 1913	Ī	1 1 1	-	40,000 40,000 40,000	1915	-	1 1 1	-	40,000 40,000 40,000
				PUBLIC EL	EVATOR	s.			
1909 1910	14 14 17	18 20 24	-	14,826,000 16,365,000 20,535,000	1914	17 16 15	23 22 22		25,220,900 29,850,000 29,250,000

| - | 19,135,000 | 1916... | 15 | GRAND TOTAL OF CANADIAN ELEVATORS.

22

- 29,250,000

16

1912...

21

21						He man		
1901	219	426	97	18,329,352 19091	647	1,446	41	78,016,100
1902	243	544	87	$22,549,000 1910^1$	788	1,802	38	94,266,100
1903	285	740	82	29,806,400 19111	863	1,909	32	105,462,700
1904	323	919	64	$ 40,636,000 1912^1$	937	2,037	31	108,649,900
1905	359	977	46	46,403,630 19131	1,048	2,319	37	127,224,550
1906	415	1,059	50	$ 50,453,200 1914^{1}$	1,217	2,607	24	154,765,000
1907	491	1,221	52	$ 55,222,200 1915^1$	1,247	2,813	28	168,624,000
1908	526	1,318	36	58,535,700 1916	1,334	3,059	19	180,988,000

Note.—The present average capacity of railway cars for the carriage of grain is for Wheat 1,200, Oats 2,050, Barley 1,350, Flax 1,150 and Rye 1,000 bushels.

Includes Public Elevators in the Eastern Inspection Division.

48.—Quantities of Grain inspected during the fiscal years 1913-1915.

	19	13.	19)14.	1915.		
Grades of Grain.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.	Eastern Division.			Western Division.	
Element of the second	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	
Wheat, spring— Manitoba No. 1 HardW. Fife				16,875		1,125	
No. 1		239,560		835,875		23,625	
Northern No. 1	3,650			71,569,125	11,000		
" No. 2	2,336			43,480,125			
" No. 3	-	34,673,690	I	16,076,250			
Rejected		4,077,595	_	7,283,250		3,114,000	
" No. 1		110,780		18,000		1,215,000	
No. 2	-	1,445,075		3,928,500		4,209,750	
No grade Comdemned	T	26,380,200 247,275		4,950,000 263,250		67,500	
Commercial		241,210		200,200		07,500	
grades,	0.00						
No. 4	-	11,928,235		3,416,625	_	13,583,250	
Commercial			Triangles.		140		
grades,	TE COLLEGE	- I I	THE RESERVE		the second		
No. 5	-	4,412,550	-11-	970,875	-	3,667,500	

GRAIN STATISTICS.

48.—Quantities of Grain inspected during the fiscal years 1913-1915—con.

	19	13.	19	14.	1915.		
Grades of Grain.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.	
Wheat, spring—con.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	
Commercial grades, No. 6	_	5,060,200		660,375	_	738,000	
grades, Cleanings Feed Other grades	-	2,541,955 99,385		97,875 132,750 55,125	- 2,350	102,375 14,625	
Total Spring Wheat	5,986	146,849,710	1.4.4	153,754,875	22,133	107,673,750	
Wheat, Winter— U.S. Red Winter,							
No. 1 Red Winter No. 2 U.S. Hard Winter	-	- EVAL	W =	-	387,400 1,282,200		
No. 1 White Winter,	117,900		128,000		950,100	-	
No. 2 Mixed Winter	52,063	THE STATE OF	39,342		64,696	2,250	
No. 2 Alberta Red	38,119		44,232		42,796	2,250	
Winter No. 1 Alberta Red		163,798		51,750	1,000	84,375	
Winter No. 2 Alberta Red		527,550		625,500	18,524	99,000	
Winter No. 3 Commercial grades.		881,040		382,500	1,930	48,375	
White No. 1 Commercial	RECEIVED.	-Miley-	-	915/1	24,825	-	
grades No. 4 Commercial	-	518,515	-	87,750	-	3,375	
grades No. 5 Other grades	51,252	291,920 152,060		38,250 52,875	11,194	3,375	
Total Winter Wheat	259,334	2,534,883	274,558	1,240,875	2,784,665	243,000	
Total Spring and Winter Wheat	265,320	149,384,593	274,558	154,995,750	2,806,798	10,7916,750	
Indian Corn, Cana-			47 001				
dian Indian Corn, No. 2 American	19,000		47,691 7,500		13,550		
Indian Corn, No. 3 American	51,068	1,200	Carrie Print		5,299 67,809	Town.	
IndianCorn, American, other	13,043				41,348		
Total Corn	83,111	2,400			128,006		

48.—Quantities of Grain inspected during the fiscal years 1913-1915—concluded.

Irritana W. E. ortoka je Senganik a fund acida	191	13.	19)14.	19	15.
Grades of Grain.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.
	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush	Bush.
Oats, Extra No. 1.	1808 NBD-	100,000	-	-	_	1,900
" No.1	68,194	106,200 18,459,250	254,581	481,650 39,214,500	849,358	146,300 11,099,800
" " 3 " 4	127,727	4,417,100	199,656	14,521,650	1,175,288 153,450	6,891,300
" U.S. No. 2 white clipped		MINISTER S				
" U.S. No. 2 " Feed extra	1,449,200		in an -	elfeija -	145,300 102,853	
No. 1	4,090 1,800	12,555,450 7,118,250			150	3,971,000
" Feed, No. 1 " Feed, No. 2 " Rejected	1,800	3,132,150	-	2,460,900 5,385,900		4,504,900 3,401,000
" No grade	160,660 188,221	1,343,150 13,356,650	134,677 63,357	1,226,550 3,001,050	123,321 197,097	1,364,200 4,130,600
" Condemned " Other grades	1,351	383,400 173,350	-	109,200 1,474,200	-	32,300 294,500
Total Oats		61,044,950				
Buckwheat, No.2.	241,185		133,959		311,385	
" No.3.	18,024		- XELI-	_	3.629	-
" No grade " Rejected	11,833	10 mm	521 5,129		3,513 17,565	MH -
Total	297,814		139,609	4 - 1	336,092	There -
Barley, No.1		1	-	_	833	
" No. 2 " No. 3, extra	9,609	135,000	17,250	889,200	20,720 $123,528$	135,200
" No. 3 " No. 4	83,098 4,027	7,271,800 3,005,400	17,250 10,384	7,676,500	102,110 800	1,614,600 1,851,200
" Feed	62,600	351,300		4,659,200 447,200	-	410,800
" No grade	52,490	859,400 1,866,800	22,100	1,921,400 280,800	6,577 800	319,800 620,100
" Other	-	90,400	85,375	70,200		1,300
Total	211,824	13,580,100	135,109	15,944,500	255,368	4,953,000
Rye, all grades	185,589	22,000	179,737	72,000	246,797	123,000
Flaxseed, No. 1, N.W.		11,184,600		15 192 000		3,331,250
Flaxseed, No. 1 M. "No. 3, C.W.	-	2,743,150		$\frac{15,183,000}{2,081,100^{1}}$	-	$539,150^{1}$
" No grade		346,500 665,850		661,500 369,600		68,675 32,800
" Rejected. " Condem-	-	1,892,150	-	113,400	M - 1	28,700
ned	-	539,550	-	24,150	-	1,025
Total	_	17,371,800		18,432,750	-	4,001,600
Peas, all grades	3,600	-	4,567		12,300	

GRAIN STATISTICS.

49.—Quantities of Grain inspected during the fiscal years ended March 31, 1913, 1914 and 1915.

	MALLERA		astern Di				
		E		Editor .			
Grain.	Kings- ton.	Peter- boro.	eter-Toronto Mont- Total Divisio		Western Division.	Grand Total.	
	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
Wheat1913 1914 1915	1,000	99,809 40,968 38,402	41,625 104,590 139,702	123,886 128,000 2,628,670	274,558	154,995,750	155,270,308
Corn1913 1914 1915	1,000		28,200 21,130 16,405	117,111 72,990 111,501	146,311 ¹ 94,120 127,906	2,400	148,711 94,120 127.906
Oats1913 1914 1915	5,576 - -	184,798 62,200 109,388	293,215 543,657 933,680	73,582	679,439	61,044,950 73,035,300 35,837,800	73,714,739
Buck- wheat 1913 1914 1915	1,400	109,185 62,771 23,760	156,630 72,730 284,324	4,108	297,814 139,609 336,092		297,814 139,609 336,092
Barley1913 1914 1915	7,850 - -	8,330 - 1,100	128,474 125,812 230,122	100,170 9,297 24,146	244,824 ³ 135,109 255,368	13,580,100 15,944,500 4,953,000	13,824,924 16,079,609 5,208,368
Rye1913 1914 1915	. 1.1	6,029 11,857 4,854	10,460 4,980 144,765	194,600 162,900 97,178	$211,089^{2}$ $179,737$ $246,797$	22,000 72,000 123,000	251,737
Flaxseed1913 1914 1915					- - -	17,371,800 18,432,750 4,001,600	17,371,800 18,432,750 4,001,600
Peas1913 1914 1915	-	-	2,000 1,667 12,300	1,600 2,900 -	3,600 4,567 12,300		
Total 1913	15,826	408,151	660,604	2,210,443	3,295,024	241,405,843	244,700,867
" 1914	1,000	177,796	874,566	453,777	1,507,139	262,667,3004	264,174,4394
" 1915	-	177,504	1,761,298	4,674,1605	6,612,000	153,038,150 ⁶	159,651,112

¹Includes 63,200 bushels of corn inspected at St. John, N.B.

² " 25,500 " rye " "

³ " 33,000 " barley " "

⁴ " 186,000 " screenings and 1,000 bushels of sp

⁵ " 78,308 " Argentina corn.

⁶ " 206,000 " screenings and 1,000 bushels of speltz.

^{206,000} screenings.

50.—Shipments of Grain by vessels from Fort William and Port Arthur for the navigation seasons 1914 and 1915.

		1914.		1915.			
Vessels.	To Canadian ports.	To American ports.	Total shipments.	To Canadian ports.	To American ports.	Total shipments.	
Canadian vessels—	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	
Wheat	62,698,918 22,297,237	2,182,276 175,588		60,594,318 22,608,366	7,764,081 291,173	68,358,399 22,899,539	
Barley Flaxseed	4,026,587 1,116,240	677,507	4,026,587 1,793,747	2,551,251 831,652	354,997 136,178	2,906,248	
Rye Screenings.	1,051	1,069,863	1,051	-	266,280	-	
Mixed grains	323,595	1,000,000	323,595		200,200	128,845	
Foreign ves-			020,000	120,010		120,010	
Wheat		22,886,876			98,857,699		
Oats Barley		3,490,095 1,069,595		527,951 232,686	3,797,160 1,832,629	2,065,315	
Flaxseed Screenings.		5,777,909 258,956			1,436,548 1,345,182		
Mixed grains		2,445	2,445		-	- Carlon	
Total	90,788,253	37,591,110	128,379,363	87,717,634	116,081,927	203,799,56 1	

51.—Shipments of Grain by vessels and all rail route from Fort William and Port Arthur for the crop years ended August 31, 1914 and 1915.

Grain.	red and	1913–14.	is. In	ir Test	1914–15.					
Grain.	Vessels.	Rail.	Total.	Vessels.	Rail.	Total.				
Wheet	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.				
Wheat— No. 1 Hard	894,672	85,343	980,015	30,611	3,134	33,745				
No. 1 Northern No. 2	73,677,493	2,060,096	75,737,589	14,782,266	1,007,808	15,790,074				
Northern No. 3	32,007,949	2,463,081	34,471,030	25,574,825	2,345,844	27,920,669				
Northern	7,948,094	719,535	8,667,629	18,517,590	1,192,191	19,709,781				
Sundry grades Screenings.	10,168,803 2,193,247	2,931,508	13,100,311 2,193,247	13,387,963 1,039,047	2,077,170 277,196	15,465,133 1,316,243				
Total wheat	126,890,258	8,259,563	135,149,821	73,332,302	6,903,343	80,235,645				
Oats. Barley. Flaxseed. Rye. Rejected mixed grain	39,060,529 9,963,498 11,814,050 213	4,522,460 901,341 228,251 10,365	43,582,989 10,864,839 12,042,301 10,578	4,305,528	125,481 107,897 2,540	17,121,890 2,649,562 4,413,425 3,580 110,634				
Total grain.	187,728,548	13,921,980	201,650,528	96,149,606	8,385,130	104,534,736				

BOUNTIES.

Iron and Steel Bounties.—In 1883 a bounty of \$1.50 per ton of 2,000 lb. was first granted on pig iron produced from Canadian ore. This bounty was continued annually until June 30, 1886. On July 1, 1886, the rate was reduced to \$1 per ton, at which it remained until June 30, From July 1, 1892, to June 30, 1897, the rate was \$2 per ton, and from June 28, 1897, to April 23, 1902, the rates were \$3 per ton from Canadian ore and \$2 per ton from foreign ore. A sliding scale of rates was then introduced, beginning with \$2.70 from Canadian ore and \$1.80 from foreign ore, which scale in 1906 left the rates at \$1.05 per ton from Canadian and 70 cents per ton from foreign ore. In 1907 a new sliding scale was authorized under which, for the calendar years 1907 and 1908, \$2.10 was paid from Canadian and \$1.10 from foreign ore; for 1909 the rates were respectively \$1.70 and 70 cents, and in 1910, 90 cents and 40 cents. On December 31, 1910, the bounty for pig iron ceased, excepting for that produced from Canadian ore by the electric process. No claim has, however, yet been made for pig iron produced in this manner.

A bounty on steel made in Canada was first granted as from March 27, 1894, the rate being \$2 per ton, which continued in force until June 30, 1897. The rate was \$3 per ton from July 1, 1897, to April 23, 1902, when a sliding scale was introduced which, commencing at \$2.70 per ton, was reduced to \$1.05 in 1906. The rates were for 1907 and 1908 \$1.65, for 1909 \$1.05 and for 1910 60 cents per ton. The bounty on steel ceased on December 31, 1910. Bounty was paid on wire rods at \$6 per ton from October 24, 1903, to June 30, 1911. On rolled angles, beams and other rolled shapes and on rolled plates the bounty was \$3 per ton from October 24, 1903, to December 31, 1906. On puddled iron bars a bounty of \$2 per ton was paid from March 26, 1894, to June 28, 1897. From this date to April 23, 1902, the rate was \$3 per ton, when a sliding scale was put into operation which reduced the rate to \$1.05 in 1906. For the calendar years 1907 and 1908 the rate was \$1.65, for 1909 \$1.05 and for 1910 60 cents per ton. Puddled bars ceased to be manufactured in Canada in 1907.

Lead Bounties.—To encourage silver lead smelting and the smelting of other ores of silver and gold in Canada, a bounty of 50 cents per ton on silver lead was authorized between July 1, 1895, and July 1, 1900. On October 24, 1903, a bounty of 75 cents per 100 lb. was authorized on lead contained in lead-bearing ores mined and smelted in Canada, provided the price of pig lead in London, England, did not exceed £12 10s. This price was changed in 1908 to £14 10s. The bounty is reduced proportionately when the price in London exceeds £14 10s. The bounty was due to expire on June 30, 1913, but by the Lead Bounties Act, 1913, of the session 1912–13 (3-4 Geo. V, c. 29) it was provided that payment of the bounty should be continued annually until June 30, 1918, the preamble to the Act setting forth that on June 30, 1913, there would still remain unexpended approximately \$600,000 of the original bounty of \$2,450,000.

Petroleum Bounty.—On June 8, 1904, a bounty of $1\frac{1}{2}$ cent per imperial gallon was authorized on all crude petroleum produced from wells in Canada. In 1910 a bounty was authorized on petroleum

produced from shales; but as yet this process has not been successfully

prosecuted.

Manila Fibre Bounty.—On October 24, 1903, a bounty equal to the export duty in the Philippine Islands on Manila fibre, and not to exceed three-eighths of one cent per lb. on the Manila fibre used in the manufacture of binder twine, was authorized. This bounty was extended on April 27, 1907, to include Manila fibre used in the manufacture of cordage. The bounty on Manila fibre expired on October 4, 1913.

Total Value of Bounties.—Table 52 shows the quantity of mineral products and of Manila fibre upon which bounties were paid and the amount of the bounties paid from 1896 to 1914. From this table it will be seen that the amount of these bounties paid in 1915 was \$124,272, and that the total value of bounties paid from 1896 to 1915 was \$21,560,728. Of this amount \$16,785,827 was for iron and steel, \$1,979,104 for lead, \$2,427,835 for crude petroleum and \$367,962 for Manila fibre. Table 53 gives the names of the cordage companies, the quantities of Manila fibre used and of cordage made and the amount of the bounties for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915.

52.—Bounties paid in Canada on Mineral Products and Binder Twine, 1896-1915.

Fiscal Year.	Pig	Iron.		ed Iron rs.	Ste	eel.		ctures of eel.
	Quan- tity.	Bounty.	Quantity.	Bounty.	Quan- tity.	Bounty.	Quantity.	Bounty.
West manufactured	Tons.	\$	Tons.	\$	Tons.	\$	Tons.	\$
1896 1897 1898	52,052 33,254 72,523	66,509 165,654	2,804 1,509 2,568			17,366 67,454		
1899 1900 1901	76,496 101,838 150,339	238,296		17,511 10,121 16,703		64,360		-
1902 1903	341,654 321,191	693,108 666,001	6,984 2,482	20,550 6,702	36,375 260,668	77,431 729,102	-,	-
1904	273,434 386,719 581,858 416,265	624,667 687,632	3,509		300,421	676,318 941,000		231,324 369,832
1908 1909	686,780 609,431	863,817 693,423			661,940 570 588	1,092,201 838,100	57,856 55,515	347,135 333,091
1910 1911 1912	740,244 587,469			• =	740,390 584,093		$ \begin{array}{r} 89,802 \\ 87,810 \\ 27,792^{2} \end{array} $	
Totals	5,431,547	7,097,041	42,812	113,674	4,448,780	6,706,990	499,312	2,868,122

¹Nine months.

²Bounty on Wire rods paid to the Dominion Iron and Steel Co., Limited, Sydney, N.S.

BOUNTIES.

52.—Bounties paid in Canada on Mineral Products and Binder Twine, 1896-1915—concluded.

Fiscal Year.	Lead	d.	Manila	Fibre.	Crude Pet	roleum.	Total Bounties.
1 ear.	Quantity.	Bounty.	Quantity.	Bounty.	Quantity.	Bounty.	Dounties.
1896	Lb	\$ - 76,665	Lb	\$ - - - 25,452 13,789 15 079 13,595 41,983 34,561 61,507	Gal. 23,336,478 19,410,480 17,770,205 26,081,139 17,379,871 13,572,587	\$ - - - - 350,047 291,157 266,553 391,217 260,698 203,589	1,581,944 2,787,354 2,467,307 2,414,171
1912 1913 1914 1915	27,823,221 23,985,569 7,197,038 3,237,897 1,186,983,553	179,288 68,065 8,179 3,217	14,829,994 11,125,171 5,268,118 1,694,964	50,557 37,917 17,960 5,778	9,462,380 8,616,767 7,834,219	141,936 129,252 117,513 115,277	538,531 235,234 143,652 124,272

¹Nine months.

53.—Bounties paid to Cordage Companies on Manila Fibre used in the manufacture of Binder Twine and Cordage, 1914-1915, and with totals for 1910-1915.

Cordage companies.	Binder Twine and Cordage made.	Manila Fibre used	Bounties paid.
The Canadian Cordage and Mfg. Co., Peterboro, Ont	Lb.	Lb. -	\$ -
The Brantford Cordage Co., Ltd., Brantford, Ont.	-	-	
The Consumers' Cordage Co., Ltd., Montreal, Que., and Dartmouth, N.S	293,213	168,784	575
The Plymouth Cordage Co., Ltd., Welland, Ont	1,645,747	1,526,180	5,203
Totals, 1915. " 1914. " 1913. " 1912. " 1911. " 1910.		5,268,118 11,125,171	17,960 37,917 50,557 49,784

Note.—The quantity of binder twine and cordage made in 1915 was 969,673 and 969,287 lb., respectively.

PATENTS.

Applications for patents in Canada from inventors in other countries were first received in 1872. In that year the total number of applications for patents made to the Canadian Patent Office, Department of Agriculture, was 752, and the total fees amounted to \$18.652. The business of the Office has continued gradually to expand, and the number of applications and total fees have increased each year without a break since the beginning of the present century until the fiscal year ended March 31, 1913, when 8,681 applications were received. and the total fees amounted to \$218,125. The number of patents granted in the fiscal year 1914–15 was 6,867, as compared with 7,918 in 1913-14. Of the total number of patents granted in the fiscal years 1914–15, 4,645 were issued to inventors or assignees resident in the United States, this number being 68 p.c. of the total. Patents to Canadian inventors numbered 1,281, the other principal countries in order of the number of patents granted being Great Britain 450, Germany 107, France 83, and Australia 76. Table 54 shows the distribution of the Canadian patentees by province of residence for the vears 1907 to 1915.

54.—Number of Canadian Patentees by Province of Residence for the fiscal years 1907-1915.

Provinces.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Talanta Se Agran	No.								
Prince Edward Island	2	2	3	2	- 3	-	4	2	2
Nova Scotia	30	27	24	29	31	30	20	39	33
New Brunswick	25	25	18	30	23	17	25	30	20
Quebec	225	178	205	267	271	233	277	278	278
Ontario	465	424	467	610	610	531	584	607	586
Manitoba	72	61	71	88	102	72	105	115	97
Saskatchewan	25	15	32	40	47	47	58	59	66
Alberta	18	25	28	39	54	56	61	46	71
British Columbia	57	52	51	90	108	97	122	157	126
Territories and Yukon	1	6	4	3	-	-	-	1	2
Totals	920	815	903	1,198	1,246	1,083	1,256	1,334	1,281

COPYRIGHTS, TRADE MARKS, ETC.

It will be seen from the table that the more populous provinces of Ontario and Quebec obtained the largest absolute number of patents; but a calculation of the number of patentees in relation to population shows that for the fiscal year 1915 the greatest relative inventiveness was displayed in British Columbia. Thus in this province, in 1915, one patent was granted to every 3,115 persons, the other provinces as regards the number of persons to each patent granted being placed in order as follows: Yukon 4,256, Ontario 4,306, Manitoba 4,697, Alberta 5,277, Quebec 7,206, Saskatchewan 7,461, Nova Scotia 14,919, New Brunswick 17,594, and Prince Edward Island 46,864.

COPYRIGHTS, TRADE MARKS, ETC.

The report for the year ended March 31, 1915, of the Copyright and Trade Marks Branch of the Department of Agriculture shows that the fees received for copyrights, trade marks, industrial designs and timber marks amounted to \$39,600 for the fiscal year 1914–15, as compared with \$49,409 in 1913–14. Registrations of copyright in 1914–15 numbered 1,675 against 1,835 in 1913–14, of trade marks 1,106 against 1,378, of industrial designs 224 against 165 and of timber marks 24 against 57.

VIII.—TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

Statistics of transportation and communications comprise those of steam and electric railways, express companies, shipping, canals, telegraphs, telephones and the Post Office.¹

RAILWAYS.

Steam Railways.—The increase in the railway mileage of Canada for the year ended June 30, 1915, was 4,788, as compared with 1,491 in 1914, 2,577 in 1913 and 1,327 in 1912, the increases respectively over the mileage of the previous year. The total railway mileage in actual operation on June 30, 1915, was 35,582. The railway year runs from July 1 to June 30, and the railway statistics throughout this section are for the years ended June 30. Table 1 is a statement of the railway mileage under construction; it shows that at June 30, 1915, 1,593 miles of railway were under construction, as compared with 22,891 miles under construction at June 30, 1914. It will be observed that a preponderance of the mileage under construction is located in the western provinces. Table 2 records the steam railway mileage in Canada annually from 1835 to 1915, and Table 3 the steam railway mileage of Canada by provinces for each of the seven years 1909 to 1915.

¹The statistics of railways, express companies, canals, telegraphs and telephones are taken from the Reports for the year ended June 30, 1915, of the Department of Railways and Canals, especially the Reports of the Comptroller of Statistics (Nos. 20, 20a, 20b, 20d, 20e, 1916). The shipping statistics are taken from the Report of the Department of Marine and Fisheries and the Trade and Navigation Returns. The postal statistics are from the Report of the Post Office Department.

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

Capital Liability of Steam Railways.—During the year ended June 30, 1915, the sum of \$66,990,127 was added to the capital liability o steam railways in operation in Canada, including stocks \$2,977,412 and funded debt \$69,322,267; there was a decrease in stock of \$5,300,552, due to an adjustment of capitalization by the Canadian Northern and its subsidiary corporations. These changes bring the total capitalization of Canadian steam railways in operation to \$1,875,810,888 on June 30, 1915, as compared with \$1,808,820,761 in 1914 (Table 4). If the capitalization of railways under construction be added to that of the operating railways the total is increased to \$1,957,292,392, of which \$877,058,601 are stocks, \$176,284,882 are consolidated debenture stock, and \$903,948,909 are funded debt.

Statistics of Individual Companies.—Table 6 gives the mileage, capital, aid paid up, earnings and operating expenses of the steam railways of Canada for the year ended June 30, 1915. It shows that the aggregate earnings were \$199,843,072, a decrease compared with 1914 of \$43,240,457, or 17.8 p.c. Operating expenses in 1915 amounted to \$147,731,099, a decrease of \$31,244,159, or 17.5 p.c. The ratio of operating expenses to gross earnings was 73.9 p.c., as compared with 73.6 p.c. in 1914. The total aid paid up, as given in Table 6, amounting to \$157,568,989, includes \$114,957,286 paid by the Dominion Government, \$29,940,865 paid by the Provincial Governments and \$12,670,838 paid by municipalities.

Passengers and Freight.—Table 7, giving the statistics of steam railways from 1875 to 1915, shows that in 1915 the steam railways of Canada carried 46,322,035 passengers and 87,204,838 tons of freight, a decrease of 380,245, or 0.8 p.c., and of 14,189,151 tons of freight, or 14 p.c., as compared with 1914. The number of passengers carried in 1915 includes 4,771,004 carried by electric lines of the Canadian Northern System. The distribution of freight as between different classes of products is shown in Table 16. The proportions p.c. are for 1915 as follows: Agriculture, 18.79; animals, 3.75; mines, 37.89; forests, 16.03; manufactures, 14.76; merchandise, 6.04 and miscellaneous, 2.74.

Government Aid to Railways.—The railways of Canada have been built largely under different forms of Government aid. Tables 5 and 10 to 12 show its nature and extent. The principal forms of aid granted have consisted in land grants, cash subsidies, loans, the issue of debentures and the guarantee of bonds or interest. Aid has been granted both by the Dominion and Provincial Governments and also by municipalities. Table 5 shows the areas of the land granted as subsidies to steam railway companies by the Dominion and Provincial Governments, with the names of the companies in the case of the Dominion Government. The total area so granted up to June 30, 1915, extends to 55,740,249 acres.

Government Railways and Subsidies.—The Dominion Government has itself undertaken the construction of the eastern portion of the new National Transcontinental Railway from Moncton, N.B., to Winnipeg. Man., and the expenditure on this line up to March 31, 1915, was \$152,802,746 (Table 14). Also the Dominion Government owns and operates the Intercolonial Railway, which extends from ocean ports in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick to Montreal, and the Prince Edward Island Railway. From 1851 up to June 30, 1915, as shown analytically in Table 11, the total value of public aid granted to steam railways in Canada, exclusive of the capital of the two government railways (I.C.R. and P.E.I.R.), amounted to \$238,831,924. Of this sum \$183,479,193 represents aid granted by the Dominion Government, \$37,437,895 that granted by the Provincial Governments, and \$17,914,836 that granted by municipalities. During 1915 the total cash subsidies paid to railways amounted to \$5,059,284, made up of \$4,644,664 paid by the Dominion Government, and \$414,620 paid by the Provincial Governments.

Aid to Railways by Dominion Government.—Table 12 shows for each year from 1875 to 1915 the amount of aid to date given to steam railways by the Dominion Government. The total at June 30, 1915. of \$302,196,840 is made up of the capital of the two government-owned lines, amounting to \$118,717,647, and \$183,479,193, representing the aid granted by the Dominion Government to other railways. latter includes in 1912 the sum of \$4,994,417 paid to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Co. under the Implement Clause of the agreement between the Government and the Company. This clause provides that the Government shall make up the difference between the amount realized in certain bonds and their par value. In each year since 1886 the aid granted to other railways includes the sum of \$10,189,521 paid by the Government to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for land taken over by the Government from the Company's land subsidy. From 1885 to 1909 the amounts in the third column represent the accumulated annual payment by the Dominion to the Quebec Government of interest at 5 p.c. on a sum of \$2,394,000 and amounting to \$119,700 on account of the transfer of the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway. The item of \$5,160,054 in 1909 includes the payment of the principal. From 1910, the amounts include the loan of \$10,000,000 made to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company under federal legislation of 1909 (8-9 Edw. VII, c. 19).

1.-Steam Railway Mileage under Construction in Canada at June 30, 1915.

Provinces.	Under contract.	Com- pleted.	Total	
	No.	No.	No.	
Nova Scotia	15.60		15.60	
Quebec	62.83	33.00	95.83	
Ontario	30.20	36.00	66.20	
Manitoba	449.25	1.20	450.45	
Saskatchewan	164.94	51.76	216.70	
Alberta	389.18	310.44	699.62	
British Columbia	49.00		49.00	
Total Mileage	1,161.00	432.40	1,593.40	

2.-Record of Steam Railway Mileage, 1835-1915.

Year.	Number of miles in operation.	Year.	Number of miles in operation.	Year.	Number of miles in operation.	Year.	Number of miles in operation.
1835	54 66 159 205 506 764	1856	1,414 1,444 1,863 1,994 2,065 2,146 2,189 2,189 2,189 2,240 2,278 2,270 2,524 2,617 2,695 2,899 3,832 4,331 4,804 5,218	1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897	5,782 6,226 6,858 7,194 7,331 8,697 9,577 10,273 11,793 12,184 12,163 12,628 13,151 13,838 14,564 15,005 15,627 15,977 16,270 16,550	1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	16,870 17,250 17,657 18,140 18,714 18,988 19,431 20,487 21,353 22,452 22,966 24,104 24,731 25,400 26,727 29,304 30,795 35,582

3.-Steam Railway Mileage by Provinces, 1909-1915.

Provinces.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Ontario	8,229	8,230	8,322	8,546	9,000	9,255	10,702
Quebec	3,663	3,795	3,882	3,882	3,986	4,043	4,677
Manitoba	3,205	3,221	3,466	3,520	3,993	4,076	4,498
Saskatchewan	2,631	2,932	3,121	3,754	4,651	5,089	5,327
Alberta	1,322	1,488	1,494	1,897	2,212	2,545	3,174
British Columbia.	1,796	1,832	1,842	1,855	1,951	1,978	3,100
New Brunswick	1,547	1,522	1,548	1,545	1,545	1,839	1,962
Nova Scotia	1,351	1,351	1,354	1,357	1,360	1,365	1,367
P. Edward Island	269	268	269	269	279	279	275
Yukon	91	91	102	102		102	102
In United States	- T	-		_	225	224	398
Canada	. 24,104	24,731	25,400	26,727	29,304	30,795	35,582

NOTE.—The mileage shown in the United States relates entirely to lines which cross American territory in passing from one point in Canada to another; such lines, although not heretofore included in Canadian mileage, are operated wholly for the purposes of Canadian traffic. There is a large additional mileage in the United States, which is owned and operated by Canadian Railways, but of which no account is taken in these statistics.

4.—Capital Liability of Steam Railways, 1876-1915.

Year	Stocks.	Funded Debt.	Total.	Year	Stocks.	Funded Debt.	Total.
1876 1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	182,578,994 191,331,767 192,674,553 189,956,177 199,527,981 216,468,465 269,092,615	102,134,295 109,310,963	371,226,910 394,388,785	1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904	\$ 361,075,340 367,611,048 378,151,790 391,300,360 410,326,095 424,414,314 460,401,863 483,770,312 492,752,530 526,353,951	\$ 336,137,601 348,834,086 354,946,865 362,053,495 373,716,704 391,696,523 404,806,847 424,100,762 449,114,035 465,543,967	716,445,134 733,098,655 753,353,855 784,042,799 816,110,837 865,208,710 907,871,074 941,866,565
1886 1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	324,128,738 327,493,882 332,559,672 338,177,386 339,769,786 344,400,282 371,877,287 361,760,508	194,801,553 228,617,728 261,675,226 266,885,707 292,291,654 305,120,200 307,225,888	518,930,291 556,111,610 584,234,898 605,063,093 632,061,440 649,520,482 679,103,175 688,764,311	1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	749,207,687 770,459,351 755,316,516 853,110,653	583,369,217 631,869,664 660,946,769 722,740,300 779,481,514 818,478,175 613,256,952 782,402,638	$\substack{1,065,881,629\\1,171,937,808\\1,239,761,013\\1,308,481,416\\1,410,297,687}\\1,528,689,201\\1,588,937,526\\1,531,830,692^1\\1,808,820,761^1\\1,875,810,888^1$

¹Including consolidated debenture stock, \$163,257,224 in 1913, \$173,307,470 in 1914 and \$176,284,882 in 1915.

5.—Areas of Land Subsidies granted to Steam Railways by the Dominion and Provincial Governments up to June 30, 1915.

By the Dominion Government to—	Acres.
Alberta Railway and Irrigation Co. (formerly Northwest Coal and Navigation Co.). Calgary and Edmonton Railway Co. Canadian Northern Railway Co. (from points on C. P. R. to Hudson Bay). Canadian Northern Railway Co. (formerly Lake Manitoba Ry. and Canal Co.). Canadian Pacific Railway Co. (main line). C. P. R. Pipestone extension, Souris Branch. C. P. R. Souris Branch. Great Northwest Central Railway Co. (formerly Northwest Central Railway Co.). Manitoba and Northwestern Railway Co. Manitoba Southwestern Colonization Railway Co. C. N. Railway (formerly Manitoba and Southeastern Railway Co.). Qu'Appelle, Long Lake and Saskatchewan Railroad and Steamboat Co. Saskatchewan and Western Railway Co.	1,114,368 1,888,448 2,624,128 798,400 18,206,986 200,320 1,408,704 320,000 1,501,376 1,396,800 680,320 1,625,344 98,880
Total by Dominion Government	31,864,074
By Provincial Governments:	
Quebec British Columbia New Brunswick Nova Scotia Ontario Total by Provincial Governments Total area of Dominion and Provincial land grants to steam railways.	13,324,950 8,119,221 1,647,772 160,000 624,232 23,876,175 55,740,249

6.-Mileage, Capital, Earnings and Operating Expenses of Steam Railways, 1915.

Name of Railway.	Miles operated.	Capital.	Aid paid up.	Earnings.	Operating expenses.
	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
Alberta Central ¹	- 1	5,640,000 -	329,480 812,648 113,694		175,485 -
	347.81	21,671,000	2,248,324	615,154	488,880
Atlantic, Quebec, and Western	102.42	4,548,675	902,800	77,522	113,666

¹Under construction.

6.—Mileage, Capital, Earnings and Operating Expenses of Steam Railways, 1915—con.

Name of Railway.	Miles oper- ated.	Capital.	Aid paid up.	Earnings.	Operating expenses.
	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$.
British Yukon	12.04 101.12	1,000,000 4,978,879	105,338	30 291,745	
Bruce Mines and Algoma Buctouche and Moncton Brandon, Saskatchewan	32.00	310,000	196,100	31,213	
and Hudson Bay	69.45	2,150,000		49,389	106,798
Canada and Gulf Terminal. Canada Southern Canadian Government	35.80 380.04	1,340,000 37,630,000			37,250 6,005,621
Railways— Intercolonial Prince Edward Island Canadian Northern System	1.450.60 275.20	415,921,374	10000 11 -0	11,259,710 412,520	
Canadian Pacific, including leased lines	12.823.50	586,339,319		MAN STICLLY	
Cape Breton	31.00 84.78	1,000,000	306,000	10,435	20,914 66,955
Central Ry. of Canada ¹ Colchester Coal & Ry. Co. Crows Nest Southern	74.18	4,210,000	30,145 12,800		170 700
Cumberland Railway and Coal Co	32.00	4,210,000	213,500	released in	Palitanille
Detroit River Tunnel Dominion Atlantic	1.45 274.16	21,000,000 8,431,499		931,052	
Eastern British Columbia. Essex Terminal.	14.00 10.00	420,000 660,000		33,246 48,340	30,607 31,580
Elgin and Havelock Esquimalt and Nanaimo	27.00 199.00	94,900 7,332,000	$203,153^{4}$	11,761 542,202	11,927 354,962
Fredericton and Grand Lake	35.00	605,000	216,576	62,137	67,948
Grand Trunk Pacific Grand Trunk		193,346,510 445,246,651	$6,990,036^{5}$ 12,993,148	6,660,584 36,456,217	7,383,665 27,634,081
Hereford	52.18	1,600,000	254,786	90,836	105,298

¹Under construction. ²St. Mary's Bridge Co., \$30,000, Canada Eastern, \$374,840, Drummond County, \$438,936, Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Co.'s Ry., \$83,840. ²Includes \$10,189,521 paid to the company for 6,793,014 acres of land relinquished. ⁴Includes value of used iron rails. ⁵Includes \$4,994,417 paid to the company under the "Implement Clause" by the Dominion Government.

6.—Mileage, Capital, Earnings and Operating Expenses of Steam Railways, 1915—con.

Name of Railway.	Miles oper- ated.	Capital.	Aid paid up.	Earnings.	Operating expenses.
	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
International Bridge Coy International of New	12 5	2,012,260	-	-	-
Brunswick	111.30		1,006,080	102,403	98,576
Inverness Railway and	111.00		2,000,000	102,100	00,010
Coal Co. (C.N.R.)	60.91	Dia -	- L	212,912	122,587
Kent Northern	27.00	107,000	236,7343	20,248	
Kettle Valley	255.75	375,000	2,022,597	18,383	16,897
Kootenay Central ¹	- 1	-	1,065,856		-
Klondike Mines	31.81	2,466,250	197,184		
Lake Erie and Northern ¹	-		135,130	1 7 7 4	
Lake Erie & Detroit River	- T	4,400,000	1,011,351		-
L'Assomption (road	110	Total Photos Light	44 000		
abandoned)	-	1 070 010	11,200	100.007	-
London and Port Stanley	23.66	1,870,012	000 004	138,397	144,360
Lotbinière and Megantic	30.00	50,000		23,436	25,705
Maganatawan River Maine Central (Princeton).	1.91 5.10	173,900	13,552	18,561	14,150
Midland Railway of	0.10	175,900		10,001	14,150
Manitoba	6.40	4,300,000		251,138	362,845
Maritime Coal and Ry. Co.	15.00	3,638,500		69,472	40,210
Massawippi Valley	35.46	800,000	10,376	201,226	228,402
Montreal and Atlantic	163.40	4,265,000		930,426	777,923
Montreal & Province Line.	58.60	1,200,000		105,810	90,810
Montreal and Vermont	2 7 30				
Junction	23.60	1,000,000	-	126,299	74,258
Morrissey, Fernie and					
Michel	10.85	1,263,000	-	93,633	
Manitoba Great Northern.	91.77	2,066,000		24,760	107,550
Minudie Coal and Ry. Co	-	,-	18,544		-
Napierville Junction	27.06	600,000	183,440	96,822	54,695
National Transcontinental.		0.046.000		280,888	357,110
New Brunswick Coal and	55.42	2,846,800	PO VICTOR -	47,146	94,651
Ry. Co	58.00	2 _	414,400	42,660	48,055
New Brunswick and Prince	38.00		414,400	42,000	40,000
Edward Island	35.79		213,149	49,452	57,911
New Westminster Southern	23.73	600,000		29,710	
North Shore, N.B	8.63			825	
Northern New Brunswick		250,000	,520	The state of	
and Seaboard ¹	19.80	595,500	108,160	1,636	4,579
Nosbonsing and Nipissing	5.50		-	-	-
Ottawa and New York	56.90	2,600,000		212,315	234,024
Pere Marquette in Canada:	198.81	5,870,000	-	2,400,875	1,477,035

¹Under construction. ²Owned and operated by New Brunswick Government. ³Includes value of used iron rails.

6.—Mileage, Capital, Earnings and Operating Expenses of Steam Railways, 1915
—concluded.

Name of Railway.	Miles operated.	Capital.	Aid paid up.	Earnings.	Operating expenses.
	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
Phillipsburg Ry. and Quarry Co Pontiac and Renfrew Quebec Bridge and Railway Co. ¹	6.00	164,500	49,379 31,034 915,171		
Quebec CentralQuebec OrientalQuebec Ry., Light and	253.00 100.00	9,615,009 2,102,561	1,764,162 1,803,084	122,968	116,313
Power CoQuebec, Montreal and	30.82		402,946		
SouthernQuebec and Saguenay ¹	192.18	7,000,000	248,801	-	7 - 1
Roberval and Saguenay Red Mountain Rutland and Noyan	36.80 9.59 3.39	3,272,000 412,600 200,000	243,591	158,255 11,154 14,088	85,205 23,731 11,596
Salisbury and Albert Schomberg and Aurora	45.00 14.40	150,000 550,000		36,162	34,942
Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly	43.00	764,615		78,643	88,305
St. John & Quebec ¹ St. Clair Tunnel	118.82	3,200,000	81,280 598,320 375,000	38,884	47,951 126,661
St. Lawrence & Adirondack St. Martins Sydney and Louisburg	46.12 30.00	2,145,073 189,000	219,882	556,069	417,089 16,624
(Dom. Coal Co.) Temiscouata Timiskaming and Northern	70.09 113.00	4,099,669	169,808 1,099,200		537,017 177,032
Ontario ⁴	328.49		2,134,080	1,477,725	1,408,659
(Ont.) ¹	6.33	118,000	6,112 39,840	34,984	25,759
Buffalo	95.03	8,992,500	323,100	1,256,168	942,365
EasternVictoria and Sydney, B.C. Victoria Terminal Ry. and	261.67 15.97	20,850,000 403,000		507,561 31,680	
Ferry Co	0.99	500	1	2,899 2,303,612	2,282 2,193,483
York and Carleton	10.50	105,000	58,143		3,855
Total	35,582.44	1,875,810,888	157,568,989	199,843,072	147,731,099

¹Under construction. ²General capital of Dominion Coal Co. ²Includes value of used iron rails. ⁴Constructed and operated by Ontario Government Commission.

7.—Steam Railway Statistics, 1875-1915.

	Miles	46.			TO TO LEGA		Ratio of
	in	Total			Cwood	Working	
Year.		Train	Passengers	Freight.	Gross	Working	expenses
	opera-	miles.			Earnings.	Expenses.	to
	tion.						receipts.
	No.	No.	No.	Tons.	\$	\$	p.c.
		187 L T 81					1
1875	4,804	17,680,178	5,190,416	5,670,836	19,470,539	15,775,532	81.02
1070	F 010	10 100 000	F F44 014	0.001 757	10.050.00	15 000 501	04.00
1876	5,218		5,544,814	6,331,757	19,358,085	15,802,721	81.68
1877	5,782	19,450,813	6,073,233	6,859,796	18,742,053	15,290,091	81.58
1878	6,226	19,669,447	6,443,924	7,883,472	20,520,078	16,100,102	78.46
1879	6,858	20,731,689	6,523,816	8,348,810	19,925,066	16,188,282	81.24
1880	7,194	22,427,449	6,462,948	9,938,858	23,561,447	16,840,705	71.47
1001	7,331	27 201 206	6,943,671	12,065,323	27 007 500	20 121 410	71 00
1881		27,301,306	0.350.305	12,000,020	27,987,509	20,121,418	71.89
1882	8,697	27,846,411 36,726,238	9,352,335	13,575,787 13,266,255	29,027,790	22,390,709	77.13
1883	9,577		9,579,948		33,244,585	24,691,667	74.27
1884	10,273	29,280,919			33,421,705	25,595,341	76.58
1885	10,773	31,623,689	9,672,599	14,659,271	32,227,469	24,015,351	74.51
1886	11,793	30,481,088	9,861,024	15,670,460	33,389,382	24,177,582	72.49
1887	12,184	33,638,748	10,698,638	16,356,335	38,842,010	27,624,683	71.12
1888	12,163	37,391,206	11,416,791	17,172,759	42,159,153	30,652,048	72.70
1889	12,628	38,819,380		17,928,626	42,149,615	31,038,045	73.63
1890	13,151	41,849,329		20,787,469			
1090	10,101	41,049,029	12,021,212	20,101,409	46,843,826	32,913,350	70.26
1891	13,838	43,399,178	13,222,568	21,753,021	48,192,099	34,960,449	72.56
1892	14,564	44,448,468	13,533,414	22,189,923	51,685,768	36,488,228	70.60
1893	15,005	44,385,953	13,618,027	22,003,599	52,042,397	36,616,033	70.36
1894	15,627	43,573,837	13,983,620	20,721,116	49,487,965	35,166,202	71.06
1895	15,977	40,418,324	12,520,585		46,655,883	32,678,035	70.04
2000	10,011	10,110,021	12,020,000	21,021,121	10,000,000	02,010,000	10.01
1896	16,270	43,940,155	13,059,023	24,248,294	50,374,295	34,893,337	69.27
1897	16,550	44,447,977	13,742,454	25,230,470	52,109,518	34,949,432	68.38
1898	16,870	48,627,453	14,766,859	28,699,997	59,359,930	28,909,877	65.55
1899	17,250	50,086,993	15,451,082	31,068,159	61,831,235	40,468,361	65.45
1900	17,657	42,647,684	17,122,193	35,764,970	70,231,979	47,405,596	67.50
	The latest	4 19 14 19		77		a beautiful a	
1901	18,140	53,349,394	18,385,722	36,999,371	72,898,749	50,368,726	69.06
1902	18,714	55,729,856	20,679,974	42,376,527	83,666,503	57,343,592	68.54
1903	18,988	60,382,920	22,148,742	47,373,417	96,064,527	67,481,524	70.25
1904	19,431	61,312,002	23,640,765	48,097,519	100,219,436	74,563,162	74.40
1905	20,487	65,934,114	25,288,723	50,893,957	106,467,198	79,977,573	75.12
	01 050	WO WOO 100	OM 000 H00	** 000 F10	107 000 000	07 100 101	20 5
1906	21,353	72,723,482	27,989,782	57,966,713	125,322,865	87,129,434	69.52
1907	22,452	75,115,765	32,137,319	63,866,135	146,738,214	103,748,672	70.70
1908	22,966	78,637,526	34,044,992	63,071,167	146,918,314	107,304,143	73.04
1909	24,104	79,662,216	32,683,309	66,842,258	145,056,336	104,600,084	72.11
1910	24,731	85,409,241	35,894,575	74,482,866	173,956,217	120,405,440	69.22
1911	25,400	89,716,533	37,097,718	79,884,282	188,733,494	131,034,785	69.43
1912.	26,727	100,930,271	41,124,181	89,444,331	219,403,753	150,726,540	68.70
1913.	29,304	113,437,208	46,230,765	106,992,710	256,702,703		
1914.	30,795	107,895,272				182,011,690	70.90
1914	35,582	93,218,479	46,702,280	101,393,989	243,083,539	178,975,259 147,731,099	73.63 73.92
1910	00,002	30,210,479	46,322,035	87,204,838	199,843,072	147,751,099	13.92
-							

8.—Earnings and Operating Expenses of Steam Railways per mile of line, 1908-1915.

		Operating Expenses.	Net Earnings.	Earnings.	Expenses.
Year.	per train mile.				
	\$ cts.i	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	*\$	\$
1908	6,397.21	4,673.30	1,723.91	1.869	1.364
1909	6,017.89	4,339.53	1,678.36	1.816	1.309
1910	7,033.93	4.868.60	2,165.33	2.036	1.409
1911	7,430.45	5,158.85	2,271.60	2.103	1.460
1912	8,209.07	5,639.48	2,569.59	2.173	1.493
1913	8,760.50	6,211.38	2,549.12	2.263	1.604
1914	7,893.60	5,811.83	2,081.77	2.253	1.659
1915	5,616.41	4,151.57	1,464.84	2.144	1.585

9.—Distribution of Operating Expenses of Steam Railways, 1913-1915.

Items of Expenditure.	1913.		1914.		1915.	
Way and struc-	\$	p.c.	\$	p.c.	\$	p.c.
tures	35,933,322.78	19.74	35,292,226.82	19.71	28,762,906.91	19.47
Equipment	37,289,718.47	20.48	36,375,330.87	20.32	28,156,261.08	
Traffic expenses	6,143,200.85	3.37	6,546,602.45	3.65	5,853,632.65	3.96
Transportation.		53.12	94,119,066.73	52.58	77,985,272.92	52.79
General expenses	5,957,183.81	3.29	6,642,032.03	3.74	6,973,025.91	4.72
Total	182,011,690.33	100.00	178,975,258.90	100.00	147,731,099.47	100.00

10.—Aid to Railways in the form of Guarantees of Bonds, Interest, etc., by the Dominion and Provincial Governments, 1915.

Government.	Authorized.	Bonds executed.	Guarantees earned.	
	\$	\$	\$	
Dominion	188,965,063	174,740,856	160,516,649	
Manitoba	25,221,580	25,221,580	25,221,580	
Alberta	59,410,450	43,800,450	27,333,499	
Saskatchewan	41,625,000	23,762,960	22,936,950	
Ontario	7.860,000	7,860,000	7,860,000	
British Columbia	80,332,072			
New Brunswick	6.063,000	6,063,000	4,806,965	
Quebec	392,000	392,000	392,000	
Total		350,622,918	297,642,663	

11.—Analysis of the Total Financial Aid given to Steam Railways up to June 30,1915.

By the Dominion Government.		By Provincial Governments.		
Cash subsidies		Loans	\$ 29,940,865 7,197,030 300,000	
Paid to Quebec Government	5,160,054	Total	37,437,895	
Cost of lines handed over to C.P.R.	37,785,320	By Municipalities.		
Implement Clause of Grand Trunk Pacific		Cash subsidies	12,670,837 2,404,499 2,839,500	
		Total	17,914,836	
Total	183,479,193	Grand Total	238,831,924	

12.—Total Amount of Dominion Government Aid paid to Steam Railways up to June 30 of each year, 1875-1915.

Year.	Capital of Govern- ment Railways.	Aid to Other Railways.	Paid by Dominion Govern- ment to Quebec Govern- ment.	Total aid paid to Railways other than Government Railways.	Grand Total.
Up to 1875	\$ 24,785,540	\$ 16,233,608	\$ _	\$ 16,233,608	\$ 41,019,148
1876	33,384,177 39,085,617 39,500,986 39,727,625 41,858,527	18,564,352 16,235,185 26,438,915 26,438,915 32,761,921		18,564,352 16,235,185 26,438,915 26,438,915 32,761,921	51,948,529 55,320,802 65,939,901 66,166,540 74,620,448
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	42,441,041 43,026,352 44,700,347 46,236,588 47,358,907	37,629,207 37,731,208 49,548,640 78,123,918 92,703,117	59,850	37,629,207 37,731,208 49,548,640 78,123,918 92,762,967	80,070,248 80,757,560 94,248,987 124,360,506 140,121,874
1886 1887 1888 1889 1890	47,908,724 48,737,763 52,119,442 54,733,984 56,704,283	87,247,265 90,929,424 90,225,624 91,349,841 93,230,928	179,550 299,250 418,950 538,650 658,350	87,426,815 91,228,674 90,644,574 91,888,491 93,889,278	135,335,539 139,966,437 142,764,016 146,622,475 150,593,561
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	57,372,827 57,700,015 57,997,416 58,431,470 58,758,505	95,751,474 96,703,890 99,404,715 100,950,140 102,194,299	778,050 897,750 1,017,450 1,137,150 1,256,850	97,601,640 100,422,165 102,087,290	153,902,351 155,301,655 158,419,581 160,518,760 162,209,654
1896 1897 1898 1899 1900	59,017,610 59,166,723 59,437,021 60,540,951 63,849,845	100,585,214 100,962,185 102,262,312 105,294,989 105,905,446	1,376,550 1,496,250 1,615,950 1,735,650 1,855,350	102,458,435 103,878,262 107,030,639	160,979,374 161,625,158 163,315,283 167,571,590 171,610,641
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	68,097,799 72,910,445 76,290,546 78,870,281 84,193,801	108,205,453 110,229,341 111,576,663 113,541,518 114,701,648	1,975,050 2,094,750 2,214,450 2,334,150 2,442,864	112,324,091 113,791,113 115,875,668	178,323,302 185,234,536 190,081,659 194,745,949 201,339,313
1906 1907 1908 1909 1910	88,454,383 90,387,853 95,273,779 95,714,248 100,738,439	115,923,722 126,169,324 130,283,322 130,389,934 146,932,180	2,550,594 2,658,324 2,766,054 5,160,054	128,827,648 133,049,376	206,928,699 219,215,501 228,323,155 231,264,236 247,670,619
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	101,595,694 103,434,184 105,929,173 111,956,203 118,717,647	148,217,072 154,075,235 163,251,469 178,834,529 183,479,193		148,217,072 154,075,235 163,251,469 178,834,529 183,479,193	249,812,766 257,509,419 269,180,642 290,790,732 302,196,840
4					

13.—Cost of Construction, Working Expenses and Revenue of Government Railways, 1868-1915, and before Confederation.

	Cost			Surplus (+)
Year.	of con- struction.	Working Expenses. ²	Revenue.2	and deficit (—).
Before Confederation	\$13,881,461 2,495,350	\$ - 1,192,718	\$ - 1,347,021	\$ - + 154,303
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875	2,946,930 5,620,570 5,763,269 3,925,124 5,018,428	442,993 595,076 1,011,893 1,847,925 1,581,934	565,714 622,901 703,458 893,430 886,087	$\begin{array}{rrrr} + & 122,721 \\ + & 27,825 \\ - & 308,435 \\ - & 954,495 \\ - & 695,847 \end{array}$
1876. 1877. 1878. 1879.	4,497,435 3,209,502 2,643,742 2,507,054 6,109,077	1,497,128 1,890,269 2,032,873 2,233,496 1,851,489	966,922 1,285,110 1,514,846 1,419,956 1,739,137	- 530,206 - 605,159 - 518,027 - 813,540 - 112,352
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	5,577,237 5,175,047 11,707,619 14,013,075 11,224,245	2,220,421 2,310,639 2,636,552 2,613,509 2,749,711	2,200,486 2,237,583 2,541,205 2,551,938 2,624,243	- 19,935 - 73,056 - 95,347 - 61,571 - 125,468
1886. 1887. 1888. 1889.	4,433,220 1,846,887 1,765,582 2,709,857 2,392,768	2,819,973 3,152,650 3,621,077 3,513,064 3,846,044	2,628,336 2,840,748 3,166,253 3,167,543 3,203,874	- 191,637 - 311,902 - 454,824 - 345,521 - 642,170
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	1,184,317 417,426 712,917 585,749 376,815	3,949,264 3,748,598 3,288,630 3,226,208 3,197,846	3,181,889 3,136,394 3,262,506 3,179,020 3,129,450	- 767,375 - 612,204 - 26,124 - 47,188 - 68,396
1896. 1897. 1898. 1899.	324,775 204,624 270,991 1,112,348 3,309,130	3,254,443 3,195,960 3,507,249 3,696,612 4,665,228	3,140,679 3,060,074 3,313,847 3,940,570 4,774,162	- 113,764 - 135,886 - 193,402 + 243,958 + 108,934
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	3,922,989 5,386,611 3,083,681 2,619,060 6,125,482	5,739,052 5,861,099 6,474,134 7,599,959 8,906,154	5,213,381 5,918,990 6,584,599 6,627,256 7,050,892	$\begin{array}{r} - & 525,671 \\ + & 57,891 \\ + & 110,465 \\ - & 972,703 \\ - & 1,855,262 \end{array}$
1906. 1907 (9 mos.). 1908. 1909.	6,102,566 7,174,370 23,684,005 29,414,227 21,505,976	7,893,653 6,328,746 9,595,295 9,764,587 9,095,904	7,950,553 6,509,186 9,534,569 8,894,420 9,647,964	+ 56,900 + 180,440 - 60,726 - 870,167 + 552,060
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914.	24,532,466 23,108,806 17,375,968 21,628,095 21,865,095	10,037,879 11,074,853 12,499,926 13,559,225 12,474,454	10,249,394 11,034,166 12,442,203 13,394,317 12,149,357	$\begin{array}{rrrr} + & 211,515 \\ + & 40,687 \\ - & 57,723 \\ - & 164,908 \\ - & 325,097 \end{array}$
Total	345,502,5371	218,296,392	206,426,629	—11,869,763

¹ Less \$40,000 received from St. John City for the Carleton Branch Railway = \$345,462,537. ² Includes Windsor Branch.

14.—Capital Expenditure by Dominion Government for construction of Government Steam Railways to March 31, 1915.

Railways.	\$
Intercolonial. Now forming parts of the Intercolonial: Cape Breton. Oxford and New Glasgow Eastern Extension. Drummond County. Montreal and European Short Line. Canada Eastern. Prince Edward Island. National Transcontinental. Canadian Pacific. Annapolis and Digby. Yukon Territory Works (Stikine-Teslin Ry.). Carleton Branch. Hudson Bay Railway. International Railway of New Brunswick. New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island Railway. Miscellaneous (Governor-General's Cars). Add Capital I. C. R. transferred to Consolidated Fund.	98,380,782 3,860,679 1,949,063 1,324,043 1,464,000 333,943 819,000 152,802,746 62,789,776 660,683 283,324 48,410 10,860,776 1,300 24,700 71,539 296,873
Totals	345,462,537

15.-Mileage and Rolling Stock of Steam Railways, 1910-1915.

Mileage and Engines.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Miles in operation	24,731	25,400	26,727	29,304	30,795	35,582
Miles of sidings	5,155	5,573 34	6,172	6,977	7,560	7,852
Miles of iron rails in main line Miles of steel rails in main line	$\frac{6}{24,725}$	25,366	9 26,718	29,301	30,795	35,582
Miles of steel rails in double	44,140	20,000	20,710	20,001	30,730	00,002
track	1,543	1,610	1,752	1,984	2,293	2,451
Engines in use	4,079		4,484	5,119	5,447	5,486
SERVICE LA LA CALLESTA AND LA			103.14		V 01 4, 159	
Passenger Cars.	Tree and					
First Class	1,564	1,601	1,788	2,058	2,167	2,213
Second Class	512	517	550	627	627	632
Combination	435	434	453	492	491	486
Emigrant	318	357	389	437	466	509
Dining	123 69	137 80	159 89	176 117	204 130	215 138
Parlour Sleeping Slee	283	306	353	440	500	538
Baggage, express and postal	979	1.045	1,132	1,275	1,378	1,457
Other	37	36	33	74	39	138
Freight Cars.	2211 92	Medical.				
Box	75,983	79,412	89,982	128,511	146,607	145,307
Flat	20,769	21,069	22,000	25,117	26,151	25,290
Stock	5,528	5,809	6,322	6,745	7,589	7,553
Coal	12,680	13,768	14,715	14,746	15,955 496	15,703 560
Tank	195 2,539	277 2,807	3,082	3,911	4.716	4,713
Other	2,019	4.016	4,427	2,712	2,676	2,556
	2,010	1,010	-, 120	-, • 1	-,0:01	-,000

16.-Freight hauled on Steam Railways, 1911-1915.

Products.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Products of Agriculture-					
Grain	7,545,516	9,741,671	10,386,282	11,473,733	9,159,793
FlourOther mill products	2,124,080 1,166,323	2,303,607 1,387,624	2,374,198 $1,310,167$	2,432,673 1,347,491	2,514,609 1,486,668
Hay	1,611,621	2,130,803	1,172,022	1,182,804	1,211,835
Tobacco	51,672	68,737	65,489	49,819	38,580
Cotton	114,827	135,277	93,807	105,429	108,877
Fruit and vegetables Other products of agri-	957,237	1,135,082	1,295,568	1,374,992	1,474,314
culture	238,260	398,144	499,269	403,539	391,236
Products of animals—					
Live stock	1,437,965	1,345,182	1,226,242	1,424,528	1,387,103
Dressed meats	561,220	591,232	616,274	587,174	608,062
Other packing house	369,906	392,046	371,663	358,607	395,364
Poultry, game and fish	189,201	204,421	263,760	292,734	282,856
Wool	42,602	34,320	40,684	38,867	41,156
Hides and leather	211,301	227,745	205,583	183,646	211,411
Other products of ani- mals	378,507	364,334	449,356	457,944	430,708
Products of mines— Anthracite coal	6,017,858	5,938,466	8,485,652	6,624,763	6,477,642
Bituminous coal	12,514,372	15,027,311	17,930,653	18,384,819	16,114,480
Coke	1,416,632	1,166,874	2,010,198	1,552,298	1,171,427
Ores	3,802,162	3,190,470	4,348,666	4,570,745	3,524,211
Stone, sand, etc Other products of mines	4,417,290 483,922	5,186,763 957,915	6,350,395 1,104,978	6,211,671 915,874	4,841,413 998,360
other products of limites	100,022	301,310	1,104,910	310,014	220,000
Products of forests—					
Lumber Other products of	7,364,964	8,129,314	9,590,068	8,809,572	7,985,885
forests	5,873,383	6,023,407	7,019,032	7,202,525	5,990,670
	0,0.0,000	0,020,101	1,010,002	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,000,000
Manufactures-	FO4 0F4	200 040	00= 000	001 001	000.01
Petroleumandotheroils Sugar	591,651 614,529	728,643 635,757	807,062 820,252	901,324 779,276	868,214 707,714
Naval stores	18,422	9,472	19,898	17,195	28,961
Iron, pig and bloom	887,801	1,104,177	1,394,725	1,227,528	488,216
Iron and steel rails	616,980	859,897	1,304,551	1,031,361	450,764
Castings and machinery	1,137,218	1,214,709	1,499,084	1,258,886	891,063
Bar and sheet metal Cement, brick and lime.	939,916 2,495,178	970,091 2,996,992	1,305,682 3,958,419	904,859 3,479,186	635,150 2,419,240
Agricultural imple-			The state of the s		
ments Wagons, carriages, tools	540,061	552,470	593,470	468,156	285,491
etc	205,106	252,638	286,069	275,060	339,749
Wines, liquors and beers.	274,162	325,412	372,495	349,635	247,944
Household goods and furniture	412,529	434,242	493,629	459,990	295,496
Other manufactures	4,840,434	6,156,581	6,838,904	5,681,670	4,928,391
Merchandise	2,438,089	2,711,963	4,365,852	5,113,603	5,272,163
Miscellaneous	4,981,385	4,410,542	4,161,154	3,397,697	2,393,123

16.-Freight hauled on Steam Railways, 1911-1915-concluded.

SUMMARY.

Products.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Products of agriculture.	13,809,536	17,300,945	17,196,802	18,370,480	16,385,909
Products of animals	3,190,702	3,159,280	3,173,563	3,343,500	3,356,657
Products of mines	28,652,236	31,467,799	40,230,542	38,260,170	33,127,535
Products of forests	13,238,347	14,152,721	16,609,100	16,012,097	13,976,555
Manufactures	13,573,987	16,241,081	19,694,240	16,834,126	12,586,393
Merchandise	2,438,089	2,711,963	4,365,852	5,113,603	5,272,163
Miscellaneous	4,981,385	4,410,542	4,161,154	3,397,601	2,393,123
Totals	79,884,282	89,444,331	106,992,7101	101,394,753 ¹	87,204,8381

¹Contains 1,561,457 tons not distributed in 1913, 63,176 tons in 1914 and 106,503 tons in 1915.

17.—Number of Employees in Service of Steam Railways, 1910-1914.

Description.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
General officers Other officers General office clerks Station agents Other stationmen Enginemen Firemen Conductors Other trainmen Machinists. Carpenters Other shopmen Section foremen Other trackmen Switch tenders, etc Telegraph operators Floating equipment All other employees.	372 718 6,835 2,879 12,578 4,419 4,885 3,323 7,946 2,935 4,348 15,387 4,539 30,131 1,628 2,985 292² 17,568	341 878 7,076 2,875 13,334 4,647 4,979 3,643 8,472 3,092 4,283 19,075 4,166 21,628 1,868 3,088 8,230 29,549	5,505 6,048 4,348 10,099 3,932 4,320 19,568 4,534 26,319 1,658 3,425 6,761	4,923 12,107 4,292 5,865 22,410 5,035 32,181 1,715 3,947 6,647 36,511	13,623 5,258 5,703 4,201 10,672 3,928 4,942 20,518 5,130 27,493 1,521 3,673 5,576 32,307
Totals	123,768	141,224	155,901	178,652	159,142

²Not properly reported in 1910.

18.—Total Salaries and Wages, with Ratios of same to Gross Earnings and Operating Expenses on Steam Railways, 1907-1915.

Year.	Salaries and wages.	Ratio to gross earnings.	Ratio to operating expenses.	Year.	Salaries and wages.	Ratio to gross earnings.	Ratio to operating expenses.
1907 1908 1909 1910	\$ 58,719,493 60,376,607 63,216,662 67,167,793 74,613,738	41.09 43.58 38.61	60.43 55.78	1912 1913 1914 1915	\$ 94,237,623 115,749,825 111,762,972 90,215,727	45.09 45.97	63.59 62.43

19.-Average Daily Salaries and Wages paid on Steam Railways, 1909-1914.

Description.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
General officers. Other officers General office clerks Station agents. Other stationmen. Enginemen. Firemen Conductors. Other trainmen.	\$ cts. 11.73 4.59 1.81 2.09 1.65 4.13 2.52 3.31 2.13	10.72 4.73 1.94 2.16 1.65 4.12 2.53 3.30 2.12	\$ cts. 11.72 4.84 1.98 2.28 1.73 4.40 2.78 3.62 2.44	\$ cts. 12.47 4.92 1.99 2.39 1.77 4.64 2.84 3.69 2.54	\$ cts. 12.96 5.00 2.03 2.60 1.90 4.88 3.02 3.85 2.66	\$ cts. 13.26 5.40 2.12 2.74 1.98 4.84 3.11 3.93 2.83
Machinists. Carpenters. Other shopmen. Section foremen. Other trackmen. Switch tenders, etc. Telegraph operators. Floating equipment. All other employees.	2.89 2.23 2.33 2.15 1.59 2.00 2.09 1.26 1.95	2.98 2.52 2.19 2.18 1.58 1.57 2.20 2.19 1.95	3.14 2.44 2.22 2.32 1.66 1.98 2.28 1.11 1.87	3.34 2.58 2.33 2.38 1.77 1.84 2.28 1.22 1.84	3.51 2.75 2.42 2.50 1.83 2.02 2.51 1.26 1.82	3.40 2.78 2.54 2.58 1.83 1.73 2.64 1.09 1.93

20.—Distribution of Salaries and Wages on Steam Railways, 1911-1914.

Salaries and wages for	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Way and structures. Equipment. Traffic expenses. Transportation expenses. General expenses. Outside operations Undistributed.	15,544,057 1,564,399	17,761,622 1,679,919 43,988,877	2,209,984 54,170,519 3,134,119	23,025,968 1,992,093 52,181,299 3,572,488
Totals	74,613,738	94,237,623	115,749,825	111,762,972

21.—Number of Employees by Groups and Classes, with Number of Days Worked and amount of Salaries and Wages Paid on Steam Railways, 1915.

Group and Class.	Num-	No. of days	Salarie Wag	
Group and Grass.	ber.	worked.	Yearly.	Daily average.
1. General offices:—			\$	\$
General officers.	342	101,650	1,201,256	11.89
Chief clerks	152	48,115	196,694	4.09
Other clerks	2,939 430	934,846 138,496	1,777,699 254,306	1.90 1.84
Telephone and telegraph operators.	64	22,976	52,281	2.29
Messengers and attendants	181	63,281	95,318	1.51
Other general office employees	309	104,391	370,636	3.56
Total	4,417	1,413,755	3,948,190	_
		H Ming		
II. Road:— Officers	484	152,636	817,806	5.38
Clerks	474	156,659	429,338	2.75
Shop foremen	18	6,673	22,681	3.40
Structural iron-workers	29 42	7,795	19,732	2.53 2.85
Machinists	91	5,456 21,619	15,552 67,748	3.13
Carpenters	1,484	408,202	1,151,086	2.82
Painters	330	59,349	155,572	2.62
Other M.W.S. shopmen Other skilled labourers	159 1,183	50,376 333,315	116,352 821,750	2.31 2.47
Section foremen	5,394	1,608,654	4,198,660	2.62
Watchmen and trackwalkers	442	141,687	276,328	1.96
Other sectionmen	20,234 $4,011$	4,861,629 592,096	8,670,320 984,832	1.78 1.66
All other M.W.S. employees	1,695	437,795	988,470	2.26
Foremen of construction gangs	196	56,749	191,115	3.37
Other men in construction gangs	3,765	942,148	1,709,897	1.81
Total	40,031	9,842,838	20,637,239	
III Favinment		at ve a		
III. Equipment:— Officers	. 158	47,783	329,716	6.90
Clerks and attendants	1,082	370,592	825,352	2.23
Shop foremen	1,049	352,419	1,336,415	3.79
Machinists	3,473 3,058	855,329 763,917	2,808,883 2,037,679	$\frac{3.21}{2.67}$
CarpentersPainters and upholsterers	737	178,991	480,518	2.17
Other shopmen	13,570	3,399,268	8,117,797	2.39
Car Inspectors	1,168 223	403,930 72,931	985,419 129,206	2.44 1.77
Watchmen	4,747	1,446,398	2,943,700	2.04
Total	29,265	7,891,558	19,994,685	122
1 Norm MWC simifes ((Mainte		W 1	Cturaturas	77 M TO

¹Note.—M.W.S. signifies "Maintenance of Way and Structures." M.E. signifies "Maintenance of Equipment."

21.—Number of Employees by Groups and Classes, with Number of Days Worked, and amount of Salaries and Wages Paid on Steam Railways, 1915—concluded.

	Num-	No. of	Salaries and wages.		
Group and Class.	ber.	days worked.	Yearly.	Daily average.	
			\$	\$	
IV. Traffic:— Officers	157	47 004	467,156	9.75	
Clerks and attendants	1,236				
Travelling solicitors	114				
Employees in outside agencies	470	144,358	460,983	3.20	
All other traffic employees	126	53,647	101,338	1.89	
Total	2,103	645,840	2,040,847		
Total	2,100	040,040	2,040,041		
V. Transportation:—				212	
Officers	358	118,661	842,835	7.14	
Officers	2,351	791,228	1,624,176	2.05	
Dispatchers	495			4.59	
Station agents	3,351 1,693	1,138,735 569,321	3,217,575 1,568,369	$\frac{2.84}{2.75}$	
Operators, not agents Other station employees	10,736			1.94	
Yardmasters and yard clerks	739		744,150	2.78	
Yard enginemen	1,570	470,090	1,788,538	3.80	
Yard conductors and brakemen	2,117	712,889	2,641,301	3.71	
Yard switchmenOther yard employees	443 160	152,830 63,678	312,210 125,142	$\frac{2.05}{1.96}$	
Engine-house employees	3,855			2.00	
Road enginemen and motormen	7,138		8,943,248	4.34	
Passenger conductors	891	294,102	1,330,922	4.52	
Other read trainmen	2,057	640,278	2,774,739	4.33	
Other road trainmen Operators, interlockers and signals	6,339 381	2,021,277 149,187	5,780,522 267,341	$\frac{2.86}{1.79}$	
Crossing flagmen and gatemen	501	174,118	267,774	1.53	
Drawbridge operators	96	25,748	45,853	1.78	
Employees on floating equipment	251	69,066	176,317	2.55	
Employees in express service Employees in claim department	78 92	24,488 51,534	35,799 139,241	$\frac{1.47}{2.70}$	
All other transportation employees.	2,634	721,531	1,425,324	1.98	
Total	48,326	15,169,482	43,594,766	-	
Grand Total	124,142	34,963,473	90,215,727	-	

22.—Number of Passengers, Employees and Others Killed and Injured on Steam Railways, 1888-1915.

Year.	Passe	ngers.	Employees.		Others.		Totals.	
	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
1888–1889 1890 1891 1892	57 11 13 14 11	173 52 105 43 57	196 83 65 110 72	1,256 682 582 697 531	188 124 118 109 133	221 101 131 139 120	441 218 196 233 216	1,650 835 818 879 708
1894 1895 1896 1897	12 9 11 6 5	58 42 62 67 63	67 51 46 76 96	517 487 445 579 860	132 123 103 130 164	105 121 111 152 162	211 183 160 212 265	680 650 618 798 1,085
1899	20 7 16 14 53	119 125 135 176 258	119 123 118 152 186	882 941 970 932 945	144 193 183 164 181	184 238 212 220 250	283 323 317 330 420	1,185 1,304 1,317 1,328 1,453
1904	25 35 16 70 28	234 244 233 355 345	192 208 139 259 224	912 919 890 1,569 1,793	178 225 206 269 184	259 194 242 228 222	395 468 361 598 436	1,407 1,355 1,365 2,152 2,360
1909	36 62 28 48 41	281 279 297 493 667	209 295 227 234 324	1,679 1,605 2,715 2,924 3,407	260 258 236 288 377	226 255 317 363 498	505 615 493 568 742	2,186 2,139 3,329 3,780 4,572
1914 1915	27 17	415 336	224 115	3,161 2,573	349 247	463 362	600 379	4,039 3,271
Total	692	5,714	4,210	35,453	5,266	6,096	10,168	47,263

23.-Number of Persons Killed and Injured on Steam Railways, 1913-1915.

(A) IN ACCIDENTS RESULTING FROM MOVEMENT OF TRAINS, LOCOMOTIVES OR CARS.

Desiration of Domina	19	13.	19	14.	1915.		
Description of Persons.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	
Passengers	38	650	25	402	17	304	
Employees	298	1,834	200	1,475	102	946	
Trespassers	309	284	289	279	168	147	
Non-trespassers	63	171	48	114	73	167	
Postal clerks, expressmen, etc.	2	27	3	17	-	14	
Total	710	2,966	565	2,287	360	1,578	
Description of Accident—					The second	18 = 1	
Coupling and uncoupling	27	182	16	129	9	78	
Collisions	45	347	39	137	12	167	
Derailments	44	440	20	262	9	107	
Parting of trains	1	17		11	1	12	
Locomotives or cars break-	See a second						
ing down	1	13	2	24	1	17	
Falling from trains or cars.	65	446	46	325	35	229	
Jumping on or off	58	278	39	256	23	237	
Struck by trains, etc	399	448	336	414	252	280	
Overhead obstruction	1	31		21	1	28	
Other causes	69	764	67	708	17	423	
Total	710	2,996	565	2,287	360	1,578	

(B) In Accidents other than those Resulting from Movement of Trains, Locomotives or Cars.

Description of Bonsons	19	13.	19	14.	1915.				
Description of Persons.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.			
Stationmen. Shopmen. Trainmen and Trackmen. Other employees. Passengers. Others.	- 5 6 15 3 3	147 472 488 466 17 16	1 2 6 15 2 9	143 574 492 477 13 53	- 1 4 8 - 6	136 574 429 488 32 34			
Total	32	1,606	35	1,752	19	1,693			
Description of Accident— Handling traffic Handling tools, machinery,	2	114	4	233	1	165			
etc	6	466	3	583	4	558			
Handling supplies, etc	2	271	2	257	1	248			
Getting on or off engines or carsOther causes	22	45 710	26	68 611	2 11	81 641			
Total	32	1,606	35	1,752	19	1,693			

24.—Electric Railway Statistics, 1901-1915.

Year.	Miles in Opera- tion.	Total Car Mileage.	Passengers.	Freight.	Gross Earnings.	Working Expenses.	Ratio of Expenses to receipts.
Marie I	No.	No.	No.	Tons.	\$	\$	p.c.
1901	674.58	31,750,754	120,934,656		5,768,283		
1902	557.59		135,681,402			3,802,855	
1903	759.36	//-	155,662,812			4,472,858	
1904	766.50		181,689,998				
1905	793.12		203,467,217	510,350			
1906	813.74		237,655,074				
1907	814.52		273,999,404		, , , , , , ,		58.38
1908	992.03 988.97	56,964,881 60.152,846	299,099,309 314.026,671	732,475	14,007,049 14,611,484		
1910	1,047.07	65,249,166	360,964,876			8,885,235 10,121,781	59.19
1911	1,223.73	72,618,806	426,296,792			12,096,134	
1912	1.308.17	82,070,064					
1913	1,356.63		597,863,801			17,765,372	62.96
1914	1,560.82	98,917,808	614,709,819			19.107,818	
1915	1,590.29		562,302,373			18,131,842	67.35
		1500				Sher Dish	

25.-Mileage and Equipment of Electric Railways, 1913-1915.

Mileage.	1913.	1914.	1915.	Cars.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	No.	No.	No.		No.	No.	No.
Length of first main track Length of second	1,356.63	1,560.82	1,590.29	Passenger cars, closed Passenger cars,	2,042	2,121	2,447
main track Total length of	371.14	338.91	348.88	open Passenger cars,	863	856	824
main track Length of sidings			1,939.17	combination Freight cars	930 591	1,104 649	792 693
and turn-outs Total, computed as single track				baggage cars	35	35	40
as single track	1,009.00	2,002.44	2,102.30	passenger and freight cars	9	8	23
			Limby 1	Work cars	211	236	216
				Snow ploughs Sweepers	61 123	61 131	58 127
	-			Miscellaneous	124	115	109

26.—Capital Liability of Electric Railways, 1908-1915.

Year.	Stocks.	Funded Debt.	Total.	Year.	Stocks.	Funded Debt.	Total.
1908 1909 1910 1911	51,946,433 58,653,826	43,391,153	91,604,989 102,044,979	1913 1914	62,079,767 66,311,098	79,155,864 81,284,244	\$ 122,841,946 141,235,631 147,595,342 150,344,002

RAILWAYS.

27.-Mileage, Capital, Earnings and Operating Expenses of Electric Railways, 1915.

Name of Railway.	Miles operated.	Capital.	Earnings.	Operating expenses.
	No.	\$	\$	\$
Berlin and Waterloo Street	3.28	155,609	50,426	35,990
Berlin and Northern	3.15	19,800	8,081	7,729
Berlin, Waterloo, Wellesley and Lake	4 - 04		405 405	440 004
Huron Brandon Municipal	17.81	551,000	185,195	113,601
Brandon Municipal	8.50	450,000	35,969	28,395
Brantford Municipal	23.00	200,000	122 502	100 400
Brantford and Hamilton	242.55	960,000 16,000,000	133,592 2,897,463	102,483 2,621,197
British Columbia	30.52	2,412,000	191,737	129,494
Chatham, Wallaceburg and Lake Erie.	36.94	1,560,600	126,557	91,530
Cornwall Street	4.00	200,000	29,980	24,493
Calgary Municipal	55.00	2,280,210	611,827	428,797
Canadian Resources Development Co	1.75	486,000	1,125	2,472
Edmonton Radial	52.37	3,002,537	584,578	429,337
Edmonton Interurban (not operated)	8.19	600,000	100.000	00.050
Fort William Terminal Ry. and Bridge	19.88	1,112,000	128,820	96,650
Co.		12,500		
Co	29.96	1,788,800	75,918	59,729
Guelph Radial	8.50	169,000	48,086	35,359
Halifax Tramway Co	12.29	2,000,000	321,705	213,611
Hamilton and Dundas	7.00	200,000	60,901	50,873
Hamilton, Grimsby and Beamsville	22.00	385,000	133,062	111,384
Hamilton Radial	25.00	271,150	165,150	137,083
Hamilton Street	30.06	1,374,000	553,585	372,774
HullInternational Transit Co	15.67	292,000	154,863	118,876
International Transit Co	4.30		61,125	39,380
Kingston, Portsmouth and Cataraqui	8.00 11.00	182,350 408,877	39,918 41,053	34,013
Lethbridge Municipal Levis County	11.75	564,000	88,462	37,146 69,551
London Street	25.73	1,225,000	385,511	266,989
London StreetLondon and Lake Erie Ry	28.00	2,840,000	135,016	89,567
Moncton Tramway Co	4.47	1,512,400	16,862	19,072
Montreal Tramways	124.26^{1}	35,735,457	6,525,232	3,713,996
Montreal and Southern Counties	36.84	1,949,627	214,685	209,050
Moosejaw Nelson Street, B.C	9.00	751,227	84,962	101,330
Nelson Street, B.C	2.13	81,000	12,472	11,703
Nipissing Central	15.37 11.91	530,000	111,426	82,706
Niagara Falls, Park and River Niagara, St. Catharines and Toronto	60.89	600,000 2,023,000	128,200 605,664	82,592 439,540
Niagara, Welland and Lake Erie	1.87	311,500	19,256	10,506
Oshawa	9.00	118,452	71,562	53,256
Ottawa	24.99	2,331,900	1.069.984	690,634
Peterborough Radial	6.04	292,753	49,880	36,358
Port Arthur	12.43	886,647	109,160	83,315
Pictou County	at in the	600,000	MENIE -	Richard -
Quebec Railway, Light and Power Co.	10 55	,	400 100	00 1 000
(Citadel division)	19.77	E 700 40 40	483,136	295,802
Quebec Railway, Light and Power Co. (Montmorency division)	28.60	$5,763,434^{2}$	200 015	144 515
Regina Municipal	30.85	1,475,000	200,015 187,068	144,515 194,509
Regina Municipal	40.27	897,000	291,799	194,509
Sarnia	8.25	170,000	59,000	46,265
Saskatoon Municipal	12.63		137,657	120,680
Sherbrooke Street	9.00	2,181,000	45,068	37,368
St. John, N.B.	-	1,800,000		William-

¹⁹¹¹ figures. 2 Including capital for lighting, power and gas plants.

27.—Mileage, Capital, Earnings and Operating Expenses of Electric Railways, 1915
—concluded.

Name of Railway.	Miles operated.	Capital.	Earnings.	Operating expenses.
	No.	\$	\$	\$
St. Stephen, N.B	7.00	200,000	39,489	30,495
St. Thomas Street	7.00	85,028	23,681	31,208
Suburban Rapid Transit (Winnipeg)	21.02	600,000	88,655	63,390
Sydney and Glace Bay	-	902,000	-	-
Toronto Street	62.29	17,139,500	5,877,225	3,496,117
Toronto Suburban	18.79	4,128,000	139,470	73,857
Toronto and York Radial	72.43	3,640,000	598,645	441,165
Windsor, Essex and Lake Shore Rapid.		1,500,000	158,170	103,760
Winnipeg, Selkirk and Lake Winnipeg	39.40	515,000	122,859	75,460
Winnipeg Street ¹	108.42	18,380,000	2,164,505	1,477,199
Yarmouth Street ¹	3.00	432,000	37,408	27,024
Totals	1,590.29	150,344,002	26,922,900	18,131,842

¹Capitalization covers outside operations.

28.—Number of Passengers, Employees and others Killed and Injured on Electric Railways, 1894-1915.

Year.	Passe	ngers.	Emplo	oyees.	Oth	ers.	Tot	als.
rear.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
1894-1899	1	23	2	9	9	12	12	44
1900	_	6	-	-	2	7	2	13
1901	3	158	1	58	11	98	15	314
1902	9	410	1	33	22	120	32	563
1903	10	504	7	62	22	212	39	778
1904	10	508	3	64	40	272	53	844
1905	30	862	3	87	23	347	56	1,296
1906	11	1,085	2	127	34	441	47	1,653
1907	27	988	7	216	37	532		1,736
1908	18	1,156	- 6	188	43	539	67	1,883
1909	11	1,303	7	218	50	618		2,139
1910	14	1,595	13	227	68	716		
1911	11	1,784	8	300	83	586		
1912	16	1,950	8	442	86	736		
1913	17	1,662	12	392	44	490	73	
1914	9	1,757	13	469	42	581	64	2,807
1915	14	1,554	6	413	44	638	64	2,605
Totals	211	17,305	99	3,305	660	6,945	970	27,555

Electric Railways.—During 1915 the total capital liability of electric railways, which for the most part consist of urban street tramways, was increased from \$147,595,342 to \$150,344,002. Of this amount \$66,696,675 are in stocks, and \$83,647,327 are in funded debt. The number of passengers carried was 562,302,373, as compared with 614,709,819 in 1914. The freight hauled in 1915 was 1,433,602 tons, as compared with 1,845,923 tons in 1914. Gross earnings were 126,922,900, as against \$29,691,007 in 1914, and operating expenses were \$18,131,842 against \$19,107,818 in 1914. These and other particulars, with comparative figures, are set out in Tables 23-28. The number of employees in the service of electric railways on June 30, 1915, was 14,795, as compared with 16,195 in 1914. The total salaries and wages for the year 1915 were \$10,781,199, as against \$11,845,464 in 1914. The total mileage of electric railways computed as single track in 1915 was 2,103, as compared with 2,052 in 1914.

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

There are four distinctly Canadian express companies, viz., the Canadian Express Co., the Canadian Northern Express Co., the Dominion Express Co. and the British America Express Co. They are organized under powers conferred by Acts of the Dominion Parliament, and their business consists in the forwarding of parcels through the railway companies, in the transfer of luggage, and in the issue of money orders, travellers' cheques, letters of credit and other forms of financial paper. Four other express companies situated in the United States also do business in Canada. The total capital liability of the four Canadian companies on June 30, 1915, stood at \$4,882,200. The total operating mileage of all eight express companies in Canada for the year ended June 30, 1915, was 38,611, as compared with 36,648 in 1914. The gross operating receipts were \$11,311,797, compared with \$12,646,452, a decrease of \$1,334,655 in 1914. A deduction of \$5,610,224 for express privileges, that is, the amount paid to railways, steamboat and stage lines for the carrying of express matter, leaves \$5,701,573 as the operating revenue for the year. Operating expenses amounted to \$5,632,904, as compared with \$6,246,632 in 1914, and the net operating revenue to \$68,669, as compared with \$383,455 in 1914.

29.—Operating Mileage of Express Companies in Canada, 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915.

	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
By routes over—	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.
Steam Roads	26,855.30		33,551.13	
Electric lines	278.61	212.61	212.61	254.41
Steamboat lines	3,161.50		2,770.00	
	146.91	122.00	112.00	75.00
Stage lines	3.25		2.75	2.75
Miscellaneous	3.20	4.13	2.10	2.13
Totals	30,445.57	32,557.48	36.648.49	38,610.89
By Provinces—				
Prince Edward Island	213.10	558.90	483.80	568.80
Nova Scotia	1,339.13	1,464.19	1,483.19	1,438.98
New Brunswick	1,378.41	2,103.28	2,086.08	2,043.86
Quebec	3,914.69	4,686.68	4,623.28	4,655.93
Ontario	10,245.97	10,333.56	11,080.05	10,519.90
Manitoba	3,608.15		3,936.51	4,161.01
Saskatchewan	3,698.20			5,845.96
Alberta	1,750.04			3,405.80
British Columbia	3,395.68			4,866.43
Yukon	601.48		692.70	692.70
Foreign	300.72			
Totals	30,445.57	32,557.48	36,648.49	38,610.89
By Companies—				
American Express Co	1,290.43			1,290.29
British America Express Co		89.00		
Canadian Express Co	7,406.31	6,926.51	9,419.51	10,249.13
Canadian Northern Express Co	5,255.49	5,762.25	6,343.21	6,589.25
Dominion Express Co	14,604.88	16,765.73	17,168.77	18,421.43
Great Northern Express Co	661.86	672.76	672.76	710.39
United States Express Co	224.84	224.84	224.84	THE VIEW AND AND AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND
Wells Fargo & Co		941.30	941.30	936.36
National Express Co		-	-	-
Totals	30,445.57	32,557.48	36,266.971	38,610.89
		1		

Note.—In addition to the above mileage, outside operations in 1914 covered 16,811 miles, chiefly in connection with ocean-going steamers.

1 The total unavoidably omits 381.52 miles, attaching to operations outside of Canada.

30.—Operating Expenses of Express Companies, 1912-1915.

Companies.	Mainten- ance.	Traffic expenses.	Transportation expenses.	General expenses.	Total operating expenses.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
American Express ¹	12,797	3,950 14		29,467	399,318
British America Express Canadian Express	34,366	8,382		985 122,276	
Canadian Northern Express	5,275	6,427	362,477	35,114	409,293
Dominion Express	54,215	71,503			3,211,900
Great Northern Expresss	948	359			
Wells Fargo Express	17	58	7,143	293	7,511
Total, 1915	107,618	90,693	4,981,846	452,747	5,632,904
Total, 1914	144,881	182,164		519,985	6,246,632
Total, 1913	146,269	160,203			
Total, 1912	214,490	94,187	4,075,515	495,928	4,880,120
Compan	ies.		Total	Taxes.	Total
			privileges.		expenses.
			\$	\$	\$
American Express ¹			390,825	7,587	797,730
British America Express			5,881	- 1,00.	8,256
Canadian Express			1,554,428		3,182,419
Canadian Northern Express	S		368,180		
Dominion Express	3,234,715 48,088				
Wells Fargo Express	8,107				
Total, 1915			5,610,224	123,029	
Total, 1914	6,016,364 5,708,408	124,061 103,138	12,387,057 11,555,091		
Total, 1913			4,892,242		
	3	E IE	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	21,100	3,000,001

¹Including National Express Co.

31.—Business transacted by Express Companies in financial paper, 1912-1915.

Description.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Money orders, domestic. Money orders, foreign. Travellers' cheques, domestic. Travellers' cheques, foreign. "C.O.D." cheques. Telegraphic transfers. Letters of credit issued Other forms.	2,698,797 1,279,086 1,051,621 5,514,822 182,770 142,166	3,510,668 1,771,905 1,416,201 7,309,889 286,853	3,131,908 1,666,630 1,825,702 8,011,832 370,969	1,460,910 1,405,110 382,292 7,642,035 202,991
Total	56,995,123	65,044,193	65,897,339	54,289,736

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

32.—Earnings of Express Companies, 1912-1915.

Companies.	Revenue from transpor- tation.	Money Orders, domestic.	Money Orders, foreign.	Travel- lers' Cheques, domestic.	Travel- lers' Cheques, foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
American Express ¹	778,560	5,655	105	492	212
British America Express Canadian Express	14,709 3,100,781	60,069		_	748
Canadian Northern Express Dominion Express	921,730 6,007,924	104,398	15,116	2,759	744
Great Northern Express Wells Fargo Express	77,700 16,215	1,095 509	11 7	178	
Total, 1915	10,917,619	186,580	15,239	3,429	1,704
Total, 1914	12,210,260	207,605	20,650	190	9,203
Total, 1913	12,434,321	173,261	21,137	23,145	2,892
Total, 1912	10,617,376	201,535	18,056	2,806	2,715
Companies.	"C.O.D." Cheques.	Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Total expenses.	Net earnings.
Companies.					
Companies.					
American Express ¹	Cheques.	earnings.	\$ 818,354	\$ 797,730	\$ 20,624
American Express ¹	\$ 7,212 28,790	\$ 26,119	\$ 818,354 14,709 3,208,222	\$ 797,730 8,256 3,182,419	\$ 20,624
American Express ¹	\$ 7,212 28,790 16,140	\$ 26,119 17,835	\$ 818,354 14,709 3,208,222 952,724	\$ 797,730 8,256 3,182,419 780,475	\$ 20,624 6,453 25,803 172,249
American Express ¹	\$ 7,212 28,790 16,140 57,990 315	\$ 26,119 17,835	\$ 818,354 14,709 3,208,222 952,724 6,220,542 79,861	\$ 797,730 8,256 3,182,419 780,475 6,504,751 75,948	\$ 20,624 6,453 25,803 172,249 - 284,209 3,913
American Express ¹	\$ 7,212 28,790 16,140 57,990	\$ 26,119 17,835 31,611	\$ 818,354 14,709 3,208,222 952,724 6,220,542 79,861	\$ 797,730 8,256 3,182,419 780,475 6,504,751 75,948	\$ 20,624 6,453 25,803 172,249 -284,209 3,913
American Express ¹ British America Express Canadian Express Canadian Northern Express Dominion Express Great Northern Express Wells Fargo Express	\$ 7,212 28,790 16,140 57,990 315	\$ 26,119 17,835 31,611 740 93	\$ 818,354 14,709 3,208,222 952,724 6,220,542 79,861 17,383	\$ 797,730 8,256 3,182,419 780,475 6,504,751 75,948	\$ 20,624 6,453 25,803 172,249 -284,209 3,913
American Express ¹	\$ 7,212 28,790 16,140 57,990 315 382	\$ 26,119 17,835 31,611 740 93 76,398	\$ 818,354 14,709 3,208,222 952,724 6,220,542 79,861	\$ 797,730 8,256 3,182,419 780,475 6,504,751 75,948 16,578	\$ 20,624 6,453 25,803 172,249 - 284,209 3,913 805
American Express ¹ British America Express Canadian Express Canadian Northern Express Dominion Express Great Northern Express Wells Fargo Express Total, 1915 Total, 1914	\$ 7,212 28,790 16,140 57,990 315 382 110,829 114,791	\$ 26,119 17,835 31,611 740 93 76,398 83,751	\$ 818,354 14,709 3,208,222 952,724 6,220,542 79,861 17,383 11,338,752 ⁵ 12,671,681 ⁴	\$ 797,730 8,256 3,182,419 780,4751 75,948 16,578 11,366,157 12,387,057	\$ 20,624 6,453 25,803 172,249 - 284,209 3,913 805 - 27,405 284,624
American Express ¹	\$ 7,212 28,790 16,140 57,990 315 382	\$ 26,119 17,835 31,611 740 93 76,398 83,751 73,943	\$ 818,354 14,709 3,208,222 952,724 6,220,542 79,861 17,383 11,338,752 ⁵	\$ 797,730 8,256 3,182,419 780,4751 75,948 16,578 11,366,157 12,387,057 11,555,091	\$ 20,624 6,453 25,803 172,249 - 284,209 3,913 805 - 27,405

¹Including National Express Co. ²Includes \$45,891 revenue from outside operations. ³Includes \$28,440 revenue from outside operations. ⁴Includes \$25,229 revenue from outside operations. ⁵Includes \$26,955 revenue from outside operations.

Canal Systems.—There are six canal systems under the control of the Dominion Government in connection with navigable lakes and rivers. They consist of the canals (1) between Port Arthur or Fort William and Montreal; (2) from Montreal to the international boundary near Lake Champlain; (3) from Montreal to Ottawa; (4) from Ottawa to Kingston and Perth; (5) Trenton, Lake Ontario, to Lake Huron (not completed); and (6) the St. Peter's canal from the Atlantic ocean to Bras d'Or Lakes, Cape Breton. The total length of the waterways comprised within these systems is about 1,594 statute miles, the actual

mileage of canals constructed being 117.2.

Canal Traffic.—For the calendar year 1915, the total volume of traffic through the canals of the Dominion amounted to 15,198,803 tons, as against 37,023,237 tons in 1914, a decrease of 21,824,434 tons, or 58.9 p.c. From Table 35 it will be seen that 91 p.c. of the decrease in 1915 occurred at Sault Ste. Marie. Of the decline of 19,848,227 at that gateway, 1,049,241 tons, or 5.1 p.c., attached to Canadian traffic and 18,798,986 tons, or 94.9 p.c., to American traffic. The decrease in both Canadian and American traffic was largely in the nature of a diversion to the American canal at Sault Ste. Marie, owing to the availability of a new and larger lock on the American side. Of the total tonnage of 15,198,803 in 1915, 6,789,423 tons, or 44.67 p.c., were Canadian and 8,409,380 tons, or 55.33 p.c., were American traffic.

Expenditure and Revenue for Canals.—In Table 40 is given the annual expenditure and revenue for canals from the beginning up to the year 1915. The column of expenditure chargeable to capital includes all the items for canals specified, and also certain items which apply to the canals as a whole; but the other columns do not include certain sums which are mostly common to all the canals, as, for instance, in 1915, \$38,924 chargeable to income, \$102,161 for staff, and \$38,075 for repairs. If these items be added, the total expenditure on the Dominion canals for the year ended March 31, 1915, was \$7,314,132, comprising \$5,490,796 charged to capital, \$444,730 charged to income, \$777,932 for staff and \$600,674 for repairs. The total capital expenditure on the canals up to March 31, 1915, was \$112,472,577, which, as shown in Table 41, includes a sum of \$34,967 chargeable to all as apart from any particular canals.

33.—Canal Traffic during the Navigation Season 1915.

Oo. Canal Hame during the Natigation Scason 1919.									
Canals.	From Car Canadia	nadian to n Ports.	From Car United Po		From United States to United States Ports.				
AND STREET	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.			
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.			
Sault Ste. Marie	287,474			582,654	176,083	4,691,580			
Welland	180,710			2,519	329,449				
St. Lawrence	421,377	1,324,318		4	. 42	405			
Chambly	5,648		280,218	WO -	-	_			
St. Peter's	491	2,404	-	-	-	-			
Murray	25,696	3,066	-	-	-	-			
Ottawa	43,883	165,817	-	58,154	-	-			
Rideau	72,852	41,410	125	-	-	-			
Trent	13,083	36,821	-	-	-	-			
St. Andrew's	21,800	182	- 11 - 11	-	1 -	-			
Total	1,073,014	4,300,658	938,860	643,331	505,574	4,848,152			

CANALS.

33.—Canal Traffic during the Navigation Season 1915—concluded.

Canals.		United Canadian ts.	Total F	reight.	Total.	Origin of Cargo.		
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		Canadian	United States.	
AND STREET	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	
Sault Ste. Marie. Welland. St. Lawrence. Chambly. St. Peter's. Murray. Ottawa. Rideau. Trent. St. Andrew's.	333,705 4,015 1,874 - - 4,516 - -		756,460 824,537	2,304,552 2,584,930 192,841 2,404 5,032 223,971 47,804 36,821	3,061,012 3,409,467 478,707 2,895 30,728 272,370 120,781 49,904	27,942 267,406 114,358 49,904	1,634,756 1,384,712 186,516 - 2,786 4,964 6,423	
Total	344,110	2,545,104	2,861,558	12,337,245	15,198,803	6,789,423	8,409,380	

34.—Distribution of Total Canal Traffic by Months, 1912-1915.

Months.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
January. April May June July August. September October November	77,871 6,134,122 6,851,248 7,054,060 7,159,871 6,983,913 7,321,846 5,369,493	7,260,227 6,647,189 8,137,169 7,625,782 7,531,379 7,350,914 4,891,143	5,307,123 6,136,657 6,339,831 6,261,380 6,069,946 4,660,484 1,470,471	1,426,805 1,472,670 1,587,611 1,829,021 2,424,717 3,354,829 2,278,245
Total	634,640 47,587,245	734,487 52,053,913	222,740 37,023,237	

35.—Distribution of Canal Traffic in Canada, 1915.

Canal System.	Tons.	Increase (+) or decrease (-)	Canal System.	Tons.	Increase (+) or decrease (-)
Sault Ste. Marie. Welland. St. Lawrence Chambly. St. Peter's	3,061,012 3,409,467 478,707	-799,957 -982,026 +41,802	Murray Ottawa Rideau Trent St. Andrews	272,370 120,781 49,904	$\begin{array}{r}53,179 \\62,762 \\30,958 \\17,811 \\20,031 \end{array}$

36.—Tonnage of Traffic by Canals and Classes of Products, 1914-1915.

	1			1		
Canals.	Agricul- tural	Animal	Manu-	Forest	Mine	Total.
Odilais.		Products.		Products.		Total.
1014	77	T	70			
1914	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.			Tons.
Sault Ste. Marie	3,799,337	217	487,789			
Welland	2,116,378		361,174			
St. Lawrence	2,020,035		297,269			
Chambly	9,248		11,111			
St. Peter's	11,845					
Murray	149		21,605			
Ottawa	3,032				138,814	335,132
Rideau				15,041	118,195	151,739
Trent	795		3,043	62,473	1,068	67,715
St. Andrew's	22	1	288	6,050	35,652	42,013
Total	7,962,868	15,681	1,218,525	1,621,967	26,204,196	37,023,237
1915.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Sault Ste. Marie			441,293			
Welland	1,306,803		320,442			
St. Lawrence	1,202,523					3,409,467
Chambly						478,707
St. Peter's	381		322			
Murray					23,781	
Ottawa	4,202					272,370
Rideau	1,521					
Trent	1,990					
St. Andrew's	1,990	5	187			
Dt. Andrew S		0	101	4,094	10,090	21,902
Total	5,182,525	11,289	1,096,111	1,494,778	7,414,100	15,198,803

37.—Principal Articles carried through Canadian Canals during the Navigation Seasons 1914 and 1915.

Articles.	1914.	1915.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Barley	332,983	161,590		171,393
Buckwheat	317	12	_	305
Corn	154,335	163,527	9,192	-
Oats	816,232	637,420	10	178,812
Rye	45,954	11,878	-	34,076
Flax	108,671	59,771	-	48,900
Peas	84	1,001	917	_
Wheat	6,045,317	3,807,722		2,237,595
Flour	408,708	310,385		98,323
Hay	15,008	9,874		5,134
Other mill products	15,844	8,988	-	6,856
Fruit and vegetables	12,224	8,878		3,346
Potatoes	7,191	1,479	-	5,712
Live stock	1,587	1,205	-	382
Poultry, game and fish		625	-	. 904
Dressed meats	61	79	18	-
Other packing house products	1,523	1,677	154	-
Hides and leather	40	26	-	14
Wool	484	183		301
All other animal products	10,457	7,494	-	2,963
Agricultural products	14,085	21,570	7,485	-

CANALS.

37.—Principal Articles carried through Canadian Canals during the Navigation Seasons 1914 and 1915—concluded.

Articles.	1914.	1915.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Cement, bricks and lime		34,996		112,661
Household goods and furniture	3,469			1,311
Iron, pig and bloom				10,928
Iron and steel, all other	162,179		12,462	_
Petroleum and other oils	135,751	134,877	-	874
Sugar	71,036	61,975	- 1	9,061
Salt	20,620	11,490	-	9,130
Wines, liquors and beer	19,881		-	13,640
Merchandise not enumerated	602,001	617,245		
Pulpwood	1,017,993			107,219
Sawed lumber	470,400			
Squared timber	24,369			-
Shingles	3,288			
Other woods	105,917			56,695
Hard coal	1,176,567			395,938
Soft coal	3,561,754			1,573,223
Coke	20	324		-
Copper Ore	2,887			10 704 070
Iron ore	20,917,633			16,784,273
Other ore	33,054			3,536
Sand and cement	512,281	461,407	-	50,874
Total	37,023,237	15,198,803	99,945	21,924,379

38.—Traffic through the Canadian Sault Ste. Marie Canal during the Navigation Seasons 1896 to 1915.

			Total	Total	Tonnage of Freight.				
Year	No.	Vessel Tonnage	No.	Vessel Tonnage.	No.	Vessel Tonnage.	Cana- dian.	United States.	Total.
1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1910 1911 1912	2,711 2,637 3,970 3,922 3,217 3,289 2,597 2,744 2,713 2,643	577,310	2,359 1,864 1,769 1,291 1,408 1,964 1,640 1,325 1,675 3,132 2,004 3,734 5,228 4,068	3,391,936 2,353,699 2,389,457 1,617,438 1,674,597 3,237,372 3,146,807 2,675,663 3,734,349 4,399,872 9,961,281	4,268 3,675 3,769 3,081 4,204 5,044 4,351 3,962 5,662 5,680 6,349 5,293 6,331 7,972 6,781	4,762,746 4,230,705 5,537,637 6,359,124 12,115,969 9,638,887 17,839,674 23,361,198 19,361,220 25,832,244	337,146 146,539 299,975 255,264 494,613 1,140,623 1,362,820 1,212,145 1,304,355 1,632,683 1,957,334 2,092,231 3,366,495 3,345,619 3,177,581 4,090,362	2,325,781 3,588,645 4,149,048 3,818,560 4,169,051 4,941,363 15,588,165 10,666,985 24,494,750 62,7774,128 35,579,293	5,473,406 6,574,046 15,588,165 12,759,216 27,861,245 36,395,687 30,951,709 39,669,655
1914	3,011	3,473,292 3,041,003	2,966	13,827,870 5,443,812	5,977	17,301,162		23,989,437	27,599,184

39.—Traffic through Canadian Canals during the Navigation Seasons of 1905, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915.

SAULT STE. MARIE CANAL.

		Canadi	an Ves	sels.	Uı	nited S	States	Vessels.	Passen-	Freight
Year	Stea- mers.	Sail.	Total.	Vessel Tonnage.	Stea- mers.	Sail.	Total.	Vessel Tonnage.	gers.	carried.
1905 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	2,652 2,493 2,492 3,003 2,674	No. 510 92 220 151 276 337 258	No. 3,970 2,744 2,713 2,643 3,279 3,011 3,000	3,296,229 3,793,434 3,473,292	5,103 4,000 5,190 4,996 2,955	No. 164 125 68 23 10 11 4	2,966	Tons. 3,734,349 20,187,704 16,252,340 22,536,015 22,181,007 13,827,870 5,443,812	33,291 39,044 37,549 36,872 30,446	
					WELLA	ND CA	NAL.			
1905 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	1,316 1,375 1,613 2,111 2,592	249 536 289 333 300 310 366	1,852 1,664 1,946 2,411 2,902	2,376,778 2,878,483	646 701 867 756 735		692 816 959 818 790	622,106 687,018 755,631 864,535 787,752 757,212 822,847	1,655 1,288 1,317	1,002,050 2,326,290 2,537,629 2,851,915 3,570,714 3,860,969 3,061,012
	Mala -			ST. I	AWRE	NCE C	ANALS.			
1905 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	4,251 4,106 4,382 4,997 5,304	4,082 4,583 4,261 4,819 4,848 3,678 2,625	7,784 8,834 8,367 9,201 9,845 8,982 7,099	2,910,395 3,103,957 3,496,502 4,240,399 4,505,235	1,164	398 620 523 641 603 409 561	1,392 1,556 1,805 1,811	482,144 819,078 846,333 961,371	106,492 127,638 106,618	1,752,855 2,760,752 3,105,708 3,477,188 4,302,427 4,391,493 3,409,467
				CI	HAMBL	Y CAN.	AL.			
1905 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915		369 320 289 207 182 179 180	619 497 486 472 346	97,012 97,797 51,451 45,550 62,140 52,736 58,998	- 2 1 -	2,581 3,600 3,509 3,318 2,725 2,348 2,300	2,624 3,600 3,511 3,319 2,725 2,348 2,301	282,100 369,449 367,978 344,435 273,671 241,672 235,193	3,108 2,399 2,708 2,422 2,507 2,677 2,640	447,069 669,299 599,829 618,415 555,602 436,905 478,707
	75 (Fr.	of in		ST.	PETE	R'S CA	NAL.		7.6	
1905 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	310 269 353 382 451	1,345 1,156 991 852 942 741 34		103,796 106,242 89,270 88,519 94,890 80,252 5,650	2	1 2 - 6 7 7	90 4 - 8 13 8 -	1,163 811 - 626 1,048 41 -	633 709 1,240 1,582 351 8	81,077 85,951 75,298 74,809 71,514 54,180 2,895

CANALS.

39.—Traffic through Canadian Canals during the Navigation Seasons of 1905, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915—concluded.

MURRAY CANAL.

		Canadi	on Voc	golg	United States Vessels.					
77.		Canadian Vessels.				nieu	states	Passen-	Freight	
Year	Stea-	Sail.	Takal	Vessel	Stea-	Sail. Total. Vessel		Vessel	gers.	carried.
	mers.	ball.	Total.	Tonnage.	mage. mers. Sall. Total. Tonnage		Tonnage.	1919		
	No.	No.	No.	Tons.	No.	No.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
1905	537	113	650	224,360		20	57	4,477	25,204	29,421
1910 1911	845 940	395 416	1,240 1,356	378,037 368,189	47 69	21 15	68 84	1,413 3.021	33,782 26,187	177,941 163,457
1912	834	176	1,010	386,302	65	10	75	2,761	20,137	170,081
1913	887	337	1,224	395,494	51	2	53	2.133	20,210	180,576
1914	656	258	914	210,747	47	10	57	2,889	15,893	83,907
1915	478	74	552	124,506	48	-	48	1,407	12,223	30,728
OTTAWA CANAL.										
1905	1,027	807	1,834	226,439		317	318	31,458	21,284	390,771
1910 1911	972 981	1,217 1,128	2,189 2,109	410,907 377,925	6	406 304	412 304	41,963 30,536	26,485 25,497	385,261 320,071
1912	1.007	1,655	2,662	480,751	-	397	397	40,598	27,271	392,350
1913	1,007	1,640	2,647	497,649	_	291	291	29,718	24,759	365,438
1914	930	1,267	2,197	392,516		275	275	27,257	23,835	335,132
1915	788	861)	1,649	297,434	-	391	391	39,464	27,258	272,370
-	-= 1115				RIDEAT					i wuters i
1905	2,890	1,484	4,374	178,804	141	200	341	7,755	24,394	59,864
1910 1911	2,105 2,361	644 670	2,749 3,031	$\begin{array}{c} 176,447 \\ 222,562 \end{array}$	2 1	64 30	66	6,795 3,038	26,040 25,298	134,881 172,227
1912	2,257	703	2,960	208,689	· 2	9	9	887	20,534	160,133
1913	2,185	613	2,798	200,898	-	- 22	22	2,088	19,653	171,223
1914	2,208	392	2,600	176,904	22	13	35	2,611	19,730	151,739
1915	1,817	2531	2,070	144,787		6	6	586	18,664	120,781
1005	# MOO!	4 20	0.011			T CAN				12.001
1905 1910	1,582	459	2,041	122,718	5	-	5	17	27,419	45,231
1911	2,794 3,088	648 $1,077$	3,442 4,165	172,085 196,973			_		69,186 77,078	46,263 57,290
1912	3,227	771	3,998	208,855	-	_	102	2	73,861	77,150
1913	3,021	645	3,666	217,081	-	-	-	-	99,162	55,800
1914	2,915 2,855	732 578	3,647 $3,433$	$\frac{174,647}{172,780}$	-	-	-		85,218 82,391	67,715
1910	2,0001	0/01	0,400			- 1			02,0911	49,904
1910	180	22	202	ST. 44,887	ANDF	EW'S	CANAL.		6,398	8,283
1911	341	82	423	111,437				_	5,345	47,135
1912	743	517	1,260	210,973	_	-	-	-	902	95,549
1913	616	372	988	199,278	-	-	-	-	1,796	81,295
1914 1915	197 664	137 423	334 1,087	106,044 97,710	_	-			2,533 4,295	42,013 21,982
20201	001	120	1,001)	01,110					1,2301	21,002.
1905	14,308	9,418	23,726	5,191,191	_	3,851	7,085	5,096,241	233,545	9,281,744
	15,724	9,613	25,337	8,931,790			11,462	21,777,297	320,574	42,990,608
1911	16,162	9,423	25,585	9,172,192	5,806	4,564	10,370	18,231,622	304,904	38,030,353
1912	17,187	10,184		10,237,335				24,636,190	292,267	47,587,245
1913	18,499	10,155 8,031	28,654	12,078,041 $12,050,856$	4 614	3,722	10,739 7,742	24,238,788 15,636,414	335,799 287,326	52,053,913
	15,923		21.575	9,398,207	3.115	3,300	6,415	7.385.101	250,756	37,023,237 15,198,803
		,,,,,,	,,,,,,	2,230,201	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

40.—Total Expenditure and Revenue of Canals 1868-1915 and before Confederation.

Fiscal Year.	Expenditure Chargeable—					Revenue	
riscai Teat.	To Capital.	To Income.	To Revenue.	For Staff.	For Repairs.	of Canals.	
Before Confed-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
eration	20,593,866 33,784	98,378 95,348	12,000		101,646	403,879	
1869 1870	126,898	55 90,356	18,699	116,070 120,403	118,579 150,177	400,263 414,687	
1871 1872	255,646	116,430 $33,289$	12,019	135,041	140,468 152,086	488,539 466,848	
1873 1874	256,547	127,370 51,037	12,099 12,959	148,581 167,194	186,573 213,614	486,433 510,756	
1875 1876	1,189,592 1,714,830 2,388,733	479 811	12,047	168,401	203,227 190,578	414,980 390,337	
1877	4,131,374 3,843,339	22 1,860	52	179,661	138,449	390,857 373,814	
1878 1879	3,064,099	= 1-	-	191,892	115,350	337,675	
1880 1881	2,123,366 2,075,892	2,562 9,585	5,535	195,039 187,574	147,168 154,654 187,399	341,598 361,558	
1882 1883	1,593,174 1,763,002	55,025 74,284	6,979		178,618	325,232 361,604	
1884 1885	1,577,295 1,504,622	68,481 75,023	8,305 1,211	280,657 280,226	192,219 201,708	372,562 321,289	
1886 1887	1,333,325 1,783,698	52,308 89,495			198,252 198,889	328,977 321,785	
1888	1,033,118 972,919	155,095 172,107		292,459	201,929 240,261	317,902 333,189	
1889 1890	1,026,364 1,318,092	163,281 182,769	49,550	290,517	176,089 204,768	354,817 349,432	
1891 1892	1,437,149	200,671	65,074	294,562 293,116	231,090 204,759	324,475 357,090	
1893 1894	2,069,572 3,027,164	204,684 113,395	60,265	291,049 294,446	179,630	387,789	
1895 1896	2,452,274 2,258,779	220,190 96,713	60,770 70,340	281,477 292,121	164,634 209,322	339,891 339,539	
1897 1898	2,348,637 3,207,250	104,143 84,120	62,777	287,970 280,872	178,385 203,479	384,781 407,653	
1899 1900	3,899,877 2,639,565	83,525 132,527	66,850 58,837	280,629 292,609	202,312 227,627	369,044 322,643	
1901 1902	2,360,570 2,114,690	147,768 216,703		314,095 317,839	262,876 263,768	315,426 300,414	
1903. 1904.	1,823,274 1,880,787	277,596 302,409	63,175	390,282 .381,017	294,114 350,279	230,213 79,537	
1905	2,071,594 1,552,121	354,353	64,515	431,500	401,743	78,009 108,068	
1906 1907 (9 months)	887,839	319,877 264,111	62,172 66,251	447,963 329,630	375,889 287,231	105,003	
1908 1909	1,723,156 1,873,869	508,010 728,125	106,066	473,639 475,515	411,661 433,958	144,882 199,501	
1910 1911	1,650,707 2,349,474	489,256 440,270	111,756	515,585 511,306	491,793 471,530	193,384 221,138	
1912 1913	2,560,939 2,259,257	442,012 331,987	110,049 121,371	585,900 605,248	555,710 535,136	264,114 307,568	
1914 1915	2,829,661 5,490,796	389,285 444,730		642,845 675,771	574,039 562,599	380,188 427,763	
Totals	112,472,577			14,716,380	12,187,917	15,757,126	

CANALS.

41.—Capital Expenditure for Construction and Enlargement of Canals 1868-1915 and before Confederation.

		ment.	Cost.
Beauharnois	\$ 1,636,690	\$ _	\$ 1,636,690
Carillon and Grenville ¹	63,054	4,119,039	4,182,093
Chambly	637,057	94,640	731,697
Cornwall	1,945,625	5,300,679	7,246,304
Culbute	382,391		382,391
Lachine	2,589,533	11,387,717	13,977,250
Lake St. Francis	-	75,907	75,907
Lake St. Louis	-	298,176	298,176
Murray	1,248,947	-	1,248,947
Rideau	4,084,323	83,131	4,167,454
Sault Ste. Marie	4,994,372		4,994,372
Soulanges	7,870,285		7,870,285
Ste. Anne	134,457	1,035,759	1,170,216
St. Lawrence River and Canals	18,443	3,451,470	3,469,913
St. Peters	648,547		648,547
St. Ours	121,538	5,691	127,229
Tay	489,599	-	489,599
Trent	14,612,735	_	14,612,735
Welland	7,693,824	7,693,824 21,854,424	
Welland Ship Canal	5,068,458		5,068,458
(Farrans Point	-	877,091	877,091
William Land	-	6,121,214	6,121,214
Williamsburg Rapide Plat	_	2,158,242	2,158,242
Williamsburg	1,320,656	13,896	1,334,552
Canals in general		-	34,967
Totals	55,560,534	56,877,076	112,472,577

¹ The records relating to cost of construction by Imperial Government were destroyed by fire in 1852, and the statistics are not included in this table.

SHIPPING.

Administration of the general shipping interests of Canada is divided between the Marine Department and the Department of the Naval Service. The Marine Department includes the control, regulation, management and supervision of various services, chief amongst which are (1) administration of the Canada Shipping Act and other Acts of the Dominion Government relating to marine transportation: (2) pilotage; (3) the construction and maintenance of lighthouses, lightships, fog alarms, buoys and beacons; (4) ports, harbours, piers. wharves and breakwaters; (5) the Meteorological Service of Canada; (6) sick and distressed seamen, and the establishment, regulation and management of marine and seamen's hospitals; (7) river and harbour police: (8) inquiries into the causes of shipwrecks and casualties and the collection of wreck statistics; (9) the inspection of steamboats; (10) the construction and maintenance of the St. Lawrence River Ship Canal, and (11) the maintenance of winter communication between Prince Edward Island and the mainland. The net revenue of the Marine Department for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915, derived principally from fees, was \$795,550, and the expenditure for the same period was \$6,202,908. The revenue includes the sum of \$493,000 for the steamer "Earl Grev." sold to the Russian Government.

Of the following statements, Tables 42-49 are compiled from the Reports of the Department of Customs, and Tables 50 to 57 are from the Reports of the Department of Marine.

¹For information relating to the Department of the Naval Service, see page 651.

42.—Sea-going Vessels (exclusive of Coasting Vessels) Entered and Cleared at Canadian Ports during the fiscal year 1915.

Nationalities.	Num- ber of Vessels.	Tons Register.	Frei Weight.	Tons Measure- ment.	Number of Men.				
Entered.									
British. Canadian. Foreign.	3,526 5,892 7,764	1,934,724	274,259	940,980 6,527 666,390					
Total	17,182	13,132,944	2,826,686	1,613,897	488,951				
CLEARED.					ALESS TO				
British. Canadian. Foreign.	3,423 6,011 7,296	2,070,287	583,548	1,092,976 161,333 573,097	100,167				
Total	16,730	12,269,642	5,814,479	1,827,406	462,674				

SHIPPING.

43.—Sea-going Vessels Entered and Cleared at the Principal Ports of Canada, 1915.

	В	ritish.	F	oreign.	Total.	
Ports.	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.
Annapolis Royal, N.S	18	2,933	3	588	21	3,521
Amherst, N.SArichat, N.S	162	923 4,085	3 56	1,466 4,842	218	2,389 8,927
Baddeck, N.S	101	33,967	74	24,432	175	58,399
Barrington, N.S	22	912	98	4,814		5,726
Barton, N.S.	66	7,147	-	-	66	7,147
Bridgewater, N.S.	93	28,475	60	34,308	153	62,783
Campbellton, N.B	14 296	12,202	42	45,916	56	58,118
Canso, N.S.	235	47,963 29,653	537 470	13,484 $37,622$	833 705	61,447 67,275
Charlottetown, P.E.I	140	135,956	15	8,027	155	143,983
Chatham, N.B	76	148,644	19	23,995	95	172,639
Chemainus, B.C	37	14,264	12	3,236	49	17,500
Chicoutimi, Que	26	49,666	11	14,089	37	63,755
Chicoutimi, Que Dalhousie, N.B. Digby, N.S. Halifax, N.S. Hillsboro, N.B.	22	24,399	27 22	29,723	49	54,122
Holifov N.S.	31 1,681	3,865 2,561,777	542	1,828 499,406	53 2,223	5,693 3,061,183
Hillshore, N.B.	1,031	10,599	59	36,920	74	47,519
Ladysmith, B.C	92	9,445	131	51,800	223	61,245
La Hava NS	195	18,743	21	1,990	216	20,733
Liverpool, N.S	92	15,360	447	35,601	539	50,961
Liverpool, N.S. Lockport, N.S.	119	5,519	146	9,581	265	15,100
Lord's Cove, N.B. Louisburg, N.S.	657	28,383	322	3,096	979	31,479
Louisburg, N.S Lower East Pubnico, N.S	347 86	320,452	548	240,505	895	560,957
Lunenburg, N.S	631	4,477 53,319	76 44	4,338 4,075	162 675	8,815 57,494
Moncton, N.B.	32	35,875	36	24,620	68	60,495
Montreal, Que	1,009	3,779,778	94	251,451	1,103	4,031,229
Nanaimo, B.C	299	100,180	495	371,934	794	472,114
Newcastle, N.B	20	13,803	42	32,673	62	46,476
Newport, B.C.	38	36,089	48	50,561	86	86,650
New Westminster, B.C	67 367	13,259 50,226	33 36	12,021 888	100 403	25,280
North Sydney, N.S.	1,801	683,375	537	145,226	2,338	51,154 828,604
North Head, N.B. North Sydney, N.S. Parrsboro, N.S.	190	98,481	105	36,062	295	134,543
Paspebiac, Que	14	8,968	18	14,662	32	23,630
Paspebiac, Que. Pictou, N.S. Powell River, B.C.	27	49,270	6	7.221	33	56,491
Powell River, B.C	12	21,009	149	72,803	161	93,812
Port Simpson, B.C Prince Rupert, B.C	63	67,950	14	110	77	68,060
Quebec, Que	385 415	156,149 1,915,193	302 35	223,270 82,136	687 450	379,419 1,997,329
Rimouski, Que	42	60,710	13	16,511	55	77,221
St. Andrews, N.B.	590	'42,422	1,974	109,511	2,564	151,933
St. Andrews, N.B	27	2,237	256	18,889	283	21,126
St. John, N.B	713	1,161,744	1,154	800,248	1,867	1,961,992
St. Martins, N.B	44	16,432	106	23,013	150	39,445
St. Stephens, N.B. Sandy Point, N.S.	407 27	40,275 3,334	256	15,654	663	55,929
Shelburne, N.S.	61	7,391	474 164	37,333 15,003	501 225	40,667 22,394
Shelburne, N.S. Sydney, N.S.	657	506,976	292	494,686	949	1,001,662
Three Rivers, Que	46	112,984	-		46	112,984
Union Bay, B.C.	91	184,325	73	66,348	164	250,673
Vancouver, B.C.	1,954	2,608,972	1,108	982,539	3,062	3,591,511
Victoria, B.C. Windsor, N.S.	1,522 162	2,014,577	1,754	2,093,151	3,276	4,107,728
Yarmouth, N.S.	649	150,938 331,543	166 295	131,809 30,774	328 944	282,747 362,317
	0101	001,010	2001	50,774	344	302,317

44.—Sea-going Vessels Entered Inwards and Outwards by Countries, 1915.

VESSELS ENTERED INWARDS.

	THE .	British.			Canadian	1.	Foreign.		
Countries whence arrived.	No. of Vessels.	Tons. Register.	Crew No.	No. of Vessels.	Tons Register.	Crew No.	No. of Ves- sels.	Tons Register.	Crew No.
Great Britain Australia British W.	986 31	4,187,613 165,657	113,337 5,239	230 1	106,678 1,863	5,018 17	85 1	125,979 1,289	2,000
Africa British W.	2	5,322	68	-			-	-	-
Indies Newfound-	132	233,641	6,169	38	6,485	235	45	41,279	872
land Belgium	796 29	354,383 121,111	17,443 2,071	304	113,317	4,865	107	188,835 5,489	2,718 150
Brazil China	7 26	17,417 142,332	8,490	-	-	-	30	4,935 111,980	2,353
France Germany	29 1 13	114,129 2,110 51,507	2,863 25	2	2,754	49	34 11 27	36,969 40,528	2,266 1,113 2,475
Holland Italy Japan	33	84,274 22,094	1,057 987 392	-			13 43	101,543 27,770 156,803	408 3,826
Norway Chile	1 8	1,090 25,018	18 311	-	_	_	19	26,018	574 47
St. Pierre Russia	19	1,380	97	14	1,234	74 -	84 11	13,493 52,856	1,909 1,831
Spain United	15	30,411	428	3	297	20	8	8,467	141
States Sea	1,094	1,687,111	64,496		1,634,076	75,032			
Fisheries. Mexico	202	20,429	4,055	1,455	66,751	15,192 -	1,342	97,966 10,509	23,506 178
Other countries.	96	197,737	2,667	5	1,269	62	61	89,991	1,750
Total	3,526	7,464,766	230,432	5,892	1,934,724	100,564	7,764	3,733,454	157,955
Countries to which departed.			. VE	SSELS	ENTERED	OUTWAE	RDS.		
Great Britain Australia BritishOce-	884 58	3,489,127 266,575	93,932 6,475	232	98,665 398	5,084 10			3,398 116
ania, other British	5	14,015	164	-	-	- W	2	5,302	58
Africa British W.	19	53,929	807	1	1,862	19	. 9	12,312	145
Indies Newfound-	19	7,541	201	21	3,802	124	2.5	18,811	528
land Argentine	793		16,367	385	185,634	6,838	129		2,803
Republic.	2	3,874	48	-	-	-	8	9,933	136

SHIPPING.

44.—Sea-going Vessels Entered Inwards and Outwards by Countries, 1915—concluded.

VESSELS ENTERED OUTWARDS.

0.4:-		British		Canadian.				Foreign.			
Countries to which departed.	No. of Ves- sels.	Tons Register.	Crew No.	No. of Ves- sels.	Tons Register.	Crew No.	No. of Ves- sels.	Tons Register.	Crew No.		
British Guiana. Brazil. China. Cuba. Belgium. France. Germany. Holland. Italy. Japan. St. Pierre. Porto Rico United States. Sea fisheries. Portugal. Other. countries	1,167 220 6	74,543 5,300 151,214 5,392 17,216 208,586 5,412 27,101 27,752 11,489 2,081 348 1,675,073 24,581 12,224 59,813	3,603 56 345 326 197 149 11 66,845 4,344 163	28 15 3,653 1,660	1,690,142	69,943 17,702	1,712 2	9,222 732 2,718,885 130,124 2,783	30,653 35		
		6,466,325					-				

45.—Sea-going Vessels Entered and Cleared at Canadian Ports with Cargo and in Ballast, 1902-1915.

Di-LV-	British.		Car	nadian.	Foreign.		Total	
Fiscal Years.	No.	Tons Register.	No.	Tons. Register.	No. Tons Register.		Tonnage.	
1902. 1903. 1904. 1905.	4,363 4,647 4,997 4,614	6,865,924 7,753,788 8,045,817 8,034,652	11,282 11,045	2,085,568 1,979,803	12,403 14,002	6,001,819 5,801,085	14,731,488 15,841,175 15,826,705 15,588,455	
1906. 1907 (9 mos.) 1908. 1909. 1910.	5,104 4,488 6,356 5,795 5,780	7,576,721 10,329,515 10,405,370	7,880 10,562 10,946	2,806,278	8,107 12,886 13,441	4,429,012 6,555,096 6,554,228	16,843,429 13,904,874 19,491,271 19,765,876 20,804,313	
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.	6,870 6,766 7,307 7,418 6,949	13,896,353 15,711,849	10,966 11,810 12,786	4,618,163 4,530,835 5,160,799	15,134 16,549 15,811	6,628,513 7,803,910 8,695,838	26,231,098 29,568,486	

46.—Sea-going and Inland Vessels (exclusive of Coasting Vessels) arrived at and departed from Canadian Ports, 1901-1915.

Fiscal Years.	В	ritish.	Ca	nadian.	F	oreign.	Total
Fiscal Tears.	No.	Tons Register.	No.	Tons Register.	No. Tons Register.		Tonnage.
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1907 (9 mos.) 1908. 1909. 1910.	4,319 4,363 4,647 4,997 4,614 5,104 4,408 6,356 5,795 5,780	7,576,721 10,329,515 10,405,370	33,202 31,534 30,934 29,729 32,239 30,654 28,795 29,247	9,654,528 10,482,940 9,955,290 11,047,447 11,241,915 11,582,409	40,148 53,545 35,739 35,647 37,644 25,263 40,461 38,677	13,201,098 13,195,721 14,430,804 11,436,761 17,527,670 16,490,443	30,025,404 33,655,043 31,202,205 32,277,820 34,732,172 30,595,891 39,575,031 40,701,603
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.		13,342,929 13,896,353 15,711,849	27,949 42,624 30,234	16,380,146 18,069,983 20,677,938 17,026,121 17,504,751	45,399 47,303 55,835	21,560,215 23,275,492 29,181,513	52,973,127 57,849,783 61,919,483

47.—British and Foreign Vessels employed in the Coasting Trade of Canada, 1911-1915.

Vessels Arrived.		1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
British— Steam	ł	68,236 28,205,713 1,333,888 24,447 4,889,332 96,129	29,467,280 1,403,593 21,566 4,289,056	32,674,896 1,519,500 21,797 4,393,786	36,914,752 1 631,917 20,717 3,718,813	32,856,755 1,436,800 19,914 3,509,585
Foreign Steam	To.	673 1,170,018 17,185 46 15,606 474	1,175,516 16,918 106 43,824	10,791 269 86,230	774,356 12,374 308 70,480	1,587,007 23,826 355 97,205
Steam sternwheel. Steam sternwheel. Sail, ships Sail, barks Sail, barkentines Sail, brig Sail, brigantines	10. "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	58,666 7,478 2,765 1 9 9 2 23 16,846	7,217 2,025 3 21 8 9	6,323 1,982 12 22 7 - 9	8,099 2,222 5 17 7 6 15	6,128 1,309 4 22 4 - 14
	"	7,603	6,398	6,838	5,717	4,797

SHIPPING.

47.—British and Foreign Vessels employed in the Coasting Trade of Canada, 1911-1915—concluded.

Vessels Departed	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
		- 17-5-47			
British—	- 41				
Steam	63,330	62,828	64,542	66,017	63,029
Tons register	26,250,090	25,743,368	30,540,676		
Number of crew	1,246,632	1,269,203			
Sail	24,245				
Tons register	4,858,664		4,400,192		
Number of crew	92,060	84,771	81,096	78,934	76,213
Foreign—	070	050	AFTO	400	001
Steam	670				
Tons register	1,208,372	1,203,322			1,663,222
Number of crew	17,577	17,550 151	12,451 347	14,674 340	
Sail	30,139		0	0 -0	
Number of crew	658				
Description of Vessels—	000	001	2,000	2,100	1,101
Steam, screw No.	55,112	55,621	58,056	57,636	57,398
Steam, paddle "	6,115				
Steam, sternwheel. "	2,773				
Sail, ships "	4	4	8	4	3
Sail, barks "	19	17	20	16	21
Sail, barkentines "	12	21	7	7	1
Sail, brigs "	1	8	19.55-	6	-
Sail, brigantines "	19	123	12	11	30
Sail, schooners "	16,621	14,987	15,008	15,259	14,705
Sail, barges, canal	W 040	0 155	0.000	F 000	F 04F
boats, etc "	7,648	6,477	6,939	5,882	5,845

48.—Canadian and American Vessels trading on Rivers and Lakes between Canada and United States, exclusive of ferriage, 1911-1915.

Vessels Arrived.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Canadian— Steam	9,143 6,838,326 250,274 919	7,667 6,872,839 219,901 969	6,284,121 217,275 765	5,830,926 211,317 1,028	8,398 7,104,254 236,161 718
Tons register Number of crew	244,974 4,278	340,531 4,699			224,992 3,531
American— Steam	9,344 4,822,578 136,989 4,414 1,380,224 14,069		8,798,388 212,936 4,095 837,813	3,155 752,322	
Description of vessels— Steam, screw	14,791 3,637 59 1,403 50 3,880	47	22,377 3,461 116 1,157 61 3,642	59	18,892 3,282 117 701 26 2,450

48.—Canadian and American Vessels trading on Rivers and Lakes between Canada and United States, exclusive of ferriage, 1911-1915—concluded.

Vessels Departed.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	-1584		TIME SE		Cale (Cale
Canadian—				the state of	
Steam	8,102	7,295	8,871	7,548	7,540
Tons register	5,718,282	5,929,860	5,916,549		5,944,096
Number of crew	206,501	199,304			187,139
Sail No.	899		792		
Tons register	236,566	308,590	222,603	303,479	226,398
Number of crew	4,410	4,995	3,686	4,270	3,454
	2 3 3 1 1 2	100			
American—	0.407	10.040	10.000	10 151	44.000
Steam	9,467	10,649			14,052
Tons register	4,804,139	6,757,973	8,350,949		7,269,707
Number of crew	134,562			235,933	212,239
Sail	5,200 1,087,270				
Number of crew	15,240	12,862			587,440
number of crew	10,240	12,002	10,557	10,707	1,701
Description of vessels—		100			
Steam, screw No.	14,332	14,689	22,034	20,907	18,484
Steam, paddle "	3,183	3,199	3,095		2,990
Steam, sternwheel "	54	56	110		118
Sail, schooners "	1,388	1,253	1,154		
Sail, sloops	47	41	68		29
Sail, barges "	4,664	4,775	4,293	3,932	3,133
					7250 4 12

49.—Vessels built and registered in Canada and Vessels sold to other Countries, 1901-1915.

Fiscal N	Re	uilt and gistered.	Sold to other Countries.			
	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Value.	Tonnage.	
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1907 ¹ 1908. 1909. 1910. 1911. 1912. 1913.	31 31 24 33 42 25 35 27 22 23 30 30	34,236 41,405 33,192 5 27,583 0 37,639 7 31,635 7 78,144 7 32,899 0 33,383 4 50,006 2 30,021	27 21 11 21 45 17 28 16 14 17 18	66,468 235,865 220,602 87,115 100,363 187,725 68,190 132,900 98,643 133,800 201,526 140,350 610,650	11,360 11,172 7,208 3,696 9,487 3,855 4,515 3,644 5,047 5,885 4,265 7,976	
1914. 1915.	23	46,909	27 21	169,618 1,150,950	8,258 17,044	

¹Nine months ended March 31. Note.—For 1874-1900, see Canada Year Book, 1911, p. 383.

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50.—Number and Net Tonnage of Vessels on the Registry of Shipping, Canada, 1911-1914.

	19	911.	19	912.	1	913.	19	914.
Description.	No.	Tonnage	No.	Tonnage	No.	Tonnage	No.	Tonnage
Steamers1	3,444	358,870	3,667	389,376	3,847	430,117	4,054	453,171
Ships	5	9,157	5	9,157	3	5,207	4	4,589
Barks	19	21,929	18		16	19,141	16	20,765
Barkentines	17	11,260	14	10,014	13	9,361	10	5,862
Brigantines	10	1,450	10			1,405	9	1,390
Schooners	2,825	177,020	2,808	172,660	2,721	173,768	2,650	164,276
Sloops	710	27,018	710	27,180		27,459	702	27,182
Barges	587	98,290	606	101,503	624	110,191	641	115,701
Scows	308	35,793	349	46,925	392	51,688	451	64,420
Yachts	1	3	1	3	1	-3	1	3
Smacks and yawls.	8	132	10				14	
Cutters	9	87	9	87	10		10	
Drill boats	1	210	3	1,088		1,379	4	1,379
Dredges	110	27,062	135		155		169	
House-boats	11	1,035	11	1,035		1,035	11	1,035
Horse-ferries	5	59	5	59	5	59	5	59
Floating lights	6	331	6	331	6	331	6	331
Pile Drivers	1	17	1	17	1	17	1	17
Light ships	4	472	4	472	4	472	4	472
Cat boats and lug-					5-5-19			
gers	5	13	5	13		13	.5	13
Lighters	2	238	2	238		238	2	238
Floating Dry Dock	-	-	1	17,964	1	17,964		17,964
Rock Breaker		-	-	1000	1	389	.2	587
Totals	8,088	770,446	8,380	836,278	8,545	896,965	8,772	932,422

¹ Embracing 364 paddle-wheel steamers with a registered tonnage of 67,535 tons and 3,690 screw steamers with a registered tonnage of 385,636 tons for the year 1914.

51.—Steamboat Inspection during the Fiscal Year 1914-1915.

22. Steam out Inspection during the Fiscal Feat 1917-1919.								
	Num	aber of Ves	sels Ir	spected.	Number of			
Division.	Vessels registered or owned in the Dominion.		tered	els regis- or owned ewhere.	Vessels not Inspected.			
	No.	Gross Tonnage.	No.	Gross Tonnage.	No.	Gross Tonnage.		
Nova Scotia	172	54,486	17	55,615	47	9,617		
New Brunswick	154	27,794	16	19,829	30	21,608		
Quebec	112	29,643	7	17,834	14	860		
Sorel	152	55,912	7	19,213	14	1,131		
Montreal	227	45,974	3	10,215	24	1,242		
Kingston	157	45,255	19	10,753		959		
Toronto	368	199,508	62	78,283	52	6,265		
Collingwood	134	47,122	4	7,578	32			
Port Arthur	84	50,203	7	9,616	28	1,946		
Manitoba and N. W. Prov-		10.100						
inces	98	10,120			19	2,030		
Vancouver and Yukon	253	49,208		16,771	49			
Victoria	126	67,545	28	43,474	39	6,043		
Total	2,037	682,770	186	289,181	360	62,893		

51.—Steamboat Inspection during the Fiscal Year 1914-1915—concluded.

Division.	Number of Vessels subject to Inspection when in Commission. No. Gross Tonnage.		sels	er of Vesadded to Dominion. Gross Tonnage.	Number of Vessels lost, broken up or destroyed. No. Gross Tonnage.		
Nova Scotia	236	119,718	6	7,537	6	5,348	
New Brunswick	200	69,231	6	714		260	
Quebec	133	48,337	8	3,112	6	2,901	
Sorel	173	76,256	13	6,659	1	937	
Montreal	254	57,431	9	5,156		1,379	
Kingston	188	56,967	3	1,449		1,933	
Toronto	482	284,056	35	26,489	13	1,984	
Collingwood	170	58,951	13	13,494	6	339	
Port Arthur	119	61,765	10	14,952	4	672	
Manitoba and N. W. Prov-							
inces	117	12,150	6	472	16	1,205	
Vancouver and Yukon	318	72,920	12	1,203	5	350	
Victoria	193	117,062	6	1,197	8	933	
Total	2,583	1,034,844	127	82,434	82	18,241	

Seamen Shipped and Discharged.—Table 52 shows; for each year from 1908 to 1914, the number of seamen shipped and discharged at Canadian ports under the provisions of the Canada Shipping Act. (R.S. 1906, c. 113, ss. 141-143.)

52.-Number of Seamen Shipped and Discharged at Canadian Ports, 1908-14.

Year.	Seamen Shipped.	Seamen Discharged.	Year.	Seamen Shipped.	Seamen Discharged.
1908 1909 1910	18,013 20,502 16,735 13,748		1912 1913 1914	13,708 16,975 18,987	11,290 13,749 14,989

Wrecks and Casualties.—The statement in Table 53, supplied by the Department of Marine, applies to vessels of every nationality in respect of wrecks and casualties in Canadian waters and to Canadian vessels in respect of wrecks and casualties in other waters. The returns in some years cover wrecks and casualties of previous years.

53.—Canadian Wrecks and Casualties, for the years ended June 30, 1901-1915.

Year.	Casu- alties.	Ton- nage.	Lives lost.	Damages.	Year.	Casu- alties.	Ton- nage.	Lives lost.	Damages.
1870-	No.	Tons.	No.	\$	`	No.	Tons.	No.	\$
1900	9,670			61,525,760	1909.	343	189,906	24	1,131,966
1901.	136		126	285,782	1910.	321	211,565	101	1,569,580
1902.	222			835,916	1911.	271	122,619		942,093
1903.	237			409,991	1912.	293	269,569		1,053,768
1904.	192			489,699	1913.	275			1,963,870
1905.	178			621,267	1914.	255			
1906.	220			573,420		280	214,036	70	1,459,012
1907.	317			672,466					
1908.	307	120,269	34	1,390,891	Totals	13,517	5,933,654	7,193	79,909,256

¹ Includes 1,042 lives lost in the "Empress of Ireland" disaster.

SHIPPING.

54.—Comparative Statement of Marine Danger Signals, 1905-1915.

Description.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Light Stations. Lights. Lightships. Lightboats Light Keepers. Fog whistles. Sirens. Diaphones. Fog Bells. Hand fog horns. Hand fog bells. Gas buoys. Whistling buoys. Bell buoys. Submarine bells. Fog guns or bombs Fog horns. Fog alarm stations Gas beacons.	837 } 44 - 15 - 119 53 43 - 9 34	1,053 - 883 53 - 16 - 151 53 69 - 9	1,145	$ \begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 2 \\ 914 \\ 13 \\ 3 \\ 51 \\ 19 \\ 111 \\ 3 \end{array} $	11 2	969 1,227 12 2 961 14 3 72 20 121 4 254 50 9 7 17 9 32	1,291 13 1 976 14 2 82	1,452 12 1 975 13 2 83 29 137 2 281 27 65	12 1 1,020 14 2 89 26 145 3 299 29 71 10 9	1,040 13 2 98 26 150 3	12

Note.—Besides the foregoing, in 1915, 201 lights were maintained on sparbuoys, floats or piles, and ten dioptric gas lights in Hudson bay and strait.

55.—Revenue of the Department of Marine, 1911-1915.

Heads of Revenue.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Harbours, piers and wharves. Earnings of Dominion steamers. Decayed pilots' fund. Steamboat inspection fund. "engineers' fees. Sick mariners' fund. Examination masters and mates. Casual revenue, sundries. Sale of Steamer "Earl Grey". Miscellaneous. Total revenue.	\$ 21,330 24,592 5,207 4,084 1,501 55,430 4,432 36,798 1,118 154,492	\$ 24,761 36,035 4,228 4,141 1,756 60,457 3,803 49,229 1,169 185,579	4,293 1,705 63,663 3,639 34,442	\$ 31,802 28,653 5,697 3,556 1,865 70,541 5,549 68,188 - 1,183 217,034	35,579 5,949 4,065 1,642 72,525 4,546

56.—Expenditure of the Department of Marine, 1911-1915.

Heads of Expenditure.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Ocean and River Service— Dominion steamers and ice breakers Rewards for saving life, etc Wrecking plants (subsidy) Patrolling northern waters, etc. Other items of expenditure	\$ 643,594 55,407 30,000 66,754 40,871	\$ 943,031 68,755 30,000 40,048 47,074	940,121 95,844 35,000 10,732 39,503	34,281	-
Total	836,626	1,128,908	1,121,200	1,216,278	1,110,949
Lighthouse and Coast Service Agencies, rent and contingencies Salaries and allowances to	40,206				
lightkeepers	348,750 707,485	419,645 596,463	415,294 687,813		
etc	631,897 36,060	762,489 23,296	642,417 54,172 103,896	29,856	996,638 38,062 130,957
the St. Lawrence New steamer for Pacific Coast. New lighthouse and buoy stea-		137,018	133,024	45,270 -	-
mer for B.C	3,726 80,853	_	-	140,082	113,981
Total	1,848,977	2,128,242	2,262,735	2,324,103	2,583,160
Public Works, chargeable to capital— Ship Channel, River St. Law- rence	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	749,284	651,571	1,004,145	999,762
rence, Montreal to Father Point Permanent piers New ice-breaking steamer for	249,981 20,933	418,178	673,019 -	695,614	578,621
River St. Lawrence New Sweeping testing Steamer St. Lawrence	-		-	240	251,082 62,577
Total	1,050,899	1,167,462	1,324,590	1,699,999	1,892,042

SHIPPING.

56.—Expenditure of the Department of Marine, 1911-1915—concluded.

Heads of Expenditure.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Scientific Institutions— Meteorological Service Other items of expenditure	\$ 129,594 3,143		\$ 146,449 997	\$ 199,134 892	\$ 201,805
Total	132,737	148,144	147,446	200,026	201,805
Marine hospitals, etc	56,164 42,818 203,702 25,497	45,353	54,147	55,910 63,714 231,237 36,760	65,063 239,932
Total expenditure	4,197,420	4,911,139	5,213,223	5,828,027	6,202,908

¹Including salaries of Fisheries Branch.

57.—Total Revenue and Expenditure of the Department of Marine, 1868-1915.

Year.	Reve- nue.	Expenditure.	Year.	Reve- nue.	Expenditure.	Year.	Reve- nue.	Expenditure.
	\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
1868 1869 1870	71,811 75,351 71,490	371,071 360,900 367,189	1884 1885 1886	118,080 101,268 91,885	1,129,901	1900 1901 1902	130,229 144,919 148,607	982,562 1,029,925 1,501,619
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875	70,254 79,324 114,756 108,350 91,235	518,958 706,818 845,151	1887 1888 1889 1890 1891	102,238 99,920 99,940 115,507 104,248	883,251 1,023,801 807,417	1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 ¹	139,876 128,507 121,815 139,475 106,260	1,671,495 2,150,940 4,747,723 5,066,253 3,637,600
1876 1877 1878 1879 1880	107,984 105,907 100,850 84,144 91,942	820,054 786,156 755,359	1894	106,582 107,390 165,870 99,557 103,012	898,720 905,654 895,828	1910 1911	177,591 169,502 156,957 154,492 185,579	5,374,774 5,498,531 4,692,771 4,197,420 4,911,139
1881 1882 1883	108,304 109,125 104,383	774,832	1897 1898 1899	111,009 120,602 126,528	856,192	1914	185,725 217,034 795,550 ²	5,828,027

¹Nine months. ²Includes \$493,000 sale of steamer "Earl Grey" sold to Russian Government.

TELEGRAPHS.

The Canadian Telegraph Systems include lines owned and operated by the Dominion Government and the lines owned and operated by railway and telegraph chartered companies. The Government telegraph service for the year ended March 31, 1915, had a total length of 11,497 miles of lines of which 314 knots, calculated as statute miles, were submarine cables. During the year 1914-15 about 1,185 miles of new lines were constructed. The number of offices was 870, and the messages sent numbered 377,849. Details as to the location of the lines and points connected are given in the Report for March 31, 1915, of the Minister of Public Works (No. 19, 1916). The total expenditure on the Government telegraph lines for the year was \$632,677, and the receipts were \$225,944, signal service messages, meteorological service messages and fisheries bulletins being handled free. Table 58 gives the telegraph statistics for the years ended June 30, 1909-15, of the chartered companies, as compiled from information supplied to the Census and Statistics Office. Two companies failed to report for 1915.

Telegraph Statistics.—The report on telegraph statistics for 1915, issued by the Department of Railways and Canals, shows that the number of land messages handled by telegraph organizations in the year ended June 30, 1915, was 9,952,135, as compared with 11,980,869 in 1914. Cablegrams numbered 977,389, as compared with 983,061 in 1914. Employees in the service of telegraph organizations numbered 6,243, of whom 3,677 were male and 333 were female operators; other officers and employees numbered 2,233. Salaries and wages amounted to \$2,946,327, as compared with \$3,214,140 in 1914. The aggregate of salaries and wages in 1915 was equal to 71.3 p.c. of operating expenses, as compared with 75.8 p.c. in 1914.

Wireless Telegraph Coast Stations.—Table 59 shows the name, situation and range in nautical miles of the radiotelegraph or wireless telegraph coast stations, as operated by the Department of the Naval Service, and Table 59 the number of messages and words handled and the cost of maintenance for the stations of the east and west coasts and of the Great Lakes. For the year 1914–15 the total number of messages was 174,017, as compared with 312,560 in 1913-14, and of words handled 3,055,543, as compared with 4,869,262 in 1913-14.

TELEPHONES.

The report for 1915 of the Department of Railways and Canals on Telephone Statistics shows that the number of telephones in Canada in 1915 was 533,090, as compared with 521,144 in 1914, and the wire mileage was 1,452,360 in 1915, as compared with 1,343,090 in 1914. In 1915 the gross revenue from telephones was \$17,601,673, as against \$17,297,269, and the net revenue \$4,764,958 as against \$4,414,867. The number of telephone employees was 15,072, as compared with 16,799, and the salaries and wages amounted to \$8,357,029, as compared with \$8,250,253. The general progress of telephones in Canada since 1912 is shown in Table 61.

TELEGRAPHS.

58.—Telegraph Statistics of Chartered Companies, 1909-1915.

Companies.	Year.	Miles of line.	Miles of wire.	Number of messages.	Number of offices.
Great Northwestern Telegraph Co	1909	11,386	47,483	2,749,378	1,227
	1910	11,134	50,092	2,907,494	1,183
	1911	10,726	50,568	3,812,159	1,194
	1912 ¹	9,582	46,311	4,400,443	1,175
	1913	9,582	30,134	4,559,972	993
	1914	9,563	30,134	4,756,322	993
Canadian Pacific Railway Co	1909	12,108	69,398	2,004,943 ²	1,340
	1910	12,257	75,758	3,431,493 ²	1,372
	1911	12,866	87,703	3,921,477 ²	1,424
	1912	13,182	96,296 3	4,642,820 ²	1,524
	1913	13,824	102,857	4,831,119 ²	1,532
	1914	14,561	105,780	4,225,000 ²	1,520
	1915	14,633	106,066	3,965,142 ²	1,564
Western Union	1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	2,638 2,639 2,598 2,576 2,278 2,576 2,581	10,605 11,244 11,599 11,674 12,504 12,483 12,879	534,210 551,764 572,081 618,214 621,423	222 217 219 216 235 224 224
Timiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway	1909	265	1,641	142,985	. 22
	1910	265	1,865	131,106	22
	1911	294	2,299	211,920	25
	1912	300	2,670	167,326	26
	1913	343	1,407	147,634	27
	1914	343	1,407	136,258	27
	1915	332	1,413	120,170	28
Algoma Central Railway ⁵	1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	130 130 214 378 314 424 424	174 174 517 700 413 799 799	3,148 3,639 4,497	4 4 6 7 8 8 8
Algoma Eastern Railway ⁵	1912 1913 1914 1915	66 85 85 85	132 89 89 171	-	2 3 4 4
Grand Trunk Pacific Telegraph Co.	1909	1,122	3,754	49,618	58
	1910	1,699	5,081	71,154	73
	1911	1,963	6,004	101,048	92
	1912	2,310	8,780	133,677	112
	1913	2,948	10,728	155,027	120
	1914	3,185	14,894	146,689	134
	1915	4,639	13,229	182,003	213

¹This Company leased its property and plant in New York State to the Western Union Co., which accounts for the reduction in the figures of 1912.

² Not including press messages. ³ Including 962 miles of cables.

⁴ Message statistics no longer made up.

⁵ These are telephone lines and are used for both despatching and commercial transfer are telephone.

cial business.

58.—Telegraph Statistics of Chartered Companies, 1909-1915—concluded.

Companies.	Year.	Miles of line.	Miles of wire.	Number of messages.	Number of offices.
The North American Telegraph Co.	1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	44 44 44 44 44 44 44	763 783 783 783 783 783 783 664	49,127 38,015 40,508 46,999 49,308 43,180 45,451	61 63 62 61 61 59 54
Canadian Northern Railway Co	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	3,685 4,367 5,232 5,457 5,924	7,841 13,073 15,195 17,209 18,233	1,120,676 1,040,846	191 227 - 352 373
National Transcontinental Railway.	1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	313 1,171 1,429 1,798 1,990	4,834		

59.—Coast Stations for Communication by Wireless Telegraphy with Ships at Sea, fiscal year 1915.

		Range
Name of Station.	Situation.	nautical miles.
Palla Igla Ned	Belle Isle Straits	250
Belle Isle, Nfld	Belle Isle Straits	150
Point Armour, Nfld	Gulf of St. Lawrence	250
Harrington, Que.	Gulf of St. Lawrence	150
Heath Point, Que.	Gulf of St. Lawrence (Anticosti Island)	250
Cape Ray, Nfld.	Cabot Straits	350
Cape Race, Nfld	North Atlantic	400
Grindstone Island, Que	Gulf of St. Lawrence (Magdalen Island)	200
Fame Point, Que	Gulf of St. Lawrence	250
Clark City, Que.	Gulf of St. Lawrence	250
Father Point, Que	St. Lawrence River	250
Grosse Isle, Que	St. Lawrence River	100
Quebec, Que	St. Lawrence River	150
Three Rivers, Que	St. Lawrence River	150
Montreal, Que.	St. Lawrence River	200
Cape Sable, N.S.	North Atlantic	250
Partridge Island, St. John, N.B.	Entrance St. John, N.B., Harbour	250
Cape Bear, P.E.I	Northumberland Strait	150
Pictou, N.S.	Northumberland Strait	100
North Sydney, C.B	North Sydney, C.B	100
Camperdown, N.S.	Entrance to Halifax Harbour	250
Sable Island, N.S	North Atlantic	300
Halifax, N.S.	Halifax Dockyard	100

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

59.—Coast Stations for Communication by Wireless Telegraphy with Ships at Sea, fiscal year 1915—concluded.

Name of Station.	Situation.	Range in nautical miles.
GREAT LAKES.		
Midland, Ont	Port Arthur, Ont. Sault Ste. Marie, Ont. Entrance Georgian Bay, Ont. Georgian Bay, Ont. Lake Huron. Lake Erie. Toronto Island, Ont. Barriefield Common.	350 350 350 350 350 350 350 350
WEST COAST.		
Gonzales Hill, B.C. (Victoria) Point Grey, Vancouver, B.C Cape Lazo, B.C Pachena Point, B.C Estevan Point, B.C Triangle Island, B.C Ikeda Head, B.C Dead Tree Point, B.C Digby Island, B.C., Prince Rupert.	Victoria, B.C	250 150 350 500 500 450 250 200
Alert Bay, B.C	Cormorant Island, B.C.	350
HUDSON BAY.		
Port NelsonLe Pas, Man	Hudson BayFor communication with Port Nelson only.	750 750
LICENSED COMMERCIAL STATIONS.		
Glace Bay, C.B. Newcastle, N.B. Bowen Island, B.C. Louisburg, C.B.	Near Glace Bay, C.B. New Brunswick Bowen Island, B.C., Strait of Georgia. Cape Breton	3,000 2,500 30 Reception only.
Ocean Falls, B.C. Powell River, B.C. Glengarry, Alberta. Section 11, Township 23. " 31, " 5. " 23, " 20. Calgary, Alberta. Edmonton, Alberta. Calgary, Alberta. Fort Mackay, Alberta. Fort Chipewyan, Alberta. Fort Vermilion, Alberta.	Calgary, Álberta. Edmonton, Alberta. Calgary, Alberta. Fort Mackay, Alberta. Fort Chipewyan, Alberta	150 30 50 50 50 50 50 300 200 300

60.—Business and Cost of Maintenance of Radiotelegraph Stations for the fiscal years 1914 and 1915.

		1914.		1915.		
Stations.	Messages handled.	Words handled.	Cost of Maintenance.	Messages handled.	Words handled.	Cost of Main-tenance.
East Coast	No. 145,605 9,601 157,354	219,786				27,947
Totals	312,560	4,869,262	129,098	174,017	3,055,543	136,498

61.—Progress of Telephones in Canada, 1912-1915.

Items.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Capitalization Cost Revenue Operating Expenses Remuneration	\$ 46,276,851.74 56,887,799.15 12,273,626.66 9,094,688.82 2,659,641.63	14,879,278.23 11,175,689.47	12,882,402.32	12,836,715.12
Telephone Companies Wire Mileage Telephones Employees Persons per Telephone Persons per mile of wire	No. 683 889,572 370,884 12,783 19.3 8.1	463,671 12,867 16.2	521,144 16,799 15.5	$\begin{array}{r} 1,452,360 \\ 533,090 \\ 15,072 \\ 15.1 \end{array}$

62.—Number of Telephone Companies reporting to the Department of Railways and Canals, by Provinces, June 30, 1914, with totals for 1912-13-14.

Provinces.	Govern- ment.	Muni- cipal.	Stock.	Co-oper- ative.	Partner- ship.	Private	Total.
PrinceEdwardIsl'd. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia. Yukon.	No 1 1 1 1	No	No. 4 29 16 54 148 6 310 5 11	No. 22 83 6 58 209 15 204 3 1	No 3 - 2 21 2	No. 1 8 4 31 63 9 - 1	No. 27 123 26 145 492 38 520 10 14
Totals 1915 Totals 1914 Totals 1913 Totals 1912	4 4 4 3	62 58 52 35	584 611 543 368	601 297 262 133	28 48 63 31	117 118 151 113	1,396 1,136 1,075 683

TELEPHONES.

63.—Telephones in use and Mileage of Wire by Provinces, June 30, 1915, with totals for 1912-14.

	Tele	phones in	use.	Mileage of wire.		
Provinces.	Central Energy.		Total.	Urban.	Rural.	Total.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon		No. 1,276 7,987 7,803 29,544 111,327 17,798 19,986 15,979 7,810 355	21,225	25,214 18,448 182,726 395,635 108,341	Miles. 1,984 15,397 9,404 69,518 177,867 62,313 52,648 42,592 11,123 367	40,611 27,852 252,244 573,502 170,654 103,978
Totals 1915	313,225 310,166	219,865 210,978	521,144		380,143	1,452,360 1,343,090
Totals 1913	269,843 212,732	193,828 158,152	463,671 370,884			1,092,587 889,572

64.—Wire Mileage of Telephones by Classes of Wire, June 30, 1914 and 1915.

Class of Wire.		1914.		1915.		
Class of wire.	Urban.	Rural.	Total.	Urban.	Rural.	Total.
Galvanized	340,388 563,432	48,630 8,148		21,001 358,715 600,213	60,237 8,521 149	81,238 367,236 600,362
Totals	962,947	380,143	1,343,090	1,009,147	443,213	1,452,360

65.—Capital Liability, Cost, Revenue and Operating Expenses of Telephones, June 30, 1915, with totals for 1912, 1913 and 1914.

Provinces.	Capital. Stock.	Funded Debt.	Cost of Property and Equip- ment.	Revenue.	Operating Expenses.	
Prince Edward	\$	S	\$	\$	\$	8
Island	109,396					*
Nova Scotia	1,924,504					
New Brunswick.	1,339,129	119,749	1,823,367	478,887	265,158	213,729
Quebec	19,375,961	11,704,041	38,590,731	9,824,437	7,495,118	
Ontario				978,206		
Manitoba	27,596	10,723,398				
Saskatchewan		6,063,696				
Alberta	109,014	10,818,670				
Brit. Columbia				1,653,394		
Yukon	65,000		170,180	38,912	13,768	25,144
Totals 1915.	28,947,122	45 997 9CO	02 702 502	17 001 079	19 996 716	4 504 055
Totals 1914.	28,644,340	45,337,869 41,647,554		17,601,673 17,297,269	12,836,716 12,882,402	,
Totals 1913.	26,590,501			14,897,278	11,175,689	4,414,867 3,721,589
Totals 1912.	21,533,605			12,273,627		3,178,938
10003 1012.	21,000,000	43,170,441	00,001,133	12,210,021	0,004,000	0,110,330

POSTAL STATISTICS.

The Post Office Department reports an increase in the fiscal year 1914-15 of 1,652 miles in the system over which the mails are carried by railway, thus bringing the total actual track mileage for the carriage of mails to 31,356 on March 31, 1915. The total mileage of mail conveyance in the fiscal year 1915 was 61,818,400, of which 36,714,540 was by railway, 2,440,968 was by water, and 22,662,892 was by stage or road. The total represents an increase in mileage, as compared with 1914, of 3,200,507, of which 2,048,259 was by railway, 31,319 by water and 1,120,929 by road. The expenditure of the Department increased by \$3,139,133, and the deficit from the operations of the Service was \$2,914,542. At the end of the calendar year 1915 there were 3,432 rural mail delivery routes, on which were erected 154,183 boxes; the corresponding figures for the calendar year 1914 were 2,737 routes and 116,683 boxes.

66.—Revenue and Expenditure of the Post Office Department for quinquennial periods 1890-1910, and for the years 1911-15.

Fiscal Years.	Net revenue.	Expendi- ture.	Deficit.	Surplus.
1890 1895 1900 1905 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	\$ 2,357,389 2,792,790 3,183,984 5,125,373 7,958,547 9,146,952 10,482,255 12,060,476 12,956,216 13,046,650	3,593,647 3,645,646 4,634,528 7,215,337 7,954,223 9,172,035 10,882,805	\$ 717,081 800,857 461,662 2,914,541	\$ - 490,845 743,210 1,192,729 1,310,220 1,177,671 134,158

67.—Mail Subsidies and Steamship Subventions, 1913-1915.

Service.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Canada and Cuba Canada and Great Britain. Canada and South Africa. Canada and Australia or New Zealand or both on Pacific Ocean. Canada (Atlantic) and Australia and New Zealand Canada and Mexico and Atlantic and Pac. Oceans Canada and France ¹ .	\$ 12,500 553,766 146,000 180,509 120,000 81,250 198,484	951,484 146,000 180,509 125,000 4,167	146,000 173,566 128,333

^{&#}x27;Under special statute.

POST OFFICE.

67.—Mail Subsidies and Steamship Subventions 1913-1915—continued.

Service.	1913.	1914.	1915.
NOT THE	1010.		10.00
	\$	\$	\$
Canada, China and Japan ¹	121,666	118,850	137,019
Canada and Newfoundland	36,765	66,142	62,670
Canada and Manchester, England	35,000	35,000	35,000
St. John and Glasgow	11,250	10,875	7,450
St. John, Dublin and Belfast	6,000	6,750	7,500
St. John, Halifax and London	38,661	40,000	30,354
St. John and Digby	19,807	19,549	20,000
St. John, Digby, Annapolis and Granville	1,500	1,500	2,000
St. John, Halifax via Yarmouth	9,000	-	-
St. John and Minas Basin	8.000	7,812	7,547
St. John and Westport.	2,500	5,500	8,202
St. John, Halifax, West Indies and South America	94,939	161,602	330,897
St. John and Cumberland Basin	-	-	3,000
St. John and Bridgetown	2,000	2,000	2,500
Halifax and Sherbrooke	nicleus -	2,000	2,000
Halifax, Mahone, Tancook Isle, etc	11111111111111111111111111111111111	2,834	2,655
Halifax, St. John, Newfoundland and Liverpool	18,583	20,000	17,167
Halifax and Newfoundland	10,000	10,000	10,000
Halifax and Canso	4,000	5,000	5,000
Halifax and Spry Bay	2,404	2,000	4,000
Halifax and West Coast of C.B	1,444		3,059
Halifax and West Coast of C.B			
ports	3,200	3,667	3,167
Halifax and Liverpool, or Glasgow	_	-	4,000
Magdalen Islands and Mainland	14,808	15,000	18,000
Grand Manan and Mainland	10,000	9,904	10,000
P. E. Island and Great Britain	7,500	-	_
P. E. Island and Mainland	12,500	12,500	12,500
P. E. Island, Cape Breton and Newfoundland	12,000	16,500	14,279
Quebec and Gaspe	8,500	8,500	8,500
Quebec and Blanc Sablon	12,214	16,212	-
Quebec and Isle of Orleans	2,000	500	_
Quebec and North Shore Isle of Orleans	2,500	4,500	4,500
Mahone Bay and Tancook Island	3,064	1,000	-
Pictou, Murray Harbour, etc., and Georgetown Pictou and New Glasgow and Antigonish County	6,000	6,000	6,000
Pictou and New Glasgow and Antigonish County			
Ports		500	1,000
Pt. Mulgrave and Guysboro	6,000		5,500
Pt. Mulgrave, St. Peter, etc	6,000	5,920	6,500
Pt. Mulgrave and Canso	6,000	6,375	6,500
Pictou, Mulgrave and Cheticamp. Petit de Grat and Mulgrave I. C. R. Terminus	6,719	7,000	5,943
Petit de Grat and Mulgrave I. C. R. Terminus	4,871	5,839	7,000
Baddeck Grand Narrows etc	5,825	5,825	5,825
Gaspe, Dalhousie and Campbellton	13,250	20,000	9,615
Gaspe Basin, North Shore of the River and Gulf of	1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
St. Lawrence	1,000		1000-
Sydney and around C. B. Island	4,000		5,500
Sydney and Whycocomagh	3,000	3,000	3,000
Sydney and Bay St. Lawrence Ports	6,500		6,000
St. Stephen, St. Croix, etc	4,000		6,000
St. Catharines Bay and Tadousac	3,500		3,297
Victoria, Vancouver and Skagway	12,500		12,500
Charlottetown, Victoria and Holiday's Wharf	-	2,500	2,500
The state of the s			The state of

¹ Under special statute.

67.-Mail Subsidies and Steamship Subventions, 1913-1915-concluded.

Service.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Victoria and Vancouver Island (west coast)	5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000
Victoria and San Francisco	3,000	3,000	2,971
North Shore River St. Lawrence, between Quebec	2,000	2,000	2,500
and Harrington	-	-	25,983
Newcastle, Neguac and Escouminac, Miramichi River	2,500	2,500	2,263
Pelee Island and Mainland	5,000	5,000	8,000
Froudes Point and Lockport Prince Rupert, B.C., and Queen Charlotte Islands	600 8,200	8,000	600 8,000
Rivière du Loup and Tadousac	12,500		12,000
St. John and Cumberland Basin. St. John and St. Andrews, N.B.	2,838		4.000
Shippegan, Caraquet and Miscou Island	4,000 1,500	4,000	4,000
Kenora, Rainy River and Fort Frances	-	8,000	7,051
Vancouver and Northern ports of B.C Expenses in connection with the supervision of sub-	10,000	16,800	16,800
sidized steamship services	1,908	2,596	2,593
Total subsidies and subventions	1,952,525	2,383,687	2,162,633

Note.—The figures in the above table are taken from the "Canada Public Accounts", as issued by the Finance Department: they represent the amounts paid in connection with contracts made under statutory authority by the Department of Trade and Commerce for trade services, including the conveyance of mails.

68.—Operation of the Money Order System in Canada, 1901-1915.

Fiscal Years.	Orders issued in	Value of orders issued in	Paya	Value of orders issued in other	
	Canada.	Canada.	Canada.	Other countries.	countries payable in Canada.
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1907 (9 mos.).	No. 1,151,024 1,446,129 1,668,705 1,869,233 1,924,130 2,178,549 1,845,278	32,349,476		5,126,367 6,107,124 7,946,337	3,575,803 4,604,528 5,197,122 5,602,257 6,533,201
1908. 1909. 1910. 1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.	2,990,691 3,596,299 4,178,752 4,840,896 5,777,757 6,866,563 7,228,369 6,990,813	49,974,007 52,627,770 60,967,162 70,614,862 84,065,891 101,153,272 109,500,670 89,957,906	31,836,629 36,577,552 41,595,205 45,451,425 52,568,433 61,324,030 66,113,221 64,723,941	18,137,378 16,050,218 19,371,957 25,163,437 31,497,458 39,829,243 43,387,449 25,233,966	7,933,361

Note.—For 1868 to 1900, see Canada Year Book, 1911, p. 289.

POST OFFICE.

69.-Money Orders by Provinces, 1911-1915.

Provinces.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Money order offices in— Canada Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory	No. 3,501 33 293 172 822 1,219 238 279 203 235 7	No. 3,673 33 296 180 847 1,242 250 314 225 280 6	No. 3,923 355 307 188 873 1,313 271 355 261 312 8	No. 4,274 39 313 205 923 1,418 289 418 307 356 6	No. 4,499 40 320 209 976 1,463 299 470 341 375 6
Money orders issued in— Canada. Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia. Yukon Territory.	4,840,896 25,374 325,200 154,918 767,449 1,674,749 425,315 511,290 404,425 541,700 10,476	5,777,757 27,027 362,180 167.684 872,343 1,943,540 511,167 669,926 535,250 679,017 9,623	6,866,563 30,632 416,417 190,460 1,009,494 2,249,400 579,927 858,219 696,877 823,505 11,632	7 228,369 31,142 414,347 193,225 1,058,370 2,314,853 609,469 968,725 781,838 842,980 13,420	6,990,813 37,255 426,561 207,584 992,127 2,194,782 617,520 1,040,816 757,890 702,899 13,379
Receipts for money orders issued in— Canada Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory	\$ 70,614,862 325,092 4,374,325 2,330,667 11,348,248 21,554,936 5,875,071 8,024,158 6,170,036 10,141,107 421,222	\$ 84,065,891 398,236 4 815,748 2,430,285 12,713,948 25,146,215 7,328,677 10,455,057 8,142,612 12,269,040 366,073	\$ 101,153,272 448,844 5,370,698 2,697,473 14,614,485 29,642,799 8,230,479 13,980,386 11,182,136 14,577,704 408,268	504,712 5,566,825 2,912,633 16,013,433 32,641,571 8,636,161	\$ 89,957,906 562,370 5,376,556 5,954,844 13,621,392 25,663,488 7,710,849 14,239,241 9,594,821 9,856,321 378,024
Number of money orders paid in— Canada Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebee Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory	No. 3,764,140 22,124 195,403 114,303 666,962 1662,223 662,591 130,407 130,822 178,163 1,142	No. 4,259,166 22,020 200,293 118,936 730,111 1,860,610 784,343 157,720 171,136 212,967 1,030	222,963 270,169	992,678 246,137 271,489	No. 5,642,999 26,433 222,702 136,266 800,563 2,395,813 1,187,630 274,099 293,393 304,537 1,563

69.-Money Orders by Provinces, 1911-1915-concluded.

Provinces.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Amount of money orders paid in— Canada. Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia. Yukon Territory.	\$ 54,297,619 379,394 3,202,078 1,879,731 9,753,978 20,232,738 9,289,716 2,940,054 2,680,134 3,899,060 40,736	388,473 3,239,592 1,944,676 10,143,294 22,356,135 11,069,176 3,606,320 3,476,690 4,620,405	447,169 3,501,067 2,076,110 10,813,901 24,909,663 12,895,357 4,645,201 4,594,132 5,518,917	574,074 3,615,078 2,214,650 11,372,038 26,506,701 14,288,363 5,608,279 5,456,194 6,206,510	2,276,618 11,187,216 27,070,523 14,697,989 5,395,096 5,414,080 5,553,925

70.-Number and Total Values of Postal Notes, 1910-1915.

Value.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
\$ c.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
0.20	112,730	125,880	134,440	148,718	191,419	245,240
0.25	213,278	237,435	270,160			
0.30	145,453	160,891	174,426	187,980		314,789
0.40	133,850	147,058	161,395	176,395		
0.50	283,773	316,664	350,800		441,807	
0.60	114,680	128,502	143,081	155,363		
0.70	65,867	74,018	81,299	89,514	108,315	139,791
0.75	142,181	157,494	176,759	199,060		
0.80	94,626	105,952	114,110			199,226
0.90	84,929	95,485	107,140			
1.00	469,292	528,172	586,094	640,647	776,118	
1.50	159,540	178,854	195,092			343,322
2.00	275,040		337,298	366,995		535,497
2.50	94,852	108,334	117,835	128,487	154,083	
3.00	159,920	183,133		227,278		
4.00	107,603	122,487	133,647	143,019		
5.00	244,436			321,547		
10.00	157,767	179,183	199,996	220,378	236,800	247,986
Total notes re-		ASSESSED OF		The second		
ceived No.	2 050 917	3,441,667	9 70# 19#	1 200 564	4 070 067	6 047 000
Total value \$	5,000,017	6 665 500	7,344,614	4,200,564	4,970,067	
Commission re-	0,304,414	0,000,002	1,544,014	0,000,007	9,401,040	10,603,894
ceived"	64,996	73,100	80,650	80,018	104,311	124,360
Postal notes issued	01,000	15,100	50,000	00,010	101,011	124,000
to postmasters. No.	3.167.820	3 551 065	3,908,295	4 463 995	5 368 125	6 103 120
Value of notes is-	0,10,020	0,001,000	0,000,200	1,100,000	0,000,120	0,130,120
sued\$	6.139.305	6.927 153	7,634,746	8 569 462	10 170 355	10 754 438
	0,100,000	0,021,100	,,001,110	0,000,102	10,110,000	10,101,100

POST OFFICE.

71.—Issue of Postage Stamps, etc., 1914-1915.

	Issue	1914.	Issue	1915.
Denominations.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.
	No.	\$	No.	\$
1 cent postage stamps. 2	372,340,300 333,318,000 17,063,650 5,440,000 4,874,475 1,403,350 201,915	853,182 380,800 487,447 280,670		6,551,448 787,887 473,942 635,192 509,300
10 cent special delivery stamps. 1 cent postage due stamps. 2 " " 5 " " 1 cent war tax stamps 2 " "	212,465 719,000 1,704,150 1,336,100	21,247 7,190 34,083 66,805	149,715 572,100 1,679,100 548,100 19,000,000 450,000	5,721 33,582 27,405 190,000
1 cent stamp books	456,764 2,208,648 689,200 30,467,300 1,100,000 3,994,000 513,200	114,191 552,162 8,270 304,673 11,000 39,940 5,132	367,134 1,833,908 642,800 26,850,300 800,000 5,391,000 378,200	91,784 458,477 7,714 268,503 8,000 53,910 3,782
2 " Postal Union cards	79,350 362,400 2,465,800 4,656,400 945,700 11,690	1,587 7,248 29,590 102,441 9,457 701	54,350 331,850 2,190,300 4,042,200 822,100 13,995	1,087 6,637 26,284 88,928 8,221 840
\$TAMPS IN ROLLS. 1 cent sidewise at \$5.06. 2 " " \$10.06. 1 " endwise \$ 5.06. 2 " " \$10.06.	54,426 51,511 1,287 1,441	275,396 518,201 6,512 14,496	46,951 46,531 401 280	237,572 468,102 2,029 2,817
Totals	786,672,522	14,623,142	790,743,370	14,783,049

IX.—LABOUR.

The Department of Labour of the Dominion Government was established in 1900, under authority of the Conciliation Act, 1900 (63–64 Vict., c.24), its chief duties originally comprising the administration of certain provisions of this statute designed to aid in the prevention and settlement of labour disputes, the administration of the Government's fair wage policy for the protection of workmen employed on Dominion Government contracts and works aided by grant of public funds, the collection and classification of statistical and other information relative to conditions of labour and the publication of a monthly journal known as the "Labour Gazette." From 1900 to 1909, the Department was administered by the Postmaster-General, who was also Minister of Labour. It was constituted a separate Department under the Labour Department Act, 1909 (8-9 Edw. VII, c.22).

The work of the Department was greatly increased in 1907 by the passage of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907 (6–7 Edw. VII, c. 20), which was designed to aid in the prevention and settlement of strikes and lockouts in mines and industries connected with public utilities. The Department is also charged with the administration of the Combines Investigation Act, 1910 (9–10 Edw. VII, c. 9). The scope of the Department has increased in other directions, especially in the investigation of the wholesale and retail prices of Canadian commodities and of questions affecting the cost of living. A change has been made in the "Labour Gazette" year, which will in future terminate on December 31 instead of on June 30. The volume for 1915-16, which under the former plan would terminate on June 30, 1916, will be extended to include the remainder of that calendar year.

Labour Conditions in 1915. According to a review of industrial conditions which appeared in the January, 1916, issue of the "Labour Gazette," the opening of the year 1915 showed a marked change from the situation existing at the commencement of 1914. At the beginning of that year, the depressed conditions of the previous year were still apparent; but in 1915 the improvement which became noticeable from month to month during the latter part of the previous year had become fairly well pronounced, and the close of 1915 witnessed a return to almost normal conditions in many respects. While at the close of 1914 there was still considerable unemployment, and in some localities this condition existed during the early months of 1915, the gradual enlistment of men for overseas service, the employment of others in the manufacture of munitions and other military supplies, in agricultural and lumbering operations, and the heavy falling off in immigration, all combined to bring conditions in many parts of the Dominion back to practically a normal basis so far as employment was concerned. Manufacturing in many lines outside of special activity in the manufacture of munitions of war was improved; lumbering showed activity practically throughout the year; fishing on the whole was good; mining, both coal and metal, resumed activity, and towards the latter part of the year was back to, if not above the normal standing of previous good years. Outside of building operations which continued to be dull, practically all the Dominion's industries showed

LABOUR CONDITIONS IN 1915.

great improvement. Immigration which in 1914 showed a heavy falling off from the previous year, continued to decrease in 1915, the total reduction being about 70 per cent. While there was a large falling off in imports there was a heavy increase in exports and the aggregate trade for the year was several millions greater than in 1914. Railway construction on the whole was quiet, though some work was carried on in connection with new lines in Alberta and British Columbia, and on some of the large established railways. Transportation also showed a better year. Agriculture gave the best returns on record. Crops were uniformly good all over the country, with the exception of potatoes, which in the large producing districts were only half a crop. Wages remained at about the same level as in 1914, though there were a number of changes, mostly in the nature of increases. During the first nine months of the year 45 changes were reported, compared with 46 the previous year. Of these changes 22 involved increases, 18 a reduction of wages, four a reduction of hours and one an increase in hours. During the last quarter of the year three changes occurred, all increases and all affecting the mining industry, several thousand employees being concerned.

Labour Organization.—The total trades union membership reported at the end of 1915 was 143,343, being comprised in 1883 local branches of trade union organizations of all types. The membership reported at the close of 1914 was 166,163, comprised in 2,003 branches. There was therefore a decrease of 22,820 members and 120 branches during the year. Of the total trades union membership for 1915, 114,722 were members of international organizations, which have 1,661 local branches in Canada. The remaining 28,621 were members of national and independent bodies. There was a loss of 22,820 in the membership of international organizations, a gain of 2,725 among independent bodies and an increase of 211 in national unions. From the outbreak of the war to the end of the year, it was reported to the Department that 11,972 trade unionists in Canada enlisted for the war and 439 reservists rejoined the colours, making a total of 12,411 members of 961 labour organizations who joined the army. The actual number was probably somewhat greater than this, as information was not received from all the local unions with regard to the enlistment of their members.

Industrial Disputes.—The number of strikes and lockouts in Canada reported to the Department of Labour during 1915 was 43, the lowest number recorded since 1901, when the Department first collected statistics relating to strikes, and one less than in 1914, the previous lowest record. There was a decrease in the number of establishments affected from 205 to 96, but an increase in the number of employees concerned from 8,678 in 1914 to 9,140 in 1915. The estimated loss of time in working days was 106,149 in 1915, as compared with 430,054 in 1914. The number of trade disputes which began in 1915 was 38, five disputes being carried over from the previous year. The greatest number of disputes occurred in the province of Ontario, 16 disputes being recorded from this province. There were eight disputes in Nova Scotia, five each in Quebec and British Columbia, four each in Manitoba and Alberta and one in New Brunswick.

LABOUR.

Table 1 shows the time losses involved in the various classes of industries from 1901 to 1915, Table 2 the number of disputes year by year from 1901 to 1915, the classes of industries affected, the number of establishments and of employees concerned, and the approximate time losses in working days, and Table 3 the number of disputes, classified by industries, from 1901 to 1915.

1.—Time Losses by Industries in Working Days, 1901-1915.

Industry.	1901–11.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	Total.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Fishing. Lumbering. Mining. Building. Metal. Printing and allied Woodworking. Textile. Clothing. Food and tobacco. Leather. General transport Unskilled labour. Miscellaneous.	198,088 71,077 3,750,279 1,371,418 460,547 13,709 75,842 297,657 314,098 32,335 17,330 1,070,667 44,351 71,775	4,270 89,168 114,324 32,525 3,602 - 1,166 306,107 2,382	137,300 702,726 105,510 79,479 30,020 7,351 107,052 14,420 23,988 20,382	51,573 - 800 - 160,270 10,120 2,270 300	40,812 903 450 2,540	1,641,808 664,936 106,662 18,314 306,624 890,067 63,684 19,600 1,197,313 513,971
Total Working Days	7,789,173	1,099,208	1,287,678	430,054	106,149	10,712,262

2.—Number of Disputes, Establishments, Employees and Time Losses, 1901-1915.

Fiscal Year.	Dis- putes.	Establish- ments con- cern- ed.	Em- ployees affect- ed.	Approxi- mate Time Losses.	Fiscal Year.	Dis- putes.	Establish ments concerned.	Em- ployees affect- ed.	Approximate Time Losses.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906	No. 104 121 146 99 89 141 149	No. 273 420 927 575 437 1,015 825	No. 28,086 12,264 50,041 16,482 16,233 26,050 36,224	Working days. 632,311 120,940 1,226,500 265,004 217,244 359,797 621,962	1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 Total	No. 688 699 150 113 44 43 1,519	397 1,335 475 989 1,015 205 96	17,332 21,280 30,094 40,511 39,536 8,678 9,140	871,845 718,635 2,046,650 1,099,208 1,287,678 430,054

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES.

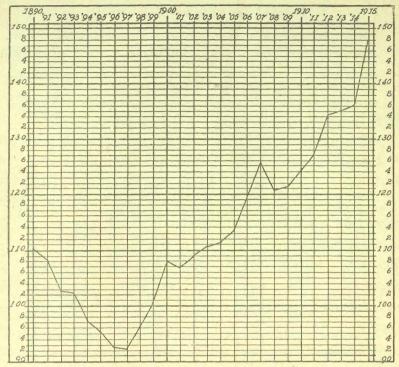
3.-Disputes Classified by Industries, 1901-1915.

Industries.	1901–10	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	Total
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Fishing	10	-	1	3	-	-	14
Lumbering	28	-	4	3	-	-	35
Mining	87	7	6	6	3	6	115
Building	266	29	52	31	12	4	394
Metal	170	18	29	29	14	13	273
Woodworking	47	2	-	3	1	-	53
Printing and allied	28	-	3	-	-	1	32
Textile	36	4	1	3	1	1	45
Clothing	107	13	19	10	5	4	158
Food and tobacco	62	3-	2	4	2	3	76
Leather	20	1	-	-	2	-	23
General transport	97	12	14	8	1	4	136
Unskilled labour	73	4	9	7	-	-	93
Miscellaneous	39	6	10	6	4	7	. 72
				-			
Total	1,070	99	150	113	44	43	1,519

Proceedings under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act.—A review of the proceedings which have occurred under the Act during the nine-year period ended March 31, 1916, shows that 191 applications were received for the establishment of Boards of Conciliation and Investigation, as a result of which 169 Boards were established. In 22 cases the matters in dispute were adjusted by mutual agreement, while steps were pending for the establishment of Boards, or the necessity for procedure disappeared. The total number of employees affected by these 191 disputes was 246,641, or an average of 1,291 for each dispute. There were 20 cases in which strikes were neither averted nor ended through the instrumentality of the Act. Eleven of these 20 strikes occurred in the mining industry, one in the operation of street railways and one in the operation of municipal electrical work. Seventeen applications under the Act were dealt with during the year ended March 31,

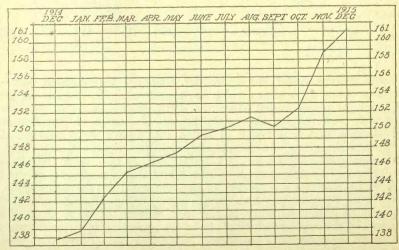
LABOUR.

Course of Wholesale Prices in Canada, 1890-1915.



Number of Commodities: 272. Average Prices, 1890-1899=100.

Course of Wholesale Prices in Canada, 1915.



Number of Commodities: 272. Average Prices, 1890-1899=100.

PRICES OF COMMODITIES IN CANADA.

1916, Boards being established in 14 cases. In the remaining three cases proceedings were stayed to permit of negotiations between the parties concerned, which resulted in settlements being affected without the establishment of Boards.

Fair Wages Branch.—The Fair Wages Branch of the Department of Labour is charged with the preparation of schedules of minimum wage rates, which are inserted in Dominion Government contracts, and must be adhered to by contractors in the execution of the respective works. The number of Fair Wages Schedules prepared since the adoption of the Fair Wages Resolution in 1900 is 3,498, of which 122 were prepared during the calendar year 1915.

PRICES OF COMMODITIES IN CANADA.

Wholesale Prices.—The Special Report on Wholesale Prices in Canada during the 20 years 1890-1909, issued by the Department of Labour in 1910, has been followed by similar annual reports for each year 1910 to 1915. The changes in prices are measured by index numbers which are percentages of the average prices during the decade 1890 to 1899. The list includes 230 commodities from 1890 to 1909 and 272 commodities from 1910 to 1915, and is divided into thirteen groups. The tables and diagrams show the course of prices by groups for each year back to 1890 and by months during 1914 and 1915.

From Table 1 and the diagrams on page 526 it will be seen that wholesale prices rose very steeply during 1915, especially in the latter part of the year, the rise being marked chiefly in grains, other farm products and foods during the latter part of 1914 and the early part of 1915 and in materials during the latter part of the year, especially textiles, metals, metal products and chemicals.

Retail Prices.—Since January, 1910, the Department of Labour has secured each month the retail prices of some thirty staple foods, coal, wood and coal oil, and prevailing rates for rent for a six-roomed house in some 60 localities in Canada, 10,000 or over in population. These returns have been published each month in the "Labour Gazette." Similar statistics were obtained for December, 1900 and 1905, for the Board of Inquiry into the Cost of Living. From these figures calculations of typical weekly expenditures have been made in terms of the average prices for each year. The prices for the years 1910 to 1914 were given in the Canada Year Book, 1914, page 534. The prices by months in 1915 and for the year 1915 are given in Table 6. Retail prices of food rose during 1914 and 1915, fuel and light averaged slightly lower, and rent was down in both years, but began to recover in the latter part of 1915.

4.-INDEX NUMBERS OF ALL COMMODITIES BY GROUPS, 1890-1915.

(Average Prices 1890-1899=100.)

0 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1916 1918 1917 1918									I	AB	OT	R									
110. 1802 1802 1803 1804 1805 1806 1807 1808 1809 1000 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1005 1006 1007 1005 1007 1005 1007 1005 1007 1005 1007 1005 1007 1005 1007 1005 1007 1005 1007 1005 1007 1005 1007 1005 1007 1005 1007 1005 1007 1005 1007 1007 1005 1007		915	6.98	87.2					10			00	~	15.9	57.1					9.91	0.81
110 1802 1803 1804 1805 1804 1805 1806 1807 1808 1809 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1906 1907 1911 1912 1911 1912 1911 1912 1911 1912 1912 1913 1		-		32.3	54.4	6.0 14	00				00	0	32.1	1.411	0.7	9.5 15	1.6 18	4	6.9 13	8.5 11	6.1 14
110. 1802 1802 1804 1805 1806 1807 1808 1800 1901 1902 1908 1904 1906 1906 1906 1906 1910 1911 1911 1911 1912 1812			00	90	1	0	4	00	0	-	5.6 10	2	63	10	4.8 14	6.2 12	60	6	. 1	-	5.5
116. 1882 1892 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1908 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1907 1908 1909 1907 1908 1909 1907 1908 1908 1909 1907 1908 1908 1908 1908 1908 1909 1907 1908				0.8 18	9.0 15	5.7 15	3.0 11	0.7 13	2.4 16			63		5.4 11	3.6 14	1.5 12	10	6.0	Si	6.5	4
116. 126. 1892 1892 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909		-	.4 16	.6 16	.2 15		.7 12(.6 155	6.3	.5 104	50		.6 108		4 114	.1118	0		60	4 13
116.0 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1896 1899 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1808 1909 1901 111.2 104.7 104.5 115.5 117.7 104.5 117.8		-	7 148		.7 136	1 143	3 118	6 118	4	6 108	5 104	0 100	5 165	2 102	5 154	6 110	5 112	5 252	9 151	0 110	2 127
1890 1891 1892 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1907 1908 1909 1907 1908 1909 1908			9 140	6 163	6 135	0 145	6 111	3 114	4 135		4 104	8 103	6 158	7 109	2 145	4 110	9 109	2 234	5 132	6 118	2 124
1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1904 1905 1906 1907 1909 1907 1913 1913 1914 1915 1914 1915 1914 1915		-	3 149.	6 148.	3 133.	5 134.	3 107.	0 108.	0 135.	101	2 102.	103	5 154.	5 105.	3 135.	8 110.	1 103	227	0 117.	6 121.	
1890 1891 1892 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1905 1908 1907 1908 1908 1909 1907 1908 1908 1909 1908 1909 1908 1909 1908 1909 1908 1909 1908 1909 1908 1909 1908 1909			148.	129.	136.	120.	110.	111.0	120	106	104	102	162.0	107.	136.8	112.8	107.	231.	118.0	117.	120.8
1890 1891 1892 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1911 1912 104.7 108.5 117.7 99.7 99.2 82.4 90.4 97.9 95.1 103.4 111.3 122.2 117.9 111.3 120.7 120.7 120.		1907	140.2	133.8	131.5	129.5	112.5	126.1		134.8	107.1	108.8	165.2	108.7	141.2	112.7	108.5	239.4		123.0	126.2
1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1896 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1901 1901 1902 1903 1904 1901 1902 1903 1904 1901 1902 1903 1904 1901 1905		1906	118	130.1	120.2	121.8	103.1	123.4	-	128.6	106.0	106.4	152.7	104.7	135.3	113.0	106.3	229	108.1	120.9	120.0
1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905		1905	4	120.7	-	115.7	100.7			108.4	100.1	104.1	134.1	106.8	125.3	107.3	106.4	217.4	108.1	121.1	
1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905			15.5	11.3	07.2	19.5		10.4	9	7.66	06.2	03.0		07.2	22.4	12.7	0.60	6.5	00	19.1	11.4
1890 1891 1892 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1901 1902 1102 104.7 103.5 1107.7 98.7 99.2.2 82.4 90.4 97.9 95.7 103.4 111.3 122.2 1104.7 108.5 117.7 98.7 99.2.2 82.4 90.4 97.9 95.7 103.4 111.3 122.2 1103.3 1104.7 108.5 117.7 98.7 99.2.2 82.4 90.4 97.9 95.7 103.4 111.3 122.2 1103.3 123.2 1104.7 108.5 110.4 104.6 94.8 90.1 90.1 92.9 101.4 109.0 120.5 100.6 103.8 111.3 1104.7 102.2 102.2 101.4 102.0 103.6 101.4 102.0 103.6 101.4 102.2 102.2 101.2 97.3 98.6 98.0 98.0 96.1 96.0 106.4 113.2 110.4 102.3 102.2 102.2 101.2 97.3 98.6 98.0 98.0 98.5 98.6 98.6 98.1 100.8 98.1 103.4 100.4 102.2 10			06.51		08.9	16.21	98.1	05.9	15.7	05.5	05.7	11.0	28.81	07.7	26.3 1	09.6	05.51	68.1	0.70	15.9	10.5
1890 1891 1892 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 116.7 123.9 106.7 99.1 94.3 98.8 85.2 80.6 98.8 96.5 110.2 104.7 108.5 117.7 98.7 92.2 82.4 90.4 97.9 95.5 103.3 97.3 90.6 99.7 96.4 101.4 104.6 94.8 90.1 90.1 92.9 101.1 103.3 97.3 90.6 99.7 96.4 101.4 102.6 98.6 99.6 1110.1 102.3 121.3 104.7 102.1 97.0 98.6 98.0 98.0 98.0 91.1 97.9 99.5 111.4 104.2 102.2 101.2 97.3 98.6 98.9 98.0 98.5 99.6 111.1 4104.2 102.2 101.2 97.3 98.6 98.9 98.6 98.9 98.6 99.6 111.1 103.8 103.2 102.2 101.1 97.0 98.9 98.9 98.7 98.9 98.6 99.6 111.1 103.8 103.2 102.2 101.1 97.0 98.9 98.4 98.5 99.8 99.			11.91	2.2	16.9	0.2 1	4	1.01		2.8 1		14.9	22.01		11.8	00.5	02.2		03.71	00	10.60
1890 1891 1892 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 116.7 123.9 106.7 99.1 94.3 98.8 85.2 80.6 98.8 96.5 110.2 104.7 108.5 117.7 98.7 92.2 82.4 90.4 97.9 95.5 103.3 97.3 90.6 99.7 96.4 101.4 104.6 94.8 90.1 90.1 92.9 101.1 103.3 97.3 90.6 99.7 96.4 101.4 102.6 98.6 99.6 1110.1 102.3 121.3 104.7 102.1 95.0 95.2 87.1 86.0 94.3 99.5 111.4 104.2 102.2 101.2 97.3 93.6 96.9 98.0 95.2 99.6 1111.4 104.2 102.2 101.2 97.3 93.6 96.9 98.0 95.2 99.6 1111.4 104.2 102.2 101.2 97.1 97.0 98.9 98.6 98.5 99.6 1111.4 104.2 102.2 102.6 102.2 101.0 98.5 93.1 94.3 98.5 9			7.3 1	1.3 15	0.5 10	3.2 11	9	3.6 10	00	0.4 10	2.2	-	4.61	0.9	1,91	1.9 1	00	0.01	6.5	0.9	0.20
1890 1891 1892 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 116.7 123.9 106.7 99.1 94.3 98.8 85.2 80.6 98.8 96.5 110.2 104.7 108.5 117.7 98.7 92.2 82.4 90.4 97.9 95.5 103.3 97.3 90.6 99.7 96.4 101.4 104.6 94.8 90.1 90.1 92.9 101.1 103.3 97.3 90.6 99.7 96.4 101.4 102.6 98.6 99.6 1110.1 102.3 121.3 104.7 102.1 97.0 98.6 98.0 98.0 98.0 91.1 97.9 99.5 111.4 104.2 102.2 101.2 97.3 98.6 98.9 98.0 98.5 99.6 111.1 4104.2 102.2 101.2 97.3 98.6 98.9 98.6 98.9 98.6 99.6 111.1 103.8 103.2 102.2 101.1 97.0 98.9 98.9 98.7 98.9 98.6 99.6 111.1 103.8 103.2 102.2 101.1 97.0 98.9 98.4 98.5 99.8 99.			6	3.4 11	9.0 12	6.4 11	4	0.0 10	3.8 11		0.1 10	00	4.0 11	1.8 10	5.9 12	0.2 10	10	7.3 14	3.3 10	3.0 11	8.2 10
1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 186. 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 186.			179	1 10	.4 10	0 10	9		.4 11				118.9		.6 12	.2 11			6.0	9.5 11	0.1 10
1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 116.7 123.9 106.7 99.1 94.3 98.8 85.2 80.6 111.2 104.7 108.5 117.7 98.7 92.2 82.4 90.4 103.0 106.2 105.8 110.4 104.6 94.8 90.1 90.1 103.3 97.3 90.6 99.7 96.4 101.4 102.6 98.6 120.3 121.3 104.7 102.1 95.0 95.2 87.1 86.0 111.4 104.2 102.2 101.2 97.3 93.6 96.9 98.0 111.4 104.2 102.2 101.2 97.3 93.6 96.9 98.0 111.4 104.2 102.2 101.2 97.3 93.6 96.9 98.0 107.4 106.6 102.9 97.5 97.0 98.9 96.4 104.4 104.4 103.7 104.6 102.2 101.0 98.5 93.1 107.4 106.8 103.7 97.5 97.0 98.9 96.4 106.2 103.8 98.2 98.6 95.5 96.1 96.2 95.5 110.0 100.2 100.3 99.8 96.5 96.1 96.2 95.5 110.5 100.3 104.4 104.4 103.1 100.3 99.8 96.5 96.5 99.7 109.5 100.3 104.4 104.4 103.1 100.3 99.8 96.5 96.5 99.7 99.4 99.0 99.7 99.4 98.0 99.7 99.4 98.0 103.3 112.3 110.3 106.2 97.2	0				.9 101	.6 110	3	7	.0 108		3	10	00	4.	.0 107	.6 100	00	11.	.9 105	.3 10	110
1890 1891 1892 1894 1895 1891 1892 1891 1892 1892 1894 1895 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1895 111.2 104.7 108.5 117.7 98.7 92.2 82.5 117.2 104.7 108.5 117.7 98.7 92.2 82.5 103.3 97.3 90.6 99.7 96.4 101.4 102.3 120.3 121.3 104.7 102.1 95.0 95.2 87.5 97.5		-	9	4		9	0	0	1 105	-	H	4	6			00	10		.9 103	2	101
1890 1891 1892 1894 1895 1891 1892 1891 1892 1892 1894 1895 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1895 111.2 104.7 108.5 117.7 98.7 92.2 82.5 117.2 104.7 108.5 117.7 98.7 92.2 82.5 103.3 97.3 90.6 99.7 96.4 101.4 102.3 120.3 121.3 104.7 102.1 95.0 95.2 87.5 97.5									9 100					87					0	-9	1 10
1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 116.7 123.9 106.7 99.1 94.3 111.2 104.7 108.5 117.7 98.7 108.5 106.2 106.2 107.8 117.7 98.7 108.5 120.8 110.4 104.6 102.8 120.8			500	82		102.		96	92	87	98	98.		93	96	97	66	80	98		92
1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 116.7 123.9 106.7 99.1 94.111.2 104.7 106.7 99.1 94.1 94.2 103.0 106.2 106.8 110.4 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 104. 102.1 95. 111.4 104.2 102.2 101.2 97. 100.6 102.6 102.0 97. 107.6 102.1 91. 103.8 103.8 103.8 97.3 98.6 95. 104.4 104.4 103. 106.5 106.5 103.9 97. 106.5 106.5 103.7 104.4 104.4 103. 106.5 106.5 103.7 103.6 113.8 94.9 99.0 99.7 99.4 98.8 99.7 106.7 98.9 100.3 99.4 98.9 99.0 99.7 99.4 98.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 98.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 98.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 98.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 98.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 98.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 98.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 98.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 99.8 99.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 99.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 99.8 99.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 99.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 99.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 99.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 99.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 99.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 99.8 99.0 99.7 99.4 99.8 99.0 99.7 90.2 99.4 99.8 99.0 99.7 90.2 99.4 99.8 90.0 99.7 90.2 99.4 99.8 90.0 99.7 90.2 90.4 90.8 90.2			86	92.	26	101.4	95	93	98	87	101	97	102.	95.	96	97	1000	80	99	91	95
1890 1891 1892 1893 1895 116.7 123.9 106.7 99. 111.2 104.7 108.5 117. 108.5 117. 108.5 117. 108.5 117. 108.5 117. 108.5 117. 108.5 117. 108.5 117. 109.6 99.8 101. 117.4 104.2 102.2 101. 100.6 102.6 102.5 102.7 104.4 107.6 102. 107.4 106.7 106.6 102.7 106.6 102.7 106.6 102.7 106.6 102.7 106.6 102.7 106.6 103.8 98.2 98. 100.5 100.5 100.5 100.9 101. 110.5 110.3 104.4 104. 104. 106.5 100.5 100.9 101. 110.5 110.3 104.4 104. 106.5 100.5 100.9 101. 110.5 110.3 106.5 100.9 100.7 108.7 108.7 109.			94	86		96	95	97	89	91	102.2	97.	104	98.	95.	101.	103	113.6	98.	93.	97
1890 1891 189 116.7 123.9 106. 111.2 104.7 103.9 106. 103.0 106.2 105.3 90.0 120.3 121.3 104.4 107.4 106.7 1		1893	99.	117.7	110.4	66	102.1	101		102.1	102		103.	103	98.		104	123.6	66	100	102
1890 1891 111.2 104.7 103.0 106.2 103.3 97.3 110.6 102.6 100.6 102.6 100.5 102.7 107.4 106.7 107.4 106.7 107.5 102.7 117.6 110.4 109.5 103.8 100.2 100.5 110.2 100.5 110.3 86.5 99.7 94.9 99.0		1892	7.901	108.5			104.7	2	8.66		0	106.6	104.4	00	98	100.9	104.4	103.7	66	98.	102
1890 1110 1111 1110 1100 1100 1110 1110			23.9	04.7		97.3	21.3	104.2		14.4	103.2	1.901	10	110.4		100.5	6.3	1		106	108.5
GROUPS. 1. Grains and fodder	-		P-			60	9	4			00		10		50	100.2	10			0.	63
GROUPS. 1. Grains and fodder 2. Animals and meat 3. Dairy produce 4. Fish 5. Other foods 6. Textiles 7. Hides, leather, b. c.a. and shoes 8. Metals and imple (a) Metals (b) Implements 9. Fuel and lighting. 10. Building materials (a) Lumber (b) Miscellaneo (c) Paints, oils, g. Liquors, to coos (b) Liquors, to coos (c) Sundries (d) Liquors, to coos (e) Sundries (e) Sundries			-			::			oots 1	1:		:	1 :	us 1	glass 1	9	als.				
GROUP 1. Grains and f 2. Animals and 3. Dairy product 4. Fish 5. Other foods, 6. Textiles 7. Hides, leath 2. Metals and i (a) Metals and i (b) Imple 9. Fuel and lig! (c) Paints 10. Building ma (a) Lumb (b) Miscel (c) Paints 11. House furnis 12. Drugs and el 13. Miscellaneou (a) Liquo (b) Liquo (c) Sundri All Commod		υź	odder	meat		:	:		er, b	mple- men	ments	hting.	terial er	llaneo	,silo,	hings	hemic	raw.	rs, to	ies	ities.
GR 1. Grains 2. Animal 3. Dairty 1 4. Fish 5. Other for the form of the fo		OUP	and fe	s and	produ		oods.		leath	and i	mple	d ligh	g ma	Misce	Paints	furnis	and cl	Furs,	Liquo cos.	Sundr	nmod
11. 12. 13. M.		GR	rains	nimal	airy p	ish	ther f	extile	ides,	(a) N	(b)]	uel an	uildir (a) I	(P)	(c) 1	Couse	rugs	fiscell (a)	(P)	(c)	11 Cor
			1. G	2. A	3. D	4. F	5.0	6. T	7. H	8. M		9. F	10. B			11. H	12. D	13. M			A

5.—INDEX NUMBERS BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES FROM MONTH TO MONTH, 1915.

(Average Prices 1890-1899=100.)

				000	1000									
GROUPS.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Year.	
	1		0					-						
I. Grains and fodder	191.7	210.9	209.3	204.0	2.002	188.3	191.2	179.4	159.5	161.1	170.0	173.3	186.9	II
2. Animals and meats	177.9	176.5	181.0	185.4	195.2	193.6	195.0	201.3	186.2	187.3	184.9	188.3	187.2	1 D
3. Dairy products	177.5	173.4	163.1	160.7	147.0	142.2	141.2	141.6	149.5	172.1	180.6	189.6	161.4	E
4. Fish	160.0	160.0	154.0	145.2	148.2	143.3	137.9	143.8	151.6	151.9	153.7	155.2	149.7	X
5. Other foods:— (a) Fruits and vegetables	115.1	117.1	116.2	114.7	116.2	118.6	103.5	111.4	114.0	122.2	152.2	156.6	110.7	NU
(b) Miscellaneous	133.4	141.4	143.1	143.9	143.3	144.1	138.8	140.1	140.6	133.9	135.3	137.4	139.7	M
6. Textiles	126.1	132.7	136.7	145.5	145.5	143.3	153.4	156.8	153.0	160.6	161.6	163.3	149.2	BE
7. Hides, leather, boots and shoes	178.1	9.181	186.2	179.5	176.1	176.1	176.3	179.0	183.1	183.1	183.1	183.1	180.5	RS
8. Metals and implements:— (a) Metals	112.6	112.8	131.8	140.4	143.9	171.1	176.5	175.8	159.9	155.9	163.0	165.4	152.4	8 0
(b) Implements	107.5	107.5	108.2	110.6	111.3	111.3	113.2	113.2	113.2	114.2	114.8	114.8	112.1	F
9. Fuel and lighting	108.9	107.6	107.6	107.6	105.8	105.6	106.2	105.8	107.7	109.8	116.7	115.6	108.8	C
10. Building materials:— (a) Lumber.	178.0	178.4	178.4	176.7	176.7	175.2	174.1	174.1	174.1	174.5	174.1	174.5	175.7	OM.
(b) Miscellaneous	108.2	108.4	110.1	111.2	113.2	114.8	120.3	120.0	118.9	118.9	122.4	123.9	115.9	M (
(c) Paints, oils and glass	142.9	146.3	148.0	150.4	155.9	158.1	162.1	161.6	160.6	161.7	164.4	1.691	157.1	D
11. House furnishings	131.9	131.9	134.7	135.2	134.9	134.9	138.7	138.7	138.7	138.7	139.5	140.5	136.5	IT
12. Drugs and chemicals	135.0	149.9	157.7	159.2	165.2	170.6	174.2	175.2	207.8	224.8	227.7	228.1	181.3	IF
13. Miscellaneous:— (a) Furs, raw,	121.8	128.1	133.8	133.8	133.8	142.0	144.0	150.2	153.1	153.1	257.8	279.1	6.191	ES.
(b) Liquors and tobaccos	137.9	140.1	135.3	135.8	134.7	134.7	134.7	134.7	136.3	135.1	134.3	134.0	135.6	
(c) Sundries	113.6	110.8	116.1	113.8	116.0	116.0	116.3	116.0	116.0	120.9	121.6	123.5	116.6	
All Commodities.	138.9	142.5	145.4	146.4	147.4	149.4	150.2	151.5	150.3	152.4	158.7	161.1	148.0	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-			-	

LABOUR.

6.-Weekly Cost of a Family Budget of Staple Foods, Fuel and Lighting and Rent in terms of the Average Prices in 60 Canadian Cities, by months, 1915.

	The state of the s	-					-		-	-		-		-
COMMODITIES.	Quantities.	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Year.
Beef, sirloin steak. Bed, chuck roast. Neal, roast. Mutton, roast. Fork, salt, meas. Pork, salt, meas. Boron, breakfast. Bacon, breakfast. Bacon, breakfast. Bacon, breakfast. Bacon, breakfast. Bacon, breakfast. Batter, creamery. Batter, creamery. Cheese, old. Breats, hand picked. Apples, evaporated. Apples, evaporated. Apples, evaporated. Sugar, granulated. Sugar, granulated. Sugar, granulated. Sugar, granulated. Sugar, granulated. Sugar, granulated. Coffee. Potatoes.	The state of the s	- 4881292888888888888888888888888888888888	- 482182884848848868882264811211144 - 6466476464669466614661466464666446667666646664666646	- 488128888888888888888888888888888888888	0.0482788888888888888888888888888888888888	- 748714888488884448888644814188840000 - 684440999766886964814188840000 - 6844099976688608600	$\begin{array}{c} -8887191889894487788495744911411111440000\\ -86667488644977884957849114111111440000\\ -8667749864981919191919191919191919191919191919191$	- 48878888888888888888888888888888888888		. 4446008888824888848484888888888888888888	0.4%12000000000000000000000000000000000000	- 44608888441488428481143188400088466668884666688666488666688666688666666	0.040 0.055	20.00
All foods		\$7.967	\$7.990	\$7.881	\$7.793	\$7.843	\$7.776	\$7.797	\$7.781	\$7.736	\$7.815	\$8.016	\$8.128	\$7.866
Starch, laundry	3 1b.		3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
Coal, anthracite. Coal, bituminous. Wood, hard, best. Wood, soft. Coal Oil.	1 cord 1 gal.	54.1 38.0 42.5 31.2 23.7	53.6 37.2 41.3 30.9 23.7	53.5 37.2 41.4 31.3 23.8	53.1 34.1 34.1 31.4 23.6	52.5 37.1 34.1 31.0 23.6	51.6 37.2 34.3 31.3 23.5	22.1 35.8 41.7 30.6 23.4	. 52.3 36.6 41.6 30.6 23.1	52.5 37.3 41.3 30.4 23.2	51.2 36.9 41.5 30.2 23.0	52.8 36.3 41.3 30.2 23.1	53.0 37.0 41.5 30.2 23.0	38.8 38.8 30.8 23.3
Fuel and lighting		\$1.895	\$1.867	\$1.872	\$1.794	\$1.783	\$1.778	\$1.836	\$1.842	\$1.847	\$1.828	\$1.839	\$1.847	\$1.824
Rent.		\$4.370	\$4.262	\$4.222	\$4.170	\$4.170	\$4.107	\$4.099	\$4.087	\$4.060	\$3.98	\$3.97	\$3.97	\$4.122
Grand total.		\$14.265	\$14.151	\$14.007	\$13.789	\$13.828	\$13.693	\$13.765	\$13.742	\$13.675	\$13.660	\$13.857	\$13.977	\$13.844

X.—FINANCE.

Under the general heading of Finance in Section X are grouped statistics relating to the public accounts of the Dominion Government, including revenue and expenditure, public debt, assets and liabilities, coinage and inland revenue. Tables have been added showing the receipts and expenditure of each of the nine provincial governments of Canada, and these are followed by municipal statistics, values of building permits and statistics of banking, insurance and loan companies and building societies.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

Financial System.—The Canadian system of public finance, which is based upon that of the British, includes a Consolidated Fund to which are credited and out of which are paid the revenues and expenditures properly relating to the fiscal year ending March 31. There are also miscellaneous accounts dealing with loans, debt-redemption, railway administration, capital expenditure on public works and a variety of other subjects. During the four fiscal years 1910-13 the revenue on Consolidated Fund Account annually expanded; so that the receipts in each of these years were larger than in any previous one. Thus, as shown in Table 2, the total receipts, which were \$101,503,711 in 1910—the first time that they exceeded \$100,000,000—rose to \$168,689,903 in 1913. In 1914 they were \$163,174,395 and in 1915 they were \$133,073,482.

Consolidated Fund.—Table 1 shows by principal items the receipts and expenditures and the surplus on Consolidated Fund Account for the fiscal years 1911 to 1915. Table 2 for the period 1868 to 1915 differentiates between receipts from customs and excise (taxes) and receipts from other sources, and shows the surplus or deficit each year on Consolidated Fund Account. From this table it will be seen that during the 48 years that have elapsed since Confederation surpluses have accrued in 35 years and deficits were incurred in only 13. Tables 3-5 record details of the revenue and expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account. Tables 6 and 7 show the total annual expenditure and receipts, including the expenditure and receipts on Consolidated Fund Account and extraneous items not credited or debited to that account.

Public Debt.—Tables 9-12 relate to the Public Debt, showing in Tables 9-11 the amounts at which the various items stood in each year from Confederation, and in Table 12 particulars of the loans forming part of the Funded Debt. On March 31, 1915, the net public debt was \$449,376,083, which on the basis of the estimated population of 8,136,000 in 1915 represents 55.23 per head, an increase of 13·41 as compared with 1914. As compared with 1914 the net public debt shows an increase of \$113,379,233, or \$13.93 per head, the increase being due to the war.

FINANCE.

1.—Receipts and Expenditures on Consolidated Fund Account, 1912-1915.

RECEIPTS.

Items.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Customs. Excise. Post Office. Railways. Miscellaneous.	19,261,661.97 10,492,394.18	111,764,698.73 21,447,444.97 12,051,728.86 12,442,203.46 10,983,827.43	21,452,036.88 12,954,529.92	21,479,730.79 13,046,664.68 12,149,357.32
Totals	136,108,217.36	168,689,903.45	163,174,394.56	133,073,481.73
	EXPEN	NDITURE.		

Charges on debt¹	13,870,863.07 10,281,044.98 4,774,678.00 10,344,487.21 7,580,600.29 28,256,779.70 23,052,987.52	5,109,458.60 13,468,505.20 9,114,533.09 33,006,200.50	11,280,468.67 5,607,794.95 19,007,512.63 11,151,398.63 39,084,656.79	11,451,673.28 6,157,966.62 19,343,532.35 10,060,617.74 42,232,952.94
Totals	98,161,440.77	112,059,537.41	127,384,472.99	135,523,206.54
Surplus	37,946,776.59	56,630,366.04	35,789,921.57	2,449,724.813

¹Includes charges of management, interest, sinking funds and premium discount and exchange.

²Expenditure from Income. ³Deficit.

2.—Receipts on Consolidated Fund Account, 1868-1915.

Fiscal Year.	Receipts from Taxes.	Receipts from various sources.	Total receipts.	Surplus in year.	Deficit in year.
1868	\$ 11,700,681 11,112,573	\$ 1,987,247 3,266,602		341,091	\$ -
1870. 1871. 1872. 1873. 1874. 1875.	13,087,883 16,320,369 17,715,552 17,616,555 20,129,185 20,664,879	3,015,192 2,999,262 3,196,914 4,075,908	19,335,561 20,714,814 20,813,469 24,205,093	3,712,479 3,125,345 1,638,821 888,776	

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

2.—Receipts on Consolidated Fund Account, 1868-1915—concluded.

Fiscal Year.	Receipts from Taxes.	Receipts from various sources.	Total receipts.	Surplus in year.	Deficit in year.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1876. 1877. 1878. 1879. 1880.	18,614,415 17,697,925 17,841,938 18,476,613 18,479,577	3,973,172 4,361,349 4,533,073 4,040,769 4,827,830	22,587,587 22,059,274 22,375,011 22,517,382 23,307,407	-	1,900,785 1,460,028 1,128,146 1,938,000 1,543,228
1881. 1882. 1883. 1884. 1885.	23,942,139 27,549,047 29,269,699 25,483,199 25,384,529	5,693,159 5,834,409 6,524,951 6,378,763 7,412,472	29,635,298 33,383,456 35,794,650 31,861,962 32,797,001	4,132,744 6,316,352 7,064,493 754,256	2,240,059
1886 1887 1888 1889 1890	25,226,456 28,687,002 28,177,413 30,613,523 31,587,072	7,950,584 7,067,991 7,731,051 8,169,347 8,292,853	33,177,040 35,754,993 35,908,464 38,782,870 39,879,925	97,313 1,865,035 3,885,894	5,834,572 810,031 —
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	30,314,151 28,446,158 29,321,367 27,579,203 25,446,199	8,265,160 8,475,714 8,847,242 8,795,490 8,531,930	38,579,311 36,921,872 38,168,609 36,374,693 33,978,129	2,235,743 155,978 1,354,556	1,210,332 4,153,876
1896 1897 1898 1899 1900	27,759,285 28,648,626 29,576,456 34,958,069 38,242,223	8,859,306 9,181,152 10,978,782 11,783,180 12,787,771	36,618,591 37,829,778 40,555,238 46,741,249 51,029,994	1,722,712 4,837,749 8,054,714	330,551 519,981 — — —
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904.	43,389,112 49,015,506 53,661,319	13,771,151 14,661,678 17,021,563 17,008,498 17,162,649	52,514,701 58,050,790 66,037,069 70,669,817 71,182,773	5,648,333 7,291,398 14,345,166 15,056,984 7,863,090	
1906. 1907 (9 mos.) 1908. 1909.	51,565,586 73,325,963 62,353,093	20,064,542 16,403,742 22,728,543 22,740,311 26,094,224	80,139,360 67,969,328 96,054,506 85,093,404 101,503,711	12,898,719 16,427,167 19,413,054 1,029,172 22,091,964	
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.	105,847,804 135,002,358 127,478,067	27,945,178 30,260,413 33,687,545 35,696,328 35,358,041	117,780,409 136,108,217 168,689,903 163,174,395 133,073,482	30,006,211 37,946,776 56,630,366 35,789,922	2,449,725

FINANCE.

3.—Details of Receipts on Consolidated Fund Account, 1901-1915.

0	· Det	ans of feet	Cipts on	COL	Solidate	uı	una Acco	unt, 1901-19	10.
Fisca	l Year	. Cu	stoms.	E	xcise.		Chinese evenue.	Total taxes.	Casual receipts.
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905.		31 36 40 41	293,930 916,394 738,033 461,591 437,569 053,377	11 12 12 12	,318,266 ,197,134 ,013,779 ,958,708 ,586,475 ,010,220		\$131,354 275,584 263,694 241,020 —3,920 ¹ 11,221	\$38,743,550 43,389,112 49,015,506 53,661,319 54,020,124 60,074,818	\$562,923 360,151 840,759 818,743 387,749 876,871
1907 (9 mo 1908 1909 1910	os.)	39 57 47 59	,717,079 ,200,276 ,088,444 ,767,681	11 15 14 15	,805,413 ,782,152 ,937,768 ,253,353		43,094 343,535 326,881 388,453	51,565,586 73,325,963 62,353,093 75,409,487	845,146 715,474 629,833 1,223,451
1911		85 111 104	,838,089 ,051,872 ,764,699 ,691,238 ,941,220	19 21 21	,869,837 ,261,662 ,447,445 ,452,037 ,479,731	1 1 1	,127,306 ,534,270 ,790,214 ,334,792 294,490	89,835,232 105,847,804 135,002,358 127,478,067 97,715,441	1,898,521 1,574,596 1,645,398 1,505,133 1,602,619
Fiscal Y	ear.	Cullers' fees.	Domin		Domin steame		Electric light inspection	rorretture	Fisheries.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905		\$8,277 11,200 7,273 9,449 8,219	1,227 3 1,695 6 1,443	,977 ,591 ,023	\$19, 11, 16, 21, 20,	$308 \\ 086 \\ 402$	\$15,36 21,42 23,85 23,28 28,00	29 49,820 70 59,843 58 40,919	79,170 78,636 9 95,757
1906 1907 (9 mo 1908 1909 1910	os.)	4,334 2,330 4,850 4,784 3,633	1,443 1,883 2,153	,632 ,620 ,255	24,, 22,, 38,, 28,, 27,	$277 \\ 211 \\ 012$	35,10 25,98 42,33 44,13 46,53	54,903 16 58,666 39 —1,989	57,144 90,686 82,696
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915		2,688 3,480 4,039 1,799 3,118	3,775 3,402 3,036	,857 ,027 ,030	24, 36, 38, 28, 35,	$035 \\ 017$	59,80 66,5: 75,30 80,4 82,4	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 10 & 132,38 \\ 07 & 166,41 \\ 41 & 322,49 \end{array} $	96,230 4 106,463 7 110,995
Fiscal Y	ear.	Gas inspection and law stamps.	Inter on inv men	est-	Insuran superi tenden	n-	Militia	Mis- cellaneou receipts.	
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905		\$27,290 28,293 45,290 43,963 49,143	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 7 & 1,892 \\ 2,020 \\ 1 & 2,236 \end{array} $	2,224 0,953 5,256	\$11, 12, 13, 14, 15,	844	\$47,69 41,69 41,79 43,2 46,10	$ \begin{array}{c c} 87 & 20,10 \\ 92 & 26,02 \\ 17 & 24,43 \end{array} $	6 16,967 2 35,706 6 12,344
1906 1907 (9 mo 1908 1909 1910	os.)	52,80 39,22 54,15 55,84 63,60	1,233 1,923 1,925 1,256	5,746 5,569 5,643	18, 20, 25,	669 169 124 424 939	40,98 63,0 55,8	87 26,93 19 37,41 10 39,20	8 6,663 2 8,653 0 5,713
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915		69,955 58,44 70,645 72,12 66,63	1,281 1,430 1,964	1,317),511 1,541	33, 37, 41,	435 482 499 253 562	94,1 88,1 73,4	15 59,79 45 74,39 58 70,15	2 11,485 6 60,600 2 5,798

¹A deduction.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

3.—Details of Receipts on Consolidated Fund Account, 1901-1915—concluded.

Fiscal Year.	Patent fees.	Peniten- tiaries.	Post and money orders.	Public works. ¹	Premium and discount.	Steam- boat in- spection.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	130,894 140,960 152,372 162,715 165,756	30,211 73,601 39,636 72,863 55,880	3,441,505 3,918,416 4,397,833 4,652,325 5,125,373	5,770,071 6,447,982 7,088,502 6,972,219 7,395,377	64,922 89,238 129,609 77,316 40,356	33,877 38,459 28,888 10,812 6,170
1906 1907 (9 mos.) 1908 1909	187,792 144,279 203,012 204,872 223,233	75,261 82,660 71,933 47,643 43,840	5,933,343 5,061,728 7,107,887 7,401,624 7,958,548	8,310,267 6,839,586 9,973,523 9,362,272 10,114,990	160,665 249,588 101,181 7,061 26,130	4,604 2,989 4,860 7,967 6,497
1911	231,866 243,444 257,833 252,724 219,011	50,498 58,776 64,529 54,314 44,547	10,492,394 12,051,729	10,818,834 11,651,947 13,158,078 14,197,053 12,953,487	164,623 147,747 416,745 187,745 268,572	5,585 5,897 5,998 5,421 5,707
Fiscal Year.		Super- annuation.	Inspection of Staples.	Tonnage dues (mariners' fund).	Weights and Measures.	Total receipts.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905.		50,475 48,298 47,402 46,618 45,937	2,773 102,881 58,127 63,163	59,784 65,854 64,852 61,785 58,372	54,351 62,913 64,278 66,325 65,030	52,514,701 58,050,790 66,037,069 70,669,817 71,182,773
1906. 1907 (9 mos.). 1908. 1909.		45,194 33,321 43,369 42,408 41,251	101,446 70,939 127,741 140,669 154,130	60,347 44,705 69,364 66,249 53,382	72,957 54,848 82,919 80,184 92,667	80,139,360 67,969,328 96,054,506 85,093,404 101,503,711
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.		39,250 40,032 38,435 39,817 37,366	178,476 230,174 330,430 510,184 517,035	55,430 60,457 63,663 70,541 72,525	105,816 100,641 111,070	117,780,409 136,108,217 168,689,903 163,174,395 133,073,482
			4 (1)			

¹Including railways and canals.

Note.—For the years 1868 to 1900, see Canada Year Book 1911, pp. 248-252.

FINANCE.

4.—Details of Expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account, 1901-1915.

Fiscal Year.		Charges on public debt.						
		Interest on debt.	Charges of manage- ment.	Premium discount and exchange.	Sinking funds.	Total charges.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904.		10,807,955 10,975,935 11,068,139 11,128,637 10,630,115	102,828 210,865 229,673 282,244 276,072	39,033 52,385 65,295 6,740	2,480,337 2,569,381 2,620,588 2,315,066 2,261,618	13,732,687		
1906 1907 (9 mos.) 1908 1909 1910		10,814,697 6,712,771 10,973,597 11,604,584 13,098,160	331,534 231,690 350,690 326,953 358,294	15,368 12,858 33,130 29,754 679	2,317,437 1,177,147 2,234,263 1,922,525 1,441,031	13,479,036 8,134,466 13,591,680 13,883,816 14,898,164		
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.		12,535,851 12,259,396 12,605,882 12,893,505 15,736,743	374,847 447,457 483,613 460,014 451,324	1,930 7,554 19,375 27,170 103,405	1,203,416 1,156,456 1,384,285 1,371,428 1,645,812	13,870,863 14,493,155 14,752,117		
Collection of Revenue.								
Fiscal Year.	Adultera- tion of food.	Culling timber.	Customs.	Dominion lands.	Excise.	Inspection of staples.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904.	24,991 24,957 19,841 20,995 21,359	18,448 17,101 16,378 14,722 13,913	1,123,817 1,176,024 1,229,029 1,357,184 1,468,093	133,417 158,844 186,356 247,282 276,982	458,383 463,405 478,984 522,361 537,814	13,510 66,261 73,510		
1906. 1907 (9 mos.) 1908. 1909.	27,356 21,777 26,575 20,504 22,163	13,134 9,822 12,904 13,277 12,756	1,548,384 1,222,949 1,923,854 1,994,951 2,025,453	433,135 385,074 562,712 548,608 599,613	555,923 456,774 636,892 643,705 660,465	88,532 132,487 160,185		
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.	21,245 22,786 22,520 30,202 47,239	12,016 11,970 12,090 8,798 7,912	2,187,175 2,443,846 3,150,777 3,849,084 3,775,364	1,804,250 2,277,100 2,462,624 3,286,480 3,701,180	703,660 755,968 843,685 858,166 830,175	226,895 340,295		

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

4.—Details of Expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account, 1901-1915—con.

		Collection of revenue.								
Fiscal Year.	Minor reve- nues.	Pos		Public works		Railv an cana	d	Trade and Commerce.	Weights, meas- ures, gas and elec- tric light.	
	\$	\$		\$		9	3	\$	\$	\$
1901	1,718 1,751 2,659 1,113 1,949	3,931 4,023 4,105 4,347 4,634	,637 ,178 ,541	272,80 498,51 562,40 454,70 560,36	3)4 .	6,37, 6,50, 7,22, 8,39, 9,80,	8,477 1,703 7,434	11,9° 30,6° 4 38,4°	74 109,672 71 121,575 34 118,195	
1906	1,777 1,246 2,703 1,987 680	4,921 3,979 6,005 6,592 7,215	,557 ,930 ,386	560,17 456,81 583,95 625,03 576,49	14 53 134 1	8,779 7,01 0,586 0,786 0,21	1,858 $6,114$ $0,126$	62,53 102,88 91,4	35 100,243 31 150,324 46 160,495	17,145,129 13,797,181 20,727,329 21,632,704 21,811,195
1911	523 1 1 1	7,954 9,172 10,882 12,822 15,961	,036 ,804 ,058	594,86 651,53 686,37 780,43 799,13	54 1 71 1 55 1	1,123 2,33 3,76 4,93 3,87	0,463 $6,180$ $5,138$	158,93 614,50 1,805,4	38 205,224 09 224,345 41 258,096	28,256,780 33,006,200
Miscellaneous expenditure.										
Fiscal Year	tra	minis- tion of stice.	Cen	s, agri- lture, sus and tistics.		lava rvice		Civil govern- ment.	Fisheries.	Geo- logical Survey (Mines).
		\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	\$
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905		373,233 949,230 959,948 984,258 997,718	1,5	597,206 274,790 543,012 559,896 598,211				1,474,919 1,497,369 1,554,792 1,652,782 1,797,060	491,351 548,895 527,829 634,319 979,889	74,432
1906	1,	171,359 867,798 224,510 240,364 246,695	1,5	603,590 625,812 218,242 403,569 983,380			11111	1,911,611 1,487,495 2,088,416 3,283,265 4,268,390	968,702 693,685 956,196 951,728 1,148,048	94,984 180,399 247,659
1911	1, 1, 1,	292,402 300,514 335,243 399,457 469,504	2, 2, 3,	319,905 771,636 647,879 224,780 618,488	1, 2, 2,	256, 901, 086, 006, 289,	194 049 150	4,463,095 4,774,678 5,109,459 5,607,795 6,157,967	760,734 843,857 921,953 1,229,519 1,465,361	261,719 383,343 470,507
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^{&#}x27;Transferred to Adulteration of food.

4.—Details of Expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account, 1901-1915—con.

					M	lisce	ellaneou	ıs e	xpenditur	e.	
Fiscal Yes	ar.	Immi			aran- ine.	In	dians.	L	abour.	Legisla- tion.	Light- house and coast service.
			8	115	\$		\$		\$	\$	\$
1901		49 64: 74	4,730 4,842 2,914 4,788 2,357	2 2 2	70,166 64,738 63,331 17,765 02,758	1, 1, 1,	019,329 057,130 077,815 079,781 173,864			1,172,726 991,433 789,205 1,266,795 1,713,172	578,618 696,311 964,144 1,275,017 2,507,307
1906)	61 1,07 97	2,668 1,201 4,697 9,326 0,676	3 1 1	24,758 95,907 50,048 21,665 38,136	1, 1,	198,350 940,680 276,964 307,245 287,404		-	1,351,916 1,322,075 1,150,610 1,543,328 1,837,348	2,530,308 2,026,642 2,835,543 2,721,802 2,127,944
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.		1,36 1,42 1,89	9,130 5,000 7,112 3,298 8,182	. 2	37,999 82,392 04,332 20,928 32,875	1, 1, 2,	449,961 756,565 818,187 182,471 400,630		93,402 53,399 68,476 80,474 63,441	1,655,419 2,439,807 1,379,130 1,403,189 2,376,984	1,979,838 2,128,243 2,262,735 2,324,103 2,583,026
		Miscellaneous expenditure.									
Fiscal Year.	sidie ste sh sub	l sub- es and eam- hip even- ons.	Mai hospi		Milit and defen	1	Mount police		North- west Terri- tories govern- ment.	Ocean and river service.	Penitentiaries.
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905.	62 62 79 85	\$29,198 24,956 99,286 51,748 27,075	51 48 50	3,141 1,827 3,750 0,302 1,732	2,252,	,979 ,009 ,030	\$ 912,1 948,2 990,0 949,7 1,013,3	216 335 84	\$ 504,388 491,924 802,466 894,151 1,259,412	496,191 417,137 566,547	\$ 456,351 438,073 477,840 448,846 463,720
1906. 1907 (9 mos.) 1908. 1909.	1,12 1,59 1,68	27,560 28,877 90,384 84,683 86,373	38 67 56	0,731 3,156 7,585 6,994 6,349	5,498	038 184 645	1,004,0 647,8 649,8 663,7 676,6	36 367 83	259,520 4,236 5,965 4,305 4,956	679,155 881,221 1,201,805	423,263 594,619 545,113
1911 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.	1,90 1,95 2,38	8,941 4,514 62,525 63,687 62,633	57 53 55	5,909		600 475 399	713,8 696,6 783,8 963,6 952,0	63 88 51	5,744 5,597 3,494 3,666 2,870	1,128,908 1,121,200 1,216,278	653,483 704,831

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

4.—Details of Expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account, 1901-1915—concluded.

		Mi	scellaneous	expenditu	re.			
Fiscal Year.	Pensions.	Police.	Public works.	Railways and canals.	Scientific institutions.	Steamboat inspection.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905.	93,551 83,305 87,925 113,495 140,424	68,981 60,241 28,280 31,084 34,220	3,386,632 4,221,294 4,065,553 4,607,330 6,765,446	$\begin{array}{c} 210,414 \\ 272,296 \\ 328,316 \\ 400,862 \\ 489,751 \end{array}$	90,551 155,285 126,754 125,124 163,727	29,248 27,494 30,172 33,609 50,188		
1906 1907 (9 mos.) 1908 1909	179,023 125,832 187,557 191,533 216,698	37,265 29,269 43,323 44,937 51,808	7,484,716 5,520,571 8,721,327 12,300,184 7,261,218	452,058 390,210 730,312 987,692 805,975	284,272 292,824 576,818 553,921 633,785	41,227		
1911	240,586 245,045 283,188 311,900 358,558	64,484 82,445 97,951 119,892 118,995	8,621,431 10,344,487 13,468,505 19,007,513 19,343,532	635,018 763,007 667,356 732,348 727,206	378,130 447,350 417,391 490,541 501,431	45,353 54,148 63,714		
		Miscellaneous expenditure.						
Fiscal Year.	Subsidies to provinces.	Super- annuation.	Various expenses.	Yukon Territory.	Total miscel- laneous.	Total expenditure.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	4,250,607 4,402,098 4,402,503 4,402,292 4,516,038	324,507 338,764 346,419 355,424 353,261	326,236 1,159,621 543,178 975,776 796,243	274,954 266,932 807,807 638,388 476,228	20,872,966 23,942,961 23,667,167 26,286,625 32,558,441	46,866,368 50,759,392 51,691,903 55,612,833 63,319,683		
1906. 1907 (9 mos.) 1908 1909	6,726,373 6,745,134 9,032,775 9,117,143 9,361,388	356,281 269,347 372,842 390,319 406,877	964,184 576,004 777,232 1,388,504 852,553	405,735 294,023 394,597 353,973 330,431	36,616,476 29,610,514 42,322,443 48,547,712 42,702,388	67,240,641 51,542,161 76,641,452 84,064,232 79,411,747		
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	9,092,472 10,281,045 13,211,800 11,280,469 11,451,673	405,342 417,045 436,396 443,557 461,699	1,129,453 1,307,691 2,252,046 2,022,174 2,961,409	303,675 324,242 295,394 347,917 340,043	48,706,518 56,033,798 64,560,182 73,547,700 75,352,970	87,774,198 98,161,441 112,059,537 127,384,473 135,523,207		
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FINANCE.

5.—Expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account, 1868-1915.

Fiscal Year.	Charges on debt.	Subsidies to provinces.	Sinking funds.	Collection of revenue.	Other expenditure.	Total expenditure.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868	4,860,758	2,753,966	355,267	1,885,804	3,630,298	13,486,093
1869	5,372,670	2,604,050	426,807	2,175,071	3,459,486	14,038,084
1870	5,387,054	2,588,605	126,533	2,351,725	3,891,593	14,345,510
1871	5,591,959	2,624,940	421,666	2,388,359	4,596,158	15,623,082
	5,603,643	2,930,113	470,607	2,912,107	5,672,999	17,589,469
	5,387,850	2,921,400	407,827	3,633,152	6,824,419	19,174,648
	5,989,121	3,752,757	513,920	5,019,139	8,041,380	23,316,317
	6,817,991	3,750,962	555,773	4,904,875	7,683,470	23,713,071
1876.	6,609,051	3,690,355	822,953	5,009,081	8,356,932	24,488,372
1877.	7,005,103	3,655,851	828,374	5,285,419	6,744,555	23,519,302
1878.	7,240,970	3,472,808	945,746	5,388,753	6,454,881	23,503,158
1879.	7,472,658	3,442,764	1,037,220	5,652,935	6,849,805	24,455,382
1880.	8,062,954	3,430,846	1,165,867	5,374,917	6,816,050	24,850,634
1881.	7,819,589	3,455,518	1,250,731	5,750,899	7,225,817	25,502,554
1882.	7,935,848	3,530,999	1,290,725	6,097,969	8,211,563	27,067,104
1883.	7,902,722	3,606,673	1,344,137	6,738,502	9,138,123	28,730,157
1884.	7,930,086	3,603,714	1,403,864	7,042,625	11,127,417	31,107,706
1885.	9,806,978	3,959,327	1,482,051	-7,372,603	12,416,101	35,037,060
1886	10,483,930	4,182,256	1,606,271	7,808,751	14,930,134	39,011,612
	9,970,671	4,169,341	1,592,953	8,376,027	11,548,688	35,657,680
	10,166,905	4,188,514	1,939,078	8,789,764	11,634,234	36,718,495
	10,422,522	4,051,428	1,736,644	8,873,339	11,833,902	36,917,835
	9,887,250	3,904,922	1,887,237	9,182,941	11,131,681	35,994,031
1891. 1892. 1893. 1894.	9,846,205 9,947,916 10,020,682 10,393,572 10,745,245	3,903,757 3,935,914 3,935,765 4,206,655 4,250,674	1,938,079 2,027,861 2,095,514 2,131,361 2,002,311	9,453,320 9,426,067 8,993,925 9,132,616 9,129,416	11,202,207 11,428,136 11,768,167 11,720,821 12,004,359	36,343,568 36,765,894 36,814,053 37,585,025 38,132,005
1896. 1897. 1898. 1899.	10,751,006 10,960,977 10,716,645 11,028,369 10,873,673	4,235,664 4,238,059 4,327,372 4,250,636 4,250,608	2,055,288 2,101,814 2,359,969 2,482,485 2,465,640	9,291,169 9,336,916 9,469,664 9,837,453 11,044,526	10,616,015 11,711,994 12,048,876 14,304,557 14,340,832	36,949,142 38,349,760 38,832,526 41,903,500 42,975,279
1901.	10,970,783	4,250,607	2,480,337	12,503,249	16,661,392	40,866,368
1902.	11,186,800	4,402,098	2,569,381	13,007,865	19,593,248	50,759,392
1903.	11,297,812	4,402,503	2,620,588	14,041,041	19,329,959	51,691,903
1904.	11,410,881	4,402,292	2,315,066	15,593,521	21,891,073	55,612,833
1905.	10,906,187	4,516,039	2,261,618	17,593,437	28,042,402	63,319,683
1906.	11,146,232	6,726,373	2,317,437	17,145,129	29,905,470	67,240,641
1907 (9 mos.)	6,944,461	6,745,134	1,177,147	13,797,181	22,878,238	51,542,161
1908.	11,324,287	9,032,775	2,234,263	20,727,329	33,322,798	76,641,452
1909.	11,931,537	9,117,143	1,922,525	21,632,704	39,460,323	84,064,232
1910.	13,456,454	9,361,388	1,441,031	21,811,195	33,341,679	79,411,747
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.	12,910,698 12,706,853 13,089,495 13,353,519 16,188,067	10,281,045 13,211,800	1,203,416 1,156,456 1,384,285 1,371,428 1,645,812	24,951,636 28,256,780 33,006,200 39,084,656 42,232,953	39,615,976 45,760,307 51,367,757 62,294,401 64,004,702	87,774,198 98,161,441 112,059,537 127,384,473 135,523,207
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PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

6.—Total Expenditure of Canada, 1868-1915.

Fiscal Year.	Expenditure chargeable to consolidated fund.	Expenditure chargeable to capital.	Expenditure for railway subsidies.	Other charges.	Total expenditure.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868 1869 1870	13,486,093 14,038,084 14,345,510	548,438 440,418 3,515,116		37,158 429,664 155,988	14,071,689 14,908,166 18,016,614
1871	15,623,082 17,589,469 19,174,648 23,316,317 23,713,071	3,670,397 7,853,050 19,859,441 10,177,740 6,922,742	. , -	223,456 5,719 4,019 2,253,098	19,293,479 25,665,975 39,039,808 33,498,076 32,888,911
1876. 1877. 1878. 1879. 1880.	24,488,372 23,519,302 23,503,158 24,455,382 24,850,634	7,154,008 7,599,710 6,657,200 5,648,332 8,241,174		315,764 1,388,984 385,413 676,225 949,948	31,958,144 32,507,996 30,545,771 30,779,939 34,041,756
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	25,502,554 27,067,104 28,730,157 31,107,706 35,037,060	8,176,316 7,405,637 14,147,360 23,977,702 13,220,185	208,000 403,245	117,772 201,884 21,369 2,567,453 502,588	33,796,642 34,674,625 42,898,886 57,860,861 49,163,078
1886. 1887. 1888. 1889. 1890.	39,011,612 35,657,680 36,718,495 36,917,835 35,994,031	9,589,734 4,439,939 7,162,964 4,420,314 4,053,159	2,701,249 1,406,533 1,027,042 846,722 1,678,196	10,534,974 155,623 1,333,327 44,947	61,837,569 41,504,152 45,064,124 43,518,198 41,770,333
1891	36,343,568 36,765,894 36,814,053 37,585,025 38,132,005	3,115,860 2,164,457 3,088,318 3,862,970 3,030,490	1,265,706 1,248,216 811,394 1,229,885 1,310,549	68,074 2,093,569 139,963 330,353 399,294	40,793,208 42,272,136 40,853,728 43,008,233 42,872,338
1896. 1897. 1898. 1899.	36,949,142 38,349,760 38,832,526 41,903,500 42,975,279	3,781,311 3,523,160 4,143,503 5,936,343 7,468,843	3,228,746 $416,955$ $1,414,935$ $3,201,220$ $725,720$	137,185 682,881 943,317 501,571 1,547,624	44,096,384 42,972,756 45,334,281 51,542,634 52,717,466
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905.	46,866,368 50,759,392 51,691,903 55,612,833 63,319,683	7,695,488 10,078,638 7,052,725 7,881,719 11,933,492	2,512,329 2,093,939 1,463,222 2,046,878 1,275,630	908,681 1,038,831 1,538,722 6,713,618 2,275,334	57,982,866 63,970,800 61,746,572 72,255,048 78,804,139
1906	67,240,641 51,542,161 76,641,452 84,064,232 79,411,747	11,913,871 11,329,144 30,429,907 42,593,167 29,756,353	1,637,574 1,424,890 2,037,629 1,785,887 2,048,097	2,485,555 1,581,944 3,469,692 4,998,238 4,179,577	83,277,641 65,778,139 112,578,680 133,441,524 115,395,774
1911	87,774,198 98,161,441 112,059,537 127,384,473 135,523,207	30,852,963 30,939,576 27,206,046 37,180,176 41,447,320	1,284,892 859,400 4,935,507 19,036,237 5,191,507	$\begin{array}{c} 2,949,197 \\ 7,181,665 \\ 255,787 \\ 2,640,162 \\ 65,936,492 \end{array}$	122,861,250 137,142,082 144,456,877 186,241,048 248,098,526

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7.-Total Receipts of Canada, 1868-1915.

Fiscal Year						
1869	Fiscal Year.	dated fund				Difference between re- ceipts and expenditure less sinking funds.
1872. 20,714,814 - 20,714,814 470,607 4,480 1874. 24,205,093 302,560 24,507,653 513,920 8,476 1875. 24,648,715 1,009 24,649,724 555,773 7,683 1876. 22,587,587 4,468 22,592,055 822,953 8,543 1877. 22,059,274 808,486 22,927,760 896,440 8,683 1878. 22,317,382 4,503,143 27,020,525 1,131,296 2,628 1879. 22,517,382 4,503,143 27,020,525 1,131,296 2,628 1881. 29,635,298 - 29,635,298 1,217,153 2,944 1882. 33,383,456 1,799,093 35,182,549 1,220,153 4,805 1884. 31,861,962 953,264 32,815,226 1,350,500 23,695 1885. 32,797,001 557,040 33,354,041 2,563,195 14,245 1887. 35,754,993 538 35,755,531 1,592,953 4,155	1869	14.379,175		14,379,175	426,807	\$ 28,494 102,184 2,350,423
1877. 22(059)274 868,486 22,927,760 896,440 8,683 1878. 22,375,011 31,246 22,406,257 1,012,753 7,126 1880. 23,307,407 57,140 23,364,547 1,215,808 9,461 1881. 29,635,298 - 29,635,208 1,217,153 2,944 1882. 33,383,456 1,799,093 35,182,549 1,226,206 +1,734 1884. 31,861,962 953,264 32,815,226 1,350,500 23,665 1885. 32,797,001 557,040 33,347,983 1,666,271 2663,195 14,245 1886. 33,177,040 302,843 33,479,883 1,606,271 2663,195 14,245 1887. 35,754,993 538 55,755,531 1,592,953 4,155 1889. 38,782,870 - 38,782,870 1,736,644 2,998 1890. 39,879,925 - 39,879,925 1,887,237 3 1892. 36,921,872 - 36,921,872	1872	20,714,814 20,813,469 24,205,093	157,122 302,560	20,714,814 20,970,591 24,507,653	470,607 407,827 513,920	+503,225 4,480,554 17,661,390 8,476,503 7,683,414
1881. 29,635,298 - 29,635,298 1,217,153 2,944 1882. 33,383,456 1,799,093 35,182,549 1,226,206 +1,734 1884. 31,861,962 953,264 32,815,226 1,350,500 23,995 1885. 32,797,001 557,040 33,354,041 2,563,195 14,245 1886. 33,177,040 302,843 33,479,883 1,606,271 26,751 1887. 35,754,993 538 35,755,531 1,592,953 4,155 1888. 35,908,464 - 35,908,464 1,939,078 7,216 1889. 38,782,870 - 38,879,925 1,887,237 3 1891. 38,579,311 - 38,579,311 1,938,079 275 1892. 36,921,872 - 36,921,872 2,027,861 3,322 1893. 38,168,609 40,000 38,208,609 2,095,514 549 1894. 36,374,693 190 36,374,883 2,131,361 4,501	1877	22,059,274 22,375,011 22,517,382	868,486 31,246 4,503,143	$\begin{array}{c} 22,927,760 \\ \cdot 22,406,257 \\ 27,020,525 \end{array}$	896,440 1,012,753 1,131,296	8,543,136 8,683,795 7,126,761 2,628,117 9,461,401
1886 33,177,040 302,843 33,479,883 1,606,271 26,751 1887 35,754,993 538 35,755,531 1,592,953 4,155 1888 35,908,464 - 35,908,464 1,939,078 7,216 1889 38,782,870 - 38,782,870 1,736,644 2,998 1890 39,879,925 - 39,879,925 1,887,237 3 1891 38,579,311 - 38,579,311 1,938,079 275 1892 36,921,872 - 36,921,872 2,027,861 3,322 1893 38,168,609 40,000 38,208,609 2,095,514 549 1894 36,374,693 190 36,374,883 2,131,361 4,501 1895 33,978,129 - 36,618,591 2,002,311 6,891 1896 36,618,591 - 36,618,591 2,055,288 5,422 1897 37,829,778 - 37,829,778 2,101,814 3,041 1898 4	1881. 1882. 1883. 1884.	33,383,456 35,794,650 31,861,962	1,009,019 953,264	35,182,549 36,803,669 32,815,226	1,226,206 1,290,153 1,350,500	$\begin{array}{c} 2,944,192 \\ +1,734,130 \\ 4,805,064 \\ 23,695,136 \\ 14,245,842 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1887. 1888. 1889.	35,754,993 35,908,464 38,782,870	538	35,755,531 35,908,464 38,782,870	1,592,953 1,939,078 1,736,644	26,751,415 4,155,668 7,216,583 2,998,684 3,170
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1891. 1892. 1893. 1894.	36,921,872 38,168,609 36,374,693	40,000	36,921,872 38,208,609 36,374,883	2,027,861 2,095,514 2,131,361	275,819 3,322,404 549,605 4,501,990 6,891,898
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1896. 1897. 1898. 1899.	37,829,778 40,555,238 46,741,249	1,272 1,854	37,829,778 40,556,510 46,743,103	2,101,814 2,359,969 2,482,485	$\begin{array}{c} 5,422,506 \\ 3,041,164 \\ 2,417,802 \\ 2,317,048 \\ +779,640 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1902. 1903. 1904.	58,050,790 66,037,069 70,669,817	1,543 3,311,015 9,434	58,052,333 69,348,084 70,679,251	2,569,381 2,620,588 2,315,066	$ \begin{vmatrix} 2,986,197\\ 3,349,086\\ +10,222,101\\ +739,270\\ 5,356,448 \end{vmatrix} $
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1907 (9 mos.)	67,969,328 96,054,506 85,093,404	2,781 911 456,176	67,972,109 96,055,417 85,549,580	1,177,147 2,234,263 1,922,525	818,811 +3,371,118 14,289,000 45,969,419 12,338,267
	1912	136,108,217 168,689,903	524	136,108,217 168,690,427	1,156,456 1,384,285 1,371,428 1,645,812	

NOTE—The plus (+) sign in the last column of this table denotes the excess of receipts and sinking funds over expenditure. In other cases the expenditure exceeds receipts.

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PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

8.—Population and Revenue and Expenditure per head, 1871-1915.

Year.	Population	Revenue per head.	Expendi- ture per head.	Year.	Population	Revenue per head.	Expendi- ture per head.
	No.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		No.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
*1871	3,485,671	5.55	4.48	1893	4,936,000	7.73	7.46
1871	3,518,000	5.50	4.44	1894	4,894,000	7.29	7.54
1872	3,611,000	5.74	4.87	1895	5,034,000	6.75	7.58
1873	3,668,000	5.67	5.23	1896	5,086,000	7.20	7.26
1874	3,825,000	6.33	6.10	1897	5,142,000	7.36	7.46
1875	3,887,000	6.34	6.10	1898	5,199,000	7.80	7.47
1876	3,949,000	5.70	6.20	1899	5,259,000	8.89	7.97
1877	4,013,000	5.50	5.86	1900	5,322,000	9.59	8.07
1878	4,079,000	5.49	5.76	*1901	5,371,315	9.78	8.72
1879	4,146,000	5.43	5.90	1901	5,403,000	9.72	8.67
1880	4,215,000	5.53	5.90	1902	5,532,000	10.49	9.18
*1881	4,324,810	6.85	5.90	1903	5,673,000	11.64	9.11
1881	4,337,000	6.83	5.88	1904	5,825,000	12.13	9.55
1882	4,384,000	7.62	6.18	1905	5,992,000	11.88	10.57
1883	4,433,000	8.08	6.48	1906	6,171,000	12.99	10.90
1884,	4,485,000	7.11	6.94	1907	6,302,000	10.71	8.18
1885	4,539,000	7.23	7.72	1908	6,491,000	14.80	11.81
1886	4,589,000	7.23	8.50	1909	6,695,000	12.71	12.56
1887	4,638,000	7.71	7.69	1910	6,917,000	14.67	11.48
1888	4,688,000	7.66	7.84	*1911	7,206,643	16.20	12.18
1889	4,740,000	8.19	7.79	1911	7,158,000	16.47	12.26
1890	4,793,000	8.33	7.52	1912	7,467,000	18.23	13.15
*1891	4,833,239	7.98	7.52	1913	7,758,000	21.74	14.44
1891	4,844,000	7.96	7.50	1914	8,075,000	20.21	15.78
1892	4,889,000	7.55	7.52	1915	8,136,000	16.36	16.66

Note.—The years marked with an asterisk(*) are those of the Census, April 2, 1871, April 4, 1881, April 6, 1891, April 1, 1901, June 1, 1911. In all other cases the population is estimated at the close of each fiscal year: June 30 from 1871 to 1906 and March 31 from 1907 to 1915. The fiscal period of 1907 is for the nine months ended March 31.

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9.—Public Debt of Canada July 1, 1867, to March 31, 1915.

Fiscal Year. Total debt. Total assets. Ne	et debt.	nterest on debt.	Interest from investments.
\$ \$ \$	\$	\$	\$
	5,728,642 5,757,135	4,501,568	126,420
1869 112,361,998 36,502,679 78	5,859,319 8,209,742	4,907,014 5,047,054	313,021 383,956
1871	7,706,518	5,165,304	554,384
	2,187,072 9,848,462	5,257,231 5,209,206	488,042 396,404
1874	8,324,964	5,724,436	610,863
	6,008,378	6,590,790	840,887
	4,551,514	6,400,902	798,906
1877	3,235,309	6,797,227	717,684
	0,362,070 2,990,187	7,048,884 7,194,734	605,774 592,500
	2,451,589	7,773,869	834,793
1881 199,861,537 44,465,757 155	5,395,780	7,594,145	751,513
1882	3,661,651	7,740,804	914,009
	8,466,714 2,161,850	7,668,552 7,700,181	1,001,193 986,698
1885	6,407,692	9,419,482	1,997,036
1886	3,159,107	10,137,009	2,299,079
1887	7,314,775	9,682,929	990,887
	4,531,358	9,823,313 10,148,932	932,025 1,305,392
1889 287,722,063 50,192,021 23 1890 286,112,295 48,579,083 23	7,530,042 7,533,212	9,656,841	1,082,271
1891	7,809,031	9,584,137	1,077,228
1892	1,131,434	9,763,978	1,086,420
1893. 300,054,525 58,373,485 24 1894. 308,348,023 62,164,994 24(1,681,040 6,183,029	9,806,888 10,212,596	1,150,167 1,217,809
1894 308,348,023 62,164,994 246 1895 318,048,755 64,973,828 253	3,074,927	10,466,294	1,336,047
1896	8,497,433	10,502,430	1,370,001
1897	1,538,596	10,645,663	1,443,004
	3,956,399 6,273,447	10,516,758	1,513,655 1,590,448
1900	5,493,807	10,699,645	1,683,051
1901	8,480,004	10,807,955	1,784,834
1902	1,829,090	10,975,935	1,892,224
	1,606,989 0,867,719	11,068,139 11,128,637	2,020,953 2,236,256
1905	6,224,167	10,630,115	2,105,031
1906	7,042,977	10,814,697	2,140,312
1907 (9 mos.) 379,966,826 116,294,966 26	3,671,860	6,712,771	1,235,746
	7,960,860 3,930,279	10,973,597 11,604,584	1,925,569 2,256,643
1910	6,268,546	13,098,161	2,807,465
	0,042,052	12,535,851	1,668,773
1912	9,919,461	12,259,397	1,281,317
	4,301,625 5,996,850	12,605,882 12,893,505	1,430,511 1,964,541
1915	9,376,083	15,736,743	2,980,247

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

10.—Assets of the Public Debt of Canada, July 1, 1867, to March 31, 1915.

Fiscal Year.	Sinking funds.	Other invest-ments.	Province accounts.	Mis- cellaneous accounts.	Total assets.
1867	\$ 1,207,222 1,562,489 1,989,296 2,115,829	\$ 4,578,560 4,573,957 13,348,757 11,125,437	\$ 10,045,534 11,723,359 14,776,812 17,193,584	\$ 1,486,094 3,279,726 6,387,814 7,349,114	\$ 17,317,410 21,139,531 36,502,679 37,783,964
1871	2,537,495	9,369,952	19,126,531	6,752,187	37,786,165
1872	3,450,482	7,468,892	20,901,517	8,392,216	40,213,107
1873	3,598,422	5,717,694	11,537,690	9,041,164	29,894,970
1874	4,112,348	6,313,565	11,524,638	10,888,036	32,838,587
1875	4,668,122	7,119,181	11,521,698	12,346,023	35,655,024
1876	5,491,075	9,157,464	-11,974,808	10,029,827	36,653,174
1877	6,387,515	7,786,874	12,367,516	14,898,621	41,440,526
1878	7,400,268	4,551,638	12,274,893	10,368,400	34,595,199
1879	8,531,565	4,152,655	13,030,019	10,779,445	36,493,684
1880	9,747,373	5,932,434	13,535,092	12,967,953	42,182,852
1881	10,964,526	6,798,964	13,314,115	13,388,152	44,465,757
1882	12,190,732	11,443,104	13,013,286	15,056,479	51,703,601
1883	12,941,658	7,850,895	13,146,291	9,753,546	43,692,390
1884	14,292,158	28,337,491	7,499,069	10,191,848	60,320,566
1885	15,855,353	34,497,966	7,502,724	10,439,872	68,295,915
1886	17,461,624	8,249,817	7,508,755	16,785,038	50,005,234
1887	19,054,577	8,874,106	7,518,402	10,425,766	45,872,851
1888	20,993,654	10,549,696	7,545,150	10,893,984	49,982,484
1889	22,730,299	9,749,155	7,973,556	9,739,011	50,192,021
1890	24,617,536	6,179,281	9,412,337	8,369,929	48,579,083
1891	26,555,614	6,199,581	9,910,524	9,424,480	52,090,199
1892	28,583,475	5,179,536	10,412,417	10,026,412	54,201,840
1893	30,678,989	5,263,138	10,921,106	11,510,252	58,373,485
1894	32,356,777	5,263,138	10,917,856	13,627,223	62,164,994
1895	34,359,088	5,487,462	10,923,487	14,203,791	64,973,828
1896	36,414,376	6,077,628	10,586,399	14,141,701	67,220,104
1897	38,516,189	6,261,528	10,606,052	15,607,766	70,991,535
1898	40,876,158	6,371,528	10,603,211	16,568,688	74,419,585
1899	43,358,643	6,371,528	10,671,783	18,485,502	78,887,456
1900	45,824,282	6,769,528	10,718,484	17,400,879	80,713,173
1901	48,304,619	7,062,836	10,718,474	20,166,500	86,252,429
1902	50,874,000	7,508,077	10,718,461	25,428,849	94,529,387
1903	53,494,588	8,428,962	4,144,218	33,669,341	99,737,109
1904	44,770,876	13,801,928	4,119,591	41,402,398	104,094,793
1905	47,032,494	12,691,310	4,048,796	47,681,813	111,454,413
1906	48,016,410	12,576,241	4,033,705	60,600,347	125,226,703
	45,981,552	13,223,804	4,033,705	53,055,905	116,294,966
	42,250,209	22,949,146	4,033,705	61,013,238	130,246,298
	38,515,547	22,144,989	2,296,429	91,648,183	154,605,148
	14,782,613	26,216,852	2,296,429	91,098,606	134,394,500
1911	11,196,826	27,501,851	2,296,429	93,904,329	134,899,435
	12,353,282	30,551,851	2,296,333	123,217,665	168,419,131
	13,737,567	43,885,325	2,296,328	109,011,710	168,930,930
	9,144,995	70,819,658	2,296,328	126,133,538	208,394,519
	10,790,807	111,719,684	2,296,328	126,290,912	251,097,731

11.—Total Liabilities of Canada, July 1, 1867, to March 31, 1915.

Fiscal Year.	Funded debt payable in London.	Funded debt payable in Canada.	Dominion notes.	Provincial notes.	Savings banks.
1867. 1868. 1869. 1870.	\$ 67,069,116 66,795,609 75,847,176 75,847,176	\$ 3,999,175 6,016,074 6,950,496 7,768,236	\$ 3,113,700 3,795,000 4,830,000 7,479,353	\$ 605,859 552,326 467,743 334,301	\$ 1,422,047 1,686,126 2,452,119 3,367,072
1871	75,811,163	7,828,451	7,367,341	115,092	4,515,446
	76,486,656	7,974,573	10,510,541	61,685	5,187,586
	76,137,716	8,199,396	11,284,132	51,028	6,119,691
	85,798,049	8,914,514	12,175,579	47,013	7,210,261
	99,961,023	8,398,909	10,778,873	44,665	7,171,181
1876. 1877. 1878. 1879.	112,133,529 122,477,629 121,244,416 128,307,409 137,024,583	8,123,051 8,308,524 8,933,231 9,998,778 11,595,160	11,533,891 10,680,493 10,460,735 10,789,710 13,565,159	43,229 42,527 41,846 41,397 41,040	7,044,118 7,470,631 8,497,013 9,207,683 11,052,956
1881	135,601,083	11,580,142	14,538,965	40,810	15,836,672
1882	132,122,876	10,901,005	15,807,911	40,595	21,768,662
1883	130,187,403	5,924,403	15,997,855	40,359	26,219,108
1884	153,157,096	21,988,566	15,360,281	40,237	29,217,537
1885	154,105,122	19,930,644	15,633,256	40,164	32,979,076
1886	172,247,083	20,382,614	16,297,453	40,084	37,173,814
1887	171,675,736	18,749,402	15,059,836	39,881	40,832,275
1888	176,601,776	17,572,668	16,249,319	39,792	41,371,058
1889	188,239,436	15,511,362	15,426,281	39,768	42,956,358
1890	187,616,503	13,674,428	15,357,893	39,744	41,012,465
1891	188,040,134	11,833,539	16,176,317	39,625	39,400,026
1892	198,804,342	10,362,566	17,282,699	39,585	39,529,548
1893	201,615,481	8,218,152	18,448,494	39,570	41,849,656
1894	207,275,505	7,181,711	20,061,719	39,534	43,036,012
1895	218,225,504	7,095,625	19,520,233	39,520	44,450,499
1896. 1897. 1898. 1899.	218,225,504 218,225,504 227,958,837 227,958,837 227,958,837	9,708,835 9,188,638 8,992,959 8,812,867 8,676,765	20,372,215 22,318,096 22,178,194 24,236,467 26,094,924	39,475 39,438 39,429 39,429 39,424	46,799,319 48,934,976 50,111,119 50,241,715 53,149,722
1901	227,958,837	8,554,365	27,671,452	39,420	56,048,957
1902	227,958,837	9,007,614	32,780,387	39,407	58,437,989
1903	227,958,837	8,886,981	39,006,199	39,407	60,771,129
1904	209,479,619	7,478,081	41,574,783	39,407	62,158,450
1905	209,520,233	7,450,949	47,334,222	39,407	62,017,457
1906. 1907 (9 mos) 1908. 1909.	204,738,351 207,627,691 221,809,568 277,810,963 257,451,059	$\begin{array}{c} 7,838,716 \\ 7,301,116 \\ 7,176,416 \\ 4,769,616 \\ 4,819,116 \end{array}$	49,941,427 54,794,597 60,455,991 79,351,081 87,134,069	39,361 39,361 39,361 39,286 39,273	61,910,622 62,541,812 62,581,155 59,938,920 58,264,230
1911	271,050,678	4,795,066	89,994,270	39,239	58,094,331
1912	282,024,279	4,730,878	113,329,633	39,225	58,219,328
1913	258,679,819	2,190,768	112,101,886	39,220	57,140,483
1914	302,842,485	719,003	117,795,639	39,220	55,567,603
1915	338,369,979	691,503	157,056,119	39,220	54,001,718

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

11.—Total Liabilities of Canada, July 1, 1867, to March 31, 1915—concluded.

Fiscal Year.	Compensation to Seigneurs.	Tempor- ary loans.	Trust funds.	Province accounts.	Mis- cellaneous account.	Total liabilities.
1867	\$ 3,869,810 3,869,810 3,869,810 3,860,646	\$ - 6,575,410 2,224,354	\$ 6,408,780 6,454,799 6,477,618 6,535,103	\$ 2,573,293 3,499,678 4,664,511 6,224,159	\$ 3,984,272 4,227,244 227,115 2,353,307	\$ 93,046,052 96,896,666 112,361,998 115,993,707
1871	3,811,065 3,725,554 3,500,594 3,476,822 825,478		6,595,678 6,655,249 6,686,347 6,752,847 6,822,524	7,951,628 10,319,741 14,477,825 16,119,309 14,984,382	$\begin{array}{c} 1,496,819 \\ 1,478,594 \\ 4,321,370 \\ 669,157 \\ 2,676,367 \end{array}$	115,492,683 122,400,179 130,778,099 141,163,551 151,663,402
1876. 1877. 1878. 1879.	466,388 407,061 400,427 391,331 385,840		6,881,938 6,899,347 6,860,331 6,834,477 6,893,453	14,384,864 13,910,660 13,313,435 12,605,299 12,569,014	593,679 4,478,963 5,205,835 5,798,670 5,998,118	161,204,688 174,675,835 174,957,269 183,974,754 199,125,323
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	$\begin{array}{c} 394,596 \\ 244,936 \\ 200,085 \\ 198,162 \\ 195,379 \end{array}$	- - - 18,985,908	6,941,146 6,999,035 7,003,188 7,055,899 7,041,841	12,424,853 12,596,072 12,573,490 14,285,699 14,219,480	2,503,271 4,884,160 4,013,213 1,178,939 1,572,737	199,861,538 205,365,252 202,159,104 242,482,416 264,703 607
1886 1887 1888 1889 1890	188,765 188,765 179,154 181,776 179,416	1,262,444 1,241,000 5,651,459 - 1,946,667	7,060,526 7,080,836 7,098,644 7,200,386 8,184,794	17,310,531 17,282,987 17,194,048 16,927,884 16,907,533	1,201,027 1,036,908 2,555,924 1,238,812 1,192,852	273,164,341 273,187,626 284,513,342 287,722,063 286,112,295
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	166,960 166,560 166,310 164,732 131,387	7,786,667 - 1,460,000 2,433,333 -	8,217,993 9,113,817 10,111,141 10,205,366 10,263,694	16,907,414 16,407,374 16,407,360 16,407,324 16,407,031	1,330,555 3,626,783 1,738,361 1,542,787 1,915,262	289,899,230 295,333,274 300,054,525 308,348,023 318,048,755
1896 1897 1898 1899 1900	124,328 117,287 78,873 78,798 78,798	1,946,667 4,866,667 - 3,893,333	10,314,883 10,409,788 10,446,967 10,690,278 10,910,056	16,406,987 16,406,721 16,406,435 16,672,687 16,672,687	$\begin{array}{c} 1,779,324 \\ 2,023,016 \\ 2,163,171 \\ 2,536,492 \\ 2,625,767 \end{array}$	325,717,537 332,530,131 338,375,984 345,160,903 346,206,980
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	78,029 76,262 76,262 76,262 76,262	4,866,667 2,920,000	11,305,611 11,593,175 12,181,524 16,105,439 18,385,824	16,672,677 16,672,336 6,523,165 11,920,688 11,920,668	6,403,085 9,792,470 5,900,594 11,263,136 18,013,558	354,732,433 366,358,477 361,344,098 364,962,512 377,678,580
1906 1907 (9 mos.) 1908 1909 1910	76,108 72,599 72,599 64,030 38,322	2,920,000 1,216,667 9,300,000 13,606,333 17,033,333	26,857,181 13,744,817 14,107,439 13,124,674 13,422,463	11,920,684 11,920,668 11,920,668 11,920,582 11,920,582	26,027,230 20,707,498 20,743,961 17,909,942 20,540,999	392,269,680 379,966,826 408,207,158 478,535,427 470,663,046
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.	38,322 38,092 38,092 34,238 34,238			11,920,582 11,920,486 11,920,481 11,920,481 11,920,481	25,069,812 23,309,199 25,954,002 31,367,464 41,291,722	474,941,487 508,338,592 483,232,555 544,391,369 700,473,814

12.-Funded Debt payable in London and Canada, March 31, 1915.

Description.	Amount.	Interest payable thereon.	Date of Maturity.
3 " " 1892 3 " " 1894	26,701,842 23,467,206 15,056,007 137,058,841 8,071,230 18,250,000 10,950,000	1,001,319 821,352 526,960 4,797,060 242,137 547,500 328,500	Oct. 1, 1940, on giving 3 months' notice). July 1, 1919 (or after July 1, 1914, the whole or any portion by drawings on giving 3 months' notice). On giving 6 months' notice or 1st June, 1934. July 1, 1938. July 1, 1930, on giving 6 months' notice). July 1, 1938.
Total	4,888,186 338,369,979		
Payable in Canada. Province of New Brunswick, 6 per cent. loan debentures Province of Canada, 5 per cent. loan debentures Dominion stock, issue A, 6 p. c. " " A, 3½ " " " B, 3½ " " " C, 3½ " " " F, 3½ " " " 1896, 3½ " Total.	600 400 8,000 34,137 166,900 48,666 64,350 367,900 690,953	1,703 2,252 12,876	

Provincial Subsidies.—Tables 13 and 14 show the amounts of the subsidies and other payments made by the Dominion to the provincial governments for each of the years 1910 to 1915 (Table 13) and the totals paid from Confederation to date (Table 14). The provincial subsidies payable by the Dominion Government were originally settled by the British North America Act, 1867 (30 and 31 Vict., c. 3, s. 118), but were revised by the British North America Act, 1907 (7 Edw. VII, c. 11). Under the revised settlement each provincial government receives (a) a fixed grant according to population and (b) a grant at the rate of 80 cents per head of the population up to 2,500,000, and at the rate of 60 cents per head of so much of the population as exceeds that number. The province of British Columbia receives an additional

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

grant of \$100,000 per annum for a period of 10 years from 1907¹. An additional grant of \$100,000 per annum is payable to Prince Edward Island under an act of 1912 (2 Geo. V., c. 42), and the payments to Manitoba were revised by the Extension of Boundaries (Manitoba) Act (2 Geo. V., c. 32). Other payments to the provincial governments by the Dominion Government consist of special grants as compensation for lands and allowance for buildings, allowances in lieu of debt, etc.

13.—Subsidies and other Payments of Dominion to Provincial Governments, 1910-15.

*					
Prince Edward		\$	\$	\$	\$
Nova Scotia 61 New Brunswick 62	1,932 281,932 0,460 610,460 1,361 621,361 6,579 1,686,579	636,670 637,976	636,666 637,977	636,667 637,976	636,667 637,976
Ontario 2,12 Manitoba 88	$\begin{array}{c} 3,772 \\ 8,772 \\ 1,622 \\ 5,420 \end{array}$	2,396,429 833,642	2,396,328 3,643,910	2,396,379 1,478,912	2,396,379 1,406,204
Alberta 1,27 British Columbia. 52	3,165 1,173,069 2,077 522,077 1,388 9,092,472	1,260,722 713,781	1,259,489 732,489	1,424,590 723,135	1,589,075 723,135

Note.—For the years 1868-1909, see Canada Year Book 1911, pp. 265-6.

14.—Totals of Subsidy Allowances from July 1, 1867, to March 31, 1915.

Provinces.	Allowance for Govern- ment.	Allowance per head of Population.	Special Grants ² .	Interest on Debt Allowance ³ .	Total.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Total	3,920,000 3,440,000 4,720,000 5,120,000 1,571,667 1,546,667 2,580,000	15,527,261 12,006,275 47,255,264 59,716,200 7,177,026 3,169,221 2,594,527	\$ 1,702,586 826,980 6,930,000 - 6,692,590 4,968,750 4,500,000 5,200,000 30,820,906	2,179,814 894,801 2,775,039 2,180,229 6,100,520 4,053,750 4,053,750 1,292,431	22,454,055 23,271,076 54,750,303 67,016,429 23,095,136 13,763,388 12,694,944 13,503,007

³Allowance in lieu of debt.

¹See Canada Year Book 1907, pp. xxxiii-iv. ²Compensation for lands and allowance for buildings.

15.—Coinage at the Ottawa Branch of the Royal Mint in the Calendar Years 1912-15.

Cart Class Eq. (10 20)	191	2.	1913.		
Description of Coins.	Struck.	Issued.	Struck.	Issued.	
Gold Sovereigns		\$2,506.35	3,715 or \$18,079.67	3,742 or \$18,211.08	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Gold—Canadian \$5's " \$10's Silver Bronze	770,060.00\ 706,950.00\ 1,383,832.95 51,095.99	1,477,490.00 1,392,000.00 50,000	471,700 1,418,920 1,316,541.35 57,333.72	471,720 1,418,970 1,175,000 55,600	
Description of Coins.	19	14.	19	015.	
Gold Sovereigns	14,891	9,077 or \$44,174.72	<u> </u>	\$63.26	
Gold—Canadian \$5's " \$10's Silver	\$ 145,545.00 1,354,030.00 843,244.05 34,039.37	\$ 145,595.00 1,354,110.00 734,002.00 35,100.00	\$	\$ 55.00 480.00 206,000.00 50,400.00	

INLAND REVENUE.

Department of Inland Revenue.—Under the Inland Revenue Act (R.S. 1906, c. 51) the Department has the control and management of the collection of excise duties, of stamp duties, internal taxes, standard weights and measures and of the collection of bridge and ferry tolls and rents. It administers the statutes which deal with the adulteration of food and other articles, electricity and gas inspection, patent medicines, petroleum, naphtha and the analysis of fertilizers and feeding stuffs. The Department also establishes the food standards, which are put into force from time to time by Orders-in-Council under the authority of Section 26 of the Adulteration Act. For the year ended March 31, 1915, the total inland revenue of the Dominion amounted to \$22,084,931, as compared with \$21,877,891 in 1914.

INLAND REVENUE.

Canadian Excise Tariff.—The following is a statement of the Canadian excise tariff, as amended by Parliament during the session of August 18-22, 1914:

Spirits—	Tobacco, per lb
When made from raw grain, per proof gal	Cigarettes, weighing not more than 3 lb. per м., per thousand 3.00
When made from imported molasses or other sweetened matter free of Customs duty, per proof gal	Cigarettes, weighing more than 3 lb. per M., per thousand 8.00 Foreign raw leaf tobacco, unstemmed, per lb 0.28 Foreign raw leaf tobacco, stemmed, per lb
Malt, imported, crushed or ground per lb 0.05 Malt liquor when made in whole or part from any other substance than malt, per gal 0.15 Vinegar, per proof gal 0.04	Canada twist tobacco, per lb 0.10 Snuff, per lb
Acetic acid, per proof gal 0.04	

Consumption of Alcohol and Tobacco.—The separate sources of revenue for the years 1910 to 1915 are set out in Table 16. The two largest sources of inland revenue are spirits and tobacco, which in 1915 together accounted for over 81 p.c. of the total. As is apparent from Tables 18 and 19 the consumption of alcoholic liquors and of tobacco has tended annually to increase both absolutely and relatively per head of the population. For 1913-14 the quantity of spirits taken out of bond for consumption was 4,762,618 gallons, as compared with 4,999,937 gallons in 1912-13, and of malt liquor 56,060,846 gallons, as compared with 52,314,400 gallons. But for the fiscal year 1914-15 there was an appreciable diminution, the consumption of spirits falling to 4,021,090 gallons and of malt liquor to 47,963,225 gallons. Of tobacco the quantity consumed was 24,444,380 lb. in 1914-15, as compared with 25.735,-773 lb. in 1913-14. The number of cigars was 236,866,542 in 1914-15, as against 288,219,892 in 1913-14. The consumption per head is worked out in Table 19 as 0.872 gallon of spirits, 0.095 gallon of wine, 6.071 gallons of beer, and 3.427 lb. of tobacco, including cigars, the corresponding figures in 1914 being 1.061 gallon of spirits, 0.124 gallon of wine, 7.2 gallons of beer and 3.711 lb. of tobacco.

Electric Light and Power.—Electric light and power companies are subject to registration and inspection under the Electricity Inspection Act, 1907 (6-7 Edw. VII, c. 14), and the production of electrical energy for export is regulated by the Electricity and Fluid Exportation Act, 1907 (6-7 Edw. VII, c. 16). Both acts are administered by the Department of Inland Revenue, and the statistics published in connection therewith are given in Tables 21 and 22.

16.—Excise and other Revenues for the Fiscal Years 1910-1915.

Sources of Revenue.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Acetic Acid Cigars Electric Light Malt Malt liquor Manufactures in bond Methylated spirits Public Works Seizures Spirits Tobacco War Tax Weights and measures, gas	6,037 432,539 46,316 1,434,004 27,314 77,811 71,464 1,553 3,051 7,169,760 6,067,599		93,083 ¹ 1,024 2,319 8,667,666	$118,077 \\ ^{1}529 \\ 2,062 \\ 9,474,142$	116,208 1964	
and law stamps Other revenues.	156,460 70,120		163,958 96,328			
Totals	15,563,028	17,242,676	19,638,183	21,861,375	21,877,891	22,084,931

¹ Ferry licenses.

17.—Statistics of Distillation for the Fiscal Years 1911-1915.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Licenses issued No. License fees	15 3,625	3,750	3,500	3,500	3,500
Maltlb. Indian Corn"	5,766,504 52,080,594 11,320,088	5,676,504 52,403,560 9,474,631	6,637,629 63,048,555 11,696,490	72,170,255	60,905,148
Rye. " Oats. " Wheat. "	484,208 961,071		640,594	712,642	582,074
Barley	3,600 70,616,065	Children		98,146,094	83,288,969
Molasses" Proof spirits manu-	18,531,379	8,682,660	26,885,496	19,690,720	20,587,603
facturedgal. Duty collected ex-manufactory on deficiencies and	5,255,133	4,784,396	6,458,452	6,972,583	6,116,580
assessments— Gallons	7,058				6,407 12,174
Amount\$ Total duty collected plus license fees\$	17,035	21,453	8,265	7,303	15,674
Vinegargal. Acetic Acid	1,771,905 253,548			2,203,822 283,440	2,199,421 178,887

INLAND REVENUE.

18.—Quantities of Spirits, Malt Liquor, Malt and Tobacco, taken out of Bond for Consumption, 1868-1915.

	. K to to			Tol	oacco, snuff	1 9-7-1	
			7.3	101	and		
	7/10/5/09			Cigar	ettes made	from	
Fiscal	On inita	Malt.	7/10/14	Oigai	coocs made	110111	C:
Year.	Spirits.	Liquor.	Malt.			C1:	Cigars.
				Foreign	Canadian	Combi-	
			A - 3	Leaf.	Leaf.	nation	
						Leaf.	
	Gal.	Gal.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	No.
1868	13,772,719	7,685,309	17,181,500	LID.	110.	LD.	140.
1869	12,809,501	7,609,148	23,731,351			CITY OF LY	E STORED
1870	13,810,930	7,290,540	22,636,249	6,896,624		10 84 _	3128,096
1871	14,219,245	8,457,096	27,671,496	6,623,978	46,791	HERE !	³125,842
1872	3,808,291	9,557,328	29,981,647	7,952,735	31,900		³191,564
1873	3,730,337	11,060,521	33,955,694	6,364,876	16,558		3188,354
1874.	4,566,508	10,771,519	33,369,016	8,516,633	129,842		3329,148
1875	3,303,298	11,584,226	33,016,082	6,489,192	67,473	_	3312,470
1876	3,441,125	9,319,190	30,693,447	8,171,552	17,682	Hegalit Si	3334,925
1877	2,942,337	9,115,258	28,878,551	7,481,024	17,390		3318,051
1878	3,007,870	8,578,075	26,534,587	7,150,410	8,244	_	3362,674
1879	3,646,255	8,848,208	27,795,037	7,100,696	7,416	_	3395,183
1880	2,290,367	9,201,213	28,902,354	7,352,487	50,865		3410,932
1881	3,214,543	9,931,176	30,798,078	7,717,970	383,304	4	3524,612
1882	3,552,818	12,036,979	37,910,046	7,909,674	471,298	1	3736,614
1883	3,848,787	12,757,444	39,587,385	8,569,784	395,214	-	3931,062
1884	3,608,021	13,098,700	40,533,102	9,745,705	326,975	-	86,062,990
1885	4,274,722	12,071,752	47,005,917	10,562,381	499,132	2 -	78,869,878
1886	2,412,818	13,282,261	37,604,708	7,563,602	346,471	_	92,046,289
1887	2,864,935	14,786,285	42,630,440	8,248,239	568,335		85,974,823
1888	2,326,327	15,944,002	48,640,467	8,539,160	716,873	-	90,783,558
1889	2,960,447	16,363,349	51,111,429	8,962,667	786,456		92,599,820
1890	3,521,194	17,196,115	45,974,013	9,257,799	632,035	-	98,976,117
1891	2,687,664	18,069,183	57,909,201	9,354,340	442,403	-	101,142,481
1892	2,545,935	16,946,245	46,425,882	9,523,203	468,962	1232 2	104,528,791
1893	2,731,896	17,175,356	50,082,751	9,612,857	515,012	_	114,668,809
1894	2,749,109	18,299,636	51,311,206	9,611,393	390,946	-	115,440,480
1895	2,509,019	17,628,815	50,659,627	9,229,857	538,353	-	106,131,294
1896	2,332,859	18,014,714	51,690,278	9,118,029	515,557	-	108,290,260
1897	2,779,946	17,888,239	68,443,353	9,419,019	804,452	- 1	113,276,105
1898	1,874,479	19,871,738	38,954,715	7,109,507	1,946,027	- 1	113,132,223
1899	2,404,599	21,101,873	56,212,822	7,626,264	2,271,719	352,205	128,919,098
1900	2,523,576	23,309,172	60,284,064	7,514,663	2,523,936	1,126,439	138,041,707
1901	2,707,919	25,108,254	64,723,616	7,325,431	3,165,084	1,203,982	141,096,889
1902	2,933,183	27,623,767	71,440,519	7,679,334	3,007,254	1,285,752	151,780,516
1903	2,979,268	25,755,154	67,608,157	8,060,485	3,204,980	1,771,784	168,290,422
1904	3,481,287	27,335,985	75,430,347	8,615,760	3,041,622	1,550,325	180,485,202
1905	3,112,843	30,330,370	75,517,352	9,151,709	3,140,694	1,903,791	186,110,777
1906	3,545,785	33,250,637	85,699,102	10,190,515	3,208,806	1,926,595	193,827,342
19072.	3,033,439	26,505,831	69,176,871	8,340,652	2,277,436	1,499,582	154,253,260
1908	3,918,657	38,800,380	98,579,733	11,810,268	3,110,228	2,205,542	200,133,255
1909	3,627,266	37,317,964	92,631,306		18,268,135		192,105,371
1910	3,777,156	38,558,210	95,166,134	7-14-11-	19,293,891	1 1 1 1	205,820,851
1911	4,146,452		101,525,430		20,641,947		227,585,692
1912	4,534,785		114,029,523	EIS PATE	23,749,939		252,718,242
1913	4,999,937		123,920,607		25,287,332	destate	294,772,933
1914			133,794,639		25,735,773	112	288,219,892
1915		47,963,225		HILL THE STREET	24,444,380	- "w	236,866,542

¹ Total quantity manufactured.

² Nine months.

19.—Consumption per head of Spirits, Wine, Beer and Tobacco and amount of Excise and Customs Duties per head, 1869-1915.

	Consumption of Duty							
Fiscal Year.		Consum	paon or	m	Duty paid on			
ristai Itai.	Spirits.	Wine.	Beer.	To- bacco.	Spirits.	Wine.	Beer.	To- bacco.
1869 1870	Gal. 1.124 1.434	Gal. 0.115 0.195	Gal. 2.290 2.163	lb. 1.755 2.190	\$ 0.761 0.962	\$ 0.037 0.049	\$ 0.092 0.085	\$ 0.193 0.259
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875	1.578 1.723 1.682 1.994 1.394	0.259 0.257 0.238 0.288 0.149	2.490 2.774 3.188 3.012 3.091	2.052 2.481 1.999 2.566 1.995	1.059 1.160 1.335 1.363 1.127	0.056 0.070 0.066 0.086 0.069	0.095 0.108 0.120 0.119 0.114	0.336 0.422 0.350 0.442 0.428
1876. 1877. 1878. 1879.	1.204 0.975 0.960 1.131 0.715	0.177 0.096 0.096 0.104 0.077	2.454 2.322 2.169 2.209 2.248	2.316 2.051 1.976 1.954 1.936	1.182 0.949 0.927 1.005 0.772	$\begin{array}{c} 0.075 \\ 0.057 \\ 0.052 \\ 0.057 \\ 0.055 \end{array}$	0.098 0.109 0.147 0.125 0.081	0.513 0.446 0.439 0.449 0.428
1881	0.922 1.009 1.090 0.998 1.126	0.099 0.120 0.135 0.117 0.109	2.293 2.747 2.882 2.924 2.639	2.035 2.150 2.280 2.476 2.623	0.990 1.084 1.186 1.074 1.198	0.073 0.092 0.097 0.082 0.074	0.081 0.098 0.103 0.104 0.111	0.443 0.485 0.473 0.365 0.393
1886 1887. 1888. 1889. 1890.	0.711 0.746 0.645 0.776 0.883	0.110 0.095 0.094 0.097 0.104	2.839 3.084 3.247 3.263 3.360	2.052 2.062 2.093 1.953 2.043	1.007 1.045 0.944 1.107 1.257	0.074 0.066 0.066 0.068 0.072	0.091 0.100 0.110 0.114 0.121	0.502 0.514 0.509 0.529 0.539
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	$\begin{array}{c} 0.745 \\ 0.701 \\ 0.740 \\ 0.742 \\ 0.666 \end{array}$	0.111 0.101 0.094 0.089 0.090	3.790 3.516 3.485 3.722 3.471	2.292 2.291 2.314 2.264 2.163	1.094 1.156 1.235 1.235 1.124	0.080 0.075 0.070 0.060 0.056	0.137 0.211 0.218 0.205 0.161	0.590 0.680 0.691 0.683 0.645
1896 1897 1898 1899 1900	$\begin{array}{c} 0.623 \\ 0.723 \\ 0.536 \\ 0.661 \\ 0.701 \end{array}$	0.070 0.084 0.082 0.086 0.085	3.528 3.469 3.808 3.995 4.364	2.120 2.243 2.358 2.174 2.300	1.159 1.341 1.306 1.367 1.455	$\begin{array}{c} 0.047 \\ 0.041 \\ 0.041 \\ 0.045 \\ 0.044 \end{array}$	0.164 0.213 0.126 0.174 0.185	0.639 0.671 0.615 0.841 0.853
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	0.757 0.786 0.848 0.917 0.895	0.099 0.090 0.094 0.092 0.093	4.680 5.035 4.592 4.739 5.123	2.375 2.371 2.483 2.664 2.768	1.574 1.631 1.766 1.913 1.898	0.047 0.048 0.049 0.049 0.049	0.195 0.211 0.200 0.217 0.214	0.864 0.902 0.967 1.005 1.036
1906. 1907 ¹ . 1908. 1909.	0.898 0.977 0.939 0.860 0.883	0.095 0.095 0.102 0.091 0.105	5.484 5.765 6.146 5.708 5.713	2.898 3.048 3.066 3.105 3.183	1.879 2.035 1.965 1.794 1.843	0.052 0.054 0.057 0.050 0.057	0.238 0.257 0.268 0.241 0.242	1.100 1.317 1.194 1.101 1.059
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	0.948 1.030 1.112 1.061 0.872	0.114 0.114 0.131 0.124 0.095	5.999 6.598 7.005 7.200 6.071	3.323 3.679 3.818 3.711 3.427	1.988 2.170 2.340 2.249 2.086	0.059 0.063 0.076 0.069 0.051	0.257 0.288 0.320 0.328 0.379	1.157 1.336 1.462 1.438 1.361
1912 1913 1914	1.030 1.112 1.061 0.872	0.114 0.131 0.124 0.095	6.598 7.005 7.200 6.071	3.679 3.818 3.711 3.427	2.170 2.340 2.249 2.086	0.063 0.076 0.069	0.288 0.320 0.328	1.336 1.462 1.438

¹Nine months—Calculation on basis of 12 months.

INLAND REVENUE.

20.-Number of Excise Licenses issued during the Fiscal Years 1909-1915.

Distillers. 14 14 15 15 14 14 Maltsters. 48 48 48 42 40 37 Brewers. 134 131 121 114 117 119 Tobacco Manufacturers 78 62 66 64 72 82 do Can. Twist 36 35 41 40 31 24	1915. 14 36 118 89 25 262
Distillers 14 14 15 15 14 14 Maltsters 48 48 48 42 40 37 Brewers 134 131 121 114 117 119 Tobacco Manufacturers 78 62 66 64 72 82 do Can. Twist 36 35 41 40 31 24 Cigar Manufacturers 224 231 225 235 253 255 Petroleum Refineries 3 4 4 4 5 5 Manufacturers in Bond— 19 19 19 19 19 20 Perfumes, Pharmaeeutical Preparations, etc 27 26 29 29 29 37	36 118 89 25 262
Maltsters. 48 48 48 42 40 37 Brewers. 134 131 121 114 117 119 Tobacco Manufacturers 78 62 66 64 72 82 do Can. Twist. 36 35 41 40 31 24 Cigar Manufacturers 224 231 225 235 253 255 Petroleum Refineries 3 4 4 4 5 5 Manufacturers in Bond— 19 19 19 19 19 20 Perfumes, Pharmaceutical Preparations, etc. 27 26 29 29 29 37	36 118 89 25 262
Maltsters. 48 48 48 42 40 37 Brewers. 134 131 121 114 117 119 Tobacco Manufacturers 78 62 66 64 72 82 do Can. Twist. 36 35 41 40 31 24 Cigar Manufacturers 224 231 225 235 253 255 Petroleum Refineries 3 4 4 4 5 5 Manufacturers in Bond— 19 19 19 19 19 20 Perfumes, Pharmaceutical Preparations, etc. 27 26 29 29 29 37	36 118 89 25 262
Maltsters. 48 48 48 42 40 37 Brewers. 134 131 121 114 117 119 Tobacco Manufacturers 78 62 66 64 72 82 do Can. Twist. 36 35 41 40 31 24 Cigar Manufacturers 224 231 225 235 253 255 Petroleum Refineries 3 4 4 4 5 5 Manufacturers in Bond— 19 19 19 19 19 20 Perfumes, Pharmaceutical Preparations, etc. 27 26 29 29 29 37	36 118 89 25 262
Brewers. 134 131 121 114 117 119 Tobacco Manufacturers 78 62 66 64 72 82 do Can. Twist 36 35 41 40 31 24 Cigar Manufacturers 224 231 225 253 255 255 Petroleum Refineries 3 4 4 4 5 5 Manufacturers in Bond— 19 19 19 19 19 20 Perfumes, Pharmaceutical Preparations, etc 27 26 29 29 29 37	118 89 25 262
Tobacco Manufacturers 78 62 66 64 72 82 do Can. Twist 36 35 41 40 31 24 Cigar Manufacturers 224 231 225 235 253 255 Petroleum Refineries 3 4 4 4 5 5 Manufacturers in Bond— Vinegar 19 19 19 19 19 20 Perfumes, Pharmaceutical Preparations, etc 27 26 29 29 29 37	89 25 262
do Can. Twist	25 262
Cigar Manufacturers 224 231 225 235 253 255 Petroleum Refineries 3 4 4 4 5 5 Manufacturers in Bond— 19 19 19 19 19 19 20 Perfumes, Pharmaceutical Preparations, etc 27 26 29 29 29 37	262
Petroleum Refineries 3 4 4 4 5 5 Manufacturers in Bond— 19 19 19 19 19 19 20 Vinegar 19 19 19 19 19 20 19 19 20 20 29 29 29 37 20 20 29 29 29 37 20 20 20 29 29 37 20	
Manufacturers in Bond— 19 19 19 19 19 20 Vinegar	
Vinegar	6
Perfumes, Pharmaceutical Preparations, etc	
Perfumes, Pharmaceutical Preparations, etc	20
parations, etc	
Fulmingto of Moreury 2 2 1 1 1 2	47
Tullilliate of Mercury 2 2 2 1 1 1 2	2
Cereal Foods 1 1 1 1 1	1
Chemical Stills	69
Wood Alcohol Manufacturers 11 16 11 11	11
Malt Vinegar Brewers 1 1 1 2 2 2	1
Compounders	5
Still Manufacturers 2 2 2 2 2 2	3
Acetic Acid Manufacturers 2 2 2 2 1 1	2
	265
	41 101

21.—Number of Electric Light and Power Companies registered under the Electricity Inspection Act in the Fiscal Years 1910-15.

Provinces.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon	No. 2 31 17 63 217 17 10 10 29 2	No. 3 32 18 63 228 17 12 10 33 2	No. 4 33 22 60 219 14 9 21 35 2	No. 5 36 25 65 230 18 15 28 36 2	No. 5 37 24 70 262 16 52 39 57	No. 6 35 24 53 282 16 54 36 55
Totals	398	418	419	460	564	561

22.—Electrical Energy generated or produced for Export and for Consumption in Canada under authority of the Electricity and Fluid Exportation Act during the Fiscal Years 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915.

		Generated	Total output
	Generated		of generating
Companies.		for consump-	
Companies.	for export.	tion in	other
	Tot export.	Canada.	source.
		Canada.	source.
	Units.	Units.	Units.
Ontario Power Company of Niagara Falls,	State of the same		
Niagara Falls, Ontario1912	213,658,241	199,658,759	413,317,000
1913	254,286,580	284,950,978	539,237,558
1914	282,123,004	412,597,896	694,720,900
1915	203,633,936	579,915,364	783,549,300
Canadian Niagara Power Company, Niag-	, ,		
ara Falls, Ontario1912	295,125,050	11,903,550	307,028,600
1913	325,775,842	10,986,988	336,762,830
1914	400,214,980	11,420,020	
1915	382,672,196	9,755,804	
Electrical Development Company of Ont-	002,012,100	0,100,002	002,120,000
ario Ltd., Niagara Falls, Ontario. 1912	8,274,600	135,473,774	143,748,374
1913	55,034,200	155,773,208	210,807,408
1914	42,154,000	191,885,670	
1915	12,101,000	262,407,443	
Ontario and Minnesota Power Company,		202,101,110	202, 101, 110
Fort Frances, Ontario	18,920,173	1,407,804	20,327,977
1913	21,233,520	1,094,513	
1914	21,649,327	868,856	
1915	19,190,360	8,069,997	
	19,190,300	0,000,001	21,200,001
Maine and New Brunswick Electrical			The second second
Power Company, Ltd., Aroostook	2,002,557	55,649	2,058,206
Falls, N.B	2,371,446	63,070	
1913			2,903,983
1914	2,846,016 3,054,393	172,849	3,227,242
British Columbia Electric Ry. Co., Van-	3,004,393	112,049	0,221,244
couver, B.C	64,8201	80,152,596	80,217,416
1913	282,383	120,789,188	121,071,571
1913	395,831	114,697,400	115,093,231
		81,629,981	82,027,690
Western Canada Pawan Ca Vancouyan	397,709	31,020,931	02,021,000
Western Canada Power Co., Vancouver, B.C	30,9602	1,154,547	1,185,507
	3,259,693	18,191,562	21,451,255
1913			62,553,130
1914	23,213,891	39,339,239 52,334,262	70,553,500
Cedars Rapids Mfg. and Power Co.,	18,219,238	04,004,404	10,000,000
	28,913,0003	7,599,8003	36,512,8003
Cedars Rapids, Que1915	20,010,000	1,000,000	00,012,000
Totals	538,076,401	429,806,679	967,883,080
1913	662,243,664		1,254,093,171
1914	772,597,049	770,867,048	1,543,464,097
1915	656,080,832	1,001,885,500	1,657,966,332
		The state of the same	

¹For last four months of fiscal year. ⁸For first three months of fiscal year.

²For last three months of fiscal year.

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

Tables 23 and 24 show for the latest financial year for which reports have been published the receipts and expenditure of each of the nine provincial governments of Canada, Table 23 giving totals and per capita figures, and Table 24 the detailed items. The total revenue of the nine provinces for the period covered amounts to \$49,002,216, and the total expenditure to \$54,222,360. The largest revenue is that of Ontario, \$12,975,732, Quebec being next with \$9,597,926 and British Columbia third with \$7,974,496. In the total expenditure for the year that of Ontario was highest, \$12,704,362, British Columbia second with \$11,942,667, and Quebec third with \$9,959,171. Per capita the largest revenues are in British Columbia, \$16.33, and Manitoba \$10.21, the same provinces having also the greatest expenditures per capita, viz., British Columbia \$24.46 and Manitoba \$11.24.

23.—Revenue and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1914-1915.

Provinces.	Year Ended.		Revenue per head	Evnandi	Expenditure per head
		. \$	\$	\$	\$
Prince Edward Island	December 31, 1915	470,730	5.02	510,169	5.44
Nova Scotia	September 30, 1915			2,073,672	
New Brunswick	October 31, 1915			1,626,634	
Quebec	June 30, 1915	9,597,926	4.54	9,959,171	4.71
Ontario	October 31, 1915	12,975,732	4.94	12,704,362	4.84
Manitoba	November 30, 1915	5,472,955	10.21	6,026,596	11.24
Saskatchewan	February 28, 1915	4,687,933	6.49	5,060,234	7.01
Alberta	December 31, 1914	4,235,063	7.51	4,318,855	7.65
British Columbia	March 31, 1915	7,974,496	16.33	11,942,667	24.46

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1914-1915.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND (Year ended December 31, 1915).

Receipts from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.
Dominion subsidy. Fees, Provincial Secretary. Prothonotary's fees Fire Insurance Cos Life Insurance Cos Registrar of deeds Banks Hospital fees Succession duties. Land tax Income tax Fines and penalties. Fox tax Miscellaneous.	\$ 372,182 2,912 1,555 5,375 1,725 6,213 5,999 3,935 6,258 37,138 13,790 1,184 2,372 10,092	Education. Hospital and infirmary. Interest. Legislation. Paupers. Agriculture, Dept. of. Provincial Sec'y Treasurer Registry offices. Public Works Dept., salaries roads, bridges, etc. Sinking fund. Oyster culture.	\$ 29,077 169,695 59,437 41,082 11,680 3,897 22,942 6,410 6,278 112,096 11,745 1,419 5,028 4,418 2,971 21,994
Total receipts	470,730	Total expenditure	510,169

¹Calculated on the estimated population of 1914.

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1914-1915—con. NOVA SCOTIA (Year ended September 30, 1915).

Receipts from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.
Subsidy, Dominion of Canada Mines Interest mortgage H. & S.W. Ry Succession duties. Nova Scotia Hospital Victoria General Hospital Provincial Sanatorium Joint stock companies Fees, and game licenses Marriage licenses Crown Lands Agriculture Education Technical education. Private bills Royal Gazette Supplementary revenue Motor Vehicle Act Interest Public Utilities Miscellaneous.	\$ 636,667 727,224 155,645 106,978 91,882 17,416 11,770 18,453 8,628 10,812 20,183 10,019 12,556 13,319 2,346 2,639 66,272 21,270 1,758 5,250 12,215	Interest Debenture interest Sinking funds Legislative expenses. Salaries Education Technical education. Agriculture. Mines and Crown Lands. Miners' relief societies. Public Charities Dept.: Nova Scotia Hospital. Victoria General Hospital. Victoria General Hospitals. Provincial Sanatorium. Transient poor Public Works. Public printing. Roads. Road Commissioners' office. Steamboats, packets and ferries. Industries and immigration. Succession duties Roads, Motor Vehicle Act. Criminal Prosecutions. Miscellaneous.	\$ 37,572 470,100 41,682 73,447 21,750 369,005 62,407 82,265 50,175 23,066 137,995 100,476 23,250 25,999 11,938 26,775 22,497 235,001 17,499 73,608 31,874 2,054 9,022 12,444 111,771
Total receipts	1,953,302	Total expenditure	2,073,672

NEW BRUNSWICK (Year ended October 31, 1915).

Dominion subsidies	591,905 18,013 34,322	Agriculture Contingencies Education Executive government. Fish, forest and game Immigration Interest Legislative Assembly. Provincial Hospital Liquor license fund. School books. Sinking funds	27,298 47,516 22,054 282,891 44,616 31,005 10,680 335,637 30,021 92,376 28,593 20,449 31,406 405,613 31,861 16,590 13,457 33,990
Total receipts	1,634,079	Total expenditure	1,626,634

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1914-1915—con.

QUEBEC (Year ended June 30, 1915).

Receipts from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.
	\$		\$
Dominion subsidies. Special subsidy. Interest on trust fund. Lands and Forests— General receipts. Woods and forests. Crown domain. Fisheries and game. Mines. Law stamps. Law fees, exclusive of stamps. Building and jury fund. Registration stamps. Licenses—hotel, shop, etc Taxes on commercial corporations. Succession duties. Lunatic Asylums—Municipal contributions and paying patients. Reformatory and industrial schools. Official Gazette. Interest on investments. Interest on sinking fund. Interest from Municipalities under the Good Roads Act Tax on transfer of shares, bonds, etc. Motor vehicle law. Casual revenue. Reimbursement Railway subsidy tax. Municipalities, for maintenance of prisoners. Civil service, contributions	1,842,170 127,461 58,215 78,424 1,736,606 16,965 131,279 15,955 482,683 23,385 8,916 209,947 1,086,767 982,978 1,660,853 262,555 55,353 40,821 92,865 28,513 81,473 20,369 180,225 60,417 7,872 27,934	Redemption of debt. Premium, dise't, exch'ge, etc. Sinking fund. Legislation— Legislative Council. Legislative Assembly. Printing and binding. Library. Civil government, salaries, etc. Administration of justice. Reformatory and industrial schools. Public instruction. Agriculture. Improvement of rural roads. Colonization roads, etc. Public works and buildings. Charities—Lunatic asylums, etc. Grants to various charitable institutions. Lands and forests. Mines and fisheries. Pensions—Civil Service. Collection of revenue, for licenses, etc. Registrars' salaries and contingencies. Indemnities to hotelkeepers, under 4 Geo. V, cap. 6. War donations. New gaol in the District of Montreal.	1,229,202 134,125 37,751 96,816 58,531 228,919 100,500 11,900 611,226 1,114,143 104,000 1,476,725 398,501 341,226 234,000 720,316 617,625 68,485 388,817 79,701 72,036 154,627 86,906 380,000 692,994 95,899
for pensions	23,771 23,052 150,102	Land in connection with the Montreal Court House Miscellaneous	66,000 358,200
Total receipts	9,597,926	Total expenditure	9,959,171

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1914-1915—con.

ONTARIO (Year ended October 31, 1915).

	1		
Receipts from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.
Dominion of Canada— Subsidy on population and special grant. Subsidy, 47 Vic., c. 4. Interest paid by the Dominion (common sch. fund). Interest on investments. Lands, Forests and Mines. Timiskaming and N.O. Ry. earnings. Agriculture. Licenses. Law stamps. Education Department. Fisheries and game. Provincial Secretary. Corporation Tax Act, 4 Geo. V, c. 11. Succession duties. Deposits in lieu of bond of payment of succession duty. Casual revenue. Public institutions, asy-	\$ 2,253,964 142,414 73,359 167,283 2,021,989 250,000 158,735 801,804 121,538 76,571 168,763 455,855 1,831,312 1,615,778 105,390 472,300	Civil Government. Legislation. Administration of justice. Education. Public institutions, maintenance. Colonization and immigration. Agriculture. Hospitals and charities. Repairs and maintenance. Colonization roads. Charges, Crown lands. Refunds. Hydro-Electric Power Commission. Game and fisheries. Public Buildings, etc.— For Hospitals for Insane. "Normal Schools. "Osgoode Hall. "Public works. "Under Special Warrents.	\$ 797,352 291,172 774,233 2,067,449 1,389,933 48,580 685,970 480,639 189,722 220,262 490,673 77,280 219,491 130,859 33,393 24,019 16,986 151,996 33,460
lums, etc	379,900 73,036 452,321 1,346,478 6,942	" Under Special Warrants " Statutory expenditure. " Other Public Buildings War expenditure— Gift of Flour to the Mother Country Purchase of Machine Guns Ontario Military Hospital Other War Expenditure Miscellaneous items	33,469 2,988,445 34,927 500,662 500,000 250,000 95,816 211,034
Total receipts	12,975,732	Total expenditure	12,704,362

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1914-1915—con.

Manitoba (Year ended November 30, 1915).

Receipts from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.
Dominion of Canada—	\$	Legislation—	\$
Subsidy	1,406,204	Members	74,766
School land fund	169,564	Salaries	19,427
Total	1,575,768	Printing and binding con-	
		tracts	44,920
		Revision of lists of electors	21,554
A COLUMN TO A COLU		Other items	32,266
Dept. of Attorney-General-		Total	192,933
Fines	29,986	Executive Council	65,243
County Court fees	29,870	Treasury Department—	
Law fees	27,797	Specially authorized	833,155
Land titles—general fees	228,099	Drainage districts, Interest	
Liquor licenses	121,749	_ Adjustment	133,524
		Employees on Active Service	49,179
Department of Agriculture		Other items	251,107
and Immigration—		Total	1,266,965
Fees	22,266	Provincial Secretary's Dept.	13,900
Marriage licenses	6,014	Dept. of Education—	The state of
Agricultural College	48,451	Grants	665,329
Dept. of Education—Fees	50,077	Training Schools	64,222
Legislation	5,412	Truancy and neglected	
Dept. of Provincial lands	153,297	children	. 34,168
		Other items	137,398
	and the same of	Total	901,117
Dept. of Public Works—		Dept. of Agriculture and	
Support of insane	16,525	Immigration—	20 250
" deaf and dumb	7,418	Agriculture and statistics.	63,653
" incurables	19,100	Agricultural College	169,502
Industrial training school.	12,062	Grants	152,647
Public institutions—farms	50,588	Immigration	18,339
Government grain elevators	89,733	Other items	45,059
Dept. of Provincial Treasurer	150 000	Total	449,200
Interest	153,298	Attorney-General's Dept— Land titles offices	150 700
Succession duties	418,069	Land titles onices	159,790
Insurance Act fees	43,369	Law Courts Police and Police Courts	52,446 67,133
Fire prevention fees	8,750	Licenses	40,401
Corporation tax	210,286 203,355	Cools	53,241
Railway tax	205,555	GaolsAdministration of justice	203,398
Refunds.	19,798	Public Utilities Commis-	200,090
Sundry revenue	12,201	sion	19,657
Land titles assurance fund Theatre and Automatic	6,000	Royal Commissions	77,830
Vending Machine Tax	11,088	Other items	35,657
Automobile licenses	90,000	Total	709,553
Telegraph and telephones	1,765,885	Telegraphs and telephones	1,327,736
Dept. of Provincial Secretary	2,100,000	Public Works Department—	_,0,,00
fees	36,145	Hospitals for insane	278,253
Miscellaneous.	500	School for deaf and dumb	41,626
	000	Home for incurables	70,193
		Industrial training school.	50,299
		Aid to municipalities and	-,-50
		public works	331,284
		Other items	309,916
		Total	1,081,571
Annual Philippin Teach and		Miscellaneous	18,378
	5,472,955		

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1914-1915—con.

Saskatchewan (Year ended April 30, 1915).

Receipts from	Amount.	Emanditure for	
		Expenditure for	Amount.
Dominion of Canada—	\$	Public Debt—	\$
Subsidy—		Interest	693,993
Government and legisla-	100,000	Sinking funds	86,006
tion	190,000	Charges on issue of securi-	205 127
Debt allowance	552,800 405,375	ties and temporary loans. Premium, discount and ex-	205,137
In lieu of lands	562,500		10,598
School lands fund	279,285	change, etc	995,734
Total	1,989,960	Civil Government	325,474
		Legislation	105,692
Treasury Department	467,841	Administration of justice—	
Attorney-General's Dept.—		Supreme, District and Surrogate Courts	
Succession duties	63,736	rogate Courts	378,807
Land Titles Act—fees, etc.	602,940	Criminal investigations	107,974
Liquor licenses, etc	251,381	Gaols	38,451
Fines and forfeitures	46,566	Police, prisoners and insane	203,955
Sale of law stamps Sheriffs' fees	239,778 244,749	Registration of land titles Liquor License Act	287,682
Other items.	16,867	Other items.	82,474 11,769
	1,466,017	Total	1,111,112
TotalProvincial Secretary's Dept	-,,	Public Works—	-,,
Incorporation fees	17,944	Public buildings	355,601
Registration fees	11,441	Construction and mainten-	
License fees-Motor vehicles	65,519	ance of small bridges	143,899
License fees-Moving pic-	10 100	Roads and road improve-	
tures License fees—Pool, billiard	10,192	ments	241,869
License fees—Pool, billiard	7 015	Ferry accommodation	55,840
rooms, etc	7,845 204,198	Inspection of steam boilers	43,503
Railway Taxation Act	142,972	Inspections generally Water supply	66,599 47,900
Insurance companies fees	-42,083	Surveys	42,275
Other items.	41,626	Other items.	31,377
	543,820	Total	1,028,863
TotalPublic Works Dept.—		Education	899,992
Under Steam Boilers Act	30,072	Agriculture and Statistics—	
Revenue from jails	14,962	Assistance to agricultural	0==10
Hospital for insane	21,565	interests generally	67,740
Other items	28,419 95,018	Assistance to live stock in-	23,594
TotalEducation	40,572	dustry	20,094
Agricultural Department—	10,012	poultry industries	34,601
Assessment on butter fat	9,785	Publicity and statistical	31,031
Brand fees	4,139	Publicity and statistical work	33,394
Game licenses	37,604	Weed control and game	
Refunds	3,974	protection	23,918
Other items	6,824 62,326	Bureau of Labour	8,968
Total		Other items	32,039
Municipal Dept	3,223 19,156	Total Bureau of Public Health—	224,254
Transcollanteous Items	10,100	Bureau of public health	34,119
		Expenditure under the Hos-	01,110
		pitals Act	109,857
	11 77 2	Vital statistics	12,256
		Other items	20,360
the tarte of the same same		Total	176,592
Market and the same of the same of	10 // 1 = 1	Neglected children	34,520
THE STATE OF THE S		Miscellaneous items	158,001
Total receipts	4,687,933	Total expenditure	5,060,234

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1914-1915—eop.

Alberta (Year ended December 31, 1914).

Receipts from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.					
Dominion of Canada—		Public debt	\$657,845					
Annual subsidy	\$1,589,075	Civil government	449,642					
Public school lands	219,709	Legislation	118,049					
Interest, General	114,003	Administration of justice	788,443					
Insurance Act fees	50,399	Public Works—	M. XING.					
Under Corporation Taxation	with the same	Maintenance and repairs	212,631					
Act—	e l'estre	Inspection of	6,104					
Insurance companies	50,989	Inspection of coal mines	31,479					
Land companies	10,002	Inspection of steam boilers.	31,414					
Loan & Trust companies	16,040	Ferry service	60,543					
Banks	47,262	Maintenance of bridges	27,539					
Miscellaneous companies	6,148	Construction of roads	27,539 198,786					
License fees—		Surveys	4,199					
Marriage	10,570	Contingencies	4,861					
Automobile	54,190							
Under Theatres' Act	17,911	Total public works	577,556					
Other	13,464	Education—	SIDE OF					
Companies Ordinance—		Grants paid under the						
Incorporation fees, etc	183,138	School Grants Ordinance.	523,822					
Foreign Companies Ordin-		Normal schools and						
ance—		teachers' institutes	43,406					
License fees, etc	22,312	Inspection of schools	38,961					
Railway tax	74,166	Examinations	22,941					
Attorney General's Dept.—		School readers	15,527					
Succession duties	72,010	Grants to University of						
Land Titles Office, general		Alberta	100,000					
fees	348,982	Other items	74,299					
Registrars' Assurance Fund	118,800	W-4-1 - J4:	010.050					
Court fees	182,171	Total education	818,956					
Sheriffs' fees	61,518	Agriculture—	Syral Ell D					
Unearned Increment on		Grants to agricultural	04 050					
Land	35,558	societies	94,656					
Liquor License Ordinance—		Administration of Demon-	15 010					
Hotel licenses	154,794	stration farms	15,019					
Wholesale licenses	40,029	To complete purchase and						
Club licenses	17,149	equipment of Demonstra-	10 041					
Brewers' and Distillers'	DE DE CHA	tion farms	19,941					
licenses	19,470	Live stock and agricultural institutes and associations	17 060					
Other items	20,136	Destruction of noxious	17,069					
Fines under Dominion and	THE STATE OF THE S		27,505					
Provincial statutes	80,409	weeds Protection of game	30,845					
Department of Public Works.	77,225	Expenses re Demonstra-	00,040					
Dept. of Municipal Affairs—	THE STREET	tion farm	51,822					
Educational Tax Trust Ac-	I S CARLING ST	Advance payments—Cream-	01,022					
count "D"	106,778	eries	164,753					
Other items	24,114	Immigration and coloniza-	104,700					
Agriculture Department	279,318	tion	19,702					
Education Department	4,621	Other items	89,252					
Other items	112,603	J 1101 1001115						
	E EN XING	Total agriculture	530,564					
	X ELS	Hospitals, charities and pub-						
	The state of	lic health	114,924					
	mos and	Prisoners and insane	215,635					
	· FEBRUARY.	Remissions	3,860					
	1000	Miscellaneous	43,381					
Total receipts	4,235,063	Total expenditure	4,318,855					
Total receipts	T,200,000	Total expenditure	4,010,000					

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1914-1915—concluded.

British Columbia (Year ended March 31, 1915).

Received from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.
Dominion of Canada— Annual payment of interest " " subsidy " grant per capita " for lands conveyed. " payment spec'l gr'nt B.N.A. Act, 1907 Land sales Land revenue. Timber leases. Timber royalty and licenses. Free Miners' Certificates. Mining receipts, general. Licenses, Trade and Liquor " Game " Motor " etc., under Fire In-	\$ 29,151 180,000 313,984 100,000 100,000 749,098 127,470 79,952 1,755,120 56,652 62,969 90,629 90,948 110,446	Interest on public debt	\$ 494,075 210,443 285,056 1,596,731 63,392 86,329 59,593 8,167 277,242 6,094 18,376
surance Act. Fines and fees of court. Probate fees. Succession duties. Law stamps. Registration of companies. Registry fees.	75,729 41,033 40,251 162,278 101,964 64,815 443,728	ministration). Agriculture— Agricultural Associations. Inspection of nursery stock, fruit, etc. Fruit Exhibitions and Pub- licity work. Grant in aid of farmers' and	23,266 40,691 15,670 27,150
Real property tax. Personal property tax. Wild land tax. Income tax. Interest. Mineral tax. Printing office. Chinese Restriction (Act 1884 Dominion Statutes). Interest on investments of sinking funds. Royalty and tax on coal. Tax on unworked Crown	515,143 260,432 646,442 428,708 190,172 130,877 41,243 251,639 103,121 158,867	women's institutes, etc Compensation to owners of cattle slaughtered for tuberculosis Destruction of wolves, etc. Suppression of fruit diseases Other items of expenditure on agriculture Hospitals and charities Administration of justice (other than salaries) Education. Transport	12,699 49,347 24,000 12,814 43,800 513,564 404,083 1,310,200 57,785
granted Mineral Claims Hospital for the insane Water revenue Marriage licenses Boiler inspection fees Fishing cannery licenses Timber sales Traffic tolls Dykes Assessment Act Miscellaneous	40,297 39,429 27,597 19,520 26,857 34,649 47,469 22,500 19,080 194,237	Revenue services. Public Works— Works and buildings Roads, streets, bridges and wharves Subsidies to steamboats, ferries and bridges Miscellaneous, including surveys Less amount of sinking funds and redemption of debentures	20,370 1,572,894 2,357,524 98,614 2,463,141 12,153,110 210,443
Net revenue	7,974,496	Net Expenditure	11,942,667

MUNICIPAL STATISTICS.

Tables 25-27 represent further efforts to collect municipal The particulars given were returned on a schedule addressed to the clerks of cities and towns throughout Canada having a population of 5,000 and over according to the Census of 1911. Certain municipalities failed to return the schedule and could not, therefore, be included in the tables, which relate to 67 cities and towns. Table 25 gives the general statistics relating to population, area, incorporation and mileage. The population figures are those of the local assessment. except where italicised, in which cases the population is as returned by the Census of 1911. The street mileage is distinguished as between macadamized roads and permanent roads, the latter including asphalt, tar-macadam and other forms of permanent roadway. In a few municipalities the macadam roads include or consist of gravel, rocmac, graded or rocked roads; also in some municipalities the sewer mileage includes storm sewers as well as sanitary sewers. In Table 26, showing the assessment and valuation of property, the headings are abbreviated in order to save space; they show the amount of the local improvement assessment; under the column headed "Exemptions" the value of property exempt from taxes or liable for local improvements only; the assessed valuation of all taxable property; the general assessment rate in mills on the dollar; and the total amount of taxes levied. Table 27 shows receipts, expenditure, debentures, sinking funds, assets and liabilities. The figures throughout relate to the calendar year, and the amounts of the debentures, sinking funds, assets and liabilities are as standing at the close of the year.

25.—General Statistics of Cities and Towns, 1915.

		Area of Municipality.		Year of Incorporation.		Mileage of Streets and Sewers.				
Cities and Population.		Land. Acres.	Water. Acres.	Origin- al.	Latest.	Total Street.	Macad- amized Roads.	Per ma- nent Roads.	Permanent Side-Walks.	Sewers.
P. E. Island— Charlottetown	12,000	836	-	1855	_	19	81/2		131	16
Nova Scotia— Amherst. Dartmouth. Halifax. New Glasgow. Spring Hill. Sydney Mines. Truro. Yarmouth.	11,000 5,058 55,000 6,383 5,900 8,532 7,000 6,600	6,000 Not 4,400 2,560 2,700 2,953 3,200 1,280	15 given. 4 100 none. 10 none. 100	1889 1873 1841 1875 1889 1889 1875 1890	11111111	34 - 110 35 8 20 30 37	5 34 none. 20 none.	5.85 1 none. 3 Not	27.4 4 none. 6 given.	25 46 30 none. 71 15
New Brunswick— Moncton St. John	15,000 42,511	2,093 13,440	-	1875 1785	1890_	30 _	4.35 20	1.1	28.43 60	19.41
Quebec— Chicoutimi Joliette Lachine Maisonneuve	6,500 8,343 15,000 34,856	1,200 1,243 2,860 1,157	45 - -	1878 1863 1872 1884	1915 1910 1898	12½ 15.7 21.9 36½	3 13 18.61 285	13 3.29 361	4 71 29 331	10 23.67 Not given.

25.—General Statistics of Cities and Towns, 1915—concluded.

		Area of Municipality.		Ye Incorp	ar of oration.	Mileage of Streets and Sewers.				
Cities and Towns.	Popula- tion.	Land. Acres.	Water. Acres.	Origin- al	Latest.	Total Street.	Macad- amized Roads.	Perma- nent Roads.	Permanent Sidewalks.	Sewers
Quebec—con Montreal. Quebec. Sherbrooke St. Hyacinthe. Sorel. Thetford Mines. Three Rivers. Valleyfield. Westmount.	650,000 78,750 19,314 11,886 8,727 7,200 20,000 9,480 18,000	25,750 4,857 3,104 1,800 2,000 1,532 2,560 936	195 A few. 900 None.	1832 1833 - 1857 1860 1905 1857 1874 1879	1899 - 1915 1889 1911 1915 1893 1908	485 90 - - 11.33 25	285 60 10 - 6 5.78 4.51 18.49	200 22 - 6 5.55 5.12 Not 8.24		360 75 23.1 - 8 16 23.97 29.21
Ontario— Barrie. Berlin. Brantford. Brockville. Chatham. Cobourg. Collingwood. Cornwall. Galt. Hamilton. Kenora. Kingston. London. Niagara Falls. North Bay. Oshawa. Ottawa. Pembroke. Peterboro. Port Arthur. Sault Ste. Marie St. Thomas Stratford. Toronto. Welland. Windsor. Woodstoek.	7,088 19,266 25,420 9,428 12,863 4,780 6,361 6,700 11,852 100,461 5,423 21,365 58,055 11,147 9,855 8,240 20,426 15,657 12,397 17,029 17,081 470,151 7,243 24,182 10,084	2,550 3,182 2,862 1,242\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	114 River. - - 1,380 - - - - 856 - 289.10 - - - 300 - - - 4,544	1853 1854 1847 1832 Not 1858 1847 1850 	1871 1912 1877 1895 given		1 24 72 64 20 Not 12½ 6½ - 1.84 12 7 - 65 4.2 19 25.5 3 3 20	1 10.09 6 2.6 20 given. Not giv Not giv Not giv 17 3 2 4 63 4 4 4 7 Not gi 11.6 299.16 22.75 40 6	82 30 45 to 50 25 en. 35 56 247 en.	11 ² / ₄ 35.9 66 15.3 25 10 9 25 ¹ / ₄ 138 80 28 16. 7 ¹ / ₂ 15 137 9 33.78 39 7 33 506.54 14.75 40 20
Manitoba— Brandon Portage la Prairie St. Boniface Winnipeg	18,048 6,402 12,307 212,889	4,946 5,141 14,000 14,865	550 Not giv 422	1883 1880 n' 1882 1874	1907 1908	40 60 500	2.50 Not gi	4.00 ven. 18 145.3	54.36 26 12 132	34.70 22 27 253
Saskatchewan— Moosejaw Prince Albert Regina Saskatoon	13,823 10,000 30,213 12,004	9,760 9,713 8,640 8,480	846 Nil. 480	Not 1885 1903 1903	given 1904 - 1906	. 348 105 56	Nil. 0.80 Nil. Nil.	4.7 Nil. 29.89 5.76	40 20 42.76 53.80	37 27 66.60 47.24
Alberta— Calgary Edmonton Lethbridge Medicine Hat	43,704 59,339 10,950 10,000	25,920 27,040 6,853 10,880	992 91 -	1884 1892 1890 Not	1894 1904 1906 given.	115.41 845 38.3	10 105.87 32,83 Nil.	62.69 47.64 1.5 Not given.	160.91 48.57 38.1 17.7	200.26 149.82 31 35.33
British Columbia- New West- minster North Van- couver	13,199 8,196	3,481 2,950	Nil. 447	1872 1906	1888 1907	102	19 152	10.2	23	52 19.5
Vancouver Victoria	100,000 31,660	10,547 4,637	3,833 763	1886 1862	-	360 320	180 12.50	61 64	210 13.2	203 317

MUNICIPAL STATISTICS.

26.—Assessment and Valuation of Property of Cities and Towns, 1915.

Cities and Towns.	Local Improve- ment Assess- ment.	Exemptions.	Value of Taxable Property.	General Assess- ment Rate.	Taxes Levied.
D.E. Librari	\$	\$	\$	Mills per \$	\$
P. E. Island— Charlottetown	-	936,000	4,876,132	13.75	71,813
Nova Scotia—				Harry L.	
Amherst	None	$565,000^{1}$	4,580,624	23.50	108,000
Dartmouth	None	500,0001	2,644,445	16.70	44,088
Halifax	NT-4	15,599,800	32,208,550	20.30	695,912
New Glasgow Spring Hill	Not given 781,280	$\begin{array}{c} 250,000^{1} \\ 200,000^{1} \end{array}$	4,200,000 981,280	18.00 26.00	75,400 37,883
Sydney Mines	Not given	3,900,000	1,776,036	$\frac{20.00}{22.50}$	39,963
Truro	None	500,0001	3,467,525	21.00	72,818
Yarmouth	Not given	502,0001	3,789,700	20.00	75,794
New Brunswick—	NEW COLUMN				
Moncton	None	7,000,000	9,170,000	17.50	185,076
St. John	None	5,000,000	36,187,200	19.40	750,057
Quebec-	Tools in				
Chicoutimi	843,567	1,488,900	5,943,319	15.00	72,985
Joliette	None	1,853,000 2,275,632	2,876,230	9.90 10.00	238,652
Lachine Maisonneuve	None	22,407,790	15,629,157 33,732,924	10.50	263,472
Montreal	3,928,180	216,477,675	615,537,408	14.00	10,813,403
Quebec	Not given	17,917,025	66,418,338	Not given	1,400,000
Sherbrooke	_	5,356,750	10,322,660	19.50	177,864
St. Hyacinthe	None	$1,104,400^{2}$	4,031,887	7.50	44,535
Sorel	NT -	1,619,200	2,611,750	7.50	45,885
Thetford Mines	None Not given	1,779,250 6,551,625	2,510,980 $14,795,425$	7.50 16.00	52,906
Three Rivers Valleyfield	Not given	958,400	5,266,975	13.50	262,639 44,105
Westmount	106,182	9,125,380	53,495,880		501,624
Ontario—			1.50		
Barrie	3,363	481,300	3,537,059	28.00	99,442
Berlin	79,416	1,455,549	10,158,688	24.50	359,5243
Brantford	75,961	2,879,350	18,370,060	26.00	513,514
Brockville	Not circa	737,920 Not given	4,211,091 7,765,564	28.25 26.00	152,217 254,170
ChathamCobourg	Not given 6,676	718,800	2,176,526	30.00	71,603
Collingwood	139,925	594,262	3,233,000	35.00	113,155
Cornwall	-	374,075	2,116,419	21.00	67,287
. Galt	7,513,287	1,489,685	7,216,767	28.00	216,874
Hamilton	233,430	18,309,698	79,495,642	21.00	1,715,275
Kenora	6,444	1,018,025	6,366,052	18.52	91,258
Kingston	2,400,761 $12,660$	4,469,455 694,908	10,785,604 39,509,797	25.00 28.50	352,297 1,257,019
London	12,000	656,100	8,641,768	25.00	208.493
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

 $^{^1\}mathrm{Value}$ of property exempt from taxes only. $^3\mathrm{Less}$ local improvements. $^2\mathrm{Liable}$ for local improvements only.

26.—Assessment and Valuation of Property of Cities and Towns 1915—concluded.

Cities and Towns.	Local Improve- ment Assess- ment.	Exemptions.	Value of Taxable Pro- perty.	General Assess- ment Rate.	Taxes Levied
	\$	\$	\$	Millsper\$	\$
Ontario—con. North Bay Oshawa	7,097 12,236	772,550 390,465	5,765,460 4,132,874	26.00 25.00	167,110 116,738
Ottawa	194,673		105,109,570	19.30P.S. 23.10 S.S.	2,681,843
Pembroke	6,602	550,100	3,835,990	25.00	95,871
Peterboro	137,674	2,366,700 5,016,125	13,161,405 32,747,170	25.30 22.00	338,643 687,272
Sault Ste. Marie	21,582	734,025	10,845,175	20.00	238,256
St. Thomas Stratford	54,536	1,619,150 2,021,550	10,283,536 8,900,831	25.00 27.00	251.398 280,382
Toronto	1,465,257 $20,000$	74,614,705 706,965	485,349,876 5,237,160	23.00 30.00	12,987,596 160,000
Windsor	88,708	2,792,675	21,513,875	22.00	521,454
Woodstock	16,574	1,171,000	5,034,056	24.90	148,419
Manitoba—	110 700	4 000 500	1/2 001 707	05.00	504.914
BrandonPortage la Prairie—	112,769	4,030,532 1,562,569	15,661,767 6,588,050	$25.00 \\ 25.00$	
St. Boniface	1,434,354	3,325,330 47,360,610	21,734,450 288,451,340		614,438
	1,404,004	41,000,010	200,401,040		
Saskatchewan—				(17.30Gen ¹)
Moosejaw	74,729	5,894,5631	35,086,424		1,277,822
Prince Albert	53,295	2,769,325	25,969,374	15.40	399,789
				24.70 P.S.	
Regina	187,974	19,673,190	78,585,309	25.50	1,554,726
Mary and the second			indigrant.	S.S. 15.77	
Saskatoon	G. G	3,528,370	48,207,715	P.S. 16.27	728,006
				S.S.	
Alberta— Edmonton		17,702,130	187,682,470	16.75	3,359,966
Lethbridge	33,015	7,519,005	15,112,980	14.60	487,297
Medicine Hat	40,751 419,511	2,109,540 Not given	19,241,860 85,045,193	25.50 19.50	576,746 2,221,917
		ANALES E		-	
British Columbia—				(24.00	200 015
New Westminster	71,976	4,526,123	16,577,850	gross 20.00 net	399,918
North Vancouver	109,337	4,324,375	16,661,570	16.04	364,075
Vancouver Victoria	1,025,590 725,032	74,895,475 18,510,415 ¹	214,358,910 108,942,580	22.00 18.10	4,233,648
			YEVE TEXTO		

¹Value of property exempt from taxes only. Note.—P.S.—Public School rate S.S.—Separate School rate.

MUNICIPAL STATISTICS.

27.—Receipts, Expenditure, Assets and Liabilities of Cities and Towns, 1915.

Cities and Towns.	Receipts.	Expenditure.	General Deben- tures.	Local Improve- ment Deben- tures.	Sinking Funds.	Total Assets.	Total Liabili- ties.
Prince Edward Island— Charlottetown	\$ 82,211	\$ 112,092	\$ 401,000	\$ 238,500	\$ 55,679	\$ 885,537	\$ 639,500
Nova Scotia— Amherst Dartmouth Halifax New Glasgow Spring Hill Sydney Mines Truro Yarmouth	332,409 136,891 815,584 203,879 36,505 97,709 105,187 104,791	7332,409 131,485 1,438,312 203,879 37,883 95,494 108,288 100,854	919,500 - 673,750 219,000 - 654,410 443,500	387,400 58,000 79,000 266,500 None.	114,000 27,191 542,883 51,440 16,479 39,448 144,835 10,311	1,066,780 575,604 4,994,553 818,455 282,399 376,358 832,734 545,811	989,368 406,503 5,651,0901 733,483 217,355 294,4892 654,410 443,626
New Brunswick— Moncton St. John	255,493 1,817,124	262,684 1,772,025	1,638,492 4,928,370	None.	100,642 1,072,372	2,030,054 7,421,286	1,698,492 4,976,841
Quebec— Chicoutimi. Joliette. Lachine. Maisonneuve Montreal Quebec. Sherbrooke St. Hyacinthe Sorel. Thetford Mines. Three Rivers. Valleyfield Westmount.	1,919,028 320,654 64,711 72,900 94,849	311,827 226,019 640,153 4,658,537 12,960,032 2,166,666 365,805 81,829 94,299 89,032 727,781 79,925 914,606	2,202,000 14,700,723 13,638,034 353,034 545,000 289,362 2,160,500	90,800,465 1,582,000 None. None.	21,132 18,317 1,036,715 175,533 206,505 3,477 none. 5,000 222,856 7,000 554,506	903,516 741,730 2,493,706 23,940,793 Not given 14,976,918 2,684,891 657,221 467,628 3,269,048 741,477 6,142,121	957,529 493,895 2,294,898 25,610,738 95,603,108 Not given 1,949,355 Not given 697,649 371,358 3,234,935 686,788 5,169,975
Ontario— Barrie Berlin Brantford Brockwille Chatham Cobourg Collingwood Cornwall Galt Hamilton Kenora Kingston London Nisgara Falls North Bay Oshawa Ottawa Ottawa Pembroke Peterboro Port Arthur Sault Ste. Marie St. Thomas Stratford Toronto Welland Windsor Woodstock	169,051	1,395,334 171,912 562,760 169,051 215,798 98,764 304,262 2,580,908 232,421 344,690 1,127,266 248,365	822,518,678 676,572 546,992 204,780 412,144 191,142,144 191,142,147 191,142,147 191,142,147 191,142,147 191,142,147 191,142,147 191,142,147 191,142,147 191,142,147 191,147 19	565,093 855,593 223,977 388,982 21,306 99,144 46,877 2,207,849 93,028 489,001 595,708 487,593 263,539 282,544 9,016,031 324,482 1,746,394 426,887 201,000 707,179	None. 810,629 259,506 none. 17,534 none. 378,204 1,589,883 153,248 525,222 None. None. 3,283,311 41,779 439,122 906,685 210,478 30,000 10,626 214,000 10,826 284,765	544,542 3,115,207 4,201,064 1,607,826 1,554,766 338,548 26,049 393,240 2,029,475 17,736,144 1,390,468 3,433,209 96,735 616,827 18,703,687 690,438 2,336,356 5,906,657 237,366 1,707,779 2,751,650 113,881,574 1,119,182 3,970,800 1,134,992	474,351 2,391,113 3,604,902 988,386 1,101,990 226,0863 46,141 258,350 1,544,891 13,267,021 1,001,531 903,258 641,396 16,772,797 458,093 1,949,605 152,219 Not given 2,118,186 107,496,910 1,005,639 2,079,651 811,816
Manitoba— Brandon. Portage la Prairie. St. Boniface. Winnipeg.	520,528 135,735 ⁵ 626,937 6,791,727	525,644 123,774 ⁵ 680,737 6 ,702,092	1,769,039 251,000 1,518,894 12,069,818	1,101,599 93,700 2,397,038 29,980,506 ⁷	607,078 56,3266 731,128 5,772,331	3,754,582 1,241,943 4,974,039 63,130,797	3,207,984 1,212,035 4,748,490 53,232,350

28.—Financial Statistics of Electrical Installations of Municipalities Served by the Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission, 1914.

(From the Annual Report for 1914 of the Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission.)

			Dimen				- BV
Mr. 1.1. 114	Manakha	Cost of	Debentures	Operation	Fixed	Total	Danamus
Municipality.	Months.	Plant.	Construction	and	Charges.	Operation.	Revenue.
			Overdraft.	Maintenance	Charges.	Operation.	
			Overdiano.				
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Toronto	12	6,183,375	5,399,132 922,528 566,973	864.693	325,552	1,190,245 186,206	1,482,727 234,179
Hamilton	12	6,183,375 981,027	922,528	139,807 122,460	325,552 46,399	186,206	234,179
Ottawa	12	831.852	566,973	122,460	38,003	160,463	202,911
LondonBrantford	12	654,230	584,530	161,936	35,127	197,063	269,852
Brantford	9	216,029	210,377	19,878	7,444	27,322	35,496
Windsor	4	177,680	177,680	7,592	666	8,258	8,258
Peterboro	3 12	135,207	127,016	19,499	2,026	21,525	26,506
BerlinPort Arthur	12	320,784	250,817	61,901 83,566	18,719 40,490	80,620 124,056	104,751 179,295
St. Thomas	12	658,792	509,678	52 511	7 406	59,917	82,844
Stratford	12	162,074 180,495 203,868	90,833 133,999	52,511 37,735 46,331	7,406 12,990	50,725	61,475
Guelph	12	203.868	114,423	46,331	10,273	56,604	82,099
Guelph St. Catharines	3	112,626	110,710	13,136	1,106	14,242	16,158
Galt	12	220,825	169,860	31,233	10,337	41,570	60,996
Woodstock	12	144,810	74,849	29,996	7,219	37,215	48,041
Barrie	12	103,350	53,436	16,992	6,052	23,044	29,037
Welland	12	83,890	81,929	12,337	5,080	17,417	19,442
Barrie	12	58,260	35,362	14,321	4,370	18,691	25,226 22,216
Ingorgoli	12 12	02 021	40,789 73,302	11,221 15,720	4,267 5,199	15,488 20,919	28,475
Ingersoll	12	75,934 93,981 97,595	71,055	24,009	7,301	31,310	36,384
Dundas	12	61,196	51,728	9,240	4,361	13,601	16,905
Goderich	12	74,208	51,891	9,087	4,182	13,269	18,159
Waterloo	12	90,710	62,503	16,079	3,473	19,552	28,447
Walkerville	5	99,443	98,422	9,331	1,908	11.239	12,289
Paris	12	0.4 800	62,974	7,428	5,850	13,278	13,067
Penetang	12	42,436 63,381 78,248 37,546	28,859	10,750	1,986	13,278 12,736 17,362	15,019
St. Marys	12	68,381	44,901	12,704	4,658	17,362	23,399
St. Marys. Brampton. Tilsonburg. Hespeler	12	78,248	64,897	15,718	4,936	20,654 14,211	25,713 17,577
Tilsonburg	12 12	30,180	33,907 28,452	11,484 7,419	2,727 3,144	10,563	12,164
Prescott	12	51,938	19,720	7,453	1,722	9,175	12,077
Weston	12	31,975	19,588	8,643	1,589	10,232	13,368
Elmira	13	18,064	19,747	4,382	1,425	5,807	7,546
Clinton	9	36.025	35,738	4,645	1,838	6,483	6,413 17,319
Milton Georgetown	12	27,185 22,381	22,510	8,964	2,277	11,241	17,319
Georgetown	12	22,381	19,747	5,399	1,467	6,866	10,252
Seaforth	12	28,631 21,664	23,609	10,892	1,704	12,596	14,736
Mimico Mitchell	12	21,664	18,574	3,619	1,561	5,180	7,098 11,521
Mitchell	12 12	25,742 24,236	10,095 16,838	6,298 6,253	2,224 1,173	8,522 7,426	10,220
New Hamburg	12	15,511	10,289	3,471	1,124	4,595	5,443
Acton	1	13,771	16,000	- 0,111	1,122		- 0,110
Fergus Norwich Elora	12	14,772	13,199	3,994	961	4,955	7,001
Elora	1	11,387	11,500	224	125	349	379
Pt. Dalhousie	12	11,875	11,647	3,825	726	4,552	4,966
Caledonia	12	6,031 10,867	4,624	864	123	987	1,849
Winchester	12	10,867	9,581	2,061	542	2,603	4,472
Stayner	12	10,110	8,496	2,910	785	3,695	4,064
Beaverton New Toronto	12	9,845 7,763	10,000 7,880	740	178	918	1,253
Hagersville	12	8,468	7,910	3,755	384	4,139	5,101
Port Credit	12	11,317	8 445	1,898	572	2,470	3,581
Cannington	_	9,410	12,000 17,828 4,931 7,297		-	-	-
Port Stanley	12	20,448	17,828	4,667	1,233	5,900	8,110
Chesterville	12	5,150	4,931	1,167	344	1,511	1,787
Waterdown	12	9,308	7,297	1,985	723	2,708	3,530
Elmvale	12	7,492	0,784	1,674	434	2,108 5,450	2,631 6,534
Streetsville	12	5,917	5,110	5,125	325	5,450	0,004
Baden. Streetsville Sunderland		5,929 4,957	5,929 5,800	THE PARTY OF THE P			_
Creemore	2	4,718	4,603	168	21	189	403
Creemore	12	8,458	5,692	3,585	501	4,086	6,385
Woodville	-	3,322	5,692 4,000	-	-	-	-
Rockwood	12	5,856	4,042	1,269	413	1,632	2,940
Coldwater	12	8,112	6,904	1,136	482	1,618	2,589
Thamesford	10	4,996	4,705	1,190	250	1,440	2,036
Thorndale	10	2,795	2,532	638	110	748	1,069 8,151
Toronto Twps	17	778	-	3,744	1,359	5,103	0,101
Totals		12 901 126	10,751,706	2,012,752	661,946	2,674,699	3,433,931
Totals	1	112,301,120	(10,101,100	1 4,014,134	001,340	2,012,000	. 3,200,002

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS.

28.—Financial Statistics of Electrical Installations of Municipalities Served by the Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission, 1914—concluded.

(From the Annual Report for 1914 of the Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission.)

Surplus.	Depreciation Charge.	Surplus less Deprecia- tion Charge.	Assets.	Liabilities	Reserves ¹ .	Ratio of Net Debt to total Assets.	Municipality.
		\$	0	2			
202 482	\$ 147,181 21,054	145 201	7,681,745 1,095,537	6 907 509	\$ 784,243	p.c. 90.0	Tononto
292,482 47,973	21.054	145,301 26,919 9,798 45,201	1,001,740	6,897,502 1,008,669 653,324 584,530	96 969	90.0	Toronto
42.448	32 650	0 708	079 744	653 324	86,868	87.0	Hamilton
42,448 72,789	32,650 27,588	45 201	972,744 752,184 222,413	584 530	319,420 167,654 12,036	91.8 67.2 77.7	Ottawa London Brantford Windsor Peterboro
8,174	6,000	2,174	222 413	210,377	12 036	93.8	Brantford
-	-	-	201,162	201,162	-	100.0	Windsor
4,981		4,981	146,047	138,926	7,121	95.1	Peterboro
24,131	12,884	11,247 38,769	358,988	260,150	98,828	72.5	Berlin Port Arthur St. Thomas Stratford Guelph St. Catharines Galt Woodstock
55,239	16,470	38,769	701,827 198,736	553,113	148,714	78.8	Port Arthur
22,927 10,750	7,350	15,577	198,736	98,951 146,865 131,882 116,521 184,762	99,785	49.8	St. Thomas
10,750	4,631	6,119 15,295	204.042	146,865	57,177	72.0 52.1	Stratford
25,495	10,200	15,295	252,887 120,505	131,882	121,005	52.1	
1,916 19,426	850 10,600	1,066 8,826	239,184	110,521	3,984	96.7	St. Catharines
10,826	6,450	4,376	185,443	107,386	54,422 78,057	77.2	Woodstook
5,993	3,500	2,493	115,938	53 436	62,502	57.9 46.1	Woodstock
2,025	0,000	2,025	89,642	87 233	2,409	97.3	Wolland
6,535	2,400	4,135	66 478	39.528	26,950	59.5	Collingwood
6,728	3,200	3,528	86,022	41.389	44,633	48.1	Midland
7,556	3,168	4,388	107,666	86,238	21,428	80.1	Ingersoll
5,074	3,400	1,674	86,022 107,666 104,863	53,436 87,233 39,528 41,389 86,238 78,737	26,126	75.1	Woodstock Barrie Welland Collingwood Midland Ingersoll Preston Dundas Goderich Waterloo Walkerville Paris Penetang St. Marys Brampton Tilsonburg Hespeler Prescott Weston
3,304	2,675	629	64,212	00,040	9,167	85.7	Dundas
4.890.	2,920	1,970	80,103	54,543	25,560	68.1	Goderich
8,895	3,500	5,395	98,764	65,967	32,797	66.8	Waterloo
1,050 Loss 211		1,050	127,249	125,244	2,005	98.4	Walkerville
Loss 211 2,283	1,960	Loss 211 323	98,942	69,916	29,026	73.7	Paris
6,037	3,340	2 607	45,920 80,877	30,695 50,712 64,896	15,225 30,165	66.8	Penetang
5,059	3,000	2,697 2,059	80,237	64 806	15,341	62.7 80.9	Bramaton
3,366	1,830	1,536	44,257	34,507	9,750	78.0	Tilsonburg
1,601	1,350	251	34,437	28,969	5,468	84.0	Hespeler
2,902	1,950	952	52,789	28,969 20,000	32,789	37.9	Prescott
3,136	1,450	1,686	33,527	20,571	12,956	37.9 61.7 90.8	Weston
1,739	650	1,089	21,739 37,880 33,933	19,747	1,992	90.8	Elmira
Loss 70 6,078	1,250	Loss 70 4,828	37,880	37,088	792	97.9	
3,386	850	2,536	24,693	22,510 19,747	11,423	66.0 80.0	Commentered
2,140	1,400	740	32,485	25,000	4,946 7,485	77.0	Soofcrth
1,918	920	998	22,421	18,574	3,847	82.8	Mimico
2,999	1,200	1,799	22,421 28,158	10,454	17,704	37.1	Mitchell
2,794	900	1,894	29,677	19,355	10,322	65.2	New Hamburg
848	500	348	20,127	14,243	5,884	70.7	Acton
2,046	F20	1 710	16,182 17,946 11,740 12,612	16,182	4 000	100.0	Fergus
30	530	1,516	11,946	13,717 11,500 11,647	4,229 240	76.4	Norwich
414	. 414	30	12 612	11,500	965	97.1 92.5	Dt Dalhousis
862	260	602	6,231	4,883	1,348	78.4	Caladonia
1,869	500	1,369	11,450	9,581	1,869	83.7	Winchester
369	115	254	11,016	10,073	943	91.4	Stavner
- 1	- 1	-	10,793	10,793		100.0	Beaverton
335	200	135	8,401	7,945	456	94.6 87.0	New Toronto
962	425	537	9,086	7,910	1,176	87.0	Hagersville
1,111	535	576	11,497	8,507 12,320	2,990	74.0	Port Credit
2,210	950	1,260	12,320 24,477	17,520	6,608	100.0	Cannington
276	247	1,200	5,896	17,869 5,551	345	72.1 94.1	Chostoryille
822	420	402	9,671	7,297	2,374	74.8	Weterdown
523	350	173	7,717	7,072	645	91.6	Elmysle
1,084	280	804	7,189	5,109	2,080	71.1	Baden
	-	-	5,929	5,929	-	100.0	Streetsville
_	-	-	5,800	5,800	-	100.0	Sunderland
214	400	214	5,166	4,952	214	100.0 95.9 57.7	Weston Blmira Clinton Milton Georgetown Seaforth Mimico Mitchell New Hamburg Acton Fergus Norwich Ellora Pt. Dalhousie Caledonia Winchester Stayner Beaverton New Toronto Hagersville Port Credit Cannington Port Stanley Chesterville Waterdown Elmvale Suderland Creemore Beachville Woodville Rockwood Collector
2,299	400	1,899	9,881	5,692	4,139	57.7	Beachville
1,258	275	983	4,000	4,000	1,897	100.0	Woodville
971	380	591	5,939 9,576	4,042 7,639	1,897	68.1 79.8	Coldwarfan
596	250	346	5,335	4,705	630	88.0	Coldwater
321	130	191	2,853	2,532	321	88.7	Thorndale
3,048	- 6	3,048	4,023	975	3,048	-	Thorndale
759,232	357,883	401,349	15,249,202	12,702,689	2 546 512	93.0	
103,404	991,000	401,349	13,249,202	12,702,689	2,546,513	83.0	

¹Includes Debentures paid, Sinking Fund and Depreciation, Reserves and Surplus.

27.—Receipts, Expenditure, Assets and Liabilities of Cities and Towns, 1915—concluded.

Cities and Towns.	Receipts.	Expenditure.	General Deben- tures.	Local Improve- ment Deben- tures.	Sinking Funds.	Total Assets.	Total Liabili- ties.
Saskatchewan— Moosejaw. Prince Albert. Regina. Saskatoon.	538,675	535,937	3,342,482 6,755,597	\$	\$ 325,393 169,911 603,794 904,546	4,457,200 18,349,187	4,174,179 12,390,143
Alberta— Edmonton. Lethbridge Medicine Hat. Calgary	2,663,352 379,569 711,339 3,340,782	313,968 685,218	1,741,295 1,156,442	12,375,2858 442,484 770,222 5,428,832	2,247,454 213,338 256,698 1,911,730	Not 4,369,221	given. 3,756,410
British Columbia— New Westminster. North Vancouver. Vancouver. Victoria	723,805 282,611 4,933,296 2,327,181	314,451	2,070,899 29,208,93710	726,380 1,073,240 6,203,640 7,769,249	269,006 260,482 4,027,429 2,069,258		3,961,322 39,849,151

¹ Includes Water Bonds, \$1,385,151, and School Bonds, \$922,870.

Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission.—The Canada Year Book of 1910 (p. xliii) described the installation on October 11, 1910, at Berlin, now Kitchener, Ontario, of electrical energy generated by the Niagara Falls and the initial work carried out by the Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission for the supply of electrically generated power to 15 municipalities. During the last six years the operations of the Commission have rapidly extended until in 1916 not less than 69 Ontario municipalities derive electrical power from the Niagara Falls and other Ontario water systems of the Commission. Table 28, on pages 570 and 571, gives for 1914 the financial statistics of the electrical installations of these 69 municipalities. It shows that the total cost of the plant erected was \$12,901,126, that the cost of operations for the year 1914 was \$2,674,699, and that the revenue was \$3,433,931, leaving a surplus of \$759,232. The total number of consumers in the 69 municipalities for 1914, was 96,744, of whom 75,147 were domestic, 18,032 were commercial and 3,565 were power consumers. The total horse power taken was 70,698.

² Includes \$266.500 Bonded indebtedness.

^{*} Less Sinking Fund.

⁴ Not including receipts and expenditures of Water Commission, I ight Commission, Public and High Schools and Library Boards.

Not including Water and Light Receipts and Expenditure.

⁶ Not including Water and Light Sinking Funds.

⁷ Amount of Local Improvements and Special Assessment Debentures and Stock, \$15,587,738; Amount of Water Works Debentures and Stock, \$6,990,769; Amount of Water Power Debentures and Stock, \$7,402,000.

⁸ Includes \$8,778,218 Utilities Debentures.

⁹ Includes Capital Expenditure.

¹⁰ Includes City share of Local Improvements \$3,465,786.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Building Permits.—Table 29, from the Labour Gazette of March, 1916, shows the value of the building permits issued by cities and towns for each of the years 1914 and 1915. The figures include only those places where the value of the building permits for the year were \$100,000 or over. For the year 1915 the total value of the building permits in the table was \$36,099,458, as compared with \$102,182,831 in 1914,—a decrease of \$66,083,373. Not included in the total for 1915 is one place with a building permit amounting to \$104,166 in value, for which there are shown no corresponding figures for 1914.

29.—Values of Building Permits over \$100,000 taken out in Cities and Towns in 1914 and 1915. [From the Labour Gazette of March, 1916.]

City or Town.	1914.	1915.	Increase or Decrease.
Nova Scotia—	\$	\$	\$
Sydney		198,102	+87,229
Halifax		1,063,985	+184,665
Amherst	239,000	98,000	-141,000
Truro	127,000	200,000	+73,000
New Brunswick—	121,000	200,000	10,000
St. John	515,300	346,275	-169,025
Moncton.		518,064	-109,023 $+180,709$
Quebec—	. 001,000	010,004	+100,709
	9 750 579	0 576 940	102.020
Quebec		2,576,342	-183,230
Three Rivers		484,205	-167,925
Sherbrooke		354,876	+154,054
Maisonneuve		77.6,800	-1,823,040
Montreal		7,486,221	-10,140,340
Westmount		589,405	-109,180
Outremont	1,028,550	354,430	-674,120
Ontario—			
Ottawa	4,397,920	1,605,160	-2,792,760
Smiths Falls	141,050	13,300	-127,750
Brockville		46,010	-59,270
Kingston		244,088	-44,489
Peterborough	452,340	97,610	-354.730
Toronto	20,694,288	6,651,889	-14,042,399
St. Catharines		445,981	-336.272
Niagara Falls	508,805	259,575	
Wolland	227 010	191,232	-249,230
Welland	337,918		-146,686
Hamilton	3,703,865	1,522,348	-2,181,517
Brantford	435,510	235,600	-199,910
Galt	322,480	140,149	182,331
Guelph		219,672	-302,112
Berlin	728,320	334,404	-393,916
Woodstock	. 110,764	88,806	-21,958
Stratford		209,800	-230,915
London	. 1,837,735	1,207,630	-630,105
St. Thomas	388,915	134,195	-254,720
Chatham	. 185,730	247,710	+61,980
Windsor	1,121,413	720,870	-400,543
North Bay	333,625	125,228	-208,397
Sudbury	538,080	103,515	-434,565
Port Arthur.	1,234,085	83,625	-1,150,460
Fort William.	1,519,965	639,730	-880,235
Manitoba—	1,010,000	000,100	-000,200
Winnipeg	12,160,950	1,826,300	10 994 650
St. Boniface	804,652		
Do. Domiace	004,002	213,260	-591,392

29.—Values of Building Permits over \$100,000 taken out in Cities and Towns in 1914 and 1915—concluded.

City or Town. 1914. 1915. Increase or Decrease. Saskatchewan— \$ \$ \$ Regina 1,765,875 464,065 —1,301,810 Moosejaw. 459,610 90,722 —368,888 Prince Albert 721,986 29,591 —692,395 Swift Current 685,232 17,230 —668,002 Weyburn. 329,450 107,859 —221,591 Estevan. 144,765 22,235 —122,530 Alberta— Edmonton 4,913,277 309,805 —4,603,472 Medicine Hat 1,802,791 60,790 —1,742,001 Lethbridge. 345,290 58,420 —1,742,001 British Columbia— 172,784 12,020 —160,764 New Westminster 261,264 85,130 —176,134 Vancouver 4,484,476 1,593,249 —2,891,227 Point Grey 754,120 170,235 —583,885 North Vancouver 238,148 26,433 —211,715 South Va				
Saskatchewan— 1,765,875 464,065 —1,301,810 Moosejaw 459,610 90,722 —368,888 Prince Albert 721,986 29,591 —692,395 Swift Current 685,232 17,230 —668,002 Weyburn 329,450 107,859 —221,591 Estevan 144,765 22,235 —122,530 Alberta— Edmonton 4,913,277 309,805 —4,603,472 Medicine Hat 1,802,791 60,790 —1,742,001 Lethbridge 345,290 58,420 —286,870 British Columbia— Kamloops 172,784 12,020 —160,764 New Westminster 261,264 85,130 —176,134 Vancouver 4,484,476 1,593,249 —2,891,227 Point Grey 754,120 170,235 —583,885 North Vancouver 238,148 26,433 —211,715 South Vancouver 91,4166 —1,951,210 Victoria 2,243,660 292,450 —1,951,210 Nanaimo 100,285 50,582 —49,703	City or Town.	1914.	1915.	
Saskatchewan— 1,765,875 464,065 —1,301,810 Moosejaw 459,610 90,722 —368,888 Prince Albert 721,986 29,591 —692,395 Swift Current 685,232 17,230 —668,002 Weyburn 329,450 107,859 —221,591 Estevan 144,765 22,235 —122,530 Alberta— Edmonton 4,913,277 309,805 —4,603,472 Medicine Hat 1,802,791 60,790 —1,742,001 Lethbridge 345,290 58,420 —286,870 British Columbia— Kamloops 172,784 12,020 —160,764 New Westminster 261,264 85,130 —176,134 Vancouver 4,484,476 1,593,249 —2,891,227 Point Grey 754,120 170,235 —583,885 North Vancouver 283,148 26,433 —211,715 South Vancouver 2,243,660 292,450 —1,951,210 Victoria 2,243,660 292,450 —1,951,210 Nanaimo 100,285 50,582 —49,703		8	\$	\$
Moosejaw 459,610 90,722 -368,888 Prince Albert 721,986 29,591 -692,395 Swift Current 685,232 17,230 -668,002 Weyburn 329,450 107,859 -221,591 Estevan 144,765 22,235 -122,530 Alberta— Edmonton 4,913,277 309,805 -4,603,472 Medicine Hat 1,802,791 60,790 -1,742,001 Lethbridge 345,290 58,420 -286,870 British Columbia— 172,784 12,020 -160,764 New Westminster 261,264 85,130 -176,134 Vancouver 4,484,476 1,593,249 -2,891,227 Point Grey 754,120 170,235 -583,885 North Vancouver 238,148 26,433 -211,715 South Vancouver -04,166 -104,166 -1,951,210 Victoria 2,243,660 292,450 -1,951,210 Nanaimo 100,285 50,582 -49,703				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Regina	1,765,875		
Swift Current 685,232 17,230 -668,002 Weyburn 329,450 107,859 -221,591 Estevan 144,765 22,235 -122,530 Alberta- Edmonton 4,913,277 309,805 -4,603,472 Medicine Hat 1,802,791 60,790 -1,742,001 Lethbridge 345,290 58,420 -286,870 British Columbia Kamloops 172,784 12,020 -160,764 New Westminster 261,264 85,130 -176,134 Vancouver 4,484,476 1,593,249 -2,891,227 Point Grey 754,120 170,235 -583,885 North Vancouver 238,148 26,433 -211,715 South Vancouver 104,166 -1,951,210 Victoria 2,243,660 292,450 -1,951,210 Nanaimo 100,285 50,582 -49,703			90,722	-368,888
Weyburn. 329,450 107,859 -221,591 Estevan. 144,765 22,235 -122,530 Alberta— Edmonton. 4,913,277 309,805 -4,603,472 Medicine Hat 1,802,791 60,790 -1,742,001 Lethbridge. 345,290 58,420 -286,870 British Columbia— 172,784 12,020 -160,764 New Westminster 261,264 85,130 -176,134 Vancouver 4,484,476 1,593,249 -2,891,227 Point Grey 754,120 170,235 -583,885 North Vancouver 238,148 26,433 -211,715 South Vancouver 104,166 -1,951,210 Victoria 2,243,660 292,450 -1,951,210 Nanaimo 100,285 50,582 -49,703	Prince Albert	721,986	29,591	-692,395
Estevan. 144,765 22,235 —122,530 Alberta— Edmonton 4,913,277 309,805 —4,603,472 Medicine Hat 1,802,791 60,790 —1,742,001 Lethbridge 345,290 58,420 —286,870 British Columbia— 172,784 12,020 —160,764 New Westminster 261,264 85,130 —176,134 Vancouver 4,484,476 1,593,249 —2,891,227 Point Grey 754,120 170,235 —583,885 North Vancouver 238,148 26,433 —211,715 South Vancouver 104,166 —1,951,210 Victoria 2,243,660 292,450 —1,951,210 Nanaimo 100,285 50,582 —49,703	Swift Current	685,232	17,230	-668,002
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Weyburn	329,450	107,859	-221,591
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Estevan	144,765	22,235	-122,530
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Alberta—		THE PERSON	
Lethbridge 345,290 58,420 -286,870 British Columbia— 172,784 12,020 -160,764 Kamloops 261,264 85,130 -176,134 Vancouver 4,484,476 1,593,249 -2,891,227 Point Grey 754,120 170,235 -583,885 North Vancouver 238,148 26,433 -211,715 South Vancouver 104,166 -104,166 -104,166 -105,1210 Victoria 2,243,660 292,450 -1,951,210 Nanaimo 100,285 50,582 -49,703		4,913,277	309,805	-4,603,472
Lethbridge 345,290 58,420 -286,870 British Columbia— 172,784 12,020 -160,764 Kamloops 261,264 85,130 -176,134 Vancouver 4,484,476 1,593,249 -2,891,227 Point Grey 754,120 170,235 -583,885 North Vancouver 238,148 26,433 -211,715 South Vancouver 104,166 -104,166 -104,166 -104,166 Victoria 2,243,660 292,450 -1,951,210 Nanaimo 100,285 50,582 -49,703	Medicine Hat	1,802,791	60,790	-1,742,001
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				-286,870
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	- 1.11 A 1 1 1 1	1		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			12,020	160,764
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			85,130	-176,134
Point Grey. 754,120 170,235 —583,885 North Vancouver. 238,148 26,433 —211,715 South Vancouver. — 104,166 — Victoria. 2,243,660 292,450 —1,951,210 Nanaimo. 100,285 50,582 —49,703			1,593,249	-2,891,227
North Vancouver. 238,148 26,433 -211,715 South Vancouver. - 104,166 - Victoria. 2,243,660 292,450 -1,951,210 Nanaimo. 100,285 50,582 -49,703				-583,885
South Vancouver. - 104,166 - Victoria. 2,243,660 292,450 -1,951,210 Nanaimo. 100,285 50,582 -49,703				
Victoria 2,243,660 292,450 -1,951,210 Nanaimo 100,285 50,582 -49,703				-
Nanaimo				
200 212				
		000,040		
Prince Rupert		DOM OFF		

BANKING.

The total assets of the chartered banks at December 31, 1915, were \$1,737,992,244, as compared with \$1,555,556,815 in 1914. The total liabilities were \$1,499,283,690, as compared with \$1,314,646,254. Deposits by the public in Canada were \$1,144,680,651 at December 31, 1915 (Table 32), as compared with \$1,012,739,990 in 1914. On March 31, 1915, the total at the credit of depositors in the Post Office and Dominion Government Savings Banks was \$54,001,416, as compared with \$55,567,449 in 1914. Table 30 affords some measure of banking progress in Canada by a comparison of the number of branches at different periods. The number has grown from 123 at Confederation to 3,160 in 1916.

30.-Number of Branches of Banks, by Provinces, 1868, 1902, 1905, 1915 and 1916.

Provinces.	1868.	1902.	1905.	1915.	1916.
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia.	5 4 12 100 - - 2	9 89 35 137 349 52 30 46	10 101 49 196 549 95 87 { 55 3	17 109 79 716 1,164 204 401 258 208	17 111 80 767 1,146 199 399 245 193
Yukon	123	747	1,145	3,159	3,160

31.—Assets of Chartered Banks of Canada, December 31, 1915.

	BANKING.
Total Assets.	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
Other Assets.	
Current loans in Can- ada ² .	\$ 102,067,595 19.984,913 41,7507,318 21,755,754 42,248,857 47,623,869 6,163,903 6,163,903 43,969,008 131,965,686 82,324,964 47,453,931 28,883,722 31,467,614 23,049 44,084,112 10,000,494 8,811,151 44,084,112 10,000,494 8,817,151 44,084,112 10,000,494 8,817,151 44,084,112 10,000,494 8,817,151 44,084,112 10,000,494 8,817,151 44,084,112 10,000,494 8,817,151 6,806,395,975
Call and short loans in Canada.	\$ 5,111,140 6,023,921 2,028,432,203 5,328,781 2,527,961 1,558,458 1,739,605 13,091,743 9,528,186 4,433,543 2,379,138 1,728,638 1,728,648 8,433,543 2,379,739 1,667,738 1,728,648 8,443,543 2,379,739 1,678,648 8,443,543 2,379,739 1,678,648 8,443,643 8,443,643 8,443,643 8,443,643 8,443,643
Dominion Notes.	\$ 23, 52, 718 26,4,718 12,081,463 18,073,328 7,943,019 3,836,639 8,32,742 9,995,746 1,083,065 1,541,296 11,041,905 3,329,706 3,962,834 1,882,213 11,041,905 3,962,834 1,882,213 1,233,532 960,493 560,689 1,233,532 960,493 148,271 148,271
Specie.	\$ 16,633,263 337,767 5,212,598 1,963,788 1,963,788 1,042,651 2,020,109 3,681,961 1,020,113,688,206 1,626,964 1,282,438 1,288,626 1,628,438 1,288,626 1,628,905 1,288,626 1,628,905 1,288,626 1,628,905 1,288,626 1,628,905 1,288,626 1,628,905 1,288,626 1,628,905 1,288,626 1,628,905 1,288,626 1,628,905 1,288,626 1,628,905 1,288,626 1,628,905 1,388,626 1,628,905 1,388,626 1,628,905 1,388,626 1,628,905 1,388,626 1,628,905 1,388,626 1,628,905 1,388,626 1,628,905 1,388,626 1,628,905 1,388,626 1,628,905 1,388,626 1,628,905 1,388,626 1,628,905 1,388,626 1,628,905 1,388,626 1,628,638 1,388,626 1,628,905 1,388,626 1,628,905 1,888,626 1,888,6
Deposit in Central Gold Re- serves.	\$ 3,000,000 1,750,000 1,100,000 1,500,000 3,200,000 3,460,000 800,000 200,000 200,000 17,360,000
Chartered Banks.	Bank of Montreal Quebec Bank. Bank of British North America. Bank of Toronto. Molsons Bank Molsons Bank Merchants Bank of Canada. Canadian Bank of Canada. Canadian Bank of Canada. Weyal Bank of Canada. Canadian Bank of Canada. In Bank of Canada. Standard Bank of Canada. In Bank of Canada. Standard Bank of Canada. Standard Bank of Canada. Imperial Bank of Canada. In Standard Bank of Canada. In Standard Bank of Canada. In Standard Bank of Canada. Standard Bank of Canada. In Standard Bank of Canada. Standard Sank of Canada. Home Bank of Canada. Home Bank of Canada. Sterling Bank of Canada. Sterling Bank of Canada.

¹Of this deposit \$6,210,000 is in gold coin; the balance is in Dominion notes. ²Includes loans to Cities, Towns, Municipalities and School Districts.

32.—Liabilities of Chartered Banks of Canada, December 31, 1915.

Chartered Banks.	Capital paid up.	Rest or reservefund.	Notes in circulation.	Deposits by the public in Canada.	Other liabilities.	Total liabilities ¹ .	Rate p.c. of last dividend.
	€9	49	€9	₩	€€	₩.	
Bank of Montreal	16,000,000		17,301,542	201,184,474	80,957,534	0	10
Quebec Bank Bank of Nova Scotia	6.500.000	12,000,000	7.154.415	62.868.126	1,530,274	17,964,828	14
Bank of British North America.	4,866,666		4,674,092	38,482,405	10,954,590		000
Bank of Toronto	5,000,000	6,000,000	5,046,623	49,445,053		55,486,035	11
Molsons Bank	4,000,000		3,986,970	40,390,243	1,607,117	45,984,330	
banque inationale	7,000,000	7,000,000	-	65,856,557		81,176,886	
Banque Provinciale du Canada	1,000,000			10,347,819			
Union Bank of Canada	5,000,000	3,400,000		63,563,814			
Canadian Bank of Commerce	15,000,000	13,500,000		163,836,210		221,181,468	
Royal Bank of Canada	11,560,000	12,560,000		119,578,217	4	176,960,079	
Dominion Bank.	2,000,000						
Standard Bank of Canada	3,000,000		3.574,518		1,460,947	44.893.157	
Banque d'Hochelaga	4,000,000						
Bank of Ottawa	4,000,000	4,750,000		40,043,484		46,086,154	
Imperial Bank of Canada	7,000,000	7,000,000		59,808,885		68,547,122	12
Home Bank of Canada	1,945,719	400,000	2,072,255	10,123,872	1,	13,834,097	5
Northern Crown Bank	2,859,272	150,000	3,062,709	13,226,249	908,313	17,197,271	9
Sterling Bank of Canada	1,204,820	300,000	1,108,415	7,397,649	436,617	8,942,681	9
Weyburn Security Bank	316,100	130,000	306,170	1,369,607	55,952	1,731,729	2
Total	113,987,577	112,457,333		122,199,582 1,144,680,651	232,403,457	232,403,457 1,499,283,690	

'Exclusive of capital paid up and rest or reserve fund,

BANKING.

33.—General Statement of Chartered Banks, 1868-1915.

1	33	General Su	atement of Cha	rtered banks,	1000-1910.	
Calen-		Notes in		Discounts		
dar	Capital	circula-	Total	to the	Liabilities ² .	Assets.
Year.	paid up.	tion.	on deposit1.	people.		
	1		1			
- 11	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868	30,507,447	9,350,646	33,653,594	52,299,050	45,144,854	79,860,976
1869	30,790,137	9,539,511	40,028,090	56,433,953	50,940,226	86,283,693
1870	33,031,249	15,149,031	48,763,205	66,276,961	65,685,870	103,197,103
1871	37,095,340	20,914,637	56,287,391	84,799,841	80,250,974	125,273,631
1872	45,190,085	25,296,454	61,481,452	106,744,665	90,864,688	148,862,445
1873	54,690,561	27,165,878	65,426,042	119,274,317	98,982,668	166,056,595
1874	60,388,340	27,904,963	77,113,754	131,680,111	116,412,392	187,921,031
1875	64,619,513	23,035,639	74,642,446	136,029,307	104,609,356	186,255,330
1876	66,804,398	21,245,935	72,852,686	127,621,577	99,614,014	183,499,801
1877	65,206,009	20,704,338	74,166,287	125,681,658	99,810,731	181,019,194
1878	63,682,863	20,475,586	70,856,253	119,682,659	95,538,831	175,450,274
1879	62,737,276	19,486,103	73,151,425	113,485,108	96,760,113	173,548,490
1880	60,052,117	22,529,623	85,303,814	102,166,115	111,838,941	184,276,190
					THE RESERVE TO SERVE	
1881	59,534,977	28,516,692	94,346,481	116,953,497	127,176,249	200,613,879
1882	59,799,644	33,582,080	110,133,124	140,077,194	149,777,214	227,426,835
1883	61,390,118	33,283,302	107,648,383	143,944,957	145,938,095	228,084,650
1884	61,597,021	30,449,410	102,398,228	130,490,053	137,493,917	219,998,642
1885	61,711,566	30,720,762	104,014,660	126,827,792	138,762,695	219,147,080
1886	61,662,093	31,030,499	111,449,365	132,833,313	146,954,260	228,061,872
1887	60,860,561	32,478,118	112,656,985	139,753,755	149,704,402	230,393,072
1888	60,345,035	32,205,259	125,136,473	141,002,373	163,990,797	243,504,164
1889	60,229,752	32,207,144	134,650,732	149,958,980	173,029,602	253,789,803
1890	59,974,902	32,834,511	135,548,704	153,301,335	173,207,587	254,546,329
						- I have been a side of
1891	60,700,697	33,061,042	148,396,968	171,082,677	187,332,325	269,307,032
1892	61,626,311	33,788,679	166,668,471	193,455,883	208,062,169	291,635,251
1893	62,009,346	33,811,925	174,776,722	206,623,042	217,195,975	302,696,715
1894	62,063,371	31,166,003	181,743,890	204,124,939	221,006,724	307,520,020
1895	61,800,700	30,807,041	190,916,939	203,730,800	229,794,322	316,536,527
1896	62,043,173	31,456,297	193,616,049	213,211,996	232,338,086	320,937,643
1897	62,027,703	34,350,118	211,788,096	212,014,635	252,660,708	341,163,505
1898	62,571,920	37,873,934	236,161,062	223,806,320	281,076,656	370,583,991
1899	63,726,399	41,513,139	266,504,528	251,467,076	318,624,033	412,504,768
1900	65,154,594	46,574,780	305,140,242	279,279,761	356,394,095	459,715,065
1901	67,035,615	50,601,205	349,573,3273	388,299,888	420,003,743	531,829,324
1902	69,869,670	55,412,598	390,370,4933	430,662,670	466,963,829	585,761,109
1903	76,453,125	60,244,072	424,167,1403	472,019,689	507,527,550	641,543,226
1904	79,234,191	61,769,888	470,265,7443	509,011,993	554,014,076	695,417,756
1905	82,655,828	64,025,643		559,814,918	618,678,633	767,490,183
		The state of			Committee of Particular	True Park
1906	91,035,604	70,638,870	605,968,513	655,869,879	713,790,553	878,512,076
1907	95,953,732	75,784,482	654,839,7113	709,975,274	769,026,924	945,685,708
1908	96,147,526	71,401,697	658,367,0153	670,170,833	762,077,184	941,290,619
1909	97,329,333	73,943,119	783,298,8803	762,195,546	882,598,547	1,067,007,534
1910	98,787,929	82,120,303	909,964,8393	870,100,890	1,019,177,601	1,211,452,351
1911	103,009,256	89,982,223	980,433,7883	926,909,616	1,097,661,393	1,303,131,206
1912	112,730,943	100,146,541	1,102,910,3833	1,061,843,991	1,240,124,354	1,470,065,478
	116,297,729		1,126,871,5233	1,111,993,263	1,287,372,534	1,530,093,671
1914	114,759,807	104,600,185	1,144,210,3633	1,101,880,924	1,309,944,006	1.555.676.395
1915	113,982,741	105,137,092	1,198,340,3153	1,066,252,854	1,353,629,123	1,596,424,643
			Ahia tabla an			41

Note.—The statistics in this table are averages computed from the monthly returns in each year. Including deposits of federal and provincial governments. Excluding capital and rest or reserve fund. Including amounts deposited elsewhere than in Canada, not previously included in deposits.

34.—Deposits in Chartered Banks in Canada and elsewhere, 1901-1915.1

Calendar Year.	Deposits by the public in Canada payable on demand. payable after notice or on a fixed day.		Deposits elsewhere than in Canada.	Balances due to Dominion and Provincial Govern- ments.	Total deposits.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	\$ 95,169,631 104,424,203 112,461,757 117,962,023 138,116,550 165,144,569 166,342,144 169,721,755 225,414,828 260,232,399 304,801,755 359,431,895 367,214,143 346,069,908 358,444,252	269,911,501 307,007,192 338,411,275 381,778,705 413,014,657 406,103,063 464,635,263 532,087,627 568,976,209 625,705,765 626,199,470 656,760,687	34,529,739 34,931,701 36,388,330 44,325,531 46,030,241 58,828,181 65,793,319 70,788,822 78,445,210 72,823,733 81,137,710	7,354,006 6,862,181 8,908,199 10,390,120 13,014,998 16,654,729 16,748,878 22,459,967 39,199,603 33,832,091 36,635,013 35,929,889 40,135,030	390,370,493 424,167,140 470,265,744 531,243,476 605,968,513 654,839,711 658,367,015 783,298,880 909,964,839

35.—Discounts of Chartered Banks in Canada and elsewhere, 1901-1915.1

\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	
1903 43,583,788 33,025,662 360,573,639 25,586,802 2,211,379 2,038 1904 36,999,790 41,212,007 407,475,439 18,665,002 2,465,495 2,194 1905 42,659,144 51,452,955 436,659,384 25,097,824 1,960,465 1,985 1906 56,597,649 59,363,639 500,770,572 35,777,625 1,353,258 2,007 1907 49,192,291 52,907,513 574,784,939 27,340,135 2,183,799 3,566,984 119,728,263 544,380,947 34,454,995 2,913,083 7,451 1910 31,623,002 112,777,530 366,910,799 39,912,108 2,027,344 3,850 1911 33,881,906 91,097,714 728,462,991 35,742,140 1,844,837 5,872,140 1912 71,221,133 105,718,070 842,051,088 36,893,506 2,167,778,376 36,914,489,259 44,578,835 2,851,877,43,74	694 430,662,670 419 472,019,689 260 509,011,993 146 559,814,918 136 655,869,879 597 709,975,274 257 670,170,833 274 762,195,546 107 870,100,890

¹Averages computed from monthly returns in each year. ²Includes loans to Cities, Towns, Municipalities and School Districts.

BANKING.

36.—Assets of Chartered Banks for the Calendar Years 1912-19151.

Schedule.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Releases due from agencies of	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balances due from agencies of the banks or from other banks or agencies in the United Kingdom Balances due from agencies of chartered banks or agencies	21,338,926	13,329,642	12,230,533	20,824,559
elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom Bank premises	28,894,103 35,600,253	28,154,996 40,235,778	36,932,958 45,007,862	43,781,939 47,704,275
Call and short loans on stocks and bonds in Canada Call and short loans elsewhere	71,221,133	70,096,169	69,646,196	72,695,421
than in Canada	105,718,070 842,051,088	98,602,615 891,489,259	112,438,696 858,565,153	118,896,692 809,727,206
Current loans elsewhere than in Canada	36,893,506	44,578,835	48,570,152	44,998,570
Deposit in central gold reserve Deposits made with and bal-		6,605,261	6,070,833	8,325,833
ances due from other banks in Canada Deposits with Dominion Gov- ernment for security of note	8,905,877	5,648,586	5,686,916	8,156,471
circulation	6,211,881 95,843,028	6,536,341 94,146,377	6,693,684 105,842,634	6,756,648 135,440,326
Dominion and provincial gov- ernment securities	9,388,968	9,995,237	11,697,603	12,814,898
Loans to governments Loans to other banks in Cana-	2,167,778	2,851,877	7,063,242	13,187,508
da	213,704	135,017	136,725	145,159
Mortgages on real estate sold by banks	1,156,817	2,094,245	1,722,978	1,691,657
and public securities elsewhere than in Canada	22,586,119	23,183,162	22,707,738	31,553,091
Notes of and cheques on other banks	61,332,863	64,485,226	58,434,666	55,573,844
Overdue debts	3,792,416	4,374,508	5,597,485	6,747,457
Railway and other bonds, de- bentures and stocks Real estate other than bank	64,080,763	70,713,075	68,636,267	74,020,538
premises	1,568,691	1,465,181	2,810,452	3,952,950
Specie	37,010,377	41,121,246	53,932,490	64,672,695
Other assets	14,089,117	10,251,038	15,251,132	14,756,906
Total assets	1,470,065,478	1,530,093,671	1,555,676,395	1,596,424,643

¹The statistics in this table are averages computed from monthly returns in each year.
²Includes loans to Cities, Towns, Municipalities and School Districts.

FINANCE. $\label{eq:FINANCE} \textbf{37.--Liabilities of Chartered Banks for the Calendar Years 1912-1915$^{1}. }$

Schedule.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Liabilities to shareholders— Capital paid up	112,730,943	116,297,729	114,759,807	113,982,741
Rest or reserve fund	102,090,476	109,129,393	113,130,626	113,020,310
Total	214,821,419	225,427,122	227,890,433	227,003,051
Other liabilities— Balances due to agencies of Canadian banks, or to other banks or agencies in the United Kingdom	6,295,434	12,030,969	14,117,852	8,651,977
Balances due to agencies of Canadian banks, or to other banks or agencies elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom.	7,095,058	8,791,532	9,494,979	11,693,234
Balance due to Dominion Government after deduct- ing advances for credits, pay lists, etc	9,584,667	7,873,277	11,158,018	14,022,387
Balance due to provincial governments	27,050,346	28,056,612	28,977,012	24,297,582
Deposits by the public payable on demand in Canada	359,431,895	367,214,143	346,069,908	358,444,252
Deposits by the public payable after notice or on a fixed day in Canada	625, 7 0 5 ,765	626,199,470	656,760,687	690,904,274
Deposits made by and balances due to other banks in Canada	7,860,776	6,478,200	7,726,783	10,434,999
Deposits elsewhere than in Canada	81,137,710	97,528,021	101,244,738	110,671,820
Notes in circulation	100,146,541	105,265,336	104,600,185	105,137,092
Liabilities not included under foregoing heads	15,816,162	27,934,974	29,793,844	19,371,506
Total	1,240,124,354	1,287,372,534	1,309,944,006	1,353,629,123
Total liabilities to sharehold- ers and other liabilities	1,454,945,773	1,512,799,656	1,537,834,439	1,580,632,174
Excess of assets over all liabilities—undivided profits not included	15,119,705	17,294,015	17,841,956	15,792,469
1771 4-4:-4: - :- 41:-4-1	1.		1 f	les materines in

¹The statistics in this table are averages computed from monthly returns in each year.

BANKING.

38—Average Monthly Circulation of Dominion Notes by Denominations, 1890-19151.

								1
Cal-	- started		DEI	NOMINATIO	NS.			
en			-1144	\$4, \$5,	l liberto	1-14		Total
dar	\$5,000.	\$500 and	\$50and		\$5.	\$1 and \$2.	Frac-	average.
Year		\$1,000.	\$100.	\$20.			tionals.	
	s	s	s	8	\$	s	s	\$
1890.		8,211,000						
1891.	_	9,050,000			_	6,331,600		16,301,300
1892.				449,644		6,412,825		16,374,459
1893.	_	9,895,000				6,551,283		17,407,441
1894.		11,280,125			-	6,788,000		18,966,006
1895.)	13,297,166				6,615,048		20,749,168
1896.	2.285.0002	13,834,666				6,743,555		21,397,762
					-	6,980,012		22,196,704
1897. 1898.		10,309,208		322,751	TOTAL	7,237,520		23,238,706
	6,410,417	8,137,833				7,851,532		23,229,779
1899. 1900.	7,474,583 8,480,000		211,190	434,286		8,524,327		25,041,650
1900.				395,573	T	9,315,354		26,550,465
1901.	8,862,083 11,358,750			524,480		9,757,778		29,052,769
1902.						10,463,359		32,041,413
1903	18,004,167	7,649,000		558,987	-	11,409,251		38,163,460
1904.	28,300,417	6,941,167 6,785,792			W. 18.7-	11,995,396		43,365,837
1905.	30,019,583			493,264	110 -11	12,630,271		48,714,657
1907.	36,163,667	6,919,583 6,763,625		392,779 334,589	-	13,997,323		51,859,532 59,017,440
1908.	45,739,583	7,143,125		214,831		15,188,627 14,910,365		68,602,944
1909.	56,764,583	7,693,208		153,019		15,542,364		80,792,411
1910.	63,366,250	8,069,500		254,635		17,235,627		89,628,569
1911.	69,349,167	8,984,958		1,666,906		19,166,092		99,921,354
1912.	77,859,167	9,436,542						114,621,445
1913.	78,227,083				6,152,655			117,098,577
1914.	89,766,250	9,674,792			4,078,939			126,422,609
	123,407,083			60 407				157,715,153
1910.	1120,407,000	0,404,9171	14,504	00,497	0,020,109	21,402,290	024,807	101,110,100

The statistics in this table are averages computed from the monthly returns of each year. Three months only. Six months only. First issue of Dominion 5 notes, July 1, 1912.

39.—Amount of Exchanges of the Clearing Houses of Chartered Banks, 1911-19151.

Cities.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Calgary. Edmonton Halifax. Hamilton. London. Montreal		100,466,678 158,127,435 84,526,961 2,845,470,000	213,053,418 105,347,636 177,946,610 90,720,752 2,879,118,000	100,280,108 148,886,812 86,024,238 2,631,350,000	151,420,271 89,774,787 2,628,122,428
Ottawa. Quebec. St. John, N.B Toronto. Vancouver, B.C. Victoria, B.C		158,760,185 88,969,218 2,170,230,376 645,118,887	165,674,745 82,447,747 2,181,281,507 606,899,710	78,259,921 2,012,953,966 420,951,718	158,325,906 77,533,868 1,885,956,257 281,575,949
Winnipeg	73,032,089 111,910,660 39,872,742	1,537,817,524 115,727,648 115,898,467 65,136,326	1,634,977,237 132,087,457 96,034,723 61,370,949	1,370,960,806 98,205,541 59,314,947 45,846,371	1,530,683,124 87,122,611 52,146,841 42,634,319
Total	(7,346,381,861	9,010,137,316	9,060,320,521	7,909,212,098	7,653,618,554

¹From Bradstreet's.

40.—Rest or Reserve Fund held by Chartered Banks by months, 1906-1915.

Months.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
January	60,023,932		71,071,984	74,585,185	78,449,573
February	60,188,472 61,254,560	69,130,046 69,716,655	71,215,644 71,302,408	74,489,942 75,328,293	78,521,946 78,569,586
April	62,024,267	69,988,077	71,530,096	75,607,676	78,846,070
May	63,295,954	69,412,774	71,558,683	75,755,488	79,251,915
June	63,755,287	69,556,585	71,653,898	75,824,738	79,370,321
July	64,002,577	69,637,439	71,657,694	75,847,368	79,429,978
August	64,768,819 65,221,971	69,748,293 69,798,322	71,661,938 71,700,983	75,888,103 75,937,663	79,823,679 80,089,471
October	66,543,794		72,707,614	76,172,223	80,157,791
November	67,689,549	70,534,757	74,006,611	77,368,333	83,164,948
December	69,258,007	70,901,232	74,427,630	77,847,333	83,965,869
Monthly averages	64,002,266	69,806,892	72,041,265	75,887,695	79,970,346
	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
January	84,356,108	98,101,595	107,200,548	112,401,141	113,227,654
February	84,766,633	98,721,502	107,514,405	112,679,074	113,227,654
March	84,891,710		107,903,491	112,706,350	113,227,654
April	85,213,740 86,690,829		108,414,337 108,681,230	113,287,200 113,346,113	113,327,654 113,060,988
MayJune	86,943,135	101,031,186	108,732,561	113,368,898	113,060,988
July	88,352,064	101,735,482	108,959,833	113,381,526	113,060,988
August	89,324,728	102,751,441	109,194,211	113,382,911	113,060,988
September	90,181,949	104,301,411	109,358,445	113,385,761	113,061,008
October	93,418,824 95,699,232	104,639,396 106,212,072	109,624,776 111,850,862	113,392,374 113,165,307	112,752,333 112,718,473
December	96,868,124	106,840,007	112,118,016	113,070,859	112,457,333
Monthly averages	88,892,256	102,090,476	109,129,393	113,130,626	113,020,310

41.—Average Circulation of Bank Notes and Government Notes by five-year and annual periods, 1874-1915.

Five-year periods.	Yearly average of bank notes.	Yearly average of government notes, \$20 and under.	Years.	Yearly average of bank notes.	Yearly average of government notes,\$20 and under.
1874-78 1879-83 1884-88 1889-93 1894-98 1899-03 1904-08	\$ 22,673,300 27,479,560 31,377,000 33,140,600 33,130,678 50,869,159 68,724,116	4,928,216 6,358,407 7,097,000 7,674,610 10,716,262	1910	\$ 73,943,119 82,120,303 89,982,223 100,146,541 105,265,336 104,600,185 105,137,092	18,098,111 21,497,429 31,962,102 29,067,278 26,964,063

BANKING.

42.—Total amount of Issue and Redemption of Dominion Notes from July 1, 1878, to March 31, 1915.

Fiscal Year.	Issue.	Redemp- tion.	Increase.	Decrease.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1878-79	1,650,412 3,838,195	1,295,598 1,062,746	354,814 2,775,449	-
1880-81	2,104,213	1,158,690	945,523	
1881-82 1882-83	2,645,819 1,652,159	1,360,764 1,443,453	1,285,055 208,706	_
1883-84	1,555,110	2,215,880	-	660,770
1884-85 1885-86	3,523,167 4,622,088	3,444,412 3,755,864	78,755 866,224	=
1886-87	2,452,500	3,308,352	1 100 400	855,852
1887-88 1888-89	4,263,667 3,017,958	3,071,185 3,844,995	1,192,482	827,037
1889-90	3,413,793	3,486,180		72,387
1890-91	3,793,911	2,975,487	818,424	
1891-92	5,006,593	3,900,212	1,106,381	-
1892-93	4,172,573 4,863,808	3,006,778 3,250,582	1,165,795 1,613,226	51.5
1894-95	3,895,994	4,437,480		541,486
1895-96	3,906,764	3,655,997	250,767	-
1896-97	5,812,806	3,866,908	1,945,898	2 44 2
1897-98	8,078,500 3,747,817	8,218,403 1,689,544	2,058,273	139,903
1899-00.	5,454,682	3,596,225	1,858,457	
1900-01	6,574,500	4,099,253	2,475,247	-
1901-02.	11,540,618	6,658,740	4,881,878	-
1902-03	17,861,500 11,421,765	4,732,290 8,853,180	13,129,210 2,568,585	-
1904-05	23,682,541	17,923,103	5,759,438	_
1905-06	17,026,923	14,419,717	2,607,206	15.
1906-07 (9 mos.)		11,279,344	4,853,170	
1907-08	21,593,319	15,931,925 13,227,052	5,661,394	+ 000 -
1908-09	32,122,141 13,202,788	5,419,800	18,895,089 7,782,988	
1910-11	21,315,100	18,454,898	2,860,202	
1911-12		16,763,678	23,449,363	
1912-13	32,306,796	33,648,544	# 602 C22	1,341,748
1913-14 1914-15	40,644,449 67,503,725	34,950,616 28,243,245	5,693,833 39,260,480	124 3
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Total	456,614,249	302,651,120	158,402,312	4,439,183

584

43.—Business of the Post Office Savings Banks, 1868-1915.

	Sav-	1	Trans-	The second	H MICE H	in the second	-	
	ings		ferred			CONTRACTOR OF THE	Amount	
Fis-		Deposits	from	Interest	Total cash	Amount	at credit	Open ac-
	at end		gov't	on	and	with-	of open	counts
cal	1 - 0	in year.	s. b. to	deposits	interest.	drawn in	accounts	at end
1 ear	of fis-	m year.	post	in year.	miterest.	year.	at end of	of year.
	cal	S MIT RO	office.				year.	
	year.		s.b.					
7	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$	S	\$	No.
18681		212,507	Ψ_	939	213,446	8,857	204,589	2,102
1869	213	927,885		21,094	948,979	296,754	856,814	7,212
1870	226			48,689	1,396,590	664,555	1,588,849	12,178
1871	230	1,917,576		84,274	2,001,850	1,093,439	2,497,260	17,153
1872	235			116,174	2,377,805	1,778,565	3,096,500	21,059
1873		2,306,918	_	126,933	2,433,851	2,323,299	3,207,052	
1874		2,340,284	-	126,273	2,466,557	2,468,644	3,204,965	24,968 24,294
1875	268		5	120,758	2,063,104	2,341,979	2,926,090	24,294
1876	279		-	110,116	1,836,320	2,021,458	2,740,952	24,415
1877	287		-	104,068	1,625,068	1,726,083	2,639,937	24,074
1878		1,724,371		103,834	1,828,205	1,713,658	2,754,484	25,535
1879	297	1,973,243	-	110,913	2,084,156	1,733,449	3,105,191	27,445
1880	297	2,720,216	-	136,075	2,856,291	2,015,813	3,945,669	31,365
1881		4,175,042	-	184,905	4,359,947	2,097,389	6,208,227	39,605
1882		6,435,989	_	291,065	6,727,054	3,461,619	9,473,662	51,463
1883		6,826,266	-	407,305	7,233,571	4,730,996	11,976,237	61,059
1884	343		_	477,487	6,918,926	5,649,611	13,245,552	
1885		7,098,459	_	539,561	7,638,020	5,793,032	15,090,540	
1886	392	The state of the s		607,075	8,252,302	6,183,470	17,159,372	
1887	415		-	692,404	8,964,445	6,626,067	19,497,750	
1888	433		217,385	765,639	8,705,354	7,514,071	20,689,033	
1889	463	7 026 634	1,085,980	841,922	9,854,536	7,532,146	23,011,423	
1890	494			786,875	7,554,273	8,575,042		
1891	634	1 . / /		734,431	7,623,972	7,875,978	21,738,648	
1892	642	7,056,002	-	734,591	7,790,593		22,298,402	
1893	673			777,483	8,486,371	6,631,579	24,153,194	
1894	699			835,800	8,578,260		25,257,868	
1895	731			876,049	8,857,966			
1896	755			944,525	9,533,454		28,932,930	
1897	779	8,223,000	1,856,474	1,024,512	11,103,986		32,380,829	'
1898	814	9,183,693	786,868	982,726	10,953,287	8,853,178	34,480,938	142,289
1899		8,310,630		1,001,900	9,312,530	9,021,863	34,771,605	142,141
1900		10,448,483		1,049,699	11,639,356	8,903,505		
1901	895	11,091,099	-	1,126,952		9,774,694		
1902	915	11,382,033	415,508	1,188,925	12,986,468	10,617,071	42,320,210	
1903	934	12,060,825		1,254,049	13,314,874	11,379,757	44,255,327	167,023
1904	961	11,737,930		1,309,567	13,047,507	11,883,128	45,419,706	168,572
1905		10,504,430		1,320,512	12,077,716	12,129,101	45,368,321	
1906		10,805,458		1,327,645	12,692,696	12,324,529	45,736,488	164,542
1907		8,803,503						
1908		12,293,274				13,610,866		165,691
1909		9,415,569		1,342,870	10,758,439	13,132,239		
				1	I was a second			
1910		8,816,512		1,279,011				
1911		9,957,016		1,257,566				147,919
1912 1913		211,054,877	223,831		12,536,873			146,034
	1,212	211,299,964	140,319	1,255,180				
1914 1915		0 11,346,459 0 10,154,189		1,218,492 1,175,537		13,842,925		
1910	1 1,208	7,10,101,10	71 -	1,110,007	11,029,120	12,020,000	100,000,100	100,111

¹Three months only. ²Nine months.

BANKING.

44.—Business of the Dominion Government Savings Banks, 1868-1915.

Cash deposits Interest						
Fiscal Year		0.1	-	m (-1	337741	At credit
S	F:1 V					
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	riscal Year.					
1888 299,994 66,078 359,072 297,900 1,483,219 1869 323,138 69,528 392,666 281,360 1,594,525 1870 462,481 77,128 539,609 311,564 1,822,570 1871 1,085,289 100,836 1,186,125 1,142,346 2,154,234* 1873 2,442,917 38,892 2,556,599 2,752,873 2,958,170 1874 3,207,689 154,491 3,362,180 2,564,996 4,005,295 1875 3,570,289 177,896 3,748,185 3,583,89 4,245,091 1876 3,222,672 178,572 3,401,244 3,343,170 4,303,665 1877 3,911,576 190,156 4,101,732 3,574,204 4,830,693 1878 5,366,358 232,816 5,599,174 4,687,338 5,742,529 1880 5,240,195 265,729 5,508,924 4,504,129 7,107,287 1881 6,494,640 323,874 6,818,514 4,227,356 9,6		m year.	III year.	micercs.	year.	June 60.
1860	the Street Market Control	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1869 323,138 69,528 392,666 281,360 1,594,525 1871 556,669 88,256 644,925 335,459 2,072,036 1872 1,085,289 100,836 1,186,125 1,142,346 2,154,2344 1873 2,442,917 93,892 2,536,809 1,732,873 2,958,170 1874 3,207,689 154,491 3,362,180 2,564,996 4,005,295* 1875 3,570,289 177,896 3,748,185 3,508,389 4,245,091 1876 3,222,672 178,572 3,401,244 3,343,170 4,303,693 1877 3,911,576 190,156 4,101,732 3,574,204 4,830,693 1879 4,549,290 242,665 4,791,955 4,431,992 6,102,492 1880 5,240,195 265,729 5,508,924 4,504,129 7,107,287 1881 6,494,640 323,874 6,818,514 4,297,356 9,628,445 1882 7,067,390 505,388 7,572,778 5,624,908	1868	292,994	66,078		297,900	1,483,2191
1870 462,481 77,128 539,609 311,564 1,822,570 1871 556,669 88,256 644,925 395,459 2,072,036 1872 1,085,289 100,836 1,186,125 1,142,346 2,154,234* 1873 2,442,917 33,892 2,556,809 1,732,873 2,958,170 1874 3,207,689 154,491 3,362,180 2,564,996 4,005,295* 1875 3,570,289 177,896 3,748,185 3,508,389 4,245,091 1876 3,222,672 178,572 3,401,244 3,343,170 4,303,165 1877 3,911,576 190,156 4,101,732 3,574,204 4,830,693 1878 5,366,358 232,816 5,599,174 4,4673,38 5,742,529 1879 4,549,290 242,665 4,791,955 4,431,992 6,102,492 1880 5,240,195 268,729 5,508,924 4,504,129 7,107,287 1881 6,494,640 323,874 6,818,514 4,297,356				392,666	281,360	1,594,525
1872 1,085,289 100,836 1,186,125 1,142,346 2,154,234* 1873 2,442,917 93,892 2,556,809 1,732,873 2,958,170 1874 3,207,689 154,491 3,362,180 2,564,996 4,005,295* 1875 3,570,289 177,896 3,748,185 3,508,389 4,245,091 1876 3,222,672 178,572 3,401,244 3,343,170 4,303,163 1877 3,911,576 190,156 4,101,732 3,574,204 4,830,693 1879 4,549,290 242,665 4,791,955 4,431,992 6,102,492 1880 5,240,195 268,729 5,508,924 4,504,129 6,102,492 1881 6,494,640 323,874 6,818,514 4,297,356 9,628,445 1882 7,090,434 411,949 7,502,383 4,835,828 12,295,600 1883 7,067,390 505,388 7,572,778 5,624,908 14,242,870 1884 6,807,632 576,653 7,384,285 5,655		462,481	77,128	539,609	311,564	1,822,570
1872 1,085,289 100,836 1,186,125 1,142,346 2,154,234* 1873 2,442,917 93,892 2,556,809 1,732,873 2,958,170 1874 3,207,689 154,491 3,362,180 2,564,996 4,005,295* 1875 3,570,289 177,896 3,748,185 3,508,389 4,245,091 1876 3,222,672 178,572 3,401,244 3,343,170 4,303,163 1877 3,911,576 190,156 4,101,732 3,574,204 4,830,693 1879 4,549,290 242,665 4,791,955 4,431,992 6,102,492 1880 5,240,195 268,729 5,508,924 4,504,129 6,102,492 1881 6,494,640 323,874 6,818,514 4,297,356 9,628,445 1882 7,090,434 411,949 7,502,383 4,835,828 12,295,600 1883 7,067,390 505,388 7,572,778 5,624,908 14,242,870 1884 6,807,632 576,653 7,384,285 5,655	1871	556.669	88.256	644.925	395,459	2.072.036
1873 2,442,917 93,892 2,556,809 1,732,873 2,958,170 1874 3,207,689 154,491 3,362,180 2,564,996 4,005,295 1876 3,222,672 178,572 3,401,244 3,343,170 4,303,165 1877 3,911,576 190,156 4,101,732 3,574,204 4,830,693 1878 5,366,358 232,816 5,599,174 4,687,338 5,742,529 1879 4,549,290 242,665 4,791,955 4,431,992 6,102,492 1880 5,240,195 268,729 5,508,924 4,504,129 7,107,287 1881 6,494,640 323,874 6,818,514 4,297,356 9,628,445 1882 7,097,390 505,388 7,572,778 5,625,171 15,971,984 1885 7,170,480 645,707 7,816,187 5,899,635 17,888,536 1886 7,513,069 728,546 8,241,615 6,115,709 20,014,442 1887 6,134,911 795,164 6,930,075 5,609,		1.085,289				
1874 3,207,689 154,491 3,362,180 2,564,996 4,005,295 1876 3,570,289 177,896 3,748,185 3,508,389 4,245,091 1876 3,222,672 178,572 3,401,244 3,343,170 4,303,165 1877 3,911,576 190,156 4,101,732 3,574,204 4,830,693 1878 5,366,358 232,816 5,599,174 4,687,338 5,742,529 1880 5,240,195 268,729 5,508,924 4,504,129 7,107,287 1881 6,494,640 323,874 6,818,514 4,297,356 9,628,445 1882 7,090,434 411,949 7,502,383 4,858,282 12,295,000 1884 6,807,632 576,653 7,384,285 5,655,171 15,971,984 1885 7,170,480 645,707 7,816,187 5,899,635 17,888,536 1886 7,513,069 728,546 8,241,615 6,115,709 20,014,442 1887 6,134,911 795,164 6,930,075 5,69	1873	2,442,917		2,536,809		
1876. 3,222,672 178,572 3,401,244 3,343,170 4,303,165 1877. 3,911,576 190,156 4,101,732 3,574,204 4,830,693 1878. 5,366,358 232,816 5,599,174 4,687,338 5,742,529 1879. 4,549,290 242,665 4,791,955 4,431,992 6,102,492 1880. 5,240,195 268,729 5,508,924 4,504,129 7,107,287 1881. 6,494,640 323,874 6,818,514 4,297,356 6,284,45 1882. 7,090,434 411,949 7,502,383 4,835,828 12,295,000 1883. 7,067,390 505,388 7,572,778 5,624,908 14,242,870 1884. 6,807,632 576,653 7,384,285 5,655,171 15,971,984 1885. 7,170,480 645,707 7,816,187 5,899,655 17,888,536 1886. 7,513,069 728,546 8,241,615 6,115,709 20,014,442 1887. 6,134,911 795,164 6,930,075	1874	3,207,689	154,491	$\cdot 3,362,180$		4,005,2953
1877 3,911,576 190,156 4,101,732 3,574,204 4,5830,693 1878 5,366,358 232,816 5,599,174 4,687,338 5,742,529 1880 4,549,290 242,665 4,791,955 4,431,992 6,102,492 1880 5,240,195 268,729 5,508,924 4,504,129 7,107,287 1881 6,494,640 323,874 6,818,514 4,297,356 9,628,445 1882 7,090,434 411,949 7,502,383 4,835,828 12,295,000 1883 7,067,390 505,388 7,572,875 5,624,908 14,242,870 1884 6,807,632 576,653 7,384,285 5,655,171 15,971,984 1885 7,170,480 645,707 7,816,187 5,899,635 17,888,536 1886 7,513,069 728,546 8,241,615 6,115,709 20,014,442 1887 6,134,911 795,164 6,930,075 5,609,992 21,334,525 1889 3,645,188 777,300 4,422,488 5	1875	3,570,289	177,896	3,748,185	3,508,389	4,245,091
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1906. 2,744,818 473,281 3,218,099 3,693,101 16,174,134 1907 (9 mos) 1,981,286 333,866 2,315,152 3,400,702 15,088,5844 1908. 2,457,330 436,539 2,893,869 2,965,582 15,016,8714 1909. 2,074,479 431,120 2,505,599 2,774,034 14,748,4364 1910. 2,120,201 427,037 2,547,238 2,617,802 14,677,8724 1911. 2,337,188 428,509 2,765,697 2,679,817 14,763,7524						
1907 (9 mos) 1,981,286 333,866 2,315,152 3,400,702 15,088,584* 1908 2,457,330 436,539 2,893,869 2,965,582 15,016,871* 1909 2,074,479 431,120 2,505,599 2,774,034 14,748,436* 1910 2,120,201 427,037 2,547,238 2,617,802 14,677,872* 1911 2,337,188 428,509 2,765,697 2,679,817 14,763,752*	1905	2,817,267	489,322	3,306,589	3,396,197	16,649,136
1907 (9 mos) 1,981,286 333,866 2,315,152 3,400,702 15,088,584* 1908 2,457,330 436,539 2,893,869 2,965,582 15,016,871* 1909 2,074,479 431,120 2,505,599 2,774,034 14,748,436* 1910 2,120,201 427,037 2,547,238 2,617,802 14,677,872* 1911 2,337,188 428,509 2,765,697 2,679,817 14,763,752*	1906					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1907 (9 mos)					15,088,5844
1910						
1911						14,748,4364
1911						The state of the s
1912 1 2 616 248 1 422 862 1 3 139 111 1 3 147 208 1 14 655 564	1911	2,337,188				14,763,7524
1019 1019 1019 1019 1019 1019 1019 111 0 111 2019 111 111 111 111	1912	2,616,248	422,862	3,039,110	3,147,298	14,655,5644
					3,227,251	14,411,5414
	1915	2,303,043				14,006,0104
This amount includes \$1,422,047 at credit of depositors June 30, 1867.						

¹This amount includes \$1,422,047 at credit of depositors June 30, 1867. ²Includes \$38,418 at credit of New Brunswick account in 1871. ³Includes \$249,941 at credit of Prince Edward Island account in 1873. ⁴March 31.

45.—Total Business of Post Office and Dominion Government Savings Banks, 1868-1915.

				1	
	Coah	Interest	Total	W:41	At credit
Fiscal Year.	Cash deposits	Interest on total	Total cash and	With- drawals in	of
riscar rear.	in year.	deposits.	interest.	year.	depositors June 30.
				3041.	- June 50.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868	505,501	67,017	572,518	306,757	1,687,8081
1869	1,251,023	90,622	1,341,645	578,114	2,451,339
1870	1,810,382	125,817	1,936,199	976,119	3,411,419
1871	2,474,245	172,530	2,646,775	1,488,897	4,569,297
1872	3,346,920	217,010	3,563,930	2,920,911	5,250,7342
1873	4,749,835	220,825	4,970,660	4,056,172	6,165,222
1874	5,547,973	280,764	5,828,737	5,033,639	7,210,2613
1875	5,512,634	298,654	5,811,288	5,850,368	7,171,181
1876	4,948,876	288,688	5,237,564	5,364,627	7,044,118
1877	5,432,576	294,224	5,726,800	5,300,287	7,470,631
1878	7,090,729	336,650	7,427,379	6,400,997	8,497,013
1879	6,522,533	353,578	6,876,111	6,165,441	9,207,683
1880	7,960,411	404,804	8,365,215	6,519,942	11,052,956
1881	10,669,682	508,779	11,178,461	6,394,745	15,836,672
1882	13,526,423	703,014	14,229,437	8,297,447	21,768,662
1883	13,893,656	912,693	14,806,349	10,355,903	26,219,108
1884	13,249,071	1,054,140	14,303,211	11,304,782	29,217,537
1885	14,268,939	1,185,267	15,454,206	11,692,667	32,979,076
1886	15,158,296	1,335,621	16,493,917	12,299,179	37,173,814
1887	14,406,952	1,487,569	15,894,521	12,236,060	40,832,275
1888	11,480,859	1,578,988	13,059,847	12,521,064	41,371,058
1889	12,657,802	1,619,222	14,277,024	12,691,724	42,956,358
1890	9,854,333	1,475,292	11,329,625	13,273,518	41,012,465
1891	9,748,076	1,348,525	11,096,601	12,709,040	39,400,026
1892	10,211,346	1,320,580	11,531,926	11,402,404	39,529,548
1893	11,118,981	1,365,802	12,484,783	10,164,673	41,849,658
1894	11,142,916	1,437,220	12,580,136	11,393,782	43,036,012
1895	11,224,195	1,470,332	12,694,527	11,280,041	44,450,498
1896	11,882,307	1,542,970	13,425,277	11,076,456	46,799,319
1897	13,266,055	1,622,092	14,888,147	12,752,490	48,934,976
1898	12,675,591	1,446,039	14,121,630	12,945,487	50,111,119
1899	10,825,028	1,451,066	12,276,094	12,145,498	50,241,715
1900	13,374,238	1,502,099	14,876,337	11,968,330	53,149,722
1901	13,972,574	1,589,761	15,562,335	12,663,100	56,048,957
1902	14,769,126	1,662,259	16,431,385	14,042,355	58,437,987
1903	15,112,695	1.729.292	16,841,987	14,508,845	60,771,129
1904	14,617,733	1,792,799	16,410,532	15,023,211	62,158,450
1905	13,574,471	1,809,834	15,384,305	15,525,298	62,017,457
1906	14,109,869	1,800,926	15,910,795	16,017,630	61,910,622
1907 (9 mos)	12,000,958	1,361,700	13,362,658	12,731,468	62,541,8124
1908	14,809,848	1,805,943	16,615,791	16,576,448	62,581,1554
1909	11,490,048	1,773,990	13,264,038	15,906,273	59,938,9204
1910	10,936,713	1,706,048	12,642,761	14,317,452	58,264,2294
1911	12,294,204	1,686,075	13,980,279	14,150,177	58,094,3314
1912	13,894,956	1,681,027	15,575,983	15,450,986	58,219,3284
1913	13,873,739	1,664,633	15,538,372	16,617,217	57,140,4834
1914	13,850,421	1,627,142	15,477,563	17,050,597	55,567,4494
1915		1,579,914	14,011,256	15,577,289	54,001,4164
¹This amount inc	ludes \$1,442.	047 at credi	t of deposito	rs June 30, 1	867. ² In-

¹This amount includes \$1,442,047 at credit of depositors June 30, 1867. ²Includes \$38,418 at credit of New Brunswick account in 1871. ³Includes \$249,941 at credit of Prince Edward Island account in 1873. ⁴March 31.

BANKING.

46.—Value of Dominion Notes and of Bank Notes in circulation, and amount of gold held by the Receiver-General, 1882-1915.

				DE ACTIVE A
March 31.	One and Two Dollar Notes in Circulation.	Total DominionNotes in Circulation.	Bank Notes in Circulation.	Gold held by the Receiver General.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1882	5,675,413.00	14,315,437.77	32,947,269.04	2,149,461.92
	5,809,538.00	15,801,769.98	34,517,813.52	2,381,288.51
	5,427,385.00	16,901,296.46	30,197,882.51	2,548,794.52
	5,290,655.00	15,600,166.86	29,791,262.85	2,345,525.44
1886	5,195,631.00	16,858,838.28	29,959,916.55	4,060,046.84
	5,761,588.00	14,781,270.78	31,521,420.43	2,516,972.36
	5,933,659.00	15,931,679.11	31,985,285.27	3,452,022.09
	5,852,398.00	15,110,965.33	32,471,522.09	3,925,994.19
	5,974,395.00	15,228,780.65	31,704,281.61	3,017,109.53
1891	6,262,728.00	16,156,465.48	33,020,661.30	3,789,704.21
1892	6,211,976.00	16,213,525.76	32,483,965.00	3,728,463.36
1893	6,526,193.00	17,587,711.66	33,430,883.00	5,550,381.36
1894	6,362,517.00	19,548,102.45	30,702,607.00	7,624,381.36
1895	6,339,098.00	20,946,237.12	29,414,796.00	9,175,245.43
1896	6,606,214.00	18,791,747.62	30,789,457.00	7,049,897.33
	6,711,754.00	21,987,613.26	31,082,521.00	10,380,205.37
	7,306,574.00	21,142,624.76	35,930,085.00	9,779,170.97
	7,902,076.00	22,933,078.39	38,409,227.00	11,768,191.25
	8,599,618.00	24,452,442.52	43,814,918.00	10,829,263.02
1901	9,136,829.00	28,498,519.52	47,611,967.00	15,159,309.02
1902	9,546,552.00	29,868,112.05	52,442,982.00	15,939,396.55
1903	10,671,569.00	33,777,733.58	58,283,494.00	20,702,144.08
1904	11,241,646.00	39,777,831.33	59,760,119.00	27,377,814.83
1905	11,616,702.00	47,839,250.33	58,721,173.00	35,813,970.43
1906.	12,697,203.00	47,201,260.22	65,991,818.00	32,617,209.02
1907.	14,427,814.00	54,794,596.86	76,346,013.00	37,619,596.81
1908.	14,119,524.00	60,455,991.36	69,047,892.00	41,689,751.31
1909.	14,215,537.00	79,351,080.50	68,708,458.00	61,581,665.45
1910.	15,728,269.00	87,134,068.50	78,265,822.00	69,736,110.85
1911	17,155,996.00	89,994,270.25	81,938,753.00	74,159,771.40
	19,356,015.00	113,443,633.40	95,918,404.00	98,802,395.14
	20,783,997.00	112,101,885.65	102,202,047.00	98,507,112.81
	20,605,876.00	117,795,638.53	96,848,384.00	101,161,366.18
	20,236,008.50	157,056,118.91	96,666,544.00	94,644,423.44

LOAN AND TRUST COMPANIES.

Loan and Trust Companies.—In previous issues of the Year Book tables have been given of the assets and liabilities, with comparative figures for a series of years, of loan companies and building societies. These tables have been taken from the "Annual Report of the Affairs of Building Societies, Loan and Trust Companies in the Dominion of Canada," as issued by the Department of Finance. The statistics in this Report have been compiled by the Department of Finance partly from the statements required to be furnished under legislation of the Dominion Parliament and partly from returns voluntarily made by corporations operating under provincial charters. The laws relating to loan and trust companies incorporated by Acts of the Parliament of Canada were revised by the Loan and Trust Companies Acts of 1914 (4-5 Geo. V, cc. 40 and 55), and since the passing of these Acts the Annual Report issued by the Department of Finance up to and including the year 1913, has been replaced for the years 1914 and 1915 by "Annual Statements of the Loan and Trust Companies incorporated by Acts of the Parliament of Canada," Tables 47 and 48 show therefore the liabilities and assets of the loan and trust companies as compiled from these statements. They relate to 14 loan and 13 trust companies, and do not include companies or societies operating under provincial charters.

47.—Liabilities and Assets of Loan Companies, 1914 and 1915. LIABILITIES.

Wine.			Debentures.			Depo	sits.		Total liabilities.	
Year.	Capital paid up in cash.	Reserve Fund.	payable in Canada.	payable Stock issued.		payable payable on after notice.		Other liabilities.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	8	\$	\$	\$	
1914	19,238,512	9,374,363	6,688,124	22,745,770	1,296,480	5,611,174	2,492,898	3,140,770	70,588,091	
1915	19,401,856	9,878,266	6,764,836	22,279,861	1,390,869	5,471,355	3,721,839	3,083,784	71,992,666	

ASSETS.

	Loaned on mort- gages and hypo- theques.	Loaned upon and invested in				Cash		Other	
Year.		govern- ment, mu- nicipaland school securities.	rated	stocks of incorpo- rated companies	bank stocks.	hand and in banks.	Interest due.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
	8	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1914	53,710,084	775,783	1,162,442	7,659,052	1,069,317	3,220,803	591,443	2,399,167	70,588,091
1915	52,807,357	1,483,635	2,062,710	7,314,803	1,019,702	3,993,004	679,966	2,631,489	71,992,666

LOAN AND TRUST COMPANIES.

48.—Liabilities and Assets of Trust Companies, 1914 and 1915. LIABILITIES.

Liabilities to the Public.

3,033,756 10,740,640 1,529,522 7,306,350

Liabilities to Shareholders.

5,189,797 3,972,520

1914...

1915..

Year.	Capital paid up in cash.	Reserve Fund.	Other liabilities to Share-holders.	Other liabilities.	Total liabilities of the companies	Money in trust for invest- ment.	Trust funds for invest- mentguar- anteed.	Estate trusts and agencies under adminis- tration.	Total liabilities to the public.
1914 1915	\$ 6,051,146 5,307,128			\$ 1,948,414 606,005				\$ 29,832,343 31,002,934	
1700				ASS	ETS.				
Year.	by mort-	on real estate otherthan on first mortgages or hypotheques.	on stocks of incor- porated companies		Govern- ment mu- nicipaland school securities owned.	Cash on hand and in banks.	Market value of realestate, govern- ment securities, etc., over book value.	All other assets.	Total Assets of the companies

COMMERCIAL FAILURES.

253,686 536,832 787,400 876,760 179,928 172,448 879,039 5,181

\$ 303,939 110,692

113,095 102,395

Commercial Failures in Canada, 1915.—According to Bradstreet's of January 8, 1916, the total number of Canadian failures reported during the calendar year 1915 was 2,621, with liabilities of \$31,989,105. In number there was a decrease in 1915 of 9·1 p. c., as compared with 1914, while the liabilities increased by 4·2 p. c. Dun's Review of the same date gives the total number of Canadian insolvencies in 1915 as 2,652, as compared with 2,892 in 1914, whilst liabilities reached in 1915 the total of \$40,676,621, as compared with \$34,996,694 in 1914. Tables 49 to 51 give the statistics from both authorities, those from Bradstreet's (Table 49) being classified by provinces for the calendar years 1914 and 1915 and those for Dun's Review including Newfoundland, being classified by branches of business for the calendar years 1913 to 1915 (Table 50) and by classes and provinces for the calendar year 1915, with totals for the years 1906 to 1914, including Newfoundland (Table 51).

49.—Commercial Failures in Canada, by Provinces, for the Calendar Years 1914 and 1915. (From Bradstreet's.)

	No. of Failures.		Ass	ets.	Liabilities.		
Provinces.	1914.	1915.	1914.	1915.	1914.	1915.	
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta	5 50 36 818 709 315 322 253	702 284	\$ 35,000 522,374 120,725 4,271,540 3,500,734 655,211 1,315,670 968,300	\$ 44,982 513,936 151,624 5,310,137 3,090,896 1,126,948 1,024,646 976,886	1,024,621 289,025 9,714,361 7,095,797 1,990,197 3,191,586	\$ 52,381 881,891 276,357 12,426,112 5,803,574 3,333,573 2,784,987 1,903,616	
British Columbia	378 2,886	243 2,621	2,117,982	2,334,495		4,526,614 31,989,105	

50.—Commercial Failures in Canada by Branches of Business, 1913-1915. (From Dun's Review.)

1	.913.	1	914.		1915.
Num- ber.	Liabil- ities.	Num- ber.	Liabil- ities.	Num- ber.	Liabil- ities.
	\$		\$		\$
		The last			
					90,005 730,998
4	57,230	1	70,000	5	45,300
	2,000	1	235,000		6,100
	810.240		923,359		4,115,701 1,180,201
7	164,782	18	150,490	12	541,202
					354,498
		33		32	282,302
21	56,150	38	100,268	46	381,392
					410,503 521,802
18	450,856		635,244	25	1,611,701
196	2,057,857	211	3,199,800	250	3,605,709
452	6,792,763	614	11.063.191	655	13,877,414
102	0,102,100	011	11,000,101		10,077,711
224	2,128,412	372	4,271,004	295	4,333,693
292	1,136,467	476	3,266,396	414	1,676,007
					3,368,502 632,903
145	994,665	317	2,455,390	223	2,534,096
83					1,902,208
38		53	417.344	53	678,804 521,904
47	427,975	77	401,441	86	1,150,795
					280,805
21	99,257	57	406,201	41	295,005
13	100,222	19	120,221	26	124,308
153	86,364 1,590,986	257	2,002,063	18 246	392,597 3,805,263
1 010	0.001.410	9 104	10 077 005	1 000	21 606 900
1,216	8,081,419	2,104	10,077,935	1,888	21,696,890
51	1,505,224	120	5,303,968	118	5,588,017
1,719	16,979,406	2,898	35,045,095	2,661	41,162,321
	Number. 13 23 4 11 54 75 7 7 3 10 8 21 11 8 18 196 452 224 292 85 42 145 83 45 38 47 19 11 13 8 153 1,216	ber. ities. \$ 13	Number Liabil ber Number 13	Number Liabilities. Number Liabilities.	Number Liabilities. Number Liabilities. Number Liabilities. Number Liabilities. Number Liabilities. Number Number

COMMERCIAL FAILURES.

51.—Commercial Failures in Canada by Provinces and Classes for 1915, with totals for 1906-1914. (From Dun's Review.)

		Г	otal	Comm	ercial.	Manu	facturing.
Provinces.		Num- ber.	As	ssets.	Liabil- ities.	Num- ber.	Liabil- ities.
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan Alberta. British Columbia.		4 76 64 822 743 297 206 164 276	10,3 4,3 3,4 2,2 2,8	\$ 26,500 193,105 223,404 303,396 167,804 530,703 264,605 830,536 703,605	\$ 65,600 476,406 303,003 14,767,300 5,240,503 4,037,706 3,045,601 3,362,901 9,377,601	- 14 7 228 225 66 24 19 71	\$ - 154,504 23,200 5,477,601 2,091,202 1,234,403 234,302 700,505 3,961,497
Total 1915		2,652		243,658	40,676,621	654	13,877,214
Newfoundland. Total 1914. " 1913. " 1912. " 1911. " 1910. " 1909. " 1908. " 1907. " 1906.		9,898 1,719 1,357 1,332 1,262 1,442 1,640 1,278 1,184	30,9 12,6 8,7 9,9 11,6 10,3 12,6 9,4	282,700 209,563 558,979 783,409 964,604 013,396 318,511 008,113 143,227 149,052	485,700 35,045,095 16,979,406 12,316,936 13,491,196 14,514,650 12,982,800 14,931,790 13,221,250 9,085,773	1 614 452 323 321 292 354 426 393 293	200 11,063,191 6,792,763 4,556,615 4,760,016 7,030,227 3,933,938 5,967,498 6,667,452 3,482,511
	T				ther mercial.	Ва	nking.
Provinces.	Num- ber.	Number. Liabilities.		Num- ber.	Liabil- ities.	Num- ber.	Liabil- ities.
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta British Columbia.	4 62 57 566 491 213 177 140 170	32 27 7,59 2,86 2,51 2,79 2,50	5,600 1,902 9,803 2,097 5,298 9,696 7,097 0,396 9,501	- - 28 27 18 5 5 35	\$ - 1,697,602 284,003 283,607 14,202 162,000 3,146,603	1	\$
Total 1915	1,880	21,21	1,390	118	5,588,017	1	150,000
Newfoundland	8	48	5,500	_	- A	-	
Total 1914. " 1913. " 1912. " 1911. " 1910. " 1909. " 1908. " 1907. " 1906.	2,164 1,216 975 986 947 1,059 1,171 847 863	8,68 6,90 7,60 6,94 7,86 8,24 5,75	7,935 1,419 6,665 6,891 3,579 7,287 2,436 6,651 5,142	38	5,303,968 1,505,224 853,656 1,124,289 540,850 1,181,575 712,856 797,156 458,120	1 1 - 1 2 - 2 - 2	250,000 125,000 71,194 2,546,871 - 2,137,224

Note.—Newfoundland included in totals 1906-1914.

GOVERNMENT ANNUITIES.

Under the Government Annuities Act, 1908 (7-8 Edw. VII, c. 5), His Majesty the King, represented by the Minister (at present the Postmaster General), may sell to persons domiciled in Canada immediate or deferred annuities of not less than \$50 nor more than \$1,000 (1) for the life of the annuitant; (2) for a term of years certain. not exceeding twenty years, provided the annuitant shall so long live: (3) for a term of years certain, not exceeding twenty years, or for the life of the annuitant, whichever period shall be the longer; and (4) an immediate or deferred annuity to any two persons domiciled in Canada during their joint lives, and with or without continuation to survivor. The property and interest of any annuitant in any contract for an annuity is neither transferable nor attachable. Except upon the occurrence of invalidity or disablement of an annuitant, no annuity on a separate life is payable unless the annuitant has reached the age of 55. The purchaser may contract that in the event of the death of the annuitant before the date fixed for the annuity to begin all money paid shall be refunded to his heirs with interest at the rate of three per cent., compounded yearly. Statistics of the annuities in force on March 31, 1916, are given in Tables 52-54. From September 1, 1908, to March 31, 1916, 4,022 annuities have been issued, of which 102 have been cancelled on account of death, leaving on March 31, 1916, 723 immediate annuities and 3,197 deferred annuities, a total of 3,920 contracts in force. The total value of these annuities is \$849.950.73, and the amount received for annuities purchased is \$2,884,407.80.

52.—Number of Immediate Annuities of each amount paid in full from September 1, 1908, to March 31, 1916.

MALES.

Ages.	\$100	\$200	\$300	\$400	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800	\$900	\$1000
	No.									
55-59	22	18	10	4	7	7	0	0	2	4
60-64	30	17	17	5	2	10	0	0	0	1
65-69	36	21	9	8	2	10	1	0	0	3
70-74	24	14	12	10	2	10	1	1	1	1
75-79	16	10	5	3	2	3	1	0	1	1
80-85	10	2	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	0

FEMALES.

55–59. 60–64. 65–69. 70–74. 75–79. 80–85.	35 30 42 34 5 6	23 13 14 17 10 1	14 10 10 7 5 0	7 4 7 1 0 0	7 3 2 2 2 2	3 7 6 4 1 2	0 0 1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0 0	0 2 1 1 0 0
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GOVERNMENT ANNUITIES.

53.—Number of Deferred Annuities of each amount purchased by lump sums, lump sums and annual payments, and periodical payments from September 1, 1908, to March 31, 1916.

MALES.

Ages.	\$100	\$200	\$300	\$400	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800	\$900	\$1000
5-9	120	22	5	3	1	5	_	_		1
10-19	307	30	23	5	10	9	-	-	-	4
20-29	269	100	79	26	30	52	1	1	-	3
30-39	195	69	81	29	12	50	-	-	-	7
40-49	114	41	40	22	13	19	-		-	9
50-59	42	18	7	1	2	8		-	-	1
60-69	4	0	0	0	0	3	-	1	-	0

FEMALES.

$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20–29 30–39 40–49 50–59
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Note.—Annuitants numbering 41, who have not yet furnished their ages, are not included in the above table.

54.—Valuation on March 31, 1916, of Annuity Contracts issued pursuant to the Government Annuities Act, 1908.

Description of Contract.	No.	Amount of Annuities.	Value of Annuities Purchased.
Immediate Annuities	500	127,381.26	1,003,079.00
Immediate Annuities guaranteed	155	36,951.10	371.492.00
Immediate Last Survivor (on 2 lives)	68	19,234.36	211,754.00
Deferred, Plan "A"	1,094	219,709.28	429,299.99
Deferred, Plan "A", guaranteed	1,679	327,098.42	339,085.91
Deferred, Last Survivor (on 2 lives)	28	7,676.95	41,458.01
Deferred, Plan "B"	396	111,899.36	319,383.29
Total number of contracts in force	3,920	849,950.73	2,715,552.20

INSURANCE.

Insurance Statistics.—Insurance companies doing business throughout the Dominion of Canada are licensed by the Dominion Government under acts administered by an Insurance Department under the Minister of Finance. The insurance statistics in Tables 55-77, which are restricted to companies doing business under license from the Dominion Government and do not, therefore, include the business of companies operating under license from the provincial governments, are compiled from the Reports of the Superintendent of Insurance, and are divided into three classes relating (1) to insurance against fire; (2) to life insurance and (3) to insurances of a miscellaneous character covering risks of accident, guarantee, employer's liability, sickness, burglary, hail, steam boilers, tornado, weather, inland transportation, automobiles, sprinkler leakage, live stock and title. They refer in all cases to the calendar year.

The year 1914 is the latest for which complete and final statistics of the Insurance Department are available; but, wherever possible, figures for 1915 have been given from the "Abstract of Statements of Insurance Companies in Canada," issued, subject to correction, on March 3, 1916. For fire insurance business transacted in Canada it has been this year possible to give, subject to revision, the figures for 1915 (Table 56), as well as the finally corrected figures for 1914 (Table 55). Similarly, for insurance other than fire and life, the unrevised figures for 1915 have been given in Tables 73, 75 and 77, in addition to the finally corrected figures for 1914 in Tables 72, 74 and 76. In all cases the figures for 1915 are liable to final revision after publication of the

complete report for that year.

Fire Insurance.—Fire insurance in Canada was carried on in 1914 by 82 companies, including 24 Canadian, 24 British, 31 United States and three French. As compared with 1913, this is a decrease of two companies. The gross amount of fire policies, new and renewed, taken during the year 1915, was \$3,111,552,503, as compared with \$3,104,101,568 in 1914 and \$2,925,200,553 in 1913. Premiums charged in 1915 amounted to \$36,048,345, as compared with \$36,185,927 in 1914 and \$36,032,460 in 1913. The net amount at risk in 1915 was \$3,531,620,802.

Life Insurance.—The business of life insurance in Canada was transacted in 1914 by 45 active companies, including 27 Canadian, The total life seven British, one colonial and 10 United States. policies taken out during the year 1914 amounted to \$217,006,516, as compared with \$231,608,546 in 1913, a decrease of \$14,602,030. The policies effected by the Canadian companies amounted to \$125,505,324, a decrease of \$5,988,258; those of the British and colonial companies amounted to \$9,294,590, an increase of \$2,343,895, and those of the United States companies to \$82,206,602, a decrease of \$10,957,667. The total amount of life insurance in force in Canada for the year 1914 at the date of the statements rendered was \$1,242,160,478, an increase over 1913 of \$73,570,451, these figures being distributed among the three different classes of companies as follows: Canadian, \$794,520,423 (increase, \$43,882,521); British and colonial, \$60,770,658 (increase, \$2,593,683); United States, \$386,869,397 (increase, \$27,094,067).

INSURANCE.

Life Insurance on the Assessment Plan.—Table 71 gives the statistics of life insurance on the assessment plan, that is, insurance effected through fraternal or friendly societies by assessments on the members thereof and with annual dues to meet expenses. The statistics in these tables relate, however, only to the four societies reporting to the Insurance Department of the Dominion Government, viz., the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association, the Commercial Travellers' Mutual Benefit Society, the Independent Order of Foresters (whose statistics include sick and funeral departments) and the Woodmen of the World.

Insurance Other than Fire or Life.—Insurance business other than fire or life was carried on in Canada in 1914 by 71 companies: 26 Canadian, 13 British and 32 United States. Thirty of these companies also transacted fire insurance. In addition there were five fraternal orders or societies which carried on sickness and life insurance. Of the 26 Canadian companies, which carried on business other than fire or life in 1914, 21 transacted miscellaneous classes of business only. The combined assets of these 21 companies amounted in 1914 to \$8,306,597, and their total liabilities to \$2,656,464, the excess of assets over liabilities being thus \$5,650,133. For the year 1915, 21 of these companies had total assets amounting to \$7,426,020 and liabilities amounting to \$2,017,-044, the excess of assets over liabilities being \$5,408,976.

55.—Fire Insurance Business transacted in Canada, 1914.

Companies.	Gross amount of policies new and renewed.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of premiums per cent. of risks.	Net cash paid for losses.	Net cash received for premiums.	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received
	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	p.c.
CanadianCompanies						
Acadia Fire	18,326,431	251,133		88,906		
Anglo-American	21,469,043	289,839				
Beaver Fire	4,605,656	77,479				
British American.	73,780,407	788,635				
British Colonial.	28,710,954	309,120	1.08	26,494	198,129	13.37
British			1 00	00 000		man de la
Northwestern	5,593,064	102,462				83.83
Canada National	22,152,139	342,961				
Canadian Fire	28,555,652	455,784				
Dominion Fire	28,158,802	391,846				
Equity Fire	None	None	-	87,921	-15,609	-
Factories Insur-	04 445 550	100 000	1 00	140.000	204 202	
ance Co	34,445,750					
Hudson Bay	9,922,357	186,250	1.88	49,340	87,868	. 56.15
Imperial Under-	10 500 100	101 040	1 10	41 055	05.055	10.00
writers	10,528,108	121,942	1.16	. 41,357	95,355	43.37
Liverpool-Mani-	20 470 205	500 70F	1 04	250 550	410 40"	50.50
toba	39,478,395					
London Mutual	72,959,675	666,180	.91	399,399	525,657	75.98

55.—Fire Insurance Business transacted in Canada in 1914—con.

Companies.	Gross amount of policies new and renewed.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of premiums per cent. of risks.	Net cash paid for losses.	Net cash received for premiums.	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received
CanadianCompanies	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	p.c.
—con. Mercantile Fire	25,390,361	300,097	1.18	171,603	244,851	70.08
Montreal-Canada	14 700 100	100 404	1 0	05 510	101 005	
Fire Mount Royal	14,536,123 47,141,384	199,421 593,153	1.37 1.26	95,710		72.91
North Empire Fire	11,033,400	216,804	1.96	152,047 $63,427$	381,844 93,410	39.82 67.90
North West Fire.	14,163,792	194,681	1.37	69,258	125,711	55,09
Occidental Fire	5,874,485	138,678	2.36	82,232	129,812	63.35
Pacific Coast Fire	12,243,156	169,834	1.39	39,838	75,551	52.73
Quebec Fire	28,001,652	308,665	1.10	122,805	247,034	49.71
Western	106,468,591	1,135,131	1.07	265,767	409,719	64.87
Total	663,539,377	8,206,195	1.24	2,972,305	5,016,654	59.23
British Companies-						
Alliance	26,155,118	252,995	.97	144,836	213,203	67.93
Atlas	48,149,735	612,458	1.27	328,301	526,216	62.39
Caledonian	45,463,173	526,310	1.16	274,450	442,976	61.96
Commercial Union	102,738,333	1,104,298	1.07	470,222	1,000,069	47.02
Employers' Lia-	07 000 450	005 844	1 00	150 515	000 400	40 =0
bility	35,333,456	385,714	1.09	153,515	308,402	49.78
Fire and Life	29,702,725	342,511	1.15	111,152	267,203	41.60
Guardian Ass. Co.	86,567,723	1,120,801	1.29	558,248	958,195	58.26
Law Union and	00,001,120	1,120,001	1.20	000,210	200,100	00.20
Rock	28,687,972	334,764	1.17	137,003	282,305	48.53
Liverpool&London	7174 79 18		10-10-3			
& Globe	142,723,265	1,788,922	1.25	902,102	1,383,305	65.21
London & Lan-	00 550 000	007 007	1 0	001 000	001 501	FO FH
cashire Fire London Assurance	83,550,996	897,887	1.07	391,200	691,561	56.57
North British &	31,718,441	374,697	1.18	128,502	310,412	41.40
Mercantile	96,286,336	1,140,074	1.18	595,746	943,907	63.11
Northern Ass	67,398,717	877,017	1.30	469,372	736,047	63.77
NorwichUnionFire	73,606,390	889,303	1.21	470,923	770,642	61.11
Palatine Insurance						
Co	25,645,785	321,726	1.25	155,132	239,666	64.73
Phoenix of London	97,927,950	1,285,915	1.31	579,207	1,035,778	55.92
Provincial	7,811,504	54,192	1.69	38,618	45,591	84.71
Royal Exchange.	47,006,381 146,814,153	489,641 1,706,899	1.04	162,218 801,985	422,440 1,450,549	38.40 55.29
Scottish Union and	110,011,100	1,100,000	1.10	001,000	1,100,019	00.20
National	39,592,727	421,577	1.06	150,485	350,475	42.94
Sun Insur. Office.	44,282,491	565,299	1.28	268,367	484,222	55.42
Union Assurance			15.11		100	
Society	53,383,634	643,268	1.20	261,460	480,991	54.36
Yorkshire	37,653,674	442,444	1.18	243,438	366,753	66.38
Total	1,398,200,494	16,578,712	1.19	7,796,482	13,710,908	56.86

INSURANCE.

55.—Fire Insurance Business transacted in Canada, 1914—cor.

Companies.	Gross amount of policies new and renewed.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of premiums per cent. of risks.	Net cash paid for losses.	Net cash received for premiums.	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received
American and Other Companies—	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	p.c.
Aetna Insur. Co American Central. American Insur-	33,788,700 29,155,885	412,854 264,659	1.22 .91	157,403 116,411	358,554 163,551	43.90 71.18
ance Co American Lloyds California Insur-	5,023,310 5,345,409	85,399 20,519	1.70 .38	31,001 547	62,518 17,010	49.59
ance Co Connecticut Fire Continental	3,108,615 $13,896,141$ $36,692,722$	58,613 178,981 368,098	1.89 1.29 1.00	18,454 45,620 186,493	37,410 124,133 299,679	49.33 36.75 62.23
Equitable Fire and Marine Fidelity-Phœnix Fireman's Fund	13,119,287 37,744,470 13,905,679	142,132 459,911 167,491	1.08 1.22 1.20	23,237 167,322 70,200	34,106 362,151 117,918	68.13 46.20 59.53
Firemen's Insur- ance Co Compagnie d'Assu-	6,781,023	93,937	1.39	31,934	89,562	35.66
rances Générales German American Germania Fire Glens Falls	10,441,094 92,760,014 5,378,248 13,536,325	123,125 728,112 89,243 181,414	1.18 .78 1.66 1.34	57,609 282,743 39,899 50,314	82,382 470,652 66,668 133,962	69.93 60.07 59.85
Globe & Rutgers Hartford Fire Home Insurance	14,447,534 111,611,996	141,732	.98	33,279 497,045	132,878	37.56 25.05 49.08
Co Insurance Co. of North America	95,506,363 47,006,449	1,074,806 526,560	1.13	419,937 221,792	817,419 441,420	51.37 50.24
Insurance Co. of the State of Pa	15,083,672	199,672	1.32	104,580	146,982	71.15
Lumber Insurance. National Ben- Franklin	7,511,560 26,768,010	134,716 317,026	1.79	81,919 24,377	100,581 155,675	81.45 15.66
National Fire National Union Fire	85,679,369 22,190,089	825,976 286,608	.96 1.29	334,061 128,504	637,386 214,154	52.41
La Nationale Com- pagnie d'Ass Niagara Fire	11,187,317 16,538,612	141,989 222,294	1.27 1.34	10,092 84,046	103,480 187,012	9.75 44.94
Northwestern Na- tional Phænixof Hartford	13,485,063 48,347,747	157,780 541,723	1.17 1.12	65,300 237,983	142,584 402,016	45.80 59.20
Providence WashingtonQueen of America.	19,631,625 57,315,877	234,674 726,860	$\frac{1.20}{1.27}$	125,910 357,209	190,649 607,874	66.04 58.76
Springfield Fire and Marine	71,730,495	614,485	.86	277,903	481,373	57.73

55.—Fire Insurance Business transacted in Canada in 1914—concluded.

Companies.	Gross amount of policies new and renewed.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of premiums per cent. of risks.	Net cash paid for losses.	Net cash received for premiums.	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received
American and Other Companies—con. St. Paul Fire and	\$	\$	р. с.	\$	\$	р. с.
Marine L'Union, Paris,	22,725,149	310,869	1.37	101,116	236,513	42.75
France Westchester Fire	19,994,372 14,923,476	240,267 204,656		104,669 89,591	187,704 152,863	
Total	1,042,361,697	11,401,020	1.09	4,578,500	8,771,599	52.20
CanadianCompanies British Companies American and other	663,539,377 1,398,200,494	8,206,195 16,578,712				
Companies	1,042,361,697	11,401,020	1.09	4,578,500	8,771,599	52.20
Grand Total	3,104,101,568	36,185,927	1.17	15,347,287	27,499,161	55.81

56.—Fire Insurance Business transacted in Canada in 1915.

(Subject to revision.)

Companies.	Gross amount of policies new and renewed.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of premiums per cent. of risks.	Net cash paid for losses.	Net cash received for premiums	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received
CanadianCompanies	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	p.c.
Acadia Fire	16,405,713 18,590,599 5,304,836 77,840,123 9,227,747 4,520,073 23,223,662 27,494,130 22,855,580	256,873 86,937 843,500 144,266	1.34 1.38 1.64 1.08 1.56 1.84 1.52 1.53 1.36	117,243 1,547 284,695 77,723 32,622 86,858 112,465	30,943 506,735 67,153 49,953	77.11 5.00 56.18 115.74

INSURANCE.

56.—Fire Insurance Business transacted in Canada in 1915—con.

(Subject to revision.)

Companies.	Gross amount of policies new and renewed.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of premiums per cent. of risks.	Net cash paid for losses.	Net cash received for premiums.	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received
CanadianCompanies —con.	\$	\$	р. с.	\$	\$	р. с.
Factories Insur- ance Co Hudson Bay	20,937,423 10,211,949	329,100 159,322	1.57 1.56	133,933 66,449		93.91 65.42
Imperial Under- writers	9,073,454	118,905	1.31	64,379		
Liverpool-Mani- toba London Mutual Lumbermen's Fire	35,935,805 71,037,587	463,840 714,826	1.29 1.01	131,870 274,732	266,296 461,375	49.52 59.55
Indemnity Contract Mercantile Fire	1,647,361 25,973,436	37,740 275,877	2.29 1.06	None 135,375		60.38
Montreal-Canada Fire	10,004,400 52,547,074	139,177 652,924	1.39	89,385 161,653	88,871 411,074	100.58
North Empire Fire North West Fire Occidental Fire Pacific Coast Fire	10,967,271 15,240,882 9,915,169 11,801,090	189,031 194,647 192,163 153,501	1.72 1.28 1.94 1.30	71,320 84,093 68,673 32,478	87,393 139,450 112,498 80,469	81.61 60.30 61.04 40.36
Quebec Fire Western	27,282,543 150,851,486	295,838 1,717,641	1.08	84,121 285,221	236,650 488,130	35.55 58.43
Total	669,888,799	8,365,391	1.25	2,633,933	4,544,346	57.96
British Companies-	OF 4 FO 00	240,000	0.00	/ 00 001	015 100	10.00
Alliance	25,152,607 46,970,299	240,929 598,555	0.96 1.27	90,381 310,587	215,168 515,974	42.00 60.19
General Caledonian Commercial Union	11,880,708 43,763,253 103,690,240	131,885 499,819 1,124,325	1.11 1.14 1.08	57,898 237,083 471,564	96,456 433,157 962,785	60.02 54.73 48.98
Employers' Lia- bility General Accident,	40,047,832	429,574	1.07	189,959	356,567	53.27
Fire and Life Guardian Ass. Co. Law Union and	32,272,798 87,571,292	383,048 1,131,108	1.19 1.29	126,881 482,686	289,962 970,601	43.76 49.73
Rock Liverpool & Lon-	27,280,780	308,859	1.13	182,822	259,011	70.58
don & Globe London Guarantee and Accident	137,545,930 386,254	1,661,460 3,675	0.95	710,524 None	1,342,437 1,198	52.93
London & Lan- cashire Fire	80,100,138		1.11	333,860		47.46

56.—Fire Insurance Business transacted in Canada in 1915—con.

(Subject to revision.)

	1					
Companies.	Gross amount of policies new and renewed.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of premiums per cent. of risks.	Net cash paid for losses.	Net cash received for premiums.	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received
	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	p.c.
British Companies—concluded.						
London Assurance North British &		371,390	1.14	139,186	300,984	46.24
Mercantile	97,395,448	1,093,294	1.12	495,777	927,240	53.47
Northern Ass	68,448,611	875,839	1.28	385,857	770,010	50.11
NorwichUnionFire		881,480	1.21	392,521	743,558	
Ocean Accident			2 24		LW-TTV-	
and Guarantee	3,918,715	54,000	1.38	9,383	43,171	21.74
Palatine Insurance		900 070	1 04	110 015	0 2 1 0	11 0
CoPhœnix of London	29,278,665	362,279	1.24	112,917	251,107	44.97
Provincial	97,527,941 5,937,340	1,244,386 43,816	1.28	390,595 19,781	935,794 40,473	41.74 48.88
Royal Ins. Co	150,733,604	457,346	1.05	172,056	379,111	45.38
Royal Exchange	43,501,250	1,725,350	1.14	695,908	1,429,655	48.68
Scottish Union and	10,002,200	1,120,000	1.11	000,000	2,220,000	10.00
National	42,337,867	439,155	1.04	160,164	372,392	43.01
Sun Insur. Office	46,815,191	567,488	1.21	267,578	483,707	55.32
Union Assurance						
Society	56,691,850	640,096	1.13	244,608	474,056	51.60
Yorkshire	38,036,807	459,296	1.21	210,298	360,769	58.29
Total	1 422 910 255	16,617,179	1.17	6,890,874	13,658,846	50.45
20001	1,422,010,200	10,017,173	1.11	0,030,014	10,000,040	00.40
			- 20			
American and Other Companies—						
Aetna Insur. Co	31,727,746	388,890	1.23	218,329	314,501	69.42
American Central.	23,430,734	226,736	0.97	53,203	123,338	43.14
American Insur-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	5,.50		50,200	3	TO LANGE
ance Co	4,745,288	78,877	1.66	22,104	62,632	35.29
American Lloyds	5,288,200	19,652	0.37	1,577	18,299	8.62
California Insur-						
ance Co	3,263,688	57,790	1.77	16,940	37,130	45.62
Connecticut Fire.	13,084,257	159,671	1.22	61,620	116,960	52.68
Continental Equitable Fire and	34,511,980	354,095	1.03	134,112	259,816	51.62
Marine	13,742,357	159,802	1.16	13,775	29,863	46.13
Fidelity-Phœnix.	38.346,677	439,197	1.15	196,961	330,390	59.61
Fireman's Fund	11,624,306	119,265	1.03	53,843	111,074	48.47
Firemen's Insur-	,5=1,550	220,200	2.00	30,020	,0.1	ELT OF A
ance Co	6,634,613	90,233	1.36	27,968	70,361	39.75
Compagnied'Assu-						101015
rances Générales	8,410,818	101,053	1.20	43,508	63,258	68.78
Water the state of		1				

INSURANCE.

56.—Fire Insurance Business transacted in Canada in 1915—concluded. (Subject to revision.)

Companies.	Gross amount of policies new and renewed.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of premiums per cent. of risks.	Net cash paid for losses.	Net cash received for premiums.	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received
	-					
1 00	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	p.c.
American and Other Companies—con.		4950		A STREET		
German American	62,232,448	526,385	0.85	214,572	370,849	57.86
Germania Fire	4,361,573	72,330	1.66	37,468	27,419	136.65
Glens Falls	7,283,944	164,292	2.26	67,984	160,667	42.31
Globe & Rutgers	45,820,828	365,891	0.80	84,436	277,756	30.40
Hartford Fire	111,057,076	1,056,314	0.95	461,245	899,128	51.30
Home Insurance			3110	,		
Co	97,029,178	1,066,269	1.10	459,169	929,416	49.40
Insurance Co. of			FR IN			
North America	47,268,428	516,764	1.09	191,315	433,208	44.16
Insurance Co. of					1 2 2 2	
the State of Pa	17,603,934	219,922	1.25	73,492		44.66
Lumber Insurance.	None	None	-	1,640		25.02
Millers National	2,436,455	29,314	1.20	5,992	24,927	24.04
National Ben-	0 100 040	100 054	4 40	00 504	04.005	
Franklin	9,168,243	106,274	1.16	63,784	84,225	75.73
National Fire	66,982,757	703,563	1.05	462,990	494,642	93.60
National Union	00 047 004	000 042	1 00	100.070	000 040	71 00
Fire La Nationale Com-	20,947,024	268,043	1.28	109,073	209,848	51.98
pagnie d'Ass	15 051 406	191,635	1.27	69 257	148,557	46 01
Niagara Fire	15,051,406 15,851,908	200,550	1.27	68,357 56,218	173,749	46.01
Northwestern Na-	10,001,000	200,000	1.41	00,210	110,149	32.36
tional	13,129,420	157,362	1.20	78,625	134,649	58.39
Phénix Compagnie	10,120,120	101,002	1.20	10,020	101,010	00.00
Française	3,644,889	39,350	1.08	4,343	24,238	17.92
Phœnix of Hartford	44,633,485	524,072	1.17	190,790	368,014	51.84
Providence Wash-	22,000,200			200,100	000,022	01.01
ington	20,769,767	245,637	1.18	87,990	197,469	44.56
Queen of America.	57,948,174	726,430	1.25	321,095	604,103	53.15
Springfield Fire	Expell the party		3 .			
and Marine	75,635,139	631,774	0.84	287,942	479,481	60.05
St. Paul Fire and						
Marine	24,914,001	326,150	1.31	122,113	253,040	48.26
L'Union, Paris,		200 200			E NE LU	B () A ()
France	20,797,990	250,950	1.21	118,084	186,233	63.41
Westchester Fire	14,431,836	203,537	1.41	92,835	136,742	67.89
Total	002 910 567	10 799 060	1 00	4 505 402	0 227 000	E4 11
I Utal	993,810,567	10,788,069	1.09	4,505,492	8,327,098	54.11
Canadian Companies	669,888,799	8,365,391	1.25	2,633,933	4,544,346	57.96
British Companies	1,422,910,255	16,617,179	1.17	6,890,874	13,658,846	50.45
American and other	1,122,010,200	10,011,110	1.11	0,000,014	10,000,010	00.10
Companies	993,810,567	10,788,069	1.09	4,505,492	8,327,098	54.11
				2,000,202		
Grand Total	3,086,609,621	35,770,639	1.16	14,030,299	26,530,290	52.88

57.—Amounts received for Premiums and paid for Losses, with percentage of Losses to Premiums, 1869-1915.

Year.	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Percentage of losses to premiums.	Year.	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Percentage of losses to premiums.
1869 1870 1871 1872 1873	1,785,539 1,916,779 2,321,716 2,628,710 2,968,416	1,624,837 1,549,199 1,909,975	84.77 66.73 72.66	1893 1894 1895 1896 1897	6,793,595 6,711,369 6,943,382 7,075,850 7,157,661	5,052,690 4,589,363 4,993,750 4,173,501 4,701,833	68.38 71.92 58.98
1874 1875 1876 1877 1878	3,522,303 3,594,764 3,708,006 3,764,005 3,368,430	2,563,531 2,867,295 8,490,919	71.31 77.33 225.58	1898 1899 1900 1901 1902	7,350,131 7,910,492 8,331,948 9,650,348 10,577,084	4,784,487 5,182,038 7,774,293 6,774,956 4,152,289	65.51 93.31 70.20 39.26
1879 1880 1881 1882	3,227,488 3,479,577 3,827,116 4,229,706 4,624,741	1,666,578 3,169,824 2,664,986 2,920,228	47.90 82.83 63.01 63.14	1903 1904 1905 1906 1907	11,384,762 13,169,882 14,285,671 14,687,963 16,114,475	5,870,716 14,099,534 6,000,519 6,584,291 8,445,041	107.06 42.00 44.83 52.41
1884 1885 1886 1887 1888	4,980,128 4,852,460 4,932,335 5,244,502 5,437,263	2,679,287 3,301,388 3,403,514 3,073,822	55.22 66.93 64.90 56.53	1908 1909 1910 1911 1912	17,027,275 17,049,464 18,725,531 20,575,255 23,194,518	10,279,455 8,646,826 10,292,393 10,936,947 12,119,581	50.72 54.96 53.16 52.25
1889 1890 1891 1892	5,588,016 5,836,071 6,168,716 6,512,327	3,266,567	63.31	1913 1914 1915	25,745,947 27,499,158 26,530,290 		55.75. 52.88

58.—Totals of Premiums received and Losses paid, with percentage of Losses to Premiums by Nationality of Companies, 1869-1915.

Companies.	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Percentage of losses to Premiums.
Canadian companies British companies American and other companies Total	253,062,789	155,446,054 44,341,958	61.42 56.32

INSURANCE.

59.—Premiums received and Losses paid by Canadian Companies doing business in Canada and other Countries, with percentage of Losses paid to Premiums received, 1878-1914.

	Busi	ness in Car	ada.	Business in other Countries.			
Year.	Premiums received.			Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received.	
	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	p.c.	
1878 1880 1885 1890 1895	591,495 459,653 983,555 1,018,226 785,416	241,545 219,954 518,633 604,846 499,472	59.40	1,251,923 1,377,310 1,485,078 1,584,879 2,566,980	737,430 885,293 1,051,090 910,511 1,462,849	64.28 70.78 57.45	
1900	689,956 2,611,899 3,037,675 3,204,241 3,133,661 3,285,887 2,989,211	658,405 1,277,772 1,754,359 1,755,348 1,662,120 1,978,284 1,797,561		2,804,896 3,911,739 3,141,709 3,343,157 3,467,975 2,856,233 3,129,204	1,969,862 2,307,655 1,714,812 2,149,515 2,039,201 1,829,175 2,112,379	58.99 54.58 64.30 58.80 56.56	

60.—Amount of Fire Insurance at risk in Canada, 1869-1915.

Year.	Amount at risk.	Year.	Amount at risk.	Year.	Amount at risk.	Year.	Amount at risk.
	\$		\$		\$		\$
1869 1870 1871 1872	188,359,809 191,549,586 228,453,784 251,722,940	1882 1883	462,210,968 526,856,478 572,264,041 605,507,789	1893 1894 1895 1896	814,687,057 836,067,202 837,872,864 845,574,352	1906 1907	1,318,146,495 1,443,902,244 1,614,703,536 1,700,708,263
1873 1874 1875 1876	278,754,835 306,844,219 364,421,029 404,608,180	1886 1887	611,794,479 586,773,022 634,767,337 650,735,059	1897 1898 1899 1900	868,522,217 895,394,107 936,869,668 992,332,360	1910 1911	1,863,276,504 2,034,276,740 2,279,868,346 2,684,355,895
1877 1878 1879 1880	420,342,681 409,899,701 407,357,985 411,563,271	1889 1890 1891 1892	684,538,378 720,679,621 759,602,191 821,410,072	1902 1903	1,038,687,619 1,075,263,168 1,140,453,716 1,215,013,931	1914	3,151,930,389 3,456,019,009 3,532,158,624

61.—Assets of Canadian Companies doing Fire Insurance, or Fire Insurance and other classes of Insurance, and Assets in Canada of Companies other than Canadian transacting such business in Canada, 1911-1915.

					2 1 1 12 2
Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
DE TARTE OF CASE	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canadian Companies—	007.000	700 001	200 005	050 100	050 470
Real estate Loans on real estate	967,086 1,050,391	739,621 2,159,311	890,805 3,041,389	956,169 3,169,250	952,479 3,339,980
Stocks, bonds and deben-					
tures	8,334,472	9,614,883	9,376,392	9,024,937	9,789,175
Agents' balances and pre- miums outstanding	1,525,495	1,670,990	1,893,507	2,043,406	2,550,098
Cash on hand and in banks	1,477,521	1,735,522	1,737,687	1,656,436	2,189,444
Interest and rents Other assets	106,591 635,280	139,267 892,146	159,258 681,761	$205,657 \\ 445,324$	290,747 354,718
Other assets	050,200	092,140	001,701	410,024	004,710
Total assets	14,096,836	16,951,740	17,780,799	17,501,179	19,466,641
Deitiel Comm				Art Files	HETE TILES
British Companies— Real estate	2,396,850	2,420,600	2,589,350	2,837,100	2,371,456
Loans on real estate	15,752,991	17,406,247	12,673,949		5,471,761
Stocks, bonds and deben-	19 740 759	13,809,237	11,683,102	13,720,258	14,778,496
tures	12,740,752	15,009,201	11,000,102	15,720,200	14,770,490
miums outstanding	1,235,384	1,362,148		1,722,732	2,109,720
Cash on hand and in banks Interest and rents	1,346,771 413,099	1,568,817 505,182	1,509,870 421,358	2,162,506 548,115	2,266,671 181,543
Other assets in Canada	319,391	350,199		165,781	164,763
m . I	04.005.000	97 400 400	00 617 000	95 050 050	27 244 410
Total assets in Canada	34,205,238	37,422,430	30,617,223	35,852,078	27,344,410
American Companies—			Y and the last		
Real estate	-	-	-	_	_
Loans on real estate Stocks, bonds and deben-		_	-	8,500	8,500
tures	4,315,900	5,650,445	6,840,822	8,487,566	8,350,890
Agents' balances and pre-				C. C	
miums outstanding Cash on hand and in banks	574,263 224,291	719,336 292,554	1,264,185 221,340	1,400.087 449,000	1,397,741 870,233
Interest and rents	36,760	52,755	67,767	95,457	110,362
Other assets	22,405			26,028	68,777
Total assets in Canada	5,173 619	6,738,189	8,421,760	10,467 422	10,806,503
			The same of the		
All Companies—		0 100 551	0.400 7.77	0 1100 000	0.000.00*
Real estate Loans on real estate	3,363,936 16,803,382		3,480,155 15,715,338		3,323,935 8,820,241
Stocks, bonds and deben-	10,000,002	19,000,000	30 2 1 30		0,020,211
tures	25,391,124	29,074,565	27,900,316	31,232,761	32,918,561
Agents' balances and pre- miums outstanding	3,335,142	3,752,474	4,740,701	5,167,009	6,057,559
Cash on hand and in banks		3,596,893	3,468,897	4,267,942	5,326,348
Interest and rents	556,450	697,204	648,383	849,229	582,652 588,258
Other assets	977,076	1,265,444	865,992	637,133	500,200
Total assets in Canada	53,475,693	61,112,359	56,819,782	63,820,679	57,617,554

INSURANCE.

62.—Liabilities of Canadian Companies doing Fire Insurance, or Fire Insurance and other classes of Insurance, and Liabilities in Canada of Companies other than Canadian transacting such business in Canada, 1911-15.

			100		
Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Canadian Companies—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Unsettled losses	813,026	830,395	858,066	951,039	927,894
Reserve of unearned premiumsSundry items	5,187,763 527,054	5,766,579 984,575	5,980,877 1,274,755	5,907,016 1,147,752	5,900,510 1,511,942
Total liabilities, not in- cluding capital	6,527,843	7,581,549	8,113,698	8,005,807	8,340,346
Excess of assets over liabilities, excluding capital	7,568,993	9,370,191	9,667,101	9,495,372	11,126,296
Capital stock paid up	7,794,889	9,145,607	9,825,459	9,327,546	9,705,234
British Companies— Unsettled losses Reserve of unearned pre-	603,887	445,081	703,556	878,988	732,158
miums Sundry items ¹	6,682,354 1,808,886	7,340,187 2,108,703	8,017,926 1,355,394	8,488,770 962,328	8,690,310 1,515,022
Total liabilities in Canada	'9,095,127	9,893,971	9,876,876	10,330,086	10,937,490
Excess of assets over liabilities, excluding capital	25,110,111	27,528,459 -	20,740,347	25,521,991	16,406,919
American Companies— Unsettled losses Reserve of unearned pre-	378,235	362,979	595,864	858,806	700,082
miums Sundry items ¹	2,516,114 101,620	3,283,827 224,533	4,388,977 291,582	4,888,828 310,379	4,698,166 558,059
Total liabilities in Canada	2,995,969	3,871,339	5,276,423	6,058,013	5,956,307
Excess of assets over liabilities excluding capital	2,177,650	2,866 850	3,145,338	4,409,409	4,850,196
All Companies— Unsettled losses Reserve of unearned pre-	1,795,148	1,638,455	2,157,486	2,688,833	2,360,134
miumsSundry items	14,386,231 2,437,560	16,390,593 3,317,811	18,387,780 2,721,731	19,284,614 2,420,459	19,288,986 3,585,023
Total liabilities in Canada not including capital	18,618,939	21,346,859	23,266,997	24,393,906	25,234 143
Excess of assets over lia- bilities excluding capi-					
tal	34,856,754	39,765,500	33,552,786	39,426,772	32,383,411
Capital stock paid up ²	7,794,889	9,145,607	9,825,459	9,327,546	9,705,234

¹Liabilities under life and other branches included. ²Canadian companies only.

63.—Cash Income and Expenditure of Canadian Companies doing Fire Insurance, or Fire Insurance and other classes of Insurance and Cash Income and Expenditure in Canada of Companies other than Canadian transacting such business in Canada, 1911-15.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
INCOME.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canadian Companies— Net cash for premiums	9,084,303	9,644,235	9,167,900	9,122,882	10,005,088
Interest and dividends on stocks, etc Sundry items	438,217 381,486	568,329 185,991	653,599 176,642		676,631 67,589
Total cash income	9,904,006	10,398,555	9,998,141	9,778,598	10,749,308
British Companies¹— Net cash for premiums	11,205,692	12 092 125	13,138,597	13 710 908	13,658,847
Interest and dividends on stocks, etc	1,308,221	1,483,672	1,298,719	1 - 20 - 11 71	
From branches other than Fire or Life Sundry items	920,346 106,825		1,367,100 2,660		
Total cash income	13,541,084	14,770,385	15,807,076	16,463,704	16,789,042
American Companies ¹ — Net cash for premiums Interest and dividends on	4,642,420	6,038,987	7,508,050	8,771,599	8,327,098
stocks, etc From branches other than	152,598	191,585	254,252		392,770
Fire or Life Sundry items	145,009	312,008 4,381	414,616 754	595,104 28,067	976,284 None
Total cash income	4,940,027	6,546,961	8,177,672	9,734,460	9,696,152
Expenditure.					
Canadian Companies— Paid for losses General expenses	5,298,977 3,566,679	5,552,013 3,907,665		5,729,043 3,639,927	5,955,719 3,698,953
Dividends or bonus to shareholders	424,422	447,537	481,900	329,588	510,407
Total cash expenditure	9,290,078	9,907,215	9,945,388	9,698,558	10,165,079
Excess of income over expenditure	613,928	491,340	52,753	80,040	584,229
British Companies ¹ — Paid for losses General expenses On account of branches	6,181,889 3,361,296	6,319,064 3,764,912	6,939,453 4,146,973	7,796,482 4,356,332	6,890,873 4,512,428
other than Fire or Life.	765,770	932,822	1,174,587	1,218,800	2,190,283
Total cash expenditure	10,308,955	11,016,798	12,261,013	13,371,614	13,593,584

¹Income and Expenditure in Canada.

INSURANCE.

63.—Cash Income and Expenditure of Canadian Companies doing Fire Insurance, or Fire Insurance and other classes of Insurance and Cash Income and Expenditure in Canada of Companies other than Canadian transacting such business in Canada, 1911-15—concluded.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Expenditure—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Excess of income over expenditure	3,232,129	3,753,587	3,546,063	3,092,090	3,195,458
American Companies ¹ — Paid for losses General expenses	2,235,881 1,288,088	3,068,757 1,691,584	4,043,757 2,235,516	4,578,500 2,551,307	4,505,492 2,490,540
On account of branches other than Fire or Life.	174,975	198,160	272,771	434,380	756,993
Total cash expenditure	3,698,944	4,958,501	6,552,044	7,564,187	7,753,025
Excess of income over expenditure	1,241,083	1,588,460	1,625,628	2,170,273	1,943,127

¹Income and expenditure in Canada.

64.—Life Insurance in Canada, 1911-1915.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
CanadianCompanies-	M 280+				
Policies new and		THE REAL PROPERTY.			
taken upno. Policies in force	186,643	205,316	100,967	108,844	109,114
at end of year. "	619,644	663,870	553,372	587,887	620,556
Policies become claims	8,179	9,409	7,870	8,248	9,214
taken up\$ Net amount of	110,077,453	141,267,596	131,493,582	125,505,324	121,033,310
policies in force " Net amount of policies become	626,770,154	706,656,117	750,637,902	794,520,423	829,870,609
claims" Amount of premi-	6,678,083	7,760,842	7,613,365	9,009,944	10,355,755
ums in year " Claims paid1"	20,736,480 6,350,731	23,540,081 7,550,533	24,784,163 7,640,225	26,047,253 8,455,729	28,547,264 9,911,912
Unsettled claims—	WALL Y		ik beren		11 3
Not resisted " Resisted "	911,335 15,040	1,012,805 48,133	877,327 8,000	1,135,185 110,362	1,319,231 109,000

¹Including matured endowments.

64.—Life Insurance in Canada, 1911-1915—con.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
		7			
British Companies—					
Policies new and	500			1 1	
taken upNo.	2,072	2,522	4,448	11,603	7,697
Policies in force	2,012	2,022	1,110	11,000	1,001
at end of year. "	24,039	24,922	27,522	30,925	20,665
Policies become	545	622	666	652	379
Amount of poli-	040	022	000	032	319
cies new and					
taken up \$	5,591,832	7,319,952	6,950,695	9,294,590	5, 41,313
Net amount of policies in force "	50,919,675	54,537,725	58,176,795	60,770,658	35,638,211
Net amount of	50,515,015	04,001,120	50,110,195	00,770,000	30,000,211
policies become					
claims"	1,278,405	1,395,028	1,472,815	1,516,885	876,288
Amount of premi- ums in year	1,680,731	1,768,046	1,905,486	1,906,998	2,066,061
Claims paid ¹ "	1,333,911	1,333,955		1,385,909	1,697,898
			gic (Vicinie		
Unsettled claims-					
Not registed "	470 005	045 400	455.440	010.01	001.084
Not resisted " Resisted "	159,095	217,139 none.	175,118 none.	310,217 none.	321,954 50,500
itesisteu	2,139	none.	none.	none.	30,500
American Companies-	W				
Policies new and			1 - Y-1	LOS MAN	
taken up No.	223,354	243,583	408,676	323,606	365,971
Policies in force	001 500	000 005	1 055 000	1 155 040	1 007 010
at end of year. " Policies become	691,508	808,605	1,055,088	1,157,943	1,297,010
claims"	7,265	7,982	9,853	10,843	13,175
Amount of poli-		Was I			
cies new and	61 107 604	70 617 555	02 164 960	99 906 609	04 766 040
taken up \$ Net amount of	61,197,694	70,617,555	93,164,269	82,206,602	94,766,940
policies in force "	272,530,942	309,114,827	359,775,330	386,869,397	423,556,850
Net amount of		Was the said			
policies become claims	3,478,413	3,877,009	4,216,778	4,677,481	5,406,099
Amount of premi-	0,410,410	3,011,000	4,210,770	Rose Williams	0,400,000
ums in year "	9,202,415	10,401,389		13,139,844	14,488 783
Claims paid ¹ "	3,367,037	3,866,840	4,349,751	4,409,764	5,542,199
TT 1 1 1 1		Havis		THE LOT	
Unsettled claims—		THE PARTY NAMED IN	1		
Not resisted "	387,059	339,273	281,655	613,031	465,751
Resisted "	18,913	22,200	21,480		125,790

¹Including matured endowments.

INSURANCE.

64.—Life Insurance in Canada 1911-1915—concluded.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
All Companies—	- The space of		The same i		
Policies new and		184 104	W1 4 001	444.050	100 #00
taken up No.	412,069	451,421	514,091	444,053	482,786
Policies in force	1 005 101	1 405 005	1 005 000	1 770 777	1 000 001
at end of year "	1,335,181	1,487,397	1,635,982	1,776,755	1,938,231
Policies become	45 000	10.079	10 900	10 749	90 700
ciaims	15,989	18,073	18,389	19,743	22,768
Amount of poli-					
cies new and	176,866.979	210 205 102	231,608,546	017 006 516	991 541 569
taken up\$	170,800,979	219,200,100	201,000,040	217,000,010	221,041,000
Net amount of	050 990 771	1 070 202 660	1 169 500 027	1 242 160 478	1,289,065,670
policies in force " Net amount of	900,220,111	1,070,000,000	1,100,000,021	1,242,100,410	1,200,000,010
policies become		- na finia			
claims"	11,434,901	13,032,879	13,302,958	15,204,310	16,638,142
Amount of premi-	11,101,001	10,002,013	10,002,000	10,201,010	10,000,112
ums in year "	31,619,626	35,709,516	38,641,206	41,094,095	45,102,108
Claims paid1	11,051,679				
Unsettled claims-	22,001,000	12,.01,020		,,10=	
Not resisted "	1,457,489	1,629,217	1,334,100	2,058,433	2,106,936
Resisted "	36,092				

¹Including matured endowments.

65.—Insurance Death-rate in Canada, 1911-1914.

		1911.		1912.			
Companies.	Number of lives exposed to risk.	Number of deaths.	Death- rate per 1,000.	Number of lives exposed to risk.	Number of deaths.	Death- rate per 1,000.	
Active Companies, ordinary	498,955	3,922	7.860	547,015	4,365	7.980	
Active companies, industrial	748,992	8,162	10.897	867,603	8,677	10.001	
Assessment and frater- nal societies	136,026	1,310	9.631	139,781	1,380	9.873	
Non-active and retired companies	3,437	106	30.839	3,465	123	35.498	
Total	1,387,410	13,500	9.730	1,557,864	14,545	9.337	
	A PRODUCTION OF THE PROPERTY O	1913.			1914².		
Active Companies, ordinary	595,842	4,374	7.341	637,686	4,800	7.527	
industrial	974,350	9,048	9.286	1,070,637	9,497	8.870	
Assessment and frater- nal societies	138,842	1,339	9.644	126,062	1,377	10.923	
Non-active and retired companies	3,384	123	36.342	3,217	99	30.774	
Total	1,712,418	14,884	8.692	1,837,602	15,773	8.583	

²Average death-rate for all companies in the fourteen years 1901–1914, 9.742 per 1,000.

FINANCE.

66.—Assets of Canadian Life Companies and Assets in Canada of Life Companies other than Canadian Companies, 1911-1915.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Canadian Companies-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Real estate Loans on real estate. Loans on collaterals. Cash loans and pre-	7,958,156 63,565,430 2,388,759	9,031,457 75,248,268 2,889,833	11,510,386 87,215,996 1,477,725	12,773,617 94,765,472 2,132,153	14,101,572 96,067,436 1,696,754
mium obligations on policies in force Stocks, bonds and	22,960,040	25,879,863	30,875,309	36,204,417	39,311,402
debentures Interest and rent	82,804,037	86,036,806	87,754,400	94,881,911	104,354;383
due and accrued Cash on hand and in	3,402,193	4,037,421	4,798,603	5,839,838	6,724,596
banksOutstanding and de-	2,492,961	2,895,719	3,365,373	4,163,749	5,159,429
ferred premiums	4,807,239	5,322,814	6,025,257	6,776,990	6,568,466
Other assets	343,544	290,694	221,446	288,791	288,980
Total assets	190,722,359	211,632,875	233,244,495	257,826,93 8	274,273,018
British Companies—					
Real estate Loans on real estate. Loans on collaterals. Cash loans and pre-	643,405 10,127,508 135,000	911,034 12,410,674 141,500	917,860 17,937,890 139,568	919,588 18,420,270 139,069	961,214 17,834,771 155,193
mium obligations on policies in force Stocks, bonds and	1,897,139	1,965,671	2,373,212	2,556,680	2,713,804
debentures Interest and rent	16,309,652	16,361,169	15,103,739	15,272,005	14,628,852
due and accrued Cash on hand and in	204,431	238,153	300,336	370,350	
banks ¹ Outstanding and de-	147,263			100	THE RESERVE
ferred premiums Other assets	262,023 16,111	280,122 30,740		381,148 10,598	347,661 10,563
Total assets in Canada	29,742,532	32,691,198	37,585,785	38,924,378	37,761,966

¹Includes cash deposits with Government.

Note.—Certain British companies transacting fire insurance in Canada transact also life insurance in Canada, and insomuch as a separation of assets has not been made between these two classes, their assets in Canada are not here included, but are included in the assets of British companies shown in Table 61 on page 604.

INSURANCE.

66.—Assets of Canadian Life Companies and Assets in Canada of Life Companies other than Canadian Companies, 1911-1915—concluded.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Million I was a series	Manager 1			THE STATE OF	
American Companies-	\$	\$, \$	\$	\$
Real estate	58,683	58,683	177,228		
Loans on real estate.	3,142,679	5,778,313	11,417,124	9,173,058	11,973,851
Loans on collaterals.	none.	none.	none.	none.	none.
Cash loans and pre-				S. Royal Street	
mium obligations	E 150 (50%)				
on policies in force.	6,561,976	6,973,367	8,742,100	10,012,133	10,850,791
Stocks, bonds and	Chicken				
debentures	43,063,387	45,955,544	46,685,135	50,777,774	49,697,533
Interest and rent					
due and accrued	639,673	769,570	931,390	1,030,904	1,153,844
Cash on hand and in					
banks ¹	450,533	442,426	653,675	763,901	2,408,287
Outstanding and de-	_50,000		230,010	. 30,002	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
ferred premiums	832,081	964,842	1,139,772	1,238,849	1,287,225
Other assets	1,083	124	20	1,222	1,874
0 0101 00000011111111					
Total assets in			IN ES ES	What was	THE PARTY OF THE P
Canada	54,750,095	60,942,869	69,746,444	73,068,606	77,445,964
THE CHARLEST WILLIAM					

¹Includes cash deposits with Government.

67.—Liabilities of Canadian Life Companies and Liabilities in Canada of Life Companies other than Canadian Companies, 1911-1915.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Canadian Companies- Unsettled claims Net re-insurance re-	\$ 1,550,387	\$ 1,608,795	\$ 1,501,526	\$ 2,132,846	\$ 2,372,442
serve	161,720,102 3,101 880	179,244,051 3,529,836		213,606,163 7,244,806	
including capital.	166,372,369	184,382,682	201,944,867	222,983,815	237,342,134
Surplus of assets excluding capital Capital stock paid up	24,349,990 5,598,133	27,250,193 5,919,306		34,843,123 5,462,314	36,930,884 5,586,327
British companies ² — Unsettled claims Net re-insurance re-	161,235	217,139	175,118	310,217	372,454
serve	17,455,823 268,052	17,899,146 274,365	18,080,566 118,047	18,498,011 133,782	18,712,741 132,196
including capital.	17,885,110	18,390,650	18,373,731	18,942,010	19,217,391
Surplus of assets	11,857,422	14,300,548	19,212,054	19,982,3683	18,544,575

²Liabilities in Canada. ³Incomplete.

FINANCE.

67.—Liabilities of Canadian Life Companies and Liabilities in Canada of Life Companies other than Canadian Companies, 1911-1915—concluded.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
American companies¹- Unsettled claims Net re-insurance re-	409,369	421,473	303,134	637,737	591,540
serve	5 0,835,877 869,517	54,869,557 1,009,838	60,596,643 1,240,377	65,020,583 1,368,261	69,084,992 1,687,868
including capital.	52,114,763	56,300,868	62,140,154	67,026,581	71,364,400
Surplus of assets	2,635,332	4,642.001	7,606,290	6,042,025	6,081,564
All companies— Unsettled claims Net re-insurance re-	2,120,991	2,247,407	1 979,778	3,080,800	3,336,436
serve	230,011,802 4,239,449	252,012,754 4,814,039	275,375,510 5,103,464	297,124,757 8,746,849	315,348,833 9,238,656
including capital	236,372,242	259,074,200	282,458,752	308,952,406	327,923,925
Surplus of assets ex- cluding capital Capital stock paid	38,842,744	46,192,742	58,117,972	60,867,516	61,557,023
<u>up</u> ²	5,598,133	5,919,306	5,409,233	5,462,314	5,586,327

¹Liabilities in Canada. ²Canadian companies only.

68.—Cash Income and Expenditure of Canadian Life Companies and Cash Income and Expenditure in Canada of Life Companies other than Canadian Companies, 1911-1915.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
INCOME.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canadian companies— Net premium income	27,885,721	31,488,787	33,728,176	35,273,895	38,493,250
Consideration for annuities Interest and divi-	1,839,438	2,923,426	3,810,677	3,523,477	1,699,598
dends on stocks, etc Sundry items	8,967,493 821,744	10,393,491 918,918	12,219,117 237,932	13,561,140 408,118	14,516,238 139,738
Total cash income	39,514,396	45,724,622	49,995,902	52,766,630	54,848,824
British companies— Net premium income Consideration for	1,666,675	1,766,593	1,904,486	1,906,690	2,065,752
annuities Interest and divi-	14,056	1,451	1,000	307	307
dends on stocks, etc	1,392,500 28,682	1,441,172 32,496	1,757,322 6,028	1,903,351 6,514	1,933,345 1,094
Total cash income ²	3,101,913	3,241,712	3,668,836	3,816,862	4,000,498

^{*}Income and expenditure in Canada.

INSURANCE.

68.—Cash Income and Expenditure of Canadian Life Companies and Cash Income and Expenditure in Canada of Life Companies other than Canadian Companies, 1911-1915—concluded.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Income—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
American companies— Net premium income Consideration for	9,178,657	10,338,012	11,815,933	13,118,951	14,476,565
annuities Interest and dividends on stocks,	23,757	63,378	135,627	20,892	12,217
etcSundry items	2,069,682 23,216	2,278,745 76,835	2,746,319 429,036	3,301,999 33,640	3,640,132 15,431
Total cash income ¹	11,295,312	12,756,970	15,126,915	16,475,482	18,144,345
Expenditure.					V S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
Canadian companies— Payments to policy— holders	12,210,823 8,789,678	15,265,414 9,969,772	16,601,436 10,539,236	19,405,276 10,998,450	25,909,794 11,326,444
Dividends to stock- holders	407,616	436,257	583,683	453,682	690,436
Total expenditure Excess of income	21,408,117	25,671,443	27,724,355	30,857,408	37,926,674
over expenditure	18,106,279	20,053,179	22,271,547	21,909,222	16,922,150
British companies— Payments to policy- holders General expenses Dividends to stock- holders	1,507,831 375,955 -	1,624,614 454,416 –	1,810,311 511,352 -	1,606,784 609,386 –	2,166,282 509,169 -
Total expenditure ¹ . Excess of income	1,883,786	2,079,030	2,321,663	2,216,170	2,675,451
over expenditure	1,218,127	1,162,682	1,347,173	1,600,692	1,325,047
American companies— Payments to policy- holders	5,476,174 2,294,795 –	6,063,448 2,610,301	6,875,456 2,999,600	7,197,375 3,230,648 -	8,334,960 3,406,675
Total expenditure ¹ .	7,770,969	8,673,749	9,875,056	10,428,023	11,741,635
Excess of income over expenditure	3,524,343	4,083,221	5,251,859	6,047,459	6,402,710

¹Income and expenditure in Canada.

FINANCE.

69.—Net Amount of Life Insurance in force in Canada, 1901-1915.

Year.	Canadian Companies.	British Companies.	American Companies.	All Companies.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1901	284,684,621	40,216,186	138,868,227	
1902 1903	308,202,596 335,638,940		159,053,464 170,676,800	
1904	364,640,166			
1905	397,946,902	43,809,211	188,578,127	630,334,240
1906	420,864,847	45,655,951	189,740,102	656,260,900
1907	450,573,724	46,462,314	188,487,447	685,523,485
1908	480,266,931	46,161,957		
1909 1910	515,415,437 565,667,110	46,985,192 47,816,775		
1910	303,007,110	41,010,110	242,629,174	856,113,059
1911	626,770,154	50,919,675	272,530,942	950,220,771
1912	706,656,117	54,537,725		1,070,308,669
1913	750,637,902	58,176,795		1,168,590,027
1914 1915	794,520,423 829,870,609			1,242,160,478 1,289,065,670
1010	020,010,000	00,000,211	120,000,000	1,200,000,010

¹Incomplete.

Note.—For the years 1875 to 1900, see Canada Year Book 1911, p. 313.

70.—Premium Income of Life Companies, 1901-1915.

Year.	Canadian Companies.	British Companies.		All Companies.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905.	9,133,890 10,048,204 10,882,650 11,959,100 13,947,827	1,415,273 1,435,318 1,473,514	5,614,083 5,922,297 6,536,710	17,077,560 18,240,265 19,969,324
1906. 1907. 1908. 1909.	14,093,056 14,963,714 16,081,504 17,438,780 19,952,162	1,567,951 1,546,941 1,590,656	6,687,539 6,612,207 7,069,494 7,476,859 8,239,486	23,143,872 24,697,939 26,506,295
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	20,736,480 23,540,081 24,784,163 26,047,253 28,547,264	1,768,046 1,905,486 1,906,998	11,951,557	35,709,516 38,641,206 41,094,095

Note.—For the years 1875 to 1900, see Canada Year Book 1911, p. 312.

INSURANCE.

71.—Life Insurance on Assessment Plan, 1911-1915.

General.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Stewart name				2.400	
No. certificates taken	16,779	20,098	15,391	6,102	4,503
No. certificates become claims	1,345	1,735	1,905	2,203	2,072
Amount paid by	1,010	1,100	1,500	2,200	2,012
members\$	2,354,471	2,420,571	2,404,200	2,443,861	2,332,863
Amount of certi-					
ficates new and		MEN THE WAY			
taken up	13,123,500	19,167,381	11,852,050	4,568,250	3,152,000
Net amount inforce " Amount of certi-	139,866,188	144,913,387	136,244,519	119,008,814	100,421,755
ficates become					
claims"	1,747,481	2,072,178	2,213,885	2,372,672	2,275,594
Claims paid "	1,681,716		2,171,048		2,254,442
Unsettled claims—					
Not resisted "	313,626	233,350			
Resisted	10,750	2,921	2,200	8,000	8,000
Amount terminated by—					
Death	1,496,425	1,625,293	1,599,317	1,582,979	1,556,038
Surrender, ex-	1,100,120	1,020,200	1,000,011	1,002,010	1,000,000
piry or lapse. "	9,858,901	11,285,447	22,768,463	24,581,265	22,015,141
Total termin-					PARTY OF
ated"	11,355,326	12,910,740	24,367,780	26,164,244	23,571,179
	4			8	S
Assets—	Φ	Ф	Ф	Ф	4
Real estate	1,010,741	979,547	983,379	1,010,201	1,022,464
Loans on real estate	7,197,038				7,106,185
Policy Loans (Liens				A WEST	
arising out of re-					40 404 0004
adjustment)	_	-		-	19,104,9391
Stocks, bonds and debentures	9,812,500	11,353,966	12,981,610	13,625,254	13,815,905
Cash on hand and in	3,012,000	11,500,500	12,501,010	10,020,201	13,013,303
banks	705,186	850,786	539,391	1,012,246	1,172,264
Interest and rent due					
and accrued	178,067	234,612	253,982	268,875	397,529
Dues from members	85,447	83,833	79,012		187,912
Other assets	984,978	1,584,809	1,365,614	1,159,167	1,958,779
Total assets	19,973,957	22,071,802	22,971,470	24,166,330	44,765,977
10001 000000000000000000000000000000000	10,010,001	22,011,002	22,011,110	21,100,000	22,100,011
Liabilities—	710 671	710.55	WOW COO	114 650	000 5
Claims, unsettled	719,031	512,197	527,368	441,123	383,055
Reserve Due on account of			_	-	41,395,3982
general expenses	16,049	7,826	5,804	5,568	8,971
Other liabilities	890,047	788,438	664,659		1,213,473
Total liabilities not	4 004 50-	1 000 101	4 400 004	0	10 000 000
including reserve	1,625,127	1,308,461	1,197,831	857,433	43,000,897

¹Independent Order of Foresters \$19,101,153. ²Independent Order of Foresters \$40,783,811, including a special war reserve of \$500,000. Woodmen of the World, \$611,587.

FINANCE.

71.-Life Insurance on Assessment Plan, 1911-1915-concluded.

General.	1911.	1912.	1913'.	1914.	1915.
Income— Assessments Fees and dues Interest and rents Other receipts	\$ 4,864,227 340,601 827,678 309,329	\$, 4,940,399 336,975 964,152 52,531	\$ 4,961,774 330,286 1,208,485 5,646	\$ 5,094,179 302,528 1,460,737 75,329	\$ 4,762,454 268,644 1,489,100 2,894
Total income	6,341,835	6,294,057	6,506,191	6,932,773	6,523,092
Expenditure— Paid to members General expenses	3,478,743 667,695	3,942,593 619,045	4,306,131 705,078	4,522,395 822,937	4,356,018 627,311
Total expenditure	4,146,438	4,561,638	5,011,209	5,345,332	4,983,329
Excess of income over expenditure	2,195,397	1,732,419	1,494,982	1,587,441	1,539,763

72.—Insurance other than Fire and Life, 1914.

Companies.	Policies in force at end of year.	Pre- miums.	Amount of Policies new and renewed.	Net Amount in force.	Losses incurred.	Claims paid.
	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Guarantee	18,888	742,510	204,565,683	188,383,100	341,314	278,412
Personal Accident.	98,882		390,080,476		877,991	889,018
Personal Accident and Sickness Employers'	28,284	321,487	5,290,156	3,733,721	172,888	163,179
Liability	10,999	3,433,179	145,050,602	130,178,155	1,507,051	1,824,956
Sickness	91,937	1,133,413		12,604,940	690,449	
Burglary	8,376					
Steam Boiler	4,779					
Hail Weather	3,692	242,258 35,883			96,254 4,072	
Inland Transporta-	3,092	30,000	1,909,940	4,141,002	4,012	13,000
tion	57	193,178	331,619,723	925,217	84,544	83,294
Plate Glass	8,934		1	1	122,940	121,973
Automobile	7,890	573,604	59,525,462			280,344
Sprinkler Leakage.	494	52,722		9,712,787	25,381	23,684
Title	-	104	9,450	10 000 700	none.	none.
Tornado Live Stock	2,105	13,282 110,436			2,002 70,662	
DIVE DUUGA	2,100	110,450	2,400,000	1,010,411	10,002	00,112

¹Plate glass companies having adopted the system of insurance by replacement, instead of paying for the value of glass broken, their returns do not show the amount of insurance effected during the year, nor the amount in force at the end of the year.

INSURANCE.

73.—Insurance other than Fire and Life, 1915.

(Subject to revision.)

Companies.	Policies in force at end of year.	Pre- miums.	Amount of Policies new and renewed.	Net Amount in force.	Losses incurred.	Claims.
Marine States	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Guarantee	17,868	731,965	216,270,002	174,313,853	174,169	167,473
Personal Accident.	72,150	1,683,578	363,069,983	284,091,777	887,344	903,960
Personal Accident and Sickness	38,305	402,753	8,842,935	7,394,493	206,445	193,017
Employers' Liability	5,775	1,959,058	92,833,054	88,779,835	1,035,118	1,177,675
Sickness	90,874	1,085,056	8,090,824	10,709,380	662,793	686,999
Burglary	5,460	91,910	14,894,205	12,112,646	. 24,007	24,425
Steam Boiler	4,985	150,783	22,748,010	58,170,709	11,288	12,473
Hail	-	732,636	6,054,012	-	402,125	402,738
Weather	160	70,831	2,240,125	289,870	46,267	46,452
Inland Transportation	8	165,127	282,673,179	9,454,687	109,544	81,918
Plate Glass	9,823	278,394	1	1	100,740	115,164
Automobile ²		305,020	17,174,960	12,975,956	153,800	170,401
Automobile ³	5,555	316,054	48,718,000	31,928,450	128,814	89,015
Sprinkler Leakage.	320	38,780	7,123,847	11,757,619	18,014	18,786
Live Stock	1,684	79,973	1,563,522	770,885	44,553	50,939
Title	-	79	15,000	-	none.	none.
Tornado	-	26,750	9,306,415	16,088,787	3,623	3,760
Explosion	-	5,949	3,664,731	1,389,735	none.	none.

¹Plate glass companies having adopted the system of insurance by replacement instead of paying for the value of glass broken, their returns do not show the amount of insurance effected during the year, nor the amount in force at the end of the year.

²Including Fire Risk. ³Excluding Fire Risk.

FINANCE.

74.—Income and Expenditure and Assets and Liabilities of Canadian Companies doing Insurance Business other than Fire and Life, 1914.

Companies.	Cash Income.	Cash Expendi- ture.	Excess of Income over Expenditure.	Assets.	Liabili- ties.	Excess of Assets over Liabili- ties.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Boiler Inspection	82,868	71,024	11,844	275,367	88,154	187,213
Canada Accident	355,088	297,429	57,659	553,477	161,879	391,598
Canada Hail	47,371	51,373	-4,002	96,054	140	95,914
Canada Weather	36,310	38,796	-2,486	37,083	18,784	18,299
Canadian Casualty and Boiler	110,096	110,120	24	160,007	69,866	90,141
Canadian Surety	59,883	45,320	14,563	250,569	32,727	217,842
Dominion-Gresham	155,784	150,132	5,652	328,582	104,947	223,635
Dom. of Canada Guarantee and Accident	444,756	444,436	320	670,724	209,055	461,669
General Accident	337,306	305,016	32,290	334,892	149,339	185,553
General Animals	72,006	82,090	-10,084	46,010	29,332	
Globe Indemnity Co. of Canada	550,564	593,588	-43,024	529,239	257,269	271,970
Guarantee Co. of N.A.	311,453	289,850	21,603	1,901,536	230,798	1,670,738
Guardian Accident and Guarantee	122,194	121,072	1,122	293,418	63,907	229,511
Imperial Guarantee and Accident	295,277	277,381	17,896	415,022	140,218	274,804
London and Lancashire Guarantee and Acci- cident	1,413,729	1,095,299	318,430	1,611,295	891,976	719,319
Merchants Casualty	172,097	157,149	14,948	85,715	14,538	71,177
Merchants' and Employers' Guarantee and Accident	93,880	68,248	25,632	145,939	34,534	111,405
Moose, Grand Lodge of the Loyal Order of	7,409	5,338	2,071	14,387	13,996	391
North American Accident	220,516	173,332	47,184	253,607	97,296	156,311
Protective Association of Canada	154,639	151,216	3,423	69,092	42,091	27,001
Title and Trust Co	16,218	10,361	5,857	234,582	5,618	228,964
Total	5,059,444	4,538,570	520,874	8,306,597	2,656,464	5,650,133

¹Not including Capital stock.

INSURANCE.

75.—Income and Expenditure and Assets and Liabilities of Canadian Companies doing Insurance Business other than Fire and Life, 1915.

(Subject to revision.)

Cash Income. Cash Expenditure. Cash Expenditure. Assets. Liabilities. S \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$
Boiler Inspection 76,824 64,581 12,243 285,266 84,315 200,
Canada Accident 267,505 242,799 24,706 538,539 163,689 374,
Canada Hail 56,048 46,213 9,835 80,795 938 79,
Canada Weather 72,558 69,482 3,076 34,208 2,665 31,
Canadian Casualty
and Boiler
Canadian Surety 58,824 45,595 13,229 253,713 24,944 228,
Casualty Co. of Canada 9,083 8,471 612 19,970 none. 19,
Chartered Trust and
Executor Co 13,094 11,456 1,638 240,606 none. 240,
Dominion-Gresham 122,556 113,254 9,302 333,066 90,093 242,
General Accident 221,057 273,115 -52,058 275,358 144,413 130,
General Animals 52,812 59,513 -6,701 43,363 16,582 26,
Globe Indemnity Co.
of Canada 502,171 483,259 18,912 518,857 251,515 267,
Guarantee Co. of N. A. 316,963 249,731 67,232 2,056,292 296,927 1,759,
Guardian Accident
and Guarantee 87,985 93,895 -5,910 258,037 49,321 208,
Imperial Guarantee
and Accident 257,479 251,312 6,167 421,721 144,457 277,
London and Lancashire
Guarantee and Acci-
cident
Merchants Casualty
Co
Merchants' and Em-
ployers' Guarantee
and Accident 90,034 82,620 7,414 156,661 34,172 122,
Moose, Grand Lodge of
the Loyal Order of . 5,464 6,367 -903 13,662 13,778 -
North American Acci-
dent
Protective Association
of Canada
Total
Contract the property of the property of the contract of the c

¹Not including Capital stock.

FINANCE.

76.—Income and Expenditure in Canada of Companies, other than Canadian, doing Business other than Fire and Life, 1914.

	Inc	COME (CA	ash).	Expenditure (cash).			
Companies.	Premiums.	Int. & Dividends on Stock.	Total Cash Income.	Paid for Losses.	Gen- eral Expen- diture.	Total Cash Expen- diture.	Excess of Income over Expen- diture.
American & For-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
eign Marine American Surety.	12,052 7,372	none. 2,680	12,052 10,052	none. 5,293	3,020 3,098	3,020 8,391	9,032 1,661
British & Foreign Marine Fidelity Casualty	2,277	4,680	6,957	1,723	430	2,153	4,804
Co	231,233	7,903	239,136	137,757	104,208	241,965	-2,829
Boiler International Fi-	1,200	1,350	2,550	none.	none.	none.	2,550
delity LloydsPlateGlass London Guaran-	6,552 72,000	none. 4,906	6,552 76,906	734 34,686	420 35,195	1,154 69,881	5,398 7,025
tee and AccidentLoyal Protective	804,527 81,121	877 985	805,404 102,141 ¹	398,280 40,542	301,234 33,130	699,514 73,672	105,890 28,469
Maryland Casu- alty National Provin-	346,620	16,000	362,620	194,269	119,048	313,317	49,303
cial Plate Glass National Surety New York Plate	16,297 58,838	none. 3,187	16,297 62,025	6,281 12,980	7,148 22,669	13,429 35,649	2,868 26,376
Glass Ocean Accident &	24,942	1,327	26,269	11,428	9,866	21,294	4,975
Guarantee Ocean Marine Railway Passen-	814,361 15,011	4,120 none.	818,481 15,011	409,832 16,121	333,433 2,810	743,265 18,931	75,216 —3,920
gers	162,961	66	163,027	74,231	80,332	154,563	8,464
tive	3,648	560	6,8022	2,037	3,934	5,971	831
nity Co., Hart- ford United Commer-	100,512	4,380	104,892	37,730	35,204	72,934	31,958
cial Travelers of America United States Fi-	18,070	388	20,9463	12,478	387	12,865	8,081
delity and Gua- ranty	346,723	12,872	359,595	128,855	139,388	268,243	91,352
Total	3,126,317	66,281	3,217,7154	1,525,257	1,234,954	2,760,211	457,504

¹Includes Sundries \$20,035. ²Includes Sundries \$2,488.

²Includes Sundries \$2,594. ⁴Includes Sundries \$25,117.

INSURANCE.

77.-Income and Expenditure in Canada of Companies, other than Canadian, doing Business other than Fire and Life, 1915.

(Subject to revision.)

	Inc	COME (CA	sh).	Expenditure (cash).			
Companies.	Premi- ums.	Int. & Dividends on Stock.	Total Cash Income.	Paid for Losses.	Gen- eral Expen- diture.	Total Cash Expen- diture.	Excess of Income over Expen- diture.
A	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
American & Foreign Marine American Surety.	17,711 15,915	none.	17,711 15,915	9,405 3,423	3,989 2,733	13,394 6,156	4,317 9,759
British & Foreign Marine Fidelity Casualty	2,087	4,680	6,767	270	428	698	6,069
Co	207,879	7,903	215,782	84,204	100,417	184,621	31,161
Boiler International Fi-	1,820	1,350	3,170	none.	none.	none.	3,170
delity LloydsPlateGlass Loyal Protective	6,931 71,568 88,318	none. 4,563 1,830	6,931 76,131 100,808 ¹	1,430 25,520 48,254	448 28,513 33,414	1,878 54,033 81,668	5,053 22,098 19,140
Maryland Casualty	205,668	17,220	222,888	96,832	84,999	181,831	41,057
National Provincial Plate Glass National Surety New York Plate	12,882 58,172	none. 5,119	12,882 63,291	6,123 11,101	6,235 16,189	12,358 27,290	524 36,001
Glass Ocean Marine Railway Passen-	19,748 16,238	1,309 none.	21,057 16,238	7,322 489	7,055 2,532	14,377 3,021	6,680 13,217
gers Ridgely Protec-	157,113	none.	157,113	53,776	81,734	135,510	21,603
tive Travelers' Indem-	10,460	_ 1,189	21,5782	6,681	11,804	18,485	3,093
nity Co., Hart- ford United Commer-	94,277	6,060	100,337	37,837	37,236	75,073	25,264
cial Travelers of America United States Fi-	16,226	1,350	19,0033	22,583	552	23,135	-4,132
delity and Guaranty	282,208	4,323	286,531	93,484	130,469	223,953	62,578
Total	1,285,221	56,896	1,364,1334	508,734	548,747	1,057,481	306,652

¹Includes Sundries \$10,660. ³Includes Sundries \$1,427.

²Includes Sundries \$9,929. ⁴Includes Sundries \$22,016.

XI.—ADMINISTRATION.

PARLIAMENTARY REPRESENTATION.

Representation of Provinces.—The four original provinces of the Dominion were Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, which were given parliamentary representation according to Section 37 of the British North America Act, 1867. By Imperial Orders in Council the provinces of British Columbia and Prince Edward Island were admitted into the Dominion, the former on July 20, 1871, by Order dated May 16, 1871, and the latter on July 1, 1873, by Order dated June 26, 1873. An Act of the Dominion Parliament of May 12, 1870 (33 Vict., c. 3), provided for the formation of the province of Manitoba out of Rupert's Land and the Northwest Territories, so soon as these should be admitted into the Dominion of Canada, which admission was effected by Imperial Order in Council dated June 23, 1870, and taking effect on July 15, 1870. In consequence of doubts as to the legal validity of the Dominion Act of 1870 (33 Vict., c. 3), the Imperial Parliament Passed an Act in 1871 (34-35 Vict., c. 28) making the Canadian Act valid and effectual.

Parliament of Canada.—The Parliament of the Dominion of Canada consists of the Senate with 87 members and of the House of Commons with 221 members, senators being appointed for life by the Governor-General and members of the House of Commons being elected by the people. The limit of duration for each parliament is five years. A Redistribution Act passed after each census readjusts the number of representatives in the House of Commons in accordance with rules laid down in Section 51 of the British North America Act, 1867, of the Imperial Parliament (30-31 Vict., c. 3). These rules provide that the province of Quebec shall always have the fixed number of 65 members, and that there shall be assigned to each of the other provinces such a number of members as will bear the same proportion to the number of its population (ascertained by the census) as the number 65 bears to

the population of Quebec.

The Senate.—The numerical representation of the Senate by provinces is as follows: Prince Edward Island 4, Nova Scotia 10, New Brunswick 10, Quebec 24, Ontario 24, Manitoba 4, Saskatchewan 4,

Alberta 4, British Columbia 3. Total 87.

House of Commons.—The present representation of the people in the House of Commons is in accordance with Acts of the Dominion Parliament passed in 1903, 1904 and 1907 (3 Edw. VII, c. 60; 4 Edw. VII, c. 35; 6-7 Edw. VII, c. 41). The provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta were created by Acts of the Dominion Parliament passed in 1905 (4-5 Edw. VII, cc. 3 and 42), and after the Northwest Census of 1906 the Representation Act was amended by an Act of April 27, 1907 (6-7 Edw. VII, c. 41), which gave Saskatchewan ten members and Alberta seven members after the next ensuing election of October 26, 1908. The seven additional members thus given to Saskatchewan and Alberta brought the representation of Canada in the House of Commons

¹By Act of the Imperial Parliament (6-7 Geo. V. c. 19), passed June 1, 1916, and intituled an act to amend the British North America Act, 1867, the duration of the existing Parliament of Canada was extended until October 7, 1917.

DOMINION PARLIAMENTS.

up to 221 as stated above. By the Representation Act, 1914 (4-5 Geo. V, c. 51), which was assented to on June 12, 1914, it is provided that the House of Commons shall consist of 234 members, distributed by provinces as follows: Prince Edward Island 3, Nova Scotia 16, New Brunswick 11, Quebec 65, Ontario 82, Manitoba 15, Saskatchewan 16, Alberta 12, British Columbia 13 and Yukon Territory 1. This Act will take effect after dissolution of the present (12th) Parliament. Tables showing the population and representation in the House of Commons according to the districts of the Representation Acts were included in the Canada Year Book of 1913, pp. 587-593. A numerical record of the parliamentary representation at different dates since Confederation was published in previous issues of the Year Book (see Year Book 1911, p. 28).

1.-Governors-General of Canada, 1867-1916.

Name.	Date of appointment.	Date of assumption of office.
Viscount Monck, G.C.M.G. Lord Lisgar, G.C.M.G. (Sir John Young). The Earl of Dufferin, K.P., K.C.B., G.C.M.G. The Marquis of Lorne, K.T., G.C.M.G. The Marquis of Lansdowne, G.C.M.G. Lord Stanley of Preston, G.C.B. The Earl of Aberdeen, K.T., G.C.M.G. The Earl of Minto, G.C.M.G.	Dec. 29, 1868 May 22, 1872 Oct. 5, 1878 Aug. 18, 1883 May 1, 1888 May 22, 1893 July 30, 1898	July 1, 1867 Feb. 2, 1869 June 25, 1872 Nov. 25, 1878 Oct. 23, 1883 June 11, 1888 Sept. 18, 1893 Nov. 12, 1898
The Earl Grey, G.C.M.G Field-Marshal H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught, K.G. The Duke of Devonshire, K.G., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O.	Mar. 21, 1911	Dec. 10, 1904 Oct. 13, 1911

2.—Dominion Parliaments, 1867-1916.

Number of Parliaments.	Ses- sion.	Date of Opening.	Date of Prorogation.	Days of ses- sion.	Elections, writs returnable, dissolu- tions and length of Parliaments.
1st Parliament	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Nov. 6, 1867 April 15, 1869 Feb. 15, 1870 Feb. 15, 1871 April 11, 1872	May 22, 1868 June 22, 1869 May 12, 1870 April 14, 1871 June 14, 1872	118 ¹ 69 87 59 65	Aug., Sept., 1867 ³ Sept. 24; 1867. ⁴ July 8, 1872. ⁵ 4 y., 9 m., 15 d ⁶
2nd Parliament{	1st 2nd	Mar. 5, 1873 Oct. 23, 1873	Aug. 13, 1873 Nov. 7, 1873	81 ² 16	July, Aug., Sept.'72 ³ Sept. 3, 1872. ⁴ Jan. 2, 1874. ⁵ 1 y., 4 m., 0 d ⁶
3rd Parliament	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Mar. 26, 1874 Feb. 4, 1875 Feb. 10, 1876 Feb. 8, 1877 Feb. 7, 1878	May 26, 1874 April 8, 1875 April 12, 1876 April 28, 1877 May 10, 1878	62 64 63 80 93	Jan. 22, 1874. ³ Feb. 21, 1874. ⁴ Aug. 17, 1878. ⁵ 4 y., 5 m., 25 d ⁶

¹Adjourned from 21st December, 1867, to 12th March, 1868, to allow the Local Legislatures to meet. ²Adjourned 23rd May till 13th August. ³Period of general elections. ⁴Writs returnable. ⁵Dissolution of Parliament. ⁵Duration of Parliament in years, months and days. The life of a Parliament is counted from the date of return of election writs to the date of dissolution, both days inclusive.

2.—Dominion Parliaments, 1867-1916—concluded.

Number of Parliaments.	Ses- sion.	Date of Opening.	Date of Prorogation.	Days of ses- sion.	Elections, writs returnable, dissolu- tions and length of Parliaments.
4th Parliament	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Feb. 13, 1879 Feb. 12, 1880 Dec. 9, 1880 Feb. 9, 1882	May 15, 1879 May 7, 1880 Mar. 21, 1881 May 17, 1882	92 86 103 98	(Sept. 17, 1878. ³ Nov. 21, 1878. ⁴ May 18, 1882. ⁵ 3 y., 5 m., 38 d ⁶
5th Parliament	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Feb. 8, 1883 Jan. 17, 1884 Jan. 29, 1885 Feb. 25, 1886	May 25, 1883 April 19, 1884 July 20, 1885 June 2, 1886	107 94 173 98	June 20, 1882. ³ Aug. 7, 1882. ⁴ Jan. 15, 1887. ⁵ 4 y., 5 m., 10 d ⁶
6th Parliament	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	April 13, 1887 Feb. 23, 1888 Jan. 31, 1889 Jan. 16, 1890	June 23, 1887 May 22, 1888 May 2, 1889 May 16, 1890	72 90 92 121	(Feb. 22, 1887. ³ April 7, 1887. ⁴ Feb. 3, 1891. ⁵ 3 y., 9 m., 27 d ⁶
7th Parliament	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th	April 29, 1891 Feb. 25, 1892 Jan. 26, 1893 Mar. 15, 1894 April 18, 1895 Jan. 2, 1896	Sept. 30, 1891 July 9, 1892 April 1, 1893 July 23, 1894 July 22, 1895 April 23, 1896	155 136 66 131 96 111	Marsh 5, 1891.3 April 25, 1891.4 April 24, 1896.5 5 y., 0 m., 0 d ⁶
8th Parliament	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Aug. 19, 1896 Mar. 25, 1897 Feb. 3, 1898 Mar. 16, 1899 Feb. 1, 1900	Oct. 5, 1896 June 29, 1897 June 13, 1898 Aug. 11, 1899 July 18, 1900	48 97 131 149 168	June 23, 1896. ³ July 13, 1896. ⁴ Oct. 9, 1900. ⁵ J4 y., 2 m., 26 d ⁶
9th Parliament	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Feb. 6, 1901 Feb. 13, 1902 Mar. 12, 1903 Mar. 10, 1904	May 23, 1901 May 15, 1902 Oct. 24, 1903 Aug. 10, 1904	107 90 227 154	Nov. 7, 1900. ³ Dec. 5, 1900. ⁴ Sept. 29, 1904. ⁵ 3 y., 9 m., 26 d ⁶
10th Parliament	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Jan. 11, 1905 Mar. 8, 1906 Nov. 22, 1906 Nov. 28, 1907	July 20, 1905 July 13, 1906 April 27, 1907 July 20, 1908	191 128 157 236	Nov. 3, 1904. ³ Dec. 15, 1904. ⁴ Sept. 17, 1908. ⁵ 3 y., 9 m., 4 d ⁶
11th Parliament	1st 2nd 3rd	Jan. 20, 1909 Nov. 11, 1909 Nov. 7, 1910	May 19, 1909 May 4, 1910 July 29, 1911	120 175 196 ⁷	Oct. 26, 1908. ³ Dec. 3, 1908. ⁴ July 29, 1911. ⁵ 2 y., 7 m., 28 d ⁶
12th Parliament	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th	Nov. 15, 1911 Nov. 21, 1912 Jan. 15, 1914 Aug. 18, 1914 Feb. 4, 1915 Jan. 13, 1916	April 1, 1912 June 6, 1913 June 12, 1914 Aug. 22, 1914 April 15, 1915 May 18, 1916	139 173 ⁸ 148 5 71 127	Sept. 21, 1911.3 Oct. 7, 1911.4

⁸Period of general elections. ⁴Writs returnable. ⁶Dissolution of Parliament. ⁶Duration of Parliament in years, months and days. The life of a Parliament is counted from the date of return of election writs to the date of dissolution, both days inclusive. ⁷Not including days (59) of adjournment from May 19th to July 18th. ⁸Not including days (25) of adjournment from Dec. 19th, 1912, to Jan. 14th, 1913.

DOMINION MINISTRIES.

3.—Dominion Ministries, 1896-1916.

Office.	Name.	Date of appointment.
Eighth Ministry. Premier and President of Council	Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier	July 11, 1896
Minister of Trade and Commerce.	Right Hon.Sir Richard J.Cartwright	July 13, 1896
Secretary of State	Hon. R. W. Scott	July 13, 1896 Oct. 10, 1908
Minister of Justice	Hon. Sir Oliver Mowat. Hon. David Mills. Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick. Hon. Sir Allen B. Aylesworth.	July 13, 1896 Nov. 18, 1897 Feb. 11, 1902 June 4, 1906
Minister of Marine and Fisheries	Hon. Sir Louis Henry Davies	July 13, 1896 Jan. 15, 1902 Nov. 11, 1902 Feb. 6, 1906 Aug. 11, 1911
Minister of Militia and Defence	Hon. Sir Frederick W. Borden	July 13, 1896
Postmaster General	Hon. Sir William Mulock. Hon. Allen B. Aylesworth Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux. Hon. Henri S. Beland	July 13, 1896 Oct. 16, 1905 June 4, 1906 Aug. 11, 1911
Minister of Agriculture	Hon. Sydney A. Fisher	July 13, 1896
Minister of Public Works	Hon. J. Israel Tarte Hon. James Sutherland. Hon. Charles S. Hyman. Hon. William Pugsley	July 13, 1896 Nov. 11, 1902 May 22, 1905 Sept. 13, 1907
Minister of Finance Minister of Railways and Canals	Hon. William S. Fielding Hon. Andrew G. Blair Hon. Henry R. Emmerson Hon. George P. Graham.	July 13, 1896 July 13, 1896 Jan. 15, 1904 Sept. 13, 1907
Minister of Interior	Hon. Clifford Sifton	Nov. 17, 1896 April 8, 1905
Minister of Customs	Hon. William Paterson	June 30, 1897
Minister of Inland Revenue.	Hon. Sir Henri G. Joly de Lotbinière. Hon. M. E. Bernier Hon. Louis P. Brodeur Hon. William Templeman	June 30, 1897 June 22, 1900 Jan. 19, 1904 Feb. 6, 1906

¹Also Minister of Naval Service.

3.—Dominion Ministries, 1896-1916—concluded.

		D	ate
Office.	Name.		of
		appoi	ntment.
Eighth Ministry—con.			
Minister of Labour	Hon. William Lyon Mackenzie King.	June	2, 1909
Without portfolio	Hon. Richard R. Dobell	July	13, 1896
William Portered Time	Hon. C. A. Geoffrion	July	13, 1896
	Hon. James Sutherland	Sept.	30, 1899
	Hon. W. Templeman	Feb.	25, 1902
	Hon. Charles S. Hyman	Feb.	5, 1904
Not in the Cabinet.			
Solicitor-General	Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick	July	13, 1896
politica della del	Hon. Henry Carroll	Feb.	11, 1902
	Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux	Jan.	29, 1904
	Hon. Jacques Bureau	Feb.	14, 1907
Controller of Customs	Hon. William Paterson	July	13, 1896
Controller of Inland Revenue	Hon. Sir Henri G. Joly de Lotbinière.	July	13, 1896
Controller of infand the vende	110h. bli 11chii a. soiy de Lotoliicie.	oury	10, 1000
Ninth Ministry.	The second of th		
Premier and President of the			
Privy Council	Right Hon. Sir Robert Laird Borden.	Oct.	10, 1911
Minister of Trade and Com-	Total Total Strate Local Contract Contr	000.	10, 1011
	Right Hon. Sir George Eulas Foster.	Oct.	10, 1911
merce	Hon. Robert Rogers	Oct.	10, 1911
Willister of Interior	Hon. William J. Roche	Oct.	29, 1912
Minister of Public Works	Hon. Frederick D. Monk	Oct.	10, 1911
Willister of Tablic Works	Hon. Robert Rogers	Oct.	29, 1912
Minister of Railways and	Troil. Robert Rogers	Oct.	20, 1012
Canals	Hon. Francis Cochrane.	Oct.	10, 1911
Minister of Finance	Hon. Sir William T. White	Oct.	10, 1911
	Hon. Louis P. Pelletier	Oct.	10, 1911
Postmaster General	Hon. Thomas C. Casgrain.	Oct.	20, 1914
Minister of Marine and Fish-	11011. 1 Hollias C. Casgram	000.	20, 1914
	Hon. John D. Hazen ¹	Oct.	10, 1911
eries	Hon. Charles J. Doherty	Oct.	10, 1911
Minister of Militia and De-	11011. Charles J. Donerty	Oct.	10, 1911
	LieutGen. the Hon. Sir Sam Hughes	Oct.	10, 1911
fence	Hon. William J. Roche	Oct.	10, 1911
Secretary of State	Hon. Louis Coderre	Oct.	29, 1912
	Hon. Pierre E. Blondin ² .	Oct.	6, 1915
Minister of Labour	Hon. Thomas W. Crothers	Oct.	10, 1911
Minister of Inland Revenue.	Hon. Wilfrid B. Nantel.	Oct.	10, 1911
willister of imand hevenue.	Hon. Pierre E. Blondin ²	Oct.	20, 1914
	Hon, Esioff Leon Patenaude	Oct.	6, 1915
Minister of Customs	Hon. John D. Reid.	Oct.	10, 1911
Minister of Agriculture	Hon. Martin Burrell	Oct.	10, 1911
Minister of Agriculture Ministers without portfolio	Hon. Sir George H. Perley	Oct.	10, 1911
ministers without portfolio		Oct.	10, 1911
The State of	Hon. Albert E. Kemp	Oct.	10, 1911
Not in the Cabinet.	Tron. Dir. vames II. Dougheeu	000.	20, 1011
Solicitor-General	Hon. Arthur Meighen	June	26, 1913
Parliamentary Secretary	TIOH. THE UNION THE BUCH	June	20, 1010
Militia and Defence	Fleming B. McCurdy	July	19, 1916
Parliamentary Under Secre-	Training D. Micoulty	oury	20, 1010
tary of State for External		· Securi	
Affairs	LieutCol. Hugh Clark	Oct.	21, 1916
	The state of the s	000.	

¹Also Minister of the Naval Service. ²Also Minister of Mines. Note.—A complete list of the Dominion Ministries from Confederation to 1913 appeared in the Year Book of 1912, pp. 422–429.

DOMINION MINISTRIES.

4.—Lieutenant-Governors of Provinces, 1867-1916.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

	PR	INCE EDW	ARD ISLAND.		- 60
Name.		te of ntment.	Name.		te of ntment.
W. C. F. Robinson	June	10, 1873	Geo. Wm. Howlan	Feb.	21, 1894
Sir Robert Hodgson		22, 1873	P. A. MacIntyre	May	13, 1899
Sir Thomas H. Haviland		14, 1879	D. A. McKinnon	Oct.	3, 1904
Andrew Archibald	0 413	22, 2010	Benjamin Rogers	June	1, 1910
Macdonald	Aug.	1, 1884	A. C. Macdonald	June	2, 1915
Jedediah S. Carvell		21, 1889			-,
	1131	NOVA	SCOTIA.		
LieutGen. Sir W. F.			Matthew Henry Richey.	July	4, 1883
Williams	July	1, 1867	A. W. McLelan	July	9, 1888
Major-Gen.SirC.Hastings			Malachy Bowes Daly	July	11, 1890
Doyle	Oct.	18, 1867	Malachy Bowes Daly	¹ July	29, 1895
LieutGen.SirC.Hastings		En 1900.22	Alfred G. Jones	Aug.	7, 1900
Doyle		31, 1868	Duncan C. Fraser	Mar.	
Sir E. Kenny (acting)	May	31, 1870	James D. McGregor	Oct.	18, 1910
Joseph Howe	May	1, 1873	David MacKeen	Oct.	19, 1915
A. G. Archibald	July	4, 1873			
		NEW BRI	UNSWICK.	Lee Le	
Major-Gen. C. Hastings	Sy		Sir Sam'l Leonard Tilley.	Oct.	
Doyle		1, 1867	John Boyd	Sept.	21, 1893
Col. F. P. Harding	Oct.	18, 1867	John A. Fraser	Dec.	20, 1893
L. A. Wilmot	July	14, 1868	A. R. McClelan	Dec.	9, 1896
Samuel Leonard Tilley	Nov.	5, 1873	Jabez B. Snowball	Feb.	5, 1902
E. Baron Chandler	July	16, 1878	L. J. Tweedie	Mar.	2, 1907
Robert Duncan Wilmot	Feb.	11, 1880	Josiah Wood	Mar.	6, 1912
		QUE	BEC.		
Sir N. F. Belleau	July	1, 1867	Sir J. A. Chapleau	Dec.	5, 1892
Sir N. F. Belleau	¹ Jan.	31, 1868	L. A. Jetté	Feb.	2, 1898
Réné Edouard Caron	Feb.	11, 1873	L. A. Jetté	¹ Feb.	2, 1903
Luc Letellier de St. Just.	Dec.	15, 1876	Sir Charles A. P.	trice en la	
Théodore Robitaille	July	26, 1879	Pelletier	Sept.	4, 1908
L. F. R. Masson	Nov.		Sir Francois Langelier	May	5, 1911
A. R. Angers	Oct.	24, 1887	Sir. Pierre E. Leblanc	Feb.	9, 1915
		ONT	ARIO.	THE PARTY	
Major-Gen. H.W.Stisted.	July	1, 1867	George A. Kirkpatrick	May	30, 1892
W. P. Howland	July	14, 1868	Sir Oliver Mowat		18, 1897
John W. Crawford	Nov.		Sir William Mortimer		
D. A. Macdonald	May		Clark	Arril	20, 1903
John Beverly Robinson		30, 1880	Sir John M. Gibson		22, 1908
Sir Alexander Campbell.	Feb.	8, 1887	LieutCol. Sir. John S.	P	, 2000
		-,		Sept.	26, 1914
	TE	MANI	TOBA.	1	MIN TO
A. G. Archibald	May	20, 1870	J. C. Schultz	July	1, 1888
Francis Goodschall	1		J. C. Patterson	Sept.	2, 1895
Johnson		9, 1872	Sir D. H. McMillan	Oct.	16, 1900
Alexander Morris	Dec.	2, 1872	Sir D. H. McMillan	1May	11, 1906
Joseph Ed. Cauchon	Dec.	2, 1877	D. C. Cameron	Aug.	1, 1911
James C. Aikins	Sept.	22, 1882	Sir. James M. Aikins	Aug.	3, 1916
			CHEWAN.		
A. E. Forget	Sept.		Richard Stuart Lake	Oct.	6, 1915
Geo. W. Brown	Oct.	5, 1910			
100					

4.—Lieutenant-Governors of Provinces, 1867-1916—concluded.

ALBERTA.

Name.	Date of appointment.	Name.	Date of appointment.								
George H. V. Bulyea George H. V. Bulyea		Robert George Brett	Oct. 6, 1915								
	BRITISH COLUMBIA.										
J. W. Trutch	June 27, 1876 June 21, 1881 Feb. 7, 1887 Nov. 1, 1892	Lotbinière James Dunsmuir T. W. Patterson Frank S. Barnard	May 11, 1906								
	THE TER	RITORIES.									
A. G. Archibald Francis Goodschall Johnson Alexander Morris David Laird, P.C. Edgar Dewdney	April 9, 1872 Dec. 2, 1872	A. E. Forget	Oct. 31, 1893 May 30, 1898 Oct. 11, 1898								

¹Second term.

COMMISSION OF CONSERVATION.

Origin.—The Commission of Conservation was created in 1909 in response to a strong and growing public demand for a more efficient system of national economy with respect to the administration and development of Canada's natural resources. The United States had recently entered upon a national conservation policy, and when President Roosevelt invited Canada, Newfoundland and Mexico to participate in a North American Conservation Conference at Washington in February, 1909, the Hon. Clifford Sifton, the Hon. Sydney Fisher and Dr. Henri S. Béland were delegated to represent the Dominion. The Conference adopted a Declaration of Principles, including a recommendation that a permanent conservation commission be appointed by each country concerned. To give effect to this recommendation, the Parliament of Canada unanimously enacted a law, assented to on May 19, 1909, providing for the creation of such a body. By Order-in-Council under date of September 3rd of the same year, the members of the Commission, thirty-two in number, were duly appointed, and the Hon. Clifford Sifton was named as Chairman.

Constitution.—The membership of the Commission is honorary and non-partisan in character. The ex-officio members include the federal Ministers of the Interior, of Agriculture and of Mines and the member of each provincial government of Canada who is charged with the administration of the natural resources of such province. In addition to the ex-officio members, twenty commissioners are appointed by the Governor-in-Council to hold office during pleasure; at least one appointed member from each province must be a member of the faculty of a university within the province. Not only is the

COMMISSION OF CONSERVATION.

personnel of the Commission truly representative of the entire Dominion, but Parliament legislated with the further object of ensuring in its membership a high degree of scholarship, of scientific knowledge and of administrative experience.

In function and status the Commission is purely advisory. While dependent financially upon an annual appropriation from the federal Parliament, it forms no portion of the ordinary governmental administration and possesses no executive or administrative powers. It is authorized solely to study, investigate and advise; the effectiveness of its work depends upon the merit of its recommendations which must, accordingly, be in every instance based upon complete and accurate information. Referring in his inaugural speech to the exceptional character of the Commission, the Chairman tersely defined its status as follows: "In a sentence, the Commission is a body constituted for the purpose of collecting exact information, deliberating upon, digesting and assimilating this information so as to render it of practical benefit to the country, and for the purpose of advising upon all questions of policy that may arise in reference to the actual administration of natural resources where the question of their effective conservation and economical use is concerned."

Organization and Work.—Broadly speaking, the efforts of the Commission have been directed mainly toward: (1) the taking of an inventory of Canada's natural resources; (2) the moulding of public opinion and the advising of administrative authorities with regard to more intelligent management of the same. For efficient organization the Commission formed itself into seven committees dealing respectively with Lands, Forests, Waters and Water Powers, Minerals, Fisheries, Game and Fur-Bearing Animals, Public Health, and Press and Cooperating Associations. Under the direction of these committees, field investigations respecting various natural resources have been undertaken by a staff of technical experts; substantial progress has been made in the task of national stock-taking and towards the solution of many administrative problems.

Lands.—The Committee on Lands, recognizing that successful agriculture is the greatest factor in the prosperity and progress of Canada, and that soil fertility can be conserved only through the practice of scientific agriculture, has undertaken the task of studying and endeavouring to improve farming methods throughout the Dominion. Actual conditions were first investigated by a detailed agricultural survey of representative farming sections in the various provinces. On the whole, the information secured indicated that the introduction of proper farming methods would double the value of Canada's field crops in twenty years. Constructive measures, to supplement the survey work, were undertaken in 1912. In each district visited for survey purposes, illustration farms were conducted to demonstrate practically the benefits to be derived from scientific agriculture. Very gratifying results were secured, and the objects of the Commission in initiating it having been fully achieved, the work has been taken up and expanded under the federal Department of Agriculture. Educational work to improve Canadian agriculture has been persistently

carried on. Reports and bulletins have been widely distributed, and an active propaganda for better farming has been conducted at numerous meetings of farmers' clubs, societies, etc., throughout Canada.

Forests.—The Committee on Forests has promoted, through both federal and provincial executive departments, a national forestry policy calculated to remedy past and avoid future errors with regard to

Canada's forest wealth and production.

The initial problem has been to check the enormous annual waste from forest fires. The most serious waste—the severe loss caused by fires spreading from railway rights-of-way—has been very greatly reduced as a result of amendments to the Railway Act, proposed by the Committee, whereby the railways subject to the Act have been made liable for the property damage entailed by such fires. Further efforts are being made to effect a similar reduction in the loss from fires caused by government-owned and other railways not under the jurisdiction of the Board of Railway Commissioners, as well as by carelessness in the woods, particularly in connection with settlers' slash-burning The Committee's recommendations have also resulted in important additions to the areas set aside as perpetual forest reserves, notably an area of approximately 17,900 square miles on the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains. The task of making an inventory of the forest resources of the Dominion is well under way, and valuable studies of the possibilities of reafforesting burnt over and logged areas. such as the Trent Watershed, have been made. The satisfactory solution of forestry problems of national importance— the further reduction of fire waste, the creation of adequate forest reserves, the proper classification of lands, the development of reafforestation enterprises and other questions—demand and are receiving attention.

Water Powers.—The Committee on Waters and Water Powers was first confronted with the necessity of securing the administration of water-powers as a public utility to conserve for the public the increment in value which will inevitably accrue to water-powers of large capacity and favourable situation. At its inaugural meeting in 1910, the Commission strongly urged that, in future, water-power rights should be alienated solely under conditional and limited leases, granted only after thorough investigation of the property involved and providing amply for development within a stated period, for public control of rates and for the payment of an adequate rental to be revised at regular intervals. Parliament subsequently enacted water-rights legislation embodying the principles set forth in the Commission's recommendations. Respecting the engineering, as distinct from the legal problems in conserving waters and water-powers, the primary undertaking has been the thorough study of the actual extent of Canada's water-power resources. The survey has progressed steadily, the results forming a series of comprehensive reports. The prevention of the pollution of streams to safeguard the purity of domestic water supplies, the preservation of forest growth on important watersheds and the solution of various difficulties arising in connection with international waters, especially with regard to the diversion of water for power, navigation and sanitary purposes, have engaged and will continue to require the Committee's study.

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Minerals.—The studies of the Committee on Minerals refer to possibilities of greater development of the mineral resources of Canada, as well as to the means of eliminating all available waste in actual mining operations. The heavy annual loss of life among mine-workers in Canada, which received the Committee's early consideration, is now showing a gratifying decrease. Measures have been taken, following a thorough study of coal-mining operations throughout the Dominion, to reduce the waste which has characterized this branch of industry in western Canada, and attention has been directed to the possibilities of utilizing the lignite coal of the prairie provinces and of building up a valuable industry based upon the utilization of by-product coke Action has also been secured with a view to checking the great loss resulting from the careless abandonment of natural gas wells. The recent discovery of phosphate in Rocky Mountains Park, by officials of the Commission, is of importance to the agricultural as well as to the mining industry. Should the deposits prove as extensive as indicated, they will form the basis of a fertilizer enterprise not only valuable to the predominant industry of western Canada but important also as a branch of mineral production.

Fisheries, Game and Fur-Bearing Animals.—The Committee has devoted its energies mainly to promoting more efficient exploitation of Canada's commercial fisheries. Strong representations have been made respecting the necessity for effective measures to revive the whitefish and oyster fisheries, to improve marketing methods and facilities and to secure greater development of the home market. With regard to wild life, the Committee has been largely instrumental in facilitating the conclusion of a migratory bird treaty with the United States—a measure of inestimable value in conserving both insectivorous and game birds. Further important service has been rendered the development, along sound, legitimate lines, of the fur-farming industry. The remarkable rise in fur prices during recent years ensures the commercial success of such an enterprise, properly conducted, and the climate of portions of the Dominion is admirably adapted for the industry.

Public Health and Town-Planning.—Of the many questions that have commanded the attention of the Committee on Public Health, in advancing human health and efficiency, the problems of safeguarding the purity of domestic water supplies and checking the growth of unsanitary housing conditions have been accorded special study. The prevention of the pollution of streams, whether under provincial, federal or international jurisdiction, has been thoroughly investigated. After a careful survey of housing conditions in Canada, a special Town-planning Branch of the Commission was created to promote the betterment of housing, town-planning and the general use and development of land throughout the Dominion. The keynote of town-planning as advocated by the branch is conservation of life and economy in the system of developing Through the efforts of this branch, town-planning legislation of an advanced character has been enacted in Nova Scotia and Manitoba. while similar Acts have been brought forward in Ontario, Quebec and Saskatchewan. To promote voluntary effort along these lines and to arouse a more effective public interest in civic affairs in general, the

Civic Improvement League of Canada was recently organized. The Town-planning Branch has been of further service to many towns and cities in furnishing advice and assistance respecting proposed schemes for adequate control and guidance of future development. The branch also undertakes research work on problems relating to municipal government in general, and has been engaged in advocating the establishment of departments of municipal affairs in all provinces, with a view to securing a more uniform system and a higher standard of local government throughout Canada.

Publicity.—To acquaint the public with the objects and results of its endeavours, and to foster a widespread sentiment in support of proper administration of the national domain, the Commission has, through the Committee on Press and Co-operating Associations, issued numerous reports and bulletins. Frequent use has been made also of the public platform and valuable support and assistance received from the Press. Having become identified in public opinion with the promotion of national efficiency, the Commission is constantly in receipt of requests for assistance in eliminating all forms of waste and inefficiency. As the result of a very widespread appeal from public bodies throughout Canada, it recently undertook an exhaustive inquiry into the causes and means of reducing Canada's enormous annual fire loss,—a serious waste which imposes a heavy tax on industry and severe drain on our natural resources.

The success which has rewarded the Commission's efforts since its inception must be attributed largely to its non-executive character. Wisely limited to advisory functions, but practically unrestricted in its scope of inquiry with respect to efficient utilization of Canada's natural resources, the Commission of Conservation has proved admirably adapted to achieve the purpose for which it was designed.

PUBLIC LANDS.

Dominion Lands.—The Crown lands of the Dominion of Canada are situated in the Northwest provinces and in the Railway Belt of British Columbia. Of these lands large areas are offered in free grants as homesteads for settlers. The lands are laid out in townships of 36 sections. Each section contains 640 acres and is divided into quarter sections of 160 acres. A quarter section of 160 acres may be obtained by a settler on payment of an entry fee of \$10 and fulfilment of certain conditions of residence and cultivation. To qualify for the issue of the patent for his homestead a settler must have resided upon his homestead for at least six months in each of three years, must have erected a habitable house thereon, must have at least 30 acres of his holding broken of which 20 acres must be cropped, and must be a British subject.

Disposal of Dominion Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.—According to figures supplied by the Department of the

^{&#}x27;Copies of the detailed Regulations for the granting of free homesteads are obtainable from the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, Department of the Interior, Ottawa.

PUBLIC LANDS.

Interior, a total area of 138,780,827 acres, equal to 6,023 townships, or 216,845 square miles, has been alienated from the Crown. The total number of acres surveyed to January 1, 1916, was 198,937,027 and of this area there remain for disposal 60,156,200 acres, of which 4,015,300 are under timber licenses, 5,049,400 under grazing leases, 25,615,500 under forest reserves and parks and 25,476,000 now available for homestead entry.

In addition to the surveyed area, there are large tracts of land in the northern parts of these three provinces which have, as yet, been explored only in a very partial way. The total area of this unsurveyed tract is 286,705,671 acres, of which 22,760,212 acres are watercovered. No estimate of the area suitable for agriculture can be made

with any degree of accuracy.

Railway Lands.—Table 5 is a record for the three fiscal years 1913 to 1915 of the sales of lands by the Hudson's Bay Company and by railway companies having government land grants. The total sales in 1914-15 amounted to \$3,279,031 for 192,801 acres, as compared with \$7,398,191 for 501,575 acres in 1913-14.

5.—Land Sales by Railway Companies having Government Land Grants, and by the Hudson's Bay Company, in the fiscal years 1913-1915.

	19	13.	19	14.	1915.		
Companies.	Acres.	Amount.	Acres.	Amount.	Acres.	Amount.	
	as Mile, A	\$		\$		\$	
Hudson's Bay Co	53,581	1,128,806	26,292	572,837	16,400	306,550	
Canadian Pacific Ry	447,158	6,348,352	263,962	4,242,089	151,262	2,496,872	
Manitoba Southwestern	DI BUILDING						
Colonization Ry	2,768	48,639	7,626	91,948	489	5,508	
Qu'Appelle, Long Lake and Saskatchewan Rv.	and the same						
& Steamboat Co	15,395	255,399	1,629	21,546	1,292	19,118	
Calgary and Edmonton			,				
Ry. Co	4,155	44,212	19,575	460,129	23,042	444,018	
Canadian Northern Ry.							
Co	182,491	2,009,642	182,491	2,009,642	-	Indicate - 2	
Great Northwest Central	min-tig		Sixth St.	12-11-11			
Ry. Co	1,601	32,105	_	-	316	6,965	
Total	707,149	9,867,155	501,575	7,398,191	192,801	3,279,031	

Homestead Entries.—In 1915, the total number of ordinary homestead entries for lands of the Dominion Government was 17,532, as compared with 25,623 in 1914, 31,499 in 1913 and 35,538 in 1912. In 1915, 4,113 entries were made in Manitoba against 4,252 in 1914 and 2,998 in 1913; 6,349 in Saskatchewan against 9,752 in 1914 and 14,524 in 1913; 6,584 in Alberta against 10,722 in 1914 and 12,122 in 1913, and 486 in British Columbia against 847 in 1914 and 1,855 in 1913. The number of pre-emptions under the Dominion Lands Act was 2,210 in 1915 (1,648 in Saskatchewan and 562 in Alberta) against 3,262 in 1914

(2,417 in Saskatchewan and 845 in Alberta). The number of purchased homesteads under the Act was 285 in 1915 (197 in Saskatchewan and 88 in Alberta) against 422 in 1914 (290 in Saskatchewan and 132 in Alberta).

Provincial Public Lands.—In the Maritime provinces, in Quebec and in Ontario the public lands are administered by the provincial governments.¹ In Prince Edward Island all the land is settled. In Nova Scotia there are now no free grants of land; but under conditions prescribed by the Crown Lands Act of the Provincial Assembly (10 Edw. VII, 1910, c. 4, s. 26) and an amending Act of May 3, 1912, Crown lands, not exceeding in each case 150 acres, may be granted for agricultural or grazing purposes to applicants of not less than 18 years of age at the price of \$1 per acre, in addition to the expenses of survey. Leases and grants of Crown lands may also be obtained upon conditions prescribed. The total area of the Crown lands in Nova Scotia is 918,891 acres.

The area of the Crown lands in New Brunswick is about 7,250,000 acres. Probably not more than one-quarter of this area is suitable for agriculture. Under the provisions of Acts of the New Brunswick Legislative Assembly, lots of 100 acres each may be granted to settlers of 18 years of age and over, subject to conditions which include the clearance and cultivation of ten acres, the building of a house, three years' residence on the lot and payments or labour in aid of the construction of roads and bridges. The Government of New Brunswick have commenced a survey with a view to the separation of agricultural lands from those suitable only for timber and to the opening up of homestead lands through which roads will be built by the province.

In the province of Quebec the area of public lands subdivided and unsold on June 30, 1914, was 6,869,586 acres. During the year ended June 30, 1915, 286,621 acres were surveyed; 80,490 acres reverted to the Crown; 206,565 acres were sold for the sum of \$70,213; 350 acres were granted free for religious purposes and for colonization roads and 7,528 acres were granted free to the Orford Mountain Railway Company. Adding to the acreage available at June 30, 1914, the areas surveyed and the areas that reverted and deducting sales and grants, there remained subdivided and unsold on June 30, 1915, 7,022, 254 acres. The average price of the areas sold was about 34 cents per acre. Agricultural lands in 100 acre lots are available for settlement upon prescribed conditions in Timiskaming (3,500,000 acres) at the price of about 30 cents per acre, in Abitibi (3,000,000 acres) at the price of from 30 to 40 cents per acre.

In Ontario the public lands which are open for disposal are chiefly situated in the districts of Muskoka, Parry Sound, Nipissing, Sudbury,

¹For copies of the detailed regulations governing the disposal of provincial crown lands, application should be made as follows: Nova Scotia, to the Secretary for Industries and Immigration, Halifax; New Brunswick, to the Deputy Minister of Lands and Mines, Fredericton; Quebec, to the Deputy Minister of Lands and Forests, Quebec; Ontario, to the Deputy Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines, Toronto.

PUBLIC LANDS.

Algoma, Timiskaming, Thunder Bay, Kenora and Rainy River, and in the counties of Haliburton, Peterborough, Hastings, Frontenac, Lennox and Addington and Renfrew. In Northern Ontario, which comprises the territory lying north and west of the Ottawa and French rivers, the townships open for sale are subdivided into lots of 320 acres, or sections of 640 acres, and a half lot or quarter section of 160 acres is allowed to each applicant at the price of 50 cents per acre, payable one-fourth cash and the balance in three annual instalments with interest at 6 p.c. applicant must be a male (or sole female), head of a family, or a single man over 18 years of age. The conditions of purchase include occupation by the purchaser within six months from date of purchase, the erection of a house, the clearance and cultivation of at least 10 p.c. of the area and three years' residence. Proxy regulations enable an individual to purchase a half lot of 160 acres and place an agent in residence, but the duties to be performed before issue of patent are double those required in ordinary purchases. Free grants and homesteads are available on lands within the districts of Algoma, Nipissing, Thunder Bay, Sudbury, Rainy River and Kenora, and between the Ottawa River and the Georgian Bay, comprising portions of the counties of Renfrew. Frontenac, Addington, Hastings, Peterborough and Haliburton and the districts of Muskoka and Parry Sound. Grants of 160 acres are made to either single or married men in free grant territories where the land is subdivided in sections of 320 acres. In the Huron and Ottawa territory an allowance for waste lands may increase the grant of a single man to an area not exceeding 200 acres, while heads of families may secure 200 acres free and purchase an additional 100 acres at 50 cents an acre. settlement duties for free grants are as follows: (a) at least 15 acres to be cleared and brought under cultivation, of which 2 acres at least are to be cleared and cultivated annually during three years; (b) a habitable house to be built at least 16 x 20 feet in size; (c) actual and continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land for three years after location and thence to the issue of the patent. The mines and minerals and all timber other than pine, and in some cases the pine, are covered by the patent.

Ranching lands of prospective quality may be obtained on reasonable terms in waste and wooded areas, the valley of the Trent River lying between Lake Ontario and the Georgian Bay affording good opportunities for cattle and sheep raising.

Ontario includes over 230 million acres of land, of which only $13\frac{1}{2}$ million acres are under cultivation. More than 20 million acres of the very finest arable land await the plough. Ontario is $3\frac{1}{2}$ times as large as the British Isles and $1\frac{1}{2}$ times as large as Texas. From east to west its borders are 1,000 miles apart, and from north to south 1,075 miles. Recent railway construction and colonization road building have made accessible vast tracts of untilled farm land and virgin forests in Northern Ontario.

In British Columbia there are large areas of free grant land. Any British subject being the head of a family, a widow, a femme sole who is over eighteen years of age and self-supporting, a woman deserted by her husband, a woman whose husband has not contributed to her

support for two years, a bachelor over eighteen years, or any alien on his making a declaration of his intention to become a British subject, may pre-empt free 160 acres out of the unoccupied and unreserved Crown lands, not being an Indian settlement. The fees payable include \$2 for recording, \$2 for certificate of improvement and \$10 for the Crown grant. Of the total area of the province, approximately 200,000,000 acres are vacant, and 90,000,000 acres of vacant lands have been placed in reserve against sale, but open to settlement by pre-emption. It is the practice to continue surveys each year of the lands most favourable to settlement, and at the close of the year 1915 there were vacant and available 2,400,000 acres surveyed for settlers.

6.—Homestead Entries in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, by Nationalities, made during the Fiscal Years 1910-1915.

Nationalities.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Canadians from Ontario	3,953	4,438	3,152	2,223	2,996	2,009
" Quebec	964	1,101	951	790	883	648
" Nova Scotia	188	237	182	143	258	196
" New Brunswick	130	140	118	101	182	117
" Prince Edward						
Island	93	68	69	55	105	60
" Manitoba	1,434	1,495	998	853	889	1,032
" Saskatchewan	3,307	4,061	3,085	2,323	709	383
" Alberta	1,219	980	863	906	551	434
" British Columbia	182	136	123	57	104	76
Persons who had previous entry	2,274	1,834	2,132	3,669	4,411	3,639
Newfoundlanders	10	7	6	7	6	15
Canadians returned from the United	2- 1119		De luis	LORE	JOHN CO.	M. LITTLE
States	753	553	401	180	121	48
Americans	12,813	12,485	10,577	8,895	7,172	4,286
English	5,459	6,161	5,739	4,452	3,894	2,974
Scotch	1,326	1,291	1,041	836	966	800
Irish	546	492	476	307	400	363
French	360	376	437	344	343	251
Belgians	160	133	159	163	143	109
Swiss	60	74	80	86	91	83
Italians	21	68	45	61	- 96	108
Rumanians	71	175	141	88	82	38
Syrians	42	64	56	51	29	16
Germans.	688	845	790	772	887	474
Austro-Hungarians	2,361	2,804	3,121	2,280	2,516	2,879
Dutch	102	201	153	129	143	104
Danes (other than Icelanders)	147	206	201	203	245	149
Icelanders	130	96	69	57	50	70
Swedes	818	937	964	939	842	628
Norwegians	843	1,092	1,160	1,148	1,062	645
Russians (other than Mennonites						1.000
and Doukhobors)	1,061	1,858	1,781	1,462	1,586	1,332
Mennonites	6	6	-	194 -	-	
Doukhobors	3	-	-	120 -	-	-

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES.

6.—Homestead Entries in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, by Nationalities, made during the Fiscal Years 1910-1915—concluded.

Nationalities.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Chinese. Japanese Persians Australians. New Zealanders. Greeks. Hindus. Bulgarians	No. 8 2 2 3 5 3 14	No. 5 3 9 10 6 13 4	No. 8 6 3 13 12 3 11	No. 12 9 - 24 5 3 5 22	No. 5 3 - 13 6 2 4 7	No. 37 2 4 3 20 5 5
Serbians. Spaniards. Turks. Hebrews. Other nationalities. Total.	41,569	3 2 7 - 3 44,479	4 -9 -7 -7 39,151	33,699	4 -5 6 12 	4 7 8 45 9 24,088

7.—Receipts of Patents and Homestead Entries in the fiscal years 1911-1915.

Sources of receipts.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Authorization and Authorization	\$	\$	\$. \$	\$
Homestead fees	445,135	391,703	337,055	317,412	238,295
Cash sales	1,193,756	1,967,183	1,650,492	1,279,224	
Scrip sales	1,438	3,257	6,157	240	80
Timber dues	387,055	400,669	463,739	378,365	310,934
Hay permits, mining, stone quarries, etc., cash	774,569	729,240	781,283	889,863	1,600,455
All other receipts	504,120	485,985	416,476	448,716	335,964
Gross revenue	3,306,073	3,978,037	3,655,202	3,313,820	3,176,851
Refunds	198,689	197,631	246,106	277,309	317,765
Net revenue	3,107,384	3,780,406	3,409,096	3,036,511	2,859,086
Total revenue, 1872-1915	35,393,660	39,174,066	42,583,162	45,619,673	48,478,759
Letters patent for Dominion lands	21,754	19,354	24,965	31,053	24,260
Homestead entries "	44,479	39,151	33,699	31,829	24,088

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

Charters of Incorporation.—The number of companies incorporated under The Companies Act during the fiscal year 1915-16 was 534, with a total capitalization of \$157,342,800, and the number of existing companies to which supplementary letters patent were issued was 71, of which 28 increased their capital stock by \$68,996,000 and 11 decreased their capital stock by \$4,811,700. The remaining 32 were granted supplementary letters patent for various objects, such as changing names, extending powers, etc., making a total of 605 charters and supplementary charters issued during the year; this is an increase of 59 as compared with the previous year. The total capitalization of new companies and the increased capital of existing companies amounted to \$221,527,100.

Canada Temperance Act.—The Act prohibits the sale of intoxicating liquors in the places that have adopted it, and is administered by the Department of the Secretary of State. According to the Report for the year ended March 31, 1915, of the Secretary of State, the Act was in force on April 1, 1915, in the following counties and cities:—Ontario: Counties of Peel and Huron and district of Manitoulin; Quebec: City of Thetford Mines; Nova Scotia: Counties of Annapolis, Digby, Guysborough, Queens, Shelburne and Yarmouth; New Brunswick: Counties of Albert, Carleton, Charlotte, Kings, Northumberland, Queens, Sunbury, Westmoreland and York, and City of Fredericton; Manitoba: Lisgar and Marquette.

Naturalizations.—The naturalizations effected under the Naturalization Act (R. S. 1906, c. 77), for the 12 months ended June 30, 1915, numbered 25,067. Of these 6,739 were formerly citizens of the United States. Table 8 shows by principal nationalities the number of naturalizations effected in Canada during the years 1907 to 1915 under the Act. The number of naturalizations for the years 1907 to 1915 was 207,757, which with 70,690 previously recorded makes a total of 278,447. (See also page 681.)

8.—Number of Naturalizations in Canada by Principal Nationalities during the Calendar years 1907-1914.

Nationalities.	19071.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	Total 1907–14.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Austrians. Belgians. Chinese. Danes. Dutch. Finns.	1,915 129 283 124 34 122	3,982 318 355 146 78 328	1,588 205 241 154 65 231	1,902 191 78 92 85 328	3,833 350 180 169 136 534	2,030 152 136 158 81 1,259	2,766 288 173 201 178 884	380 69 290 219 835	2,013 1,515 1,334 876 4,521
French. Galicians. Germans. Greeks. Hungarians.	256 807 319 60 279	652 1,083 585 83 580	344 512 293 96 164	397 686 333 63 254	534 818 484 268 395	346 295 344 205 217	359 406 539 233 214		5,631 3,967 1,232

¹For eighteen months.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

8.—Number of Naturalizations in Canada by Principal Nationalities during the Calendar years 1907-1914—concluded.

Nationalities.	19071.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	Total 1907-14.
	No.								
Icelanders	238	187	68	114	67	34	53	149	910
Italians	891	1,852	866	813	2,009	1,598	3,162	3,221	14,412
Japanese	306	439		306	229	161	292	1,120	3,194
Norwegians	352	444	399	429	597	653	1,074	1,180	5,128
Poles	62	75	51	102	98	31	68	77	564
Rumanians	499	271	184	278	442	184	278	344	2,480
Russians	2,127	3,046	1,944	2,865	2,787	1,586	3,696	5,737	23,788
Swedes	674	905	623	516	844	845	1,752	1,693	7,852
Swiss	37	81	44	45	67	46	69	145	534
Syrians	152	221	162	140	204	176	185	95	1,335
Turks	104	59	92	95	236	252	226	501	1,565
United States of		- X	200						
America	7,279	9,000	7,266	5,854	8,021	6,890	11,339	8,056	63,705
Other nationalities	450	246	123	186	301	263	335	328	2,232
Re-admission	215	715	294	196	505	300	348	214	2,787
The state of the s									
Total	17,714	25,731	16,350	16,348	24,108	18,242	29,118	35,079	182,690

¹For eighteen months.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Department of Indian Affairs.—By section 5 of the British North America Act, 1867, the Indians of Canada and the lands reserved for them came under the control of the Dominion Government, and in 1873 an Act of the Canadian Parliament (R.S., c. 81) provided that the Minister of the Interior should be Superintendent General of Indian Affairs and as such have the control and management of the lands and property of the Indians in Canada. The aim of the Department of Indian Affairs is the advancement of the Indians in the arts of civilization, and Agents have been appointed to encourage the Indians under their charge to settle on the reserves and to engage in industrial pursuits.

Tables 9-18, compiled from the Reports of the Department, give for the years named particulars respecting population, religion, education, agriculture and financial status. Table 18 shows that during the year 1914 crops to the value of \$1,813,619 were raised by the Indians. Educational advantages are provided for the Indians in day, boarding and industrial schools, and for educational purposes appropriations were made by Parliament for the year 1916-17 amounting to \$734,115. Several bands of Indians assist, and during the fiscal year 1914-15 the sum of \$23,019 was available from this source. As shown in Table 12 the total number of Indian children enrolled as attending school during the fiscal year 1915 was 12,468, and the average attendance was 7,711.

The total parliamentary appropriation for the Indian Department for the year 1916-17 is \$1,760,360. On March 31, 1915, the Indians had to the credit of their trust funds \$7,738,146, derived from sales of lands and timber and from rentals of grazing and other lands. The amount named represents an increase of \$85,117 over that of the preceding year.

9.—Indian Population in Canada by Provinces, 1910-1916.

Provinces.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	1916.
Prince Edward Isl'd	292	292	300	292	288	288	302
Nova Scotia	2,009	2,026	1,969	2,018	2,050	2,042	2,119
New Brunswick	1,609	1,802	1,903	1,920	1,906	1,862	1,874
Quebec	11,874	11,462	12,817	12,842	12,935	13,174	13,348
Ontario	22,565	22,496	26,393	26,077	26,419	26,162	26,305
Manitoba	5,996	6,104	10,373	10,822	10,290	10,798	11,935
Saskatchewan	8,990	9,439	9,545	9,699	9,779	9,775	9,962
Alberta	9,155	8,088	8,113	8,229	8,281	8,500	8,682
British Columbia	25,149	24,581	24,781	25,172	25,370	25,339	25,737
Yukon	3,002	3,500	3,500	1,389	1,528	1,528	1,528
Northwest	1115.61						
Territories	16,273	13,871	5,262	8,030	4,928	4,003	3,769
Indians in Canada	106,914	103,661	104,956	106,490	103,774	103,531	105,561
Eskimos	3,683	4,600	4,600	3,447	3,447	3,447	3,447

10.—Distribution of Indian Population by Age, Sex and Province, with Births and Deaths by Provinces, 1915.

Provinces.	Under	6 years.	5 to 15	years.	ars. 16 to 20 years.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
Prince Edward Island	25	- 29	32	29	19	19	
Nova Scotia	158	201	219	211	135	134	
New Brunswick	153	148	156	151	68	73	
Quebec	863	938	881	931	575	545	
Ontario	1,752	1,713	2,169	2,078	1,395	1,299	
Manitoba	968		1,150		831	734	
Saskatchewan	764	812	777	707	340	321	
Alberta	564	567	526	496	334	310	
British Columbia	1,911	1,794	2,164	2,106	1,262	1,255	
Northwest Territories	141	140	241	211	89	87	
Total	7,299	7,333	8,315	7,987	5,048	4,777	
Provinces.	21 to 6	5 years.	65 years	upwards.	Births.	Deaths.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.			
Prince Edward Island	59	55	10	12	14	14	
Nova Scotia	440		72	61	51	52	
New Brunswick	357	301	47	42	45	29	
Quebec	1,927	1,896	249	255	275	187	
Ontario	5,182	5,363	477	499			
Manitoba	1,957		282				
Saskatchewan	1,510						
Alberta	1,222	1,236		116			
British Columbia	5,400		537			748	
Northwest Territories	449	451	46	45	-	-	
Total	18,503	18,846	1,986	2,312	2,609	2,321	

Note.—There are no official returns for the ages of 21,125 Indians.

INDIAN POPULATION.

11.—Religion of Indian Population by Provinces as at March 31, 1915.

Angli- can.	Pres- byte- rian.	Metho- dist.				Other Chris- tian Beliefs.	Aborig- inai Beliefs.
_			288		_	_	
15	-		2,117	9	_	1	-
_		-	1,652	-	-	-	-
108	7	468	8,453		-	19	-
6,164	42	4,535	6,751		20		
3,248		3,129		198	-		
1,763	726	75	3,300			198	
800	-	1,524	2,960	-	-	-	1,123
4,429	603	3,038	12,558	-	-	432	1,521
386	-		2,897	-	-	-	-
915	-	-	100			m i -	
17,828				,			
	can.	Anglican. bytecan. 15 - 15 - 108 7 6,164 42 3,248 535 1,763 726 800 - 4,429 603 386 915 - 17,828 1,913	Anglican. byte-dist.	Anglican. byte-dist. Methodist. Catholic. 288 15 2,117 1,652 108 7 468 8,453 6,164 42 4,535 3,129 1,763 726 75 3,300 1,763 726 75 3,300 4,429 603 3,038 12,558 386 2,897 915 100	Anglican. byte-dist. Methodist. Catholic. Baptist. 288 - 2,117 9 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,652 - 1,689 1,763 726 75 3,300 - 1,689 1,763 726 75 3,300 - 1,689 1,763 726 75 3,300 - 1,524 2,960 - 1,524	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Angli- can. byte- rian. Metho- dist. Catho- lic. Baptist. grega- tional- ist. Beliefs. 288 15 2,117 9 - 1 1,652 198 6,164 42 4,535 6,751 1,170 20 579 3,248 535 3,129 1,689 198 - 396 1,763 726 75 3,300 - 198 800 - 1,524 2,960 198 800 - 1,524 2,960 198 4,429 603 3,038 12,558 432 386 2,897 915 100 17,828 1,913 12,769 42,765 1,377 20 1,625

Note.—There are no official returns for the religious belief of 16,944 Indians.

12.—Attendance of Pupils at Indian Schools by Provinces, 1915.

Provinces.	Number	of Pupils	on Roll.	Average Attend-	age of
	Boys.	oys. Girls. Tota		ance.	attend- ance.
Prince Edward Island	13	18	31	17	54.86
Nova Scotia.	174	145	319	150	47.02
New Brunswick	128	144	272	171	62.86
Quebec	647	667	1,314	833	63.39
Ontario	1,861	1,745	3,606	2,073	54.48
Manitoba	958	930	1,888	1,036	54.87
Saskatchewan	670	705	1,375	1,053	76.58
Alberta	516	412	928	750	80.82
British Columbia	1,199	1,170	2,369	1,416	59.77
Yukon	128	73	201	80	39.80
Northwest Territories	73	92	165	132	80.00
Total	6,367	6,101	12,468	7,711	61.85

13.—Literacy of Indian Population by Provinces, 1915.

Provinces.	Number	Number	Number	Number
	who	who	who	who
	speak	speak	write	write
	English.	French.	English.	French.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	175	1	125	1
	1,482	6	614	1
	1,324	124	445	76
	3,569	2,399	1,424	904
	14,581	1,345	8,358	90
	3,255	11	1,627	3
	2,173	263	1,702	17
	1,014	62	749	6
	8,511	134	2,920	3
Total	36,084	4,345	17,964	1,101

14.—Acreage and Value of Indian Lands by Provinces, 1915.

Provinces.	Land cleared but not under cultivation. 1915.			Value of Lands. 1915.	
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia.		Acres. 404 3,063 1,052 16,762 102,243 113,434 854,322 854,293 254,090	Acres. 394 2,171 826 8,543 68,142 8,733 24,672 20,631 34,398	\$ 19,914 82,985 71,589 1,082,400 4,648,455 2,331,591 10,116,327 12,615,240 15,796,510	
Total	2	2,199,663	168,510	46,765,011	

15.—Numbers of Indian Population engaged in Agriculture, Stock-raising and other occupations by Provinces, 1915.

Provinces.	Agricul- ture.	Stock- Raising.	Hunting, Trapping and Fishing.	Other Industries.	
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick Quebec. Ontario Manitoba. Saskatchewan Alberta. British Columbia.	10 155 213 342 1,884 205 787 867 2,222	5 49 18 35 1,118 183 971 1,322 826	58 297 200 7755 2,892 2,036 892 370 4,301	405 132 1,004 2,264 330 583	
Total	6,685	4,527	11,801	6,815	

16.—Area and Yield of Field Crops of Indians by Provinces, 1915.

Provinces.	Wheat.		Oats.		Other Grain.	
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia.	Acres. 7 12 6 188 3,134 2,987 5,357 5,199 2,070	Bush. 83 80 87 2,276 47,861 31,257 65,127 37,424 32,824	Acres. 32 66 107 2,276 7,367 2,029 8,854 5,745 5,500	Bush. 439 1,158 1,850 39,315 213,952 37,267 113,567 100,246 173,261	Acres. 1 17 35 928 3,708 266 504 773 680	Bush. 20 210 584 16,342 102,742 3,311 4,486 9,924 12,414
Total	18,960	217,019	31,976	681,055	6,912	150,033

INDIAN POPULATION.

16.—Area and Yield of Field Crops of Indians by Provinces, 1915—concluded.

Provinces.	Pota	toes.	Other Roots.	Hay and Fodder.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia. New Brunswick Quebec. Ontario Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia.	Acres. 11 128 175 888 1,642 396 162 89 2,376	Bush. 947 7,280 6,550 47,028 109,494 18,337 9,822 11,001 232,700	21,718 1,068	31,958 14,206 34,932
Total	5,867	443,159	149,292	132,355

17.—Numbers of Farm Live Stock of Indians with Total Values by Provinces, 1915.

Provinces.	Horses.	Cattle.	Other Stock.	Poultry.	Value of LiveStock and Poultry.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	\$
Prince Edward Island	16	18	- 1 TO	184	1,470
Nova Scotia	101	250	110	1,330	10,008
New Brunswick	50	83	8	977	7,751
Quebec	804	1,922	1,345	10,167	140,664
Ontario	3,633	5,534	5,286	51,322	563,732
Manitoba	1,308	2,748	175	2,338	197,979
Saskatchewan	3,717	7,304	492	4,831	741,829
Alberta	9,543	7,157	351	2,653	879,856
British Columbia	14,623	10,750	4,484	28,455	911,736
Total	33,795	35,766	12,251	102,257	3,455,025

18.—Sources and Value of Income of Indians, 1915.

Value of		Re- ceiv-	-					
Provinces.	Farm Products including Hay.	Beef Sold.	Wages Earned.	ed from Land Rent- als.	Fish- ing.	Hunting and Trapping	Indus-	Total Income of Indians.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
P. E. Island.	950	225	-	-	4,000	50	3,000	
Nova Scotia.	17,304	3,590	41,315	192	5,400	7,939	35,600	111,340
N.Brunswick	8,664	880	56,050	26	10,575	2,325	11,060	89,580
Quebec	130,978	23,468	229,651	6,948	3,973	86,152	69,304	550,474
Ontario	506,648	24,484	539,790	40,877	112,383	164,723	137,907	1,526,812
Manitoba	130,597	12,685		317	58,446		60,265	
Saskat-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		CARL I	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , ,	,	000,000
chewan	258,655	94,573	58,175	13,320	26,129	105,278	71,982	628,112
Alberta	161,494	83,671	66,703	17,229			67,954	
Br.Columbia	598,329	65,930	309,690	2,251	362,335			1,630,591
-110011110111	000,020					227,020	2.0,010	2,000,002
Total	1,813,619	309,506	1,419,244	81,160	586,781	654,501	632,118	5,496,929

¹Includes estimated value of meat and fish used for food.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Since Confederation and before, the Department of Public Works has been known as the constructing department. In 1879, the railways and canals were placed under control of a new department; the building and maintenance of penitentiaries were transferred to the Department of Justice, the maintenance and construction of lighthouses to the Marine and Fisheries Department and the smaller drill halls and armouries to the Department of Militia and Defence. The work of the Department of Public Works is now divided into three principal branches, viz., Engineering Branch, the Architect's Branch and the Telegraph Branch. The National Gallery of Canada is also administered by this Department. (See Year Book of 1914, p. 645.)

Engineering.—The Engineering Branch comprises the construction and repair of wharfs, piers, breakwaters, dams, weirs, bank and beach protection works; the improvement of harbours and rivers by dredging; the construction, maintenance and operation of government dredging plant; the construction and maintenance of graving docks; the construction, maintenance and working of slides and booms; the construction and maintenance of interprovincial bridges and approaches thereto, and of bridges on highways of federal importance in the Northwest Territories and the maintenance of military roads; also hydrographic and ordinary surveys and examinations, inclusive of precision levelling and geodetic measurements which are required for the preparation of plans, reports and estimates; the testing of cements, etc. The Branch has charge of about 1,500 harbour works, 3 graving docks, 4 slide and boom works, interprovincial bridges, 49 dredges and 65 tugs and other dredging plant.

Architecture.—The Architect's Branch builds and maintains all government buildings, post offices, custom houses, examining warehouses, and constructs quarantine, immigration and experimental farm buildings, armouries and drill halls, land offices and telegraph offices.

Telegraphs.—The Telegraph Branch has control over the construction, repair and maintenance of all government-owned telegraph lines and cables. These lines are located in the provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia and the Yukon, and statistics relating to them are given on page 510.

Graving Docks.—There are three graving or dry docks completed and owned by the Canadian Government, and a fourth is under contract. The dimensions of these three docks are shown in Table 19. The dock at Kingston, Ontario, is under lease to the Kingston Shipbuilding Company. The dock under contract is to be at Levis, Quebec, east of the old dock, and is to be 1,150 feet long, divided into two parts (650 and 500 feet respectively), and 120 feet wide; it is to have a depth at high water of 40 feet. It will probably cost about \$2,750,000. Under the Dry Dock Subsidies Act, 1910 (9–10 Edw. VII, c. 17) several docks have been subsidized by payments of 3 or $3\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. per annum for a given number of years on the original cost, as shown by Table 20.

¹For description of this Act, see Canada Year Book, 1910, p. xxviii.

PUBLIC WORKS.

19.—Dimensions of Graving Docks owned by the Dominion Government.

Location. Lengt	Length.		Width a	t	Depth of water	Rise of tide.	
		Coping.	Bottom.	Entrance.	on sill.	Spring.	Neap.
	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.
Levis, Que	600	100	73	62	$26\frac{1}{2}$	$26\frac{1}{2}$	$20\frac{1}{2}$
Esquimalt, B.C.	430	90	41	65	$26\frac{1}{2}$	7 to 10	3 to 8
Kingston, Ont	315	70	47	69	$14\frac{1}{2} \& 16\frac{1}{2}$	-	-

20.—Dimensions and Cost of Graving Docks subsidized under the Dry Dock Subsidies Act, 1910.

Location.	Length.	Width.	Depth over sill.	Total cost.	Subsidy.
	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	\$	
Collingwood, Ont	350	55	$16\frac{1}{2}$	500,000	3 p.c. for 20 years.
" No. 2	420	95	16	306,965	3 p.c. for 20 years.
Port Arthur, Ont	700	66	15	1,258,050	3 p.c. for 20 years.
Montreal, Que	600	100	$27\frac{1}{2}$	3,000,000	$3\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. for 35 years.
Prince Rupert, B.C	600	100	25	2,199,168	$3\frac{1}{2}$ p.e. for 25 years.
Sault Ste. Marie, Ont	650	77	18½	1,326,529	3 p.c. for 20 years.
Toronto, Ont	300	80	15	894,121	3 p.c. for 20 years.
St. John, N.B	1,150	(Plans	not yet the new	approved, l Levis dock	but will be similar to

Expenditure and Revenue.—Table 21 shows the expenditure and revenue for the fiscal years 1911-15 of the Public Works Department of the Dominion Government. For the year 1914-15, the expenditure was \$29,283,317, as compared with \$27,991,337 in 1913-14, a net increase of \$1,291,980. In the Report of the Department for the year 1914-15 it is stated that while the outlay in connection with dredging and public buildings has been nearly \$2,000,000 less, that on harbour and river works has been nearly \$3,000,000 more. The explanation of this is the large terminal works under contract in the various national harbours, the majority of which were well under way during the year and earning heavily. The revenue for the year shows a decrease of \$56,021, chiefly accounted for by a decrease in graving dock and telegraph returns. The decrease in graving dock returns is more a cause of congratulation than regret, as it indicates fewer accidents to shipping in Canadian waters.

21.—Expenditure and Revenue of the Public Works Department for the fiscal years 1911-1915.

EXPENDITURE.

Items.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.				
Harbour and river works. Dredging, plant, etc Slides and Booms. Roads and Bridges. Public buildings. Telegraphs. Miscellaneous.	\$ 2,975,059 4,471,204 190,188 90,061 3,090,666 568,493 421,364 11,807,035		152,581 7,420,885 741,145	167,435 130,628 12,397,465 768,378 602,993	5,120,611 333,619 76,165 11,648,645 1,003,590 571,341				
REVENUE.									
Slides and booms. Graving docks. Rents. Telegraph lines. Casual revenue.	114,870 42,076 37,652 169,585 173,346	87,790 50,615 33,355 200,330 46,541	47,928 88,852	61,490 113,670	35,305 111,098 225,512				
Total	537,529	418,631	488,194	542,457	486,436				

PUBLIC HEALTH AND QUARANTINE.

The Public Health Service of the Dominion, considered chiefly in connection with the relations of Canada with other countries, is under the charge of a Director General of Public Health, whose office is a branch of the Department of Agriculture. The report for the year 1914-15 of the Director General of Public Health, printed as an Appendix to the Report of the Minister of Agriculture, describes the prevalence in foreign countries of endemic diseases, including Asiatic cholera, bubonic plague, smallpox, leprosy, beri-beri, enteric fever and tuberculosis, and of the inspection work of the quarantine stations at Canadian ports of entry. During the year 1914-15, 1,458 vessels and 349,190 persons were inspected at 12 quarantine stations, and there were 542 admissions into hospitals. The corresponding figures for 1913-14 were 1,464 vessels and 706,682 persons inspected and 1,963 admissions to hospitals.

PUBLIC DEFENCE.

Military Forces.—Before the outbreak of the war, the Canadian Militia consisted of a Permanent Force, which on March 31, 1914, numbered 3,000 officers, non-commissioned officers and men, and an Active Militia, which at the same date numbered 5,615 officers and 68,991 non-commissioned officers and men. Since the outbreak of the war on August 4, 1914, successive contingents of troops of all arms have

PUBLIC DEFENCE.

been recruited, equipped, trained and despatched by the Canadian Government to Great Britain for active service as part of the Imperial forces. Up to September 1, 1916, there had been sent overseas for active service in the war, 210,394 officers, non-commissioned officers and men. At the same date there were training in Canada, in camps in the various military districts, 4,577 officers and 107,998 other ranks, a total of 112,575. In addition, there have been maintained on guard duty in Canada (canals, certain railway bridges and public buildings) about 12,500 of all ranks.

Table 22, showing the Militia Expenditure and Revenue for the five fiscal years, 1911 to 1915, is taken from the Report for the year ended March 31, 1915, of the Militia Council. Table 23 shows the expenditure on the war appropriation for the year ended March 31, 1915: (A) by the Department of Militia and Defence and (B) by other Departments of the Dominion Government. The total amounts to \$60,750,476, of which the sum of \$53,176,614 was expended by the Department of Militia and Defence, and \$7,573,862 by other Departments. Table 24 shows the scale of annual pensions granted to dependents of deceased soldiers and Table 25 the scale of annual pensions to soldiers wounded or disabled on active service. The total amount of the European war pensions paid by the Canadian Department of Militia and Defence from May, 1915, to March 31, 1916, is \$304,997.

22.—Expenditure and Revenue of Militia for the Fiscal Years 1911-1915.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Allowances for drill instruction,					DESIRE TO SERVICE
care of arms and postage	104,446	83,867	85,474	101,904	66,513
Annual drill	1,089,694			1,830,034	
Cadet corps		35,947	93,723	392,207	327,679
Clothing and necessaries	373,960	475,175	508,788	699,572	510,810
Contingencies—including guards		CI-ITU A B			
of honour, escorts and salutes	34,979	39,920	47,674	49,957	36,557
Custom dues	180,580	143,069	38,424	47,630	115,791
Departmental library	755	975	1,010	1,055	1,113
Dominion arsenal	280,034	236,790	325,863	358,315	265,262
Engineer services	353,966	487,222	791,895	1,452,729	1,111,196
Grants towards construction of				Figure 1	STREET, STREET
City Regimental Armouries	65,000		12,000	M 15 1 18	
Grants to artillery and rifle					
associations and to regimental			Edward III	1 1 1 1 1 1	
bands	54,985	56,270	64,315	79,506	73,605
Gratuities and compassionate					
allowances	3,970	2,551	2,170	4,300	15,190
Maintenance of military proper-					
ties	79,961	80,937	88,925	107,214	209,231
Pay of InspGen. and military		THE PARTY OF	bertoth to	di Finan	
members of Militia Council					
(statutory)	21,600	21,600	21,600	21,600	15,161
Pay of headquarters staff	59,589	66,178	78,617	74,002	72,050
Pay of division and district staffs	76,430	99,300	115,844	123,772	107,410
			No. and the		

22.—Expenditure and Revenue of Militia for the Fiscal Years 1911-1915—con.

Schedule	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
			W. L'EN W. J.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Permanent force—pay, provisions and supplies	1,845,386	1,946,636	2,200,183	2,198,453	2,114,493
Printing and stationery	60,003	53,489	59,828	72,209	69,880
Royal Military College	127,036		131,241	149,039	
Salaries and wages of civil em-	man W.				majera .
ployees	153,018	155,645	170,700	197,823	243,936
Schools of instruction—pay of active militia attending	80,007	70,041	77,765	97,847	164,669
Topographical survey	26,260	24,714	35,055		35,038
Transport and freight	124,281	138,230	175,054		208,774
Warlike stores	334,548	531,332	683,080		496,867
Coronation contingents	-	134,835	-	-	
Training Areas	0.910	01 047	17 000	0 500	234,592
Miscellaneous small votes Ordnance, ammunition, tents,	6,318	21,047	17,202	6,508	-
wagons and equipment gen-					
erally, excepting clothing, sad-					
dlery and harness	370,469	649,276	572,486		593,167
Saddlery and harness	103,753	6,713	942	103,732	146,066
Clothing-reserve stock and out-		110 400	100,000	017 410	010 077
fitting new units	150,220	110,468	100,000	217,419	219,077
nets, scabbards, arm chests			= 8% av	2280 421	
and inspection	585,190	419,937	552,073	640,613	478,543
Lands and construction of new					
rifle ranges	162,7731	$183,703^2$	341,208	51,237	29,216
Total ordnance, equipment,					
lands, etc	1,372,405	1,370,097	1,566,709	1,980,805	1,466,069
Total Militia expenditure	6,909,211	7 579 884	9 112 396	10,988,162	9,991,817
zowi minina caponaran	0,000,211	1,010,004	0,112,000	10,000,102	0,001,011
		Control in		arts or by	
Aid to civil power (statutory and				PASE N	
recoverable from municipal-	13,678	716	78	187,857	68,800
ities) Toronto barracks—special ac-	15,078	110	10	101,001	00,000
count	62 006	2,012	148,889	45	87,768
Winnipeg barracks—special ac-	MF Long				40
count	125,000	-	137,053		-
Point St. Charles Armoury	17,500		100 000	118	217
Montreal barracks site Transferred from Public Works	-	-	180,000	-	211
Department	DV E	The state of	940	221,849	19,722
Pensions—Rebellion, 1837-8	80	80	40	-	-
	977				A MARKET

¹In addition, \$123,000 was expended for the purchase of a new site for barracks and rifle range, Winnipeg, from moneys received from sale of old rifle range, and also \$17,500 for an Armoury for 4th Field Co. Canadian Engineers, from an appropriation voted under the Department of Public Works Estimates and transferred.

²A separate appropriation of \$75,000 was voted for purchase of lands for a Rifle Range, expenditure on which is included in this amount.

PUBLIC DEFENCE.

22.—Expenditure and Revenue of Militia for the Fiscal Years 1911-1915—concluded.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Pensions—Fenian Raids Pensions—Northwest Rebellion	\$ 1,710	\$ 1,828	\$ 1,822	\$ 1,788	\$ 2,819
and general	17,628 38,483	17,118 45,698	17,689 50,470		20,227 79,845
Total pensions	57,901	64,724	70,021	90,562	102,891
Civil Government-salaries Civil Government-contingencies	130,732 10,086	137,251 11,963	146,718 22,029	157,137 27,997	168,545 20,216
Total Civil Government	140,818	149,214	168,747	185,134	188,761
Revenue received— Militia. Casual Royal Military College. Pension Act, 1901.	44,259 1,390 31,650 23,347	59,829 1,806 34,286 25,209	51,359 2,691 36,785 28,393		64,831 1,625 32,047 27,282
Total revenue	100,646	121,130	119,228	105,962	125,785

23.—Expenditure on Account of War Appropriation for the year ended March 31, 1915.

Items of Expenditure.	Amount.
(A) By the Department of Militia and Defence:—	\$
Pay and allowances and subsistence (including pay of clerks)	25,106,535
Civil labour (Ordnance Dept., etc.)	355,076
Rent, water, fuel and light—Housing troops.	330,344
Furniture, bedding, utensils and miscellaneous stores	2,516,231
Engineer services and works	915,820
Travelling and transport (sea)	3,576,255
" (land)	960,161
Forage and stabling	375,534
Purchase of remounts, expenses of purchasers, etc	3,194,152
Shoeing horses	2,654
Saddlery and horse equipment.	829,371
Clothing (except boots)	5,175,079
Boots and repairs to boots	1,070,875
Plain clothes, discharged soldiers	12,843
Necessaries (kit bags, towels, razors, brushes, soaps, etc.)	1,833,856
Washing and cleaning clothing, etc	17,433
Motor trucks, ambulances and other vehicles	1,776,852
Field artillery and equipment.	1,298,870
Small arms and ammunition.	1,371,644
Outfit allowances—Officers, warrant officers and nurses	318,833
Accoutrements—Oliver equipment, cartridge belts, rifle slings, etc	1,059,017
Binoculars, telescopes, heliographs and prism compasses	264,649
Drugs, etc., and surgical instruments	299,700
Conservancy and contingencies	236,266
Pay and expenses of censors	101,761
Pay and expenses of censors	27,627
Telegrams, telephone messages and postage	78,948
Printing and stationery	64,057
Compensation for damages to animals, buildings, crops, etc	6.171
, and a sport of the sport of t	-,271
Total	53,176,614

23.—Expenditure on Account of War Appropriation, for the Year ended March 31, 1915.—concluded.

(B) By other Departments as follows:—	\$
Trade and Commerce Naval Service. Governor General's Secretary's Office Privy Council. Secretary of State. Secretary of State of External Affairs Post Office Department. Finance Department. Justice. Dominion Police. Indian Affairs Royal Northwest Mounted Police. Railways & Canals. Public Works	3,003,005 3,096,125 4,331 13,638 16,193 4,214 110,098 149,630 254,946 132,764 82 597,126 178,845 12,865
Total	7,573,862
Grand Total	60,750,476

24.—Scale of Annual Pensions granted to Dependents of Deceased Soldiers of the Canadian Expeditionary Force.

Rank.	Widows.	Children.	Orphan Children.	Widowed Mothers Grandmothers Stepmothers and Fathers.
Ribert Comment	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rank and file Sergeant Squad, Battery or Co. SgtMaj. " " Q.MSgt. Colour Sergeant Staff Sergeant Regimental SgtMaj. not Warrant Officer Master Gunner, not Warrant Officer Regimental Q. M. Sergeant Warrant Officer Lieutenant Captain Major Lieutenant-Colonel Colonel Brigadier-General	408.00 408.00 408.00 408.00 496.00 496.00 496.00 576.00 800.00 1,008.00 1,248.00	72.00 72.00 72.00 72.00 72.00 72.00 72.00 72.00 72.00 72.00 72.00 84.00 96.00 120.00 120.00	144.00 144.00 144.00 144.00 144.00 144.00 144.00 144.00 144.00 144.00 144.00 144.00 144.00 144.00	288.00 306.00 306.00 306.00 306.00 372.00 372.00 408.00 408.00 432.00 600.00 756.00 936.00 1,134.00 1,620.00

PUBLIC DEFENCE.

25.—Scale of Annual Pensions to Soldiers Wounded or Disabled on Active Service.

Rank.	Class 1 Total.	Class 2 80 p.c.	Class 3 60 p.c.	Class 4 40 p.c.	Class 5 20 p.c.
Rank and file. Sergeant. Squad, Battery or Co. SgtMaj. " " " Q. MSgt. Colour Sergeant. Staff Sergeant. Regimental SgtMajor, not Warrant Officer. Master Gunner, not Warrant Officer. Regimental Q. MSergeant. Warrant Officer. Lieutenant. Captain. Major. Lieutenant-Colonel.	\$ 480 510 510 510 510 510 510	\$ 384 408 408 408 408 408 496 496 496 544 576 800 1,008 1,248	\$ 288 306 306 306 306 306 372 372 408 432 600 756 936	\$ 192 204 204 204 204 204 248 248 248 272 288 400 504 824	\$ 96 102 102 102 102 102 124 124 124 136 144 200 252 312
ColonelBrigadier-General	1,890 2,700	1,512 2,160	1,134 1,620	756 1,080	378 540

NOTE.—In the above scale total disability (class 1) is reckoned as 100, and the remaining classes of disability receive percentages of the amounts granted for total disability, as shown. For disability reckoned as under 20 p.c., a gratuity not exceeding \$100 may be granted.

Naval Service.—The Naval Service of Canada was established by the Naval Service Act, 1910 (9-10 Edw. VII, c. 43), the main provisions of which were described in the Year Book of 1910, pp. xxvi-xxix. The Department of the Naval Service, then created, now consists of eight branches:—(1) Naval, (2) Fisheries, (3) Fisheries Protection, (4) Tidal and Current Survey, (5) Hydrographic Survey, (6) Radiotelegraphy, (7) Patrol of Northern Waters and (8) Life Saving Service. The total financial appropriation of the Department for the year 1915-16 was \$4,176,500, of which the sum of \$2,463,333 was expended. The appropriation for the Naval Branch was \$1,000,000, of which the sum of \$401,722 was expended. In addition to the foregoing, the sum of \$3,274,020 was also expended out of the war appropriation.

Royal Naval College.—The officers of the Royal Naval College continue to report most favourably on the cadets in attendance, both as to their mental and physical progress during the past year. The midshipmen who have been serving in ships of the Royal Navy and the Royal Canadian Navy have also been favourably reported upon, and have proved themselves capable and efficient. Fourteen midshipmen who entered the College in January, 1911, were promoted to the rank of acting sub-lieutenant on September 1, 1915. Two of these officers are now serving in the British Submarine Service, and four lieutenants and five engineer-lieutenants are serving in vessels of the Grand Fleet. Six cadets entered the College after the regular examinations held in May, 1915. The course of the Royal Naval College at Halifax corresponds to that of the Royal Military College at Kingston, except that

it is on a naval basis. Graduates of the College may either adopt a seafaring career or take up positions in the Canadian Government in the Hydrographic or Tidal and Current Surveys. Arrangements have also been made with the Universities of McGill and Toronto for the entry of graduates of the Royal Naval College in the second year of the course of applied science. The Admiralty and the Naval Service Department have reached an agreement whereby eight graduates of the Royal Naval College may be entered yearly in the Royal Navy. The same rules that govern other officers of the Royal Navy apply to these cadets. The next examination for cadets will be held in May, 1917. Successful cadets will enter the College about August 1, 1917.

Northwest Mounted Police.—The Royal Northwest Mounted Police are distributed in New Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, the Northwest Territories and the Yukon Territory, with headquarters at Regina, Saskatchewan, and the operations of the force for the year ended September 30, 1915, are described in the Commissioner's Report dated November 1, 1915. On September 30, 1915, the strength of the force was 60 officers, 869 non-commissioned officers and constables and 987 horses, an increase of 5 officers and 152 horses, and a decrease of 344 non-commissioned officers and constables, as compared with the previous year. The decrease in strength is due to the fact that shortly after the outbreak of the war authority was granted to increase the force by 500 men for one year, and that nearly all the men so engaged took their discharges for the purpose of joining the Army for service at the front.

26.—Strength and Distribution of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police on September 30, 1915.

Description.	Alberta.	Saskat- chewan.	New Mani- toba.	North- west Terri- tories.	Yukon Terri- tory.	Total.
Commissioner. Assistant Commissioners. Superintendents. Inspectors. Surgeons. Veterinary Surgeons. Staff Sergeants. Sergeants. Corporals. Constables. Special Constables.	1 5 15 1 1 7 25 56 212 40	1 1 6 18 2 1 24 34 51 277 33	- 1 1 - - 3 4 17 4	- 3 - 1 1 3 10 4	- 1 3 - - 3 6 3 39 2	1 2 13 40 3 1 45 69 117 555 83
Total Horses Dogs	372 406 11	448 559 16	30 - 53	22 2 44	57 20 32	929 987 156

CRIMINAL STATISTICS AND PENITENTIARIES.

The criminal statistics of Canada are collected, compiled and published annually by the Census and Statistics Office under statutory authority of the Census and Statistics Act, 1905 (4-5 Edw. VII, c. 5). They relate to the year ended September 30, and the last issued annual report is for 1914. The statistics are divided into the two classes of (1) indictable offences and (2) summary convictions, the former comprising all cases tried by police or other magistrates and the latter all cases of minor importance disposed of by justices of the peace under the Summary Convictions Act.

Indictable Offences.—Table 27 shows by provinces in respect of indictable offences the number of charges and convictions and the percentage of acquittals for the years 1913 and 1914. There were 28,007 charges and 21,438 convictions for indictable offences throughout Canada during the year ended September 30,1914, as compared with 24,078 charges and 18,320 convictions in 1913, or an increase of 16.32 p.c. for the former and 17.02 p.c. for the latter during the year. As shown by the table, the convictions increased in every province except Manitoba, which shows a decrease of 5.56 p.c. in the number of convictions for 1914.

Summary Convictions.—The number of summary convictions in 1914 was 161,597, as compared with 154,818 in 1913. This represents an increase of 6,779, or 4.37 p.c.

Death Sentences.—During 1914, 27 persons were sentenced to death for murder, as compared with 23 in 1913. Death sentences in 1914 were carried out in 11 cases compared with 8 in 1913, and were commuted to life imprisonment in 16 cases in 1914 compared with 13 in 1913. Eight persons were sentenced in 1914 to be imprisoned for life, as compared with three persons in 1913.

27.—Charges, Convictions and Percentages of Acquittals for Indictable Offences by Provinces, 1913 and 1914.

		1913.		1914.			
Provinces.	Charges.	Convictions.	Acquit-	Charges.	Convictions.	Acquit- tals.	
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia. Yukon. Canada.	No. 14 908 218 3,609 9,763 1,810 2,210 2,740 2,770 36 24,078	No. 12 685 188 2,989 7,403 1,582 1,617 1,913 1,904 27	p.c. 14 28 24 56 13 76 17 18 24 17 12 60 26 83 30 18 31 26 25 00	No. 37 1,141 273 4,428 11,263 1,733 2,688 3,162 3,239 43 28,007	No. 25 766 229 3,586 8,932 1,494 1,928 2,237 2,213 28	p.c. 32.43 32.86 16.12 19.01 20.70 13.79 28.27 29.75 31.67 34.88	

28.—Indictable Offences by Classes, 1913 and 1914.

THE WAS A TOTAL DAY.	193	13.	1914.		
Class.	Charges.	Convictions.	Charges.	Convictions.	
I. Offences against the person. II. Offences against property with violence III. Offences against property without violence. IV. Malicious offences against property. V. Forgery and other offences against the currency. VI. Other offences not in the foregoing classes.	13,935 356 615	No. 4,256 1,472 10,608 260 541 1,183	No. 6,143 2,193 16,771 397 608 1,895	No. 4,428 1,810 13,000 248 519 1,433	
Total	24,078	18,320	28,007	21,438	

29.—Convictions and Sentences for all Offences, by Provinces, 1908-1914.

<u> </u>			•				
Provinces.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Canada.	00.000	- 00 050	100.000	110 000	140 505	170 100	100 005
Convictions	88,633	89,952	102,903	113,260	146,527	173,138	183,035
Penitentiary	987	1,121	882	1,085	1,248	1,303	1,216
Gaol or fine	72,774	73,335	86,096	93,827	122,491	142,016	141,807
Reformatory	327	300	433	315	433	551	592
Death	14	18	21	. 17	25	23	27
Other Sentences	14,531	15,178	15,471	18,016	22,330	29,245	39,393
Prince Edward I.				F 6 150		Zienime	
Convictions	293	302	384	396	448	455	523
Sentences-			16-11-20			11/21/2	
Penitentiary	1	6	3	12	5	4	-
Gaol or fine	291	274	360	367	434	447	504
Reformatory Death					1		
Other Sentences	1	22	21	17	8	4	19
			OKL	Comment.			
Nova Scotia.							
Convictions	5,135	4,880	6,097	5,689	6,649	7,038	7,379
Sentences— Penitentiary	86	69	103	56	73	83	70
Gaol or fine	4.806	4.494	5,273		6.174		6,769
Reformatory	28	30	24	14	31	42	46
Death	-	-	-	2	2	2	3
Other Sentences	215	287	697	380	369	494	491
	1						

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CRIMINAL STATISTICS.

29.—Convictions and Sentences for all Offences, by Provinces, 1908-1914—con.

Provinces.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
New Brunswick.				_ /			
Convictions	2,947	2,637	2,595	2,912	3,157	3,324	3,101
Sentences— Penitentiary	-49	24	34	21	28	19	24
Gaol or fine Reformatory	2,793 6	2,499	2,391	2,764	3,007	3,166 10	2,935 11
Death		2	-	-	-	(- () () ()	-
Other Sentences	99	106	166	126	117	129	131
Quebec.						Maple	
Convictions	18,565	18,855	18,514	19,773	26,850	32,703	34,149
Penitentiary	277	339	209	243	179	187	226
Gaol or fine Reformatory	13,347 120	13,911 79	14,597 105	15,671 69	21,966 94	25,881 121	26,112 139
Death	2	1	1	2	7	1	2
Other Sentences	4,819	4,525	3,602	3,788	4,604	6,513	7,670
Ontario.							
Convictions	34,890	36,636	41,401	40,782	48,552	58,799	65,806
Penitentiary	320	353	210	279	300	289	355
Gaol or fine Reformatory	28,311 123	29,265 169	33,971 247	32,097 147	38,846 235	45,134 263	48,763
Death	5	8	9	7	3	4	10 440
Other Sentences	6,131	6,841	6,964	8,252	9,168	13,109	16,442
Manitoba.						eiflui	
Convictions	8,626	9,093	10,026	13,413	15,287	18,095	16,334
Sentences— Penitentiary	86	133	69	126	159	175	73
Gaol or fine	7,019	7,142	8,335	11,526	13,057	15,573	13,302
Reformatory Death	39	8	8	44	44 2	63	$\frac{106}{2}$
Other Sentences	1,480	1,809	1,614	1,716	2,025	2,282	2,851
Saskatchewan.	W.					No.	
Convictions	5,199	5,120	7,248	8,294	10,404	13,328	13,782
Penitentiary	20	45	41	66	93	70	107
Gaol or fine Reformatory	4,829	4,797	6,716	7,688 15	9,702	12,170	12,184
Death	2	1	3	1	2	4	4
Other Sentences	348	276	486	524	603	1,076	1,479

29.—Convictions and Sentences for all Offences, by Provinces, 1908-1914—concluded.

					The state of the s		
Provinces.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Alberta.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Convictions	6,121	6,878	9,515	10,269	16,775	19,426	19,043
Sentences— Penitentiary Gaol or fine Reformatory Death Other Sentences	38 5,378 3 - 702	46 6,016 1 2 813	124 8,234 19 2 1,136	104 9,113 3 2 1,047	192 15,274 3 4 1,302	220 17,504 15 3 1,684	185 16,271 4 2,579
British Columbia.							
Convictions	6,576	5,248	6,868	11,529	18,125	19,786	22,694
Sentences— Penitentiary Gaol or fine Reformatory Death	110 5,779 8 2	106 4,703 6 3	88 6,033 24 6	173 9,206 22 2	216 13,812 17 4	252 15,582 29 7	176 14,794 36
Other Sentences Yukon Territory.	677	430	717	2,126	4,076	3,916	7,681
Convictions	281	294	238	171	189	184	224
Sentences— Penitentiary Gaol or fine Reformatory	221	225	1 169	5 127	3 130	4 142	173
DeathOther Sentences	1 59	- 69	68	- 39	- 56	38	. 50
The Territories.							
Convictions Sentences—	-	9	17	32	91	_	-
Penitentiary Gaol or fine Reformatory Death		9	17 	31 -	- 89 -		
Other Sentences	-	KE T		1	2	_	T

Juvenile Delinquents' Act.—Since the last issue of the Year Book, this Act was put into force in the county of Pictou, N.S., the city of Brantford and county of Brant, Ont., and the Dauphin judicial district of Manitoba; It is also in force in the following places: Halifax, N.S.; Toronto, Ont.; Montreal, Que.; Victoria and Vancouver, B.C.; Winnipeg, Man.; Ottawa, Ont.; Charlottetown, P.E.I.; Stratford, Kitchener, the counties of Perth and Waterloo and the district of Timiskaming, Ont.; the province of Alberta.

CRIMINAL STATISTICS.

30.—Juvenile Criminals convicted of Indictable Offences by Classes of Offences, 1914, with the total and yearly average for the period 1885-1914.

Classes of Offences.		der ears.	16 year unde		Totals.		
	M.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	
I. Offences against the person II. Offences against property with violence. III. Offences against property without violence.	1,938	No. 5 2 67	No. 288 555 1,474	No. 9 2 121	, , , ,	No. 14 4 188	
IV. Malicious offences against property. V. Forgery and offences against the currency VI. Other offences not included in the above offences	59 10 29	1 1 10	27 80 87	3	90 116	1 4 16	
Total	2,542	86	2,511	141	5,053	227	
Total 1885-1914	27,597	1,207	31,641	2,416	59,238	3,623	
Yearly average 1885-1914	920	40	1,055	81	1,975	121	

31.—Charges, Acquittals, Convictions and Sentences in respect of Indictable Offences, 1909-1914.

Charges and Sentences.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Charges	15,350	15,305				
Acquittals ¹	3,881	3,589		4,584		6,543
Persons detained for lunacy	20 11,449	16 11,700		17 15,567	26 18,320	$\frac{26}{21,438}$
Convictions	10,893	11,140		14,858		20,528
Females	556					910
First conviction	9,826	10,283	11,233	14,372	15,725	18,315
Second conviction	763	796			1,409	
Reiterated conviction	860	621	594	564	1,186	1,304
Sentences—						
Option of a fine	2,916	3,088	3,071	4,144	4,655	5,518
Under one year in gaol	3,579	3,621	3,994			6,306
One year and over in gaol	470	444	568	738	798	946
Two years and under five in peni-		729	821	021	1 007	065
tentiary Five years and over in peniten-	844	. 129	821	931	1,007	967
tiary	275	151	259	308	293	241
For life in penitentiary	2	2	5	9	3	8
Death	18	21	17	25		27
Committed to reformatories	300	433				592
Other sentences	3,045	3,211	3,577	4,200	5,727	6,833

¹Includes cases where proceedings were stayed, disagreement of jury, etc.

32.—Classification of Persons Convicted of Indictable Offences, 1909-1914.

Classes.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Occupations—	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Agricultural	590 1,296 524	642 $1,373$ 565	545 1,601 654	664 1,773 766	702 2,580 1,012	1,267 1,957 1,106
Domestic	1,067	938 92	887 112	1,193 49	1,441 149	1,798 149
Labourer. Not given.	4,229 3,645	4,647 3,443	4,767 4,061	5,844 5,278	6,191 6,245	7,768 7,393
Civil condition— Married	2,911	2,724	3,278	3,368	4,025	4,584
Single Widowed Not given	6,278 147 2,113	6,634 128 2,214	7,000 188 2,161	8,631 232 3,336	10,074 138 4,083	10,968 154 5,732
Educational status— Unable to read or write	939	787	737	243	274	769
Elementary	7,953 281	8,612 212	9,514 244	11,996 269	13,311 295	14,865 415
Not given	2,276	2,089	2,132	3,059	4,440	5,389
Ages— Under 16 years	1,150			1,881	2,313	2,628
16 years and under 21	1,525 5,050 1,424		5,795			2,652 8,831 2,158
Not given	2,300					
Use of liquors— Moderate	6,286	7,163	7,931	9,339	8,044	7,539
Immoderate Not given	2,833 2,330		2,499 2,197	3,063 3,165		3,174 10,725
Birthplace—	044	007	1 046	1 210	1 061	1 970
England and Wales		258	302	404		1,872 472 675
Canada Other British possessions	6,106	6,267	6,376	6,713	7,619	
United StatesOther foreign countries	514	557	734		1,216	1,015
Not given				3,604	3,741	4,575
Religion— Baptist	242					
Roman Catholic	1,476	1,486	1,705	1,951	2,193	2,515
Methodist. Presbyterian. Protestant.	766	916	1,178	1,224	1,380	1,434 1,495 2,502
Other denominations. Not given.	674	618	590	1,174	1,240	1,425
Residence— Cities and towns	7,916	8,763	9,610	11,474	14,061	15,544
Rural districts	. 1,593	1,358	1,459	1,355	1,406	2,210
TYOU GIVEIT	. 1,940	1,004	1,000	4,100	2,000	0,004

CRIMINAL STATISTICS.

33.—Convictions by Classes of Offences and Proportion per cent. of each class to the total, 1891, 1909-14.

Classes of Offences.	1891.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Offences against the person	4,788	6,856	7,793	8,352	9,371	12,272	12,889
Offences against property with violence	283	848	943	977	1,195	1,472	1,810
Offences against property without violence	3,104	7,228	7,375	8,228	9,695	13,241	15,985
Malicious offences against property	254	643	816	796	931	1,522	1,255
Forgery and offences against the currency Other indictable offences.	36 190	279 1,053	237 894	328 866	$^{415}_{1,125}$	541 1,183	519 1,433
Offences against municipal by-laws. Offences against liquor laws	3,777 2,309	14,918 3,999	20,969 4,665	18,108 4,775	27,712 5,671	34,283 5,969	33,570 5,871
Drunkenness	12,997	31,105	34,068	41,379	53,271	60,975	60,067
duct and kindred offences Other minor offences	7,149 2,730	15,659 7,364	16,404 8,739	19,359 10,092	23,457 13,684	25,069 16,611	30,483 19,153
Total	37,617	89,952	102,903	113,260	146,527	173,138	183,035
Classes of Offences.		Propor	tion of e	each clas	ss to the	total.	
			12/2 (1)		4		
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Offences against the person Offences against property	12.7	7.6	7.5	7.3	6.4	7.1	7.0
with violence	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	1.0
without violence Malicious offences against	8.3	8.0	7.2	7.3	6.8	7.6	8.7
property	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.7
against the currency Other indictable offences.	$0.1 \\ 0.5$	$0.3 \\ 1.2$	0.2 0.8	0.3 0.8	0.3 0.8	$0.3 \\ 0.7$	0.3
Offences against municipal by-lawsOffences against liquor laws	10.0 6.1	16.6 4.4	20.3 4.5	16.0 4.2	19.0 3.8	19.8 3.6	18.3 3.2
Drunkenness	34.6 19.0	34.6 17.3	33.1 16.2	36.5 17.0	36.3 16.0	35.2 14.5	32.8 16.7
Other minor offences	7.3	8.4	8.5	9.0	9.2	9.6	10.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Penitentiaries.—The statistics of penitentiaries are compiled from the annual reports to the Minister of Justice of the Inspectors of Penitentiaries. The report for the fiscal year 1914-15, in reference to the parole system, states that the total number of paroles granted during a sixteen years' operation is 7,776. A total of 6,412 men have completed their probation on parole and occupy positions in good citizenship to-day, and 875 prisoners are now reporting and have in prospect the completion of their probation on parole. The total delinquency for non-compliance with conditions of license is 265, or 3.4 p.c., and for subsequent conviction 224, or 2.9 p.c., making a total delinquency of 6.3 p.c.

34.-Movement of Convicts, 1910-1915.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
In custody at beginning of fiscal year	1,765	1,859	1,865	1,895	1,968	2,003
Received—						
By forfeiture of parole Paroles revoked Recaptured By transfer From gaol, etc	13 5 3 20 790	12 7 1 8 810	9 6 3 55 801	10 7 7 21 890	26 10 6 16 870	12 4 2 18 991
Totals	2,596	2,697	2,739	2,830	2,896	3,030
Released by—	*					
Death Escape Expiry of sentence Order of the court Pardon Parole Transfer Deportation Sent to Reformatory Returned—insane Order of Minister Sent to Hospital	24 5 322 3 17 286 20 54 1 4	22 394 5 15 334 8 45 - 7	20 9 322 - 17 380 55 40 - 1	23 6 282 2 3 445 21 73 - 5	16 10 274 4 - 5 480 15 84 1 4 	24 2 293 6 6 495 24 114 1
In custody at end of fiscal year	1,859	1,865	1,895	1,970	2,003	. 2,064

PENITENTIARIES.

35.—Number of Deaths, Escapes, Pardons and Paroles, 1910-1915.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Deaths. Escapes. Pardons. Paroles.	24	22	20	23	16	24
	5	2	9	6	10	2
	17	15	17	3	5	6
	286	334	380	445	480	495

36.-Age of Convicts, 1910-1915.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Under 20 years. From 20 to 30. From 30 to under 40. From 40 to under 50. From 50 to under 60. Over 60 years.	206 838 442 226 103 44	187 823 474 235 107 391	173 840 481 251 103 47 ²	209 875 496 249 104 35	186 890 534 243 108 42	187 917 553 240 121 46 ³
Totals	1,859	1,865	1,895	1,968	2,003	2,064

37.-Duration of Sentences, 1910-1915.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Under 2 years	3	1	1	4		3
Two years	451	456	473	448	500	540
Two to under 3 years	74	86	73	67	64	109
Three years	392	363	357	422	413	379
Over 3 to 4 years	27	26	26	26	32	43
Four years	161	157	141	125	125	129
Over 4 to under 5 years	17	12	9	11	7	8
Five years	246	264	278	314	303	290
Over 5 to under 6 years	10	7	8	9	9	6
Six years	42	37	41	38	44	44
Seven years	144	150	148	121	106	109
Eight years	22	22	22	22	17	14
Nine years	8	-8	6	8	4	4
Ten years	91	104	110	109	123	107
Eleven years	1	2	4	8	. 2	5
Twelve years	14	16	21	25	23	24
Thirteen years	2	2	1	1	-	1
Fourteen years	21	20	22	21	25	22
Fifteen years	23	23	24	34	42	44
Sixteen to 19 years	7	4	6	4	1	2
Twenty years	28	29	29	33	33	35
Twenty-one and over	10	9	11	17	18	21
For Life	65	66	84	101	112	122
Totals	1,859	1,8654	1,895	1,968	2,003	2,064

¹Includes one age not given and one age unknown. ²Includes two age unknown. ³Includes one age unknown. ⁴Includes one not given (insane).

38.—Classification of Convicts, 1910-1915.

Classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
By Race— African	53	52	52	62	57	62
Caucasian	1,738	1,747	1,777	1,831	1,867	1,929
Indian	29 19	25 19	21 18	23 23	22 16	20 14
Mongolian	20	21	27	29	41	39
Totals	1,859	1,8651	1,895	1,968	2,003	2,064
By Nationality—						
British— Australian	. 8	4	6	5	Hone at	7
Canadian	1,071	1,004	958	984	993	1,088
English	208 50	198 54	208 64	206 67	221 58	195 59
Scotch	39	45	52	56	59	47
Other British	16	21	15	21	37	28
Faraign						
Foreign— American (U.S.)	184	229	226	260	246	210
Austrian and Hungarian.	36	61	74	73	97	126
Chinese	13 23	13 20	18 19	20 12	26 11	22 12
German	32	18	28	34	32	29
Italian	98	94	114	117	102	95
Russian Scandinavian ²	36 14	41 24	35 26	49 25	51 30	53 28
Other foreign	31	39	51	39	40	65
Totals	1,859	1,865	1,895	3 1,968	2,003	2,064
				1 1	1	
By Conjugal State— Single	1 907	1 051	1,280	1,291	1 200	1,356
Married	1,267 535	1,251 548	545	615	1,306 631	634
Widowed	56	65	70	59	63	70
Divorced	1	-	-	3	3	4
Totals	1,859	1,8653	1,895	1,968	2,003	2,064
By Sex—		17 172				
Male	1,824	1,839	1,875	1,941	1,977	2,033
Female	35	26	20	27	26	31
Totals	1,859	1,865	1,895	1,968	2,003	2,064

¹Includes one in Selkirk Asylum; no details given. ²Including Danish, Norwegian, and Swedish. ³Includes one not given (insane).

PENITENTIARIES.

38.—Classification of Convicts, 1910-1915—concluded.

	1010	1011	1010	1019	1014	1015
Classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
		M F F			alo est	Y I'M
By Social Habits—						
Abstainers	316	311	281	283	310	359
TemperateIntemperate	902 641	848 704	944 666	995 687	1,016 677	987 717
						<u> </u>
Totals	1,859	1,8651	1,8952	1,9683	2,003	2,0644
By Educational Status—						
Cannot read or write	275 101	253 96	273 30	229 20	247 27	$\begin{array}{c} 277 \\ 34 \end{array}$
Can read and write	1,483	1,514	1,591	1,719	1,729	1,753
Totals	1,859	1,8651	1,8952	1,9683	2,003	2,0644
By Religion—						
Adventist	344	317	200	345	348	340
AnglicanBaptist	72	83	326 84	85	97	112
Buddhist Congregationalist	17 4	18 3	15 3	15 6	31 4	20 9
Greek Catholic	$\frac{2}{17}$	11 19	4 18	30 12	33 12	45 17
LutheranMethodist	51 199	54 182	61 195	60 215	79 218	71 218
MormonPresbyterian	183	219	203	213	216	1 228
Quaker	2	2	1	-	-	-
Roman Catholic Salvation Army	931 4	930	934	947	929 4	961 5
Unitarian Universalist	2	2	$\frac{2}{1}$	_1	$\frac{1}{2}$	2
Other creeds	9 22	8 14	40	27	8	27 8
210 01000	7	11	1		10	
Totals	1,859	1,8651	1,8952	1,9683	2,003	2,0644

¹Includes two not given (insane).

³Includes three not given (insane).

²Includes four not given (insane).

Includes one not given (insane).

39.-Statistics of Divorce, 1868-1915.

	Gı		the Dominic	Granted by the Courts.				
Year.	Ontario.	Quebec.	Northwest Territories.	Mani- toba.	Nova Scotia.	New Bruns- wick.	British Colum- bia.	
1868	-			T- 1	3	-	-	
1869	1	1	-	-	1	2	- 0	
1870	-	-	-	-	. 2	1		
871	-	8 -	-	-	2	2	-	
872	-		-	-	1	3		
.873	1	-	-	-	3	- 111-	CONTRACTOR	
874	-	_	AND THE PERSON NAMED IN	-		-		
.875	1		-	-	4	-	mark that - 1	
876	_	_	-	-	1	2	-	
.877	3	-	-	-	5	-	1	
878	2	1	do a min	-	1	3	1	
.879	1	-	-	- Carlon	1	2	_	
.880		-		-	3	2	-	
.881	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	
.882	-	-	_	-	4	1	1	
1883	-	-	-	_	3	7	3	
.884	1			-	4	3	2	
.885	4	1		-	4	3	- 13	
.886	1	-	- N - N -	-	4	5	1	
887	2	3		-	1	3	1	
1888	2	1	-	-	3	1	2	
889	3	1	-	-	3	6	2	
1890	2	-	-	-	4	3	3 3	
1891	4	-	- 15 15 -	-	3	-	3	
1892	1.	1	1	1	3	5	3	
893	3	4	V -	-	5	2	1	
1894	5	1			1		2	
1895	3	-	-	, -	5	5	3	
1896	-	-	-	-	6	1	3	
1897	1	-	-	-	2		3	
1898	2	1	- E	-	2	5	6	
1899	2	1	1	-	5	3	2	
1900	2	1	1	1	1	1	4	
1901	2	-		-	10	EN 12-1	7	
1902	2	-	TO THE RESERVE TO THE	7	9	1	3	
1903	2	1	1	1	8	4	4	
1904	5	1	_	-	6	2	5	
1905	2	3	2	. 2	6	2	18	
			Alber. Sask.	L ALL PER		2000	SEE SE	
1906	10	3	1 -	14 -	5	1	17	
1907	3	1		4 1	81	3	9	
1908	8	-	2-10-	-	5	5	12	
1909	8	4	1 1	2	81	5	22	
1910	14	2	- 1	17 3	131	6	12	
1911	13	4	2 -	19 3	101	6	19	
1912	. 9	3	2 1	15 1	4	42	11	
1913	20	4	4 1	34 6	-	. 4	20	
1914	18	7	4 2	2	10	12	15	
1915	10	3	3 1	18 1	13	6	16	

Notes.—In Prince Edward Island only one divorce has been granted from 1868 to 1915; the divorce was granted in 1913. In British Columbia, in addition to the divorce, 13 judicial separations have been granted: one in 1892, one in 1893, one in 1899, two in 1900, two in 1903, three in 1913, three in 1914; "Decree Nisi" has been granted in 20 cases: four in 1900, two in 1909, six in 1912, five in 1913 and three in 1914. Includes one judicial separation.

2 Includes one not effective till court costs

are paid.

LIST OF DOMINION ACTS OF PARLIAMENT.

List of the Principal Acts of Parliament administered by Departments of the Government of the Dominion of Canada, as compiled from information supplied by the respective Departments.

Numbers within brackets denote the chapter of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906 (R. S. C. 1906).

Justice.—Department of Justice (21); Solicitor General's (22); Northwest Territories (62); Yukon (63); Dominion Police (92); Judges (138); Supreme Court (139); Exchequer Court (140); Admiralty (141); Petition of Right (142); Criminal Code (146); Penitentiary (147); Prisons and Reformatories (148); Identification of Criminals (149); Ticket of Leave (150); Fugitive Offenders' (154); Extradition (155); Juvenile Delinquents (7-8 Edw. VII, c. 40, 1908).

External Affairs.—The functions and duties of this Department are defined by the Department of External Affairs Act, 1912 (2 Geo. V, c. 22) and by the International Boundary Waters Treaty Act (1-2 Geo. V, 1911, c. 28), as amended by the statute of April 3, 1914 (4 Geo. V, c. 5).

Customs.—Customs Tariff; Customs; Canada Shipping (in part); Infectious and Contagious Diseases affecting Animals (in part); Destructive Insect and Pest (in part); Export; Copyright (in part); Petroleum and Naphtha Inspection (in part)

Post Office.—Post Office; Government Annuities; Pacific Cable; Parcel Post;

Special War Revenue, 1915.

Agriculture.—Experimental Farm Stations; Inspection and Sale, Part IX Agriculture.—Experimental Farm Stations, Inspection and Sale, Fart IX (Fruit and Fruit Marks); Dairy Industry; Cold Storage; Cold Storage Warehouse; Milk Test; Seed Control; Live Stock Pedigree; Animal Contagious Diseases; Meat and Canned Foods; Destructive Insect and Pest; Agricultural Instruction; Quarantine; Leprosy; Public Works (Health); Patent; Trade Mark and Design; Timber Marking; Copyright.

Interior. Department of the Interior; Immigration; Dominion Lands; Dominion Lands Surveys; Forest Reserves and Parks; Irrigation; Railway Belt; Railway

Belt Water; Yukon; Yukon Placer Mining.

Finance.—Department of Finance and Treasury Board; Appropriation; Civil Service; Superannuation and Retirement; Contingencies; Consolidated Revenue and Audit; Currency; Ottawa Mint; Dominion Notes; Provincial Subsidies; Bank; Savings Bank; Penny Bank; Quebec Savings Banks; Loan Companies; Trust Companies; Bills of Exchange; Interest; The Special War Revenue Act, 1915 (in part): The Business Profits War Tax Act, 1916.

Insurance.—Insurance; Civil Service Insurance.

Militia and Defence.—Militia and Defence of Canada; Royal Military College; Militia Pension; An Act to enable Canadian Soldiers on active military service

during the present war to exercise their electoral franchise.

Public Works of Canada.—Public Works (39); Government Harbours and Piers, Public Works of Canada.—Public Works (39); Government Harbours and Piers, s. 5 (112); Navigable Waters Protection, s. 7 (115); Telegraph Secrecy (126); Dry Dock Subsidies (9-10 Edw. VII, 1910, c. 17); An Act to amend the Navigable Waters Protection Act (9-10 Ed. VII, 1910, c. 44); An Act to authorize the payment of a subsidy to the Collingwood Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (2 Geo. V, 1912, c. 17); An Act to Amend the Dry Dock Subsidies Act, 1910 (2 Geo. V, 1912, c. 20); An Act to amend the Government Works Toll Act, R.S.C. 1906, c. 40 (2 Geo. V, 1912, c. 26); An Act to incorporate the National Gallery of Canada (3-4 Geo. V, 1913, c. 33); An Act to authorize the payment of a subsidy to the Western Dry Dock and Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (3-4 Geo. V, 1913, c. 57); An Act to amend the Dry Dock Subsidies Act, 1910 (4-5 Geo. V, 1914, c. 29).

Trade and Commerce.—Canada Grain; Inspection and Sale; Culling and Measuring of Timber in the provinces of Ontario and Quebec; Manufacture of Binder Twine in Canada; Petroleum Bounty, 1909; Bounties on Lead contained in

Binder Twine in Canada; Petroleum Bounty, 1909; Bounties on Lead contained in lead-bearing ores mined in Canada; Gold and Silver Marking; Census and Statis-

ties; Bounties on Zinc.

Labour.—Conciliation and Labour (96); Industrial Disputes Investigation (6-7 Edw. VII, 1907, c. 20); Combines Investigation (9-10 Edw. VII, 1910. c, 2); Fair Wages Resolution of the House of Commons; White Phosphorus Matches (4-5 Geo. V, 1914, c. 12). Secretary of State.—Companies; Naturalization; Canada Temperance; Civil

Service; Board of Trade; Trade Unions.

Naval Service.—Naval Service (9-10 Edw. VII, 1910, c. 43); Radiotelegraph (3-4 Geo. V, 1913, c. 43) and Regulations issued thereunder; Fisheries (4-5 Geo. V, 1914, c. 8) and Regulations issued thereunder; Fish Inspection (4-5 Geo. V, 1914,

Railways and Canals.—Department of Railways and Canals (35); Government Railways (36); Intercolonial and P.E.I. Railway Employees' Provident Fund (6-7 Edw. VII, c. 22); The Government Railways Small Claims (9-10 Edw. VII, c. The Railway Act (Companies) (37) and its amendments confer certain powers upon the Minister of the Department. In the case of subsidized railways the authorizing Acts are carried out under the Department, which has also certain jurisdiction with respect to the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Canadian Northern Railway Acts, where Government guarantee has been given, and with respect to the Transcontinental Railway.

Marine. - Department of Marine and Fisheries; Government Vessels Discipline; Government Harbours and Piers; Canada Shipping; Navigable Waters Protection;

Quebec Harbour and River Police; Live Stock Shipping.

Indian Affairs.—The Indian Act, 1906, with amendments to date.

King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.—Public Printing and Stationery (80). Inland Revenue. Inland Revenue; and the Acts respecting the adulteration of food and other articles; Weights and Measures; Inspection of Electricity and Inspection of Gas and Gas Meters; Public Ferries; Proprietary or Patent Medicines; Agricultural Fertilizers; Commercial Feeding Stuffs; Petroleum and Naphtha; Special War Revenue, 1915.

Mines.—Mines and Geological Survey Department (6-7 Edw. VII, 1907, c. 29). Commission of Conservation.—Conservation Act (8-9, Edw. VII, c. 27, 1909) and amending Acts (9-10, Edw. VII, c. 42, 1910; 3-4, Geo. V, c. 12, 1913).

List of Principal Publications of Departments of the Government of the Dominion of Canada, as compiled from information supplied by the respective Departments.

Customs.—Annual Report containing Tables of Imports, Exports and Naviga-Monthly Statements of Imports entered for Consumption and Exports of the Dominion.

Post Office.—Annual Report of the Postmaster General. Official Postal Guide.

Regulations as to parcel post, rural mail delivery and government annuities.

Agriculture.—The Agricultural Gazette of Canada, Subscription, \$1 per year (monthly). Annual Reports of the Minister, of the Experimental Farms and Stations, of the Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner, of the Veterinary Director General and of the Entomological Branch. Bulletins, pamphlets, circulars and Seasonable Hints of the Experimental Farms Branch on a great variety of agricultural subjects, including publications of the following ten divisions: Field Husbandry; Animal Husbandry; Horticulture; Cereal; Chemistry; Forage Plants; Botany; Poultry and Tobacco. Guide to the Experimental Farms and Stations. Bulletins of the Dairy and Cold Storage Branch relating to the history of the dairying and cold storage industry in Canada; the making of butter and cheese, cow-testing, dairying experiments; co-operation, etc. Report of the Canadian Record of Performance; sheep and swine; beef raising; horse breeding; poultry and the marketing of eggs. Bulletins of the Health of Animals Branch, with regulations as to contagious abortion; rabies; sheep scab; actinomycosis; anthrax; glanders; hog cholera; maladie du coit; tubercolosis; quarantine; meat inspection and foot-and-mouth disease. Bulletins and Reports of the Seed Branch as to seedtesting; the production and use of seed grains and the Seed Control Act. and Circulars of the Entomological Branch and instructions to importers of nursery stock. Reports of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association. Fodder and Pasture Plants, by George H. Clark, B.S.A., and M. Oscar Malte, Ph.D., 143 pages, 27 plates, price 50 cents. Bulletin on the Maple Sugar Industry; Agricultural War-Book; Agricultural Instruction Act. Bulletin of Foreign Agricultural Intelligence containing reports of the International Agricultural Institute.

Note.—The foregoing is a selection from the publications of the Department. A complete list of publications available for distribution is issued, and so long as the supply lasts copies of publications will be sent free on application to the Publi-

cations Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

DOMINION GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.

Interior.—Annual Report with reports from the following branches: Immigration; Topographical Surveys; Astronomical Observatory; Dominion Parks; Forestry; Irrigation; Dominion Water Power; Railway Lands; British Columbia Lands; Mining Lands and Yukon; Chief Geographer. Hand Book for the Information of Intending Settlers. Pamphlets, Reports, Bulletins, etc., of the respective Branches of which the following is a selection. *Immigration Branch*: Canada tive Branches of which the following is a selection. *Immigration Branch*: Canada West (English, French, Danish, Norwegian, Swedish); Atlas of Canada (English); Country Called Canada (English); What Irishmen say of Canada; Canada as Seen Through Scottish Eyes; Canada—The Land of Opportunity (English); Where Should You Go? Settling on Canada's Free Land; Classes Canada Calls For; Homestead Regulations; Woman's Work in Canada; Prince Edward Island; Nova Scotia Pamphlet; New Brunswick Pamphlet; Eastern Quebec—Région de Lac St. Jean, etc. (French and English); Western Quebec—Timiskaming, etc. (French and English); Eastern Townships of Quebec; Ontario—Canada's Farthest South; Ontario—Inproved Ontario Farms; Ontario—The Heart of Canada; Ontario—Thunder Bay; Kenora and Rainy River Districts of New Ontario; Rivière de la Paix; Prairie Provinces in 1912; British Columbia—Canada's Western Heritage; Canadian Winter; Law and Regulations respecting Canada's Western Heritage; Canadian Winter; Law and Regulations respecting Immigration and Immigrants; Immigration Facts and Figures. *Topographical Surveys*: (1) Annual Report of the Topographical Surveys Branch, and accompanying maps; \$(2) Manual of Instruction for the Survey of Dominion Lands. Price 50c. (3) Rules and Regulations of the Board of Examiners for Dominion Land Surveyors, and programme of the subjects of the various examinations. The Selkirk Range (in two volumes), by A. O. Wheeler, F.R.G.S. Price \$1. (5) Copying Camera of the Surveyor General's Office. (6) Photographic Methods Employed by the Canadian Topographical Survey, by A. O. WHEELER, F.R.G.S. (7) Precise Measuring with Invar Wires and the Measurement of the Kootenay Base, by P. A. Carson, D.L.S. (8) Papers on Descriptions for Deeds. (9) Description of the townships surveyed in the different Provinces, yearly, since 1909. (10) Description of the surveyed townships in the Peace River District, in the Provinces of Alberta and British Columbia. (11) Descriptions of lands comprised within the Fort Pitt Sectional Map, consisting of townships 49 to 56, ranges 15 to 28, west of the third meridian. (Copies of the publications of the Topographical Surveys Branch may be obtained on application to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior for Nos. 1 and 4; to the Surveyor General for Nos. 2-5-11, and to the Secretary, Board of Examiners for Dominion Land Surveyors for No. 3.) Description of Surveyed Lands in the Railway Belt of British Columbia (in three parts). Extracts from Reports on townships east of the principal meridian received from surveyors to July 1st, 1914. Extracts from Reports on townships 1 to 16 west of the principal meridian received from surveyors to July 1st, 1914. Extracts from Reports on townships 17 to 32 west of the principal meridian received from surveyors to July 1st, 1914. Report on Triangulation of Railway Belt of British Columbia by H. Perry, B. Eng., D.L.S. Report on Levelling Operations with a Summary of the Results, by J. N. Wallace, D.L.S. *Dominion Astronomical Observatory:* Annual Reports of Chief Astronomer for years 1904 to 1911, Publications of Dominion Observatory, Vol. 1—No. 1, Stereographic Projection Tables by Otto Klotz, LL.D., F.R.A.S.; No. 2, Precise Levels, by D. H. Nelles, D.L.S.; No. 3, Precise Levelling, by F. B. Reid, D.L.S.; No. 4, Orbit of 88 & Tauri, by W. E. Harper, M.A.; No. 5, Earthquake of April 28, 1913, by Otto Klotz, LL.D., F.R.A.S.; No. 6, Spectrum of Nova Geminorum, by J. S. Plaskett, B.A., F.R.S.C.; No. 7, Experiments regarding Efficiency of Spectographs, by J. S. Plaskett, B.A., D.Sc., F.R.S.C.; No. 8, Precise Levelling, by F. B. Reid, D.L.S.; No. 9, Orbit of σ Geminorum, by W. E. HARPER, M.A.; No. 10, Orbit of b Persei, by J. B. CANNON, M.A.; No. 11, Orbits of the Spectroscopic Components of d Bootis, by W. E. HARPER, M.A.; No. 12, Radial Velocity of ρ Leonis, by W. E. Harper, M.A.; No. 13, Orbit of ξ Persestrom the H and K Lines, by J. B. Cannon, M.A.; No. 14, Orbit of β Coronæ Borealis, by J. B. Cannon, M.A.; No. 15, Measures of γ Aquarii, by J. B. Cannon, M.A.; No. 16, Measures of σ Leonis, by J. B. Cannon, M.A. Vol. 2—No. 1, Precise Levelling, by F. B. Reid, D.L.S.; No. 2, Spectroscopic Binary θ² Tauri, by J. S. Plaskett, B.A., D.Sc., F.R.S.C.; No. 3, Orbit of ω Cassiopeiæ, by R. K. Young, Ph.D.; No. 4, Orbit of 136 Tauri, by J. B. Cannon, M.A.; No. 5, Orbits of the Spectroscopic Components of 50 Draconis, by W. E. Harper, M.A.; No. 6, Orbit of ζ Andromedæ, by J. B. Cannon, M.A.; No. 7, A Meteor Star Atlas, by R. K.

Young, Ph.D.; No. 8, Orbit of the Spectroscopic Binary 1149, Groombridge, by W. E. Harper, M.A.; No. 9, Orbit of the Spectroscopic Binary 23, Cassiopeiæ, by R. K. Young, Ph.D.; No. 10, Gravity, by F. A. McDiarmid, B.A.; No. 11, Tests made to Ascertain where Conditions were Most Suitable for the 72-inch Reflector, by W. E. Harper, M.A.; No. 12, Mean Distance of Stars whose Radial Velocities, Proper Motion and Parallaxes have been Determined, by R. K. Young, Ph.D.; No. 13, Orbit of B.A.C. 5890, by T. H. Parker, M.A.; No. 14, Orbit of μ Persei, by J. B. Cannon, M.A.; No. 15, Orbit of Boss 3323, by J. B. Cannon, M.A. Vol. 3—No. 1, Earthquake of Feb. 10, 1914, by Otto Klotz, LL.D., Ph.D., F.R.A.S.; No. 3, The Spectroscopic Orbits of 12 Lacertæ, by R. K. Young, Ph.D.; No. 4, Orbit of the Spectroscopic Binary A Boötis, by R. K. Young, Ph.D.; No. 5, Orbit of the Spectroscopic Binary A Trianguli, by W. E. Harper, M.A.

Dominion Parks.—A Sprig of Mountain Heather; Glaciers of the Rockies; Classified Guide to Fish and their Habitat in the Rocky Mountains Park; The Nakimu Caves; Guide to the Geology of the Canadian National Park on the C.P.R. between Calgary and Revelstoke. (1) Handbook to the Rocky Mountains Park Museum; Hints to Householders re Fire Protection.

Forestry.—Annual Reports of the Director of Forestry, 1905 to 1908, inclusive, and 1913 and 1914. Bulletins (where number and title are omitted, the document is out of print): (1)Tree Planting on the Prairie; (8) Forest Products of Canada, 1908; (10) The Farmer's Plantation; Forest Products of Canada, 1909; (11) Lumber, Square Timber, Lath and Shingles; (12) Pulpwood; (14) Cross-ties purchased; (15) Forest Products of Canada, 1909 (being Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14, 19 and 20), French edition only; (16) Forest Fires and Railways; Forests Products of Canada, 1910; (22) Cross-ties; (23) Timber used in Mining Operations; (24) Wood-using Industries of Canada, 1910; Agricultural Implements and Vehicles, Furniture and Cars and Veneer; (27) Forest Products of Canada, 1910; Cooperage; (29) Timber Conditions in the Lesser Slave Lake Regions; (32) The Turtle Mountain Forest Reserve; (33) Forest Conditions in the Rocky Mountains Forest Reserve; Forest Products of Canada, 1911; (34) Lumber, Square Timber, Lath and Shingles; (35) Poles and Cross-ties; (36) Wood-using Industries of Ontario; (37) Forest Products of Canada, 1911 (being Nos. 30, 31, 34 and 35); Forest Products of Canada, 1912; (38) Pulpwood; (39) Poles and Ties; (40) Lumber, Square Timber, Lath and Shingles; (42) Cooperative Forest Fire Protection; (43) Forest Products of Canada, 1912 (being Nos. 38, 39 and 40); (44) Wood-using Industries of the Maritime Provinces; (45) Timber and Soil Conditions in Southeastern Manitoba; Forest Products of Canada, 1913; (46) Pulpwood Consumption; (47) Poles and Cross-ties; (48) Lumber, Lath and Shingles; (49) Treated Wood-block Paving; (50) Wood-using Industries of the Prairie Provinces; (51) Game Preservation in the Rocky Mountains Forest Reserve; (52) Forest Products of Canada, 1913 (being Nos. 46, 47 and 48); (53) Timber Conditions in the Smoky River Valley and Grande Prairie Country; Forest Products of Canada, 1914; (54) Pulpwood; (55) Poles and Cross-ties; (56) Lumber, Lath and Shingles; (57) Forest Products of Canada, 1914 (bein

Irrigation.—Annual Reports 1912 to 1915; Reports of Stream Measurements, 1909 to 1914; Reports: Western Canada Irrigation Association, 1908 to 1915; Bulletins: (1) Irrigation in Saskatchewan and Alberta; (2) Alfalfa Culture; (3) Climatic and Soil Conditions in C.P. Ry. Co.'s Irrigation Block; (4) Duty of Water Experiments and Farm Demonstration Work. Dominion Water Powers: Annual Reports for 1912-13 and 1913-14. The Annual Reports of the Branch previous to 1913 are included in the Annual Report of the Department. Water Resources Papers: (1) Report of the Railway Belt Hydrographic Survey for 1911-12, by P. A. Carson; (2) Report of Bow River Power and Storage Investigations, by M. C. Hendry; (3) Report on Power and Storage Investigations, Winnipeg River, by J. T. Johnston;

DOMINION GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.

(4) Report of the Manitoba Hydrographic Survey to the year ending 1914, by M. C. Hendry; (5) Preliminary Report on the Pasquia Reclamation Project, by T. H. Dunn; (6) Report on Cost of Various Sources of Power for Pumping in Connection with the South Saskatchewan Water Supply Diversion Project, by H. E. M. Kenstr; (7) Report on the Manitoba Water Powers, by D. L. McLean, S. S. Scovil and J. T. Johnston; (8) Report of the British Columbia Hydrographic Survey, for 1913, by R. G. Swan; (9) Report of Red River Navigation Surveys, by S. S. Scovil; (10) General Guide for Compilation of Water Power Reports of Dominion Water Power Branch, prepared by J. T. Johnston; (11) Final Report on the Pasquia Reclamation Project by T. H. Dunn; (12) Report on Small Water Powers in Western Canada and Discussion of Sources of Power for the Farm, by A. M. Beale; (13) Report on the Coquitlam-Buntzen Hydro-Electric Development, by G. R. G. Conway; (14) Report of the British Columbia Hydrographic Survey for 1914, by R. G. Swan; (15) Report of the Water Powers of Alberta and Saskatchewan, by C. H. Attwood; (16) Report of the Water Powers of Canada. A series of five pamphlets prepared for distribution at the Panama-Pacific Exposition, 1915, by G. R. G. Conway, P. H. Mitchell, H. G. Acres, F. T. Kaelin and K. H. Smith; (17) Canadian Hydraulic Power Development and Electric Power in Canadian Industry, by C. H. Mitchell; (18) Report of the British Columbia Hydrographic Survey for 1915, by R. G. Swan. (19) Report of the Manitoba Hydrographic Survey for 1915, by M. C. Hendry. Railway Lands: The Unexploited West; Peace River Country; Preparing Landfor Grain Crops; Athabaska Country. Mining Lands and Yukon: The Yukon Territory: Its History and Resources. Chief Geographer: Statistics of the Dominion of Canada.

Finance.—Annual Reports on the Public Accounts of the Dominion of Canada. Loan and Trust Companies. Monthly Statement of the Chartered Banks of Canada. Unclaimed Balances in the Chartered Banks. List of Shareholders in Chartered Banks.

Insurance.—Quarterly Statement of List of Licensed Companies. Annual Abstract of Statements of Insurance Companies in Canada (subject to correction). Annual Reports of the Insurance Department, Vol. I (Fire and Miscellaneous), Vol. II (Life Companies). Annual List of Securities held by Insurance Companies in Canada with Department's Valuation thereof.

Militia and Defence.—Annual Report. Quarterly Militia List. Militia Daily Orders. Militia General Orders.

Trade and Commerce.—Annual Report: Part I, Imports into and Exports from Canada (itemized and general statements); Part II, Canadian Trade with (1) France, (2) Germany, (3) United Kingdom, (4) United States; Part III, Canadian Trade with British and Foreign Countries, except France, Germany, United Kingdom and United States; Part IV, Miscellaneous Information (Bounties; Lumber and Staple Products; Revenue and Expenditure of the Department; Statistical Record of the Progress of Canada; Tonnage; Tables; Trade Commissioner Service); Part V, Grain Statistics; Part VI, Subsidized Steamship Services; Part VII, Trade of British and Foreign Countries; Monthly Reports of Trade Statistics; Weekly Bulletin circulated within Canada only, containing Reports of Trade Commissioners and general trade information. Miscellaneous publications during 1914: Directory of Foreign Importers, Directory of Canadian Exporters, "The German War and Its Relation to Canadian Trade," List of Licensed Elevators, Grain Inspection in Canada, Canada and the British West Indies, Canada the Country of the Twentieth Century. Publications of the Census and Statistics Office: Canada Year Book. Report on the Census of 1911, Vol. I (Areas and Population); Vol. II (Religions, Origins, etc.); Vol. III (Manufactures); Vol. IV (Agriculture); Vol. V (Forest, Fishery, Fur and Mineral Production); Vol. VI (Occupations). Special Report on the Foreign-born Population. Census and Statistics Monthly. Criminal Statistics.

Labour.—Monthly: The Labour Gazette (published at the nominal subscription price of 20 cents per annum, averaging 130 or 140 pages). Annually: Report of Department of Labour. Report of Proceedings under the Industrial Disputes Investigations Act, 1907. Report of Proceedings under the Combines Investigation Act. Wholesale Prices in Canada, 1915 (a report is published for each year about

May or June). Labour Organization in Canada, 1915 (a report is published for each year about May or June). Special Reports: Strikes and Lockouts in Canada, 1901-1912 (published in October, 1913). Report of Royal Commission on Industrial Training and Technical Education (Four volumes). Special Bulletins, etc.

Secretary of State.—Annual Report. Civil Service List (annual); Information respecting Incorporation of Companies. List of Companies incorporated under the various Companies Acts of the Parliament of Canada from 1867 to December 31st, 1913. Copies of Proclamations, Orders in Council and Documents relating to the European War.

Naval Service.—Annual Report. Naval Branch: Regulations for the entry of Naval Cadets. Regulations for the entry of Naval Instructors and of Medical Officers. Tidal and Current Survey: Tide Tables for the East Coast, Pacific Coast, points on the St. Lawrence Ship Canal, and for Port Nelson, Hudson Bay. Currents in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, the Entrance to the St. Lawrence, Belle Isle Strait, Southeast Coasts of Newfoundland and the amount of in-draught into the larger bays on the South Coast. Tables of Currents into the Bay of Fundy. Radiotelegraph Branch: Proceedings of the International Radiotelegraph Conference of London, 1912. Chart showing the Radiotelegraph stations in the Dominion of Canada. Postmaster General's Handbook for Radiotelegraph Operators (Instructions re handling of traffic, etc.). Hydrographic Survey: Sailing Directions, St. Lawrence Pilot, above and below Quebec. Sailing directions for the Canadian shores of Lake Erie (1897) and Lake Huron (1905) for the Georgian Bay and North Channel Pilot (1903). Charts of the River St. Lawrence above and below Quebec, St. Lawrence River above Montreal, viz., Lake St. Louis, Lake St. Francis, Coteau Landing to Lancaster, Lancaster Bar to Cornwall. Ottawa River; Lake of Two Mountains, Eastern Portion and Western Portion. Lake Winnipeg. Red River to Berens River, Berens River to Nelson River. Lake Ontario. Main Duck Island to Presqu'Ile. Presqu'Ile Bay. Lake Erie (plans of harbours). Lake Huron. Georgian Bay and North Channel. Lake Superior. Pacific Coast. Hudson Bay. Fisheries Branch: Fisheries Annual Report. Biological Report. Reports of Fisheries of Hudson Bay. Fish and How to Cook it. Report of Fish Culture (contained in Fisheries Annual Report). Check List of Canadian Fishes. Monthly Bulletin of Sea Fishery Statistics.

Railways and Canals.—Annual Report of the Department. Annual Reports of the Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway and of the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada. Annual Reports of the Comptroller of Statistics comprising (1) Railways; (2) Canals; (3) Telephones; (4) Telegraphs and (5) Express Companies.

Marine.—Marine Annual Report, containing Harbour Commissions, etc. Steamboat Inspection. List of Canadian Shipping. Reports of Expeditions to Hudson Bay. Port Directory of Canada. List of Lights, etc., in Canada: (a) Pacific Coast; (b) Atlantic Coast; (c) Inland Waters. Catalogue of Government Publications of use to Canadian Mariners.

Indian Affairs.—Annual Report. Indian Act, 1906, with Amendments to date. Schedule of Indian Reserves, 1913. Indian Treaties and Surrenders, Vols. I, II, III.

King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.—The Canada Gazette, published weekly by authority, with occasional supplements and extras, subscription, \$4 per annum payable in advance, single copies, 10 cents each number. Contains weekly a list of current Government publications, as required by Order-in-Council 1,522. Judgments of the Board of Railway Commissioners, bi-monthly, \$3 per annum; single copies, 20 cents; Exchequer Court Reports, \$4 per annum. Prices of blue-books are in nearly every case printed upon the front cover and are based practically on the cost of paper and press work. They may be ordered direct from the Chief Clerk of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, or through any bookseller in the Dominion.

Inland Revenue.—Besides the Annual Report the principal official publications issued are circulars establishing standards under Section 26 of the Adulteration of Food Act and Bulletins issued in connection with the inspection of samples collected

under the provisions of this Act.

Mines.—The Department of Mines examines the most important mineral. deposits and sections of geological interest, makes scientific investigations of the mining and metallurgical industries of Canada and carries on exploratory work in

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the little-known parts of the country. Detailed reports and geological maps of mining camps, and maps and notes on explored routes have been published. Memoirs have also been issued dealing with economic mineral deposits that have a wide distribution throughout the country. High grade contoured topographical maps of a number of sections have been issued in recent years. Publications also appear from time to time, giving the results of investigations in palæontology, botany, zoology, mineralogy and anthropology. A summary report of the operations for the calendar year is published annually by each Branch of the Department, i.e., Geological Survey Branch and Mines Branch, and other reports appear at irregular intervals throughout the year. The total number of publications exceeds 1,600. A copy of a report or map of any particular section may be obtained by applying to the Deputy Minister, Department of Mines, Ottawa.

Commission of Conservation.—Annual Reports, 1910-1915. Reports on Agriculture, Fisheries, Game and Fur-bearing Animals, Forests, Minerals, Public Health, Town Planning, Waters and Water-powers. Monthly Bulletin, entitled "Conservation"; Quarterly Bulletin entitled "Conservation of Life." For com-

plete list, see Catalogue of Publications, revised to December 1, 1913.

Civil Service Commission.—Annual Report. Regulations of the Civil Service Commission. General Information respecting Civil Service Examinations.

Other Departments.—In addition to the publications above enumerated, Annual Reports are issued by the Department of Justice on the Penitentiaries of Canada, the Departments of External Affairs, of Public Works and of the Auditor General. The Department of Public Works has also published the Interim Report of the Georgian Bay Commission, by W. Sanford Evans, Chairman of the Commission.

List of Principal Publications of the Provincial Governments of Canada, as compiled from information supplied by the respective Governments.

Note.—The numbers within brackets are the numbers of the Bulletins. The publications of the larger provinces are arranged by Departments.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Journal of the Legislative Assembly. Statutes of the Legislative Assembly. Royal Gazette. Annual Reports of the Provincial Auditor on Public Accounts and of the Departments of Public Works, Education, Agriculture, Falconwood Hospital (for the Insane) and Vital Statistics. Field Reports and Bulletins. Year Book and Periodical Reports of the Publicity Agent.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Royal Gazette. Journal of Education. Annual Reports on Public Accounts. Vital Statistics, Statistics of Incorporated Towns and Municipalities, Public Health, Education, Industries and Immigration, Agriculture, Crown Lands, Mines, Subsidized Railways and other Public Works, Rural Telephones, Humane Institutions, Public Charities, Penal Institutions, Neglected Children, Temperance and Utilities. Also Annual Reports of the Provincial Secretary, the Factory Inspector and of the Road and Game Commissioners.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Annual Reports of the Auditor General, of the Board of Health, of the Departments of Education and Agriculture (including Horticulture), Annual Reports on Public Works, Crown Lands, the Hospital for the Insane, the Factory Report, Report on the Jordan Memorial Tuberculosis Sanatorium at River Glade and Report of Women's Institutes.

QUEBEC.

Note.—The titles of publications available in the English language are printed in English.

Attorney General.—Annual Report of Prison Inspectors; Annual Report of Public Utilities Commission.

Provincial Secretary.—Annual Report of the Secretary and Registrar; Annual Report of Inspectors of Reformatory Schools and Insane Asylums; Annual Report of the Provincial Board of Health; Statistical Year-book; Municipal Statistics (annual); Judicial Statistics (annual); Statistics (annual): (a) of Penal Establishments, (b) of Insane Asylums, (c) of Philanthropic Institutions; The Official Gazette (weekly); The Statutes of the Province (annual); Revised Statutes of the Province (1909).

Treasury.—Annual Statement of Public Accounts; Annual Estimates; List of Municipalities in connection with by-laws respecting prohibition, limitation, and licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors.

Lands and Forests.—Annual Report of the Minister; La Gaspésie, J.-C. Langelier, 1885; Surveyed Townships and Explored Territories, 1889; Richesse Forestière de la Province de Québec, J.-C. Langelier, 1905; The Forest, Fernow, 1905; Arbres de Commerce de la Province de Québec, 1906; Table of Families of Twelve Children, Eugene Rouillard, 1904, 1906; Townships Surveyed and Territories Explored, 1908; List of Timber License Holders, 1911; List of Persons Authorized to Act as Cullers, 1911, 1912; Dictionnaire des Lacs et Rivières de la Province de Québec, Eugene Rouillard, 1914; Bulletin No. 1 of the Forestry Service; Scieries et Marchands de Bois de la Province de Québec, T. Giroux, 1913; White Coal, Eugene Rouillard, 1909; Table of Water Powers granted by the Province of Quebec, from 1st July, 1863, to 31st December, 1913, A. Amos; Bulletin No. 2, of the Forestry Service, Piché and Bedard, 1914.

Agriculture.—Annual Reports: Department of Agriculture; Competition for Agricultural Merit; Dairymen's Association; Pomological Society; Report of the Quebec Society for the Protection of Plants from Insects and Fungus Diseases; Rapport des Concours de Récoltes sur pied (annual); Rapport de la Convention des Missionnaires Agricoles; Rapport des Sociétés d'Agriculture et des Cercles Agricoles; Journal of Agriculture and Horticulture, illustrated (monthly). Bultetins: On the Appearance of Crops, July; On the Yield of Crops, October; (1) Plans of Cheese Factories or Creameries and of Combined Factories; (2) Le Drainage Pratique, C. Michaud, 1914; (3) Les Engrais Chimiques, H. Nagant, 1913; (4) Dix Années de Pratique et d'Expérience à la Basse-cour, Inst. d'Oka, 1914; (5) Engraissement de la Volaille, Inst. d'Oka, 1914; Culture du Tabac, Garreau & Plante, 1914; (7) Le Cheval du Cultivateur, J. D. Duchêne, 1914; (8) Culture des Céréales, Collège Macdonald, 1914; (9) L'Elevage du Porc à Bacon, A. Hansen, 1914; (10) Le Potager Canadien; (11) List of Butter and Cheese Factories of the Province of Quebee; (12) Le Jardin Scolaire; (13) L'Agriculture et l'Etat Agricole; (14) La Culture du Trèfle; (15) La Culture du Blé-d'Inde Fourrager; (16) Guide de l'Arboriculteur; (17) La Culture Fruitière dans la Province de Québec; (18) Breeding and Preparing Hogs for Market; (19) La Désertion des Campagnes; (20) Hygiène de l'Alimentation; (21) Pour avoir de Belles Pommes. Circulars: (1) Semis des Pépins de Pommes en Caisses; (2) Maple Sugar and Maple Syrup Industries; (3) Incubation Naturelle et Elevage Naturel; (4) La Guerre et l'Agriculture; (5) Augmentons la Production de nos Récoltes par l'Emploi de Meilleures Semences; (6) Les Semailles; (7) Alimentation Economique des Troupeaux de la Basse-cour; (8) Drainage Plans for Farmers; (9) Fruit Trees Culture; (10) Manière d'Arracher et de Conserver les Jeunes Plants; (11) Engraissement et Préparation de la Volaille pour le Marché; (12) Production des Oeufs en Hiver; (13) L'Engraisseme

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A. Buies, 1900; Sheep, Their Breeding and Management; Traité de Constructions Rurales, Gareau & Plante, 1912; The Weeds, O.-E. Dalaire, 1914; Culture des Arbres Fruitiers, Rev. F. LÉOPOLD, 1898.

Roads.—Annual Report of the Minister of Roads.

Colonization, Mines and Fisheries.—Minéralogie Pratique à l'Usage des Prospecteurs, par J. Obalski, 1910; The Fish and Game Clubs of the Province of Quebec, 1914; La Gaspésie, par Alfred Pelland; L'Elevage Domestique des Animaux à Fourrure, par E. T. D. Chambers, 1914; Mines et Minerais de la Province de Québec, par Theo. C. Denis, 1914; Note Préliminaire sur la Statistique Minérale, par Theo. C. Denis, 1915; Rapport du Ministère de la Colonisation, etc., sur les Opérations Minières dans la Province de Québec, 1915; Report on the Copper Deposits of the Eastern Townships, by J. Austen Bancroft, 1915; Les Minerais de Fer de la Province de Québec, par P. E. Dulieux, 1915; Extraits de Rapports sur le District de l'Ungava, par T. C Denis, 1915; Happy Homes in the Province of Quebec, by E. T. D. Chambers, 1915; La Province de Québec, 1915; General Report of the Minister of Colonization, Mines and Fisheries, 1915; Un Nouveau Centre de Colonisation, l'Abitibi, par l'Abbé I. CARON, missionnairecolonisateur, 1915; Relevé des Fermes à Vendre ou à Louer dans la Province de Québec, publié par le Bureau d'Immigration de Montréal, 1915; The Fisheries of the Province of Quebec, by E. T. D. CHAMBERS, 1912; La Région du Lac Saint-Jean, par Hormisdas Magnan, 1916; La Région du Témiscamingue, par l'Abbé I. Caron, 1916; La Région de la Gatineau, ou Comté d'Ottawa, par Hormisdas Magnan, 1916; La Région du Nord-Ouest de Montréal, ou Comté de Labelle, par Hormisdas MAGNAN, 1916. Public Works and Labour.—Annual Report of the Minister.

Public Instruction.—Annual Report of the Superintendent; School Code, 1912; Manuel de l'Instituteur Catholique, 1906; Revised Regulations of the Catholic Committee, 1915; Regulations of the Protestant Committee, 1915; Manuel des Commissaires d'Ecoles, 1908; Education in the Province of Quebec, 1914; Protestant Rural Schools, 1912; Protestant Schools in the Eastern Townships, 1913; Memoranda of Instructions to Teachers, 1915; Financial Statement of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (annual); Mon Premier Livre (1st and 2nd parts), a fresh edition of which is furnished every year; L'Enseignement Primaire (monthly), Educational Record (quarterly). (The above two monthly magazines are distributed free of charge to all the schools of the Province by order of the are distributed free of charge to all the schools of the Province by order of the Government.) Yearly circulars containing instructions to school boards and

school inspectors.

Legislative Assembly.—Annotated Rules and Standing Orders of the Legislative Assembly of Quebec. Private Bills in the Legislative Assembly of Quebec (a manual containing the rules relative to), Agenda Paper of the Legislative Assembly; Votes and Proceedings of the Legislative Assembly; Reports of the Departments (Sessional Papers); Returns to Orders and Addresses of the Legislative Assembly (Sessional Papers); Report of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery on Elections (published after every general election); Report of the Librarian of the Legislature; Government and Legislature of the Province of Quebec; List of the Chairman and Members of the Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

ONTARIO.

Provincial Secretary.—Annual Reports: Hospitals and Charitable Institutions; Hospitals for the Insane; Prisons and Reformatories; Institutions for the Feeble-minded and Epileptics; Neglected and Dependent Children. Hospital Bulletin (issued quarterly). Annual Report on the Liquor License Acts. Digest of the Ontario Social Laws.

Treasury.—Annual Statements: Estimated Expenditures; Receipts and Expen-

ditures; Financial Statement delivered in the Legislative Assembly.

Attorney General.—Reports of Inspectors: Legal Offices; Registry Offices; Insurance; Division Courts. Reports of the Hydro-Electric and Workmen's Compensation Commissions.

Registrar General.—Vital Statistics Act. Act respecting the Solemnization of Marriage. Physicians' Pocket Reference to the International List of Causes of Death. Annual Report of Births, Marriages and Deaths.

Board of Health.—Public Health Act Pamphlet. Annual Report. Sewage Disposal for Residences: Facts about Flies, Mosquitoes, and How to Prevent Them. A Little Talk about the Baby. A Simple Method of Water Purification. Simple Methods of House Ventilation in Winter. Regulations: Control of Communicable Disease; Slaughter Houses, etc.; Undertakers' Circulars; Prevention of Typhoid Fever; Anti-toxin. Vaccination. Smallpox, Measles, Typhoid Fever, Scarlet Fever. Diphtheria. Consumption (General). Consumption (General Precautions). Consumption (Personal Precautions). Instructions on Disinfection. Leaflet containing Statistics respecting Waterworks and Sewerage Systems. Regulations and Application Forms: Waterworks Approvals; Sewerage Approvals.

Public Works.—Annual Report of the Minister with reports of the Architect, Engineer, Superintendent of Colonization Roads, Chief Boiler Inspector and Statements of Law Clerk and Accountant, and Stationary Engineers. Report of Factory Inspector (Shops and Office Buildings). Report of Bureau of Labour. Regulations of Boiler Inspection. Report of Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway Commission.

Lands, Forests and Mines.—Annual Report of the Minister. Preliminary Statistics of Mineral Production, issued annually by the Bureau of Mines. Annual Report of the Bureau of Mines. Forestry, Northern Ontario Development.

Agriculture.—Annual Reports: Minister of Agriculture; Agricultural College and Experimental Farm; Agricultural and Experimental Union; Dairymen's Associations and Dairy Schools; Live Stock and Poultry Associations; Veterinary College; Corn Growers' Association; Bureau of Industries: Part I, Agricultural Statistics; Part II, Chattel Mortgages; Part III, Municipal Statistics; Bee-keepers' Association; Fruit Growers' Association; Vegetable Growers' Association; Entomological Society; Agricultural Societies; Horticultural Societies; Farmers' Institutes; Women's Institutes. Crop Bulletins: (180) Flour and Breadmaking; (183) Notes on Cheddar Cheese Making; (187) Codling Moth; (188) Weeds of Ontario; (193) Tuberculosis of Fowls; (194) Apple Orcharding; (200) Fruit Juices; (203) Cabbage and Cauliflower; (205-6) Dairy School Bulletins: I, Cheese-making and Butter-making; II, Dairying on the Farm; (207) Ice-cold Storage on the Farm; (208) Farm Poultry and Egg Marketing Conditions in Ontario County; (209) Farm Forestry; (210) Strawberry Culture and the Red Raspberry; (211) Fruits Recommended for Ontario Planters; (212) Orchard Surveys in Dundas, Stormont and Glengarry; (214) Sheep Raising in Ontario—Does it Pay?; (216) Box Packing of Apples; (217) Farm Poultry; (218) Birds of Ontario; (219) San José and Oyster-Shell Scales; (220) Lightning Rods; (221) Value of Milk and its Products; (222) Currants and Gooseberries; (223) Fertilizers; (224) Greenhouse Construction; (225) Swine; (226) Plum Culture in Ontario; (237) Cherry Fruit Flies; (228) Farm Crops; (229) Smuts and Rusts of Grain Crops; (230) The Cherry in Ontario; (231) Vegetable Growing; (232) Field Beans; (233) Natural Swarming of Bees; (234) Co-operative Marketing; (235) Sweet Clover; (236) Home Canning; (237) The Grape in Ontario; (238) Lime and its use in Agriculture; (239) Potatoes.

Education.—Annual Report of the Minister of Education. Archæological Report. School Acts. Regulations and Courses of Study: Public and Separate Schools; Continuation Schools; High Schools and Collegiate Institutes; Summer Courses and Examinations for Teachers; Summer Model Schools for Training of Teachers; Fall Model Schools for Training of Teachers; English French Model Schools; Normal Schools for Training of Teachers. Official Calendar of the Department of Education. Recommendations and Regulations for Industrial, Technical and Art Schools. Recommendations and Regulations for Commercial High Schools, etc. Recommendations and Regulations for Agriculture and Household Science Departments. Junior High School Entrance and Junior Public School Graduation Examination Instructions. Annual Departmental Examination Instructions. Literature Selections for Examinations. Manuals: Teaching English to French-speaking pupils; Manual Training; Topics and Sub-Topics; Sewing; Education Pamphlets; Visual Aids in Teaching of History; List of Reproductions of Works of Art; Auxiliary Classes; Medical School Inspection Laboratory Accommodation in High and Continuation Schools. Agricultural Bulletins. Instructions to Public and Separate School Inspectors on Regulations. Instructions to Public and Separate Schools Inspectors on Apportionment of Grants. Teachers' Institute Lecturers and list of Lecturers and Subjects. Junior Matriculation Regulations

PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.

and Courses of Study. Manual Training and Household Science in the High, Continuation, Public and Separate Schools. Regulations for the establishment and Maintenance of Courses and for Teachers' certificates.

Department of Public Highways.—Annual Report on Highway Improvement; Report of Annual Meeting of Ontario Good Roads Association; List of Permits to Operate Motor Vehicles in Ontario; Motor Vehicle Act and Regulations; General Specifications for Concrete Bridges; General Specifications for Steel Bridges; Principles of Road Making; Highway Laws; Regulations Respecting Highways (County Roads); Regulations respecting Township Road Superintendents; Road Construction for Township Road Superintendents and Overseers.

Department of Game and Fisheries .- Annual Report of Game and Fisheries.

Game and Fisheries Laws.

MANITOBA.

Agriculture.—Annual Report. Booklets: Manitoba—First Province of Western Canada; Manitoba—The Home of Mixed Farming. Periodical Crop and Live Stock Reports. Map of the Province. Calendar of the Manitoba Agricultural College Bulletins: (1) Horses; (2) Twelve Noxious Weeds; (3) Care of Milk and Cream; (5) The Farm Garden; (6) Farm Poultry in Manitoba; (7) Hog Raising in Manitoba; (8) Cow Testing; (9) Repairing Farm Equipment and Roads; (10) Plans for Farm Buildings; (11) Canning and Preserving; (12) The Farm Flock; (14) Care of Cream for Creameries; (15) Boys' and Girls' Clubs; (16) Hay and Pasture Crops in Manitoba; (17) Silo Construction and Ensilage Production; (18) Recokerping in in Manitoba; (17) Silo Construction and Ensilage Production; (18) Bee-keeping in Manitoba; (20) Wood-working Problems. Circulars: (1) The Farmers' Beef Ring; (6) A Plea for Bird Houses; (7) Our Friends, the Birds; (8) Hints on Home Nursing; (10) Meat and its Substitutes; (11) What every girl should know; (12) (Poison Ivy and other Poisonous Plants; (13) Cream for Creameries; (14) Method in Dressmaking; (16) Pork-making on the Farm; (17) Servants in the House; (18) Alfalfa in Manitoba; (19) Fodder Corn in Manitoba; (20) Alfalfa Inoculation; (21) Barley Growing; (23) Improving the Farm Egg; (24) Growing Plums in Manitoba; (25) Growing Cherries in Manitoba; (26) Control of Insect Pests; (27) Pruning Trees for a Cold Climate; (28) Spray Mixtures; (29) Tree Pests and Cutworms; (30) Treata Cold Climate; (28) Spray Mixtures; (29) Tree Pests and Cutworms; (30) Treatment of Alkali Soils; (31) Rye as a Weed Eradicator; (32) Cultivation after Harvest for Weed Control; (33) Marketing Manitoba's Wool Crop. Farmers' Library Extension Bulletins: (1) Lightning Control; (2) Barn Ventilation; (3) Standing Crop Competitions and Seed Fairs. Home Economics Literature: Lessons on Cookery; Home Nursing; Personal Hygiene; Laundry, Sewing and Food.

Education.—Annual Report. Empire Day Booklet. Monthly Bulletin of Schools. Consolidation of Schools. Progress of Studies. Annual Report of the Superintendent of Neglected Children

Superintendent of Neglected Children.

Municipal Commissioner.—Annual Report on Public Health. Statistical Information respecting the Municipalities of the Province, with names and addresses of administration and health officials of each municipality.

Public Works.—Annual Report, including reports on Public Institutions. Attorney General.—Annual Report included in Sessional Papers. Annual Re-

ports: Public Utilities Commission; Good Roads Commission.

Provincial Treasurer.—Public Accounts.

Provincial Secretary.—Annual Report.

King's Printer.—Manitoba Gazette. Report on Library and Museum. Journals and Sessional Papers. Statutes of the Province. List of Incorporated and Licensed Companies operating in Manitoba.

SASKATCHEWAN.

Agriculture.—Annual Report of the Department of Agriculture. Annual Report of Branches, etc.: Dairy, Live Stock, Weeds and Seed, Game, Statistics, Bureau of Labour, College of Agriculture. Acts: Horsebreeders, Brand, Game, Noxious Weeds, Dairymen's Agricultural Co-operative Associations, Live Stock Purchase and Sale, Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company, Hail Insurance, Threshers' Lien, Thresher Employees, Line Fence, Stray Animals, Fires Prevention, Wolf Bounty, Saskatchewan Co-operative Farm Mortgage Association, Agricul-

tural Societies, Farm Machinery. Commission Reports: Elevator, Grain Markets, Agricultural Credit, Farm Machinery. Bulletins, etc.: Sheep in Saskatchewan (No. 37), Horse Breeding in Saskatchewan, Care and Feeding of Beef Cattle, Care and Feeding of Sheep, Care and Feeding of Swine, Hog Cholera, Blackleg, Foot and Mouth Disease, Stallion Enrolment in Saskatchewan (No. 39), Grading of Cream (No. 30), Care of Milk and Cream on the Farm (No. 15), Fleshing Chickens for Market (No. 25), Housing and Feeding Poultry, Poultry—The Care of Breeding Stock, The Management and Preservation of Eggs, Planning the Farmstead and Buildings, Plans and Specifications for Dairy Barn, Housing and Fencing for Sheep, Poultry Houses and Specifications, Farm Forestry, Growing Profitable Crops on the Drier Lands of Saskatchewan, Summerfallow, Tillage of Prairie Land, Tillage of Stubble Land, Corn Growing in Saskatchewan, Hints to Flax Growers (No. 24), Seed Grain Treatment and Seeding, Varieties of Small Grain, Alfalfa in Saskatchewan, Alfalfa Seed Production, Winter Rye, Seed and Seeding, Suggested Lines of Co-operative Production (No. 42), Co-operative Live Stock Marketing (No. 41), Household Conveniences, Recipes for Desserts and Sauces, Farm Machinery, Business Guide of Saskatchewan, How Debtors and Creditors may Co-operate, Practical Pointers for Farm Hands, Control of Common Insect Pests, Explanation of the Provisions of the Agricultural Co-operative Associations Act, Why the Appointment of an Agricultural Secretary is a Solution to the Weed Question, Advantages of Early Fall Cultivation, Map of Saskatchewan.

ALBERTA.

Agriculture.—Annual Report of the Department of Agriculture. Reports: Commission on Agricultural Credit; Schools of Agriculture; Demonstration Farms and Schools of Agriculture. Bulletins of the Live Stock Branch: Live Stock and Mixed Farmingin Alberta; (1) Suggestions reWintering Brood Sows; (2) Why Sows Eat Their Pigs; (3) Housing of Swine; (4) Preparing for the Pig Crop (New Edition); Meat Curing on the Farm, Circular No. 1—Pork. Successful Poultry Raising, Bulletin No. 3; Farm Crops of Alberta. Bulletins of the Provincial Health Branch; Consumption; Dairies and Milk; Disinfection; Facts about Flies; Infectious Diseases; Infectivity of Tuberculosis; Notifiable Diseases; Objects of the Public Health Act. Health Bulletin, Vol. 1, 1916 (monthly). Handbook of Women's Institutes. Report of First Annual Convention. Bread. Women's Institute Bulletins: Recipes; A Little Talk about the Baby.

Institute Bulletins: Recipes; A Little Talk about the Baby.

Department of Education.—Technical Education, Bulletins Nos. 1 and 2.

Summer School for Teachers.

Department of the Attorney General.—Annual Report on Dependent and Delin-

quent Children.

Annual Reports are also issued by the Departments of Municipal Affairs; the Provincial Secretary; Public Works; Railways and Telephones; Treasury (Insurance Branch); and Public Accounts.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Department of Lands.—Skeena Land Recording Division. South Fork of the Fraser River. Land and Forest Policies: Speeches by the Hon. W. R. Ross, K.C., Minister of Lands. Kitimat Valley. Fort Fraser Land Recording Division. Kamloops Land Recording Division, Lands for Pre-emption in Lower Mainland, Malcolm and Nootka Islands and Coast Islands. Cariboo Land Recording Division. Reports of the Survey, Forest and Water Branches. How to Pre-empt or Purchase Land. Series of Maps on varying scales at prices ranging from 10 cents to \$1 per copy, or from 50 cents to \$10 per dozen. Pre-emptors' series of maps free for single copies. Bulletins of the Forest Branch, Farm Building Series: (1) Combination or General Purpose Barns for Prairie Farms; (2) Dairy Barns, Milk and Ice Houses for Prairie Farms; (3) Beef Cattle Barns for Prairie Farms; (4) Horse Barns for Prairie Farms; (5) Sheep Barns for Prairie Farms; (6) Piggeries and Smoke Houses for Prairie Farms; (7) Poultry Houses for Prairie Farms; (8) Implement Sheds and Granaries for Prairie Farms; (9) Silos and Root Cellars for Prairie Farms; (10) Farm Houses for Prairie Farms. These Bulletins are for distribution in Western Canada only, and may be obtained free from the Chief Forester, Victoria, B.C. Timber Series: (12) How to Finish British Columbia

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Woods; (14) British Columbia Douglas Fir Dimension; (15) British Columbia Timber for Export; (16) British Columbia Western Larch; (17) British Columbia Western Soft Pine; (18) British Columbia Red Cedar Shingles; (19) British Columbia Manufacturers of Forest Products. These Bulletins may be obtained free from the Chief Forester, or the nearest B.C. Lumber Commissioner.

Department of Agriculture.—Reports: Fifteenth Annual Report, Farmers' Institutes, 1913-14; Fourth Annual Report, Agricultural Fairs Association; Third Annual Report, B.C. Markets Commissioner (1914); B.C. Dairymen's Report (8th and 9th Annual); Second and Third International Egg-laying Contest, at Victoria, B.C.; Women's Institutes, Annual Report, 1914. Bulletins on Live Stock and Mixed Farming: (32) Control of Tuberculosis; (33) Fruit Growing Possibilities, Skeena River; (60) Hog Raising in B.C.; (61) Field Crop Competitions, 1914-15; (62) Boys' and Girls' Field Crop Competitions, 1914-15; (64) Angora and Milch Goats; (66) Silos and Silage; (67) Feeding and Management of Dairy Cattle; (69) Field Crop Competitions, 1915-16; (70) Boys' and Girls' Field Crop Competitions. Field Crop Competitions, 1915-16; (70) Boys' and Girls' Field Crop Competitions, 1915-16; (71) Butter-making on the Farm. Poultry Bulletins: (26) Practical Poultry Raising (4th Edition); (39) Natural and Artificial Brooding and Incubating (3rd Edition); (49) Market Poultry (3rd Edition); (55) Care and Marketing of Eggs (2nd Edition); (63) Poultry-House Construction. Women's Institute Bulletins: (35) Place and Purpose of Family Life; (54) B.C. Women's Handbook (1913-14). Bulletin on Fruits and Vegetables: (58) Farm Storages for Fruits and Vegetables; (68) Diseases and Pests of Cultivated Plants in B.C. Miscellaneous Bulletins: (30) Guide to Bee-Keeping (2nd Edition); (42) Apiculture in B.C.; (44) Irrigation in B.C.; (59) Agricultural Statistics for the Year 1913, including Special Reports on Agricultural Conditions in the Province; (65) Agricultural Statistics of B.C., 1914. Circulars: (6) Gardening on a City Lot; (7 and 9) Honey Production in B.C., 1913-14, 1915; (10) B.C. Crop and Live Stock (7 and 9) Honey Production in B.C., 1913-14, 1915; (10) B.C. Crop and Live Stock Report, 1915; Circular Bulletins: (2) Tuberculosis in Poultry (2nd Edition); (3) Construction of Fresh-air Brooders (2nd Edition); (4) Management of Turkeys; (5) Clover Dodder; (6) Seed Improvement; (7) Keeping Poultry Free from Lice; (8) Corn; (10) Care of Milk and Cream; (11) Poultry-keeping on a City Lot (2nd Edition); (12) Management of Geese; (13) Root-seed Growing; (14) Use of Agricultural Lime; (15) Profitable Ducks; (16) Poison Weeds; (17) Control and Eradication of Lamb's Quarters. Horticultural Circulars: (2) Commercial Control and Eradication of Lamb's Quarters. troi and Eradication of Lamb's Quarters. Introductional Science of Commercial Onion Culture; (3) Selection of Orchard Sites and Soils; (4) Insects Injurious to Orchards; (6) Spray Calendar; (7) Fungous Diseases of Orchard and Garden; (8) Packing Orchard Fruits; (9) Sprays and Spraying; (10) Commercial Potato Culture; (11) Progress and Prospects in Fruit and Vegetable Growing; (12) Orchard Intercrops; (14) Practical Irrigation; (16) Culture of Small Fruits in the Coast Sections; (17) Planting Plans and Distances; (18) Report of the Markets Commissioner; (19) Propagation and Selection of Nursery Stock; (20) Orchard Cultivation and Cover Crops; (21) Pruning Fruit-trees; (22) Thinning Treefruits; (23) Fire-blight (Bacillus amylovorus, Burrill) (3rd Edition); (27) Methods of Fruit Picking and Handling; (28) Fertilizers for Fruits and Vegetables; (29) Varieties of Fruit recommended for Commercial Planting; (24) The Home Vegetable Garden for Interior Sections; (30) Potato Recipe Book. Miscellaneous: Rules and Regulations, Women's Institutes; List of Books and Magazines recommended for Women's Institutes; Rules and Regulations, Farmers' Institutes; Instructions to Secretaries, Farmers' Institutes; Agricultural Journal (monthly); Stock-breeders' Directory; List of Agricultural Books recommended for Farmers; Revised Rules and Regulations, Board of Horticulture; Women's Institute Quarterly, 1916; Kaslo Women's Institute Cook Book.

Note.—Applications for copies of the publications of the Department of Agriculture should be addressed to the Department at Victoria, B.C.

Bureau of Provincial Information.—Bulletins: (17) Game of British Columbia; (23) Handbook of British Columbia; (27) Climate of British Columbia. Folders: British Columbia; Pacific Great Eastern Railway: Lands, Facts, Figures, Opportunities; Canadian Northern Pacific Railway: Lands, Opportunities, Facts. Kettle River Valley: Lands, Facts, Figures and Photographs.

Other Publications: Journal of the Legislative Assembly; British Columbia Gazette; Year Book of British Columbia, edited by R. E. Gosnell; price, including postage, \$1.15. Annual Reports: Board of Health; Births, Marriages and Deaths;

Mental Hospitals. Reports of the Ministers of Lands, Mines, Public Works, Auditor General, Superintendent of Insurance, Fisheries Commissioner, Provincial Game Warden, Chief Inspector of Machinery, Boys' Industrial School, Girls' Industrial School, Agricultural Department (8th and 9th Reports), Forest Branch (Lands Department), Survey Branch (Lands Department), Water Rights (Lands Department). Agent General for B.C.; Provincial Museum; Public Accounts; Public Schools; Botanical Office; Printing Office; Archives.

Note.—Departmental Reports are mailed to applicants by the King's Printer at 50 cents per copy. Copies of publications available for free distribution may be obtained on application to the Bureau of Provincial Information, Victoria, B.C.

YUKON TERRITORY.

Ordinary Journals and Sessional Papers of the Territorial Council. The Sessional Papers contain Reports of the Territorial Officers, including those of the Superintendent of Works, Health Officer, Territorial Assayer, Chief License Inspector and Superintendent of Schools.

XII.—PRINCIPAL EVENTS OF THE YEAR 1915.

DOMINION LEGISLATION.

The fifth session of the twelfth Parliament of Canada was held at Ottawa from February 4 to April 15, 1915. During this session 98 statutes were enacted, 24 of them being public general acts and the remaining 74 local and private acts. The session was largely devoted to measures arising out of the war

Finance of the War.—It was inevitable that the sudden outbreak of war, by which imports from hostile countries ceased, should occasion a serious loss of revenue from import duties. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915, the revenue totalled \$133,073,482, including war tax revenue amounting to \$98,057, as compared with \$163,174,394 in the previous year; so that the loss of revenue amounted to about \$30,000,000. The Minister of Finance, in his budget speech of February 11, stated that the Government policy had been, in the interest of employment, to maintain as far as possible the programme of public works under construction, but to restrict the undertaking of new works until the financial situation became clearer. He proposed that the full amount required for war expenditures should be borrowed on the ground that these expenditures were being incurred for the purpose of preserving for future generations national and individual liberty and constitutional freedom. In addition to the special war appropriation of \$50,000,000 made in August, 1914 (see Year Book 1914, page 677), for expenses to March 31, 1915, the War Appropriation Act, 1915, assented to on April 15 (chapter 23), provided for a further sum of \$100,000,000 to March 31, 1916, for promoting the defence and security of Canada, the conduct of naval and military operations, the continuance of trade and industry and the prosecution of measures deemed necessary owing to the state of war.

FINANCE OF THE WAR.

The Customs Tariff War Revenue Act, 1915 (chapter 3), and the Special War Revenue Act, 1915 (chapter 8), were assented to on April 8. The first imposed duties or additional duties of 5 per cent under the British Preferential Tariff, and of $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent under the Intermediate and General Tariffs on all goods in Schedule A of the Customs Tariff, whether liable to or free of duty, subject however to exemptions of which the following are the most important: fish caught by Canadian and Newfoundland fishermen, goods used in the manufacture of agricultural machinery and of binder twine, certain goods used for medical and surgical purposes, anthracite coal, steel for the manufacture of rifles, silk, chemical fertilizers, cotton seed cake and meal. By the second Act new taxes were imposed as follows: on every Bank, \frac{1}{4} of 1 per cent on the amount of its notes in circulation, on every Trust and Loan Company, 1 per cent on its Canadian income, and on every Insurance Company other than Life and Marine Insurance, 1 per cent on the net premiums received in Canada; 1 cent on every cablegram or telegram for which a charge of 15 cents or more is made, 5 cents on the first \$5 and 5 cents on every additional \$5 on railway and steamboat tickets to places in North America and the British West Indies; on tickets to places outside of these \$1 if the price exceeds \$10, \$3 if it exceeds \$40 and \$5 if it exceeds \$65; 10 cents on every sleeping car berth and 5 cents on every parlour car seat. All the last named taxes are to be collected by the companies concerned and transmitted to the Government. The Act also imposes the following stamp duties: 2 cents on every bank cheque and on every express and post office money order and 1 cent on every postal note, 2 cents on every bill of lading, 1 cent in addition to postage on every letter and post card, 1 cent for every 25 cents of the retail price of proprietary medicines and perfumery, 3 cents for a pint or less and 5 cents for every quart of non-sparkling wine, and 13 cents for $\frac{1}{2}$ pint or less and 25 cents for every pint of sparkling wine.

War Loan of 1915.—Under the authority of the War Appropriation Act (chapter 23), applications were invited on November 22 for participation in a war loan consisting of the issue of bonds to the value of \$50,000,000 maturing on December 1, 1925, and bearing interest at five per cent, payable half yearly and exempt from taxes. The price of the issue was fixed at $97\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. At the closing of the subscription lists on November 30, it was announced that more than double the \$50,000,000 asked for had been subscribed, and the amount of the loan was increased to \$100,000,000.

Other Measures arising out of War Conditions.—Chapter 2, an Act to amend the Canadian Patriotic Fund Act, 1914, authorizes the Corporation of the Patriotic Fund to assist the dependents of residents of Newfoundland who may be serving with the Canadian forces, and also to assist for a period not longer than six months in each case Canadians who return incapacitated and the dependents of men who die of wounds or disease on active service. Before the passing of this Act, help could be given from the fund only to the dependents of men on actual service. An Act to amend the Senate and House of Commons Act (chapter 7) permits officers and men of the navy and army who are members of either House to sit notwithstanding the fact that they receive naval or

PRINCIPAL EVENTS OF THE YEAR 1915.

military pay, and provides that time of absence on active service is not to be deducted in calculating a member's sessional allowance. The Soldiers' Voting Act (chapter 11), which was assented to on April 15, provides for the exercise of the electoral franchise by every soldier, aged 21 years and over, of the Canadian troops in the event of a general election in Canada during their absence on active service. Chapter 22, amending the Yukon Placer Mining Act, preserves the right of holders of mining claims who are on active service, and Chapter 5 authorizes an extension of the time in which licenses may be applied for by insurance companies, whose power to do so might expire before the end of the next session of Parliament.

Acts relating to Agriculture.—An Act to amend the Bank Act (chapter 1) allows banks to lend money to the owner, tenant or occupier of land for the purchase of seed grain, upon the security of the crop to be grown from such seed grain. Chapter 20 empowers the Governor-General-in-Council to distribute during 1915 seed grain, fodder, etc., among farmers in Saskatchewan and Alberta, and confirms agreements relating to such distribution made between the Minister of the Interior and the Governments of Saskatchewan and Alberta. An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act (chapter 10) makes the certificate of weighing at a terminal elevator final, and makes the inspector's certificate of grade prima facie evidence in case of litigation. The Act also extends the powers of the Board of Grain Commissioners in investigating and dealing with questions of shortage in delivery.

Amendments of Election Law.—Chapter 13 amends the Dominion Controverted Elections Act with a view to simplifying procedure and expediting trial in cases under the Act. An Act to amend the Dominion Elections Act (chapter 14) requires every employer to give every voter in his employ an additional hour, other than the noon hour, for voting on a polling day. It applies to all employees except those engaged in running trains. The Act also puts Saskatchewan and Alberta on the same footing as the other provinces in respect of the procedure on the death of a candidate between nomination and polling. By Chapter 19, various changes are made in the schedules of the Representation Act, 1914, relating to the boundaries of electoral districts.

Railway Acts.—An Act to amend the Government Railways Act (chapter 16) empowers the Minister of Railways to purchase under certain conditions, railways in Quebec and the Maritime provinces, which can be operated more usefully as part of the Government Railways. It also confirms purchase agreements made with the International Railway of New Brunswick and the New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island Railway. By an Act to amend the National Transcontinental Railway Act (chapter 18) the Minister of Railways is authorized to lease or acquire the Lake Superior branch of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway.

Miscellaneous.—Chapter 4 confirms issues of Dominion notes to the amount of \$26,000,000, of which \$10,000,000 were for the Canadian Northern Railway, \$6,000,000 were for the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway and \$10,000,000 were for the general purposes of the Dominion. An Act to amend the Judges Act (chapter 6) provides

ACTS OF PARLIAMENT.

that there shall be 13 instead of 12 judges and junior judges of county courts in British Columbia, and 11 instead of 8 district court judges in Alberta. The Criminal Code Amendment Act (chapter 12) makes indictable offences the assisting of an alien enemy to leave Canada and the delivering to the Government of defective naval or military stores. The Act makes it an offence subject to summary conviction to perform a copyright dramatic or other work without the consent of the author. Chapter 9, amending the Adulteration Act, requires the special labelling of maple syrup and sugar, and restricts the use of the word maple to pure products. Chapter 15 amends the Gold and Silver Marking Act by making violations of that Act liable to summary conviction. An Act to amend the Inland Revenue Act (chapter 17) permits the removal in bond of tobacco for use as ship's stores. Chapter 21 to amend the Winding-up Act relates to appeals under that Act.

Naturalization Act, 1914.—On January 1, 1915, the Naturalization Act, 1914, came into effect. This Act, which is known as the Imperial Naturalization Act, follows the lines laid down in the Imperial legislation of the same year and confers on persons naturalized under it all the rights, powers and privileges of a natural-born British subject. Under chapter 77, R.S.C., which is still in force, and will remain in force until January 1, 1918, a person naturalized under the Act becomes a British subject in Canada only, and the Act applies only to persons residing in Canada on January 1, 1915. During the year ended December 31, 1915, 120 persons were naturalized under the Act of 1914, the former nationalities of this number including 48 Americans, three French, eight Danes, nine Japanese, six Rumanians, six Russians, 15 Swedes, eight Swiss and 17 of other nationalities.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATION.

The following is a synopsis of the more important Acts passed by the provincial legislatures during the year 1915. The provincial statutes of 1915 are all entitled 5 Geo. V, excepting those of Saskatchewan

which are entitled 6 Geo. V.

Provincial Acts relating to the War.—In all provinces acts were passed to deal with conditions arising from the war. Chapter 6 (Nova Scotia), chapter 10 (New Brunswick), chapter 65 (Quebec), and chapter 37 (Ontario) are acts authorizing municipalities to contribute to the Patriotic Fund and similar funds and ratifying contributions previously made. Chapter 7 (Nova Scotia), chapter 12 (New Brunswick) and chapter 2 (Quebec) are acts confirming gifts made by the provinces to the British Government, the French National Relief Committee, etc., and providing for the same. Acts providing for a moratorium for debts, were passed in several of the provinces. In New Brunswick, chapter 11 empowers the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council to authorize by proclamation the postponement of any debts or liabilities for such time and under such conditions as may be stated in the proclamation. In British Columbia, the Lieutenant-Governor may by chapter 35 authorize any court of the province to postpone payments due under any instrument

respecting lands, etc., and may by chapter 48 postpone the payment of moneys payable to the Crown. The Ontario Act (chapter 22) deals only with mortgages and contracts for purchase of land made prior to August 4, 1914, and provides that no foreclosure or like process shall be made in connection therewith, except by special leave of a judge. The act is to have effect till nine months after the end of the war. In Manitoba, under chapter 88, actions, with certain exceptions, are not to be brought against persons on active service in the war, nor against their dependents, and pending actions against such persons are to be stayed.

The following were among the other more important Acts of the

provincial legislatures.

Prince Edward Island.—The Fox Enrolment Act (chapter 15) provides that a register shall be kept in the provincial Department of Agriculture of all foxes in captivity. By chapter 24 the Silver Black Fox Breeders' Association of Prince Edward Island is incorporated.

Nova Scotia.—The Workmen's Compensation Act (chapter 1) creates a Board of three members to administer the Act under which compensation is to be paid from funds provided by the taxation of industries. Employers are to be assessed by classes, and industries are divided into 20 classes which may be subdivided by the Board. The Board may allow the Dominion Steel Corporation and the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company to contract out and provide their own compensation schemes. Under the Town Planning Act (chapter 3) every local authority is to create a local board with power to hold land, and to make and carry out town planning schemes. The Act is to be administered under the supervision and regulation of the Commissioner of Public Works. The Provincial War Tax Act (chapter 8) imposes a tax of 1 mill on the dollar on all rateable property and income during 1915.

New Brunswick.—Chapter 18 provides for the inspection and registration of stallions and chapter 19 for the sup pression of inectious and contagious diseases among bees and the protection of bees. Inspectors are appointed under both Acts. Chapter 46 gives power to the provincial Secretary-Treasurer to legalize marriages which have been solemnized by persons who are not registered as authorized to solemnize marriages in the province. By chapter 7 taxes or additional taxes are imposed on certain companies, including insurance companies, trust and loan companies, express, telephone, telegraph and street rail-

way companies and banks.

Quebec.—An Act to amend the Quebec Public Health Act (chapter 59) deals with the pollution and purification of water supplies. The Superior Board of Health of the province is given additional powers to investigate and to compel municipalities to take proper action for securing pure water supplies. Chapter 71 forbids the retention by an employer of any part of an employee's salary or wages for the purpose of paying premiums on sickness or accident insurance. Under an Act respecting private detectives (chapter 57) no person shall act as a private detective or use the name of detective without a permit from the Provincial Treasurer. Chapter 18 is an Act providing for the appointment of an Agent-General for the province in Belgium.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATION.

Ontario.—The Liquor License Act, 1915 (chapter 39), is an amending act, creating a Board of five license commissioners with jurisdiction throughout the province and with power to act as a licensing court, to make regulations prohibiting the sale of liquor in particular localities or to particular classes of persons, and to fix the hours in which liquor may There is to be no sale of liquor under shop licenses after 7 p.m. on any day. By the Municipal Amendments Act (chapter 34) the powers of the Ontario Municipal Board are increased by the transfer of certain powers from the Lieutenant-Governor. The Board is authorized to erect police villages in cases where the county fails to do so on petition, and police villages are to have the right of borrowing money for electric light and power works. Municipalities are authorized to license and register dogs. A board of control is to be compulsory in all cities of not less than 100,000 nor more than 200,000 population. Under the Rivers and Streams Act (chapter 15), the Lieutenant-Governor may by proclamation make a river subject to this Act and under the control of the Minister of Lands and Mines, who shall decide all questions as to rights to make improvements, to float timber and to alter or obstruct the flow of water. The Ontario Highways Act (chapter 17) creates a Department of Public Highways to be presided over by the Minister of Public Works, who becomes Minister of Public Works and Highways. Provision is made for financial aid to be given to counties for the maintenance and repair of roads, and for grants towards the salaries of road overseers, who may be appointed by townships. Work on suburban roads is to be directed by commissions representing the cities and counties concerned in each case, but the roads are to remain county roads. Special provisions are made as to the construction, etc., of main roads which it is advisable to construct as one work, and the Lieutenant-Governor may appoint boards of trustees to control such works. Chapter 45 is an act to confirm regulations previously made respecting the board of trustees of Roman Catholic separate schools at Ottawa. Under the Provincial War Tax Act (chapter 3), a tax of one mill on the dollar is to be levied in each municipality and county on all rateable property. It is to be levied and collected with the municipal and county taxes and the councils may exempt persons who are on active service and their dependents. Chapter 4 authorizes a provincial loan of \$4,000,000.

Manitoba.—The Dairy Act (chapter 14) makes regulations respecting the formation of associations for manufacturing cheese, butter, etc., the sanitation and operation of dairies and the sale of dairy products. By chapter 70, an Act to enable municipalities to borrow limited amounts of money, any rural municipality may borrow up to \$30,000 for furnishing seed grain and seed potatoes to farms to the value of not more than \$450 to any one individual, and under the Seed Grain Unorganized Districts Act (chapter 72), \$100,000 may be appropriated out of the consolidated fund to be spent by the Minister of Agriculture on seed grain, etc., for distribution in unorganized districts.

¹This Act is superseded by the Ontario Temperance Act, assented to on April 27, 1916, chapter 50 of the Statutes of 1916. It prohibits the sale of intoxicating liquors in Ontario.

Saskatchewan.—The judicial system is remodelled by the Court of Appeal Act (chapter 9) and the King's Bench Act (chapter 10). The Supreme Court of Saskatchewan is abolished, and the Court of King's Bench is given all the jurisdiction, excepting appeals of the Supreme Court. The Court of Appeals is to consist of the Chief Justice and three other judges, who are also judges of the King's Bench. It is to sit at Regina and is to have all the powers hitherto possessed by the Supreme Court sitting en banc as an appeal court from all other courts of the province. The Farm Implement Act (chapter 28) regulates the sale of such implements. Vendors are required to file with the Minister of Agriculture descriptions and prices of implements which they offer for sale, and forms of contract for such sales are specified in the Act. The municipal law of the province is consolidated and amended by chapters 16 to 21 inclusive. Under the Act respecting homesteads (chapter 29) no sale or mortgage of a homestead shall be valid without the signature of the owner's wife, if any, and the wife may file a caveat to protect her rights in the homestead. The Liquor License Act (chapter 39) prohibits the sale of liquor at all places other than stores established by the Act. These are to be under the general management of a specially appointed commissioner, and no person is to be employed in them who has been in the liquor business during the five previous years. The quantity of liquor to be sold to any one purchaser is limited, and sales are to be made only for cash and only in sealed packages. No liquor shall be drunk in a store, in a public place or on a train nor anywhere but in a dwelling house. The commissioner may issue to physicians and druggists permits to sell liquor for medicinal purposes. The manufacture of liquor is not prohibited. A provincial referendum is to be taken not later than 1919 to decide if the system established by the Act shall be continued. The Hotel Act (chapter 40) authorizes municipalities to appoint boards to consider questions of public accommodation, to license hotels and to remit taxes on hotels. Until the provincial referendum on the Liquor Act, municipal councils may lease premises for public accommodation; after the referendum they may purchase. No intoxicating liquors are to be kept or consumed in public hotels. A provincial office is established by the Act to be in charge of a Director of Public Accommodation.

Alberta.—Under the Married Women's Home Protection Act (chapter 4), a married woman may cause a caveat to be filed forbidding the registration of a transfer, mortgage or encumbrance of a homestead. The Public Utilities Act (chapter 5) creates a Board of Public Utility Commissioners with jurisdiction in questions respecting railways and street railways, tolls and charges for public utilities, the use of roadways for wires, pipes, etc., and disputes between public utilities and municipalities. By the Stock Inspection Act (chapter 11) the Minister of Agriculture is given power to appoint special inspectors of stock shipped in the province; shipment without inspection is forbidden, and butchers and hide dealers are required to take out licenses and to keep records. The Irrigation District Act (chapter 13) requires the Minister of Public Works on petition of a majority of owners in an area to make it an irrigation district under the direction of three elected trustees. Loans

CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCES.

may be authorized by by-law passed by the voters of the district. Under the Municipal Co-operative Hail Insurance Act (chapter 18) not less than twenty municipalities may combine to form a Hail Insurance District, which shall be under the direction of the Hail Insurance Board of Alberta, consisting of three members. The Board will assess the municipalities for taxation to pay the Board's expenses and claims for damage to crops by hail. A municipality may withdraw from the

district after the expiration of five years.

British Columbia.—By the Constitution Act Amendment Act (chapter 14) the membership of the Legislative Assembly is increased from 42 to 47, and a redistribution is made. The Agricultural Act (chapter 2), creates a commission with power to issue securities and to make loans for acquiring and improving land and for other agricultural purposes. Provisions are made respecting the formation of associations (without share capital) for agricultural purposes and of Women's Institutes, also of associations and companies (with share capital) for dealing in farm produce, requisites, etc. A Board of Horticulture is created to regulate the prevention of disease in orchards, gardens, etc. By the Noxious Weeds Act (chapter 66) owners and occupiers of land are required to burn or effectively destroy noxious weeds between April 1 and November 1, in order to prevent the ripening and scattering of seeds. Inspectors are to be appointed under the Act, which applies to municipalities and railways.

Canadian Expeditionary Forces.—The initial steps taken by Canada upon the outbreak of the war in 1914 are described in the Year Book for 1914 (pp. 676-678). The first division of troops, consisting of over 33,000 officers and men, who landed in England on October 16, 1914. received further training on Salisbury Plain during the fall and winter of 1914-15 under conditions which were particularly trying owing to excessively wet weather. On February 15, 1915, the division began to arrive in France. Proceeding to Flanders they speedily proved themselves to be capable and efficient soldiers, whether as infantry in the trenches or as artillerymen serving excellent guns. During the spring and summer they were engaged in four principal fights, viz., Neuve Chapelle (March 10), Ypres (April 22), Festubert (May 9), and Givenchy (June 15). In his despatches relating to the second battle of Ypres. which began on April 22, when contrary to international conventions and the rules of civilized warfare, the Germans began the use of poisonous and asphyxiating gases, Sir John French wrote as follows: "In spite of the danger to which they were exposed, the Canadians held their ground with a magnificent display of tenacity and courage; and it is not too much to say that the bearing and conduct of these splendid troops averted a disaster which might have been attended with the most serious consequences." The second division of Canadian troops began to land in England on March 6, and in November a third division was offered to and accepted by the Imperial authorities. At the end of the year 1915, the number of Canadian troops recruited for service overseas reached 212,690 out of an authorized total of 250,000. In a New Year's message to the Canadian people, issued on December 31, 1915, the Prime Minister (Sir Robert Borden) stated that from January 1, 1916.

the authorized forces of Canada would be increased to 500,000, this announcement being made "in token of Canada's unflinching resolve to crown the justice of our cause with victory and an abiding peace." Legal authority for the increase of the Canadian troops to 500,000 was conferred by Order-in-Council of January 12, 1916. Owing to the character of the fighting the losses amongst Canadian troops in the field have necessarily been severe. Up to November 30, 1915, these casualties totalled 539 officers and 13,017 of other ranks; they included 107 officers and 1,855 other ranks killed in action; 30 officers, 786 other ranks died of wounds; 6 officers, 164 other ranks died of diseases; 339 officers, 7,951 other ranks wounded; 37 officers, 1,267 other ranks prisoners of war; 20 officers, 994 other ranks reported missing¹.

Canadian Contributions for Patriotic Purposes.—The unflinching valour and splendid heroism of the Canadian troops in the field have been a source of keen gratification and pride to the people of the Dominion, who in numerous ways have striven to sustain the national and imperial cause for which the war is being waged on the battlefields of Europe. The women of Canada have shown noble devotion and enthusiasm in the raising of funds, the provision of comforts and the institution of various associations for the assistance of soldiers and their dependents. High tributes have been paid to the efficiency of the Canadian hospitals and the skill and devotion of the medical officers and nurses. An inquiry instituted by the Census and Statistics Office under special instructions from the Dominion Government showed that up to March 31, 1916, the total value of the Canadian contributions actually paid amounted to \$27,881,165, as follows:

Fund.	Value of contributions paid.
Canadian Patriotic	\$ 9,554,981 4,695,851
Canadian Red Cross. British Red Cross. Contributions for Machine Guns and to Military Units. Belgian Relief.	1,884,033
Jewish Relief Hospitals (various) Miscellaneous	103,129 536,704 4,119,769
Total	27,881,165

The various Funds included in the foregoing statement number altogether 33, as follows: Canadian Patriotic; Donations of Dominion and Provincial Governments; Canadian Red Cross; British Red Cross; Contributions for machine guns, field kitchens, field ambulances, etc.; Belgian Relief; Jewish Relief; Serbian Relief; Secours National; Comité

¹These figures are from "Canada in Flanders," by Sir Max Aitken, M.P., being Vol. I of the Official Story of the Canadian Expeditionary Force.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PATRIOTIC PURPOSES.

France-Amérique; Soldiers' Comforts; Field Comforts' Association; Canadian War Contingent's Association; the Maple Leaf Club; Recruiting Committee of New Brunswick; Aeroplane Fund of Winnipeg; Tobacco Funds of certain newspapers; Soldiers' Gazette; Relief Fund of Winnipeg Telegram; European War Veterans' Association of Calgary; Returned Soldiers' Fund of Winnipeg; Manitoba Telephone Employees and the following Hospital Funds: Toronto University; Queen's University; French Canadian Hospital; Luton House; Seamen's Hospital; Queen Mary's Hospital; Cliveden; Sir Sandford Fleming Home; Scottish Women's Hospital; Women's Hospital Ship; other Military Hospitals. Not included in the statement is the value of considerable quantities of contributions in kind, the donations of individuals apart from organized funds and subscriptions promised but not yet paid. The distribution of the contributions paid by provinces is as follows:

Province.	Amount.
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia. Yukon Territory.	\$ 314,288 1,516,014 566,15; 4,572,88; 13,730,438 738,520 919,150 943,41; 988,06; 26,75;
Not separated by provinces	3,565,48
Total	 27,881,16

Visits to England of Canadian Cabinet Ministers.—On July 8 the Prime Minister (Sir Robert Borden) and a few days later the Minister of Militia and Defence (Major-Gen. Sir Sam Hughes) arrived in England for conference with the British authorities; they also visited France and inspected the Canadian troops. On July 29, Sir Robert Borden received the Freedom of the city of London, and on August 24, General Hughes was knighted by the King. An event of imperial significance was the presence of Sir Robert Borden at a meeting of the British Cabinet on July 14.

Arctic Exploration.—Apprehensions as to the safety of members of the Canadian Expedition, which is engaged on a Government mission of scientific exploration in the Arctic regions, were happily dispelled on September 18, when news of the Expedition was received by the Department of the Naval Service in Ottawa. The Expedition, which is under the command of Mr. Vilhjalmur Stefansson, sailed on July 21, 1913, in three Canadian Government steamers, the "Karluk" (321 tons), the "Alaska" (50 tons), and the "Mary Sachs" (41 tons). It was divided into two parties, one party receiving instructions to explore Beaufort Sea, Banks Land and Prince Patrick Island, and the other the

north coast of Canada from Cape Parry to Kent Peninsula and the shores of Victoria Island. The northern division under command of Mr. Stefansson sailed for Banks Land where they were to establish a base from which to carry on the work of the division. Near Thetis Island their vessel, the "Karluk," became ice bound. Mr. Stefansson with three other members of the party went to the main-land on a hunting expedition. During their absence, the party in the "Karluk" were carried far out of their sight by the ice drift, and they were obliged to travel westward along the coast to Collinson Point, where they joined the southern party, wintering there. On January 11, 1914, in N. lat. 72°8′, W. long. 173°50′, the "Karluk" was crushed by the ice. Eight members of the party were lost in attempting to reach land. The remaining members of the party succeeded in landing on Wrangel Island. From this point Captain R. A. Bartlett journeyed on foot over the ice to the Siberian coast, a distance of 160 miles. This journey was particularly hazardous owing to the soft snow and open water encountered. He arrived at Emma Harbour, Siberia, on May 16, 1914, fiftynine days after leaving Wrangel Island. From Emma Harbour he sailed to St. Michaels, Alaska, whence he reported the loss of the "Karluk" and the whereabouts of the survivors. The Department of the Naval Service despatched four vessels to their assistance. Eight survivors on Wrangel Island were rescued by the "King and Wing," and were later transferred to the United States revenue cutter "Bear." which landed them at Victoria, B.C. Three of the members of this party had died whilst on Wrangel Island.

The southern division, using Collinson Point as a base, successfully carried on the scientific work of the expedition during the winter of They were joined at this point by Mr. Stefansson on December 14, 1913. During the years 1914-15 and 1915-16, the southern division have successfully carried out the investigation of the copper-bearing rocks between Cape Parry and Kent Peninsula. A special study of the little known tribes of Eskimos in that vicinity has also been made. shore line and many of the largest rivers have been charted. party completed their work and returned to civilization in the summer of 1916. On March 22, 1914, Mr. Stefansson with two companions set out from Martin Point, Alaska, on an ice trip over Beaufort Sea. journey was in a general northerly direction along the 140th meridian. They proceeded north to about 73° N. lat., where they arrived on April 26. Ice conditions then forced them to make for land. They landed on Norway Island on the west coast of Banks Land, N. lat. 73°40', W. long. 124°, on June 25. The summer months were spent on Banks Land, mapping the shore line and taking observations. Maps of Norway and Berniard Islands and Wilkins River were made. From observations taken it has also been ascertained that the west coast of Banks Land abounds in harbours which afford excellent protection to ships. In September, 1914, the party journeyed southward along the shore of Banks Land, arriving on September 11 at Cape Kellett on the southwest coast of this Island, where they met a party from the southern division who had come north in the "Mary Sachs" with provisions. Winter quarters were established at Kellett, and the remainder of the season

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was spent in obtaining provisions for the winter camp. On February 20, Mr. Stefansson, accompanied by Dr. R. M. Anderson and Mr. Thomson, started on an ice trip north. They journeyed along the coast of Banks Land to Alfred Point, and thence on to the ice in a general northerly direction. Early in May the ice drift carried them in an easterly direction and they were obliged to land on the west coast of Prince Patrick Island in N. lat. 76. They followed the coast north taking observations and making careful surveys as they proceeded. Upon the islands north of Prince Patrick Island they discovered the records of the McClintock Expedition of 1854. From these islands they journeyed across the ice to the north until June 18 when land, not shown on any chart, was sighted. The shores of the new land were reached at N. lat. 77°43′, W. long. 115°43′, and it was claimed as a part of the British From a point twenty miles inland and 2,000 feet above the sea level, observations taken showed that the land was mountainous, some of the peaks appearing 50 miles distant. A careful investigation for a distance of 20 miles to the west was made, and observations were taken from high points. Mountains, appearing blue in the distance, The eastern and western extremities of the land were not located. The coast line examined runs N. of N.W. Game was found to be plentiful, seals, caribou, wolves, foxes, lemings, geese and many other varieties of Arctic animals having been seen. Owing to the lateness of the season, the party were obliged to return to Cape Kellett. They set out on June 22, following the east coast of Prince Patrick Island, and arrived at Kellett on August 8, 1915. Mr. Stefansson proceeded from Kellett to Herschel Island, from which point reports of operations of the northern division were forwarded to the Department of the Naval Service. He then returned to Kellett to prepare for the coming season's operations. During the season of 1915-16, Mr. Stefansson has continued to explore Beaufort Sea with Kellett as a base.

Obituary.—Jan. 9. The Hon. George A. Clare, M.P. for Waterloo South, Ont. Captain Denzill O. C. Newton, M.V.O., Princess Patricia's Light Infantry Battalion, formerly Aide-de-Camp to Earl Grey, Governor-General of Canada (killed in action). Jan. 17. Major Z. T. Wood, Assistant Commissioner, Royal Northwest Mounted Police. Feb. 8. Sir François Langelier, K.C.M.G., Lieutenant-Governor of the province of Quebec. Mar. 9. James W. Richards, M.P. for Prince, P.E.I. Mar. 10. William Himsworth, Deputy Minister of Inland Revenue: The Hon. Samuel Barker, M.P. for Hamilton, Ont. Mar. 20. Lt.-Col. F. D. Farquhar, D.S.O., Officer commanding the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry Battalion, formerly Military Secretary to H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught, Governor-General of Canada (killed in action). June 3. The Hon. Siméon Beaudin, Justice of the Superior July 22. Sir Sandford Fleming, K.C.M.G., formerly Court of Quebec. Engineer in Chief, Canadian Pacific Railway (aged 88). Aug. 8. The Hon. Honoré Hippolyte Achille Gervais, Judge of the Court of King's Bench. Sept. 8. The Hon. Sir Charles Eugène Boucher de Boucherville, K.C.M.G. (aged 94). Sept. 11. Sir William Van Horne, former President and Ex-Chairman of Directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Nov. 8. The Hon. W. Mackay, M.D., Cape Breton, N.S. Nov.

13. The Hon. W. H. Montague, Minister without portfolio, 1894-1895, Secretary of State 1895-96, Minister of Agriculture 1896. Nov. 15. James Reid, M.P. for Restigouche, N.B. Sir Frederick Eustace Barker, of St. John, N.B., formerly Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick.

The late Sir Charles Tupper.—On Saturday, October 30, 1915, the death occurred at Bexlev Heath, Kent, England, of Sir Charles Tupper. Bt., at the advanced age of 94, the last survivor of the "Fathers of Confederation." Charles Tupper was born at Amherst, Nova Scotia, on July 2, 1821, and was of United Empire Loyalist descent. Having studied medicine and surgery he took the degree of M.D. from the University of Edinburgh and the Diploma of the Royal College of Surgeons in 1843, and practised his profession in Nova Scotia. In 1855, he entered the Nova Scotia Legislative Assembly and took a prominent part in the proceedings which culminated in the Confederation of Canada in 1867, when he was prime minister of Nova Scotia. From this time he occupied numerous important positions in the Dominion Government, being President of the Privy Council 1870-72, Minister of Inland Revenue 1872, of Customs 1873, of Public Works 1878-79, of Railways and Canals 1879-1884, of Finance 1887-8, Secretary of State 1896 and Prime Minister May 1 to July 8, 1896. From 1884-1887 and from 1888-1896 he was High Commissioner for Canada in Great Britain. He was one of H.M. plenipotentiaries on the Fishery Commission which met at Washington in 1887-88 and also in 1893 for the negotiations of a treaty with France. He was created C.B. in 1867, K.C.M.G. in 1879. G.C.M.G. in 1886, a baronet in 1888, and was sworn of the Imperial Privy Council in 1908. He received honorary degrees from the Universities of Cambridge, Edinburgh, Queen's and Acadia.

XIII.—EXTRACTS FROM THE CANADA GAZETTE.

Privy Councillors.—Sept. 30. The. Hon. Arthur Meighen of Portage la Prairie, Man. Oct. 6. The Hon. Esioff Léon Patenaude of Montreal, Que. Feb. 18, 1916. The Hon. William Morris Hughes, Prime Minister of the Commonwealth of Australia. Feb. 29. David Henderson, M.P., Acton, Ont.; Andrew Broder, M.P., Morrisburg, Ont.

Lieutenant-Governors.—June 3. Augustine Colin Campbell of Montague, P.E.I. (Prince Edward Island). Oct. 6. Robert George Brett of Banff, Alberta (Alberta); Richard Stuart Lake of Grenfell, Sask. (Saskatchewan). Oct. 19. Hon. David MacKeen of Halifax, N.S. (Nova Scotia). Aug. 8, 1916. Sir James Albert Manning Aikins of Winnipeg, Man. (Manitoba).

New Senators.—Dec. 3, 1915. Hon. Thomas Simpson Sproule of Markham, Ont.; John Milne of Hamilton, Ont.; Charles Philippe Beaubien, K.C., of Montreal, Que.; Hon. John McLean of Souris, P.E.I. Feb. 10. John Stewart McLennan of Sydney, N.S.; William Henry Sharpe of Manitou, Man.

JUDICIAL APPOINTMENTS.

House of Commons.—Oct. 19. Hon. Esioff Léon Patenaude of Montreal, elected Member for Hochelaga, Que.

Cabinet Ministers.—Oct. 6. The Hon. Pierre Edouard Blondin, to be Secretary of State and Minister of Mines in the room and stead of the Hon. Louis Coderre, resigned. The Hon. Esioff Léon Patenaude, to be Minister of Inland Revenue in the room and stead of the Hon. P. E. Blondin, resigned.

Judicial Appointments.—Feb. 2. The Hon. Sir François Xavier Lemieux, to be Chief Justice of the Superior Court of Quebec, in the room and stead of Sir Charles P. Davidson, resigned. April 19. Hon. Wallace Graham, Judge in Equity of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia, to be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia, in the room and stead of Sir Charles James Townshend, resigned. May 12. The Hon. James Johnstone Ritchie, puisne judge of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia, to be Judge in Equity, in the room and stead of the Hon. Wallace Graham, promoted to the Chief Justiceship of the said court. June 28. Robert Edward Harris, Halifax, N.S., to be a puisne judge of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia, in the room and stead of the Hon. James Johnstone Ritchie, appointed Judge in Equity. Aug. 20. The Hon. Louis Philippe Pelletier, of the city of Quebec, to be a puisne judge of the Court of King's Bench in and for the province of Quebec, in the room and stead of the Hon. Honoré Hippolyte Achille Gervais, deceased. Sept. 25. Jean Baptiste Gustave Lamothe of Montreal, to be a puisne judge of the Superior Court in and for the province of Quebec, in the room and stead of the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaudin, deceased. Oct. 6. The Hon. Louis Coderre, of Montreal, to be a puisne judge of the Superior Court in and for the province of Quebec, in the room and stead of the Hon. Mr. Justice Pelletier, appointed a Justice of the Court of the King's Bench; Louis Théophile Maréchal, of Montreal, to be a puisne judge of the Superior Court in and for the province of Quebec, in the room and stead of the Hon. Mr. Justice Tellier, resigned. Oct. 30. Cornelius Arthur Masten, Toronto, Ont., to be Judge of the Supreme Court of Ontario and a member of the High Court Division of the said court, in the room and stead of James V. Teetzel, resigned. Dec. 3. Michael Felix Hackett, Stanstead, Que., to be a puisne judge of the Superior Court in and for the province of Quebec, in the room and stead of William Warren Lynch, resigned. Feb. 8, 1916. Joseph Andrew Chisholm, Halifax, N.S., to be a puisne judge of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia, in the room and stead of the Hon. Nicholas Hogan Magher. retired.

Commissions.—Oct. 19. The Hon. James Alexander Lougheed, Calgary; Joseph Wesley Flavelle, of Toronto; William Farrell, of Victoria; S. Jean Baptiste Rolland, of Montreal; Edward N. Hopkins, of Moosejaw; the Hon. William Benjamin Ross, of Middleton; John Gunion Rutherford, C.M.G., of Calgary; William Smith, M.P. of Columbus, Ontario, and James Cameron Watters, of Ottawa, to be commissioners to consider, inquire into and report upon improved methods of production in Canada, especially agricultural production and the methods suitable to various localities; the distribution and transportation of

EXTRACTS FROM THE CANADA GAZETTE.

products to home markets and the trade thus created between the several provinces of the Dominion; the transport of products to Canadian national ports and thence to markets abroad; the manufacture of such products in Canada; the opportunities for immigration with a view to inducing the settlement of an agricultural population upon the fertile uncultivated lands of both western and eastern Canada; the employment on their return to Canada of troops at the front; the obtaining of capital necessary for extending and developing agricultural and manufacturing industries and any kindred subjects which may seem directly connected therewith. The said Hon. James Alexander Lougheed to be chairman and William John Black, of Winnipeg, to be the secretary of the commission. Nov. 27. Thomas Cantley, of New Glasgow, N.S.; Robert Hobson, of Hamilton, Ont.; George C. MacKenzie, of Ottawa; the Hon. W. C. Edwards, of Ottawa; Ebenezer Carnegie, of Welland, Ont., and George W. Watts, of Toronto, Ont., to be commissioners to inquire into and report upon the supply and sufficiency of raw materials in Canada, required for the production of munitions of war and as to the best method of conserving the same. Thomas Cantley, to be chairman of the commission.

Imperial Honours and Decorations.—July 27. The dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom was conferred upon Sir Horatio Gilbert George Parker, of Carleton House Terrace, Westminster. To be Knight Commander of the Order of the Bath (K.C.B.). Aug. 24. Major-General the Hon, Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia and Defence. To be Knight Commander of the Order of St. Michael and St. George (K.C. M.G.). June 3. His Honour Lieutenant-Colonel John Strathearn Hendrie, C.V.O., Lieutenant-Governor of the province of Ontario. William Peterson, LL.D., C.M.G., Principal and Vice-Chancellor of McGill University, Montreal. Jan. 1, 1916. The Hon. William Thomas White, Minister of Finance, and Collingwood Schreiber, General Consulting Engineer to the Government of Canada. dignity of a Knighthood of the United Kingdom was conferred upon the following: March 9. Herbert Samuel Holt, of Montreal; the Hon. François Xavier Lemieux, Chief Justice of the Superior Court of the Province of Quebec; Captain Clive Oldwall Long Phillipps-Wolley of Victoria, B.C. June 18. Herbert Brown Ames, M.P., Honorary Secretary of the Canadian Patriotic Fund; Henry Lumley Drayton, K.C., Chief Commissioner, Board of Railway Commissioners; John Craig Eaton, of Toronto; Charles Frederick Fraser, LL.D., Superintendent of the School for the Blind, Halifax, N.S. To be Companions of the Order of the Bath (C.B.). Jan. 1, 1916. Major General John Wallace Carson and Colonel Willoughby Garmons Gwatkin of the Canadian Local Forces. To be Companions of the Order of St. Michael and St. George (C.M.G.). June 3. Daniel Miner Gordon, D.D., LL.D., Principal and Vice-Chancellor of Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.; Commander Richard Markham Tyringham Stephens, R.N., Chief of Staff, Department of Naval Service, Canada. Jan. 1, 1916. William Brymner, President of the Royal Canadian Academy of Arts; Lieutenant-Colonel Henry James Grasset, Chief Constable, Toronto; Surgeon-General Guy Carleton Jones, Director of Medical Services, Canadian

HONOURS AND DECORATIONS.

Expeditionary Forces, and Brigadier-General James Charles MacDougall, Commanding Canadian Training Division, Canadian Expeditionary Forces. To be Companions of the Imperial Service Order (I.S.O.): June 3. Captain Richard Burton Deane, lately Superintendent, Royal Northwest Mounted Police, and Francis Hernaman Gisborne, K.C., Parliamentary Counsel, House of Commons, Canada.

Foreign Decorations.—H.M. the King has granted leave for the wearing by the undermentioned officers of the following foreign decorations. September 10. Conferred by the President of the French Republic: Légion d'Honneur, Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Arthur William Currie, C.B. (Croix de Commandeur); Lieut.-Col. James Henry Mitchell (Croix d'Officier). Nov. 27. Conferred by H.M. the Emperor of Russia: Order of St. Vladimir, 3rd class, with Cross, Swords and Ribband Bow, Major-General Sir John Hanbury-Williams, K.C.V.O., C.M.G.

Imperial Service Medal.—The following retired Government employees have been awarded the Imperial Service Medal in recognition of long and meritorious service. All of them belong to the Department of Railways and Canals, except where otherwise stated.

John Grant Allison, foreman-checker, Halifax, N.S.; Charles Peters Atkinson, engineman, Moncton, N.B.; Henry Austin, trackman, New Glasgow, N.S.; Henry Barreau, conductor, Moncton, N.B.; Walter Binns, machinist, Charlottetown, P.E.I.; James William Black, freight checker, Sydney, N.S.; Eusebe Bonneau, brakeman, Levis, Que.; John Cameron, engineman, Campbellton, N.B.; Ewen McKinnon Campbell, section foreman, Alberton, P.E.I.; Isaac Campbell, baggagemaster, St. John, N.B.; Neil Campbell, Agent, Alberton, P.E.I.; Yorston McCullogh Campbell, claims agent, New Glasgow, N.S.; Robert Carlton, locker, Department of Customs, Halifax, N.S.; Paul Chenard, ear inspector, Levis, Que.; George Albert Chesley, conductor, St. John, N.B.; Frank Cloutier, engineman, Chaudière Junction; Henry Como, engineman, St. John, N.B.; Cyrille Paul Cormier, section foreman, Moncton, N.B.; William Cullen, machinist, Moncton, N.B.; Malcolm Cummings, conductor, Moncton, N.B.; Charles François Déry, station master, Rimouski, Que.; Alfred Deschênes, freight porter, Rivière du Loup, Que.; William John Dickson, conductor, Halifax, N.S.; Honoré Dumont, car repairer, Rivière du Loup, Que.; William Baxter Dunn, baggagemaster, St. John, N.B.; Charles Edwards, engineman, Truro, N.S.; Gaspard Fortin, boilermaker, Rivière du Loup, Que.; John James Frizzle, crossing watchman, Truro, N.S.; Paul Gallant, section foreman, Coal Branch, N.B.; John Gilfillan, engineman, Amherst, N.S.; Andrew Gould, machinist, Moncton, N.B.; Alphonse Goulet, engineman, Rivière du Loup, Que.; Herbert Eugène Greenough, carpenter, Halifax, N.S.; Henry George Harkan, stores issuer, Campbellton, N.B.; Daniel Henderson, section foreman, North Sydney, N.S.; William Joseph Hinch, foreman shunter, Halifax, N.S.; James Homes, conductor, Mulgrave, N.S.; James Houston, engineman, Chaudière Junction; John Harvey Hunt, carpenter, Halifax, N.S.; John William Irving, tankman, Folleigh, Canada; Theodore Jackson, section foreman, Rimouski, Que.; John Henry Lindon, section foreman, Newcastle, N.B.; section foreman, Newcastle, N.B.; Angus Lindsay, section foreman, Truro, N.S.; Robie McKay, lightkeeper, North Canso, N.S.; Daniel McKenna, trackman, Charlottetown, P.E.I.; Robert McKenzie, trackman, Campbellton, N.B.; Angus McLeod, blacksmith, Point Tupper, N.S.; Ferdinand John Melancon, car oiler, Moncton, N.B.; William Middleton, section foreman, Nappan, N.S.; James Miller, engineman, Rivière du Loup, Que.; Robert Mitchell, machinist, Moncton, N.B.; David Mowatt, section foreman, Truro, N.S.; James Mulroney, tool-keeper, Moncton, N.B.; Elias Nelson, car oiler, Truro, N.S.; Albert Edward Newsome, lock labourer, Rideau Canal, Ont.; Martin Power, section foreman, Moncton, N.B.;

EXTRACTS FROM THE CANADA GAZETTE

John Thomas Prince, janitor, Moncton, N.B.; Alphonse Richard, lightkeeper, Brandy Pots; Elijah Ross, lightkeeper, Negro Point; Edward Stuart Russell, fitter, St. John, N.B.; John Savage, roadmaster, Windsor, N.S.; Henry Hermans Schaefer, division freight agent, Moncton, N.B.; Donald Edward Scott, trackman, Enfield; George Scott, chargehand, Moncton, N.B.; Moses Cook Scott, lightkeeper, Guysborough, N.S.; Francis Philippe Sirois, baggagemaster, Rivière du Loup, Que.; Almon Stiles, trackman, Dorchester, N.B.; Robert Sutherland, station master, New Glasgow, N.S.; Henry William Trider, packer, Department of Customs, Halifax, N.S.; Alexander Ward, brakeman, St. John, N.B.; Joseph Winchester, freight foreman, Charlottetown, P.E.I.; Joseph Henry Wran, Moncton N.B.

General Thanksgiving.—Monday, October 11, 1915, was observed as a day of general thanksgiving to Almighty God for the bountiful harvest and other blessings with which Canada has been favoured during the year.

SELECTION OF ARTICLES AND TABLES IN THE CANADA YEAR BOOK OF 1913 AND 1914 WHICH ARE NOT REPEATED IN THE PRESENT ISSUE.

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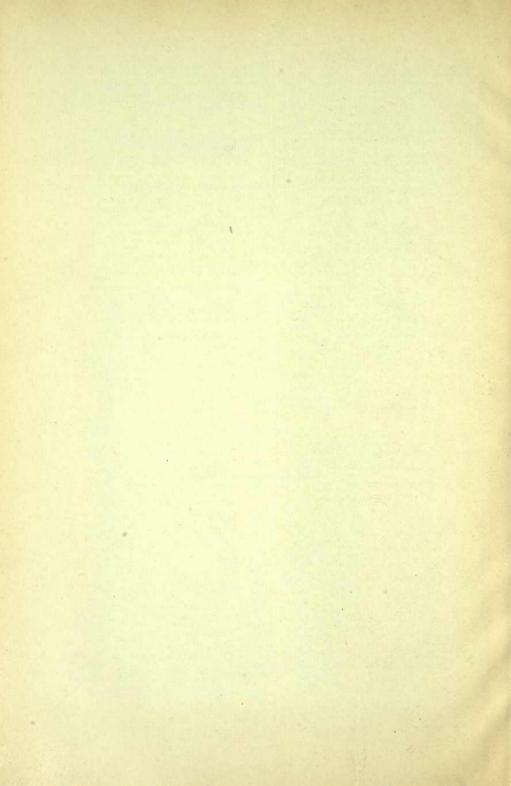
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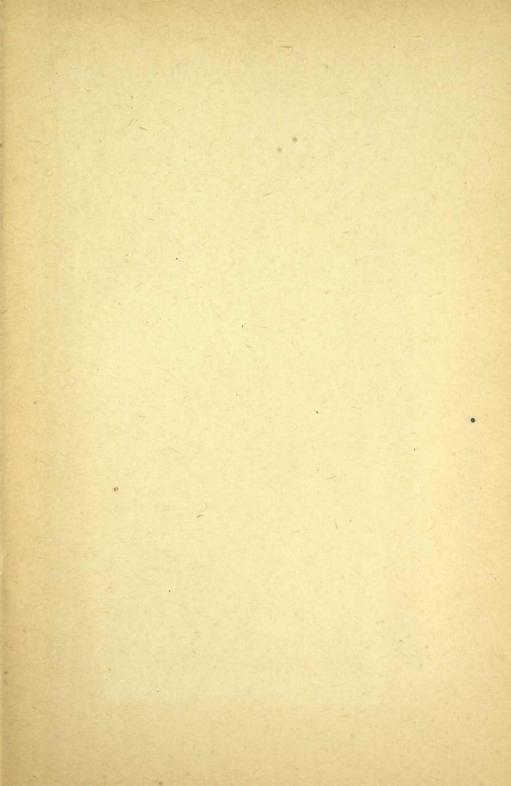
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